



Making Cities Work

PARAGUAY

Capital: Asuncion (2000)
Largest City: Asuncion 1,262,000

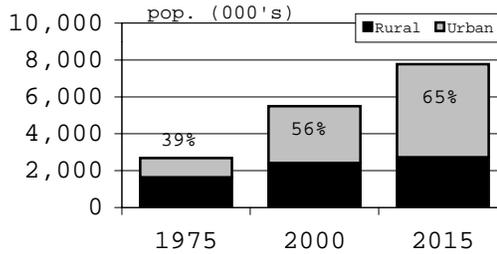
2000 Population	5.5 million
10-year Avg. Annual Pop. Growth	2.6%
GDP (2000)	\$26.2 billion
GDP per capita	\$4,766
GDP growth	1.0%
GNI per capita (2000)	\$1,450
World Bank Classification	Lower M id. Inc
Population Below Poverty Line	1.8 million



Urban

Urban Population

3,077,000 lived in urban areas in 2000.



Annual Growth Rates (2000-2015)	
Urban	3.3%
Rural	0.8%

City Sizes	# of cities
10 million +	0
5-9.9 m	0
2.5 - 4.9 m	0
.75-2.49 m	1

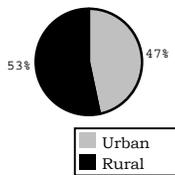
Migration Trends

As a result of growth along the eastern border, by 1982 Paraguay had more than 30 cities with at least 5,000 inhabitants. This eastern expansion helped balance the dramatic growth occurring in Asunción and spared Paraguay the "hyper-urbanization" characteristic of many Latin American capitals.

Urban Poverty

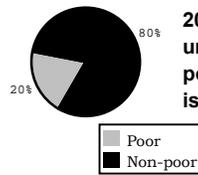
606,169 urban dwellers were below the poverty level.

POVERTY IN PARAGUAY



47% of the country's poor live in urban areas.

URBAN POVERTY



20% of the urban population is poor.

Income Inequality

(wealthiest 20% divided by poorest 20%)

Nation ('95)	27.1
Asuncion ('93)	8.8

Economy & Employment

(Country) Sector	GDP (1999)	Employment (1990)
Agriculture	28%	39%
Industrial	21%	22%
Services	51%	39%

Urban Employment Structure

Informal		Formal	
Sole Proprietor		Public	
Domestic Service		Private	
MicroEnterprise			
Subtotal	*	Subtotal	*

Decentralization

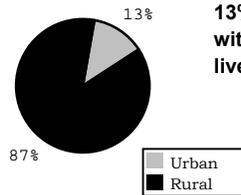
Sample Urban Area: Asuncion (500,938), 1992

(UNCHS - HABITAT, 1998)

Able to set none of local tax levels	Able to choose some contractors for projects
Able to set all of user charges	Funds transfer is known in advance
Able to borrow some of funds	Central government cannot remove local govt. officials

Infrastructure & Basic Services

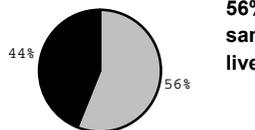
153,850 urban dwellers lack water supply.



13% of people without water supply live in urban areas.

Population without Water Supply in 2000		
	(000's)	% of rel. pop.
Urban	154	5%
Rural	1,016	42%
Total	1,170	21%

153,850 urban dwellers lack sanitation coverage.



56% of people without sanitation coverage live in urban areas.

Pop. without Sanitation Coverage in 2000		
	(000's)	% of rel. pop.
Urban	154	5%
Rural	121	5%
Total	275	5%

Health

First and Second Quintile of Income Distribution

	Urban Poorest	Rural Poorest	Urban Poor	Rural Poor	National Average
Under 5 yrs.-old. mortality rate (per 1,000 births, 1995)	*	55	*	43.5	46.6
Children severely underweight (under 5 yrs.-old)	4.1%	0.5%	0.0%	0.5%	0.5%

Crime

	Small (city size)		
	<100,000	Medium (<1.0 mill.)	Large (>1.0 mill.)
% of households reporting assaults & robberies, 1996-1998	29.4%	36.9%	36.6%