Agreement, USAID Health Program: Integration

Integration of Components
- Family Planning
- Maternal-Child Health
- Reform/Decentralization

Integration of Partners
- Cooperating Agencies
- Ministry of Health
Elements of Integration

- Planning framework
- Unique PMP
- Define roles and responsibilities of each mechanism
- Complementary activities and synergies
- Coordination with cooperating agencies, and development bank agencies
Products of the Integration

- Sub-Sectorial Plan
- Decentralization of health service delivery
- Reporting of technical and financial advances
- Technical monitoring and evaluation
- Identification of implementing mechanisms
## Role of LMS/MSH

- Ensure technical and operational coherence
- Technical Capacity of each component
- Coordinate the operativation of the agreements
- Oversee and coordinate technical team
- Support CA relationships
- Define Monitoring Indicators
- Develop Integrative reports
LMS/MSH Added Value

- Transfer of technology
- Capacity building
- Planning for results
- Evidence-based decision making

Sustainability
Relationships for Integration
Role of LMS/MSH and USAID Honduras

USAID Honduras

Regional Initiatives

Ministry of Health

LMS/MSH

CDC

Health Care Improvement

Measure

Deliver

USAID Honduras

Technical Coordinator

Administrative Manager

Accountant (1)

Administrative Assistant (2)

Drivers & other assistants (5)

Reform Coordinator

HIV/AIDS

Reform Technical Assistants (3)

Auditors (3)

Maternal and Child Health and FP Coordinator (1)

Health Communication Coordinator (1)

Technical Assistants in Communication (5) and Radio (3)

Sub-Sectorial Plan Assistant (1)

M&E Assistants (3)

Regional Consultants of FP and MCH Communication Plan (4) and OBGYN (1)
## Technical Assistance and Implementation (non-bilateral resources)

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Components of ULAT Program

- Reform
- Maternal and Child Health
- Family Planning
- HIV/AIDS
- Communications
Since 1999 USAID has supported the reform process. The process has the following objectives:

- Increase access to health services with equity;
- Improve the quality, efficiency, and effectiveness of services;
- Decrease social exclusion and favor universal coverage; and
- Facilitate accountability and transparency.
Key Advances in the Reform Component

- The launch of decentralized health management:
  - 8 agreements in operation and 12 to be signed benefiting a population of 380,000.
  - Financing through external cooperation projects.
  - The incorporation of aspects of decentralization in general provisions of the country’s budget.
- Creation of decentralization unit inside the Ministry of Health
- The establishment of a Decentralization Government Agenda for 2008-2009
1. Implement FP strategy in all Ministry of Health facilities

2. Ensure the availability of contraceptives in all Ministry of Health facilities

3. Increase commercial sales of contraceptives among low income populations in urban and semi-urban areas nationwide

4. Promote the voluntary, informed use of FP services
Components of the Family Planning Strategy

Programming

2. Supervision, Monitoring and Evaluation

3. Service organization
4. Information System
5. Quality
6. Logistics
7. Basic Equipment
8. Training

Region
Municipal or Inter-municipial Networks and Hospitals
Comparative Distribution (use) of Contraceptive Methods

- OCP: 35% Increase
- DEPO: 26% Increase
Comparative Distribution (use) of Contraceptive Methods

95% Increase

2006

2007

CONDOM
Comparative Distribution (use) of Contraceptive Methods

31% Increase

IUD
Voluntary Surgical Contraception, 2006 - 2007

Graph showing the increase in voluntary surgical contraception from 2006 to 2007. The total increase is 39%. The categories shown are Transc, Post partum, Post abortion, Interval, and Total.
Challenges in Family Planning

Planning and executing the process of Graduation including:

- Institutionalizing the FP strategy
- Securing national funds for the procurement of contraceptives and financing of the strategy
- Ensure the logistical process
- Establishing a functioning mechanism of the Institutional Contraceptive Security Committee
Supporting people and organizations around the world to strengthen the way they lead and manage their own programs to achieve widespread improvements in health.