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TRAINING INSTITUTION PROFILE REPORT
ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS AT
UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH

June 1972

The American University
DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION AND TRAINING RESEARCH INSTITUTE
2139 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20007

PREFACE

The Development Education and Training Research Institute¹ (DETRI) Training Institution Profile Reports are designed to provide you with reliable information about training programs as they are viewed and evaluated by A.I.D. participants. The reports were prepared for those U.S. institutions attended by 30 or more A.I.D. Academic participants who later received exit interviews at DETRI. The exit interview period was July 17, 1967, through February 29, 1972. These interviews cover participants whose programs ended between these dates and who departed through Washington, D.C.

Each report is divided into three sections: 1. Narrative, 2. Statistics, and 3. Noteworthy Comparisons. The first section presents the views of a typical participant at your institution and of other participants who hold different opinions. When applicable, quotes from participants will be used so that you can "listen" to the participants speak for themselves.

The second section contains tabular and graphic presentations of items from the DETRI exit interview questionnaire. The items were chosen by A.I.D.'s Office of International Training to represent important aspects of participants' training experiences. The participants' responses to these items are compared with the responses of A.I.D. Academic participants enrolled in all training institutions.

1. See Appendix II.

When responses given by the participants at your training institution differ significantly² from those of all Academic participants, the differences will be described in Section 3, Noteworthy Comparisons. Differences which are not statistically significant will not be mentioned in this section.

The reader interested primarily in statistical information may want to go directly to the sections on statistics and noteworthy comparisons. As statistics alone have a tendency to make one lose awareness of the individual, the narrative section has been personalized, presenting a non-statistical description of the information given by the participants interviewed. The reader looking only at this section should keep in mind that the narrative is an oversimplification of the data in this report.

There are two appendices to the report. Appendix I contains information on the procedures used to collect the data for these Profile Reports and on the reliability, validity, and comprehensiveness of that data. Appendix II, The Glossary, defines Academic and Special participants, explains the scaling technique, and provides some information about DETRI.

These reports were prepared by Paul R. Kimmel, William C. Ockey, Herman J. Sander, Robert McCarthy, and Ann Fenderson of The American University, DETRI, under contract AID/csd-2865. The authors were ably assisted by Dorothy Daun, Pamela Griffith, Pamela Nash, and Richard Seabrook.

2. "Significantly" means statistically significant. The test used was one of the "5 per cent level of confidence." This means that the differences between the data could have occurred by chance alone less than 5 in 100 times. It is unlikely that such obtained differences are a result of chance alone. It is probable (95 out of 100 times) that the differences obtained are attributable to causal factors--although the causes may not be known.

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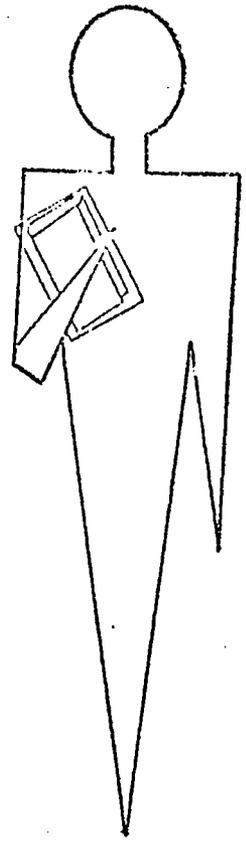
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SECTION 1

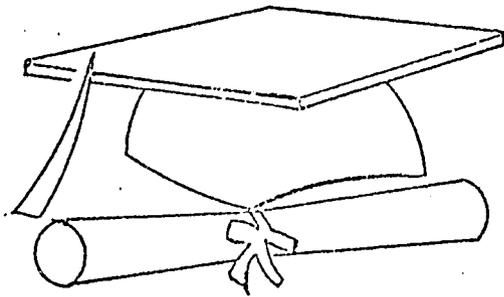
NARRATIVE

This is a report on 76 A.I.D. participants who completed academic training programs at the University of Pittsburgh between July 1967 and February 1972. They were from all of the four world areas which participate in A.I.D.'s International Training Programs, the largest numbers being from the Near East-South Asia and the Far East. The two A.I.D. categories of training that most of these University of Pittsburgh participants studied in were health and sanitation and public administration.

You are about to meet "Aidre," our hypothetical A.I.D. Academic participant whose training program took place at the University of Pittsburgh and who completed the DETRI questionnaire. His opinions and evaluations on any given issue are those of most of the University of Pittsburgh A.I.D. participants on that particular issue. When there are important differences on any item between Aidre, as the "typical" respondent, and his fellow participants these will be mentioned. All quotes are taken from the participants' own accounts of their experiences at the University of Pittsburgh.



Aidre was a graduate student. Most of his fellow participants were also graduate students working, as he was, on advanced degrees. Aidre felt that the University of Pittsburgh was a good school, and did not disagree with its selection as his training institution. He was pleased to earn his Master's degree there.



When he reached the University of Pittsburgh, Aidre took part in an orientation program held for foreign students on campus prior to the opening of the Fall term. Half of his fellow participants did not attend this orientation program, as they either arrived late or did not feel the need to take part.

During his training program, Aidre found occasion to visit with the University's Foreign Student Advisor. He found the Foreign Student Advisor always available for consultation. On a scale which ranges from "1" (extremely useful) to "7" (not at all useful), Aidre and many of his fellow participants rated the help provided by the Foreign Student Advisor at "1" or "2." A few of the A.I.D. participants had heard that the Foreign Student Advisor was not especially helpful, and did not seek him out for advice and counsel.

Aidre was assisted by Faculty Advisors in arranging his course schedules at the University. Aidre's major advisor, who was also his thesis chairman, was "very nice and really cared about students." On the 7-point scale, Aidre rated his assistance as "1" (extremely useful). Most of his classmates gave

ratings of "1" or "2" to the assistance of their Faculty Advisors. Advisors who allowed participants to take relevant courses outside of their prescribed programs were especially appreciated.

Aidre considered a list of academic difficulties that A.I.D. participants have sometimes had with their training programs. He felt that he had been assigned too much reading in his course work at the University. He felt this was especially true during the first semester when he was having some problems with the English language and in adjusting to the procedures and requirements of the American university system. Some of Aidre's fellow participants said there were too many quizzes. They especially had difficulties with multiple-choice tests where familiarity with written English is critical to success.

Another difficulty reported by some of Aidre's classmates was that too many of their courses were not related to their major field. As one participant said, "Taking required courses restricted my opportunity to take courses that would be more useful to my position at home." Several participants who found their early training program "rigid, due to core course requirements" found that this difficulty decreased over time as they became more familiar with their Faculty Advisors and as changes occurred in the University's requirements.

To keep up with his course work, Aidre found that he had to spend most of his time studying. Although he would have liked to have more free time, he was able to work with professors who were authorities in their field and who gave him individual attention. He felt that his courses were at his level of understanding in most cases, and that the subject matter was neither too abstract nor too specific. Aidre rated the usefulness of his courses at the University of Pittsburgh at "2" on the 7-point scale.

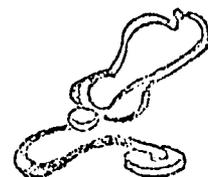
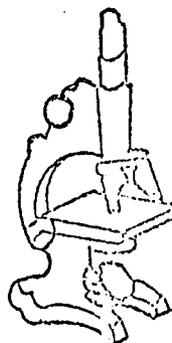
Aidre believed that about the right proportion of his academic training time had been devoted to lectures, seminars, laboratory work, individual research, and lectures with small

discussion groups. He wished that more time had been devoted to field trips related to course work so that he could put into practice some of the theories he had learned in the classroom. Some of his fellow participants felt that more time should be devoted to individual research and laboratory work that would be relevant to their home country job situations. Others wanted more lectures with small discussion groups and seminars with people in the same field of training so they could share experiences and have their questions answered and comments heard.

Aidre did not take any courses in which equipment and instruments were used. However, many of his classmates did, and the majority of them found these instruments and equipment similar to those available in their home countries.

When asked to assess the suitability of their technical training programs to their home country conditions, the participants varied in their ratings. Those in economic and social programs designed especially for students from developing nations tended to give "1" ratings (extremely suitable). Aidre gave a "2" rating, as he felt he had learned how to be a more capable and effective administrator. He said that he was anxious to apply some of the research techniques he had learned in his work at home. Those participants who wanted more flexible programs with less emphasis on core courses tended to give lower ratings to their suitability.

Aidre also gave a "2" rating to express his satisfaction with his total technical training program at the University of



Pittsburgh. He commented that "Writing my Master's thesis was a beneficial experience that will help improve my career." He looked back on his training at Pittsburgh and his experience as an A.I.D. participant with a feeling of satisfaction, but added wryly, "I just wish it wasn't quite so cold in the winter."

SECTION 2

STATISTICS

Table 1

Q. What regions of the world were the participants from?

REGION	PARTICIPANTS AT UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH % of 76	ALL ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS % of 3378
Near East- South Asia	34.2	20.3
Far East	31.6	32.0
Latin America	23.7	16.0
Africa	10.5	31.7

Table 2

Q. In which fields did the participants receive their education?

FIELD OF TRAINING	PARTICIPANTS AT UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH % of 59	ALL ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS % of 2342
Agriculture	0.0	25.4
Industry & Mining	6.8	3.8
Transportation	1.7	0.9
Health & Sanitation	39.0	11.0
Education	13.5	44.4
Public Administration	39.0	14.5

Table 3

Q. How much education did the participants have prior to beginning their A.I.D. training programs? (Item 169)

YEARS OF EDUCATION	PARTICIPANTS AT UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH % of 76	ALL ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS % of 3360
7-11	2.6	4.2
12	1.3	7.5
13-15	21.1	26.6
16	18.4	23.7
17-18	29.0	25.9
19 and over	27.6	12.1

Table 4

Q. What type of students were the participants? (Item 60)

TYPE OF STUDENT	PARTICIPANTS AT UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH %* of 76	ALL ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS %* of 3387
Graduate student	88.2	59.7
Undergraduate student	5.3	23.7
Non-degree student	10.5	11.8

* Percentages add to more than 100% because participants were allowed more than one answer.

Table 5

Q. Did the participants' training programs include a plan for them to earn an academic degree in the United States? (Item 61)

DEGREE PLANNED	PARTICIPANTS AT UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH % of 75	ALL ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS % of 3343
No	18.7	17.2
Yes	81.3	82.8

Table 6

Q. What academic degrees did the participants earn? (Items 62 and 63)

DEGREE EARNED	PARTICIPANTS AT UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH %* of 71	ALL ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS %* of 3299
None	12.7	17.0
Associate	0.0	1.1
Bachelor's	5.6	22.2
Master's	85.9	58.8
Doctor's	2.8	6.2

* Percentages add to more than 100% because participants were allowed more than one answer.

Table 7

Q. Were the participants in disagreement with or unclear about the training institution selected for them in the proposed plan for their training program? (Item 27d)

DISAGREED WITH OR UNCLEAR ABOUT PROPOSED TRAINING INSTITUTION	PARTICIPANTS AT UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH % of 65	ALL ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS % of 2494
No	90.8	92.5
Yes	9.2	7.5

Table 8

Q. Were the participants in disagreement with or unclear about the training institution selected for them in the final plan for their training program? (Item 38b)

DISAGREED WITH OR UNCLEAR ABOUT FINAL TRAINING INSTITUTION	PARTICIPANTS AT UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH % of 65	ALL ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS % of 2495
No	96.9	93.1
Yes	3.1	6.9

Table 9

Q. Did the participants have a formal orientation program for foreign students at their academic institution? (Item 47)

ATTENDED ORIENTATION	PARTICIPANTS AT UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH % of 76	ALL ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS % of 3376
No	50.0	46.7
Yes	50.0	53.3

Table 10

Q. What difficulties did the participants have with their academic training? (Item 68)

DIFFICULTY	UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH 76 PARTICIPANTS			3362 ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS		
	None %*	Some %*	Much %*	None %*	Some %*	Much %*
Too much assigned reading	40.8	43.4	15.8	41.0	41.2	17.8
Too many quizzes**	58.5	30.8	10.7	49.3	37.1	13.6
Too many courses unrelated to major field	65.8	23.7	10.5	71.0	20.4	8.6
Testing procedures unfamiliar**	72.3	23.1	4.6	67.2	26.2	6.6
Grading system unfamiliar**	76.9	15.4	7.7	73.6	19.9	6.5
Too little discussion	79.0	18.4	2.6	72.7	22.6	4.7
Too little lecturing	80.0	18.7	1.3	81.5	15.1	3.4
Too much duplication of subject matter in different courses	66.2	27.0	6.8	70.3	25.5	4.2
Subject matter too abstract	81.6	14.5	3.9	66.5	29.8	3.7
Subject matter too specific	76.3	19.7	4.0	69.2	25.6	5.2
Courses too advanced	78.7	17.3	4.0	68.6	28.5	2.9
Courses too simple	70.7	28.0	1.3	77.1	20.7	2.2

* Percentages add to 100% by rows in this table because each participant had to respond to each alternative.

** The total number of participants responding to this item was less than the total shown in the table, due to the addition of the item in a questionnaire revision during the reporting period.

Table 11

Q. What recommendations did the participants have about the division of their academic training time among various educational methods? (Item 69)

EDUCATIONAL METHOD	UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH 75 PARTICIPANTS			3219 ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS		
	About Right Amount	Less Needed	More Needed	About Right Amount	Less Needed	More Needed
	%*	%*	%*	%*	%*	%*
Field Trips related to courses	34.7	8.3	57.0	40.3	6.1	53.6
Individual research	61.3	6.7	32.0	57.2	6.0	36.8
Laboratory work	65.7	10.0	24.3	58.0	9.7	32.3
Lectures and small discussion groups **	62.5	4.7	32.8	64.8	5.9	29.3
Seminars	64.9	9.4	25.7	61.9	9.1	29.0
Lectures (only)	71.6	10.8	17.6	75.1	12.1	12.8

* Percentages add to 100% by rows in this table because each participant had to respond to each alternative.

** The total number of participants responding to this item was less than the total shown in the table, due to the addition of the item in a questionnaire revision during the reporting period.

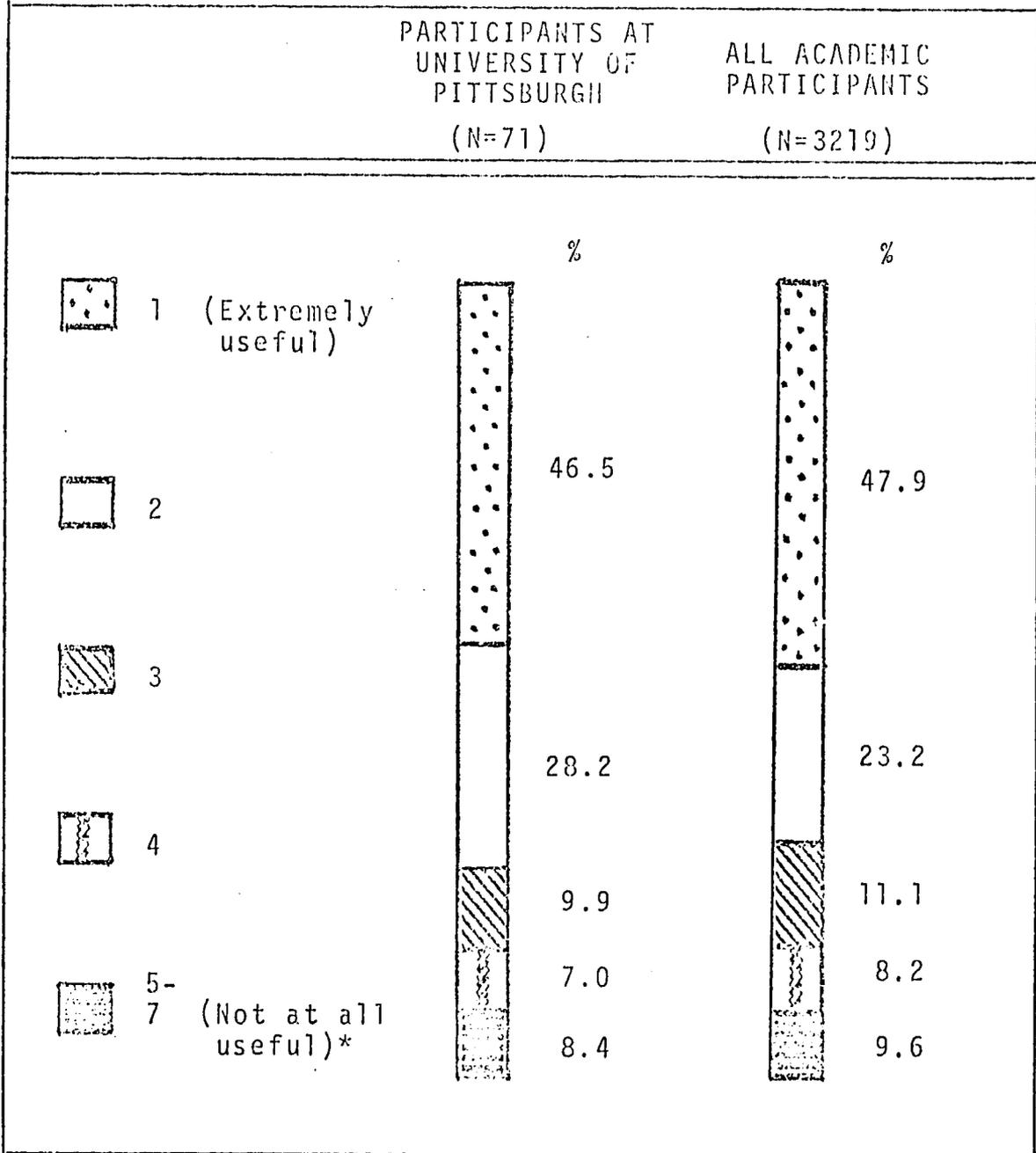
Table 12

Q. Did the participants have a Faculty Advisor who helped them arrange their course schedule at the institution where they had most of their academic training? (Item 64)

HELPED BY FACULTY ADVISOR	PARTICIPANTS AT UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH % of 76	ALL ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS % of 3374
No	5.3	3.5
Yes	94.7	96.5

Table 13

Q. How useful did the participants find the help provided by their Faculty Advisors? (Item 65)



* Data for ratings of 5, 6, and 7 are grouped because of the small number of cases. Only a rating of 7, however, indicates "not at all useful."

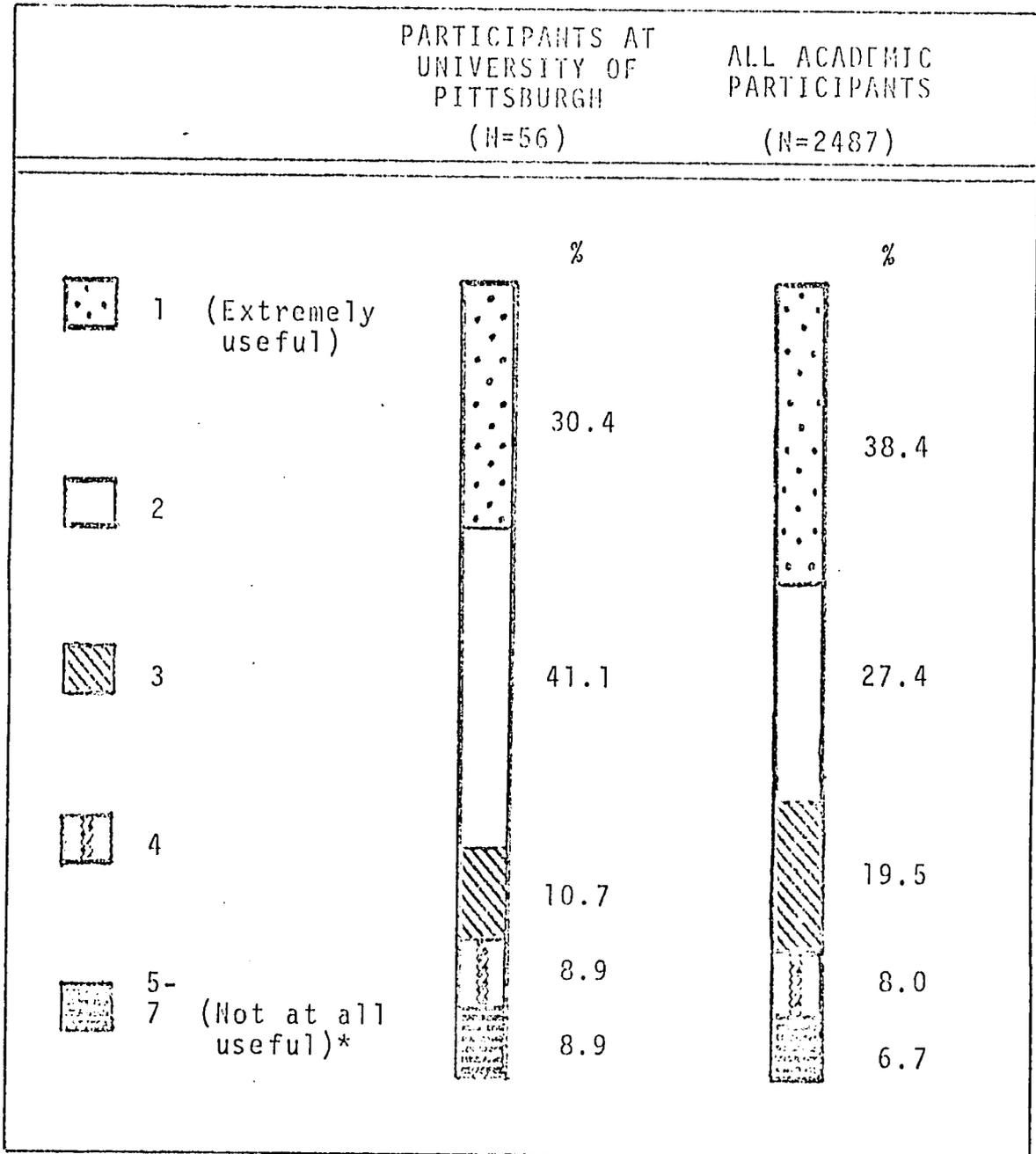
Table 14

Q. Did the participants receive help from a Foreign Student Advisor at their training institution? (item 136)

HELPED BY FOREIGN STUDENT ADVISOR	PARTICIPANTS AT UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH % of 76	ALL ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS % of 3377
No	26.3	24.2
Yes	73.7	75.8
IF YES:		
Q. How often was the Foreign Student Advisor available? (Item 137)		
	<u>% of 56</u>	<u>% of 2556</u>
Always	60.7	56.8
Usually	33.9	29.6
Sometimes	5.4	13.6

Table 15

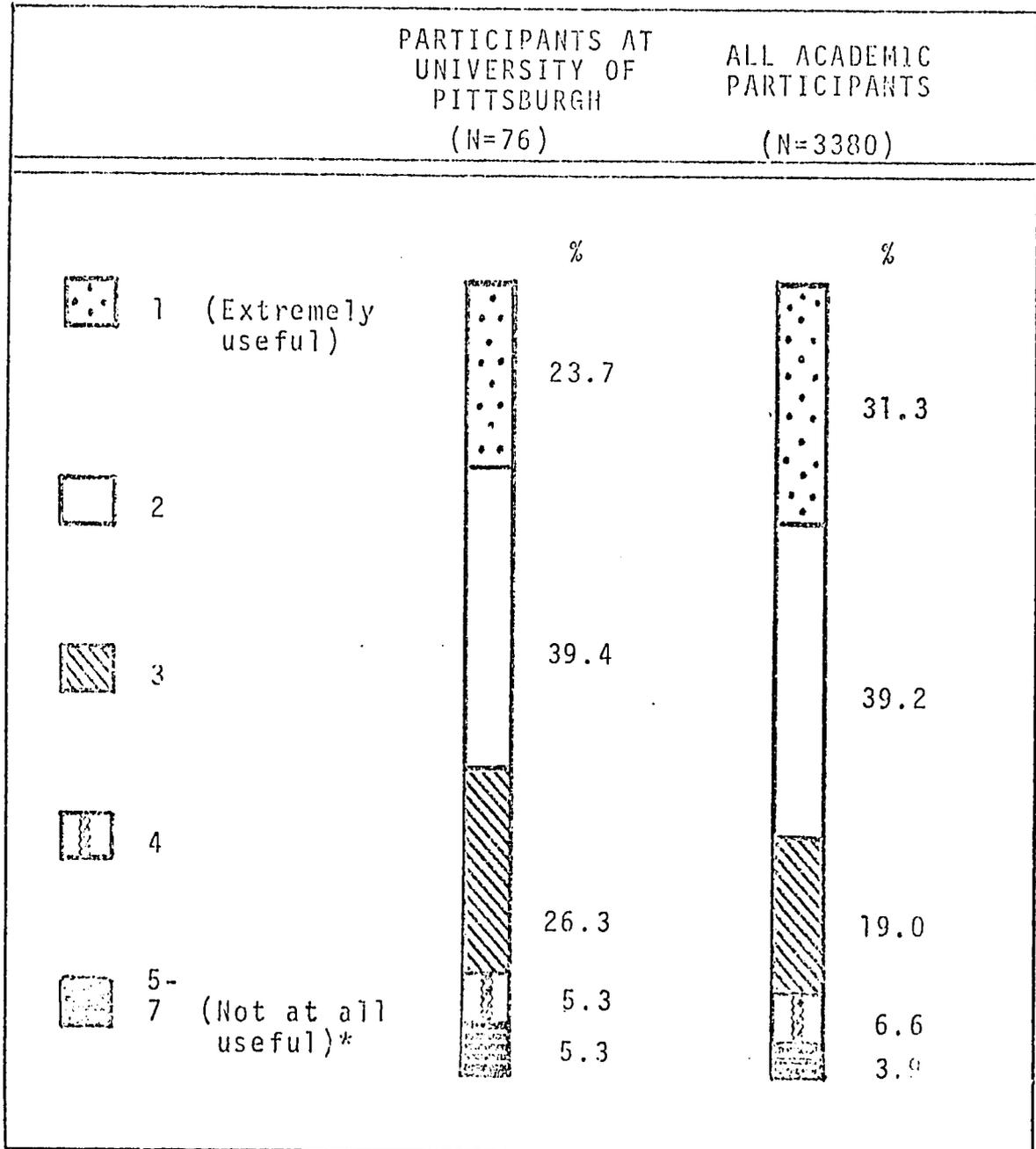
Q. How useful did the participants find the help they received from a Foreign Student Advisor? (Item 138)



* Data for ratings of 5, 6, and 7 are grouped because of the small number of cases. Only a rating of 7, however, indicates "not at all useful."

Table 16

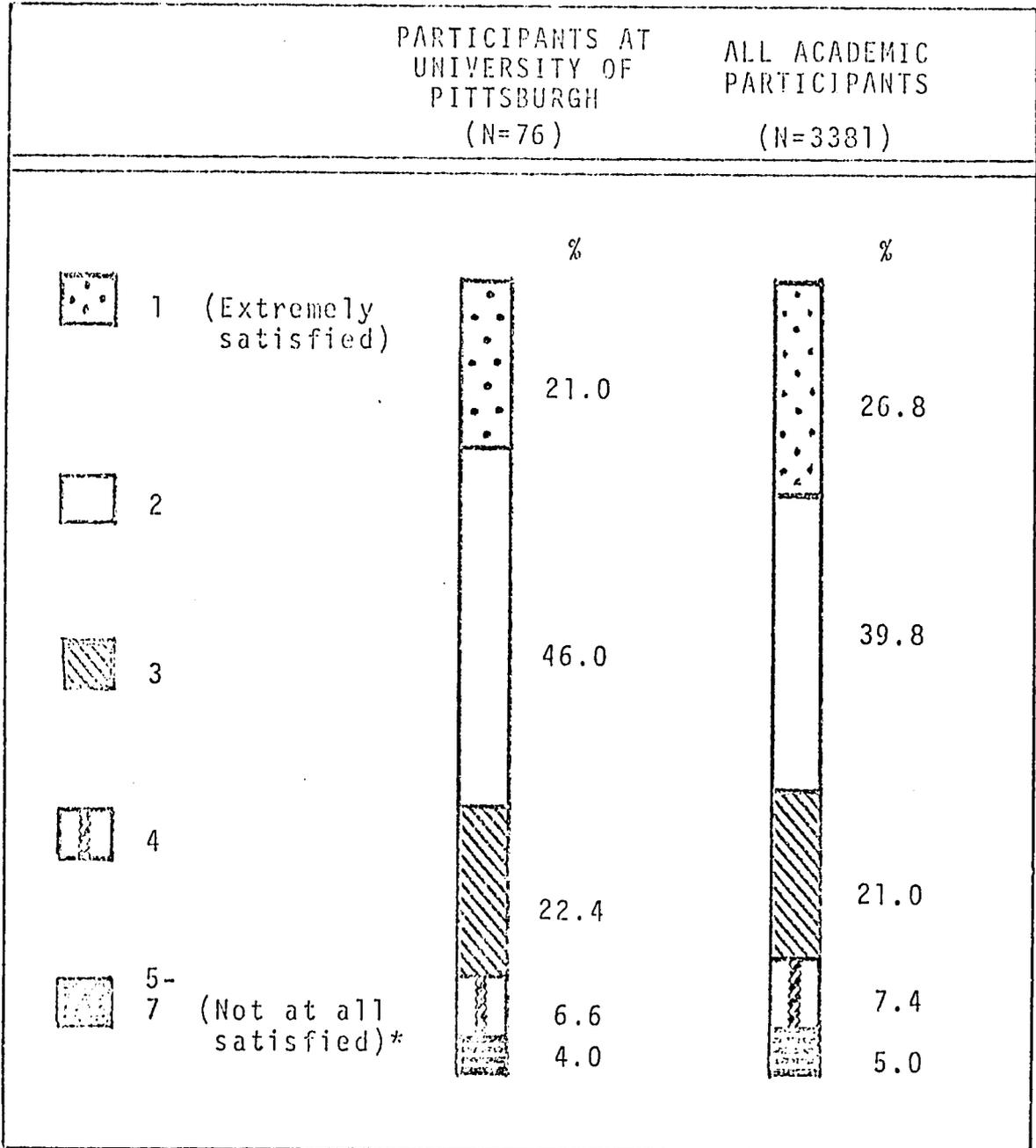
Q. How useful did the participants find their courses?
(Item 70)



* Data for ratings of 5, 6, and 7 are grouped because of the small number of cases. Only a rating of 7, however, indicates "not at all useful."

Table 17

Q. How satisfied were the participants with their total technical training? (Item 84)



* Data for ratings of 5, 6, and 7 are grouped because of the small number of cases. Only a rating of 7, however, indicates "not at all satisfied."

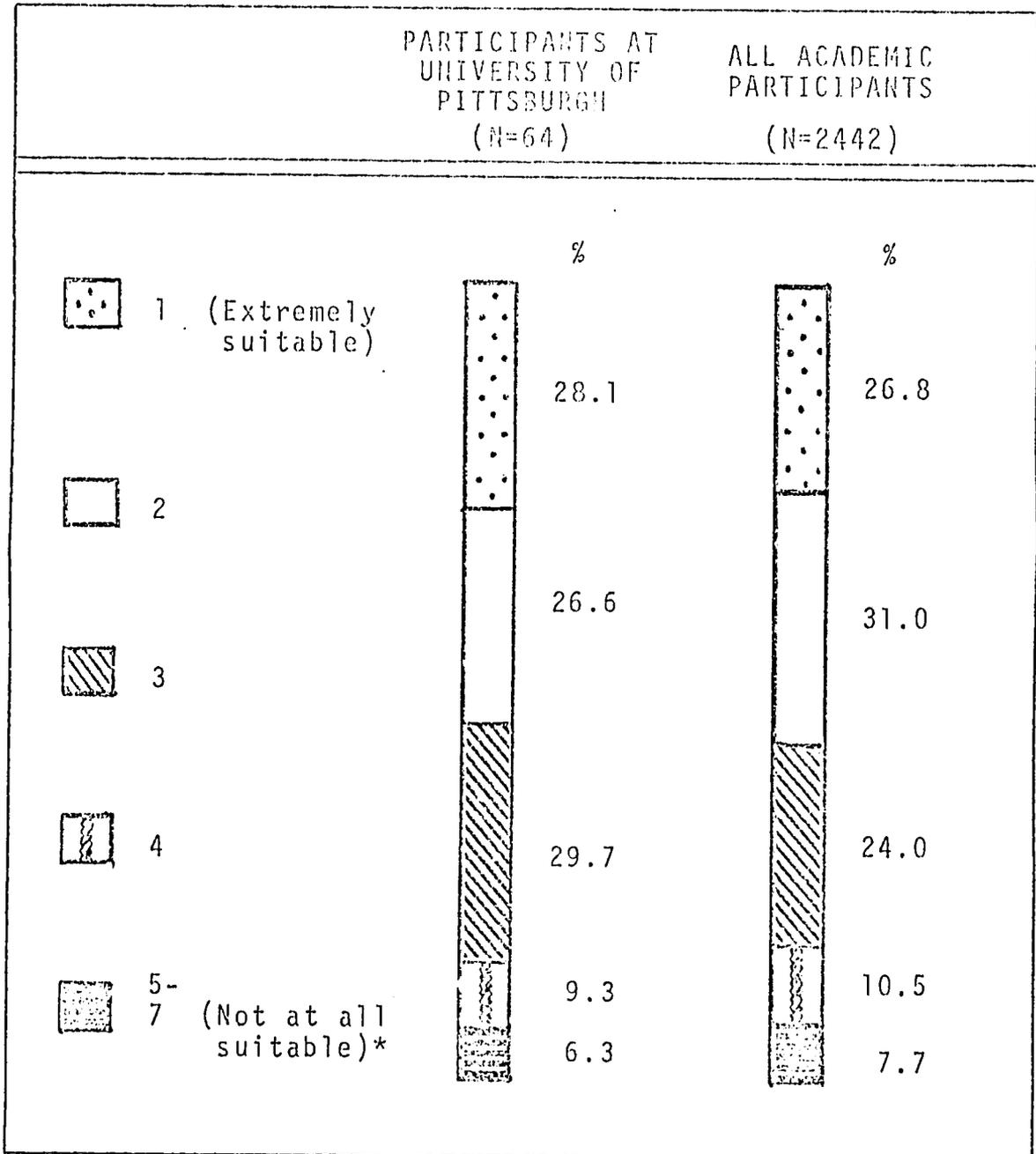
Table 18

Q. Did the participants have courses at their training institutions where instruments and equipment were used? (Item 66)

USED INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT	PARTICIPANTS AT UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH % of 76	ALL ACADEMIC PARTICIPANTS % of 3375
No	51.3	34.0
Yes	48.7	66.0
IF YES:		
Q. Were such instruments and equipment similar to those now or soon to be available in the participants' home countries? (Item 67)		
	<u>% of 37</u>	<u>% of 2208</u>
No	27.0	33.9
Yes	73.0	66.1

Table 19

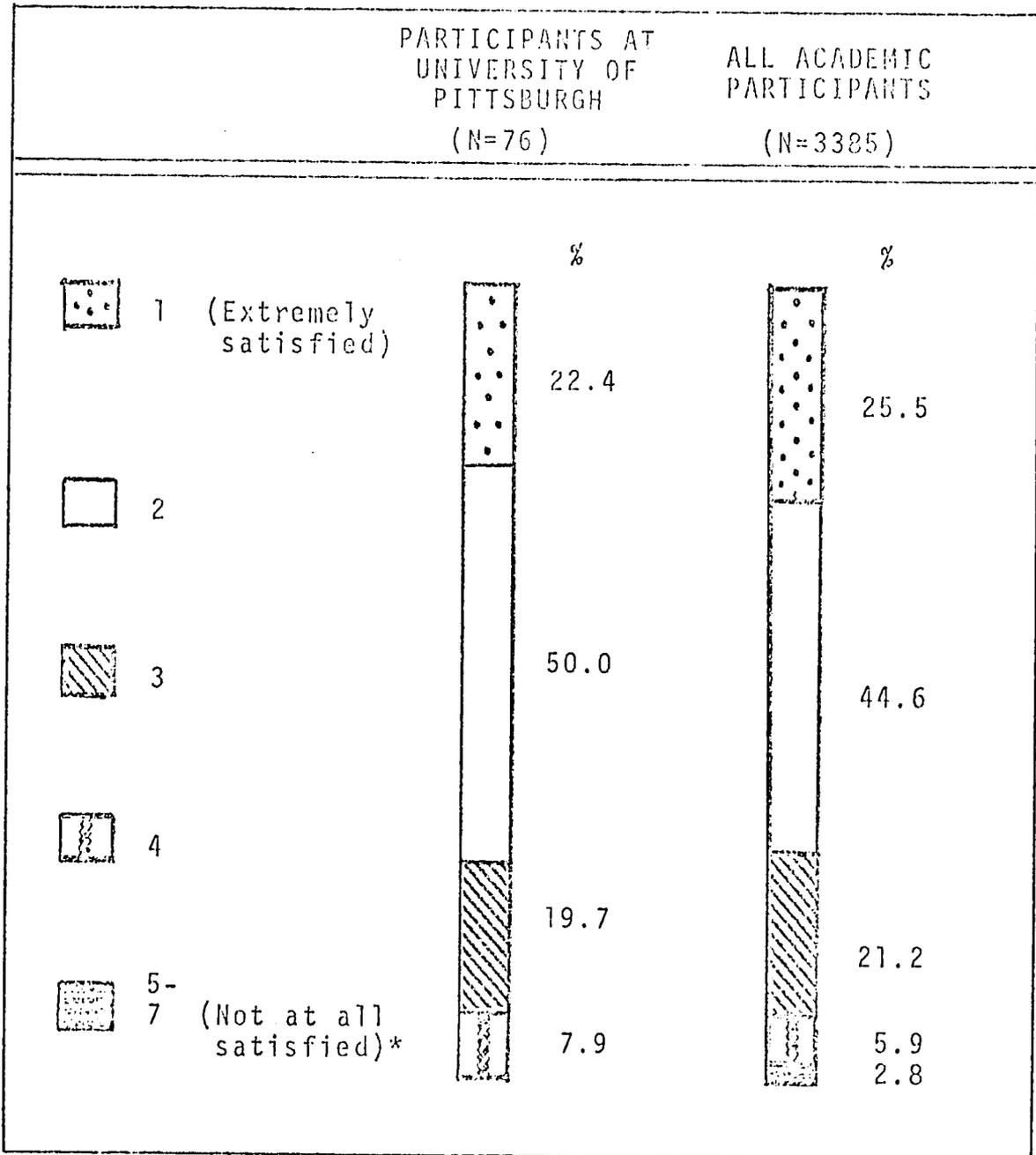
Q. How did the participants assess the suitability of their technical training programs to their home country conditions? (Item 83b)



* Data for ratings of 5, 6, and 7 are grouped because of the small number of cases. Only a rating of 7, however, indicates "not at all suitable."

Table 20

Q. How satisfied were the participants with their total experience as A.I.D. participants? (Item 162)



* Data for ratings of 5, 6, and 7 are grouped because of the small number of cases. Only a rating of 7, however, indicates "not at all satisfied."

SECTION 3

NOTEWORTHY COMPARISONS

The purpose of this section of the report is to present important differences between A.I.D. participants' experiences at the University of Pittsburgh and those of participants who attended other academic institutions for which we have data. Percentage comparisons of these experiences are shown in the tables and graphs in the preceding section. Here we will note only those items on which Pittsburgh's participants differ significantly, either positively or negatively, from all other Academic participants. It is not possible to give statistical explanations for these differences, as the size and composition of the groups of participants vary greatly among training institutions.

There was a higher percentage of A.I.D. participants who earned Master's degrees and a lower percentage who earned Bachelor's degrees at the University of Pittsburgh than at other universities (Table 5).

When asked about difficulties with courses and subject matter, participants at the University of Pittsburgh more often said that they had no problems with subject matter being too abstract or courses too advanced than did Academic participants at all other institutions (Table 10). The University of Pittsburgh participants less often had courses in which they used instruments and equipment than did all other Academic participants (Table 17).

APPENDIX I

DETRI PROCEDURES AND RELIABILITY OF DATA

The data in these profile reports were collected in the same manner as the data presented in the Annual Reports from DETRI to A.I.D. (May 1969 and July 1970). Participants fill out a printed standardized, structured questionnaire under the supervision of a person trained in its administration. They also receive an oral, unstructured interview conducted by a cultural communication specialist on a private, anonymous basis. More detailed information on the instruments and procedures used to collect the exit interview data are included in the Final Report on A.I.D. Participant Training Exit-Interview Development Study, December 1967, and the Guide for Users of the DETRI Exit Interview, November 1970.

There is ample evidence that these data are both reliable and valid for the participants interviewed. Tests of (1) the internal consistency of participant responses to the questionnaire, (2) interviewers' estimates of the validity of participants' responses, and (3) comparisons with results of other studies show the data to be technically acceptable. (For more detailed information see the First Annual Report, May 1969, pp iv-v.)

It is vital that the reader remember that the data presented in these reports come only from those participants who passed through Washington, D.C., on their return to their home countries, and who appeared at the DETRI exit interview. Therefore, the information in these reports does not represent all the A.I.D. participant trainees who departed from the United States. The data available in all DETRI reports does, however, represent the most systematically gathered and most dependable data on the largest group of foreign trainees ever studied.

APPENDIX II

GLOSSARY

Academic program participant: a participant who had a training program for one or more academic terms in regular curriculum courses in an accredited institution which grants an academic degree, whether or not a degree is an objective and whether or not courses are audited or taken for credit.

Special program participant: a participant whose training included one or more of the following types of training: (1) courses, seminars, or other organized programs in a specialized field which may result in the award of a certificate or diploma; (2) intensive briefings and instruction on a specific job or group of related jobs with an opportunity for close observation of the work activities, actual work experience, or both; (3) brief visits to offices, businesses, factories, government agencies, or other organizations to observe work processes and activities.

One to Seven Scale Graphs: these graphs are based on a scale where one (the top category) is designated as "Extremely useful (or satisfied), could not have been better," and seven (the bottom category) is designated as "Not at all useful (or satisfied), could not have been worse." Only the two extremes are given written alternatives. Numbers two through six have no written alternatives, which allows the participant to make up his own definition for these scale points. (This type of scaling is a modification of Cantor and Free's Self Anchoring Scale.)

This form of evaluation scale is being used for two reasons: (1) it reduces the amount and the ambiguity or arbitrariness of the written alternatives that appear on most rating scales, and (2) it helps to alleviate the ingratiation factor of giving very favorable responses to evaluative items. Since the end categories are so extreme, they are less often used and the participant is freer to utilize the remainder of the scale, which he defines.

Development Education and Training Research Institute (DETRI):

established by The American University on 1 July 1966. Its purpose--applied social science research--helps to fulfill the University's commitment to community life through public service contributions which complement and are compatible with the University's major instructional function--graduate and undergraduate. Within the University, DETRI is attached to the Office of the Dean for Graduate Studies and Research. It is located off-campus.

APPENDIX III

REFERENCES

A.I.D. Participant Training Exit Interview Development Study. Washington, D.C., Office of International Training, Agency for International Development, ARC* Catalog No. 374.013, A 512c, U.S. Department of State, December 1967.

A narrative report which discusses the purpose, scope, and background rationale for the Exit Interview; the requirements for the Exit Interview program; the plan for developing instruments and procedures; technical considerations in constructing instruments, gathering data, and recording results; and reports from DETRI to AID/OIT. (5 Appendices) (Out of print)

Participant Assessment of A.I.D. Training Programs: A Descriptive Statistical Report. Washington, D.C., Office of International Training, Agency for International Development, ARC Catalog No. 374.013, A 512, U.S. Department of State, May 1968.

Descriptive findings from Exit Interviews conducted with 859 Academic and Special participants and 342 Observation Training Team members between July 1967 and February 1968. An overview of these participants' perceptions of, and reactions to, their training programs.

Participant Assessment of A.I.D. Training Programs: First Annual Report. Washington, D.C., Office of International Training, Agency for International Development, ARC Catalog No. 374.013, A 512a, U.S. Department of State, May 1969.

Descriptive and analytic findings from Exit Interviews conducted with 1810 Academic and Special participants and 610 Observation Training Team members between July 1967 and September

* A.I.D. Reference Center, Room 1656 NS, AID/State Department, Washington, D.C., 20523.

1968. An overview of these participants' reactions to various aspects of their A.I.D. experience and an examination of the relationship between key responses and training program characteristics. Includes a special intensive analysis of the principal satisfactions of Academic and Special participants. Recommendations. (One Appendix)

Participant Assessment of A.I.D. Training Programs: Second Annual Report. Washington, D.C., Office of International Training, Agency for International Development, ARC Catalog No. 374.013, A 512a, U.S. Department of State, July 1970.

Descriptive and analytic findings from Exit Interviews conducted with 1384 Academic and Special participants and 503 Observation Training Team members between September 1968 and September 1969. (Same format as First Annual Report, above.)

Guide for Users of the DETRI Exit Interview. Washington, D.C., Office of International Training, Agency for International Development, ARC Catalog No. 374.013, A 265f, U.S. Department of State, November 1970.

A narrative handbook to answer questions of those who have received Exit Interview questionnaires and reports and to reassure those who believe participant reactions imply personal criticism. A discussion of common problems raised by users of the Exit Interview with suggestions for reading individual questionnaires and using results in future programming.

Participant Assessment of A.I.D. Training Programs: Status Report Series. Washington, D.C., Office of International Training, Agency for International Development, ARC Catalog No. 374.013, A 512a, U.S. Department of State.

Descriptive findings on selected items from Exit Interviews conducted with Academic and Special participants and Observation Training Team members. Comparisons between most recent participants' perceptions and reactions and those of participants interviewed during previous fiscal years are presented and summarized.

Participant Assessment of Factors Related to Selected USAIDs:
Profile Report Series. Washington, D.C., Office of International Training, Agency for International Development, U.S. Department of State.

Descriptive findings from Exit Interviews conducted with participants from countries which had 125 or more Academic and Special participants and/or 3 Observation Training Teams or more at DETRI. Prepared as separate reports for each USAID. Comparisons between perceptions and opinions of participants from the country being reported on and those of participants from other countries in the same region are made. Overall reactions are analyzed by fiscal year. (Out of print)

Participant Assessment of Factors Related to Selected PASAs:
Profile Report Series. Washington, D.C., Office of International Training, Agency for International Development, ARC Catalog Nos. 374.013, A 512f-m, U.S. Department of State.

Descriptive findings from Exit Interviews conducted with participants programmed by agencies which had 170 or more Academic and Special participants and/or 10 Observation Training Teams or more at DETRI. Prepared as separate reports for each PASA. Comparisons between perceptions and opinions of participants from the agency being reported on and those of participants from other agencies are made. Overall reactions are analyzed by fiscal year. (Out of print)

Participant Assessment of Special Programs: Profile Report Series. Washington, D.C., Office of International Training, Agency for International Development, ARC Catalog Nos. 374.013, A 512n-q, U.S. Department of State.

Descriptive findings from Exit Interviews conducted with Academic participants who took part in Pre-Academic Workshops or Mid-Winter Community Seminars, and with Academic and Special participants who had English language training, orientations at the Washington International Center, or Communications Workshop Program. Comparisons among perceptions and opinions of participants at different training sites in the Pre-Academic Workshop

and Communications Workshop reports. Comparisons between the reactions of participants at each of the 15 cities reported on (minimum of 30 participants) and of those participants at all other cities in the Mid-Winter Community Seminar reports. Comparisons among the reactions of participants from the four major world regions, and between participants who had training only in their home countries and only in the United States, in the English language training report. Comparisons among perceptions and opinions of participants who attended programs at the Washington International Center during: (1) 1966-1968, (2) 1969, and (3) 1970-Sept. 1971, in the Washington International Center Orientation Program report. (Out of print)