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IDEA-NEW
New ideas for agriculture

Incentives Driving Economic Alternatives—North, East and West (IDEA-NEW)

Summary Report: Year One
March 2, 2009 - September 30, 2009

Submitted By:
Development Alternatives, Inc.

In partnership with:
ACDI/VOCA and Mercy Corps

Incentives Driving Economic Alternatives-North, East and West (IDEA-NEW)

1:3,156,974



TURKMENISTAN

UZBEKISTAN

Northeast Region

TAJKISTAN

CHINA

Western Region



Legend

DIAC Activities

Infrastructure

- Water Point
- Village
- Road

Agribusiness

- TRIPA Pilot Zone
- Commercial Demonstration Farms
- Wood Demonstration Farms
- Seed Program participants
- Many Dates program participants

Private Sector Development

- Truck Association
- Post-Doctoral Support
- Quality Production

Gender & Micro Enterprise

- Grassroots Program
- Fish Pond
- Small Enterprise
- Post-Secondary
- Highly Trained

Health, Cash, Assets

- Access Health
- Unemployed

ACDI/VOCA Activities

- Small-Try Training Conducted



Source:
 Administrative data provided by AMS.
 All other data developed by IDEA-NEW / OIG
 Map Developed by IDEA-NEW / OIG
 M&E Unit
 Sep 05, 2009



PAKISTAN

Note: GPS data for Badghis in the West was not available due to security and training challenges. They should be available in the next quarterly period.

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Acronyms

ADP	Alternative Development Program
ADP/E	Alternative Development Program-East (DAI, Inc.)
ADP/N	Alternative Development Program-North (AECOM)
AGE	Anti-Government Elements
ACCI	Afghanistan Chamber of Commerce and Industries
AISA	Afghanistan Investment Support Agency
ANDS	Afghanistan National Development Strategy
ASAP	Accelerating Sustainable Agriculture Program
AAP	Annual Activity Plan
CCI	Community Constructed Infrastructure
CDC	Community Development Council
CNAT	Counter Narcotics Advisory Team
CNTF	Counter Narcotics Trust Fund
DAI	Development Alternatives Incorporated
DOWA	Department of Women's Affairs
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization (UN)
GOA	Government of Afghanistan
ICARDA	International Center for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas
IDEA-NEW	Incentives Driving Economic Alternatives—North, East and West
ISAF	International Security Assistance Force
IR	Intermediate Result
LOP	Life of Project
MAIL	Ministry of Agriculture, Irrigation and Livestock
M&E	Monitoring and Evaluation
MCN	Ministry of Counter Narcotics
MHP	Micro-Hydro Power
MRRD	Ministry of Rural Rehabilitation and Development
MPW	Ministry of Public Works
MoWA	Ministry of Women's Affairs
NSP	National Solidarity Program
NVDA	Nangarhar Valley Development Authority
PRT	Provincial Reconstruction Team
USAID	United States Agency for International Development
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
USG	United States' Government

Background

IDEA-NEW is a USAID-funded initiative in Afghanistan that began in March 2009. Activities are undertaken to target instability/insurgency locales and buffer zones to curb narco-trafficking, and at the same time, increase job creation, strengthen Afghan leadership and promote economic growth. While responding rapidly through Community Constructed Infrastructure (CCI) projects which develop community trust and provides rural residents with cash and income, IDEA-NEW then builds upon those gains in order to maintain the long term focus of sustainable growth in the agriculture and rural development sectors. The program is predominately centered in the Eastern Region, but also addresses interrelated issues of instability and economic development in select areas of the country's Northern and Northeastern Regions.

Major emphasis is on: *Job Creation, Agricultural Sales and Capacity Building*, IDEA-NEW provides support and linkages to overall US government counter-insurgency (COIN) priorities through local-level agricultural and private sector development and by engaging local government to respond to the needs of its constituencies.

IDEA-NEW is implemented by three partners: ACDI/VOCA in the North/Central Region, Development Alternatives, Inc. (DAI) in the East and West, and Mercy Corps in the Northeast.

Overview: Year One

In the first phase of the program, IDEA-NEW capitalized upon successful programs developed under ADP/E, and created new programming in the West, North and Northeast, while addressing directly the issues of capacity building, sustainability, and local ownership, targeting specific locations and expanding into new geographic areas. Program Field Offices were established in Jalalabad, Mazar-E-Sharif, Puli-Khumri, and Faizabad, and a support office established in Kabul.

Year one, particularly the first quarter, was also focused on development of proper administrative and programmatic systems, and start-up deliverables. Deliverables submitted to USAID in this period included:

- Year One Annual Activity Plan
- Performance Monitoring Plan (PMP) and revision of program-level indicators and targets
- Branding and Marking Plan and Strategic Communications Plan

Year One Annual Activity Plan (AAP 1)

The IDEA-NEW team's major goals during AAP 1 were to a) to expand and build on former ADP's existing engagement on the ground with all the major stakeholders, from village-level farmers to Provincial governments, focusing program startup in and around those districts with poppy or prone to grow poppy, b) to expand geographic coverage to new districts not covered by and c) to rapidly implement programs with immediate impact and high visibility while d) planning longer term initiatives.

Strategic planning and data collection for all the priority sub-sectors under ADP, Mercy Corps and ACDI/VOCA's existing agricultural programs was extensive and was built on. During AAP1, IDEA-NEW refined those existing data sets and baselines and defined strategies for coordinating project activities to help focus limited resources and begin to form interlocked and mutually supportive industry value chains, throughout the IDEA-NEW project area, especially in terms of improved agricultural production, market and processing, a major engine of growth for rural Afghanistan. Overall, the program envisaged the maintenance and expansion of ongoing successful programs, plus the design of new activities across the priority sub-sectors and geographic areas during this AAP.

IDEA-NEW's main activity components were:

- Rapid Response Job Creation, through community-constructed infrastructure projects
- Long-term job creation through value-chain and rural business development services
- Agricultural Production and Sales; and
- Capacity Building for public and private institutions

Monitoring & Evaluation Systems' Development

The Performance Management Plan (PMP) was developed in the first quarter of the project. The PMP is a critical tool for planning, managing and documenting progress towards achieving the goals of the IDEA-NEW Program. Data collected and reported provides the USAID/Afghanistan Mission with detailed information regarding program impacts and progress achieved towards the program's Intermediate Results, Sub-objectives and overall Objective. It also helps inform program management decisions, improve operations, identify performance gaps, assess performance targets and set goals for program improvement. Further, the PMP is a "living" document and envisaged to be updated periodically to reflect the changing conditions that affect program activities as well as any gaps that are identified over the course of program implementation. The IDEA-NEW PMP is characterized by:

1. **Project management and adaptability.** The purpose of monitoring and evaluation is not only to report on performance, but also to inform decision making by USAID and IDEA-NEW managers. Managers will use M&E data and performance reports to capture success, understand failures, and adjust program emphasis or change implementation tactics accordingly.
2. **Integration.** IDEA-NEW will integrate performance monitoring into day-to-day program activities by assigning all technical personnel responsibility for monitoring and data collection. The program will compile, analyze, and summarize our monitoring information for all personnel so they understand how the data they gather are used and see how well the activities in which they are engaged are working.
3. **Systematic Approach.** The project's systematic approach to data quality assessment will ensure validity, integrity, precision, reliability and timeliness, in order to enhance program effectiveness.
4. **Results Framework.** The project's framework feeds directly into USAID/Afghanistan's Strategic Objectives as well as USAID indicators wherever appropriate and feasible.
5. **Impact Measurements.** Its disaggregation of information on a variety of levels allows the M&E department and management to examine programmatic impacts in a stratified way including its impacts on women, rural households, and particular underserved districts.

Communications Plan, Branding and Marking

The strategic communications plan and Branding & Marking plan, both developed in the first quarter of the project, set forth the public outreach and communication strategy, tactics, activity timetable and budget, as well as specific marking requirements for the project as outlined under USAID regulations for Cooperative Agreements. The outreach and communications activities in this plan are designed to support IDEA-NEW's overall mission-- to increase licit agribusiness and help communities transition away from dependency on the opium economy.

In the first year, the communications set the foundation for the five-year program. The team developed multimedia tools and templates for use over the life of the program including branding, website, key documents and other communication tools. Other activities included biweekly and quarterly reporting to USAID, regular media relations and support to program departments.

Linkages to IRoA and USG Efforts

Links to USAID's Strategic Plan: USAID Afghanistan's Strategic Objective 5 (SO5) a thriving economy led by the private sector. USAID Afghanistan identified intermediate results that IDEA-NEW will contribute to include IR 5.1 - Rehabilitation of the rural economy; IR5.2 - Increasing income through economic growth and IR 5.3 - Expand and increase access to economic infrastructure.

However, IDEA-NEW's activities contribute primarily to IR 5.1.2 - Accelerate regional economic development to generate alternative livelihoods, and secondarily to IR 5.1.1 Accelerate market-led growth in agriculture and IR 5.2.3 Improve private sector growth.

Both USAID's countrywide strategy and IDEA-NEW's regional strategy are aimed at improving agriculture which provides the major portion of the GDP in Afghanistan and is seen as having the greatest potential to provide employment and growth, rebuild infrastructure, increase the productive capacity and stimulate enterprise development.

The estimated 80 percent of Afghans earning their living through farming need increased opportunities both on and off the farm. IDEA-NEW will help Afghanistan develop a market-driven agricultural sector by improving linkages between suppliers, producers, and markets and providing farmers with improved farm technologies and increased access to financial services.

Links to the Ministry of Agriculture, Irrigation and Livestock (MAIL): IDEA-NEW's approach to the agricultural sector in the North, East and Western Regions is guided by Afghanistan's National Development Strategy and closely aligned with the GOA's strategy in the Afghanistan Agricultural Master Plan, which includes as priorities;

- Improving technology and productivity of horticulture, wheat and livestock
- Infrastructure rehabilitation, especially irrigation and
- Capacity building.

IDEA-NEW has activities planned in all of these MAIL priority areas. During Year One, IDEA-NEW placed considerable emphasis on local and national coordination with MAIL, attending technical working group meetings with MAIL, introducing all programs to MAIL, and capitalizing upon MAIL's technical expertise and staffing, while contributing meaningfully to the sector.

Coordination with the PRT's: IDEA-NEW's implementation area includes both the US PRT's in Eastern Region, but also a number of ISAF PRT's including the Germans, the Spanish and the Italians. Coordination was established with all PRT's in the operational areas of IDEA-NEW. In particular, IDEA-NEW worked closely with the Spanish PRT in Badghis to leverage resources and expertise for melon-fly control training.

Policy of Afghan First

IDEA-NEW prioritizes the USG policy of Afghan First in its procurements, programming and staffing.

Local Procurement: Locally purchased materials in year one, tracked for ten weeks of the July to September quarter, was \$1,700,569 for DAI which includes the East and West, \$335,023 for Mercy Corps and \$255,135 for ACDI/VOCA.

Staffing: All activities in the East were accomplished by 232 staff members – 229 of whom are Afghan Nationals, two of whom are third country nationals, one of whom is an American citizen and one of whom is Afghan-American. The Northeast Region employed 104 Afghan Nationals, three third country nationals and one American, while IDEA-NEW North/Central employed 50 Afghan nationals, four third-country nationals and one American. Totals: 391 Afghan Nationals, nine third-country nationals and three Americans.

Annual Activity Highlights

The July-September quarter was the first quarter of operation for the IDEA-NEW East and West teams. It was the second quarter of operation for the North/Central and Northeast teams. It was also the first quarter for which any Monitoring & Evaluation data was tracked and reported. All data here is from the July-September quarter:

- The program was very committed to the “Afghan First” US government policy. **It retained a total of 391 Afghan staff**, nine third-country nationals, three Americans and one Afghan American across its project areas. It also prioritized local procurement, and procured **\$2.3 million from Afghan vendors** in the quarter.
- A total of **110,000 families** benefited from IDEA-NEW interventions in the reporting period.
- Through agricultural expansion and off-farm business start-ups, the project **created 2,434 full-time equivalent jobs** in the reporting period; 2,395 for men and 38 for women.
- In close partnership with the Ministry of Agriculture, Irrigation and Livestock (MAIL) a **total of 103,917 farmers** were trained on melon-fly control throughout the West, North/Central and Northeast regions.
- IDEA-NEW planted **2,865 jeribs (573 hectares)** of new land to licit agricultural development.
- The program established **17 commercial demonstration farms** and **136 smaller, satellite farms** throughout Eastern Region to train farmers in collaboration with MAIL on modern crop techniques like raised beds and staggered planting. A total of **2,635 people** were trained on these farms in the quarter.
- A total of **1,937 farmers** received agricultural inputs to help them increase their productivity and sales of produce.
- More than 4 million kgs of onions were exported to Pakistan by Afghan traders for **export revenues of \$1.2 million**
- **A total of 493 women** received business skills training in the reporting period.
- The program worked on 36 infrastructure projects, 26 which were community-constructed infrastructure (CCI), and paid wages of more than **\$148,611** directly to community laborers. In total, CCI projects generated more than **37,000 person days of labor**.
- **Two micro hydro power projects in Faryab province were completed in the quarter.** One project in Qaisar is generating 3.5KW electricity and one in Kohistan district, 5KW electricity.
- The project trained **31 government line staff** in Kunduz and Takhar in the quarter and assisted three associations in the East—Fruit Growers’ Association, Poultry Association and the Eastern Region Handicraft Association.
- The program aired an agriculture and livestock extension call-in show in Nangarhar three times per week to give **farmers in remote areas access to extension information**. The show also featured market commodity prices from Kabul, Peshawar and main Eastern Region markets.
- The program completed a baseline household-level survey in Laghman, Kunar and Nangarhar provinces. It interviewed a 0.5% sample size of the entire population, and its **results help form a statistically significant picture of the economic status of families throughout Eastern Region**.



IDEA-NEW supported the creation of jobs and increased agricultural sales throughout North, East and West Afghanistan. In its first year, IDEA-NEW created 2,434 full-time equivalent jobs in the reporting period for men and women in 14 provinces.

Photos clockwise from top left: A woman cheese-center operator in Qarghai district of Laghman province makes cheese from surplus milk production. In the reporting period, IDEA-NEW created 30 full-time jobs through creation of a new cheese center in Nangarhar. Melon fly farmers look for pupae; as a result of IDEA-NEW assistance across the North and West, farmers' melon production has increased. An IDEA-NEW field technician discusses grape-growing techniques with a grape farmer in Shirin Tagab district, Faryab; the project is providing assistance to increase production and market linkages. Qala-i-Naw District Burka Flood Canal Rehabilitation in Baghlan Province is providing short-term income opportunities for area residents and improving irrigation to allow farmers increased agricultural production for long-term income improvements.

Activity Overview: Eastern Region

Activities in Eastern Region, started in July 2009, were largely carried over from USAID's Alternative Development Program—Eastern Region, also implemented by Development Alternatives, Inc. (DAI), which finished in June 2009. The majority of staff and equipment were transferred to IDEA-NEW. Meetings with key stakeholders through Eastern Region, including authorities from Kunar, Laghman, Nangarhar and Nouristan, were carried out, and the IDEA-NEW project explained in detail. A brief overview of activities is outlined below. Please also see IDEA-NEW's quarterly report from the period July-September, 2009, for more details on the following.

In general, activities were broken down into three categories:

- Job Creation
- Agricultural Sales/Trade Corridor Development
- Capacity Building

Job Creation

Community-Constructed Infrastructure (CCI): IDEA-NEW implemented CCI projects throughout the Eastern Region, which served a two-fold purpose: to restore and build productive infrastructure, and to quickly inject cash into local economies in unstable and insecure areas helping to reduce communities reliance on illegal activities including narcotics and insurgency. IDEA-NEW/East worked on 14 CCI projects during the period, employing a total of 1,031 people and generating 20,234 person days of employment, with \$80,815 in wages paid.

There was a serious incident in the reporting period, where an IDEA-NEW project car was struck by an improvised explosive device (IED). As a result, all eight ongoing projects in Khogyani District of Nangarhar were suspended for a period of discussion with the local communities. The other six active CCI projects progressed well in the reporting period despite an escalation of violence across the country.

Table 1: Overview of CCI projects, Eastern Region

PROVINCE	Male Days	Female Days	Male Wages	Female Wages
Kunar	2,944	144	12,405	580
Laghman	1,845	0	7,824	0
Nangarhar	9,481	373	37,508	1,497
Nuristan	5,391	56	20,776	225
Total	19,661	573	78,513	2,302

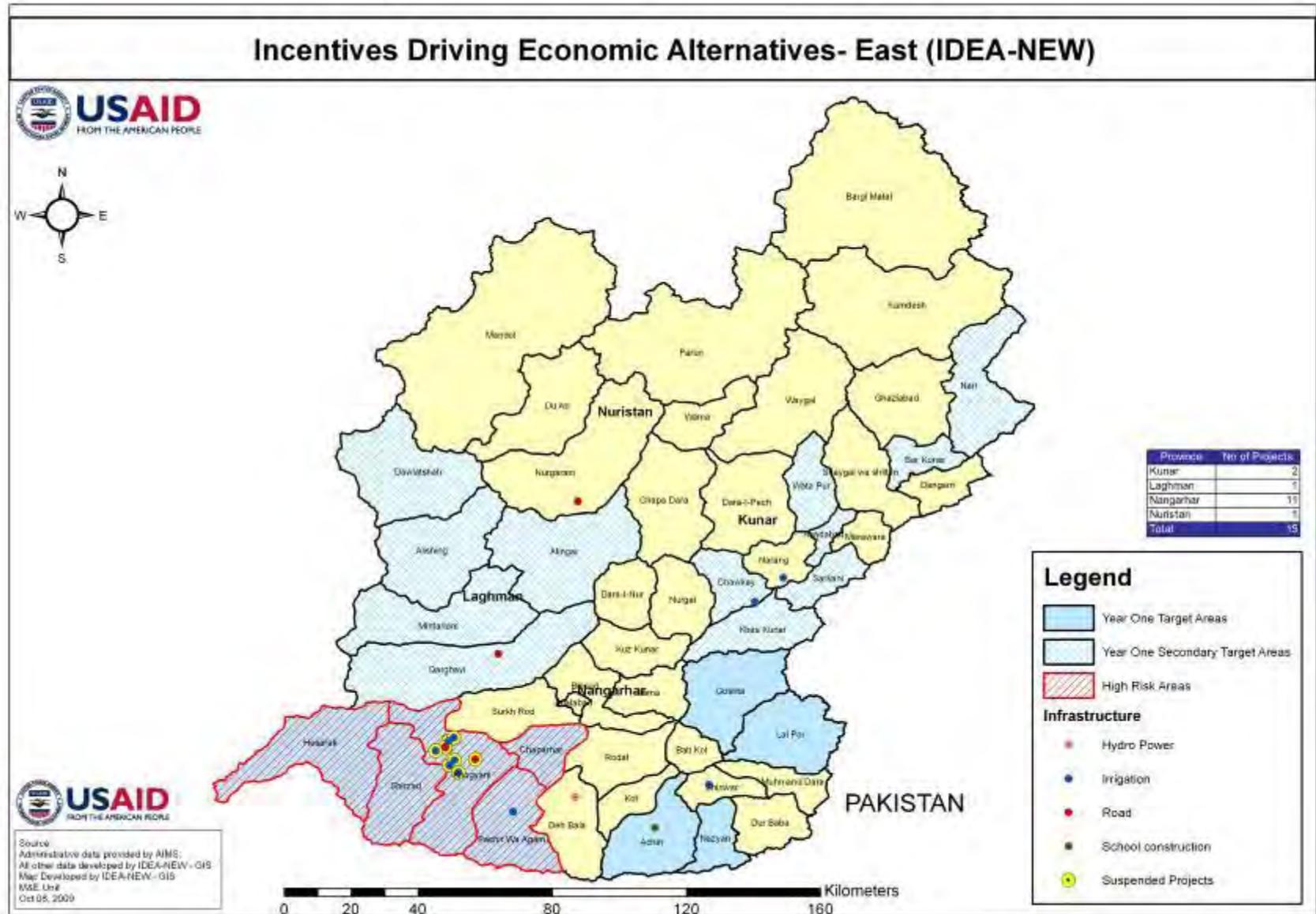
**Table 2: CCI Project Status Table—East
September 30, 2009**

PROJECT NAME	PROJECT CODE	DISTRICT	STATUS Sept. 1-15, 2009	STATUS Sept. 16-30, 2009	REMARKS
NANGARHAR					
Baghicha Road Improvement	CCI-080511	Khogiani	20%	20%	Stopped
Nemla Manz Road Improvement	CCI-080513	Khogiani	14%	14%	Stopped
Kodikhil 200 KW MHP	CCI-080412	Shirzad	0%	0%	Approval Awaited
Darwazagi Canal Improvement	CCI-080512	Khogiani	70%	70%	Stopped
Loghdera Canal Intake Improvement	CCI-080514	Khogiani	75%	75%	Stopped
Derga Village Kariz Improvement	CCI-080515	Khogiani	45%	45%	Stopped
Taowda China Karez Improvement	CCI-080516	Khogiani	50%	50%	Stopped
Baghicha Intake and Kariz Improvement	CCI-080517	Khogiani	35%	35%	Stopped
Seway Zangal Canal Intake	CCI-080518	Khogiani	40%	40%	Stopped
Lande Pachir Canal Intake	CCI-080706	Pachir Wa Agam	35%	48%	ACTIVE
Yaghiband MHP Plant	CCI-080807	Debala	38%	55%	ACTIVE
Terkhay Kariz Improvement	CCI-081106	Nazian			Cancelled
Kasi Intake and Gograni Kariz Imp.	CCI-081309	Shinwar	42%	58%	ACTIVE
LAGHMAN					
Sawati Road Improvement	CCI-090225	Qarghaie	25%	35%	ACTIVE
KUNAR					
Warsak Dag Canal Intake Imp.	CCI-101207	Narang	35%	50%	ACTIVE
Qazi Banda Canal Improvement	CCI-101310	Chowki	85%	97%	ACTIVE
NOORISTAN					
Malil To Mishfa Road Improvement	CCI-300805	Noorgram	58%	62%	ACTIVE



Photo: Cash-for-work laborers begin work on a 10 km road improvement project in Sawati Village, Qarghai District of Laghman Province. IDEA-NEW started 14 cash-for-work projects in unstable areas throughout the Eastern Region in the July-September quarter of Year One.

Figure 1: Eastern Region – Active CCI Projects as of September 30, 2009



Agribusiness job creation:

In Year One, a number of programs focused on increasing jobs and sales in the agribusiness sector were started throughout eastern region. These included:

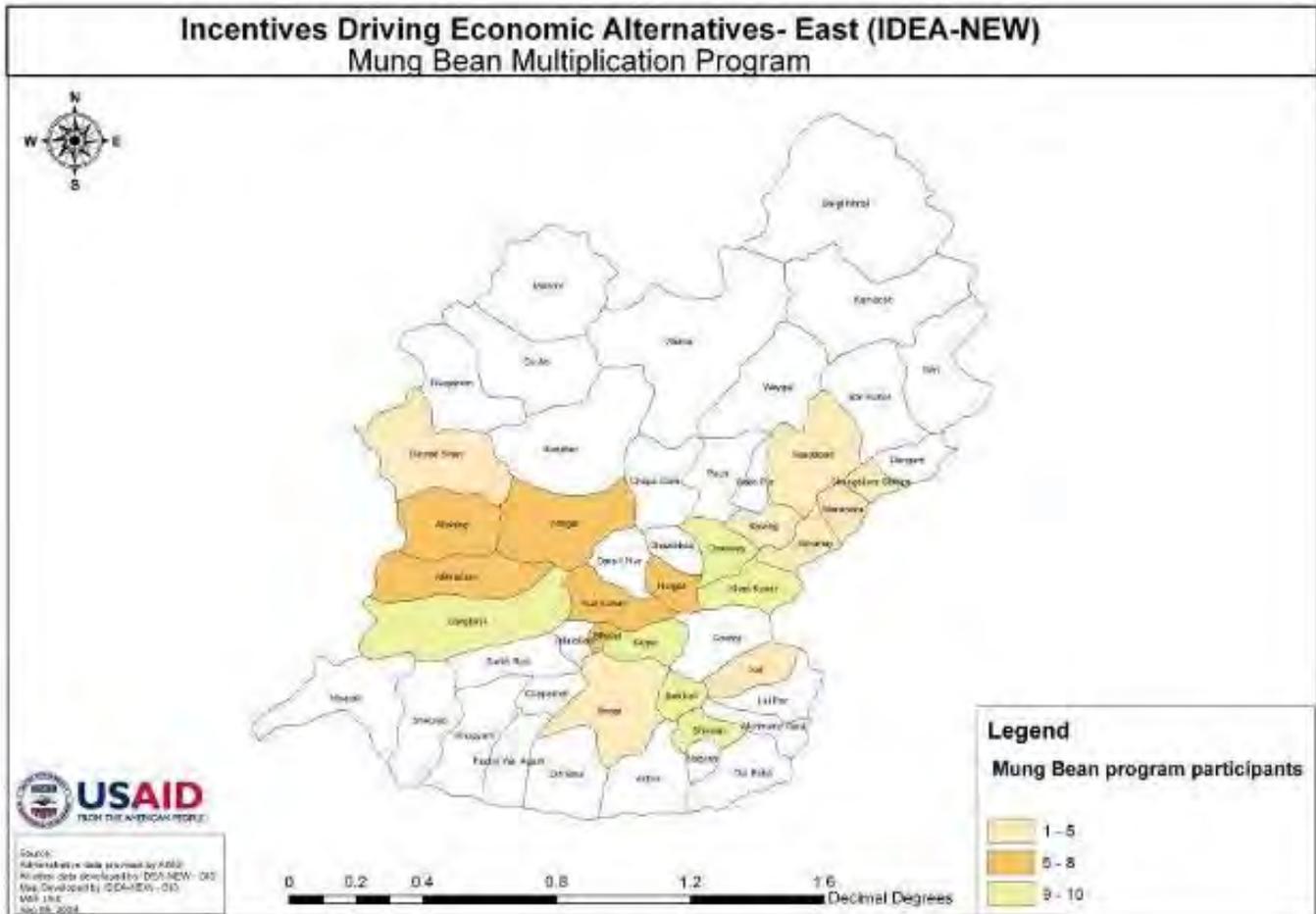
Yellow maize staple crop program: This created jobs for 1,493 farmers producing yellow maize, increasing staple crop production and reducing reliance on Pakistani imports. In Year One, maize was planted on a total of 557 hectares of land, and 1,082 farmers attended field training days where they received training on proper planting, layout and harvesting techniques. Estimated income for the harvest was \$180,000. The following map shows a breakdown of farmers by district:

Figure 2: Yellow Maize Staple Crop Program Participants by District



Mung bean seed multiplication: In 2008, ADP/E together with the International Center for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA) did adaptive research on five types of mung bean in Eastern Region. Two new high yielding varieties Maash 2008 (NM - 94), and Mai 2008 (NM – 92) were officially released by MAIL following these trials. At MAIL’s request, IDEA-NEW started a mung bean seed multiplication program to produce and make available more seed of both varieties of mung bean. The project involved 150 farmers (in the region who are planting ½ Jerib plots for seed multiplication on a total of 15 ha of land.

Figure 3: Mung Bean Multiplication Program Participants by District



Regional Nursery Development Program: The program will work with private local nurseries (including women-owned nurseries established by USAID’s ADP/E program) to improve the quality of the saplings produced and to plan the production according to the needs of the local farmers orchards and forestry establishment. Nurseries will be given support to improve their production and marketing systems, and will use improved citrus root stock seed. A full assessment of the existing nursery industry was completed in the quarter. IDEA-NEW will work with 45 local nurseries, to help them improve their production and marketing to NGOs and the private sector in the region.

Technology Innovations for Market-Led Economic Rehabilitation (TIMER): The Technology Innovations for Market-Led Economic Rehabilitation (TIMER) Program addresses the needs of subsistence farmers in their efforts to increase productivity and produce marketable surpluses by providing, through vouchers, a package of improved seed varieties with marketable attributes, fertilizer, and technical assistance. Under ADP/E, the project was shown to increase farmer's yields by between 60-125% and had a cost: benefit ratio of 1:4. Voucher distribution was completed in the reporting period, with 14,980 of a planned 15,000 vouchers distributed, a 99.8% achievement rate.

Photo: MAIL and IDEA-NEW staff take the thumbprints of farmers who will receive vouchers for vegetable seeds as part of the Fall 2009 TIMER program that will be implemented in 19 districts and benefit 15,000 subsistence-level farmers across Eastern Region.



Orchards Program: IDEA-New will provide technical assistance to approximately 2,000 farmers with fruit trees and technical assistance on approximately 1,500 hectares of land.

In Year One, 9,862 farmers in Nangarhar, Laghman and Kunar provinces were visited. To date, 9,862 farmers out of 9,948 (99%) were visited for estimation of the current tree survival rate in their orchards. Only 86 farmers in Mamakhil village of Shirzad and Yaghi Band village of Hissarak districts have not been visited, due to security restrictions. The project will assist around 2,000-2,500 of the farmers it has visited depending on their interest. For future activities, farmers will be required to match any IDEA-NEW assistance with 50% of the material costs. Activities are expected to be underway in the next quarter.

Rural job creation:

IDEA-NEW's private sector development activities are aimed to assist entrepreneurs to start up new businesses and expand existing operations. IDEA-NEW helps people to create bankable business plans, delivers technical and financial management training, builds the capacity of entrepreneurs, facilitates linkages with financial resources, helps establish market linkages for program participants and provides support to business associations. Activities are designed and new projects selected based on considerations of long-term employment opportunities and domestic market product development to reduce reliance on imports.

Textile Sector:

IDEA-NEW is working to restart the traditional textile sector in the region, from production through to "finishing" and marketing. Currently, the raw textiles that are made regionally are currently sent to Pakistan for "finishing".

- Power looms of the Rodat Textile Factory in Rodat District of Nangarhar were installed. Recruitment of skilled textile trainers were identified to train the local villagers for four months who will then become the permanent employees of the factory.
- Signed an MOU with a local Afghan investor to invest in a small textile production operation in Dih Bala district of Nangarhar province. The investor is providing funding for all of the materials and equipment. This factory will benefit from the micro-hydro power being built by IDEA-NEW in the same area and will enable the investor to compete with the imported products by using cheap electricity. Meetings were also facilitated between the Local Shura and the investor and as a result the Shura agreed to provide electricity against a reasonable price for the business purposed during the day and during the night it will be used for the lighting houses of the community. The textile weaving practical training started the last week of September in Dih Bala district and will continue for four months; seven villagers will be trained in textile weaving who will then become the permanent employees of the textile factory.

"We thank USAID for helping us. With its assistance we were able to revive the textile industry once again. We are facing many problems in lacking of textile dying and washing facility in Jalalabad. We will either need to move our products to Pakistan for dying and pressing or we will not weave the products that need dying and pressing. In both cases we will be unable to compete with the imported products. We appreciate the plan of IDEA-NEW to establish this center and this will help the textile industry to make them sustainable and would also enable the environment to for new investment in the textile industry and would create more jobs for local Afghans."

-- Ab.Saboor Alkozay
Textile Factory Owner, Jalalabad

Poultry Industry: Planning continued to support the regional poultry industry. IDEA-NEW will work with the various players (breeder farm owners, hatchery owners, poultry association, input suppliers) to make sure the complete value chain is established; currently most poultry-related inputs and products are imported from Pakistan. IDEA-NEW is supporting one broiler breeder farm and one layer breeder farm to produce a supply of hatching eggs for a local hatchery and ensure the supply of day-old chicks to poultry farmers. IDEA-NEW drafted MoUs for these activities in the reporting period.

- Construction of both farms was completed in the reporting period. The layer chicks arrived in August, while the broiler chicks did not arrive in the reporting period.
- A total of 7,000 layer breeders arrived to Shamsulhaq Breeder located in Batikot district of Nangarhar. The condition of the chicks was very good. Required vaccines were applied, a light and feeding system was organized and training was provided to the farm owners and employees to keep good record of mortality and feeding. Mortality to date has been very low.
- IDEA-NEW established bio-security measures in the reporting period to protect the chicks from diseases. Beak trimming of the chicks was also completed.

Dried Fruits and Nuts Subsector: IDEA-NEW organized a conference of dried fruits and nuts in collaboration with ASMED on August 11, 2009. Eastern Region grows pine nuts, walnuts, peanuts and almonds. In order to know all the challenges of the sector, a one-day roundtable was held for farmers, assemblers, wholesalers, retailers, exporters, potential processors and representatives of government agriculture directorates. The main obstacles to development in the sector include:

- Lack of cold storage facilities,
- No quality processing available
- No access to international markets
- Crop disease
- Lack of basic knowledge about production techniques among farmers

IDEA-NEW and ASMED will work together to draft an action plan and delineate the individual responsibilities to solve these problems in an effort to create more jobs in the dried fruits and nuts subsector.

Value-Added Food Processing

- Work continued on the documents (business plans, grant applications, etc.) for a noodle and spaghetti factory and expansion plans for Riyaz Packaging Factory, which was established under USAID's ADP/E program in 2007-2008. The documents will be completed by the end of September.
- Two sets of pulping machinery arrived to Jalalabad. One set of machinery was installed in Markikhil of Shirzad district to produce tomato pulp and the other installed in Surkhrud Packhouse to produce fruit pulp. The pulp will be sold on contract basis to Masrouh Foods Processing Company in Jalalabad for further process into tomato paste and fruit jam. These centers will start operation/production in the next quarter. They received training in August.

Women's job creation:

Many of the ongoing activities of the Gender and Micro Enterprise Unit from the USAID ADP/E program have been shifted to IDEA-NEW. In the reporting period, IDEA-NEW's Gender Unit started activities in the following programs: Women's Small Dairy Processing Units; Women-Owned Packing Facility; Mentorship Program; Women-Owned Nursery; and Women-Owned Greenhouses. Biweekly updates are as follows:

Women-Owned Dairy Processing Centers: Supported technically and financially by ADP/E, seven women-operated –*Spinghar Cheese*” processing centers receive technical support under IDEA-NEW. Technical support provided to these processing units aims to assure clean procedures and that these centers are self sustainable. Weekly visits are made to ensure that the cheese is being made properly. In total, 196 women are involved with this program.

Overall, a total of 1,426 Kg of cheese worth Afs 219,553 (\$4,391) was marketed in the quarter. In addition, bookkeeping training was undertaken in six centers (Sawati, Darlam, Noorgal, Pachai qala, Kama and Batikot), with 171 cheese operators trained on proper bookkeeping techniques. IDEA-NEW also established a new cheese center in Batikot district of Nangarhar to benefit 25 women in the reporting period.

Women-Owned Greenhouses: IDEA-NEW provides support to 18 greenhouses established under ADP/E with technical and marketing oversight. While these greenhouses are operating without financial assistance, IDEA-NEW is ensuring their technical sustainability through March 2010. In the reporting period, the greenhouses prepared for the Fall planting season and trained greenhouse operators on preparing –*growing media*” (a particular soil for greenhouses). The program also started two new greenhouses in the quarter in Batikot district of Nangarhar. With these new centers, a total of 60 women are running nursery businesses.

Women-Owned Packing Facility: IDEA-NEW supports the Surkhrod Packing Facility, which is run by 15 women, and packs fruits and vegetables to international HACCP standard under the brand *Pride of the Eastern Region*.

In the quarter, 14,690 kg of fruit and vegetables under the brand the brand "*Pride of the Eastern Region*" were shipped to Kabul Super Markets and ES KO company, as well as to Dubai and Tajikistan for samples for interested traders.

The packhouse program also participated in a conference arranged at Business Development Center (BDC) by ASMED. Discussions were held with several NGOs and other interested parties to find potential consumers in the Eastern Region for produce packed by the packing facility.



Women employees from the women-run Surkhrod Packhouse receive pulp fruit production training at Masrou Foods in Jalalabad. Fruit processing adds value to regional fruit, giving fruit farmers' higher incomes, and establishing a link in the value-added fruit products value chain, by enabling regional enterprises to pulp fruit, rather than importing it from abroad.

Women-Owned Trees and Herbs Nurseries: IDEA-NEW initiated support to 38 women-run tree nurseries in Nangarhar and Laghman that sell trees to private clients, NGOs and USAID projects in the region. In the reporting period, the program provided technical advice to all nursery owners. It also selected 20 women who will establish new individual fruit and forestry nurseries. Ten nurseries will be located in Dandona village of Asadabad district of Kunar and ten in Sarwar khel village of Khogiany district of Nangarhar.

Mentorship Program: Regular technical and financial support to several businesses continued. As part of its coordination with the micro enterprises, IDEA-NEW worked with the following:

Perfumery: In the quarter, the program prepared and submitted business registration for AISA and provided record-keeping training. It also planned for the machinery, labeling and other necessary materials to extend marketing opportunities, to be implemented in the next quarter.

Jam and pickle: IDEA-NEW provided a marketing facility and business permits registered by AISA and GOA, and a training plan prepared for new pulping equipment ordered. Additionally, five women have been selected for jam and pickle project in Asadabad district of Kunar province but the activity has not started yet.

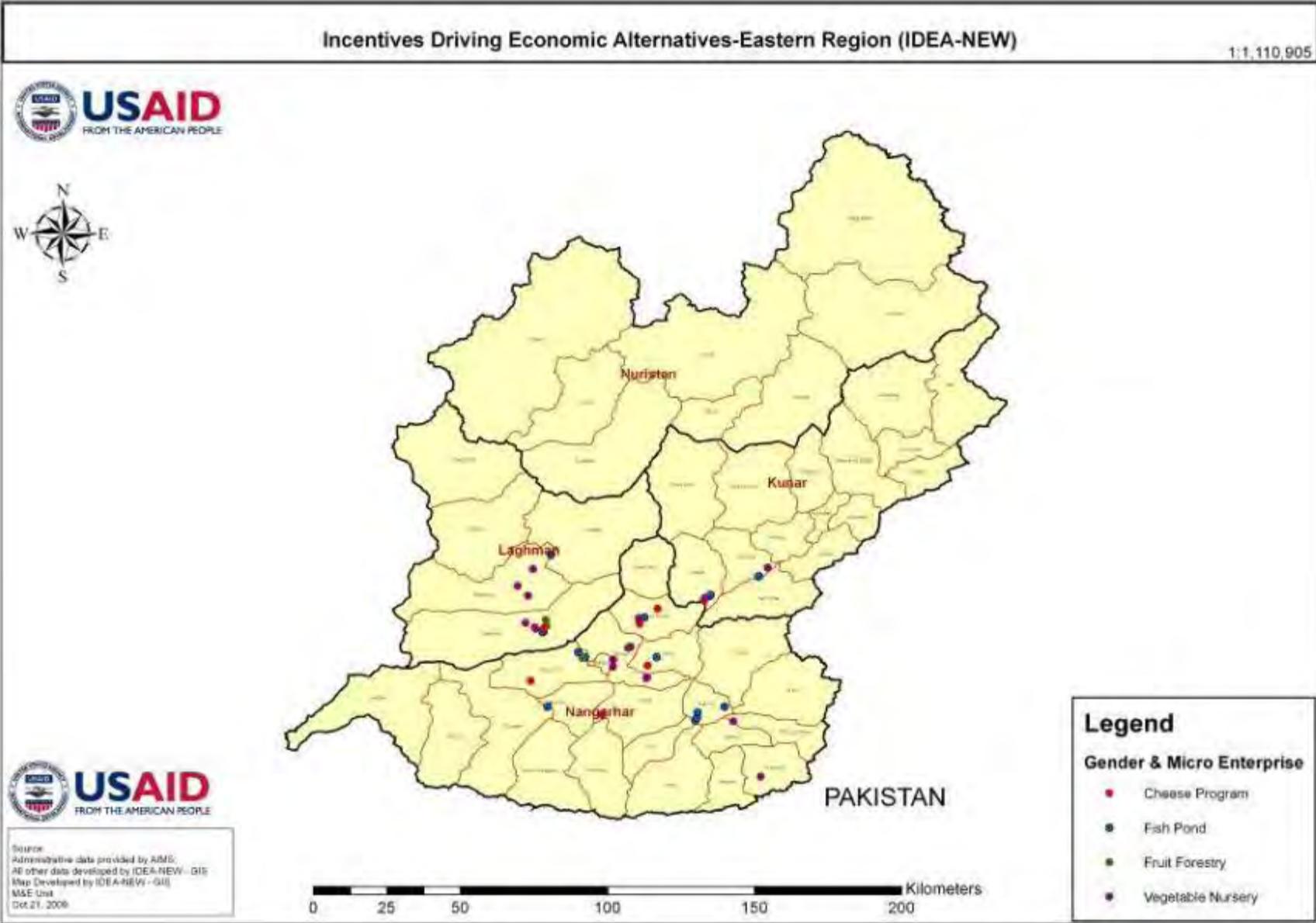
Sisters' Bakery: Business permits and registration from AISA and GOA were facilitated and record keeping training was provided in the quarter.

Wool weaving enterprises:

- One wool spinning enterprise includes ten women that existed under ADP/E; IDEA NEW is continuing work with them. In the quarter, it facilitated an AISA business permit.
- One is a wool spinning factory in Shekhisri of Surkhrod district. A short survey was done by IDEA-NEW, and identified 70 women who are needy and work interested. The construction estimation cost and designing of the factory was under engineering work of IDEA NEW was finalized in the quarter.
- Wool spinning and Kilam weaving in Nuristan: This project is slated to include 100 women. In the quarter, a survey was undertaken in Nurgram district to identify the right women.

Pakiza Shampoo: Pakiza Shampoo produces 20 dozen shampoo bottles and glass liquid cleaner per month, and employs four women and one man in Surkhrod district of Nangarhar. In the reporting period, bookkeeping training and AISA registration was provided.

Figure 4: Women's Job Creation – Eastern Region
September 30, 2009



Agricultural Sales/Trade Corridor Market Development

Local Markets: Farmers in the Eastern Region received technical assistance in harvest, post-harvest management and farm-to-market support from IDEA-NEW. In the reporting period, the project provided technical support (grading, sorting and packing) for vegetable, local fruits and processed products (cheese and jams) were marketed by farmers and processors. The value of these local sales was \$191,119; please see the table for details.

During the reporting period, 11,451 jute bags were distributed directly to 1,500 farmers in Eastern Region. These packaging materials were distributed in Batikoot, Ghanikhil and Behsud districts of Nangarhar, Chawkai and Narang districts of Kunar. These were given as an incentive to farmers to carry their vegetables such as cucumber, okra, egg plant, green beans, green pepper. to the local markets. The jute bags were distributed only to those farmers who cultivated vegetables and were surveyed by IDEA-NEW staff during August.

High-Value National Markets: Local traders continued supplying to high value markets (supermarkets and institutional clients) in Kabul. A total of 19,596 Kgs of different types of fruits and vegetables were delivered, with a value of \$32,031. Best quality, with best sorting, grading, packing and service allowed these traders to get average \$1.60 per kg. While wholesale prices for fruits and vegetables differ greatly depending on the seasonal availability, the revenues average 25-30% more than local wholesale prices. Please see the table for more details.

Export markets: During the reporting period onion was sold at local and export markets. Some traders shifted their onion to Pakistan. IDEA-NEW provided quality jute bags, showed farmers and traders to do best grading and sorting system for the export of these onions, and organized traders into three “export companies” for the purposes of these exports. IDEA-NEW distributed more than 30,000 jute bags to over 2,000 farmers for this activity.

The total amount of exports facilitated by the project was 4,890,809 kgs of onions for \$1.2 million in sales. Export documentation is on-hand at the project office for these exports facilitated by IDEA-NEW. It is notable that Pakistan levied high tariffs this year compared to last year on onions; last year trucks were taxed \$300 while this year, taxes were \$1,200 per truck.

IDEA-NEW also sponsored three participants of an exhibition co-hosted by the Afghanistan Chamber of Commerce and Industries (ACCI) and the Tajikistan Chamber of Commerce and Industries. Afghan fruits and vegetables were showcased in quality packaging from the women-owned packhouse supported by IDEA-NEW.

"If Afghanistan has such interesting and quality packaging, I am sure we can export our products to international markets. I have seen many people interested in procuring Afghan products but they don't do it because of the low quality and substandard packaging. I am happy to hear that such facility is available in Nangarhar, I will inform the people on my list about it."

***-- Azim Hashimi,
Director of Fruit Exports, ACCI***



Table 3: Year One Sales Facilitated by IDEA-NEW

Products	Local Market		High-Value Market		Export Market		Total weight and value	
	Kg	\$	Kg	\$	Kg	\$	Kg	\$
Veg	731,590	171,163	14941.45	20110.25	4,890,809	1,281,477	5,637,340.95	1,984,886
Fruits	0	0	4654.5	11921.6	0	0	3,509.50	8,845
Herbs	655	187.49	0	0	0	0	655	187
Cheese	1264.9	3704.6	0	0	0	0	1,130.90	3,302
Masroor Foods	19800	16064.9	0	0	0	0	19,800.00	16,065
Total	753,309.90	191,119.59	19,595.95	32,031.85	4,290,809.50	1,281,477.00	5,662,436.35	2,013,285.37

Market Information System (MIS): The Market Information System collects, analyzes and disseminates price data for 66 commodities in five markets, including Kabul, Asad Abad, Jalalabad and Mehterlam, and Peshawar in Pakistan. The commodities include agricultural inputs e.g. seeds, fertilizers and pesticides and outputs, e.g. fruit, vegetables, meats and grain. The price data is distributed in the form of text messages on demand, via email through a daily price report, and on the radio on a thrice-weekly program.

On a biweekly basis, approximately 1,100 SMS price requests were made. In addition, daily wholesale and retail price reports were sent via email to 1,320 TAMAS email subscribers. Expansion plans were underway to roll out the TAMAS SMS daily price system to new markets in the North and West; price monitors for markets in Baghlan, Kunduz, Mazar-E-Sharif (Balkh), Qala-E-Now (Badghis) and Herat were identified in the quarter and will be trained in the next quarter.

Each week, three “Karkilla Aw Maldari” radio shows were broadcasted via Sharq Radio 91.3 FM with a total length of 225 minutes. An average of three calls per show were received, and were answered by the IDEA-NEW experts live on the radio.

Capacity Building

Demonstration Farms: IDEA-NEW maintains demonstration farms for training days on modern crop techniques. IDEA-NEW started 17 commercial-size demonstration farms in early July under the commercial demonstration program. The project also started 136 smaller demonstration farms in August. The smaller farms will give farmers in remote and rural areas access to modern crop techniques. While IDEA-NEW pays for the initial inputs, the farmers who own the land sell the produce from it, and keep the demonstration farms running for the entire season with the profits they make from selling their produce. MAIL is involved through agriculture extension agents in the area, who both take and conduct trainings on the farms. In the quarter, 2,635 farmers were trained on demonstration farms throughout the Eastern Region.



Photo: An IDEA-NEW field technician provides training to farmers on a demonstration farm in Chawkai District of Kunar Province. IDEA-NEW started 17 commercial-sized demonstration farms and 136 smaller, satellite farms in Eastern Region in its first year of operations. These farms show farmers in remote areas modern crop techniques, with the aim of boosting agricultural productivity and sales.

Association Development: Support continued to the Eastern Region Fruit Growers Association (ERFGA), which is composed of 4,000 members. The Association gives training on sorting, grading and packing to its members and sells fruit collectively from several farmers in one village in order to get better prices on the wholesale market. Currently, 2,700 of these members pay dues; IDEA-NEW is working with the Association to turn the remaining 1,300 fruit growers into “active”, dues-paying members. The association is also working to prepare their sustainability plan, as well as design and implement the services that they will provide to their members. During the reporting period IDEA-NEW also provided packaging materials through the association to farmers, as described above in the Agricultural Sales portion of the report.

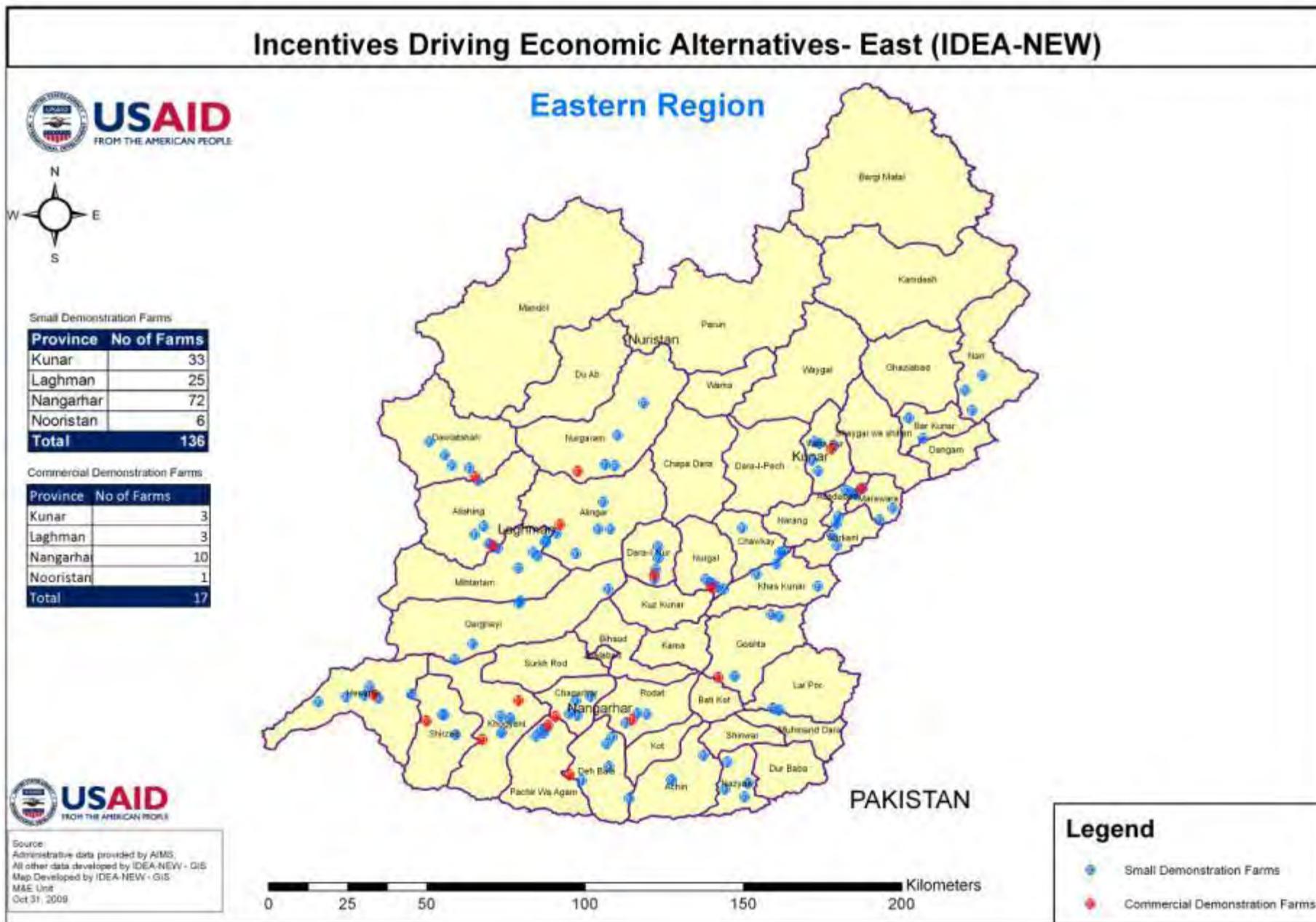
Coordination Mechanisms

- Selection and registration of the farmers for the TIMER program was implemented in close coordination with MAIL (provincial Departments of Agriculture and Extension officers).
- An IDEA-NEW employee was placed in the Laghman Directorate of Agriculture Office in order to enhance provincial cooperation
- IDEA-NEW staff members regularly attended all relevant Technical Working Group (TWG) meetings in Laghman, Kunar and Nangarhar, including agriculture, infrastructure and women's development.
- IDEA-NEW regularly met with the Nangarhar PRT Commander, shared information with the Nangarhar and Laghman Agriculture Development Teams, the relevant provincial USAID Field Program Officers at PRTs in all provinces, briefed the Brigade Commander at Jalalabad Air Force Base twice, and traveled to Bagram Air Force Base along with USAID Office of Agriculture representatives to brief various stakeholders there in the reporting period.
- IDEA-NEW began distributing a newsletter in Dari, Pashto and English in September in order to share concise information on program successes to the public.
- During the reporting period, IDEA-NEW and ADP/E senior staff members attended ICARDA's 2009 Presentation day, May 1-5, in Aleppo Syria. This trip was to accompany the Deputy Minister of Agriculture, and meet with other government officials and scientists. Potential areas for future collaboration are still under discussion and await USAID approval, but they could include cereals - UG99 (wheat stem rust) field detection, screening of resistant lines and seed multiplication of suitable varieties; livestock – sheep and goats, cashmere production and marketing, and improvements in nutrition and brood stock, legumes, grain and forage, continuing the work on mung and extending it to forage legumes for watershed conservation, improved irrigation – especially supplemental irrigation in rain fed areas.



Photo: Deputy Director of MAIL learns about no-till machinery in Syria as part of a study tour at ICARDA demonstration headquarters sponsored by ICARDA and USAID's IDEA-NEW and ADP programs.

Figure 5: Demonstration Farm Locations in Eastern Region



Activity Overview: Northeastern Region

Mercy Corps is IDEA-NEW's implementing partner in the Northeast. A sub-agreement was signed on April 9th between DAI and Mercy Corps. Mercy Corps is implementing the IDEA-NEW program in the provinces of Badakhshan, Takhar, Kunduz and Baghlan. Mercy Corps established IDEA-NEW offices in Baghland and Badakhshan Provinces, coordinated closely with local communities and authorities, and undertook activities primarily in the areas of job creation and capacity building. Its job creation activities were focused on the short-term, with the aim of injecting cash into local economies and strengthening productive infrastructure. Its capacity-building activities improved agricultural productivity and technical abilities for farmers and livestock owners as well as area associations, setting a foundation for five years of continued work to improve job prospects and increase incomes for local residents.

Job Creation

Rapid-Response Job Creation: IDEA-NEW implements community-constructed infrastructure (CCI) projects throughout the Northeastern Region, which serve a two-fold purpose: to restore and build productive infrastructure, and inject cash into local economies in unstable and insecure areas helping to reduce communities reliance on illegal activities including narcotics and insurgency.

Within the reporting period, 560 worked daily on nine ongoing infrastructure projects in six targeted districts of Baghlan and Badakhshan Provinces Through these ongoing projects, a total of 17,369 labor days were generated and \$67,796 were paid in local wages directly to community laborers.

**Table 4: CCI Projects—Northeast Region
September 30, 2009**

	PROJECT NAME	PROJECT CODE	DISTRICT	IMPLEMENTED Sept 1-15, 2009	IMPLEMENTED Sep 16-30, 2009	REMARKS
BAGHLAN PROVINCE						
1	Burka Floom Canal Rehabilitation	MC-IDEA-NE-BG-E-001-09	Burka	38%	45%	ACTIVE
2	Kajnow Aqueduct	MC-IDEA-NE-BG-E-003-09	Khost	20%	20%	POST-PONED
3	Larwan Reservoir and Piping	MC-IDEA-NE-BG-E-004-09	Khost	30%	35%	ACTIVE
4	Charbagh Aqueduct	MC-IDEA-NE-BG-E-002-09	Khost	35%	40%	ACTIVE
5	Dawabi Road Rehabilitation	MC-IDEA-NE-BG-E-005-09	Khost	N/A	0%	NEW
6	Furghanbul Road Rehabilitation	MG-IDEA-NE-BG-E-006-09	Khost	N/A	0%	NEW
BADAKHSHAN PROVINCE						
5	Malangab Canal Intake Construction	MC-IDEA-NE-BD-E-001-09	Baharak	40%	50%	ACTIVE
6	Furmuragh Canal Rehabilitation	MC-IDEA-NE-BD-E-002-09	Baharak	75%	80%	ACTIVE
7	Nawai Jurm Canal Rehabilitation	MC-IDEA-NE-BD-E-003-09	Jurm	35%	40%	ACTIVE
8	Pestakhor Canal Rehabilitation	MC-IDEA-NE-BD-E-005-09	Argo	25%	35%	ACTIVE
9	Brokan Canal Rehabilitation	MC-IDEA-NE-BD-E-004-09	Yaftal	35%	40%	ACTIVE

Capacity Building

Melon Fly Control: Melon fly training was a major focus in the quarter across the Northeast in the provinces of Kunduz, Baghlan, Takhar and Badakhshan. In total, 7,134 farmers received training by IDEA-NEW and by trained Ministry of Agriculture staff in these provinces. As part of the project, IDEA-NEW also trained 48 government staff who then participated as trainers for the remainder of the project.

Government Capacity Building: The team also conducted its second round of melon fly TOT for MAIL technical staff of three provinces, which was accomplished in close coordination with DAI senior agriculture advisor. As part of capacity building for MAIL, the project also repaired motorbikes and paid for fuel for extension workers in Kunduz, Takhar and Baghlan, in order to enable them to reach melon farmers in remote areas, as per a signed MoU between the program and provincial MAIL offices.

Apricot Drying: Apricot drying training in Khost district of Baghlan province for 205 farmers was completed in the reporting period. Support materials including 149 trays, 70 meters of plastic and other inputs delivered to field through strong coordination with the Provincial Agriculture Department. The Baghlan Agriculture team last week had trainees dry 1 MT of apricots and supply them to the market. This activity will continue on a regular basis and neighboring farmers will also be trained with the responsibility of supplying the market with dried apricots. Based on a market analysis conducted in the reporting period, the price received for dried apricots using the old technology was 50 Afs per kilogram but with training on new technology of drying, the price for the dried apricots increased to 150 Afs per kilogram.

Livestock Training: After completion of the initial livestock assessments in Baghlan, training of 67 Farmers in lamb fattening began on August 1. In Burka and Nahrin districts, 461 bags of concentrate feed was distributed to 67 farmers in 6 communities on three separate occasions. A total of 40 farmers from eight communities in Jurm district, Badakhshan province completed lamb fattening training. More than 15,000 kgs of balanced food was distributed and 400 animals were ear tagged and their weight recorded. Monthly weight gain has averaged 20kg for calves and 9.5kg for lambs. At the conclusion of the reporting period, the project was around 50% completed.



Photo: An IDEA-NEW trainer in Kunduz Province shows farmers what signs indicate melon fly infestation, and explains integrated pest management (IPM) principles to stop the spread of the pest.

Poultry Production: In six communities in Nahrin, Khost and Burka districts of Baghlan Province, 90 women completed village poultry production training. These trainings were still on going at the end of the quarter in Faizabad, Badakhshan for 120 village women. A total of 450m wire mesh and more than 60,000kg of poultry balanced feed has been transported to Nahrin, Burka and Khost with distribution planned for the next quarter. In Faizabad, the trainees constructed 50 coops, drinkers and feeders.

Surveys:

- Lamb fattening project assessment completed. The projects cost estimations, project proposals and environmental management plans are underway. Lamb fattening was chosen based on the widespread existence of livestock keeping in the region, and the desire of sheep owners to improve the health of their herds.
- Bee-keeping assessment completed. Honey is a high-value commodity for both domestic and export consumption; the project is implementing it based on interest from farmers in the region. These projects will be implemented through cooperatives and individual farmers.
- Thirteen VFUs and two initial slaughterhouse assessments were completed. Cost estimation and coordination mechanisms are in progress with relevant government line departments and partner NGOs.
- The project also planned an agriculture input supplier survey and analysis, which aims to identify what resources are available to farmers in terms of input suppliers. The survey identified, market, stock, and size of input suppliers in the region.
- A technical survey of 5 VFUs in Nahrin, Burka and Andarab districts of Baghlan was completed in order to identify and understand the VFUs' requirements for support in order to design future activities. Activities will commence in the year two.



Photo at Left: Bags of feed are delivered for lamb farmers Jurm district of Badakhshan. At right: lamb farmers tag the ears of their lambs in an effort to identify and keep track of them and their weights through the program.

Coordination Mechanisms

- During the reporting period, the project conducted roll-out meetings in Badakhshan and Baghlan with key government staff. They also completed several meetings with various organizations active in the Animal Health/Livestock Field including DCA, AKDN, OXFAM, and Ministry of Agriculture Veterinary Department.
- Members of DAI senior management and eastern region project staff visited Faizabad to share information and discuss programmatic successes from USAID's ADP project. As part of the trip, the IDEA-NEW team visited

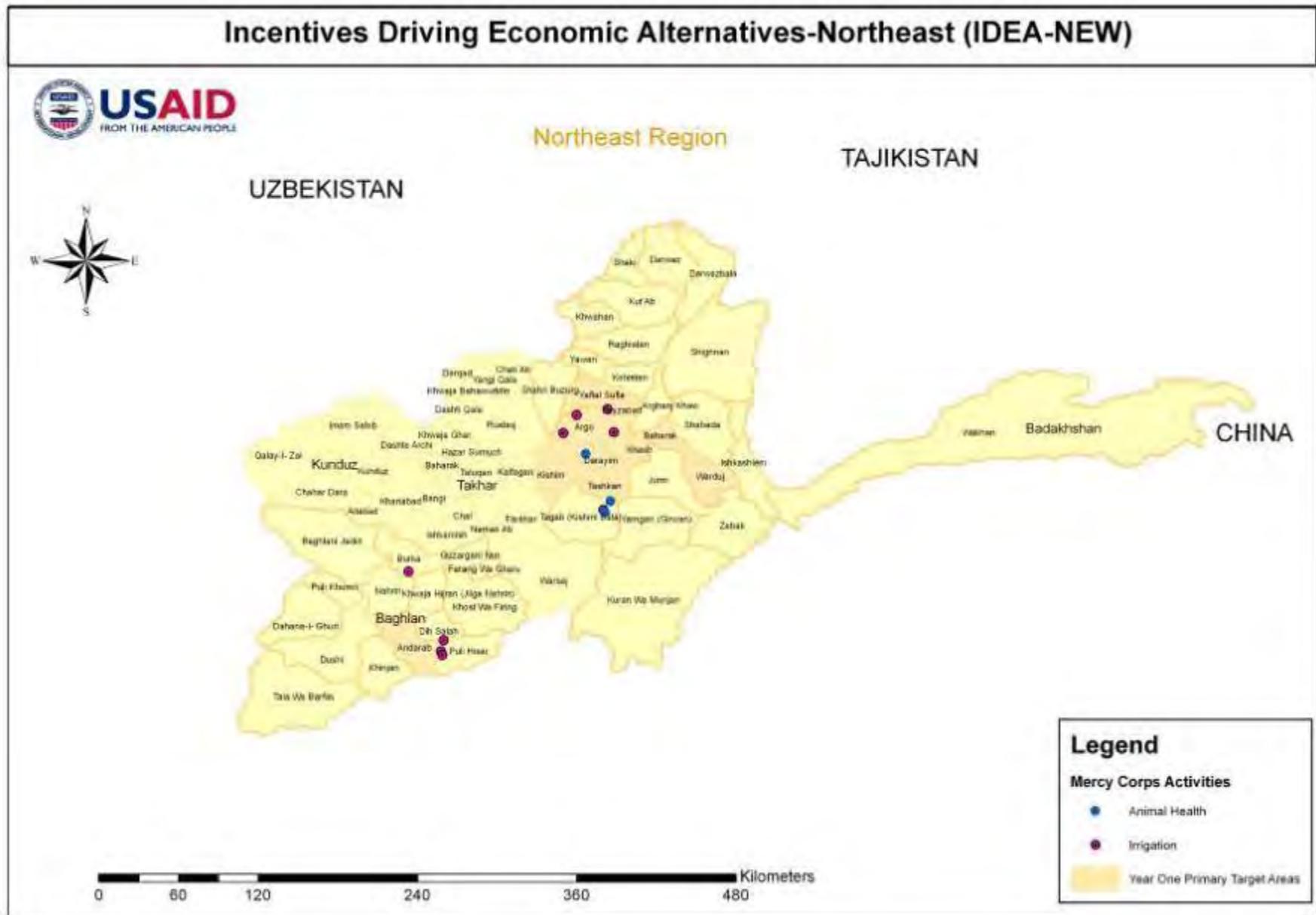
ADP/North project sites in order to follow-on some activities including community-constructed infrastructure (CCI), roads, fruit nurseries, commercial orchards, irrigation canals, poultry projects, and demonstration farms.

- The Regional Director also met with the CNAT advisor in Faizabad to review on-going eradication programs and the Deputy Director met with the Baghlan-based USAID representative for informal introductions.
- Mercy Corps' Natural Resources Program Manager and technical staff from IDEA-NEW attended a USDA- and MAIL-sponsored workshop on tree crop horticulture and extension communications development techniques in Kabul with colleagues and specialists from UC Davis, Cornell and Purdue.
- IDEA-NEW staff met with the Governor of Baghlan to brief him on IDEA-NEW activities in the region and to explain the importance of melon flies control. Meeting with the Governor laid the foundation for a positive working relationship between the provincial authorities of Baghlan Province, Mercy Corps, and IDEA-NEW.
- In the reporting period, the Regional Director and Deputy Director conducted meetings in Faizabad and Polikhumri with the Directors of Agriculture in both provinces and presented IDEA NEW planned activities and obtained the Directorates' priorities in the targeted communities and districts. The team also systematized coordination with all relevant government line departments, and targeted local CDCs in various projects likely to be implemented by the IDEA- NEW Northeast team.
- As a result of coordination meetings with district authorities and NSP/MRRD, IDEA-NEW decided to select and start activities in select districts of Badkhsan (Burka, Baghlan Jadid, Khost and Nahrin). A Mercy Corps IDEA-NEW Community Mobilization team has established two clusters (Markaz, Shahri, Jadid, and Hawzayi Panjum) in Nahrin District consisting of 25 Community Development Committees (CDC) in 26 villages, 3 clusters (Markazi, Floom, Tangi and Murch) in Burka district consisting of 31 CDCs/Shura and have collected all essential data.
- A meeting was held with Provincial Women Affairs Department regarding involving women in projects like home-based nurseries, kitchen gardening and village poultry programs. The department agreed to coordinate closely with IDEA-NEW to identify potential projects for women.
- In the reporting period, Mercy Corps also hosted the first quarterly IDEA-NEW coordination workshop attended by five technical staff per region from both ACDI/VOCA and DAI. Improved communication across technical areas and increased cooperation, particularly in terms of rural business marketing and linkages was established.



Photos: Interagency IDEA-NEW workshop from September 27-29, 2009. The left-hand photo was at the Mercy Corps offices in Faizalbad, the right-hand photo is a community meeting in Jurm District of Badakshan that was attended by all partners.

Figure 6: Northeastern Region Projects—Year One



Activity Summary: North/Central Region

ACDI/VOCA is IDEA-NEW's implementing partner in the North/Central region, consisting of the provinces of Balkh, Faryab, Jawzjan, Samangan and Sari-Pul Provinces. The project focused on establishing site offices in the first quarter along with close coordination among local, provincial and regional stakeholders. In the second quarter, the team implemented a number of CCI projects, with a focus on micro-hydro power development for remote communities. It also prioritized other infrastructure projects put forth by local CDCs. Its agricultural sales and capacity building projects both focused on increasing agricultural productivity through a range of demonstrations, setting the foundation for larger-scale activities over the next four years.

Job Creation

Micro-Hydro Power (MHP) Projects: IDEA-NEW and International Assistance Mission (IAM) finalized work on two Micro Hydropower projects went successfully all throughout this quarter, and the projects were successfully completed in the reporting period, and over 80 families have electricity for thirist time. Over 140 families benefited from these. The project in Qaisar is generating 3.5KW electricity and the one in Kohistan district, 5KW electricity.

IDEA-NEW engineering team also surveyed, designed and started work on five more MHP projects in relatively restive district of Belcheragh in Faryab province, and five MHP projects in remote Balkhab district of Sari Pul. According to IDEA-NEW engineers, these areas have enough water and the MHPs can produce power to the people of these two districts. Please see the chart on the next page for details.

Other CCI Projects: Through a series of meetings with government authorities, CDCs and local Shuras, the IDEA-NEW program team explained the IDEA-NEW programs to the participants of these meetings in the following districts, and received their prioritized projects. The team designed specifications for three projects, two in Khulm district of Balkh and one in Belcheragh district of Faryab province. The Belcheragh- Maimana road structures are to be implemented with close collaboration with Faryab directorate of Public Works, with IDEA-NEW paying for community labor to build structures, and the Public Works Directorate to provide gravelling.



Photo: Community labor helps IDEA-NEW project engineers install a water pipe as part of the Gerd-e Kala Micro-Hydro Power project in Kohistan district of Faryab province.

**Table 5: CCI Project Status Table—North/Central
September 30, 2009**

#	PROJECT NAME	PROJECT CODE	DISTRICT	IMPLEMENTED Sep 01-15, 2009	IMPLEMENTED Sep 16-30, 2009	REMARKS
Sari Pul province						
1	Micro-Hydropower, Chaila village	8200.5/1	Balkhab	0%	5%	
2	Micro-Hydropower, Hoosh village	8200.5/2	Balkhab	0%	5%	
3	Micro-Hydropower, Kham Shorack village	8200.5/3	Balkhab	0%	5%	
4	Micro-Hydropower, Paraw Shan village	8200.5/4	Balkhab	0%	5%	
5	Micro-Hydropower, Dahna Kashkak village	8200.5/5	Balkhab	0%	5%	
Faryab province						
6	Micro-Hydropower, Keen Qala village	8200.5/5	Bilchiragh	0%	5%	
7	Micro-Hydropower, Angerack village	8200.5/7	Bilchiragh	0%	5%	
8	Micro-Hydropower, Khush Gozar village	8200.5/8	Bilchiragh	0%	5%	
9	Micro-Hydropower, Mirzaee #1 village	8200.5/9	Bilchiragh	0%	5%	
10	Micro-Hydropower, Mirzaee #2 village	8200.5/10	Bilchiragh	0%	5%	
11	Micro-Hydropower, Gerd-e-Kala village	8200.5/12	Kohistan	20%	80%	
12	Micro-Hydropower, Badi village	8200.5/11	Qaisar	20%	100%	

Agricultural Sales

Melon-fly mitigation: Melons are considered as one of the most income generating crops for farmers in the north. In recent years, farmers have faced serious problems with melon flies (*Myiopardalis pardalina*) attacking their fields, causing which devastating damage to melon crops. The purpose of the project is to expand the scope of the previous and current migratory pest program to address the problem created by the spread of melon fly that are seriously reducing the yields of farmers in northern Afghanistan and to lay the foundations of a sustainable long-term integrated pest management approach.

To help farmers' fight against these flies, IDEA/NEW conducted Melon Fly Control Training in coordination with the Plant Protection and Quarantine Departments of Provincial Agricultural Directors in Faryab Samangan, Jawzjan, Sari Pul, and Balkh. The training in Balkh, Jawzjan, Samangan and Sari Pul was conducted by Joint Development Associates (JDA) through a sub-contract.

- In Faryab, 10,683 melon growers were trained how to control melon fly in 12 districts that include 616 villages in the province.
- The implementing partner JDA trained 83153 melon growers in 36 districts of four provinces of Balkh, Jawzjan, Samangan and Sari Pul.
- IDEA NEW North supported FAO plant protection specialist to train 19 farmers on controlling melon fly; these trainers trained the melon fly growers in 12 districts of Faryab province.
- A total number of 30,000 bags that were sewed under a sub project of Cash For Work by Faryab women were also distributed to the farmers to control melon fly in their fields.
- JDA also utilized demo plots, in which they demonstrated usage of both chemical control and mechanical control.

The impact assessment and the training evaluation assessment conducted by M&E department of IDEA-NEW indicate that the farmers have received better harvest in comparison to the previous years. This data is available upon request.

Photo: Fulad, a farmer in Pashtunkot, Faryab, shows un-infected melons that he grew this year. IDEA-NEW provided melon fly control training to more than 90,000 farmers throughout the North and West, with 80,000 farmers trained in the five North/Central provinces of Balkh, Sara-i-Pul, Jawzjan, Faryab and Samangan.



Capacity Building

Perennial Horticulture Training: The agriculture team collaborated with USAID's ASAP program to organize training for 55 farmers from Faryab, Saripul and Samangan provinces in grape trellis technology. As part of this program, ACDI/VOCA coordinated a two-day grape production training in Badam Bagh experimental farm in Kabul with ASAP for 41 AgDepot entrepreneurs and farmers from the five target provinces (Balkh, Samangan, Sari Pul, Jawzjan and Faryab). The project also conducted a field-day in Aybak almond orchards in conjunction with FAO for 43 AgDepot entrepreneurs.

Agricultural Retailers' Support Program: IDEA/NEW seeks to expand the skills level of the Retailers in 43 districts of the five North/Central provinces to build them into locally based catalysts for increasing crop production and producing quality. Ag Retailers will work as key actors in promotion of crop production and marketing. They can also serve as sub contractors in broad-scoped activities such as AVIPA project. The process of establishment of Ag retailer associations in five provinces was successfully completed. IDEA –NEW compiled the by-laws that have been approved by each provincial association. IDEA-NEW will financially and technically facilitate the registration process of the mentioned associations in the Justice, Economy and Agriculture ministries in Kabul.

Tractor Demonstrations: The project sponsored two-wheel tractor demonstrations for Ag Depot owners. This showed the tremendous business opportunities of these machines as revenue generators for custom crop harvesting and tillage services. The demonstrations were undertaken Balkh, SariPul and Jawzjan provinces in the reporting period. A total of 18 Ag Depot owners attended, as did 176 farmers from 16 districts throughout the three provinces. Attendees also included the Heads of Provincial Agriculture Departments of all three provinces and the Deputy Governor of Jawzjan Province. The demonstrations will continue into the fourth quarter.



Photo: Farmers in Samangan meet to form an Ag Retailers' Association. Ag retailer associations were established in five provinces in Year One.

Coordination Mechanisms

- An MOU was signed with the USAID- funded ASAP project to allow IDEA-NEW North/Central to use power sprayers and vegetable seeders in a joint effort by the two USAID funded projects to improve the service delivery capacity of agriculture input retailers in the targeted area.
- The Balkh Provincial Director of Agriculture requested IDEA- NEW to present its activities in the monthly agriculture sector meeting, and it is doing so on an ongoing basis.
- The project established communications linkages with prospective partners and technicians involved in development of the almond industry, poultry industry, local wheat procurement and spinning-wheel enterprise development. These partners include: USAID's ASAP project, WFP, Asian Development Bank.
- ACDI/VOCA performed introductory project roll-out meetings with Governors of Faryab, Jawzjan, Saripul and Samangan provinces. It also completed introductory visits with Agriculture and Rural Rehabilitation and Development Ministries.
- Meeting was held at Camp Marmul with the USAID Development Advisor, ISAF, ASAP and ASMED to explain the scope of our projects and how they would contribute to the overall stabilization of the region.
- A meeting was held with GTZ's project for SME Development and Local Economic Development to exchange information on our programs and to discuss areas of common interest.
- The IDEA-NEW program team went down to Faryab to conduct introductory meetings with Pashtun Kot and Khwaja Sabz Push district governors and CDC members and to have a rapid assessment of the farmers' need. They discussed the needed projects.
- The program team went to Khulm district of Balkh province, where they met with the district governor, CDC members and local farmers and introduced the IDEA-NEW activities to them.
- The program team visited the Khulm, Feroz Nakhjir, Kaldar and Hazrat-e- sultan districts, in Balkh and Samangan provinces. CDC members and community elders in presence of local governments proposed 22 priority projects.



Photos from left: PPQD presents melon fly control strategies at a June 4 workshop, an adult melon fly in Afghanistan sits on a melon, and attendees of the Melon Fly Control Workshop take notes during a presentation.

Highlight: Melon Fly Control Workshop

Plant Protection and Quarantine Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Irrigation and Livestock, Kabul, June 4, 2009

IDEA-NEW facilitated a melon fly workshop that was officially hosted by the Plant Protection and Quarantine Department (PPQD) of the Ministry of Agriculture, Irrigation and Livestock (MAIL).

The workshop took place on June 4 in Kabul, and officially launched seasonal melon fly control activities. It brought all stakeholders together to discuss technical aspects of melon fly control procedures that will take place throughout melon-fly affected areas in Afghanistan.

IDEA-NEW explained its roles and responsibilities and promised to support MAIL's recommendation and provide assistance as needed.

At the workshop, IDEA-NEW announced that it would finance and support farmer training in melon fly control.

In Badakhshan, Takhar, Baghlan and Kunduz,

IDEA-NEW (Northeast) supported the PPQD campaign with motorcycle and vehicle running costs.

In Samangan, Balkh, Jawzjan and Sar-i-Pol, IDEA-NEW (North), through its implementing partner JDA, carried out farmer training. In Faryab, IDEA-NEW will implement the training program directly.

In Badghis, IDEA-NEW (West) provided training for MAIL extension workers, while AECID, funded by the Spanish government, supported mechanical control of melon by sieving for pupae.

IDEA-NEW also printed farmer training leaflets and an awareness poster, recorded brief radio slots for farmers and arranged for their broadcast, and consistently maintain close cooperation with PPQD and inform the Director fully of all its activities.

Figure 7: Melon Fly Control Trainings—North/Central Region



Activity Summary: Western Region

IDEA-NEW established a support office in Qala-E-Naw of Badghis Province in Year One, kicked off three CCI activities, conducted melon-fly control training as well as sunn pest control throughout the province under the oversight of IDEA-NEW's Senior Agricultural Advisor.

Job Creation

Community-Constructed Infrastructure (CCI): IDEA-NEW began working on three CCI projects in Badghis province in the reporting period. Since there is a one-month lag time for wages paid and person days of employment, these will be reported in the next reporting period. However, it is estimated that an average of \$30,000 were paid and 4,500 labor days generated for local communities.

Table 6: CCI Project Summary—Western Region

PROJECT NAME	PROJECT CODE	IMPLEMENTED Sept 1-15, 2009	IMPLEMENTED Sep.16-30, 2009	REMARKS
Badghis				
Deh Zangy Payan Canal protection	CFW-200101	5%	18%	ACTIVE
Deh Zangy Bala Canal Protection	CFW-200102	5%	18%	ACTIVE
Zenger Canal Protection	CFW -200103	6%	16%	ACTIVE



Photo: A “before” view of the Deh Zangy Payan Canal Protection Project in Badghis Province project which was started in the reporting period. Located on the right bank of the Ab-kamai River (left side of picture), it will have gabion dykes with total length of 200 meters, three-meter wide plus 150m of canal lining. The project will protect houses, a school, the irrigation canal, agricultural land and the district road.

IDEA-NEW started three community-constructed infrastructure projects in the reporting period that will generate thousands of person-days of employment for local communities as well as provide major improvements to priority infrastructure projects identified by District-level government and community Shuras in Badghis.

Capacity Building

Mechanical control of sunn pest: IDEA-NEW successfully closed out the program of mechanical control of sunn pest by the wheat growing farmers in Badghis province. A final amount of 5,432 kg. of sunn pest were collected mechanically by 108 poor wheat growing farmers in the first half of August, 2009 for which the payment was done in the second half of the month. A total amount of 244,440 Afs (\$5,019.30) as cash for work was distributed to the participating farmers in this period. As a final result, IDEA-NEW was able to collect 45,534.5 kg of sunn pest mechanically by 880 farmers for 2,049,052 Afs. equivalent to \$41,817 through the implementation of this project within about 45 days in the months of July and August of 2009. The project gave practical training to 880 farmers and thousands of their family members in mechanical control of sunn pest for saving the yield and the quality of their wheat crop tremendously.

Melon Fly Control Training: A total 8,681 melon growers were trained in the biology and mechanical control of melon fly. An impact assessment showed the trainings to be successful, with yields over 100% higher and overall incomes, about 60% more over the previous year.

Coordination Mechanisms

All programs in Badghis were done in cooperation with AECID and the Spanish PRT stationed there.

Performance Data
July 1 – September 30, 2009¹

IDEA-NEW QUARTERLY²ACTIVITY LEVEL INDICATORS

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	LOP Target	Added this period	Actual to Date	Target (FY 09)	Actual (FY 09)	Target (FY 10)	By Gender	
							Male	Female
Number of rural households benefiting directly from USG interventions in Afghanistan	275,000	110,719	110,719	20,216	110,719	73,424		
# of individuals who have received USG-supported agriculture productivity training	150,000	106,552	106,552	10,902	106,552	39,997	-	-
							106,552	
							106,552	-
# of livestock under increased technology and management	150,000	-	-	73,200	-	291,333		
Number of individuals receiving agricultural inputs	115,000	1,937	1,937	15,829	1,937	60,892	-	-
							1,937	-
							1,937	-
Hectares of land returned to irrigation based on repaired/constructed systems	10,000	16	16	980	16	5,602		
# of people receiving off-farm business skills training	1,000	493	493	36	493	268	-	-
							-	493
							-	493
# of households directly benefiting from infrastructure projects including roads, market centers, cold chain and storage facilities projects	75,000	427	427	500	427	3,620		
# of farmers under new, licit contracts	10,000	1,279	1,279	1,260	1,279	3,675	-	-
							1,279	-
							1,279	-
Total \$US value of intl exports of targeted agricultural commodities as a result of USG assistance	2,500,000	1,281,477	1,281,477	360,000	1,281,477	2,055,000		
# of off-farm new micro and SMEs receiving IDEA-NEW technical assistance	300	6	6	19	6	41		
# of associations assisted as a result of USG assistance	75	3	3	3	3	15		
Increased sales of licit farm and non-farm products in USG-assisted areas over previous year	-		-	n/a	n/a	15%		
# of hectares devoted to licit agriculture production	80,000	573	573	3,257	573	14,092		
# of full time equivalent jobs created by USG sponsored alternative development or alternative livelihood activities	5,000	2,434	2,434	7,238	2,434	36,352	-	-
							2,396	38
							2,396	38
# of government line staff trained with increased professional and/or technical capacity	250	31	31	8	31	55	-	-
							31	-
							31	-
\$ value of direct investment leveraged in local business	500,000	-	-	40,000	-	265,000		
\$ value of grants local entities receive	2,000,000	-	-	45,000	-	325,000		

¹ The data herein reflects all recorded and verified data through the quarterly reporting period.

² All indicators except "Increase in annual sales" are reported on a quarterly basis.

IDEA-NEW (DAI) QUARTERLY ACTIVITY LEVEL INDICATORS

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	Added this period		Actual to Date	IDEA-NEW LOP Target	DAI LOP	Target (FY 09)	Actual (FY 09)	By Province					By Gender	
								Nan	Lagh	Kun	Nur	Badg	Male	Female
Number of rural households benefiting directly from USG intervention in Afghanistan	Previous	-	15,452	275,000	125,000	15,769	15,452	-	-	-	-	-		
	Current	15,452						4,541	546	1,684	-	8,681		
	Total	15,452						4,541	546	1,684	-	8,681		
# of individuals who have received USG-supported agriculture productivity training	Previous	-	11,316	150,000	50,000	8,200	11,316	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Current	11,316						1,951	139	545	-	8,681	11,316	-
	Total	11,316						1,951	139	545	-	8,681	11,316	-
# of livestock under increased technology and management	Previous	-	-	150,000	-	2,500	-							
	Current	-												
	Total	-												
Number of individuals receiving agricultural inputs	Previous	-	1,937	115,000	90,000	15,769	1,937	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Current	1,937						1,317	143	477	-	-	1,937	-
	Total	1,937						1,317	143	477	-	-	1,937	-
Hectares of land returned to irrigation based on repaired/constructed systems	Previous	-	16	10,000	3,333	500	16							
	Current	16						-	-	16	-	-		
	Total	16						-	-	16	-	-		
# of people receiving off-farm business skills training	Previous	-	493	1,000	800	30	493	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Current	493						359	89	45	-	-	-	493
	Total	493						359	89	45	-	-	-	493
# of households directly benefiting from infrastructure projects including roads, market centers, cold chain and storage facilities projects	Previous	-	427	75,000	25,000	350	427							
	Current	427						-	-	427	-	-		
	Total	427						-	-	427	-	-		
# of farmers under new, licit contracts	Previous	-	1,279	10,000	6,500	1,000	1,279	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Current	1,279						914	175	190	-	-	1,279	-
	Total	1,279						914	175	190	-	-	1,279	-
Total \$US value of international exports of	Previous	-	1,281,477	2,500,000	1,000,000	300,000	1,281,477	-	-	-	-	-		
	Current													

targeted agricultural commodities as a result of USG assistance		1,281,477						1,281,477							
	Total	1,281,477						1,281,477	-	-	-	-			
# of off-farm new micro and SMEs receiving IDEA-NEW technical assistance	Previous	-						-	-	-	-	-			
	Current	6	6	300	200	6	6	5	-	1	-	-			
	Total	6						5	-	1	-	-			
# of associations assisted as a result of USG assistance	Previous	-						-	-	-	-	-			
	Current	3	3	75	25	1	3	3	-	-	-	-			
	Total	3						3	-	-	-	-			
Increased sales of licit farm and non-farm products in USG-assisted areas over previous year	Previous	-													
	Current	-	-	0	0	n/a	-								
	Total	-													
# of hectares devoted to licit agriculture production	Previous	-						-	-	-	-	-			
	Current	573	573	80,000	30,000	1,657	573	230	39	303.6	0	-			
	Total	573						230	39	304	-	-			
# of full time equivalent jobs created by USG sponsored alternative development or alternative livelihood activities	Previous	-						-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Current	2,434	2,434	5,000	2,000	6,668	2,434	1020.9	163.096	1229.28	20.95	0	2,396	38	
	Total	2,434						1,021	163	1,229	21	-	2,396	38	
# of government line staff trained with increased professional and/or technical capacity	Previous	-													
	Current	-	-	250	83	-	-								
	Total	-													
\$ value of direct investment leveraged in local business	Previous	-													
	Current	-	-	500,000	250,000	20,000	-								
	Total	-													
\$ value of grants local entities receive	Previous	-													
	Current	-	-	2,000,000	666,667	-	-								
	Total	-													

IDEA-NEW (ACDI/VOCA) QUARTERLY ACTIVITY-LEVEL INDICATORS

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	Added this period		Actual to Date	IDEA-NEW LOP Target	DAI LOP	Target (FY 09)	Actual (FY 09)	By Province					By Gender	
	Previous	Current						Balkh	F-Yab	J-Jan	S-Gan	S-Pul	Male	Female
Number of rural households benefiting directly from USG intervention in Afghanistan	Previous	-	85,542	275,000	75,000	3,947	85,542	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Current	85,542						25,535	2,414	27,391	15,940	14,262	85,542	-
	Total	85,542						25,535	2,414	27,391	15,940	14,262	85,542	-
# of individuals who have received USG-supported agriculture productivity training	Previous	-	85,542	150,000	50,000	2,500	85,542	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Current	85,542						25,535	2,414	27,391	15,940	14,262	85,542	-
	Total	85,542						25,535	2,414	27,391	15,940	14,262	85,542	-
# of livestock under increased technology and management	Previous	-	-	150,000	75,000	4,500	-							
	Current	-												
	Total	-												
Number of individuals receiving agricultural inputs	Previous	-	-	115,000	20,000	-	-							
	Current	-												
	Total	-												
Hectares of land returned to irrigation based on repaired/constructed systems	Previous	-	-	10,000	3,334	-	-							
	Current	-												
	Total	-												
# of people receiving off-farm business skills training	Previous	-	-	1,000	100	6	-							
	Current	-												
	Total	-												
# of households directly benefiting from infrastructure projects including roads, market centers, cold chain and storage facilities projects	Previous	-	-	75,000	25,000	-	-							
	Current	-												
	Total	-												
# of farmers under new, licit contracts	Previous	-	-	10,000	6,500	1,000	-							
	Current	-												
	Total	-												
Total \$US value of international exports of targeted agricultural commodities as a result of USG assistance	Previous	-	-	2,500,000	1,000,000	300,000	-							
	Current	-												
	Total	-												
# of off-farm new micro and SMEs receiving IDEA-NEW technical assistance	Previous	-	-	300	200	6	-							
	Current	-												
	Total	-												
# of associations assisted as a result of USG assistance	Previous	-	-	75	25	1	-							
	Current	-												
	Total	-												
Increased sales of licit farm and non-farm products in USG-assisted areas over previous year	Previous	-	-	0	0	n/a	-							
	Current	-												
	Total	-												

# of hectares devoted to licit agriculture production	Previous	-												
	Current	-	-	80,000	30,000	1,657	-							
	Total	-												
# of full time equivalent jobs created by USG sponsored alternative development or alternative livelihood activities	Previous	-												
	Current	-	-	5,000	2,000	6,668	-							
	Total	-												
# of government line staff trained with increased professional and/or technical capacity	Previous	-												
	Current	-	-	250	83	-	-							
	Total	-												
\$ value of direct investment leveraged in local business	Previous	-												
	Current	-	-	500,000	250,000	20,000	-							
	Total	-												
\$ value of grants local entities receive	Previous	-												
	Current	-	-	2,000,000	666,667	-	-							
	Total	-												

IDEA-NEW (MERCY CORPS) QUARTERLY ACTIVITY-LEVEL INDICATORS

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	Added this period		Actual to Date	IDEA-NEW LOP Target	ACDI/VOCA (LOP Target)	Target (FY 09)	Actual (FY 09)	By Province				By Gender	
	Previous	Current						Bdk-shn	Bagh-lan	Kunduz	Tak-har	Male	Female
Number of rural households benefiting directly from USG intervention in Afghanistan	Previous	-	9,725	275,000	75,000	500	9,725	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Current	9,725						712	2,705	4,362	692	9,725	-
	Total	9,725						712	2,705	4,362	692	9,725	-
# of individuals who have received USG-supported agriculture productivity training	Previous	6,529	9,694	150,000	50,000	202	9,694	50	2,705	4,350	673	7,778	-
	Current	1,916						662	-	-	1,254	1,916	-
	Total	8,445						712	2,705	4,350	1,927	9,694	-
# of livestock under increased technology and management	Previous	-	-	150,000	75,000	66,200	-						
	Current	-											
	Total	-											
Number of individuals receiving agricultural inputs	Previous	-	-	115,000	5,000	60	-						
	Current	-											
	Total	-											
Hectares of land returned to irrigation based on repaired/constructed systems	Previous	-	-	10,000	3,333	480	-						
	Current	-											
	Total	-											
# of people receiving off-farm business skills training	Previous	-	-	1,000	100	-	-						
	Current	-											
	Total	-											
# of households directly benefiting from infrastructure projects including roads, market centers, cold chain and storage facilities projects	Previous	-	-	75,000	25,000	300	-						
	Current	-											
	Total	-											
# of farmers under new, licit contracts	Previous	-	-	10,000	-	50	-						
	Current	-											
	Total	-											
Total \$US value of international exports of targeted agricultural commodities as a result of USG assistance	Previous	-	-	2,500,000	500,000	-	-						
	Current	-											
	Total	-											
# of off-farm new micro and SMEs receiving IDEA-NEW technical assistance	Previous	-	-	300	50	10	-						
	Current	-											
	Total	-											
# of associations assisted as a result of USG assistance	Previous	-	-	75	25	-	-						
	Current	-											
	Total	-											
Increased sales of licit farm and non-farm products in USG-assisted areas	Previous	-	-	0	0	n/a	-						
	Current	-											

over previous year	Total	-											
# of hectares devoted to licit agriculture production	Previous	-											
	Current	-	-	80,000	25,000	350	-						
	Total	-											
# of full time equivalent jobs created by USG sponsored alternative development or alternative livelihood activities	Previous	-											
	Current	-	-	5,000	1,500	480	-						
	Total	-											
# of government line staff trained with increased professional and/or technical capacity	Previous	-						-	-	12	19	31	-
	Current	-	31	250	83	-	31						
	Total	-						-	-	12	19	31	-
\$ value of direct investment leveraged in local business	Previous	-											
	Current	-	-	500,000	-	5,000	-						
	Total	-											
\$ value of grants local entities receive	Previous	-											
	Current	-	-	2,000,000	666,667	5,000	-						
	Total	-											

Cooperative Agreement Information

Project: Incentives Driving Economic Alternatives for the North, East and West (IDEA-NEW)

Start Date: March 2, 2009

End Date: March 1, 2014

Cooperative Agreement Number: 306-A-00-09-00508

AOTR/USAID Program Manager: Elizabeth Brown 0797.425.082

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