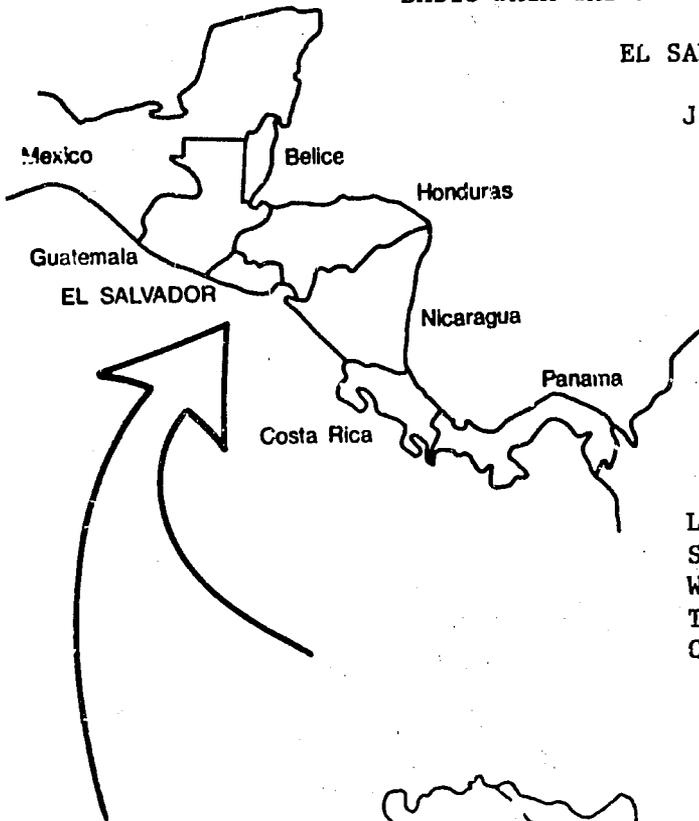


EL SALVADOR

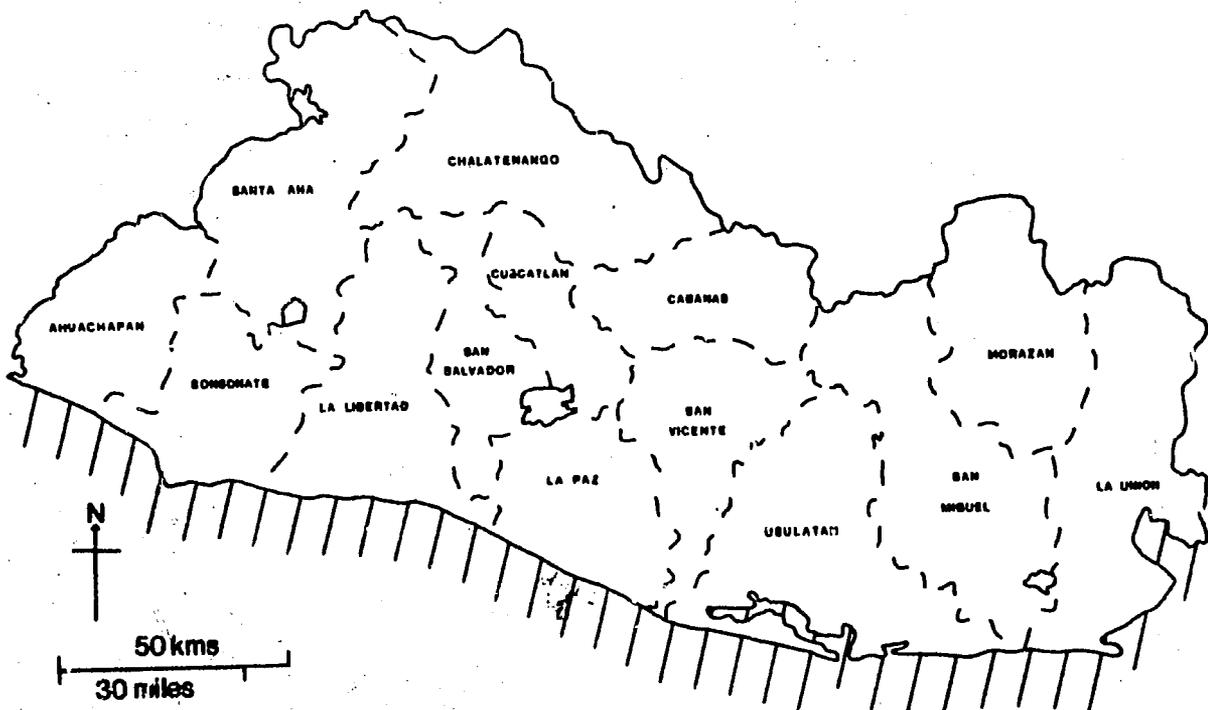
BASIC DATA TABLES FOR NON-FARM EMPLOYMENT IN EL SALVADOR

EL SALVADOR RURAL POOR SURVEY

JUNE 1977 - MAY 1978



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Cooperative Agreement No. AID/TA-CA-2



DEFINITION AND OPERATIONALIZATION OF EMPLOYMENT INDICATORS

Active Population AP: All persons 14 years of age and older excluding retired workers, inmates in institutions or persons who did not work because of long-term physical or mental illness or disability for the entire twelve months of the survey. It should be noted that students, housewives, or "discouraged workers" — those persons who are out of work and not looking for work because they consider it a futile activity — are not excluded in this measure because these persons do constitute a ready-reserve labor supply for seasonal activity in the coffee, sugar cane and cotton harvests and/or as possible workers in periods of economic expansion. There is also considerable reason to argue that this figure is an underestimate of the labor force, especially during the harvest period (roughly November through January) of the three crops mentioned earlier. It is common for children, especially those 10 and older, to work with their parents or to be hired out to others during harvests. These children constitute a very cheap source of labor. Moreover, this early entrance acts as an inexpensive "training" process as well as exposure to labor discipline.

Labor Force LF (Economically Active Population): All household members of the active population who were working, who had a job but were not at work because of a labor dispute, plus other members of the active population whose employment had ended and who could not find employment but were looking for work. This figure is calculated for each of the twelve months of the survey period (June 1977 - May 1978).

Modified Labor Force (MLF): All household members of the active population who were working, who had a job but were not at work because of a labor dispute, and who were not working but whose employment ended or who could not find employment but indicated they were looking for work. Also included are individuals who are not in the labor force but indicated they could not find work or had no desire to work although

they indicated that they were not currently looking for work. Therefore, the MLF includes the usual labor force and the subemployees (see below) as the universe of persons "exposed" to the risk of underemployment (See Clogg 1979:23).

Employed: All household members 14 years of age and older who were members of the active population and who were working for the specified month. The figure is calculated for each of the twelve months of the survey (June 1977 - May 1978).

Unemployed: All household members 14 years of age and older who were members of the active population and who are not working because of a labor conflict, end of employment, or unavailability of employment although looking for work. It is common practice to include persons who are not at work because of a labor dispute in the employed category on the assumption that they have some job attachment. One reason for their categorization as unemployed in this survey rests on the specific historical conditions in El Salvador. When a strike or conflict has occurred, the reaction of many businessmen has been to either fire all those on strike and bring in new workers or close the business altogether. It is quite questionable if such striking workers have a "job attachment" and it is argued here that these workers are better thought of as unemployed. Moreover, the number of those identifying themselves as out of work because of a labor conflict is not large and is not likely to affect the results significantly.

Subemployed: Household members 14 years of age and older who were members of the active population and who were not in the labor force (i.e., not economically active) because they had no desire to work or could not find employment and were not looking for work. Also included here are persons who were not in the labor force but stated that they were looking for employment. In the survey this included persons responding that they were not working because of family or some other reasons, or were engaged

in household duties, or were students, but still were looking for work. The rationale here is that a person engaged in household duties, for example, might be drawn into the labor force were employment and/or adequate wages available.

Underemployed by Low Month (seasonal employment): All household members 14 years of age or older and members of the labor force who worked (classified as employed) but worked less than eight months during the year at the same job. The criterion of seven months or less is job specific such that individuals who are employed in more than one job and as a result meet the criterion are excluded. All individuals were asked to indicate the months (June 1977 - May 1978) in which they engaged in each employment activity. The months for each job were summed to obtain the number of months an individual was employed for each activity.

Underemployed by Low Hours (part-time employment): All household members 14 years of age and older and members of the labor force who were working (classified as employed) but working less than 35 hours per week.*

The criterion of 35 hours or more as full-time employment is job specific. For example, an individual who worked more than one job and as a result worked 35 hours or more is excluded. Individuals who indicated they worked for a private business or government were asked the number of hours employed in each job. Individuals who worked in a family business or owned a farm were asked if they were full or parttime employed; those that indicated they worked part time were assumed to work less than 35 hours a week.

*The designation of 35 hours or more as full-time employment is taken from "Indicadores de Progreso Social/Empleo".

Underemployment by low income: All household members 14 years of age or older who were employed full time (at least 35 hours a week) and whose income was below the poverty threshold for a particular month as specified by the following.

The income or poverty level is calculated using the following criteria developed in the study, "Indicadores de Progreso Social/Empleo"* which uses the minimum wage set by the government of El Salvador in 1978.

As specified by this study the daily minimum wage for agriculture is ₡4.25, ₡6.10 for industry and services and ₡6.20 for commerce.

The minimum monthly income criteria are calculated by multiplying the average number of hours per week by the minimum daily wage and then multiplying this product by the average number of weeks per month.

For agricultural employment

$$35 \times \text{₡}4.25 = \text{₡}148.75 \times 4.3 = \text{₡}639.63$$

For manufacturing, industry and commerce

$$35 \times \text{₡}6.10 = \text{₡}213.5 \times 4.3 = \text{₡}918.05$$

Work related income was calculated for each worker as the monthly sum from three sources: a) wage or salary income from employment in private business or government, b) nonfarm family business self-employment income, and c) farm self-employment income.

*Indicadores Economicos y Sociales, Ministry of Planning and Ministry of Labor, Government of El Salvador.

Some further explanation needs to be given to items b) and c). It is difficult to determine how income from a family operated farm or business should be divided among household members, i.e., what is the economic contribution of each participating member in terms of a wage or salary, when they are almost entirely nonremunerated "employees." For a nonfarm-family business, income will be divided among the household members who indicated in the activity schedule that they worked in the business. This figure will then be converted into an equivalent monthly wage by weighting by the number of months they were employed. The annual family farm income will also be divided among household members who said they were working on the family farm in the activity schedule (or if they didn't indicate, then the farm income is assigned to the head of household) weighted by the number of months they were employed in this activity. Once each person is assigned his/her "share" of the income, this figure is converted into a monthly income.

Underemployment by low hours is month specific such that individuals with more than one job whose income is above the poverty criteria as a result of several employment activities is not classified as fully employed by income.

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III. The Sample of the El Salvador Rural Poor-Rural Landless Survey

El Salvador is divided into 14 départamentos (states), 261 municipios (counties) and 2010 cantones (districts) with an approximate current total population of 4.5 million. This study covers all of El Salvador with the exception of the metropolitan area of the capital city of San Salvador, more than five times the size of the next largest city. In the last population census in 1971, the San Salvador Metropolitan Area (SSMA) had approximately 560,000 inhabitants, or 17 percent of the total population and about 40 percent of El Salvador's urban population. The ten contiguous municipalities -- San Salvador, Ayutuxtepeque, Mejicanos, Cuscatancingo, Ciudad Delgado, Soyapango, Ilopango, San Marcos, Antiguo Cuscatlan, Nueva San Salvador -- considered to comprise the SSMA were excluded from the sample. Other cities such as Santa Ana and San Miguel, with 98,000 and 62,000 inhabitants, respectively, in 1971, were included in the sample because many of their residents were engaged in farming or agribusiness. Thus, for sampling purposes the Rural Poor Survey adopted a more inclusive definition of rural than the Population Census of El Salvador.

No a priori attempt to identify the "poor" was made. Thus poverty-stricken households as well as other households had the possibility of falling within the sample. In addition, landed as well as landless households had the chance of inclusion. Farmers with very small holdings (of which there are many) are for all practical purposes landless; moreover, very little is known about small farmers' off-farm employment, which undoubtedly overlaps with the economic activities of truly landless households. The inclusion of all households proceeds from three considerations: 1) that short of conducting a complete survey, it is virtually impossible to establish iron-clad

criteria to screen out the non-target population; 2) that there exist various benchmarks or measures of poverty and criteria for defining landed, landless, and near-landless farmers, and 3) that comparison of the relatively well-to-do and landed population with the landless and near-landless population will yield ideas for concrete programs to improve the circumstances of the latter group.

The sample for the Rural Poor Survey was constructed by Henry Woltman, International Statistical Programs Center, U.S. Bureau of the Census, from an area sampling frame developed for the Multi-Purpose Household Survey. (For a complete description of that frame, see Henry Woltman, Floyd O'Quinn and Froilan Fernandez, "Deseno de la Muestra de Hogares de El Salvador," [n.d., USAID/El Salvador].) A total of 925 area segments were designated from the Multi-Purpose Household Sample minus the SSMA of San Salvador; of these 925 randomly-selected segments, 350 segments were located in "urban" areas (by Census definitions) and 575 in "rural" areas. There were, on the average, 825 living quarters per sample segment. This resulted in a self-weighted sample of 1,449 households and a 1/500 probability of any household being selected in the sample.

Of the 1,449 households, 51 were not occupied. Twelve refused to be interviewed. In another 12 no one was present during three attempts to contact the residents. Two households were traveling during the interview period and 6 questionnaires were lost. Thus 1,366 completed interviews were available for analysis. Excluding the 51 unoccupied households, approximately 98 percent of the sample households were interviewed, and there is strong reason to believe that the sample is random even with the loss of a few questionnaires.

Within these 1,366 households lived 7,461 individuals of which 3,083 were less than 14 years old and 4,388 were 14 or older. The work activities or reasons for not working for each individual 14 and older were reported for the preceding twelve months (June 1977 through May 1978). Of the 4,388 individuals designated as the potential work force, 4,345 are included in our analysis (43 individuals provided no work data). Because individuals could have more than one activity, there are a total of 5,394 activity records. Of the 1,366 usable questionnaires, there were 442 urban and 924 rural households.

The representativeness of the sample is demonstrated by a comparison with census data on selected variables. Survey data show that 32.4 percent of sample households are urban and 67.6 percent are rural. The 1971 census shows 39.5 and 60.5 percent, respectively. The survey percentages for male household heads (78.5) and female household heads (21.5) also correspond to census figures. The five land-holding categories developed by CEPAL et al. (1976) and used in this survey yielded results consistent with those of the 1971 census:

<u>Rural Poor Survey</u>	<u>Census</u>	<u>Land Categories</u>	<u>Classification</u>
49.0%	48.9%	Less than 1 /ha.	Microfinca
45.5	43.6	1-9.99	Subfamily
3.6	6.0	10-49.99	Family
1.7	0.83	50-199.99	Medium Multi-Family
0.15	0.72	200 or more	Large Multi-Family

The questionnaire was constructed by the El Salvadorean Ministry of the Agriculture; Dwight Steen, Rural Development Office, AID/El Salvador, the International Statistical Programs Center of the U.S. Bureau of Census; Samuel Daines; James T. Riordan of the Latin American Bureau; USAID; and

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William L. Flinn of The Ohio State University. The questionnaire was pretested by the El Salvadorean Ministry of Agriculture under the direction of Flinn and Steen.

There are seven major sections to the questionnaire: 1) living conditions, 2) characteristics of the household, 3) activity schedule for all household members 14 years of age and older, 4) contribution of household members less than 14, 5) other sources of income, 6) agriculture, and 7) access to credit.

In July 1978, a three-day interviewer training session was conducted by members of the International Statistical Programs Center for supervisors and interviewers of Calderone, Inc., a local Salvadorean social science research firm. Each of the 1,499 households in the sample was visited by interviewers between July and August 1978.

The purpose of this report is to give a general overview of the data of the Rural Poor Survey in three sections: 1) characteristics of the household head; 2) family characteristics, and 3) socioeconomic characteristics. Each of these sections will discuss the relevance of the data for enhancing our understanding of the conditions in El Salvador.

Data are analyzed by rural/urban location as well as by region and by departemento (state). For purposes of comparison with the 1971 national census, data analysis utilizes the census' definition of rural and urban. Since 1950, El Salvador had adopted an administrative criteria for defining urban areas, and the census considers those areas where the municipal authorities are located (the county seats) as urban areas, with the limits of the municipality determined by these local authorities. These urban areas vary greatly in size from small towns to cities. Rural areas are those formed by the cantones (townships) of the municipio (county).

The four regions of analysis used here are the same as those of the Ministry of Agriculture. Region I includes the departments of Ahuachapan, Santa Ana and Sonsonate. Chalatenango, La Libertad, San Salvador and Cuscatlan make up Region II. Region III includes La Paz, Cabanas, and San Vicente. Region IV includes the four remaining departments of Usulután, San Miguel, Morazan and La Unión. Each of these regions shows internal differences in terms of terrain, climate, agricultural and industrial activities, population, and services. These regions are included in the analysis along with departmental data for comparability with previous studies.

A word of caution is, however, necessary. Because the number of persons falling into any category at the department level may be small, results must be interpreted carefully at this level. Usually, percentages are not calculated on data with an N smaller than 24 cases. Planners may wish to recombine and aggregate the data for other purposes, so data are represented in the tables for the smaller administrative units. For example, the Ministry of Interior has declared certain municipios (counties) in the departamentos (states) of Chalatenango, Cuscatlan, Cabanas, San Miguel, Morazan and La Unión as the poorest of the poor. By aggregating data from these departments and comparing them with data from other departments, planners may gain programmatic insights. No attempt is made in the following tables to establish statistical significance. Only raw data scores and percentages are presented.

A further note of explanation with respect to calculation and presentation of percentages in tables is needed. Unless otherwise indicated, each table has been percentaged vertically for urban-rural and

regional divisions, with the exception of data on El Salvador as a whole, thereby standardizing for the population base. This procedure offers the advantage of identifying patterns across categories for urban and rural locations, regions, or departments.

Table 1: Type of Employment by Primary and Secondary Labor Force Participation of Individuals 14 Years of Age or Older and by Age*

Type of Employment	Primary Labor Force														Secondary Labor Force													
	Total		14-19		20-29		Age Cohorts				50-59		60 & Older		Total		14-19		20-29		Age Cohorts				50-59		60 & Older	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Agricultural Employment	652	48.3	3	75.0	88	51.2	159	48.3	16	51.1	125	50.6	114	40.9	603	20.4	267	26.1	236	25.3	58	14.0	29	10.2	9	5.9	4	
Combination of Agricultural and Non-Agricultural Employment/Family Business	70	5.2	-	-	11	6.4	20	6.08	21	6.6	10	4.1	8	2.9	22	7.7	5	.5	13	1.4	4	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	236	17.5	1	25.0	45	26.2	94	28.6	49	15.4	28	11.3	19	6.8	354	12.0	88	8.6	177	19.0	50	12.1	23	8.1	9	5.9	7	
Family Business	178	13.2	-	-	18	10.5	31	9.4	52	16.3	41	16.6	36	12.9	270	9.1	46	4.5	71	7.6	60	14.5	38	13.4	29	19.1	21	
Combination of Non-Agricultural Wage Employment/Family Business	13	1.0	-	-	2	1.2	5	1.5	3	.9	3	1.2	-	-	8	.3	-	-	4	.4	3	.7	1	.4	-	-	-	-
Not Employed	201	14.9	-	-	8	4.6	20	6.08	31	9.7	40	16.2	102	36.6	1704	57.5	617	60.	430	46.2	239	57.7	193	68.0	105	69.0	120	

*One person did not indicate relationship to head of household and 33 individuals did not give their age.

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Table 2: Type of Employment by Education Level of Individuals 14 Years of Age or Older
And by Age*

Type of Employment	Educational Level													
	Non-Literate													
	Total		14-19		20-29		Age Cohorts 30-39		40-49		50-59		60 & Over	
N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
Agricultural Employment	840	36.8	132	43.8	195	40.4	143	36.2	153	35.5	116	36.0	101	29.0
Combination of Agricultural and Low Agricultural Employment/ Family Business	61	2.7	2	.7	11	2.3	17	4.3	17	3.9	6	1.9	8	2.3
Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	145	6.4	18	6.0	33	6.8	31	7.8	26	6.0	22	6.8	15	4.3
Family Business	217	9.5	11	3.6	31	6.4	35	8.9	55	12.8	47	14.6	38	10.9
Combination of Non-Agricultural Wage Employment and Family Business	8	.4	-	-	1	.2	2	.5	3	.7	2	.6	-	-
Not Employed	1008	44.2	138	45.8	211	43.8	167	42.3	177	41.1	129	40.1	186	53.4

*Thirty-one individuals did not give their educational level and 38 persons did not give their age.

Table 2. (Cont'd)

Type of Employment	Educational Level													
	Total		14-19		20-29		30-39		40-49		50-59		60 & Over	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Agricultural Employment	201	28.4	64	29.9	61	30.3	39	27.3	23	27.7	8	23.5	5	18.2
Combination of Agricultural and Low Agricultural Employment/ Family Business	15	2.1	1	.5	6	3.0	4	2.6	3	3.6	1	2.9	-	-
Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	93	13.1	17	7.9	39	19.4	18	12.6	12	14.5	4	11.8	3	9.1
Family Business	85	12.0	12	5.6	12	6.0	23	16.1	18	21.7	11	32.3	9	27.3
Combination of Non-Agricultural Wage Employment and Family Business	2	.3	-	-	1	.5	1	.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not Employed	312	44.1	120	56.1	82	40.9	58	40.6	27	32.5	10	29.4	15	45.4

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Table 2 (Cont'd)

Type of Employment	Educational Level													
	Total		14-19		20-29		5-6 Years Age Cohorts				50-59		60 & Over	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Agricultural Employment	159	23.3	57	23.9	47	23.5	28	23.3	13	22.4	7	23.3	7	19.4
Combination of Agricultural and Low Agricultural Employment/ Family Business	9	1.3	1	.4	6	3.0	1	.8	-	-	1	3.3	-	-
Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	142	20.8	22	9.2	48	24.0	44	35.7	17	29.3	8	26.7	3	8.3
Family Business	93	13.6	13	5.5	28	14.0	22	18.3	14	24.1	8	26.7	8	22.2
Combination of Non-Agricultural Wage Employment and Family Business	4	.6	-	-	2	1.0	1	.8	-	-	1	3.3	-	-
Not Employed	275	40.3	145	60.9	69	34.5	24	20.0	14	24.1	5	16.7	18	50.0

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Table 2 (Cont'd)

Type of Employment	Educational Level 7 or More Years													
	Total		14-19		20-29		30-39		40-49		50-59		60 & Over	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Agricultural Employment	50	8.2	17	6.2	22	10.2	6	7.5	2	7.7	-	-	3	30.0
Combination of Agricultural and Low Agricultural Employment/ Family Business	5	.8	1	.4	1	.5	2	2.5	-	-	1	14.3	-	-
Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	203	33.3	32	11.8	100	46.3	49	62.0	16	61.5	3	42.9	3	30.0
Family Business	42	6.9	10	3.7	18	8.3	8	10.1	3	11.5	2	28.6	1	10.0
Combination of Non-Agricultural Wage Employment and Family Business	7	1.1	-	-	2	.9	4	5.1	1	3.8	-	-	-	-
Not Employed	303	49.7	212	77.9	73	33.8	10	12.7	4	15.4	1	14.3	3	30.0

Table 3: Rate of Participation for June 1977 - May 1978 by Sex, Age Cohorts, Education, Poverty, Urban/Rural Location, Primary/Secondary Labor Force Participation and Type of Employment

	Months June 1977 - May 1978											
	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May
<u>Sex</u>												
Male	82.6	82.2	82.5	82.0	82.3	82.1	82.0	81.6	80.2	78.5	79.3	82.2
Female	27.6	27.7	27.8	27.6	27.6	28.3	28.3	27.9	27.9	27.9	28.3	28.3
<u>Age Cohorts</u>												
14-19	34.6	34.4	34.6	34.4	35.0	36.3	36.6	36.1	34.6	33.7	34.6	36.2
20-29	54.5	58.3	58.3	57.9	57.9	58.4	58.1	57.4	57.0	56.5	57.0	57.9
30-39	64.2	63.7	64.0	63.4	63.7	63.1	63.7	63.8	63.3	62.5	63.3	63.7
40-49	62.2	62.2	63.4	62.1	62.0	61.7	61.7	61.2	61.0	59.7	59.9	62.5
50-59	64.0	63.6	63.9	63.6	63.6	63.4	63.6	63.1	62.6	61.8	62.1	62.8
60 & over	54.6	54.6	54.9	54.6	54.6	54.1	52.8	52.8	52.0	51.5	51.5	54.6
<u>Education</u>												
0-2	55.6	55.2	55.5	54.9	55.2	55.1	55.1	54.3	54.1	52.8	53.5	55.3
3-4	54.4	54.2	54.5	54.4	54.8	55.0	55.0	54.7	52.8	52.8	52.4	54.1
5-6	59.0	58.0	58.0	59.1	57.9	57.7	58.0	57.8	57.1	57.1	57.4	58.4
7 or more	45.4	45.2	45.0	44.9	45.0	46.7	46.5	47.0	45.5	46.0	46.5	47.0
<u>Poverty Status</u>												
Poverty	67.4	66.7	67.1	66.3	66.1	66.9	66.4	65.1	63.0	59.2	60.4	64.7
Non-poverty	50.7	48.0	50.8	50.7	50.9	50.8	50.9	50.9	50.7	50.8	51.2	52.2
<u>Location</u>												
Urban	56.8	56.7	56.7	56.8	56.8	58.1	58.0	58.0	56.8	57.3	57.4	57.9
Rural	53.4	53.1	53.3	52.8	53.1	52.8	52.9	52.3	51.7	50.4	51.1	53.3
<u>Labor Force Status</u>												
Primary	36.6	36.3	36.6	36.2	36.3	35.9	35.8	35.4	34.4	33.2	33.8	36.4
Secondary	39.9	39.6	39.8	39.4	39.7	40.1	40.2	39.8	39.2	38.0	39.1	40.1
<u>Type of Employment</u>												
Agriculture	97.9	97.2	98.2	98.6	98.1	98.1	98.2	97.7	95.8	95.3	95.7	96.4
Non-agricultural												
- wage emp.												
- family	97.7	97.7	97.7	98.1	98.1	98.7	98.5	97.9	98.3	98.3	97.8	97.2
- business	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.4	99.4	99.4	99.4	99.4	99.4	99.3	98.8	98.8
- other	94.6	94.6	94.4	94.6	95.6	96.7	98.0	98.9	95.6	96.7	95.6	97.0

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Table -- Employment Measures for El Salvador June 1977 - May 1978 by Primary and Secondary Labor Force Participation*

	LF		MLF		Unemployment				Subemployment				Low Hours				Underemployment				Low Income			
	PL	SL	PL	SL	PL	SL	N	%	PL	SL	N	%	PL	SL	N	%	PL	SL	N	%	PL	SL	N	%
June 1977	1166	1226	1155	1233	20	1.7	63	5.1	19	1.6	107	8.0	196	16.5	273	20.5	38	3.2	167	12.5	1115	94.1	1150	86.3
July 1977	1167	1228	1196	1335	22	1.9	69	5.6	19	1.6	107	8.0	196	16.5	271	20.3	98	8.3	95	7.1	1113	93.8	1144	85.7
August 1977	1168	1225	1187	1332	21	1.8	63	5.1	19	1.6	106	8.0	192	16.2	273	20.5	94	7.9	97	7.3	1116	94.0	1148	86.2
September 1977	1165	1222	1184	1330	23	2.0	70	5.7	19	1.6	105	8.1	183	15.4	266	20.0	80	6.8	85	6.4	1111	93.8	1139	85.6
October 1977	1164	1220	1184	1329	20	1.7	62	5.1	20	1.7	109	8.2	181	15.3	268	20.2	78	6.6	82	6.2	1113	94.0	1146	86.2
November 1977	1163	1248	1183	1361	25	2.2	75	6.0	20	1.7	113	8.3	177	15.0	269	19.8	75	6.3	109	8.0	1108	93.7	1150	85.2
December 1977	1163	1247	1183	1356	26	2.2	73	5.8	20	1.7	109	8.0	175	14.8	265	19.5	73	6.2	111	8.2	1107	93.6	1158	85.4
January 1978	1160	1246	1180	1352	28	2.4	84	6.7	20	1.7	106	7.8	173	14.7	265	19.6	69	5.9	93	6.9	1102	93.4	1145	84.7
February 1978	1151	1222	1177	1328	33	2.9	77	6.3	26	2.2	106	8.0	175	14.9	264	19.9	68	5.8	78	5.9	1088	92.4	1133	85.3
March 1978	1138	1220	1175	1329	35	3.1	93	7.6	37	3.1	109	8.2	174	14.6	262	19.7	81	6.9	83	6.2	1074	91.4	1116	84.0
April 1978	1142	1210	1177	1336	32	2.8	87	7.1	35	3.0	106	7.9	177	15.0	270	20.2	99	8.4	106	7.9	1078	91.6	1132	84.7
May 1978	1169	1251	1188	1345	24	2.1	81	6.5	19	1.6	94	7.0	198	16.7	273	20.3	111	11.0	127	9.4	1111	93.5	1154	85.8

*One person did not indicate relationship to head of household.

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Table 5: Employment Measures for El Salvador June 1977 - May 1978 by Urban and Rural Location

	LF		MLF		Unemployment				Subemployment				Low Hours				Underemployment				Low Income			
	U	R	U	R	U	%	N	%	U	%	N	%	U	%	N	%	U	%	N	%	U	%	N	%
June 1977	770	1623	818	1701	20	2.6	63	3.9	43	5.7	78	4.6	172	21.0	298	17.5	38	4.6	167	9.3	732	89.5	1534	90.2
July 1977	771	1625	819	1703	20	2.6	71	4.4	48	5.9	78	4.6	172	21.0	296	17.4	36	4.4	157	9.2	732	89.4	1520	89.6
August 1977	770	1623	818	1700	20	2.6	64	3.9	48	5.9	77	4.6	172	21.0	294	17.3	36	4.4	155	9.1	732	89.5	1533	90.2
September 1977	771	1617	819	1696	19	2.5	74	4.6	48	5.9	79	4.7	170	20.8	280	16.5	33	4.1	132	7.8	734	89.6	1517	89.4
October 1977	770	1615	818	1696	18	2.3	64	4.0	48	5.9	81	4.8	170	20.8	280	16.5	29	3.5	131	7.7	735	89.8	1525	89.9
November 1977	789	1623	841	1704	20	2.5	80	4.9	52	6.2	81	4.8	169	20.1	278	16.3	51	6.1	133	7.8	752	89.4	1517	89.0
December 1977	790	1621	839	1701	23	2.9	76	4.7	49	5.8	80	4.7	167	19.9	274	16.1	49	5.8	135	7.9	750	89.4	1516	89.1
January 1978	789	1618	837	1696	22	2.8	90	5.6	48	5.7	78	4.6	168	20.1	271	16.0	42	5.0	120	7.1	751	89.7	1497	88.3
February 1978	775	1599	824	1682	23	3.0	87	5.4	49	5.9	83	4.9	169	20.5	271	16.1	40	4.9	106	6.3	735	89.2	1487	88.4
March 1978	781	1578	829	1676	23	2.9	105	6.6	48	5.8	98	5.8	172	20.7	265	15.8	53	6.4	111	6.6	741	89.4	1450	86.5
April 1978	784	1589	831	1683	24	3.1	95	6.0	47	5.7	94	5.6	174	20.9	274	16.3	60	7.2	145	8.6	743	89.4	1468	87.2
May 1978	791	1630	834	1700	25	3.2	80	4.9	43	5.2	70	4.1	180	21.6	292	17.2	72	8.6	186	10.9	749	89.8	1517	89.2

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Table 6: Employment Measures for El Salvador June 1977 - May 1978 by Poverty Status

	LP		MLP		Unemployment				Subemployment				Low Hours				Underemployment				Low Income			
	P	NP	P	NP	P		NP		P		NP		P		NP		P		NP		P		NP	
					N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
June 1977	676	1717	720	1799	36	5.3	47	2.7	44	6.1	82	4.6	338	46.3	132	7.3	150	20.8	55	3.1	638	87.2	1638	91.1
July 1977	672	1724	716	1806	44	6.5	47	2.7	44	6.1	92	4.5	337	47.1	131	7.2	148	20.7	45	2.5	617	87.6	1631	90.3
August 1977	667	1726	710	1808	37	5.5	47	2.7	43	6.1	82	4.5	335	47.2	131	7.3	143	20.1	48	2.7	625	88.0	1640	90.7
September 1977	667	1721	711	1804	45	6.7	48	2.8	44	6.2	83	4.6	325	45.7	125	6.9	133	18.7	32	1.8	617	86.8	1634	90.6
October 1977	653	1732	699	1815	36	5.5	46	2.7	46	6.6	93	4.6	313	46.2	127	7.0	123	17.6	37	2.0	613	87.7	1647	90.7
November 1977	698	1714	752	1793	52	7.4	48	2.8	54	7.2	79	4.4	320	42.6	127	7.1	147	19.5	37	2.1	642	85.4	1627	90.7
December 1977	691	1720	742	1798	52	7.5	47	2.7	51	6.9	78	4.3	312	42.0	129	7.2	139	19.7	45	2.5	632	85.2	1634	90.5
January 1978	679	1728	727	1806	60	8.8	52	3.0	58	6.6	78	4.3	310	42.6	129	7.1	120	16.5	42	2.3	611	84.0	1637	90.6
February 1978	627	1747	681	1825	56	8.9	54	3.1	54	7.9	78	4.3	325	44.8	135	7.4	83	12.2	63	3.4	568	83.4	1654	90.6
March 1978	604	1755	672	1833	72	11.9	56	3.2	78	10.1	78	4.3	302	44.9	135	7.4	74	11.0	90	4.9	536	78.9	1661	90.6
April 1978	532	1791	645	1869	62	10.6	57	3.2	63	9.8	78	4.2	311	48.2	137	7.3	78	12.1	127	6.8	515	80.3	1693	90.6
May 1978	553	1858	597	1947	46	8.3	54	3.2	34	5.8	79	4.1	330	56.2	142	7.3	70	11.9	138	9.7	504	55.9	1762	90.5

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Table 7: Employment Measures for El Salvador June 1977 - May 1978 By Sex

	LF		MLF		Unemployment				Subemployment				Underemployment											
	M	F	M	F	M		F		M		F		Low Hours				Low Months				Low Income			
					N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
June 1977	1772	621	1825	694	67	3.8	16	2.6	53	2.9	73	10.5	232	12.7	238	34.3	181	9.9	24	3.4	1670	91.5	576	83.0
July 1977	1773	623	1826	696	73	4.1	18	2.9	53	2.9	73	10.5	231	12.6	237	34.1	171	9.4	22	3.2	1664	91.1	594	85.3
August 1977	1772	621	1825	693	68	3.8	16	2.6	53	2.9	72	10.4	228	12.5	238	34.3	169	9.3	22	3.2	1669	92.4	596	86.0
September 1977	1769	619	1821	694	75	4.2	19	2.9	52	2.8	75	10.8	216	11.9	234	33.7	144	7.9	21	3.0	1659	91.1	592	85.3
October 1977	1767	618	1822	692	66	3.7	16	2.6	55	3.0	74	10.7	216	11.9	234	33.8	141	7.7	19	2.7	1667	91.5	593	85.7
November 1977	1777	635	1853	711	81	4.6	19	3.0	57	3.1	76	10.7	213	11.5	234	32.9	148	8.0	36	5.1	1662	90.0	607	85.4
December 1977	1777	634	1851	708	82	4.6	17	2.7	55	3.0	74	10.4	208	11.2	233	32.9	148	8.0	36	5.1	1658	89.6	608	86.5
January 1978	1777	630	1849	703	91	5.1	21	3.3	53	2.9	73	10.4	205	11.1	234	33.3	133	7.2	29	4.1	1650	89.2	598	85.1
February 1978	1748	626	1805	701	92	5.3	18	2.9	57	3.2	75	10.7	205	11.4	235	33.5	117	6.5	29	4.1	1623	89.9	599	85.4
March 1978	1730	629	1803	702	108	6.2	20	3.2	73	4.0	73	10.4	203	11.3	234	33.3	126	7.0	38	5.4	1590	88.2	601	85.6
April 1978	1739	634	1809	705	101	5.8	18	2.8	70	3.9	71	10.1	207	11.4	241	34.2	160	8.8	45	6.4	1603	89.6	602	86.0
May 1978	1784	637	1827	707	85	4.8	20	3.1	43	2.4	70	9.9	199	12.5	242	34.2	209	11.4	49	6.9	1658	90.7	608	86.0

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Table 8 : Employment Measures for El Salvador June 1977 - May 1978

	≥ 14 Years* Active Population	LF	MLF	Unemployment		Subemployment		Underemployment					
				N	%	N	%	Low Hours		Low Months		Low Income	
								N	%	N	%	N	%
June 1977	4246	2394	2520	83	3.4	126	5.0	470	18.6	205	8.1	2266	89.9
July 1977	--	2393	2519	91	3.8	126	5.0	468	18.6	193	7.7	2258	89.6
August 1977	--	2393	2518	84	3.5	125	5.0	466	18.5	191	7.6	2265	90.0
September 1977	--	2388	2515	93	3.9	127	5.0	450	17.9	165	6.6	2251	89.5
October 1977	--	2385	2514	82	3.4	129	5.1	450	17.9	160	6.4	2260	89.9
November 1977	--	2412	2545	100	4.1	133	5.2	447	17.6	184	7.2	2269	89.2
December 1977	--	2411	2540	99	4.1	129	5.1	441	17.4	184	7.2	2266	89.2
January 1978	--	2407	2533	112	4.6	126	5.0	439	17.3	162	6.4	2248	88.7
February 1978	--	2374	2506	110	4.6	132	5.3	440	17.6	146	5.8	2222	88.7
March 1978	--	2359	2505	128	5.4	146	5.8	437	17.4	164	6.5	2191	87.5
April 1978	--	2373	2514	119	5.0	141	5.6	448	17.8	205	8.2	2211	87.9
May 1978	--	2421	2534	105	4.3	113	4.4	472	18.6	258	10.2	2266	89.4

*Excludes those individuals who were sick, hospitalized, institutionalized (private or state), or not working for some other reason for the entire 12 month period.

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Table 9 : Type of Employment by Primary and Secondary Labor Force Participation of Individuals
14 Years of Age or Older and by Sex

Type of Employment	Primary Labor Force						Secondary Labor Force					
	Total		M		F		Total		M		F	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Agricultural Employment	659	48.2	633	59.0	26	8.8	605	20.3	499	46.6	106	5.5
Combination of Agricultural Employment and Non-Agricultural Employment/Family Business	70	5.1	63	5.9	7	2.4	22	.7	16	1.5	6	.3
Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	239	17.5	212	19.8	27	9.2	355	11.9	186	1.8	169	8.8
Family Business	181	13.2	97	9.0	84	28.6	270	9.1	42	4.0	228	11.8
Combination of Non-Agricultural Employment and Family Business	14	1.0	11	1.0	3	1.0	8	.3	3	.3	5	2.6
Not Employed	203	14.9	56	5.2	147	50.0	1718	57.7	302	28.8	1416	73.4

*One person did not indicate the relationship to the head of household.

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Table 10: Type of Employment by Age Cohorts of Individuals 14 Years of Age or Older*

Type of Employment	Age Cohorts											
	14-19		20-29		30-39		40-49		50-59		60 and over	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Agricultural Employment	270	26.3	325	29.4	217	29.2	192	31.8	134	33.6	118	27.4
Combination of Agricultural and Non-Agricultural Employment/Family Business	5	.5	24	2.2	24	3.2	21	3.5	10	2.5	8	1.9
Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	89	8.7	222	20.1	144	19.4	72	11.9	37	9.3	26	6.0
Family Business	46	4.5	89	8.1	91	12.2	90	14.9	70	17.5	57	13.2
Combination of Non-Agricultural Wage Employment and Family Business	-	-	6	.5	8	1.1	4	.7	3	.8	-	-
Not Employed	617	60.1	438	39.7	259	34.9	224	37.2	145	36.3	212	51.5

*Thirty-eight persons did not give their age.

PC

Table 11: Level of Living Index by Family's Principal Source of Employment

Level of Living Index**	Principal Source of Employment*							
	Agriculture		Non-Agricultural Wage Employment		Family Business		Other	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
0	16	2.3	1	.3	-	-	1	1.8
1	69	10.0	10	2.9	8	3.8	2	3.7
2	140	20.3	16	4.7	14	6.7	4	7.4
3	218	31.6	31	9.1	27	13.0	8	14.8
4	111	16.1	45	13.2	31	14.9	4	7.4
5	57	8.3	49	14.3	16	7.7	7	13.0
6	38	5.5	38	11.1	26	12.5	5	9.3
7	14	2.0	47	13.7	29	13.9	7	13.0
8	27	3.9	105	30.7	57	27.4	17	29.6

*Twenty-two families did not report any source of employment for the entire twelve month period June 1977-May 1978.

**Forty-eight families did not report one or more of their services and/or utilities.

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Table 12: Households with Land by Size of Land Holdings by Family's Principal Source of Employment

Size of Farmland	<u>Principal Source of Employment*</u>							
	Agriculture		Non-Agricultural Wage Employment		Family Business		Other	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
No Land	197	27.7	280	79.3	159	72.6	47	79.3
<1.00 hectare	220	30.9	58	16.4	37	16.9	8	13.8
1-1.99 hectares	139	19.6	8	2.3	15	6.8	2	3.4
2-4.99 hectares	105	14.8	5	1.4	6	2.7	1	1.7
5-9.99 hectares	17	2.4	1	.3	1	.5	-	-
10 or more hectares	33	4.6	1	.3	1	.5	1	1.7

*Twenty-two families did not report any source of employment for the entire twelve month period June 1977-May 1978.

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Table 13: Access to Land by Family's Principal Source of Employment

Access to Land	<u>Principal Source of Employment*</u>							
	Agriculture		Non-Agricultural Wage Employment		Family Business		Other	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Has Farmland	514	72.3	74	20.9	61	27.7	12	20.7
No Farmland	97	13.6	189	53.4	86	39.1	27	44.8
No Farmland, but has tree or animals**	100	14.1	91	25.7	73	33.2	20	34.5

*Twenty-two families did not report any source of employment for the entire twelve month period June 1977-May 1978

**These families do not have "access" to any farmland but animals and trees on their residence. This says nothing about their residential tenure pattern.

Table 14: Percentage Contribution of Primary Labor Force Participant to Family Income* by Type of Employment**

Percentage Contribution to Total Family Income by Primary Labor Force Participant	<u>Type of Employment</u>			
	Agricultural Employment	Agricultural Employment In Combination With Non-Agricultural Wage Employment/ Family Business	<u>Non-Agricultural</u> Wage Employment	Family Business
0 - 19.99 %	653	70	239	180
20 - 39.99 %	5	-	-	1
40 - 59.99 %	1	-	-	-
60 - 79.99 %	-	-	-	-
80 % and Over	-	-	-	-

*Eleven families reported no income from any sources.

**192 heads of household reported not working for the entire twelve month period June 1977-May 1978.

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Table 15: Child Labor Force Participation* by Family's Principal Source of Employment

Child Labor Force Participant	Principal Source of Employment**							
	Agriculture		Non-Agricultural Wage Employment		Family Business		Other	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Children Employed on Family Farm?								
Yes	102	14.4	6	1.7	7	3.2	1	1.7
No	466	65.5	179	50.7	130	59.1	31	51.7
No Farm***	143	20.1	168	47.6	83	37.7	27	46.6
Children Employed in Family Business?								
Yes	10	1.4	12	3.4	14	6.4	1	1.7
No	354	49.8	180	50.8	174	79.1	32	54.2
No Family Business	347	48.8	162	45.8	32	14.6	26	44.1
Children Employed Elsewhere?								
Yes	11	1.6	5	1.4	4	1.8	-	-
No	699	98.4	349	98.6	215	98.2	59	100.0

*Children thirteen years or less

**Twenty-two families did not report any source of employment for the entire twelve month period June 1977-May 1978.

***Not all agricultural families own their own land.

Table 16 : Mean and Median Number of Migrants by Family's
Principal Source of Employment

	<u>Principal Source of Employment*</u>			
	Agriculture	Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	Family Business	Other
Mean**	.14	.13	.14	.39
Median**	0	0	0	0
N	711	354	220	59
Mean***	1.17	1.18	1.19	1.64
Median***	1	1	1	
N	88	40	26	14

*Twenty-two families did not report any source of employment for the entire twelve month period June 1977-May 1978.

**Includes all families.

***Includes only families that had migrants.

Table 17: Mean and Median Total Family Income* by Family's Principal Source of Employment .

	<u>Principal Source of Employment**</u>			
	Agriculture	Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	Family Business	Other
Mean	¢4688.16	¢5263.92	¢5039.63	¢2492.81
Median	¢1968	¢4072	¢2681.79	¢1200
N	711	354	220	59

*In Colones (2.5 ES = \$1.00 U.S.)

**Twenty-two families did not report any source of employment for the twelve month period June 1977-May 1978.

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Table 18: Mean and Median Family Size by Family's Principal Source of Employment

	<u>Principal Source of Employment*</u>			
	Agriculture	Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	Family Business	Other
Mean	5.8	5.4	5.1	3.7
Median	6	5	5	3
N	711	354	220	59

*Twenty-two families reported no sources of employment for the twelve month period June 1977-May 1978.

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Table 19: Per Capita Family Income* by Family's Principal Source of Employment

	<u>Principal Source of Employment**</u>			
	Agriculture	Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	Family Business	Other
Per Capita Income	ø802.24	ø971.04	ø1004.27	ø711.74
N	711	554	220	59

*In Colones (2.5 ES = \$1.00 U.S.).

**Twenty-two families did not report any source of employment for the entire twelve month period June 1977-May 1978.

Table 20: Fertility Ratio by Family's Principal Source of Employment

	<u>Principal Source of Employment*</u>			
	Agriculture	Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	Family Business	Other
Fertility Ratio	.70	.57	.55	.75
N	711	354	220	59

*Twenty-two families did not report any source of employment for the entire twelve month period June 1977-May 1978.

Table 21 : Poverty and Non-Poverty Families by Family's Principal Source of Employment

	<u>Principal Source of Employment*</u>							
	Agriculture		Non-Agricultural Wage Employment		Family Business		Other	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Poverty	527	74.1	138	39.0	122	55.4	39	67.2
Non-Poverty	184	25.9	216	61.0	98	44.6	20	32.8

*Twenty-two families did not report any source of employment for the entire twelve month period June 1977-May 1978.

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Table 22 : Sector of Employment of Individuals 14 Years and Older by Urban and Rural Location

Sector of Employment	Total		Urban		Rural	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Agriculture	1265	54.1	166	20.6	1099	66.8
Service	320	13.7	204	25.3	116	7.04
Industry	303	13.0	155	19.2	148	9.0
Cottage	451	19.3	242	30.0	209	12.7
Combined	114	4.9	40	5.0	74	4.5

Table 23: Reasons for Not Working for Individuals 14 Years or Older
 Who Did Not Report Any Work Activity
 From June 1977-May 1978 by Sex

Reasons for Not Working	Total		Male		Female	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Total	1921	100.0	358	55.6	1563	44.4
House Duties	1335	69.5	36	10.1	1299	83.1
Personal Family Reasons	14	.7	7	2.0	7	.4
Sick	56	2.9	30	8.4	26	1.7
No Desire to Work	11	.6	9	2.5	2	.1
Work Ended	9	.5	5	1.4	4	.3
Hospitalized	1	.1	1	.3	-	-
Institutionalized	5	.3	5	1.4	-	-
Could Not Find Work	71	3.7	56	15.6	15	1.0
Student	383	19.9	190	53.1	193	12.4
Other	36	1.9	19	5.3	17	1.1

**Table 24: Reasons for Not Working for Individuals 14 Years or Older
Who Worked But Reported Being Unemployed
for at Least One Period from June 1977-May 1978**

Reasons for Not Working	N	Total %
Total		
House Duties	255	
Personal Family Reasons	3	
Sick	11	
No Desire to Work	34	
Work Ended	38	
Labor Dispute	9	
Hospitalized	1	
Institutionalized	3	
Could Not Find Work	59	
Student	156	
Other	11	
Combined Reasons*	19	

*The majority of people said they did not work part of the year because they were students and they took care of home duties.

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Table 25: Occupational Activity by Sex for Individuals
14 Years or Older

Occupational Activity	Total		Male		Female	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Total	4345	100.0	2121	48.8	2224	51.2
Self Employed	1090	25.1	758	35.7	332	14.9
Employees	1334	30.7	905	47.4	329	14.8
Not Employed	1921	44.2	358	16.9	1563	70.3

Table 26: Type of Employment by Sex of Individual
14 Years of Age or Older

Type of Employment	Male		Female	
	N	%	N	%
Agricultural Employment (farmers & farm employees)	1133	53.4	132	5.9
Combination of Agricultural and Non-Agricultural Employment/Family Business	79	3.7	13	.6
Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	398	18.0	196	8.8
Family Business	139	6.6	312	14.0
Combination of Non-Agricultural Wage Employment and Family Business	14	.7	8	.4
Not Employed	358	16.9	1563	70.3

Table 27: Distribution of Type of Employment for Individuals 14 Years
of Age or Older by Urban/Rural Location

Type of Employment	Total		Urban		Rural	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Farmers	650	14.7	76	5.6	563	18.8
Farm employees	490	11.3	78	5.7	412	13.8
Farmers and Farm employees	136	3.1	12	.9	124	4.2
Farmers and Non-agriculture wage laborer	27	.6	11	.8	16	.5
Farmers and Small Family Business	27	.6	8	.6	19	.6
Farm Employees and Non-agriculture wage laborer	24	.6	5	.4	19	.6
Farm Employees and Small Family Business	10	.2	1	.1	9	.3
Farm Employees/Non-agriculture wage/Family Business	4	.1	2	.2	2	.1
Non-Agricultural Wage Laborer	549	13.7	351	25.8	243	8.1
Small Family Business	451	10.4	242	17.8	209	7.0
Small Family Business and Non-Agricultural Wage Labor	22	.5	13	1.0	9	.3
Not Employed	1921	44.2	560	41.2	1361	45.6

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Table 28: Mean and Median Number of Jobs Held for Individuals 14 Years of Age and Older Who Reported Being Employed by Type of Employment

Number of Jobs Held	Type of Employment				
	Agricultural Employment	Combination of Agricultural and Non-Agricultural Employment/Family Business	Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	Family Business	Combination of Non-Agricultural Wage Employment & Family Business
Mean	1.17	1.18	1.16	1.2	1.09
Median	1	1	1	1	1
N	1265	92	549	451	22

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Table 29: Mean Number of Months Employed for Individuals 14 Years of Age or Older Who Reported Being Employed by Type of Employment*

Number of Months Employed	Agricultural Employment	Combination of Agricultural and Non-Agricultural Employment/Family Business	Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	Family Business	Combination of Non-Agricultural Wage Employment/Family Business
Mean	10.16	10.16	10.15	9.69	11.02
N	1265	92	549	451	22

*This table controls for the number of jobs an individual could have. Control is achieved by summing the number of months worked and dividing the total number of jobs. Value obtained is the average number of months worked for a comparison group.

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Table 30: Type of Employment by Education Level of Individuals
14 Years of Age or Older*

Type of Employment	Educational Level							
	Non-Literate		Semi-Literate		5-6 Years		7 or more Years	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Agricultural Employment	846	36.7	201	28.2	161	23.5	51	8.3
Combination of Agricultural and non-Agricultural Employment/Family Business	61	2.6	15	2.1	9	1.3	5	.8
Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	147	6.4	94	13.2	142	20.7	204	33.3
Family Business	222	9.6	87	12.2	93	13.6	42	6.8
Combination of Non-Agricultural Wage Employment and Family Business	8	.4	2	.3	4	.6	7	1.1
Not Employed	1020	44.3	313	44.0	277	40.4	303	49.5

*Thirty-one individuals did not give their educational level.

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Table 31: Type of Employment by Education Level of Individuals 14 Years of Age or Older and by Sex*

Type of Employment	Non-Literate			Semi-Literate			Educational Level																	
	Total		Female	Total		Female	5-6 Years			7 or more years														
	N	%	N %	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%											
Agricultural Employment	816	16.7	750	71.2	96	7.7	201	8.2	181	55.4	20	5.2	161	23.5	149	29.2	12	3.9	51	8.3	47	13.7	4	1.5
Combination of Agricultural and Non-agricultural Employment/ Family Business	61	2.6	51	4.8	10	.8	15	2.1	13	4.0	2	.5	9	1.3	9	2.4	-	-	5	.8	4	1.3	1	.4
Non-Agricultural Wage Employment	147	6.4	96	9.1	51	4.1	94	13.2	60	18.3	34	8.8	142	20.7	106	27.9	36	11.8	204	33.3	133	43.5	71	26.4
Family Business	222	9.6	44	4.2	178	14.2	87	12.2	29	8.9	58	15.1	93	13.6	43	11.3	50	16.3	42	6.8	20	6.5	22	8.2
Combination of Non-Agricultural Wage Employment and Family Business	8	.4	5	.5	3	.2	2	.3	1	.3	1	.3	4	.6	3	.9	1	.3	7	1.1	4	1.3	3	1.1
Not Employed	1020	44.3	138	10.2	912	73.0	313	44.0	43	13.1	270	70.1	277	40.4	70	18.4	207	67.6	303	48.5	135	44.1	168	62.4

*Thirty-one individuals did not give their educational level.

RF

Table 32 : Employment Measures for El Salvador June 1977 - May 1978
by Age Cohorts*

	LF					
	14-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60 & Over
June 1977	383	658	479	382	254	213
July 1977	383	658	480	382	255	213
August 1977	383	658	479	382	255	213
September 1977	384	656	477	382	254	213
October 1977	385	655	477	381	253	213
November 1977	404	665	477	380	253	212
December 1977	407	662	478	381	253	209
January 1978	407	659	481	378	252	209
February 1978	389	653	476	377	250	208
March 1978	388	652	473	371	248	206
April 1978	393	656	475	373	248	206
May 1978	406	664	478	385	253	213

*Thirty-six persons did not indicate age.

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Table 32 (Cont'd)

	MLF					
	14-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60 & Over
June 1977	436	696	490	396	257	220
July 1977	436	698	491	396	258	220
August 1977	436	695	490	396	258	220
September 1977	436	693	493	396	257	220
October 1977	437	692	491	395	257	220
November 1977	460	702	491	394	257	219
December 1977	461	698	490	395	257	217
January 1978	459	696	493	392	256	217
February 1978	437	691	492	393	255	216
March 1978	439	691	491	391	255	216
April 1978	445	692	491	393	255	216
May 1978	450	695	492	399	256	220

Table 32 (Cont'd)

	Unemployed											
	14-19		20-29		30-39		40-49		50-59		60 & Over	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
June 1977	32	8.4	24	3.6	6	1.2	10	2.6	3	1.2	7	3.3
July 1977	34	8.9	26	3.9	9	1.9	10	2.6	4	1.6	7	3.3
August 1977	32	8.4	24	3.6	7	1.5	10	2.6	3	1.2	7	3.3
September 1977	34	8.8	26	4.0	10	2.1	11	2.9	4	1.6	7	3.3
October 1977	29	7.5	25	3.8	7	1.5	10	2.6	3	1.2	7	3.3
November 1977	35	8.7	30	4.5	11	2.3	11	2.9	4	1.6	8	3.8
December 1977	35	8.6	30	4.5	8	1.7	12	3.1	3	1.2	10	4.8
January 1978	40	5.6	35	5.3	10	2.1	12	3.2	4	1.6	10	4.8
February 1978	38	9.8	33	5.1	9	1.9	12	3.2	4	1.6	12	5.8
March 1978	46	11.9	37	5.7	12	2.5	14	3.8	5	2.0	12	5.8
April 1978	42	10.7	36	5.5	8	1.7	15	4.0	4	1.6	12	5.8
May 1978	38	9.4	34	5.1	8	1.7	11	2.9	6	2.4	7	3.3

Table 32 (Cont'd)

	Subemployed											
	14-19		20-29		30-39		40-49		50-59		60 & Over	
	N.	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
June 1977	53	12.2	38	5.5	11	2.2	14	3.5	3	1.2	7	3.2
July 1977	53	12.2	38	5.4	11	2.2	14	3.5	3	1.2	7	3.2
August 1977	53	12.2	37	5.3	11	2.2	14	3.5	3	1.2	7	3.2
September 1977	52	11.9	37	5.3	14	2.8	14	3.5	3	1.2	7	3.2
October 1977	52	11.9	37	5.3	14	2.8	14	3.5	4	1.6	7	3.2
November 1977	56	12.2	37	5.3	14	2.8	14	3.6	4	1.6	7	3.2
December 1977	54	11.7	36	5.2	12	2.4	14	3.5	4	1.6	8	3.7
January 1978	52	11.3	37	5.3	12	2.4	14	3.6	4	1.6	8	3.7
February 1978	48	11.0	38	5.5	16	3.2	16	4.1	5	2.0	8	3.7
March 1978	51	11.6	39	5.6	18	3.7	20	5.1	7	2.7	10	4.6
April 1978	52	11.7	36	5.2	16	3.3	20	5.1	7	2.7	10	4.6
May 1978	44	9.8	31	4.5	14	2.8	14	3.5	3	1.2	7	3.2

Table 32 (Cont'd)

	Underemployed Low Hours											
	14-19		20-29		30-39		40-49		50-59		60 & Over	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
June 1977	80	18.3	109	15.7	92	18.8	79	19.9	53	20.6	50	22.7
July 1977	79	18.1	108	15.5	92	18.7	79	19.9	53	20.5	50	22.7
August 1977	80	18.3	109	15.7	91	18.6	78	19.7	52	20.2	49	22.3
September 1977	76	17.4	106	15.3	89	18.1	72	18.2	51	19.8	49	22.3
October 1977	78	17.8	106	15.3	89	18.1	72	18.2	50	19.5	48	21.8
November 1977	79	17.2	106	15.1	86	17.5	73	18.5	50	19.5	46	21.0
December 1977	76	16.5	107	15.3	86	17.6	71	18.0	50	19.5	44	20.3
January 1978	76	16.6	106	15.2	87	17.6	69	17.6	50	19.5	44	20.3
February 1978	75	17.1	104	15.1	88	17.9	72	18.3	50	19.6	44	20.4
March 1978	74	16.9	102	14.8	87	17.7	71	18.2	51	20.0	45	20.8
April 1978	80	18.0	103	14.9	88	17.9	73	18.7	52	20.4	45	20.8
May 1978	84	18.7	103	14.8	94	19.1	80	20.1	56	21.9	48	21.8

Table 32 (Cont'd)

	Underemployed Low Months											
	14-19		20-29		30-39		40-49		50-59		60 & Over	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
June 1977	39	8.9	62	8.9	40	8.2	35	8.8	13	5.1	15	6.8
July 1977	37	8.5	59	8.4	35	7.1	34	8.6	12	4.6	15	6.8
August 1977	39	8.9	57	8.2	35	7.1	32	8.1	12	4.6	15	6.8
September 1977	36	8.3	52	7.5	27	5.5	27	6.8	8	3.1	14	6.4
October 1977	38	8.7	46	6.6	28	5.7	27	6.8	8	3.1	13	5.9
November 1977	51	11.1	59	8.4	29	5.9	28	7.1	7	2.7	10	4.6
December 1977	51	11.1	58	8.3	32	6.5	28	7.1	9	3.5	6	2.8
January 1978	46	10.0	47	6.8	32	6.5	26	6.6	7	2.7	4	1.8
February 1978	31	10.5	48	6.9	31	6.3	25	6.4	7	2.7	4	1.8
March 1978	29	6.6	57	8.2	37	7.5	26	6.6	9	3.5	6	2.8
April 1978	40	9.0	69	10.0	47	9.6	28	7.1	13	5.1	7	3.2
May 1978	55	12.2	74	10.6	53	10.8	42	10.5	19	7.4	14	6.4

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Table 32 (Cont'd)

	Underemployed Low Income											
	14-19		20-29		30-39		40-49		50-59		60 & Over	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
June 1977	350	80.3	626	89.9	462	94.3	366	92.4	245	95.3	196	89.1
July 1977	348	79.8	624	89.4	459	93.5	366	92.4	244	94.6	196	89.1
August 1977	350	80.3	624	89.4	461	94.1	367	92.7	245	95.0	197	89.5
September 1977	349	80.0	620	89.5	456	92.5	365	92.2	244	94.9	196	89.1
October 1977	355	81.2	621	89.7	459	93.5	365	92.4	244	94.9	196	89.1
November 1977	367	79.8	627	89.3	455	92.7	363	92.1	243	94.6	194	88.6
December 1977	369	80.0	622	89.1	459	93.7	363	91.9	244	94.9	189	87.1
January 1978	364	79.3	612	87.9	460	93.3	360	91.8	242	94.5	190	87.6
February 1978	350	80.1	611	88.4	456	92.7	359	91.3	240	94.1	187	86.6
March 1978	341	77.7	607	87.8	450	91.6	351	89.8	237	92.9	186	86.1
April 1978	350	78.6	610	88.2	456	92.9	351	89.3	238	93.3	186	86.1
May 1978	365	81.1	618	88.9	458	93.1	367	92.0	240	93.8	197	89.5

Table 33: Employment Measures for El Salvador June 1977 - May 1978
by Education*

	LF				MLF				Unemployed							
	0-2	3-4	5-6	7+	0-2	3-4	5-6	7+	0-2		3-4		5-6		7+	
									N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
June 1977	1283	397	402	287	1336	415	427	317	42	3.3	13	3.3	13	3.2	14	4.9
July 1977	1285	397	402	288	1338	415	427	318	49	3.8	14	3.5	13	3.2	14	4.9
August 1977	1283	398	402	286	1336	415	427	316	43	3.4	13	3.3	13	3.2	14	4.9
September 1977	1280	398	402	284	1335	415	427	314	52	4.1	14	3.5	13	3.2	13	4.6
October 1977	1278	398	400	285	1334	414	427	315	45	3.5	11	2.8	12	3.0	13	4.6
November 1977	1290	400	399	299	1344	418	427	332	58	4.5	12	3.0	12	3.0	17	5.7
December 1977	1288	398	400	301	1340	416	427	333	57	4.4	10	2.5	11	2.8	20	6.6
January 1978	1279	396	404	304	1331	414	430	334	65	5.1	10	2.5	16	4.0	20	6.6
February 1978	1268	387	401	294	1327	407	425	323	58	4.6	14	3.6	18	4.5	19	6.5
March 1978	1249	386	402	298	1321	409	425	326	68	5.4	20	5.2	19	4.7	20	6.7
April 1978	1255	388	405	301	1325	411	425	329	60	4.8	18	4.6	20	4.9	20	6.6
May 1978	1286	397	410	304	1338	415	428	329	51	4.0	15	3.8	18	4.4	20	6.6

*Thirty individuals did not give their level of education.

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Table 33 (Cont'd)

	Subemployed								Underemployed Low Hours							
	0-2		3-4		5-6		7+		0-2		3-4		5-6		7+	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
June 1977	53	4.0	18	4.3	25	5.9	30	9.5	254	19.0	74	17.8	76	17.8	62	19.6
July 1977	53	4.0	18	4.3	25	5.9	30	9.4	252	18.8	74	17.8	76	17.8	62	19.5
August 1977	53	4.0	17	4.1	25	5.9	30	9.5	250	18.7	74	17.8	76	17.8	62	19.6
September 1977	55	4.1	17	4.1	25	5.9	30	9.6	238	17.8	71	17.1	76	17.8	61	19.4
October 1977	56	4.2	16	3.9	27	6.3	30	9.5	238	17.8	71	17.1	76	17.8	61	19.4
November 1977	54	4.0	18	4.3	28	6.6	33	9.9	233	17.3	72	17.2	78	18.3	60	18.1
December 1977	52	3.9	18	4.3	27	6.3	32	9.6	229	17.1	69	16.6	78	18.3	61	18.3
January 1978	52	3.9	18	4.3	26	6.0	30	9.0	225	16.9	69	16.7	79	18.4	62	18.6
February 1978	59	4.4	20	4.9	24	5.6	29	9.0	229	17.3	69	17.0	76	17.9	62	19.2
March 1978	72	5.4	23	5.6	23	5.4	28	8.6	224	17.0	68	16.6	77	18.1	64	19.6
April 1978	70	5.3	23	5.6	20	4.7	28	8.5	232	17.5	68	16.5	78	18.4	66	20.1
May 1978	52	3.9	18	4.3	18	4.2	25	7.6	249	18.6	72	17.3	79	18.5	68	20.7

Table 33 (Cont'd)

	Underemployed Low Months								Underemployed Low Income							
	0-2		3-4		5-6		7+		0-2		3-4		5-6		7+	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
June 1977	125	9.4	29	7.0	35	8.2	15	4.7	1219	91.2	377	90.8	381	89.2	266	83.9
July 1977	116	8.7	28	6.7	35	8.2	13	4.1	1212	90.6	376	90.6	381	89.2	266	83.6
August 1977	115	8.6	28	6.7	35	8.2	12	3.8	1218	91.2	378	91.1	381	89.2	265	83.9
September 1977	95	7.1	24	5.8	34	8.0	11	3.5	1206	90.3	377	90.8	381	89.2	264	84.1
October 1977	93	7.0	26	6.3	31	7.3	9	2.9	1211	90.8	380	91.8	381	89.2	265	84.1
November 1977	100	7.4	33	7.9	27	6.3	23	6.9	1210	90.0	381	91.1	380	88.9	275	82.8
December 1977	101	7.5	31	7.4	29	6.8	22	6.6	1208	90.1	380	91.3	382	89.5	273	82.0
January 1978	85	6.4	27	6.5	26	6.0	23	6.9	1191	89.5	378	91.3	380	88.4	276	82.6
February 1978	82	6.2	21	5.2	26	6.1	16	5.0	1189	89.6	365	89.7	377	88.7	268	83.0
March 1978	86	6.5	25	6.1	31	7.3	21	6.4	1163	87.9	359	87.7	377	88.7	271	83.1
April 1978	106	8.0	34	8.3	37	8.7	26	7.9	1174	88.6	363	88.3	378	88.9	273	83.0
May 1978	138	10.3	42	10.1	45	10.5	31	9.4	1210	90.4	374	90.1	383	89.5	276	83.9

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Table 34: Reasons for Not Being Employed by Season for Individuals 14 Years of Age or Older*

Reasons for Not Being Employed	Total	June		July		Month 1977 August		September		October		November	
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
House Duties	1650	1604	97.2	1604	97.2	1605	97.3	1604	97.2	1604	97.2	1601	97.0
Personal Family Reasons	18	16	88.9	16	88.9	16	88.9	16	88.9	16	88.9	16	88.9
Sick	70	62	88.6	62	88.6	61	87.1	62	88.6	63	90.0	64	91.4
No Desire to Work	50	19	38.0	19	38.0	18	36.0	18	36.0	20	40.0	22	44.0
Work Ended	50	22	44.0	30	60.0	23	46.0	32	64.0	25	50.0	35	70.0
Labor Dispute	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitalized	3	1	33.3	1	33.3	1	33.3	2	66.7	2	66.7	3	100.0
Institutionalized	11	8	72.7	8	72.7	7	63.6	7	63.6	7	63.6	8	72.7
Could Not Find Work	138	92	66.7	92	66.7	92	66.7	93	67.4	90	65.2	100	72.5
Student	511	486	95.1	486	95.1	486	95.1	484	94.7	483	94.5	438	85.7
Other	50	38	76.0	39	78.0	41	82.0	43	86.0	44	88.0	43	86.0

*The unit of analysis of this table is not the individual and/or family; rather the unit of analysis is the reason for not being employed.

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Table 34 (Cont'd)

Reasons for Not Being Employed	Month											
	1977		1978									
	December		January		February		March		April		May	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
House Duties	1609	97.5	1610	97.6	1612	97.7	1610	97.6	1604	97.2	1590	96.4
Personal Family Reasons	16	88.9	16	88.9	15	83.3	15	83.3	16	88.9	15	83.3
Sick	64	91.4	66	94.3	65	92.9	65	92.9	65	92.9	63	90.0
No Desire to Work	23	46.0	22	44.0	24	48.0	42	84.0	39	78.0	16	32.0
Work Ended	31	62.0	39	78.0	30	60.0	40	80.0	33	66.0	33	66.0
Labor Dispute	-	-	-	-	3	33.3	9	100.0	9	100.0	1	11.1
Hospitalized	2	66.7	2	66.7	2	66.7	3	100.0	2	66.7	2	66.7
Institutionalized	8	72.7	7	63.6	8	72.7	9	81.8	8	72.7	8	72.7
Could Not Find Work	102	73.4	106	76.3	111	79.3	112	80.0	111	79.3	101	72.1
Student	428	83.8	429	84.0	470	92.0	471	92.2	470	92.0	468	91.6
Other	43	86.0	45	90.0	46	92.0	43	86.0	4	88.0	43	86.0

Table 35: Employment Measures for El Salvador June 1977 - May 1978 by Type of Employment

	LF				MLF			
	Agriculture	Non-Agriculture Wage Employment	Family Business	Other	Agriculture	Non-Agriculture Wage Employment	Family Business	Other
June 1977	1173	515	341	89	1180	520	341	90
July 1977	1180	514	344	89	1187	519	344	90
August 1977	1182	513	341	89	1189	518	341	90
September 1977	1168	516	340	90	1175	521	341	91
October 1977	1175	514	340	90	1182	519	341	91
November 1977	1176	522	342	91	1182	526	343	91
December 1977	1174	520	343	91	1180	523	344	91
January 1978	1159	525	343	91	1165	527	344	91
February 1978	1131	525	343	90	1138	526	344	91
March 1978	1093	532	343	90	1101	533	344	91
April 1978	1112	535	341	90	1120	537	341	91
May 1978	1172	535	343	90	1176	537	343	91

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Table 35 (Cont'd)

	Unemployed								Subemployed							
	Agriculture		Non-Agriculture Wage Employment		Family Business		Other		Agriculture		Non-Agriculture Wage Employment		Family Business		Other	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
June 1977	4	.3	-	-	-	-	2	2.2	7	.6	5	1.0	-	-	1	1.1
July 1977	4	.3	-	-	-	-	2	2.2	7	.6	5	1.0	-	-	1	1.1
August 1977	5	.4	-	-	-	-	2	2.2	7	.6	5	1.0	-	-	1	1.1
September 1977	6	.5	-	-	-	-	3	3.3	7	.6	5	1.0	1	.3	1	1.1
October 1977	4	.3	-	-	-	-	2	2.2	7	.6	5	1.0	1	.3	1	1.1
November 1977	4	.3	-	-	-	-	2	2.2	6	.5	4	.8	1	.3	-	-
December 1977	3	.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	.5	3	.6	1	.3	-	-
January 1978	7	.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	.5	2	.4	1	.3	-	-
February 1978	11	1.0	2	.4	-	-	2	2.2	7	.6	1	.2	1	.3	1	1.1
March 1978	12	1.1	3	.6	-	-	1	1.1	8	.7	1	.2	1	.3	1	1.1
April 1978	10	.9	4	.7	-	-	2	2.2	8	.7	2	.4	1	.3	1	1.1
May 1978	9	.8	6	1.1	-	-	-	-	6	.5	2	.4	1	.3	1	1.1

Table 35 (Cont'd)

	Underemployed Low Hours								Underemployed Low Months								Underemployed Low Income							
	Agriculture		Non-Agriculture		Family Business		Other		Agriculture		Non-Agriculture		Family Business		Other		Agriculture		Non-Agriculture		Family Business		Other	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
June 1977	116	9.8	55	6.7	103	30.2	36	40.0	133	11.7	23	4.4	4	1.2	36	40.0	1149	97.3	514	98.8	329	96.5	84	93.3
July 1977	115	9.7	35	6.7	103	29.9	36	40.0	124	10.4	23	4.4	3	.9	35	38.9	1141	96.1	514	99.0	329	95.6	84	93.3
August 1977	115	9.7	34	6.6	103	30.2	34	37.8	129	10.9	18	3.5	3	.9	33	36.7	1149	96.6	512	98.9	329	96.5	84	93.3
September 1977	102	8.7	34	6.5	103	30.2	32	35.2	105	8.9	20	3.8	2	.6	30	33.0	1134	96.3	515	98.8	328	96.2	84	92.3
October 1977	101	8.5	34	6.6	103	30.2	33	36.3	108	9.1	16	3.1	2	.6	27	29.7	1143	96.7	513	98.8	328	96.2	86	94.5
November 1977	98	8.3	34	6.5	103	30.0	34	37.4	119	10.1	25	4.3	3	.9	29	31.9	1144	96.8	521	99.0	330	96.2	87	95.6
December 1977	94	8.0	35	6.7	102	29.6	32	35.2	119	10.1	23	4.1	4	1.2	31	34.1	1140	96.6	519	99.2	331	96.2	89	97.8
January 1978	93	8.0	36	6.8	102	29.6	31	34.1	97	8.3	25	4.7	4	1.1	30	33.0	1120	96.1	522	99.1	331	96.2	89	97.8
February 1978	89	7.8	37	7.0	103	29.9	31	34.1	74	6.5	33	6.3	5	1.4	26	28.6	1092	96.0	522	99.2	331	96.2	87	95.6
March 1978	88	8.0	37	6.9	104	30.2	31	34.1	67	6.1	47	8.3	5	1.4	35	38.5	1055	95.3	508	99.1	331	96.2	88	96.7
April 1978	96	8.7	39	7.3	102	29.9	31	34.1	93	8.3	56	10.4	5	1.5	38	41.8	1075	96.0	510	98.7	329	96.5	85	93.4
May 1978	112	9.5	40	7.4	103	30.0	37	40.7	133	11.3	62	11.5	6	1.7	45	49.4	1129	96.0	509	98.3	331	96.5	87	95.6