### NATIONAL HEALTH ACCOUNT INDONESIA: ACHIEVEMENTS AND CHALLENGES

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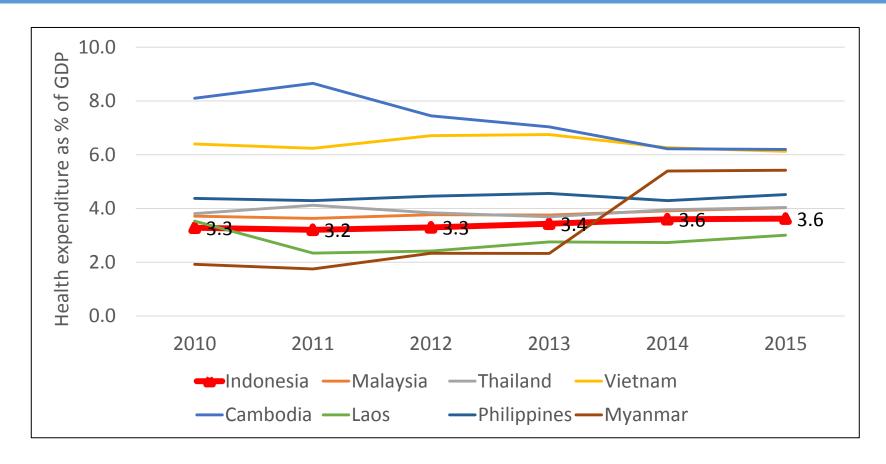




# Composition of Health Expenditure – A Global Comparison, 2015

	Current Health Expenditure per Capita (US\$)	Share of GDP (%)	Public Share (%)	Social Health Insurance Share (%)	Out-of-Pocket Share (%)	External Share (%)	
Brazil	780	9,0	43,3	0,0	28,3	0,0	
Cambodia	71	6,0	27,2	0,1	58,4	0,0	
China	426	5,0	19,6	37,2	32,4	0,01	
India	63	4,0	22,2	2,6	65,1	0,0	
Indonesia	122 *	3,4	22,2	14,7	47,6	0,0	
Laos PDR	53	3	49,4	1,7	45,4	0,0	
Malaysia	377	4,0	52,2	0,7	5,7	0,0	
Philipines	127	4,0	17,9	14,1	53,5	0,0	
Russia	524	6,0	27,3	33,8	36,4	0,0	
South Africa	471	8,0	42,7	0,0	7,7	0,0	
Sri Lanka	118	3,0	54,6	0,0	38,4	0,2	
Thailand	219	4,0	64,5	8,6	12,2	0,3	
Vietnam	117	6,0	24,2	21,8	43,5	4,4	
East Asia & Pacific	188	4,7	42,0	12,0	45,0	4,0	
Lower middle- income	132	6,0	44,0	9,0	40,0	12,0	

### Indonesia is Among the Lowest Health Expenditures in ASEAN



- >Shows the commitment and allocation for the health sector
- ➤ Regulation UU 36 Year 2009 requires that the central budget allocate at least 5% of the total Central Budget for Health (excluding salaries)

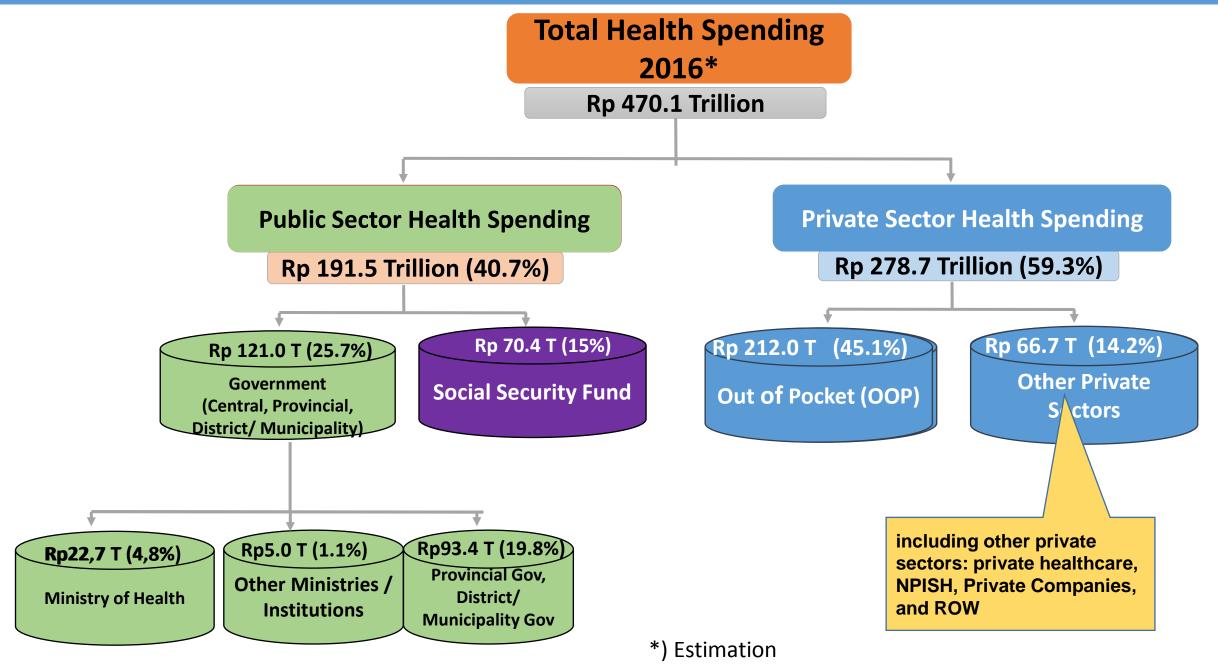
#### Health Expenditure by Financing Scheme,

2010 - 2016

Financing Schemes		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016*	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016*
HF.1 Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes		70.1	85.8	105.7	124.2	154.3	191.5	28.1%	27.9%	30.2%	32.3%	32.7%	37.0%	40.7%
HF.1.1.1 Ministry of Health		10.2	12.3	14.4	15.1	19.9	22.7	4.1%	4.1%	4.3%	4.4%	4.0%	4.8%	4.8%
HF.1.1.1.2 Other ministries		3.8	3.8	4.6	4.3	4.7	5.0	1.6%	1.5%	1.3%	1.4%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%
HF.1.1.2.1 Provincial government		13.7	16.6	19.4	21.3	20.1	23.3	5.5%	5.5%	5.8%	5.9%	5.6%	4.8%	5.0%
HF.1.1.2.2 District government		27.8	35.6	43.3	36.1	48.2	70.0	11.8%	11.1%	12.5%	13.2%	9.5%	11.5%	14.9%
HF.1.2.1 Social health insurance		14.7	17.4	24.1	47.3	61.5	70.4	5.1%	5.9%	6.1%	7.3%	12.4%	14.7%	15.0%
HF.2 Voluntary health care payment schemes		36.0	41.0	53.2	70.8	64.4	66.7	15.1%	14.3%	14.4%	16.2%	18.6%	15.4%	14.2%
HF.2.1 Voluntary health insurance	7.0	6.8	8.3	9.7	10.2	10.5	13.1	3.1%	2.7%	2.9%	3.0%	2.7%	2.5%	2.8%
HF.2.2.1 NPISH		1.9	2.0	2.1	2.3	3.4	3.5	0.8%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.6%	0.8%	0.7%
HF.2.3 Enterprise		27.4	30.7	41.3	58.4	50.6	50.1	11.3%	10.9%	10.8%	12.6%	15.3%	12.1%	10.7%
HF.3 Household out-of-pocket payment		144.8	157.2	168.9	185.2	198.7	212.0	56.7%	57.7%	55.4%	51.5%	48.7%	47.6%	45.1%
Total (Rp trillion)		250.9	284.0	327.8	380.2	417.4	470.1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Share of THE (% of GDP)		3.2	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.6	3.8							
THE per Capita (USD)		118	123	126	127	122	137							

Note: \*data estimation

#### Components of Indonesian Health Expenditure by Scheme, 2016



## HEALTH SPENDING BY SOURCE, INDONESIA 2015

Government

Private

External aid

USD 38.4

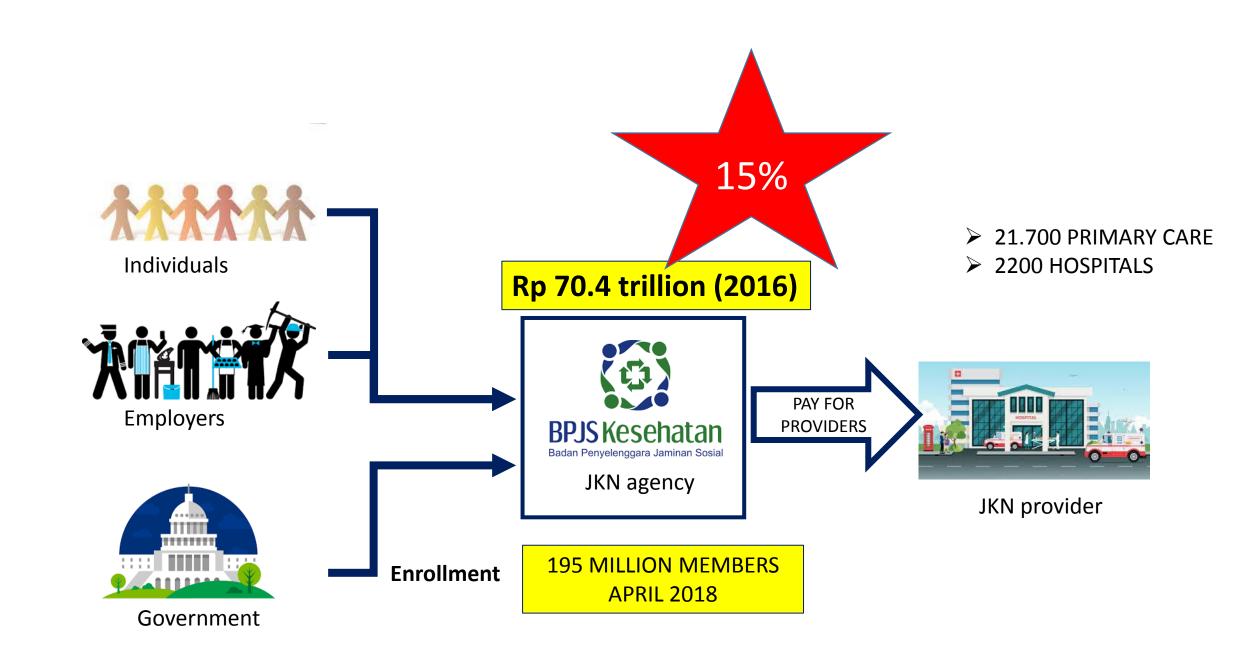
USD 83.2

USD 0.5

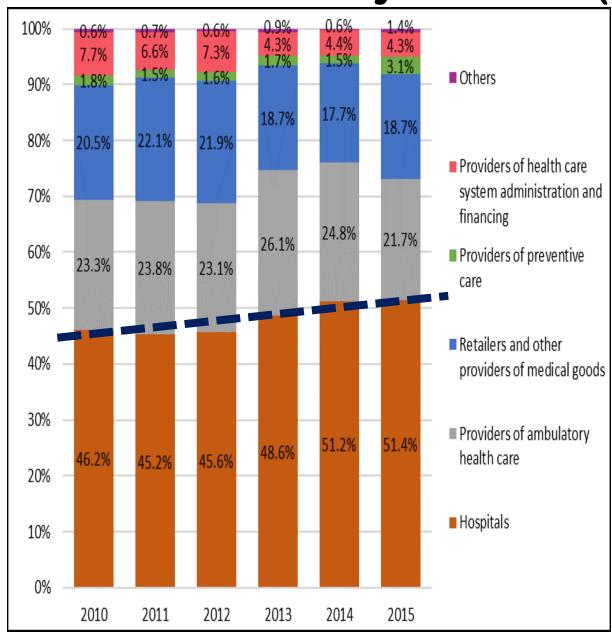
HEALTH SPENDING / CAPITA / YEAR - 2015

**USD 122.00** 





### by Providers (HP), 2010 – 2015



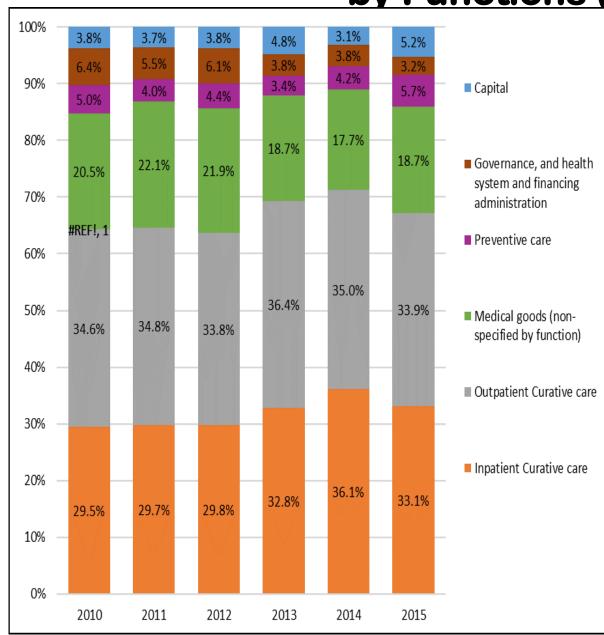
- Since 2014, the Ministry of Health's policies emphasizes the improvement of the role of Primary Care (FKTP) as a gatekeeper, with an effective referral system running and ability to provide health care delivery for up to 155 diagnoses (as required).
- As an effort to further improve health care, the payment scheme to providers was changed from a 'fee for service' mechanism to a 'prospective payment' system.
- The majority of health spending included in Health Care Providers (HP) are from Hospitals (51.4% of THE in 2015), followed by ambulatory health care services such as clinics, general doctor practice and primary health care.
- In 2015, the proportion of preventive care shows a significant increase to 3.1% of THE (2015) compared to the previous 1.8% (2010).

#### Pertumbuhan Pesat RS Privat di Indonesia



Sumber: PERSI pada presentasi IndoHCF, April 2018

HEALTH EXPENDITURES by Functions (HC), 2010 – 2015



- Health Spending for the 2010 2015 period are mostly for rehabilitative curative services, inpatient care and outpatient care. There has been no fundamental changes seen in terms of proportion before and after the implementation of JKN.
- In 2015, health spending on preventive care is
   5.7% of THE (in nominal terms, an increase of 109.2% from 2010).
- There is an increase of 2.1% in health spending for capital in 2015. This increase includes spending on training and education, as well as Ministry of Health's research activities.
- Note: Only public sector capital spending can be estimated, the private sector capital expenditure are not yet included due to data limitations.

