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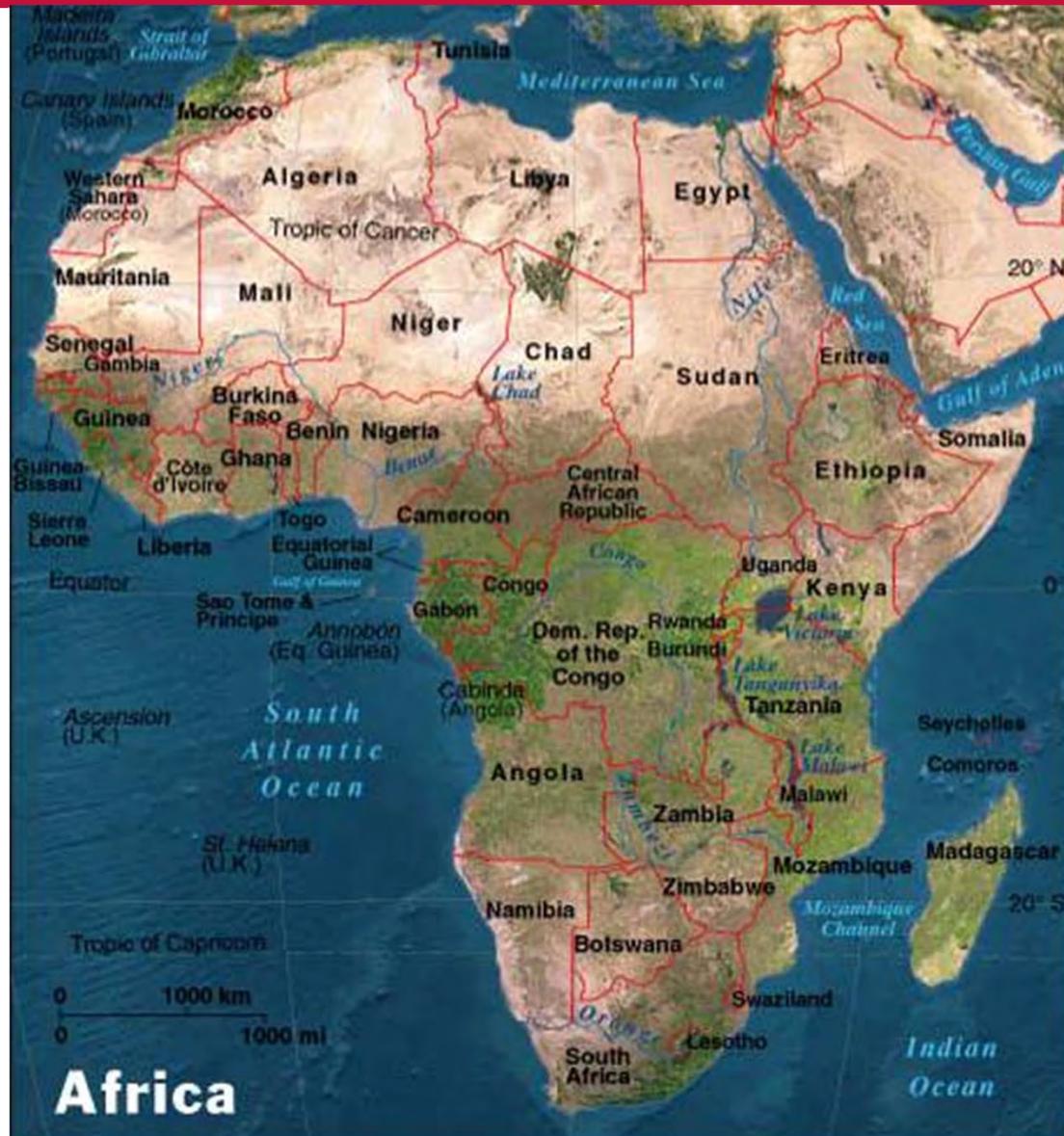
# USAID in Africa



2011



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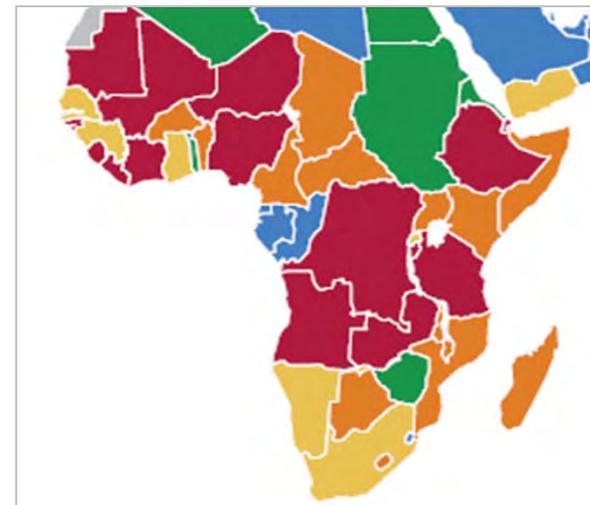


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## Challenges

- Abject poverty persists despite economic growth
- Rapidly expanding youth population
- Obstacles to democratic transformation
- Complex health challenges remain
- Conflict and instability affect development

*Risk of Future Instability*

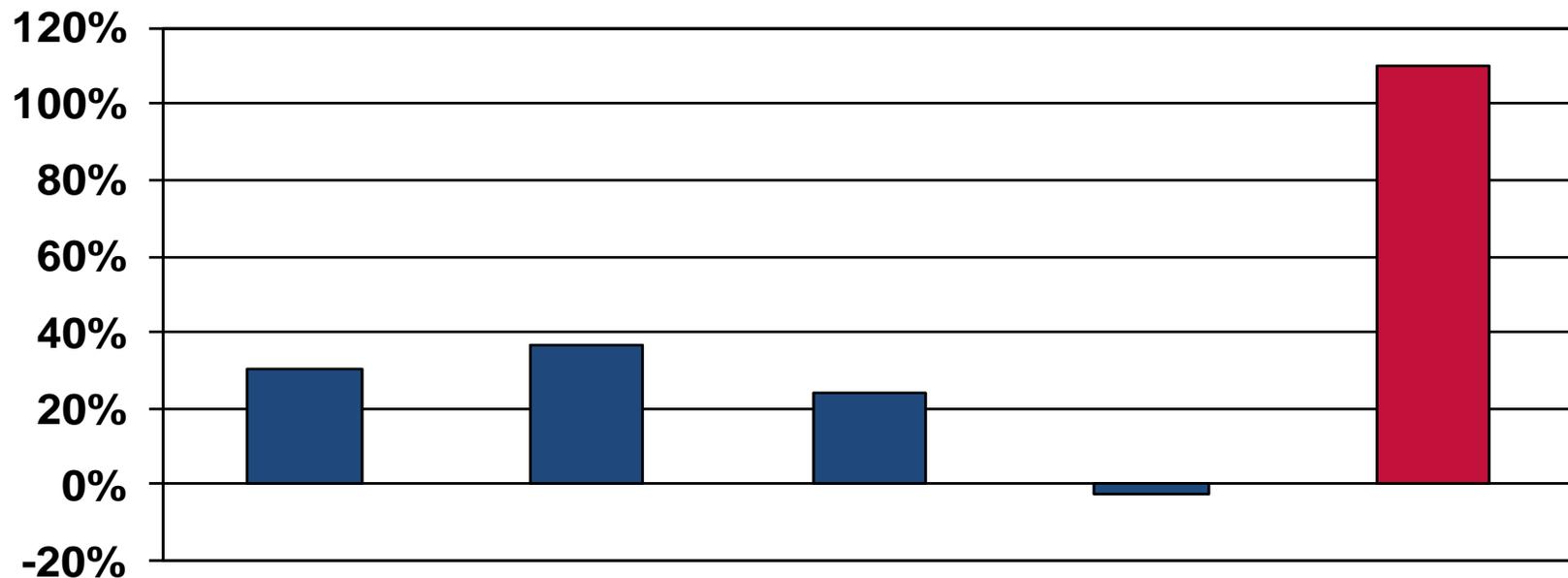


Source: Center for International Development and Conflict Management, University of Maryland, 2010.



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## Rapid Population Growth, 2010 to 2050



**Asia**

**North  
America**

**Latin  
America**

**Europe**

**Sub-Saharan  
Africa**

|             |                |             |             |             |                |
|-------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|
| <b>2010</b> | <b>4,157 m</b> | <b>344m</b> | <b>585m</b> | <b>739m</b> | <b>863m</b>    |
| <b>2050</b> | <b>5,424m</b>  | <b>471m</b> | <b>729m</b> | <b>720m</b> | <b>1,831 m</b> |



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## U.S. Priorities for Africa

### Overall Objectives

- Consolidate democratic transitions
- Bolster fragile states and regional security
- Stimulate economic development and growth
- Combat HIV/AIDS and other health issues
- Strengthen regional and sub-regional organizations

### Policy Goals

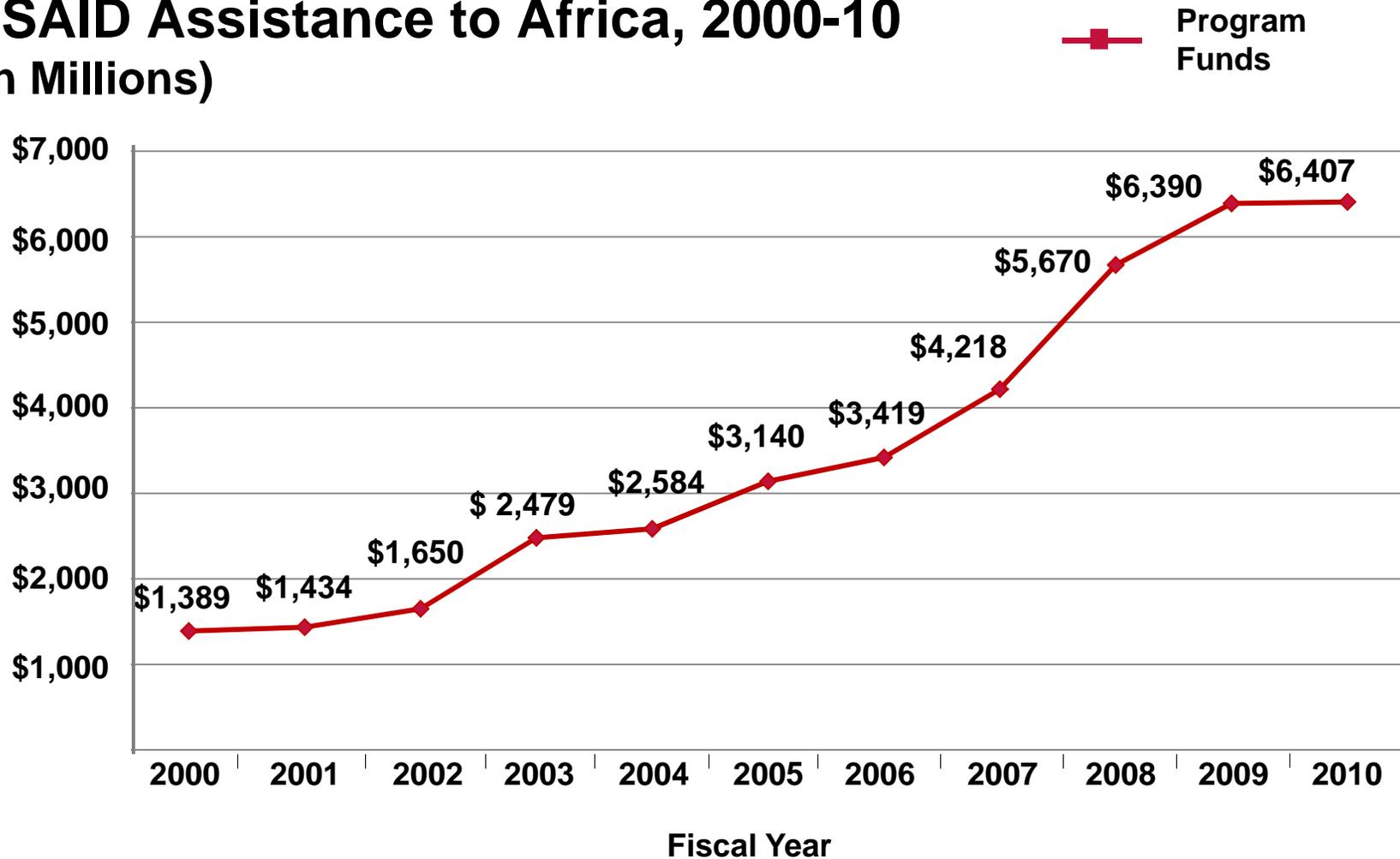
- Redefine our policy engagement with Sudan
- Consolidate post-conflict democratic transition (Liberia)
- Manage conflict, instability, and humanitarian crises in priority countries (Zimbabwe, Somalia, DRC)
- Robustly engage strategic countries (Nigeria, Kenya, Ethiopia, South Africa)





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## USAID Assistance to Africa, 2000-10 (In Millions)





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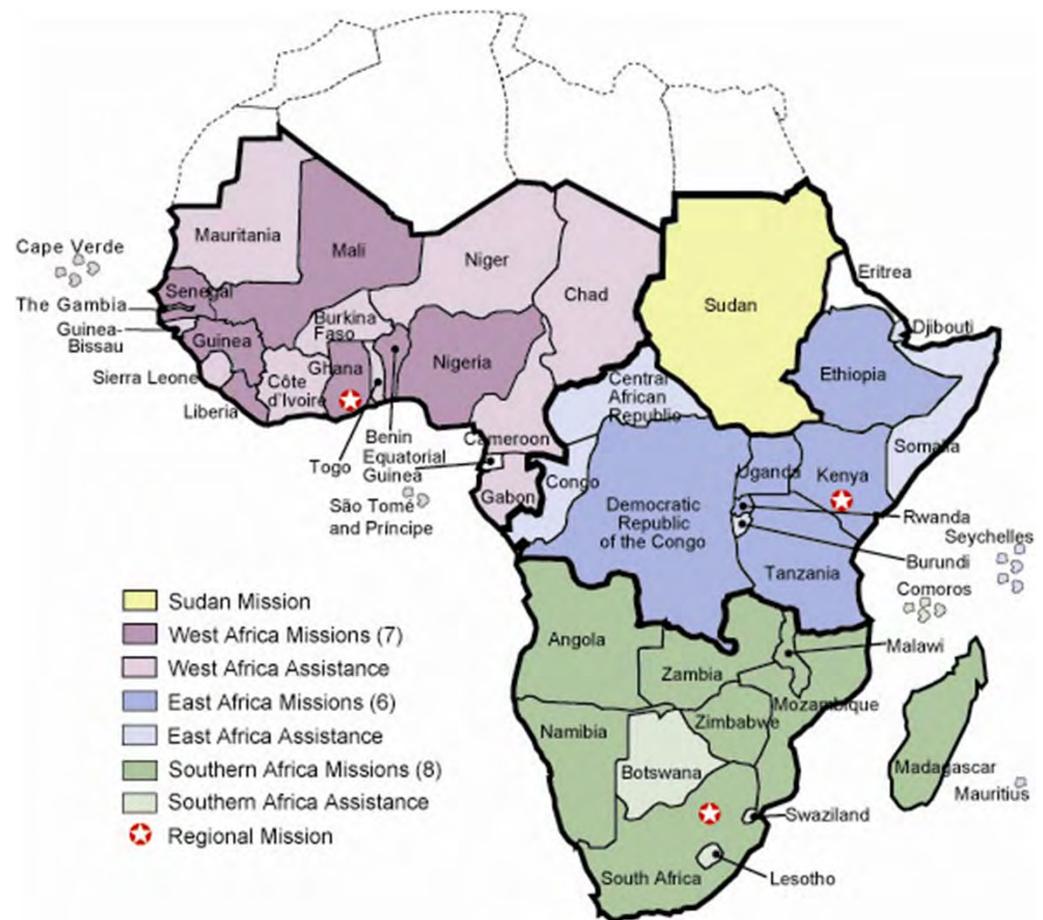
## USAID Africa Bureau

### *In Washington*

- 89 Staff Positions
  - 77 USDH
  - 12 non-USDH

### *In Africa*

- 24 Bilateral Missions
- 3 Regional Offices
- 2,423 Staff Positions
  - 279 USDH
  - 2,144 non-USDH

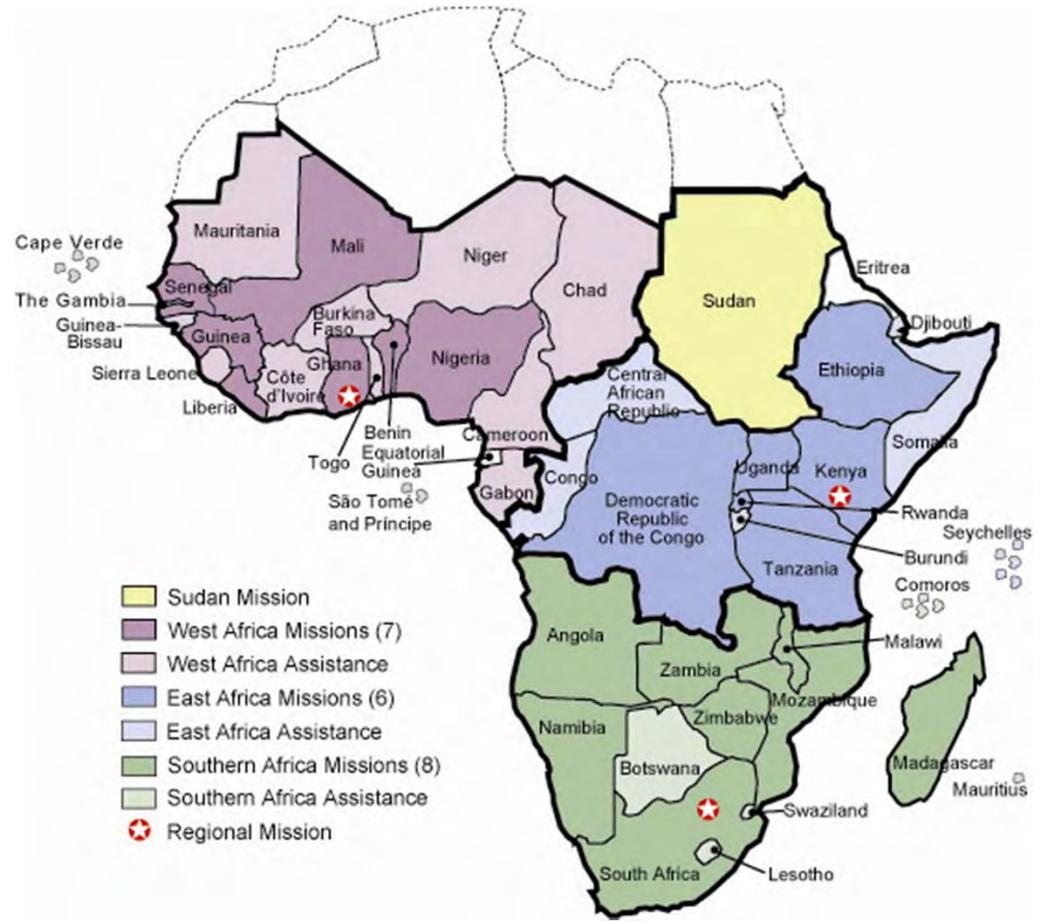
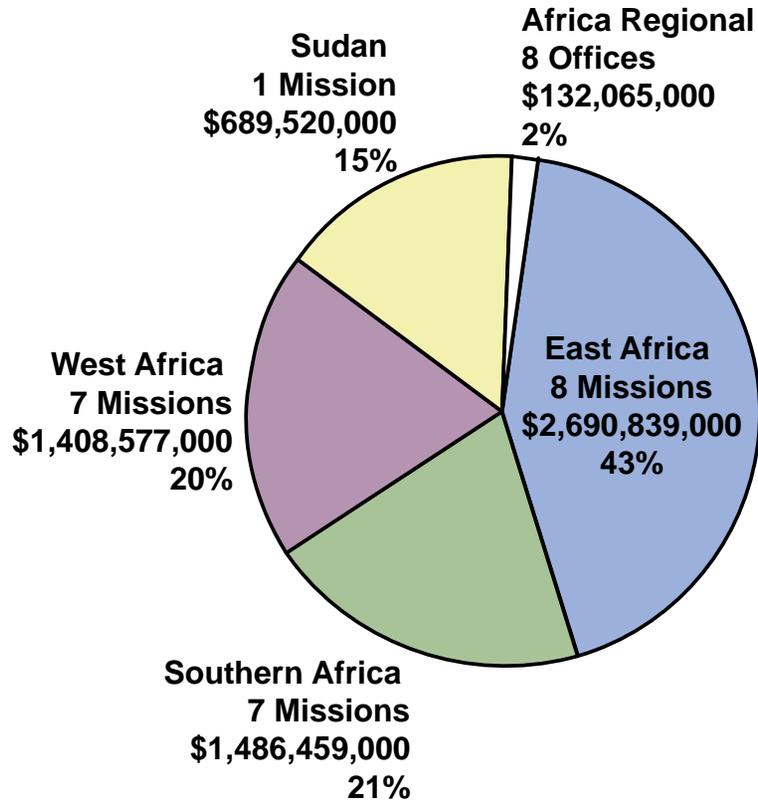




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# USAID in Africa, 2010

## FY 2010 Funding\*



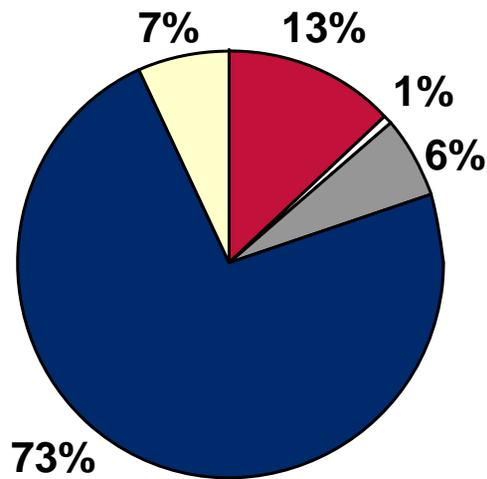
\*Includes DA, USAID-managed ESF, GHCS-USAID, USAID-managed GHCS-State, PL 480 (development and emergency), TI, IDFA, and USAID-managed MCC. Includes USAID-managed bridge and spring supplemental (non-financial crisis) funds.



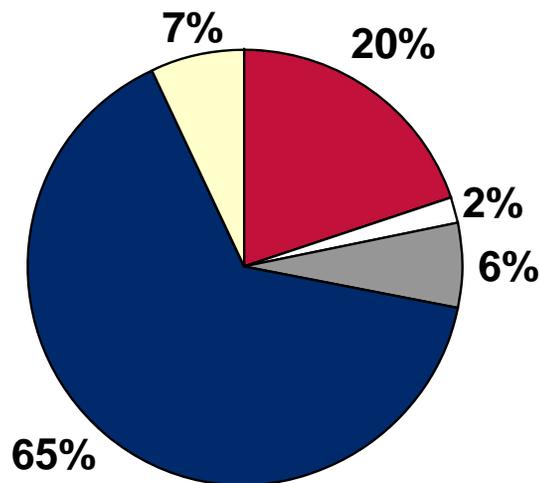
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## USAID Budget for Africa by Program Objective

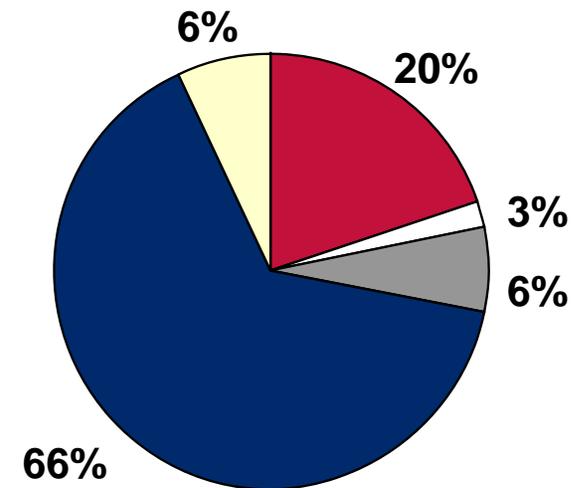
FY 2008



FY 2009



FY 2010



□ Peace and Security

■ Governing Justly and Democratically

■ Health

■ Education

■ Economic Growth



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## **Democracy, Governance, Peace, and Security**

- Transitioning states in conflict such as **Liberia** and the **DRC** from conflict to peace-building
- Encouraging democratic transitions and free and fair elections in places such as **Guinea** and **Somaliland**
- Supporting **Sudan** to implement the Comprehensive Peace Agreement and conduct the southern Sudan referendum
- Assisting states such as **Uganda** and **Rwanda** that are struggling to consolidate democratic reforms



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## Economic Growth, Agriculture, and Trade

- USAID programs have:
  - improved local capacity for farming and trade;
  - introduced new and productive technologies and management practices to farmers, including women
  - increased sales of agricultural products for smallholder farmers (from \$71 million dollars in 2005 to almost \$500 million in 2009)
- **Feed the Future:** 12 of the 20 potential focus countries are in sub-Saharan Africa
- Other countries are aligning their strategies with core concepts of FTF: broad-based growth, private sector partnerships, and country-owned development





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## Health and Education

- Malaria deaths have declined nearly 20% since 2000; child mortality has declined 16 to 36% in PMI countries
- Through PEPFAR, over 3 million people access HIV/AIDS treatment, more than 250,000 newborns protected from contracting the disease, and millions have received counseling and testing (33 million in FY 2010 alone)
- The **Global Health Initiative** focuses on high-impact areas (infectious diseases, maternal and child health, and family planning) while strengthening local systems.
- Nearly 500,000 girls have received education scholarships, over 500,000 teachers were trained, and more than 20 million textbooks were provided to rural schools





## Environment and Climate Change

- CARPE has successfully introduced large-scale ecosystem management approaches to conserve the planet's second largest tropical rainforest and its biodiversity
- The U.S. coordinates and attracts aid from other donors for conservation through the Congo Forest Basin Partnership
- The **Global Climate Change Initiative** focuses on:
  - *Adaptation*: building capacity to understand likely impacts and planning investments to increase resilience to shocks
  - *Energy*: encouraging clean energy projects, energy efficiency, low-carbon energy development, and energy sector reforms
  - *Landscapes*: improving land management, promoting reforestation and afforestation, and improving agricultural and agroforestry methods



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## Millennium Challenge Corporation in Africa

- 12 MCC Compacts have been signed to date (total: \$4.78 B)
- 10 countries have had Threshold Programs (total: \$146.6 M)
- Examples of USAID-MCC Collaboration include:
  - **Mali:** (5 years, \$461 million) Through Feed the Future, USAID and MCC work in complementary ways to strengthen local membership-based organizations for adoption of agricultural best practices and appropriate water management.
  - **Burkina Faso:** (5 years, \$480.9 million) USAID directly received \$28.9 million to implement a *girls' primary school education* program spanning three years in 132 communities.
  - **Tanzania:** (5 years, \$698 million) USAID and MCC are collaborating to provide *HIV/AIDS and other health services* to construction workers and communities, and to mitigate the environmental impacts of MCC-funded infrastructure projects