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**BUREAU FOR DEMOCRACY, CONFLICT, AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE (DCHA)  
OFFICE OF U.S. FOREIGN DISASTER ASSISTANCE (OFDA)**

***Pakistan – Complex Emergency***

Fact Sheet #12, Fiscal Year (FY) 2009

June 4, 2009

*Note: The last fact sheet was dated June 2, 2009.*

**KEY DEVELOPMENTS**

- On June 3, U.S. Special Representative to Afghanistan and Pakistan Ambassador Richard C. Holbrooke arrived in Pakistan and announced an additional \$200 million in U.S. Government (USG) assistance to conflict-affected populations.
- On June 4, Ambassador Holbrooke met with Government of Pakistan (GoP) officials and members of the humanitarian community and traveled to areas of displacement. Ambassador Holbrooke also met with focus groups composed of internally displaced persons residing in camps and host communities in North-West Frontier Province (NWFP).
- According to the U.S. Embassy in Islamabad, the Office of the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) reports that the GoP National Database and Registration Authority (NADRA) has determined that approximately 60 percent of the cases verified to date—between 1.4 and 1.6 million individuals—are eligible to receive internally displaced person benefits.
- UNHCR notes that, if NADRA continues to verify the remaining cases at the same rate, the adjusted displaced person caseload would total approximately 2 million individuals. According to UNHCR, multiple registrations by individuals and separated family members, as well as some fraudulent claims, have resulted in excess registration.
- Since June 2, USAID/OFDA provided an additional \$2.5 million to the U.N. Children’s Fund (UNICEF) for water, sanitation, and hygiene interventions (WASH), bringing total USG funding in FY 2008 and to date in FY 2009 to more than \$151 million.

NUMBERS AT A GLANCE		SOURCE
Number of Registered Internally Displaced Persons Residing in Official Camps in NWFP	191,903	UNHCR – May 27, 2009
Number of Registered Internally Displaced Persons Residing Outside Official Camps in NWFP	2,502,963	UNHCR – May 27, 2009
Total Number of Registered Internally Displaced Persons in NWFP	2,694,866 <sup>1</sup>	UNHCR – May 27, 2009

**FY 2008 AND FY 2009 HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE FOR CONFLICT-AFFECTED POPULATIONS**

USAID/OFDA Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations .....	\$72,949,446
USAID/FFP Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations .....	\$36,237,900
USAID/Pakistan Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations.....	\$7,220,652
State/PRM <sup>2</sup> Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations <sup>3</sup> .....	\$14,600,000
USDA Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations .....	\$16,800,000
DoD <sup>4</sup> Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations .....	\$3,800,000
<b>Total USG Humanitarian Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations .....</b>	<b>\$151,607,998</b>

**CURRENT SITUATION**

- The general security situation in NWFP and the Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA) remains challenging and unpredictable for humanitarian workers. Humanitarian agencies and implementing partners continue to provide assistance to displaced populations despite limited access to areas affected by recent conflict and military operations.

<sup>1</sup> This figure reported to UNHCR by the GoP Provincial Relief Commissionerate’s Emergency Response Unit (PRC/ERU) remains unverified and does not include unofficial estimates of new displacement or displaced populations outside NWFP.

<sup>2</sup> U.S. Department of State’s Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM)

<sup>3</sup> This figure does not include more than \$51 million in regional humanitarian assistance provided by State/PRM in FY 2008.

<sup>4</sup> U.S. Department of Defense (DoD)

### ***Needs Assessments***

- On June 2, the USAID Disaster Assistance Response Team (USAID/DART) conducted a rapid assessment in camps, spontaneous settlements, and communities hosting displaced persons in Swabi and Mardan districts, NWFP. The assessment determined that existing humanitarian response capacity appeared to adequately meet the immediate needs of displaced populations at locations visited.
- A recent non-governmental organization (NGO) needs assessment identified several assistance gaps, including the lack of specialized healthcare for vulnerable and disabled persons and the insufficient access to particular foods for individuals with health-related dietary restrictions.
- On June 3, the U.N. World Health Organization (WHO) announced the results of a May health assessment conducted in Swabi District. The assessment identified humanitarian needs, including additional female health workers, medical supplies, safe drinking water, and hygiene promotion activities, as well as improved maternal and child health services and expanded camp sanitation facilities. WHO noted that humanitarian agencies had identified similar needs in other districts hosting displaced populations.

### ***Health***

- On June 1, the WHO reported that staff members were preparing to transport basic medicines, and trauma and diarrhea kits into Swat District when the security situation stabilizes. In April 2009, a WHO assessment had indicated that 23 of 45 health facilities in Swat District were operating below full capacity. In June, WHO reported plans to support the Mingora city hospital in providing health services to conflict-affected populations in Swat District.
- On June 3, the U.N. Health Cluster indicated that the WHO-managed Disease Early Warning System had recorded and responded to more than 82 communicable disease alerts in Charsadda, Peshawar, Mardan, Nowshera, and Lower Dir districts in NWFP in recent months.
- The U.N. Health Cluster reported that, as of June 3, more than 600 public health facilities were operating in districts hosting displaced persons. In addition, 43 clinics are providing health services in camps and 27 mobile medical teams are responding to the needs of displaced persons living in host communities.
- The Pakistani military has established two field hospitals to service Sheikh Shahzad camp in Mardan District and Jalozi camps in Nowshera District, according to the U.N. Health Cluster.

### ***WASH***

- On June 3, the U.N. Health Cluster reported that acute diarrhea incidence rates have gradually increased in all host districts. Increases in the diarrhea incidence rate have also particularly affected Palosa, Jalozi, Benazir, Sheikh Yaseen, and Jalala camps. In response, humanitarian agencies are intensifying hygiene promotion activities in displaced person camps.
- As of June 3, WHO was securing warehouse space in Mardan District to pre-position medical supplies before the onset of the monsoon season and the accompanying increased risk of water-borne disease.
- According to UNICEF, more than 90 percent of samples from drinking water supplies in hosting districts were contaminated. In response, U.N. WASH Cluster partners are disinfecting water supplies, providing hygiene kits to displaced families, and supplying more than 4 million liters of water to camps each day.

### ***Shelter and Settlements***

- The GoP declared on June 1 that all area schools may be used to accommodate displaced persons.
- As of June 1, UNHCR and UNICEF had established two additional displaced person camps in Charsadda and Peshawar districts. By June 2, the 10,000-person Charsadda District camp had already reached capacity.

### ***Emergency Food Assistance and Relief Supplies***

- On June 2, OCHA reported that U.N. agencies and NGOs distributing relief supplies to displaced persons are coordinating with the U.N. World Food Program (WFP) to ensure that displaced populations receive food assistance and emergency relief supply distributions simultaneously.
- As of June 2, WFP was providing 30-day food rations to approximately 150,000 people per day through 25 humanitarian hubs and seven distribution points in camps. This distribution rate represents a 50 percent increase over WFP's previous distribution capacity.
- During the month of May, WFP distributed approximately 40,000 metric tons (MT) of food assistance, valued at approximately \$30 million, to approximately 2.5 million conflict-affected persons in Pakistan.

### **USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO CONFLICT-AFFECTED POPULATIONS**

- On October 20, 2008, U.S. Ambassador Anne W. Patterson redeclared a disaster due to continued humanitarian needs resulting from civil conflict and displacement in Pakistan and requested USAID/OFDA assistance.
- On May 15, USAID deployed a DART to Pakistan to support GoP relief efforts, manage the humanitarian response, and coordinate with the humanitarian community. On May 18, USAID activated a Washington D.C.-based Response Management Team to support the DART.

- In FY 2008 and to date in FY 2009, USAID/OFDA has provided nearly \$73 million in humanitarian assistance to conflict-affected populations in Pakistan and more than \$4.9 million in response to earthquakes and floods. At present, USAID/OFDA is supporting health, nutrition, humanitarian coordination and information management, economy and market systems, risk reduction, shelter and settlements, and water, sanitation, and hygiene interventions, as well as the provision of relief supplies and logistical support.
- To date in FY 2009, USAID/FFP has provided 39,670 MT of P.L. 480 Title II emergency food assistance, valued at more than \$36 million, to WFP emergency operations.
- To date in FY 2009, the USDA has provided 50,000 MT of Food for Progress assistance, valued at \$16.8 million, through the GoP Ministry of Agriculture for distribution to conflict-affected populations.
- In FY 2008 and to date in FY 2009, USAID/Pakistan has provided more than \$6.7 million in humanitarian assistance to displaced persons and conflict-affected populations in NWFP and the Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA), including support for relief commodities and programs for livelihood recovery, education, agriculture and food security, shelter and settlements, protection, economy and market systems, and water, sanitation, and hygiene.
- In FY 2009, State/PRM has provided \$14.6 million to UNHCR and the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) to support the provision of relief commodities, as well as health, protection, humanitarian coordination, shelter and settlements, and WASH activities. In FY 2008, State/PRM provided more than \$51 million in regional humanitarian assistance to populations in Afghanistan, Pakistan, and Iran, including assistance to conflict-affected populations in Pakistan.
- To date in FY 2009, DoD has provided approximately \$3.8 million in humanitarian assistance to Pakistan, including halal meals, air-conditioned tents, and generators.

**USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE  
FOR CONFLICT-AFFECTED POPULATIONS IN PAKISTAN**

<b>FY 2009</b>			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
<b>USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE<sup>1</sup></b>			
Implementing Partners	Economy and Market Systems, WASH, Logistics, Relief Commodities, Protection, Nutrition, and Shelter and Settlements	NWFP	\$18,673,873
OCHA	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	NWFP and FATA	\$1,700,000
U.N. Human Settlements Program (UN HABITAT)	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	NWFP	\$1,110,000
UNICEF	WASH, Nutrition	NWFP	\$10,800,000
WFP	Logistical Support	NWFP	\$240,000
WFP	Local Food Procurement and Distribution	NWFP	\$35,453,612
WHO	Health	NWFP	\$1,600,000
	Administrative Support Costs	Countrywide	\$76,281
<b>TOTAL USAID/OFDA</b>			<b>\$69,653,766</b>
<b>USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE</b>			
WFP	39,670 MT of P.L. 480 Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Countrywide	\$36,237,900
<b>TOTAL USAID/FFP</b>			<b>\$36,237,900</b>
<b>USAID/PAKISTAN ASSISTANCE</b>			
Implementing Partners	Economy and Market Systems, Relief Commodities, Shelter and Settlements, Agriculture and Food Security, WASH	NWFP and FATA	\$5,387,975
<b>USAID/PAKISTAN</b>			<b>\$5,387,975</b>
<b>STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE</b>			
UNHCR, ICRC	Health, Protection, Humanitarian Coordination, Relief Commodities, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	NWFP	\$14,600,000
<b>TOTAL STATE/PRM</b>			<b>\$14,600,000</b>

<b>USDA ASSISTANCE</b>			
GoP Ministry of Agriculture	50,000 MT of Food For Progress Assistance	Countrywide	\$16,800,000
<b>TOTAL USDA</b>			<b>\$16,800,000</b>
<b>DoD ASSISTANCE</b>			
GoP	Emergency Relief Commodities and Related Transportation Costs	NWFP	\$3,800,000
<b>TOTAL DoD</b>			<b>\$3,800,000</b>
<b>TOTAL USAID ASSISTANCE IN FY 2009</b>			<b>\$111,279,641</b>
<b>TOTAL USG ASSISTANCE IN FY 2009</b>			<b>\$146,479,641</b>

<b>FY 2008</b>			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
<b>USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE</b>			
UNICEF, WHO, U.N. Development Program (UNDP), UN HABITAT, NGOs	Health, Nutrition, Risk Reduction, Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Logistics and Relief Commodities, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	NWFP	\$3,295,680
<b>TOTAL USAID/OFDA</b>			<b>\$3,295,680</b>
<b>USAID/PAKISTAN ASSISTANCE</b>			
NGO Partners	Livelihood Recovery, Relief Commodities	FATA	\$1,529,275
Implementing Partners	Economy and Market Systems, Relief Commodities, Shelter and Settlements, Agriculture and Food Security, WASH	FATA	\$303,402
<b>TOTAL USAID/PAKISTAN</b>			<b>\$1,832,677</b>
<b>TOTAL USAID ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008</b>			<b>\$5,128,357</b>
<b>TOTAL USAID AND STATE ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008</b>			<b>\$5,128,357</b>

<b>FY 2008 AND FY 2009</b>	
<b>TOTAL USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009</b>	<b>\$72,949,446</b>
<b>TOTAL USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009</b>	<b>\$36,237,900</b>
<b>TOTAL USAID/PAKISTAN ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>\$7,220,652</b>
<b>TOTAL USAID ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009</b>	<b>\$116,407,998</b>
<b>TOTAL STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>\$14,600,000</b>
<b>TOTAL USDA ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009</b>	<b>\$16,800,000</b>
<b>TOTAL DoD ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009</b>	<b>\$3,800,000</b>
<b>TOTAL USG ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009</b>	<b>\$151,607,998</b>

<sup>1</sup> USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of June 4, 2009

<sup>2</sup> Estimated value of food assistance.

<sup>3</sup> Total USAID/Pakistan humanitarian assistance in FY 2008 and to date in FY 2009 does not include funding for development activities.

<sup>4</sup> Total State FY 2008 assistance does not include more than \$51 million in regional humanitarian assistance provided by State/PRM.

## **PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION**

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for displacement response efforts in Pakistan can be found at [www.interaction.org](http://www.interaction.org). Information on organizations responding to the humanitarian situation in Pakistan may be available at [www.reliefweb.int](http://www.reliefweb.int).
- USAID encourages cash donations because they allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as transportation routes, staff time, and warehouse space); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; and ensure culturally, dietary, and environmentally appropriate assistance.
- More information can be found at:
  - USAID: [www.usaid.gov](http://www.usaid.gov) – Keyword: Donations
  - The Center for International Disaster Information: [www.cidi.org](http://www.cidi.org) or (703) 276-1914
  - Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at [www.reliefweb.int](http://www.reliefweb.int)