



**July 1, 2006 -
December 31, 2006**

Interim Report

Contraceptive and Reproductive Health Technologies Research and Utilization Program

**Cooperative Agreement
GPO-A-00-05-00022-00**



**Submitted to:
Office of Population and Reproductive Health
Research Technology and Utilization Division
United States Agency for International Development**

INTERIM REPORT

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GPO-A-00-05-00022-00

**Submitted to:
Office of Population, Research Technologies Unit
United States Agency for International Development**

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| FCO INDEX | |

A

| | | |
|------------|---|---|
| AACE | - | Association for the Advancement of Computing in Education |
| A2LA | - | American Association for Laboratory Accreditation |
| AEs | - | Adverse Events |
| AFRO | - | Africa Regional Office (FHI) |
| AIBIR | - | Academia de Investigación en Biología de la Reproducción (México) |
| AMH | - | Association Medicale Haitienne (Haiti) |
| AMKENI | - | FHI subproject (from a Swahili word meaning coming together) |
| AMREF | - | African Medical and Research Foundation and Japanese International Cooperative Agency |
| APHA | - | American Public Health Association |
| APHIA | - | Population and Health Integrated Assistance Project |
| APLAFA | - | Asociación Panameña para el Planeamiento de la Familia |
| APPRENDE | - | Asociación Para La PRevención de Embarazos No DEeseados |
| APROFAM | - | Asociación Pro-Bienestar de la Familia (Guatemala) |
| ARH | - | Adolescent Reproductive Health |
| ARFH | - | Association for Reproductive and Family Health |
| ARHP | - | Association of Reproductive Health Professionals |
| ARV | - | Antiretroviral |
| ASA | - | American Statistical Association |
| ASHE | - | Ashe Caribbean Performing Arts Ensemble and Academy |
| ASHONPLAFA | - | Family Planning Association of Honduras |
| ASTM | - | American Society for Testing Materials |

B

| | | |
|------|---|--|
| BASS | - | Behavioral and Social Sciences (FHI Group) |
| BCC | - | Behavior, Change and Communication |
| BCI | - | Behavior, Change Intervention |
| BIOS | - | Biostatistics (FHI group) |
| BMC | - | BioMed Central |
| BSG | - | Bharat Scouts and Guides Association |
| BSS | - | Behavioral Surveillance Survey |

C

| | | |
|----------|---|---|
| CAs | - | Cooperating Agencies |
| CBD | - | Community Based Distribution |
| CBHW | - | Community-based Health Workers |
| CBRH | - | Community Based Reproductive Health |
| CCP | - | Central Contraceptive Procurement |
| CDC | - | Centers for Disease Control |
| CEDPA | - | Center for Development and Population Activities |
| CEMICAMP | - | Center for Mothers and Infants (Brazil) |
| CEMOPLAF | - | Centros Médicos de Orientación y Planificación Familiar (Ecuador) |
| CFAR | - | Center for AIDS Research |
| CFHC | - | California Family Health Council |
| CHP | - | Care and Health Program |
| CMC | - | Chemistry, Manufacturing and Control |
| COC | - | Combined Oral Contraceptive |
| COE | - | Center of Excellence |
| CONRAD | - | Contraceptive Research and Development Program |
| COPHIA | - | (a USAID-funded Pathfinder project in Kenya) |
| CRAS | - | Centralized Randomization Database System |
| CRD | - | Clinical Research Department (FHI Group) |
| CRF | - | Case Report Form |
| CS | - | Cellulose Sulfate |
| CSW | - | Commercial Sex Workers |
| CT | - | Chlamydia |
| CTR | - | Contraceptive Technology and Family Planning Research |
| CTU | - | Contraceptive Technology Update |
| CV | - | Contingent Valuation |

D

| | | |
|-------|---|--|
| DAIDS | - | Division of Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome |
| DCFs | - | Data Collection Forms |
| DFID | - | Department for International Development |
| DHMT | - | District Health Management Teams |
| DMC | - | Data Monitoring Committee |
| DMPA | - | Depot Medroxyprogesterone Acetate |
| DMT | - | Decision Making Tool |
| DMU | - | Dual Method Use |
| DOH | - | Department of Health |
| DP | - | Dual Protection |
| DPU | - | Dual Purpose Use |
| DRH | - | Division of Reproductive Health (Kenya MOH) |
| DSA | - | Development Studies Associates |
| DSFC | - | Division Sante Familiale et Communautaire (Mali) |
| DSMB | - | Data Safety Monitoring Board |

E

| | | |
|-------|---|---|
| ECP | - | Emergency Contraceptive Pills |
| ECPG | - | Essential Care Practice Guides |
| EECMY | - | Ethiopian Evangelical Church Mekane Yesus |
| EFCF | - | Egyptian Fertility Care Foundation |
| EFCS | - | Egyptian Fertility Care Society |
| EIS | - | Electronic Information System |
| EPHA | - | Ethiopian Public Health Association |
| EPT | - | Evaluation Preparation Team |
| ERB | - | Ethics Review Board |
| ERC | - | Ethics Review Committee (Ethiopia) |
| ESA | - | East South Africa |
| EVMS | - | Eastern Virginia Medical School |

F

| | | |
|---------|---|--|
| FC | - | Female Condom |
| FCCIT | - | Female Condom Community Intervention Trial |
| FCI | - | Family Care International |
| FCO | - | Final Cost Objective |
| FECASOG | - | Central American Federation of Ob-Gyns (Guatemala) |
| FGAE | - | Family Guidance Association of Ethiopia |
| FGC/FGM | - | Female Genital Cutting/Female Genital Manipulation |
| FGD | - | Focus Group Discussion |
| FHI | - | Family Health International |
| FITS | - | Field, Information and Training Programs (FHI group formerly PRU) |
| FLASOG | - | Federación Latino Americano De Sociedades De Obstetricia y Ginecología (El Salvador) |
| FLE | - | Family Life Education |
| FP | - | Family Planning |

G

| | | |
|------|---|---------------------------------|
| GC | - | Gonorrhea |
| GCP | - | Good Clinical Practices |
| GHRD | - | Global Health Research Database |
| GHS | - | Ghana Health Service |
| GLP | - | Good Laboratory Practice |
| GMP | - | Good Manufacturing Practices |
| GTZ | - | German Technical Cooperation |

H

| | | |
|------|---|--|
| HBC | - | Home Based Care |
| HC | - | Hormonal Contraceptive |
| HFLE | - | Health and Family Life Education |
| HMGN | - | Her Majesty's Government of Nepal |
| HMSC | - | Health Ministry Steering Committee (India) |
| HOPE | - | HOPE Enterprises Ltd. |
| HPV | - | Human Papilloma Virus |
| HRM | - | Human Resource Management |
| HSR | - | Health Services Research (FHI group) |
| HSRC | - | Human Science Research Council |

I

| | | |
|--------|---|---|
| IBP | - | Implementing Best Practices |
| ICAAP | - | International Conference on AIDS in Asia and the Pacific |
| ICASA | - | International Conference on AIDS & STIs in Africa |
| ICMR | - | Indian Council of Medical Research |
| ICRH | - | International Center for Reproductive Health |
| ICRW | - | International Center for Research on Women |
| IDE | - | Investigational Device Exemption |
| IEC | - | Information, Education and Communication |
| IGWG | - | Interagency Gender Working Group |
| IMPACT | - | Implementing AIDS Prevention and Control Activities (FHI project) |
| IMSS | - | Instituto Mexicano de Seguro Social |
| IND | - | Investigational New Drug Exemption |
| INTRAH | - | Program for International Training and Health |
| IPAS | - | International Projects Assistance Services |
| IPPF | - | International Planned Parenthood Federation |
| IRB | - | Institutional Review Board |
| IRESKO | - | Institut de Recherche et des Etudes de Comportements |
| IRH | - | Institute for Reproductive Health, Georgetown |
| ISO | - | International Standards Organization |
| ISSTDR | - | International Society for STD Research (Cameroon) |
| IT | - | Information Technology (FHI Group) |
| IUD | - | Intrauterine Device |
| IWC | - | Integration Working Committee (Zimbabwe) |
| IWG | - | Interdepartmental Working Group |

J

- JHPIEGO - Johns Hopkins Program for International Education in Reproductive Health
- JHU - Johns Hopkins University
- JICA - Japanese International Cooperation Agency
- JPPM - Joint Program Planning Meeting
- JWG - Joint Working Group

K

- KATH - Komfo Anoky Teaching Hospital
- KZN - KwaZulu Natal

L

- LAM - Lactational Amenorrhea Method
- LMIS - Logistics Management Information System
- LNG - Levonorgestrel

M

- M&E - Monitoring and Evaluation
- MAQ - Maximizing Access and Quality
- MEXFAM - Mexico Family Planning Organization
- MINSAs - Ministry of Health Nurses Association (Nicaragua)
- MOE - Ministry of Education
- MOH - Ministry of Health
- MOHP - Ministry of Health and Population
- MOPH - Ministry of Public Health
- MOU - Memorandum of Understanding
- MRC - Medical Research Council (South Africa)
- MSH - Management Sciences for Health
- MSIE - Marie Stopes International (Ethiopia)
- MSS - Management Support Services (Nepal)

N

| | | |
|--------|---|---|
| N-9 | - | Nonoxynol-9 |
| NACID | - | Nazareth Children's Center and Integrated Development |
| NDA | - | National Drug Authority |
| NAFDAC | - | National Agency for Food and Drug Control (Nigeria) |
| NARI | - | National AIDS Research Institute |
| NASCOP | - | National AIDS & STDs Control Program |
| NAYA | - | Nepal Adolescent and Young Adult Project |
| NDOH | - | National Department of Health (South Africa) |
| NFCC | - | Nepal Fertility Care Center |
| NFPB | - | National Family Planning Board (Jamaica) |
| NGO | - | Nongovernmental Organization |
| NIAID | - | National Institute for Allergic and Infectious Diseases (NIH) |
| NICHD | - | National Institute of Child Health & Human Development |
| NIH | - | National Institutes of Health |
| NIMR | - | Nigerian Institute of Medical Research |
| NMIMR | - | Noguchi Memorial Institute for Medical Research (Ghana) |
| NSV | - | No-scalpel Vasectomy |
| NYAM | - | New York Academy of Medicine |

O

| | | |
|-----|---|---|
| OD | - | Organizational Development |
| OR | - | FRONTIERS Operations Research Agreement |
| OTC | - | Over The Counter |
| OVC | - | Orphans and Vulnerable Children |

P

| | | |
|--------|---|--|
| PAA | - | Population Association of America |
| PAHO | - | Pan American Health Organization |
| PAI | - | Population Action International |
| PAL | - | Preliminary Approval Letter |
| PAR | - | Participative Action Research |
| PATH | - | Program for Appropriate Technology for Health |
| PCS | - | Population Communication Services |
| PEPFAR | - | President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief |
| PFA | - | Patient Flow Analysis |
| PGI | - | Post-Graduate Medical Research Institute |
| PHMT | - | Provincial Health Management Team |
| PHMWG | - | Population and Health Materials Working Group |
| PHSC | - | Protection of Human Subjects Committee (FHI's IRB) |
| PI | - | Principal Investigator |
| PID | - | Pelvic Inflammatory Disease |
| PLA | - | Participatory Learning and Action |

| | | |
|------------|---|--|
| PMA | - | Premarket Approval Application |
| PMPA | - | Phosphonylmethoxypropyl adenine |
| PMTCT | - | Prevention of Mother To Child Transmission |
| PNC | - | Pre-Natal Care |
| PQC | - | Product Quality and Compliance (FHI group) |
| PRB | - | Population Reference Bureau |
| PROFAMILIA | - | Asociación Dominicana Pro Bienestar de la Familia, Inc. (IPPF affiliate in Colombia) |
| PSA | - | Prostate-Specific Antigen/Project Support Association (S. Africa) |
| PSI | - | Population Services International |
| PSS | - | Polystyrene Sulfonate Gel |
| PVO | - | Private Voluntary Organization |

Q

| | | |
|-----|---|---|
| QA | - | Quality Assurance |
| QAP | - | Quality Assurance Project (Latin America) |
| QOC | - | Quality of Care |

R

| | | |
|-------|---|--|
| R&D | - | Research and Development |
| RA/QA | - | Regulatory Affairs and Quality Assurance (FHI group) |
| RCT | - | Randomized Controlled Trial |
| REDSO | - | Regional Development and Support Office |
| RETC | - | Research Ethics Training Curriculum |
| RH | - | Reproductive Health |
| RHR | - | Department of Reproductive Health and Research |
| RHRU | - | Reproductive Health Research Unit (South Africa) |
| RTI | - | Reproductive Tract Infection |

S

| | | |
|------|---|--|
| SA | - | South Africa |
| SAGO | - | Society of African Gynecologists and Obstetricians (Senegal) |
| SARA | - | Support for Analysis and Research in Africa |
| SDP | - | Service Delivery Point |
| SDM | - | Standard Days Method |
| SMC | - | Social Marketing Company (Bangladesh) |
| SOP | - | Standard Operating Procedures |
| SOTA | - | State Of The Art |
| SOW | - | Scope of Work |
| STC | - | Society for Technical Communication |
| STD | - | Sexually Transmitted Disease |
| STI | - | Sexually Transmitted Infections |

T

| | | |
|-----|---|-------------------------------|
| TA | - | Technical Assistance |
| TBD | - | To Be Determined |
| TBS | - | Tanzania Bureau of Standards |
| TMs | - | Technical Monitors |
| TOC | - | Technical Oversight Committee |
| TOT | - | Training of Trainers |

U

| | | |
|-------|---|---|
| UAP | - | Uplifting Adolescents Project |
| UCH | - | University College Hospital (Ibadan, Nigeria) |
| UNC | - | University of North Carolina |
| UNFPA | - | United National Population Fund |
| URC | - | University Research Corporation |
| USAID | - | U.S. Agency for International Development |
| USFDA | - | United States Food and Drug Administration |

V

| | | |
|-----|---|----------------------------------|
| VA | - | Virtual Access (Ghana) |
| VCT | - | Voluntary Counseling and Testing |

W

| | | |
|------|---|--|
| WHO | - | World Health Organization |
| WITs | - | University of Witwatersrand |
| WSP | - | Women's Studies Project (former FHI Project and Group) |
| WTP | - | Willingness-to-Pay |

Y

| | | |
|-----|---|------------------|
| YCs | - | Youth Counselors |
|-----|---|------------------|

Z

| | | |
|--------|---|---|
| ZNFPCC | - | Zimbabwe National Family Planning Council |
|--------|---|---|

GLOSSARY

The following table provides key terms that are used in the individual subproject reports:

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Collaborating Agency: | A USAID cooperating agency (CAs), a private or governmental group, or a nongovernmental organization (NGO) with which FHI is working in partnership. Such agencies provide additional technical or financial support to the subproject (e.g. providing related training or funding local costs). CAs that fund FHI directly for an effort are cited as the funding source, not as a “collaborating agency” on the subproject. |
| Final Cost Objective (FCO): | The accounting number assigned by FHI’s Contracts and Grants Office. It indicates a specific source of funding for a particular subproject. This is the key unit for all financial reports. |
| Subgrantee: | Institution(s) or organization(s) designated by FHI as responsible for executing some or all of the activities described in the subproject. A Subagreement generally exists between FHI and the named party. In past FHI reports, the term “implementing agency” was used in the same manner. |
| Subproject: | An activity within the Cooperative Agreement that has specific objectives and outputs. A subproject is generally related to only one FCO number. Multiple FCO numbers are necessary, however, if multiple funding sources are involved. Examples of subprojects are individual clinical trials, survey research studies, workshops or training efforts, major publications and regulatory or management support. |
| Total Approved Budget: | The most recently approved life-of-FCO or life-of-subproject budget. A subproject’s total budget may be supported by one or more FCOs, depending on the number of funding sources. Subprojects often span more than one fiscal year. Therefore, a subproject’s total approved budget figure is likely to be greater than the budget cited for any one year. |

INTRODUCTION

This interim report covers work carried out by Family Health International (FHI) between July 1, 2006 and December 31, 2006 under the Contraceptive and Reproductive Health Technologies Research and Utilization (CRTU) Cooperative Agreement with the United States Agency for International Development. The Agreement No. GPA-A-00-05-00022-00 was awarded to FHI on April 29, 2005 and covers a five-year program of work. We are currently in Year 2 of program implementation.

Since its founding in 1971, Family Health International has worked with USAID to advance and support family planning and reproductive health programs worldwide. The CRTU Program continues this tradition with the goal of increasing the range of available choices and the use of safe, effective, acceptable, and affordable contraceptive methods and reproductive health technologies, including microbicides, delivered through high-quality family planning and reproductive health services in developing countries. A primary focus of the current cooperative agreement is research utilization.

The intermediate results to be achieved through the Agreement are:

- Improved and new contraceptive and reproductive health technologies developed, evaluated and approved;
- Microbicides and microbicides/spermicides developed, evaluated and approved; and
- Use of contraceptives, microbicides and reproductive health technologies optimized and expanded.

The primary purpose of the Interim Report is to provide a brief and readily accessible update to USAID on all the subprojects reported in FHI's 2006-2007 Workplan for the CRTU Program. This interim report is organized under the following strategy headings:

- HIV/AIDS and Contraceptive Services
- Hormonal Methods
- Long-Acting and Permanent Methods
- Barrier Methods
- Microbicides
- Youth

The Youth strategy was added this year in order to add focus to activities that address this special population. The decision to add this strategy was made by FHI's CRTU Leadership Group in consultation with USAID staff.

In addition, some subprojects are categorized into two non-strategy groupings:

- Cross-cutting (including Research-to-practice, Field Programs and Monitoring & Evaluation);
- Technical Support

Subprojects in the Technical Support area may extend across the life of the CRTU (e.g. Coordination of CONRAD activities and Regulatory Affairs & Quality Assurance) or may arise at the request of the sponsoring agency or USAID (e.g. WHO Technical Assistance). These technical support activities are differentiated from general programmatic technical assistance due largely to their duration, scope or origin.

The following activities were approved by USAID during Year 2 of CRTU implementation:

Increasing access to postpartum family planning services
DMPA acceptance in India
FP-VCT integration in Tanzania
Scaling Up – Building field capacity
RCT of Three Vasectomy Techniques
Using Male Motivators to increase family planning use among married couples in Malawi

These six activities were approved due to the need to ensure that the CRTU addresses observed gaps in indicator analysis and remains on-target to achieve our stated outcomes at the end of Year 5.

Within the strategy areas, individual subproject reports are presented with similar USAID-supported subprojects grouped together. This interim report provides a comprehensive picture of 124 subprojects that were fully or partially funded by the CRTU for the July 1, 2006–December 31, 2006 reporting period. Each subproject is listed only once, under the strategy area to which it is considered to most directly contribute, and each subproject report includes a statement of the subproject's objective(s); the activities, accomplishments and problems during the past six months; and a summary of plans for the January-June 2007 period. Highlights of key results or outcomes are provided as available and for all those subprojects which ended during this reporting period. Financial information on the total approved budget for each CRTU activity is also provided.

Appendix A, at the back of this report, includes a financial management report with more detailed budget and expenditure information. Appendix C lists the subprojects by region and country so that readers can see the scope of FHI's activities in each geographic area. Subprojects carried out in multiple countries, and/or whose intent is to respond to global issues, are listed under a "Worldwide" category. Appendix B includes the listing of articles that have been published during the interim report period. Other useful reference tools include: a Report on Staff and Consultant Travel Undertaken: International and Domestic (Appendix D); an Acronyms List (page i) and a Glossary (page ix). An index at the back of the report provides a listing of all final cost objective (FCO) numbers, subproject titles and affiliated page numbers. This information should assist readers interested in locating any one particular report.

The hypothesis that diaphragms might offer women some protection against sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV, will soon be tested in several randomized controlled trials... Testing the diaphragm's effectiveness against bacterial STIs was logical because gonorrhea and chlamydial infection are clearly acquired in the cervix and not the vagina. And evidence of the diaphragm's potential to protect against these and other STIs has been accumulating. If the diaphragm does indeed protect the cervix against STIs, it might indirectly protect against HIV, since HIV infection is facilitated by the presence of other STIs.

Network, Vol. 22, No. 2, 2003: Female Barrier Methods

Male condoms—when used consistently and correctly—are an effective means of preventing HIV infection, gonorrhea (in men), and unplanned pregnancy among people who are sexually active and need to protect themselves. Both a consensus report issued by the U.S. National Institutes of Health (NIH) in 2001 and a fact sheet released by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) in 2002 have recognized these facts.

Network, Vol. 22, No. 4 2003: Barrier Methods

BARRIER METHODS

Strategic Objectives

- To support the development of and evaluate new or modified use of existing products.
- To evaluate the public health impact of introducing barrier methods into reproductive health programs.
- To test approaches for achieving optimal uptake, correct use, and maximum affordability of barrier methods.

FHI/NC subprojects fully or partially funded by USAID's CRTU Agreement:

A. Female Barrier Methods

| | |
|------------|---|
| USA: | Pivotal Effectiveness Study of the PATH SILCS Diaphragm (FCO 2299/112101) |
| USA: | Next Steps for Clinical Research of New Female Condoms (FCO 112111/132114/132142) |
| Worldwide: | Measuring Effectiveness of UNFPA-sponsored Female Condom Promotion Initiatives (FCO 114107) |
| USA: | Structural Integrity of the FC2 Female Condom (FCO 112117) |
| USA: | Female Condom Reuse: Assessing the Efficacy of Dish Detergent in Removing HIV and Chlamydia from the Surfaces of Inoculated FC2 Female Condoms (FCO 132115) |
| USA: | Formative Research to Determine the Feasibility of Recruitment for "True Efficacy" Trials (FCO 116104/116107) |
| Worldwide: | International Standards Development (FCO 118100) |

**FHI/NC subprojects fully or partially funded by USAID's CRTU Agreement
(Continued):**

B. Male Barrier Methods:

- South Africa: ABC Approach for Youth on University Campuses in South Africa (FCO 153101)
- Kenya: Evaluating the "Young Men as Equal Partners" Project (FCO 114100/114123)
- Zimbabwe: Audio Computer-assisted Self-interviewing (ACASI) vs. Face-to-face (FTF) (FCO 132117/172004/172007)
- Worldwide: Production Surveillance of Condoms- Domestic and Off-Shore (FCO 148100)

Female Barrier Methods:

USA: Pivotal Effectiveness Study of the PATH SILCS Diaphragm (FCO 2299/112101)

Objective(s): To provide data management, statistical analysis, regulatory audits, and monitoring of half of the sites for this pivotal study designed to assess the safety of the SILCS diaphragm and its effectiveness in preventing pregnancy.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The FHI clinical monitor began developing the study manual and regulatory binder. Both were submitted to CONRAD for further review.
- The team began CRF development.
- The protocol (v3.0) was revised due to FDA comments and approved October 25, 2006.
- The IDE was submitted on October 30, 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The Study Manual and Regulatory Binder will be finalized.
- The CRFs will be finalized, approved, printed and distributed to the sites.
- Site initiation visits will be conducted in the first quarter of 2007.
- Enrollment will begin in the first quarter of 2007.
- Interim site visits will be conducted in the first and second quarters of 2007.
- The data management system will be set up by the end of the second quarter of 2007.
- The data management plan will be drafted, reviewed and approved.

Funding Source(s):

USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID:
Core

| | | |
|-----------------------------|----|------------------|
| Total Approved Budget: 2299 | \$ | 19,805 |
| 112101 | \$ | 1,313,190 |
| | \$ | <u>1,332,995</u> |

USA: Next Steps for Clinical Research of New Female Condoms (FCO 112111/132114/132142)

Objective(s): To facilitate: (1) the completion of a plan of action to take to the FDA to determine regulatory approval paths for the three new female condom (FC) types; (2) the selection of the best candidate(s) FCs to move through the regulatory process; (3) quality assurance testing and assembly of clinical supplies for the CONRAD-sponsored study of two lengths of the Reddy FC; and (4) the provision of biostatistical input into the development of international standards for FC products.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The Clinical Agreement between PATH and FHI was finalized in July 2006.
- IRB requested modifications to the protocol were made and accepted in August 2006. A USAID requested product change (from 120mm device to 90mm device) resulted in

resubmission of the protocol to local and site IRBs in September 2006. The protocol and all related instruments were approved by FHI's and the Wits IRB (South Africa) in November 2006. This change in product delayed study start-up by two months.

- All study products were received from September-November 2006.
- In October 2006, a Quality Management Plan (monitoring plan) was approved and the data management plan was drafted.
- The project Biostatistician attended a second ISO standards development meeting in Delhi, India in October 2006.
- The study subagreement was signed by all parties in November 2006.
- The Investigator's Manual was completed in December 2006.
- Surveys and coital diaries were translated into Zulu in December 2006.
- FHI/SA and USAID/SA have been advised about the study and upcoming study initiation visit to South Africa.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Study products will be sent to FHI's PQC laboratory for Quality Assurance testing in early January 2007.
- Study products will be shipped to South Africa after quality testing.
- Study site training and initiation will be conducted in Durban, SA on or about January 22, 2007.
- Training for the qualitative arm (Part 3) of the study will be conducted in February 2007.
- A trip to South Africa is planned for early April 2007 to monitor study progress for Part 1.

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|--|
| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Microbicides |
| Total Approved Budget:112111 | \$ | 350,000 |
| 132114 | \$ | 521,049 |
| 132142 | \$ | 155,581 |
| | \$ | <u>1,026,630</u> |

Worldwide: Measuring Effectiveness of UNFPA-sponsored Female Condom Promotion Initiatives (FCO 114107)

Objective(s): 1) To collaborate with UNFPA in developing a protocol for measuring the relative cost-effectiveness of alternative female condom distribution systems; and 2) to devise a plan for UNFPA-funded technical assistance in M&E.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- No further work on this subproject was done due to the policy against using Population funds for female condom activities.
- The FCO was closed in September 2006.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The government of Denmark awarded the project. UNFPA is going forward with the work. (FHI is not involved.)
- A proposal was submitted to the BMGF for a scaled-down project, but the foundation decided not to fund it.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID:
Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 30,303

USA: Structural Integrity of the FC2 Female Condom (FCO 112117)

Objective(s): To determine the feasibility of reusing the new FC2 female condom. This subproject will compare the test values obtained at baseline and after each wash/bleach sequence (1X, 2X, etc.) with the manufacturer's specifications for water leakage, tensile strength, and air burst testing.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Analysis of test report showed that the study washing procedure was not followed in the airburst and tensile strength test cells (i.e. the testing was out of protocol). These findings resulted in the need to repeat airburst and tensile testing.
- However, baseline data were analyzed and results were found to be consistent with manufacturer specifications. Note: Per protocol, the washing procedure was not used in baseline testing.
- Study products from the same lot (Female Health Company #3007) were ordered to repeat specific test cells. Product was received in October 2006.
- Re-testing of airburst and tensile test cells occurred in November 2006.
- Analysis of data and report generation was completed in December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- A final report and/or a manuscript will be drafted.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 43,864

USA: Female Condom Reuse: Assessing the Efficacy of Dish Detergent in Removing HIV and Chlamydia from the Surfaces of Inoculated FC2 Female Condoms (FCO 132115)

Objective(s): To determine whether organisms which cause STIs, and which would be expected to be present on the interior surface of a condom following sexual intercourse with an STI infected male partner can be inactivated after soaking in detergent and bleach solutions for defined periods of time. In this study, the detergent is the experimental substance and the bleach is used as a control.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Tests of structural integrity (water leakage, airburst and tensile strength) were completed by technicians in FHI's PQC division in July 2006.
- Analysis of data and laboratory notes indicated cleaning and bleaching procedures were not conducted to protocol, resulting in inconsistent and confounding results in August 2006.
- Study product was reordered and tests were repeated in November 2006.
- Analysis of results was completed in December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- A report and /or manuscript will be drafted and submitted to the WHO and a peer-reviewed journal.
- Depending on results of the structural testing (explained in Description above), we will either initiate microbial studies with ATS Labs or cancel this portion of the subproject.

Funding Source(s):

USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID:
Microbicides

Total Approved Budget:

\$

239,541

USA: Formative Research to Determine the Feasibility of Recruitment for "True Efficacy" Trials (FCO 116104/116107)

Objective(s): To identify characteristics of women who are most likely to participate in a one-month, placebo/no method-controlled contraceptive efficacy or effectiveness trial; and to develop strategies to recruit women willing to join the study.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The protocol, data collection instruments, and consent forms for the U.S. site were approved by the PSHC in August 2005.
- All interviews with community stakeholders were conducted at the U.S. site in September-December 2006.
- The protocol, data collection instruments, and consent forms were modified for the added South African site, May-October 2006 and submitted for local ethics review in November 2006.
- The protocol, data collection instruments, and consent forms were modified for the Madagascar site from February-October 2006 and submitted for local ethics review in November 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will submit an amendment to the PHSC to conduct the study in the Madagascar and South African site.
- The training curricula will be developed.
- Training at both the South Africa and Madagascar sites will be conducted for study staff.
- Data analysis of stakeholder interviews from the U.S. site will begin and data collection at the U.S. site will be completed.
- Data collection at the South Africa and Madagascar sites will begin.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget:116104 | \$ | 297,359 |
| 116107 | \$ | 94,260 |
| | \$ | <hr/> 391,619 |

Worldwide: International Standards Development (FCO 118100)

Objective(s): To actively participate in international standards organizations to establish new and/or revise existing performance standards for medical devices, pharmaceuticals, and other commodities procured and distributed by USAID.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Staff participated in the 22nd meeting of the ISO Technical Committee - 157 - Mechanical Contraceptives that was held in Delhi, India in October 2006. Considerable progress was made in revising the draft standards for synthetic male condoms.
- Carter moderated a panel discussion on contraceptive quality assurance during an exposition sponsored by the Indian Department of Medical Research.
- An FHI staff member participated in the ASTM meetings held in Atlanta, GA in December 2006 and chaired a meeting of the D11.57 Technical Advisory Group.
- A new Committee Draft (CD) will be disseminated in March '07. If we are successful in getting approval, the next step will be to issue a Final Draft Int'l Standard (FDIS) which must get the approval of 67% of the TC membership. Following this approval, the standard will become official (in late 2008).

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will:
 - Attend the ISO TC 157 Working Group meetings at the FDA in March 2007. A new Committee Draft of the standard for male synthetic condoms will be disseminated at that time.
 - Coordinate an ASTM Interlaboratory Study for Male Condoms not currently represented by the existing ASTM (D3492) standard.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: CSL-Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | Annually Approved |

Male Barrier Methods:

South Africa: ABC Approach for Youth on University Campuses in South Africa (FCO 153101)

Objective(s): To inform university students about specific risks for HIV/STIs and unintended pregnancy and to educate them in specific life skills to help them adopt ABC behaviors.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Training peer educators in greater depth on life skills continued on each campus. Additional training topics such as team building, recruitment and journaling were covered.
- Supervision of peer educators continued on an individual and group basis.
- Peer educators have played a key role in student orientations on each of the campuses; providing information on the ABC approach and answering questions about STIs/HIV and unintended pregnancy.
- A four part radio series, “The ABC Lifestyle on Campus” was produced and aired on community radio stations with a potential reach of 6,000,000 listeners. Reports indicate we have so far reached 3,793,000 listeners. Although this was originally conceived as a five-part series, it was condensed to four episodes in final edit to maintain tempo and keep it entertaining while educational.
- The University of the Free State secured air time on the local Qwa Qwa station. This weekly time was reported as an ongoing commitment with the station.
- A presentation by a peer educator from University of the Free State was made to the Life Skills program of the Department of Social Justice. As a result, the Department has asked the university to partner with them on their life skills programme.
- Peer educators at the University of the Western Cape took an active part in a major VCT campaign in April. A total of 400 students were counseled and tested over two days.
- In May, a meeting was convened on the Medunsa campus of Limpopo University with the peer educators and other students interested in becoming peer educators. Information was given to interested students about the ABC project. Students gave input to attending FHI staff (Director, Sonja Martin FHI/S.A. and Wendy Castro from FHI/NC) on how they felt the program can be improved on the Medunsa campus. These suggestions are being implemented, and include stronger communication and better logistical planning for informational meetings.
- This FCO and subproject were closed in September 2006.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Reports from the stations on the radio series have all been positive. A typical comment; "This morning I received the series 'The ABC Lifestyle on Campus.' How refreshing and needed in the whole of South Africa. A suggestion: maybe a copy could be submitted to the Health Minister or even to our President." (Radio 786). Several stations have suggested that the series be translated into local languages.
- Scheduling regular BCC group meetings around the university calendars proved to be difficult. As an alternative, holding a series of six-weekly meetings, instead of an on-going meeting schedule throughout a semester to be discussed at the closing meeting.
- Although funding is not in place for FY' 06, each program has a plan of action to continue most activities until FY' 07 funds can be secured.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for International
Development/PEPFAR
Total Approved Budget: \$ 200,043

Kenya: Evaluating the "Young Men as Equal Partners" Project (FCO 114100/114123)

Objective(s): To measure change among young men 10-24 years of age after the implementation of the Young Men as Equal Partners subproject in the following indicators: 1) sexual and reproductive health knowledge and attitudes; 2) attitudes towards gender equity; and 3) sexual and reproductive health behaviors.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Data were further analyzed between June and November 2006.
- A presentation of baseline results was made to FPAU in Kampala in July 2006.
- A presentation of baseline results was made to project leadership in Dar es Salaam in November 2006.
- A baseline report of results in Kenya was completed in December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- A baseline report of results in Uganda will be completed in January 2007.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Results from the Kenya baseline survey:
- Young men do not have sufficient knowledge about the value of "zero grazing" as an HIV prevention technique. This is reflected in the high rates of multiple partnerships, particularly among 15-19 year olds, and in the high proportion of married men who report unprotected sex with "other" partners.
- Knowledge of contraceptive methods among boys 13-24 is not high; only condoms are widely known.
- Attitudes towards inequitable gender norms, (e.g. women are responsible for contraception but they should not carry condoms) need to be addressed.
- The majority of 15-24 year olds are sexually active, and thus in need of SRH information and services.
- Almost all boys and young men listen to the radio at least once a week, making this medium an appropriate source of information for them.
- Few young men have had exposure to peer education.

- Results from the Uganda baseline survey:
- Knowledge of the condom as a contraceptive method is high, which is reflected in the large number of young men who say they use condoms to prevent pregnancy as well as STIs.
- There is a double-standard concerning attitudes towards women who carry condoms (they are "easy") and women as responsible for preventing pregnancy.
- A large proportion of 15-19 year olds report being primarily or secondarily abstinent (they have had sex, but not in the last six months).
- The majority of 15-24 year olds are sexually active, and thus in need of SRH information and services.
- A subgroup of sexually active 15-24 year olds are engaged in multiple partnerships, with whom many are not using condoms consistently.
- Use of STI and VCT services is low in this population.
- Almost all boys and young men listen to the radio at least once a week, making this medium an appropriate source of information for them.
- Few young men have had exposure to peer education.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: 114100 \$ | 644,193 |
| 114123 | N/A |

Zimbabwe: Audio Computer-assisted Self-interviewing (ACASI) vs. Face-to-face (FTF) (FCO 132117/172004/172007)

Objective(s): To compare the validity of reports on sexual behaviors obtained using two interview modes (ACASI and FTF) using prostate-specific antigen (PSA) as a biomarker for unprotected intercourse.

Specifically, we will compare the proportion of women in the two groups (ACASI and FTF) who are PSA positive but report they have not engaged in unprotected intercourse (i.e. intercourse without a condom) in the past 48 hours.

Women exiting the MIRA diaphragm trial will be invited to return for this ancillary study. After they have provided informed consent for this ancillary study, they will be randomized to either the ACASI or FTF group and asked questions with their assigned data collection method. Following the interview, study staff will collect a vaginal swab that will be tested for PSA.

A sample size of 1,294 women would provide about 80% power to detect a 30% reduction in discordance (reporting no sex in previous 48 hours but PSA positive), assuming the discordance in the FTF group is 20% (two-sided test; alpha 0.05).

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- An ancillary protocol was finalized and reviewed by PHSC and UCSF IRB in August 2006.
- The data collection forms were finalized in September 2006.
- A protocol was approved by the local IRB in November 2006.
- The study was initiated the week of December 11, 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Study enrollment will last approximately 6 months.
- Data entry will begin approximately two months after study initiation.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Microbicides; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: OYB |
| Total Approved Budget:172004 | \$ 75,073 |
| 132117 | \$ 163,170 |
| 172007 | \$ 88,097 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$ 326,340 |

Worldwide: Production Surveillance of Condoms- Domestic and Off-Shore (FCO 148100)

Objective(s): To ensure pre-distribution quality of condoms procured domestically and offshore by USAID for developing country programs.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In June 2006, Steve Hamel traveled to Arlington, VA to meet with USAID/CSL and JSI to participate in JSI's annual Central Contraceptive Procurement retreat.
- In August 2006 staff traveled to Alabama with representatives from USAID/CSL and JSI to discuss the current production schedules and contract performance.
- In September 2006 the PQC/NC laboratory was re-accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA).
- Staff traveled to Qingdao, China in October 2006 to conduct a follow up technical audit of the production process and quality assurance systems. During the visit, 2007 production surveillance plans including the potential transfer of batch acceptance testing to the PQC Bangkok Laboratory was discussed.
- Staff visited USAID's contraceptive warehouse in Busan, Korea to inspect product and warehouse storage conditions in October 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The PQC Bangkok Laboratory will receive ISO 17025 accreditation in January 2007. Following the accreditation, a portion of the condoms procured from offshore suppliers will be submitted to the Bangkok Laboratory for quality evaluation.
- Compliance audits will be performed at the Alatech, UNIDUS and Qingdao production facilities and reports will be submitted to USAID.
- Quarterly proficiency trials between PQC/NC and PQC/Bangkok laboratories will be initiated in January 2007 as part of the Production Surveillance Program. The results of the trials will be disseminated to USAID and the Technical Oversight Committee members.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Field Support |
| Total Approved Budget: | Annually Approved |

When used correctly and consistently, oral contraceptives (OCs) are among the most effective reversible methods of contraception. But reported pregnancy rates during the first year of OC use are as high as 32 percent. Because a major contributing factor to these OC “failures” is thought to be missed pills, researchers are trying to determine how women’s daily routines, interpretations of pill taking, or knowledge about OCs affects their pill use. Such information is needed so that family planning programs can help clients take OCs more consistently.

Network, Vol 22, No. 3, 2003: Hormonal Contraceptive Methods

HORMONAL CONTRACEPTIVES

Strategic Objectives

- To evaluate new delivery systems
- To improve successful client use.
- To evaluate STI/HIV relationships.
- To provide technical support to improve service delivery.
- To evaluate non-contraceptive health benefits of hormonal contraception
- To explore male hormonal contraception

FHI/NC subprojects fully or partially funded by USAID’s CRTU Agreement:

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|---------------|--|
| Nicaragua: | RCT of Quick Start vs. Advance Provision of COCs: Bleeding and Continuation (FCO 1351/1383/2274/112109) |
| Guatemala | Continuous vs. Cyclic Use of COC Pills (FCO 112118/112130) |
| South Africa: | Feasibility of Randomized Trial to Evaluate the Effect of DMPA on STI (FCO 112119/112132/112133/112134) |
| South Africa: | Evidence for Extending the DMPA Re-Injection Interval (FCO 114118) |
| Multiple: | Analyzing Pregnancy Rates Based on the Injection Interval of DMPA (FCO 112123) |
| Uganda: | Promoting DMPA Provision by Community Health Providers (FCO 113108) |
| Uganda: | Improving Service Delivery of CBD of DMPA in Uganda (FCO 114111) |
| Madagascar: | Introductory Trial of Community-based Distribution of DMPA in Rural Madagascar (FCO 114121/124103/144100/144103) |
| South Africa: | Improving Continuation Rates for Injectable Contraceptives-South Africa (FCO 114102) |
| India: | Discontinuation of DMPA among Private Sector Clients in India (FCO 12031/114110) |
| India: | DMPA Acceptance Uttar Pradesh (FCO 12067/114119) |
| Kenya: | Development and Evaluation of a Campaign to Increase Continuation of Hormonal Methods (FCO 116105) |
| TBD: | Assessment of Late DMPA Client Management (FCO 114113) |
| Worldwide: | Pregnancy Provider Checklist & Reference Guide 2005 Update & Implementation (FCO 113107) |

Nicaragua: RCT of Quick Start vs. Advance Provision of COCs: Bleeding and Continuation (FCO 1351/1383/2274/112109)

Objective(s): 1) To determine if the "Quick Start" approach leads to higher continuation rates than advance provision of COCs over the six-month duration of the study; and 2) to determine if bleeding patterns for those subjects given COCs immediately (Quick Start) are not worse than in those subjects given COCs to start at their next menses onset (Advance Provision).

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FHI staff began working on a manuscript which will be completed under the CRD technical leadership FCO 112120.
- FCO 2274 and the subproject were closed on August 31, 2006.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Research results showed that the "Quick Start" approach to initiating oral contraceptive (OCs) use was a reasonable approach based on high continuation rates. Assuming that pregnancy can be ruled out, this approach allows women to initiate OCs immediately without waiting for their next menses.
- Another important outcome of this study was that FHI worked successfully with a new site, PROFAMILIA in Managua, to complete this work.

Funding Source(s):

Hewlett Foundation/Private; USAID
- US Agency for International
Development/USAID: Core

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| Total Approved Budget: | | | | | |
| | 2274 | \$ | | | 250,311 |
| | 1351 | \$ | | | 100,000 |
| | 1383 | \$ | | | 63,250 |
| | 112109 | \$ | | | 40,480 |
| | | \$ | | | 454,041 |

Guatemala: Continuous vs. Cyclic Use of COC Pills (FCO 112118/112130)

Objective(s): To evaluate continuation rates, adherence, and acceptability of combined oral contraceptives (COCs) used by the 21/7 cyclic regimen compared with continuous use.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- PHSC approved the study protocol in August 2006.
- A behavioral component was added, and staff were selected for the behavioral team.
- It took some time to find a site that meets the following desired specifications: low travel cost to the site, the site is on USAID's list of priority countries, the site has a high OC prevalence, the site requires OC users to see a provider to get pills. The study team visited another potential site in Guatemala in September 2006 and subsequently APROFAM in Guatemala City was selected as the study site in November 2006.
- FHI staff drafted data collection forms in December 2006.
- FHI staff drafted the ATI and subagreement in December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will:
 - Finalize data collection forms, the monitoring, and data management plans.
 - Initiate the study at APROFAM in Guatemala City.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget:112118 | \$ | 500,000 |
| 112130 | \$ | 89,182 |
| | \$ | <hr/> 589,182 |

South Africa: Feasibility of Randomized Trial to Evaluate the Effect of DMPA on STI (FCO 112119/112132/112133/112134)

Objective(s): To determine whether or not a proposed randomized trial to evaluate the effect of DMPA on STIs is feasible, and if so, to develop a plan for implementing the study.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- All three sites signed and returned the subagreements and received their first payment.
- The protocol was revised and approved by all IRBs.
- The questionnaire was pretested and finalized.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The three sites will conduct the survey.
- The sites will forward the forms to FHI/NC for data entry.
- Data entry and analysis will be conducted.
- A project report will be written by June 2007 and shared with USAID.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget:112119 | \$ | 188,784 |
| 112132 | | N/A |
| 112133 | | N/A |
| 112134 | | N/A |

South Africa: Evidence for Extending the DMPA Re-Injection Interval (FCO 114118)

Objective(s): To measure pregnancies among women who return late for their DMPA reinjections and provide evidence for whether the DMPA grace period for reinjection could be extended.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The FCO was approved by USAID in November 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Baumgartner will meet with the Women's Health Research Unit at the University of Cape Town (UCT), the potential implementing partner, regarding study design, protocol development and a subagreement in January-March of 2007.
- The protocol will be developed and submitted for review by PHSC in April-June 2007.
- The TM will work with UCT to identify appropriate study clinics with high volumes of injectable clients.

Findings and Outcomes:

- This FCO was cancelled because of the expectation that the same results (pregnancy rates in the weeks and months after DMPA injections) could be obtained for less money with a new CRD study entitled "Analyzing Pregnancy Rates Based on the Injection Interval of DMPA" (FCO 112123).

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 280,175

Multiple: Analyzing Pregnancy Rates Based on the Injection Interval of DMPA (FCO 112123)

Objective(s): To analyze existing data and gather new data to support changing current service delivery guidelines for DMPA and routinely allow injection of DMPA up to four weeks beyond the scheduled day for repeat injection (90 days). This research should reassure providers that pregnancy is unlikely in women presenting up to four weeks late for an injection, and thus eliminate one of the barriers to method continuation.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Initial discussions were held with FHI Biostatistics staff to strategize about an appropriate methodologic approach.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- An analysis plan will be drafted and finalized.
- Tables shells will be prepared.
- A manuscript will be drafted and submitted.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The submission of the manuscript presenting the risk of pregnancy for DMPA and COC from the HC-HIV data set has been delayed. A large number of co-authors are involved in this manuscript and receiving all reviews in a timely fashion has been problematic. Completion of this initial manuscript is necessary before we can proceed with the current analysis because we will use the pregnancy intervals calculated in the first manuscript.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 61,098

Uganda: Promoting DMPA Provision by Community Health Providers (FCO 113108)

Objective(s): 1) To improve the quality of family planning services offered at selected community health programs in Uganda and one other East African country by providing technical assistance for the expansion of contraceptive options to include injectable contraception; 2) to generate interest in scale-up and replication of DMPA provision by community health workers among policy-makers and community health programs throughout the African continent and other regions; 3) to initiate discussions with Ministries of Health in Uganda and one other East African country, which may result in amendment of the National RH Guidelines so that eligibility to provide injections is based upon appropriate training and demonstrated skill; 4) to update FHI's DMPA Checklist in line with the WHO Medical Eligibility Criteria and disseminate it; and 5) to produce and print 500 toolkits or "how-to" guides to enable programs to expand their choice of contraceptive methods to include injectables.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- **Uganda:**
 - The core team convened in July, September, and December 2006. The advocacy strategy was revised at that time.
 - In July, 80 reproductive health trainers and managers were trained to use the DMPA checklist. In August, 5,000 DMPA checklists were printed with the MoH logo.
 - FHI revised SC's general CBD training curriculum to include the 2004 WHO MEC and revised the DMPA curriculum and facilitator's guide.
 - Terms of reference were drafted for identified advocacy champions.
 - An additional brief outlining implementation steps was developed.
 - The Stakeholder's Sensitization meeting, attended by 60 participants, was rescheduled at the Mission's request to October.
 - SC selected 50 new agents and trained them for CBD duties in December.
 - The Mission requested FHI to map all CBD programs in Uganda. A consultant conducted interviews and completed a draft report in December.
 - A subagreement with SC to conduct the DMPA training was developed.
 - A new Guatemala case study brief was developed at the suggestion of internal reviewers. Final editing and layout and design of all briefs was conducted in December.
- **Kenya:**
 - A core team was developed including the MOH, GTZ/MOH, JHPIEGO, and ADRA and meetings convened in the fall.
 - The draft DMPA training curriculum was shared with partners in October 2006.
 - The MOH approved the advocacy kit materials; a mock-up of the final was created in December.
 - Terms of reference were drafted for a consultant to map CBD programs in targeted areas.
- **Global:**
 - An abstract on the CBD DMPA innovation was submitted to the Regional Research to Practice Conference to be held in Tanzania in March 2007.
 - In September 2006, a facilitators' guide for use of the DMPA checklist was completed and translated into Malagasy.
 - From July to December, 2,963 DMPA checklists were distributed globally.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- **Uganda:**
 - The mapping report will be finalized and disseminated in January 2007.
 - The DMPA training curriculum and materials will be finalized in January.

- About 250 copies of the Ugandan advocacy kit will be produced, and a Uganda distribution list will be developed in January.
- The district champions will propose activities in January and will begin implementation in February through June.
- The DMPA training of 50 new agents will be conducted in February. A refresher training for old agents will be conducted in March.
- Evaluation of checklist dissemination activities in Uganda will be conducted during winter/spring of 2007.
- Preparations will be made to host a delegation from Kenya to learn from the Uganda experience.
- By June, a summary report will be drafted documenting lessons learned.
- **Kenya:**
- About 250 copies of the Kenyan advocacy kit will be produced, and a Kenyan distribution list will be developed in January.
- The CBD mapping exercise will be conducted in February.
- A National stakeholder's sensitization meeting will be convened in March 2007.
- An educational tour for the MOH and implementing partners will be hosted in Uganda.
- **Global:**
- An implementation handbook, drawing on the Ugandan and Madagascar experience, will be drafted in March/April, finalized in May, and produced in June.
- As of June 2007, the facilitator training guides for the DMPA checklist will be printed and disseminated globally.
- Global and country level dissemination of the checklist will continue throughout the life of the subproject.

Findings and Outcomes:

- As of 2006, both Uganda and Kenya endorsed and adapted the DMPA checklist.
- Four hundred DMPA checklists were adapted, translated in Romanian, and disseminated by JSI in September 2006.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 301,361 |

Uganda: Improving Service Delivery of CBD of DMPA in Uganda (FCO 114111)

Objective(s): To assess scale-up of a program for service delivery of DMPA in a community-based distribution program.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- John Stanback became the new Technical Monitor for the study in September 2006.
- Stanback traveled to Kampala, Uganda in November 2006 to discuss the study protocol and the plans for study initiation.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Stanback will complete the study protocol and circulate internally and externally for approval.
- The protocol will be submitted to PHSC for expedited approval and to a Ugandan IRB. FHI and Save the Children–USA will negotiate a subagreement for data collection.
- Stanback will travel to Uganda in March 2007 to train data collection staff.
- Data collection will commence in April 2007.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 197,775

Madagascar: Introductory Trial of Community-based Distribution of DMPA in Rural Madagascar (FCO 114121/124103/144100/144103)

Objective(s): To assess the feasibility of providing depot medroxyprogesterone acetate (DMPA) through an existing network of community-based distributors in rural Madagascar, and to determine the programmatic inputs required for successful implementation and scale-up of this service delivery model.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In September 2006, a project coordinator was hired and initiated residence in Madagascar to manage field activities.
- The research protocol was finalized and received PHSC approval in November 2006.
- FHI's training specialists adapted existing materials to create a CBD training curriculum, along with a reference booklet for CBD workers.
- Tools to support CBD of DMPA were adapted or created for the Madagascar program, including the DMPA checklist, a supervisory guide, a stock monitoring form, and a client tracking sheet.
- In November 2006, 63 CBD workers and 7 supervisors were trained in CBD of DMPA.
- A consultant serving as co-PI and medical advisor for the study traveled to Madagascar in November 2006 to provide technical support for training and follow-up monitoring of CBD workers' performance.
- Following confirmation of competency by clinician supervisors, CBD workers began providing CBD of DMPA in their communities in December 2006.
- In December 2006, the FHI project coordinator was accompanied by the MOHFP investigators in conducting the first round of monitoring visits in one of the two sites.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Trained CBD workers will continue to offer DMPA to clients, and they will provide re-injections according to schedule.
- The FHI project coordinator and the MOHFP investigators will conduct bi-monthly monitoring visits to each of the two sites.
- A subagreement will be established with Population Services International (PSI) to support research activities.
- Data collection instruments for interviews with CBD workers, their clients, and their supervisors will be prepared.
- Field workers will be recruited and trained.
- Interviews with CBD worker clients will be initiated.
- Meetings with the technical advisory committee will be held in January and April 2007.

Findings and Outcomes:

- A total of 63 workers were trained in CBD provision of DMPA in November 2006 and by February 2007, all were confirmed by clinical supervisors to be competent to provide DMPA.

Funding Source(s):

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|---|
| | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Field Support; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: GLP |
| Total Approved Budget:124103 | \$ | 100,019 |
| 114121 | \$ | 138,682 |
| 144100 | \$ | 199,923 |
| 144103 | | N/A |
| | \$ | 438,624 |

South Africa: Improving Continuation Rates for Injectable Contraceptives (FCO 114102)

Objective(s): To improve continuation rates for injectable contraceptives by developing and testing an intervention tool for family planning providers in South Africa that will: 1) reduce the proportion of DMPA/NET-EN clients who discontinue (i.e. do not come back at all); 2) reduce the proportion of DMPA/NET-EN clients who are late for their re-injections; and 3) increase the proportion of late DMPA/NET-EN clients who leave the clinic with a re-injection or another temporary contraceptive method until their next scheduled re-injection.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Approval to implement was obtained in July 2006.
- The subagreement with UCT was approved in August 2006.
- The TM visited Cape Town and Umtata, South Africa in September 2006 to work in collaboration with UCT. The trip included meetings with family planning providers, district level supervisors and health officials in the Eastern Cape in order to present findings from the first study (FCO 9515) measuring client lateness for re-injections and to solicit feedback on the development of the intervention tool to aid providers in their management of late clients. The trip also included visits to potential clinic study sites and discussions with UCT staff on the study protocol including the process of tool development and finalizing the study instruments.
- Drafts of the intervention tool and study instruments were completed.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The intervention tool and study instruments will be approved internally at FHI and pre-tested in the field in January-March of 2007.
- Interviewer training is planned for January-March of 2007.
- Data collection will begin in the January-March of 2007 and be ongoing for 6-8 months.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for International
Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 496,386

India: Discontinuation of DMPA among Private Sector Clients (FCO 12031/114110)

Objective(s): To estimate the continuation rates for the injectable contraceptive DMPA and compare rates between private sector clinics in the DIMPA network to private sector clinics not in the network. The sub-objectives are to: 1) examine client experiences with use of DMPA; and 2) examine provider provision of DMPA with respect to screening, counseling, follow-up and safe injectable practices.

Note: The original title of this subproject reflected its early roots with the PSP Project: "Abt PSP 1510: Analysis of Costs and Efficiencies of Social Marketing". The title has been changed to reflect a refocusing on continuation issues with DMPA.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Data collection for Phase I was completed in July and analyzed in August. The results showed that there are so few DMPA clients that a study on discontinuation would not be feasible.
- During the fall 2006, discussions were held between FHI, PSP-One and USAID to determine what type of study would best meet the needs of the DIMPA program in India. It was agreed that a study that looked at factors that could influence acceptance, in particular, provider performance and clinic quality, should be developed.
- The new study was approved as a fast-tracked proposal and FCO 114119 was opened in November 2006. PSP-one will continue to pay FHI salaries through FCO 12031.
- FCO 114110 was closed in December 2006.

Finding and Outcomes

- The results showed that there are so few DMPA clients that a study on discontinuation would not be feasible. This subproject was subsequently canceled.
- During the fall 2006, discussions were held between FHI, PSP-One and USAID to determine what type of study would best meet the needs of the DIMPA program in India. It was agreed that a study that looked at factors that could influence acceptance, in particular, provider performance and clinic quality, should be developed.
- The new study was approved as a fast-tracked proposal and FCO 114119 was opened in November 2006.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core; Abt Associates/Collab. Agency |
| Total Approved Budget: 12031 | \$ | 69,493 |
| 114110 | \$ | 140,794 |
| | \$ | <hr/> 210,287 |

India: DMPA Acceptance Uttar Pradesh (FCO 12067/114119)

Objective(s): 1) To provide information to design interventions to increase DMPA use in target cities in India;
 2) to determine the potential demand for DMPA among clients of reproductive age attending clinics both in and outside of the DIMPA network;
 3) to determine the quality of family planning services in these clinics; and
 4) to determine the factors that lead to the decision to adopt or reject DMPA.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- A fast track proposal was approved and an FCO opened in November 2006. FCO 114119 will support FHI travel and field costs while FCO 12031, with funds from PSP-One will support FHI salary costs.
- An RFA was drafted in December in order to solicit bids for an Indian firm to conduct the data collection.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The RFA will be issued and a data collection firm will be selected.
- Data collection will begin in February and should be completed by April.
- Data entry and analysis will be conducted and a draft report written.

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| Funding Source(s): | | Abt Associates/Collab. Agency; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: 114119 | \$ | 85,823 |
| 12067 | \$ | 59,603 |
| | \$ | <hr/> 145,426 |

Kenya: Development and Evaluation of a Campaign to Increase Continuation of Hormonal Methods (FCO 116105)

Objective(s): To develop and evaluate the effect of a communication campaign designed to increase contraceptive continuation among FP users, particularly OC and injectable users.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- A site and partners were identified. The Nyanza province in Kenya will be the location of the study. Burke worked with the local principal investigator, Constance Rose Ambasa-Shisanya, Ph.D. who is based at the FHI-Nairobi office. Dr. Ambasa-Shisanya is responsible for managing the field budget and coordinating study activities with the partners.
- Burke also developed the protocol and had it reviewed by Dr. Cindy Geary and Dr. Constance Ambasa-Shisanya. BIOS conducted preliminary power calculations for the study.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- FHI will develop a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with the Program for Appropriate Technology in Health (PATH/Kenya). FHI will be responsible financially and technically for the formative research and evaluation portions of the study. PATH/Kenya will be financially and technically responsible for creating the campaign components based on the information learned through the formative research and for the implementation of the campaign in treatment site.
- FHI will enter into a subcontract with a local research organization, Tropical Institute of Community Health (TICH), Kenya.
- Burke will finalize the protocol and develop both the informed consent and the data collection instruments. The protocol will be submitted to the FHI PHSC by January 17, 2007 for the February 9, 2007 meeting of the PHSC. After receiving PHSC approval, Dr. Ambasa-Shisanya will submit the protocol for review to the Kenyatta National Hospital Ethics Review Committee.
- Burke will travel to Kenya the week of March 9-18, 2007 to conduct a five-day training with the field staff from TICH prior to the initiation of recruitment and data collection activities. The training will cover research ethics using the FHI curriculum and the study-specific protocol. Burke will also meet with PATH/Kenya during this trip to discuss future activities.
- The first round of focus groups will be conducted by TICH. The data will be analyzed by FHI. FHI and PATH/Kenya will develop the preliminary messages based on the data.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International Development/USAID:
Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 274,997

TBD: Assessment of Late DMPA Client Management (FCO 114113)

Objective(s): To collect information from contraceptive users and family planning service providers in order to develop interventions that will improve injectable continuation rates. The purpose of this study is to improve the quality of care at family planning clinics that administer injectable hormonal contraceptives. The goal is to propose strategies to improve injectable contraceptive client management by documenting the extent to which lateness for re-injections is a problem, what client-related factors might contribute to lateness and what medical

barriers exist that either contribute to lateness or hinder the appropriate management of late clients.

Specific study objectives include:

Client-level study objectives

1. To assess the prevalence of lateness among injectable contraceptive clients who return to the clinic for follow-up injections, as well as the degree of lateness (e.g. after the scheduled date, but within the grace period, after the grace period) among women who return for re-injection late.
2. To assess barriers to receiving timely injections.

Provider-level study objectives

3. To assess medical barriers to timely re-injection posed by current clinical management of clients who receive injectable contraceptives, such as counseling on when to return for re-injection, and how return visits are scheduled.
4. To assess current clinic practices regarding management of late clients.

Note: In early 2007 the title of this subproject was amended to that provided above. Its former title was identical to a subproject being conducted in South Africa with different objectives and a distinction was needed. The objectives were also further defined at the same time as the protocol was finalized.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Chin-Quee, in conjunction with colleagues from BASS developed a media-rich qualitative/quantitative study design that was presented to the Commission on Sexual and Reproductive Health in August 2006. The Commission recommended that the Technical Monitor and BASS staff member meet with Ministry of Health officials to address some of their concerns about creating conflicts with the Ministry's department of communication, whose mandate it is to develop the messages that are disseminated to the population regarding family planning and reproductive health.
- During the subsequent meeting with the Ministry of Health, it was determined that based on data that recently came to light, Nicaragua had no problems with method continuation. As a result, the study proposal was withdrawn and as of December 2006, a new location was being sought for this study.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The new Technical Monitor will look for a new country to conduct the study in January 2007.
- Presuming a study is identified by March 2007, the protocol will be submitted to partners, revised and submitted to FHI PHSC by the end of April 2007 or early May 2007.
- Data collection is anticipated to begin June – July 2007.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: |
| | Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 234,666 |

**Worldwide: Pregnancy Provider Checklist & Reference Guide
2005 Update & Implementation (FCO 113107)**

Objective(s): 1) To update the FHI Pregnancy Checklist in accordance with WHO's 2004 Medical Eligibility Criteria; 2) to revise pregnancy checklist reference materials and to produce and disseminate 2,000 reference guides and 9,000 pregnancy checklists; and 3) to promote the pregnancy checklist to CAs and PVOs, and provide technical assistance for its implementation

and use in at least three in-country programs, in an effort to reduce medical barriers and increase access to FP.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In July 2006, 80 reproductive health trainers and district level health managers in Uganda were trained to use the pregnancy checklists. In August 2006, a total of 5,000 pregnancy checklists were printed with the MoH logo. Over 2,500 pregnancy checklists have so far been distributed to a range of family planning providers in Uganda.
- As of December 2006, a final draft of the training and reference guide for the pregnancy checklist was completed and shared with stakeholders in Madagascar under the USAID BP sub-project (FCO 113115). The guide will be used in trainings scheduled for February 2007.
- The pregnancy checklist was adapted and translated in Romanian by JSI. Approximately 400 checklists were disseminated during the “15 Years of Family Planning in Romania” conference organized by JSI in September 2006.
- Between July and December 2006, 2,066 pregnancy checklists were distributed as a result of user-initiated requests from Ethiopia, Kenya, Madagascar, Nigeria, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Uganda, and the U.S.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- By June 2007, the facilitator training guides for the pregnancy checklist will be field-tested, printed, translated into French and disseminated globally.
- An evaluation of dissemination activities in the Dominican Republic and Uganda will be conducted during spring 2007.
- Focused dissemination and training efforts will be implemented in Kenya.
- Global and country level dissemination of the checklist will continue throughout the life of the sub-project.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The pregnancy checklist has been endorsed and co-branded with the Ministries of Health in Uganda and Kenya.
- JSI independently translated and produced the checklist for use in Romania.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 150,680 |

The availability and quality of health services directly affect the delivery of all contraceptive health technologies. Access to methods and services is often restricted by medical guidelines, availability of quality products, and economic constraints. Over the past decade, attention has been focused on integration of services to improve access, particularly the integration of STI and HIV services into family planning programs.

FHI CRTU Proposal, September 30, 2004, p.34 HIV and Contraceptive Methods

HIV/AIDS and CONTRACEPTIVE METHODS

FHI/NC subprojects fully or partially funded by USAID's CRTU Agreement:

- Brazil: Pharmacokinetic Interactions between DMPA and ARV (FCO 2289/112108)
- South Africa: Developing and Testing Interventions to Serve the Family Planning Needs of PMTCT Clients in South Africa (FCO 114103)
- South Africa: Enhancing PMTCT Performance in South Africa (FCO 153104)
- South Africa: Family Planning & HIV Service Integration: South Africa Network of Champions (FCO 113127)
- South Africa: Strengthening Linkages between FP, HBC and ARV Services (FCO 153105)
- Haiti: FP/VCT Extension Project in Haiti (FCO 153108/153109)
- Tanzania: Implementing and Evaluating FP and VCT Services Integration in Tanzania (FCO 114115)
- Kenya: Improving Use of Family Planning in VCT (FCO 114104/153103)
- Kenya: Integration of Family Planning into Comprehensive Care Centers (FCO 114114/124104)
- Ghana: Evaluation of Integrating Family Planning into ART Services (FCO 124101)
- Nigeria: Rapid Programmatic Assessment for FP/VCT Integration (FCO 113105)
- Worldwide: Providing Global Leadership to Family Planning and HIV Integration Efforts (FCO 113104/123100)
- Worldwide: Tool Kit to Increase Access to Appropriate and Effective Contraception for Clients with HIV (FCO 113106)
- Kenya: Examining the Family Planning Needs of Women Traditionally Targeted for HIV/STI Services (FCO 124100)
- Kenya: Risk of HIV and Feasibility Research Among House Girls in Nairobi (FCO 154100/154102)

**FHI/NC subprojects fully or partially funded by USAID's CRTU Agreement
(Continued):**

- Africa Regional: Assessing Provision of Family Planning and Reproductive Health Services in Commercial Sector HIV/AIDS Programs (FCO 124102)
- Africa Regional: FP in Context of HIV: Supporting Evidence-Based and Promising Practices in Africa (FCO 113131)
- Worldwide: Country Assessments: Documenting Promising Family Planning-HIV Integration Models (FCO 114124)
- Worldwide: Scale-up and Global Dissemination of Kenya's FP/VCT Integration Package (FCO 113126/123102)
- Worldwide: Follow-Up: Sharing Information on HIV and Hormonal Contraception with Global Audiences (FCO 113119)
- Kenya: Information Management: Hormonals & HIV (FCO 143102)
- Africa Regional: Hormonal Contraception and HIV Research: Dissemination through Africa Regional and In-Country Meetings (FCO 3703/172005)
- Multiple: Prospective Evaluation of Contraceptive Dynamics in Women (FCO 112127)
- Nigeria: Increasing Access to Postpartum Family Planning Services (FCO 114116)

Brazil: Pharmacokinetic Interactions between DMPA and ARV (FCO 2289/112108)

Objective(s): 1) To evaluate the effect of common ARV therapies (AZT/3TC + EFV) on the pharmacokinetics of DMPA; and 2) to evaluate the effects of ARV treatment on bleeding patterns with DMPA.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- An abstract was submitted to a regional Latin American meeting in November 2006.
- FHI and CEMICAMP staff finalized a manuscript based on the results by December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will:
 - Submit the manuscript for publication.
 - Disseminate study results.

Findings and Outcomes:

- An antiretroviral regimen of zidovudine, efavirenz, and lamivudine did not affect the pharmacokinetics of DMPA. This result has important implications for HIV-infected women taking antiretroviral therapy and needing contraception.

Funding Source(s):

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---|---------------|
| | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: | |
| | | Core | |
| Total Approved Budget: | 2289 | \$ | 283,823 |
| | 112108 | \$ | 124,768 |
| | | \$ | <hr/> 408,591 |

South Africa: Developing and Testing Interventions to Serve the Family Planning Needs of PMTCT Clients in South Africa (FCO 114103)

Objective(s): 1) To explore with providers and clients the feasibility and acceptability of alternative strategies for linking FP services to PMTCT services; and 2) to measure how such linkages affect FP uptake among women who have completed PMTCT services.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In September, a subagreement was established with UCT's Women's Health Research Unit (WHRU) to support field work activities.
- Data collection instruments for structured observations and interviews with clients, providers, and supervisors in antenatal care, delivery, child health services and family planning services were developed.
- In October to December 2006, field work was completed in a total of six sites in Eastern Cape and Free State Provinces.
- Databases were created, and data entry was initiated in December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Data entry and data analysis will be completed.
- FHI and WHRU investigators will review analysis results and draw preliminary conclusions about potentially feasible strategies for serving the family planning needs of sex workers.
- Focus group discussions will be held with providers and managers to solicit feedback on the feasibility and acceptability of potential integration strategies.
- Focus group discussion results will be transcribed and analyzed.
- FHI will draft a preliminary report on formative research findings, to be distributed to reproductive health and HIV service stakeholders within the Department of Health.
- Stakeholders will convene in a 1-day meeting to review and discuss formative research findings and to recommend an integration intervention for testing in follow-on operations research.
- FHI will finalize the report on the formative research phase.
- FHI and the WHRU will begin preparing the protocol for the follow-on operations research that will test the effect of an integration strategy on contraceptive uptake.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 254,357

South Africa: Enhancing PMTCT Performance in South Africa (FCO 153104)

Objective(s): 1) To provide technical assistance to 30 sites in South Africa to design, develop, and implement high quality, comprehensive and cost effective PMTCT programs, with an emphasis on strengthening family planning counseling and referral; 2) to expand upon lessons learned from previous FHI projects in PMTCT and FP/HIV integration (FCOs 3449, 9403, and 3447); and 3) to assist the provincial departments of health as needed with the development and finalization of provincial PMTCT protocols.

Note: Objective 3 was separated out from the general technical assistance as the DOH has directly asked FHI for this support.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Attempts to engage Limpopo Provincial DOH staff to collaborate on the TA project in their province stalled and FHI's Project Director met with the Limpopo DOH in July to discuss how to move forward.
- An additional training for auxiliary nurses was conducted in Northern Cape Province using the improved PMTCT/FP training manual. In Siyanda district, 23 participants were trained July 3-7, 2006 which completed the scheduled trainings for auxiliary nurses and lay counselors.
- In September 2006, FHI's South Africa Program Director met with 49 district-level DOH, clinic supervisors, and professional nurses from three of the participating districts to brief them on the PMTCT refresher training course. The aim of these district-level meetings was to help the district managers sustain and support the PMTCT program and the newly acquired knowledge and skills of the trainees.
- At the request of the district-level DOH, an additional two trainings were conducted for professional nurses. In Galagadi district, 13 professional nurses attended the training November 13-17, 2006; in Pixley-Ka-Seme district, 22 participants (19 professional nurses and 3 nursing assistants) attended the training from November 20-21, 2006.

- FHI collected services statistics in October from the Northern Cape sites for PEPFAR reporting requirements.
- FHI attempted to collaborate with the Northern Cape DOH to provide technical assistance at a DOH organized workshop to develop provincial PMTCT protocols. The finalization of the protocol by the Northern Cape DOH has been postponed as the DOH awaits further guidance from the NDOH on certain program elements.
- In October 2006, FHI received an additional \$250,000 in PEPFAR funds to support this subproject.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- FHI will participate in the Data Quality Assessment for PEPFAR scheduled for January 2007.
- Based on feedback from participants and trainers over the past 12 months and in preparation for making the training more widely accessible to organizations supporting PMTCT programs in South Africa, FHI will review the content (depth, breadth, and training style) and medical/technical accuracy of the newest revision of the above cited training manual.
- FHI will develop and finalize workplans in collaboration with the three Departments of Health from the participating provinces for the PEPFAR COP 06 reporting cycle. These provinces include Northern Cape, Limpopo, and Free State.
- FHI will develop and finalize a budget to reflect the agreed upon activities for the three provinces.
- In collaboration with the Provincial DOHs, FHI will select sites for participation in training and technical assistance activities.
- FHI staff in South Africa and North Carolina will develop Terms of Reference and recruit consultants to provide technical assistance and training in the three provinces.
- In April, FHI will complete the semi-annual reporting requirements for PEPFAR.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/PEPFAR |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ | 425,011 |

South Africa: Family Planning & HIV Service Integration: South Africa Network of Champions (FCO 113127)

Objective(s): To establish and provide technical support to a network of individuals in the South African Department of Health who are working to advance the integration of family planning and HIV service delivery.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Approval to implement the subproject was provided by USAID/W in August 2006.
- A position description for the seconded staff person was developed, approved by the NDOH, and the position was advertised locally. The CRTU Project Director in South Africa, the national integration champion, and the technical monitor conducted interviews for the seconded position.
- The top candidate was made an offer in November 2006. She accepted and will begin as FHI's RH/HIV Integration Advisor, seconded to the NDOH, in early January 2007.
- FHI staff worked with the NDOH to identify nine provincial champions.
- FHI staff compiled evidence and background materials on contraception for HIV+ women and FP/HIV integration and shared them with the champions.
- The technical monitor prepared a description of the subproject for the first issue of the Focus Country Newsletter.

- In December 2006, the South Africa Network of Champions project was officially launched in conjunction with the 6th Annual Congress of Midwives of South Africa. The launch included a plenary presentation by FHI's Project Director and the NDOH's national champion to all of the conference participants, plus a workshop with the champions. In the plenary, the speakers gave an overview of the project and an orientation to the issue of FP/HIV integration. In the workshop, FHI staff, worked with the provincial champions to develop work plans for strengthening FP/HIV integration in their provinces.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- A detailed scope of work will be developed for the RH/HIV Integration Advisor, who begins work in early January 2007.
- The RH/HIV Integration Advisor will work with each of the provincial champions to conduct a launch of the project at the provincial level in order to secure support from provincial, district, and sub-district RH and HIV managers.
- The RH/HIV Integration Advisor will work with each of the provincial champions and the national champion to refine their work plans to include activities that are feasible, low-cost, and complimentary to existing operational plans.
- The champions will begin implementing activities in their work plans.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 129,005

South Africa: Strengthening Linkages between FP, HBC and ARV Services (FCO 153105)

Objective(s): 1) To build communication and referral skills of Home-Based Care (HBC) volunteers regarding pregnancy prevention as an effective PMTCT approach; 2) to build clinical counseling skills of family planning providers and ARV providers, regarding pregnancy prevention as an effective PMTCT approach and contraceptive methods that are safe for HIV-infected women and HIV-infected women on ARVs; 3) to build the skills of HBC volunteers to provide basic information about VCT, the availability of and access to ARV services, and to assist HBC clients to adhere to the treatment regimen; 4) to strengthen referral mechanisms between HBC programs and FP, VCT, and ARV services; and 5) to conduct a process evaluation of the subproject.

Note: FHI received additional PEPFAR funding for this activity for Country Operational Plan 06 (COP 06). The funding will support the continuation of activities that fall within the objectives above. Moreover, the following objective has been added to this subproject: To provide staff and services and to help secure the availability of commodities for a mobile service unit (MSU) which provides integrated FP and HIV services (family planning, VCT, STI diagnosis and referral, and ARV referral).

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In July 2006, the TM traveled to SA and met with SACC and PSA-SA to discuss accomplishments and challenges, and COP 06 plans. PSA-SA concluded their trainings in MP province and were monitoring ongoing activities. SACC experienced delays in initiating the trainings in KZN.
- From June to September 2006, 120 volunteers were trained to identify FP, VCT and ARV needs among clients, caregivers and their families; to refer clients to FP, VCT and ARV clinics; and to track referrals. Training was completed by September 2006.
- Project partners continued to track referrals from households receiving HBC to family planning, VCT and ARV services. From June to September 2006, 109 referrals to FP, 219 referrals to VCT and 184 referrals to ARV were made.
- In September 2006, PSA-SA conducted two trainings for 14 FP providers and 4 ARV providers on appropriate contraception for HIV-infected women of childbearing age and HIV-infected women on ARVs (using FHI module). The trainer, Dr. Kelvin Billingham, co-trained with FHI's Medical Advisor in February 2006, and he then assumed the lead training role.
- FHI received COP 06 funds in October 2006. The funds were added to this subproject, and a 15% variance letter was approved by USAID (November 2006). An extension request for the PSA-SA subagreement was completed and sent to USAID for approval in December 2006.
- FHI held workplan sessions with PSA-SA related to the COP 06 program plan, including services provided in the mobile service unit. FHI and PSA-SA identified 25 new sites for the next phase of the subproject.
- The mobile service unit was purchased in November 2006. Delivery is expected in December 2006 or January 2007.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will:
 - Continue to work with PSA-SA on the workplan for COP 06.
 - Determine the role of SACC in COP 06.
 - Work with PSA-SA to prepare and obtain signatures on an MOU with Mpumalanga and KwaZulu Natal provincial governments to support program activities.
 - Collaborate with PSA-SA and SACC, as appropriate, to ensure proper start-up of all program activities.
 - Work with HSR staff to create a management information system for the mobile service unit that allows FHI and PSA-SA to report to the SA government, to report on PEPFAR indicators, and to measure the uptake of family planning services and the cost of the providing such service in a mobile clinic.
 - Report on PEPFAR targets in the semiannual report in April 2007.
 - Continue to monitor the subproject.

Findings and Outcomes:

- At the end of the COP 05 portion of the subproject, FHI trained 681 HBC volunteers in risk-reduction communication; how to identify FP, VCT and ARV needs among clients, caregivers and their families; how to refer clients to FP, VCT and ARV clinics; and how to track referrals. As a result of this activity, 216 FP referrals, 300 VCT referrals, and 295 ARV referrals were made from HBC projects. Additionally, 38 DOH and private FP nurses and 9 DOH and private ARV doctors were trained on appropriate contraception for HIV-infected women of childbearing age and HIV-infected women on ARVs.
- Both project partners – SACC and PSA-SA – experienced a major challenge regarding the completion of referral forms at the clinics. The PSA-SA/SACC referral forms are to help volunteers direct clients to VCT, ARV and FP services and track the completion of services. Clinic nurses are often reluctant to fill out a referral form from an HBC NGO. PSA-SA and SACC project staff have addressed this by returning to clinics to explain the program to the staff, and by having higher-level provincial DOH meetings to secure buy-in among project managers.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for International
Development/PEPFAR
Total Approved Budget: \$ 915,000

Haiti: FP/VCT Extension Project in Haiti (FCO 153108/153109)

Objective(s): 1) To offer VCT services to 100% of individuals who desire to be tested and visit one of the three dispensaries during the subproject; 2) to integrate family planning services (education and select method provision) into VCT services, within the cadre of services already provided by the dispensaries; 3) to educate 30% of the population in Laborde and Port-au-Prince on the methods for preventing the transmission of HIV/AIDS, the advantages of knowing one's HIV status, and community responsibility for supporting those infected/affected by HIV; and 4) to provide psychosocial support to 80% of people living with HIV/AIDS by establishing post-test clubs, community support groups, and an association for PLWHA.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FHI received PEPFAR funds for this activity in October 2006. The concept paper, Approval-to-Implement letter and subagreements were developed and approved by December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Subproject coordinators will meet with responsible officials from both South and West Provinces to discuss the continued provision of VCT services within the project sites, community mobilization activities, and the integration of family planning.
- Coordinators will conduct trainings on communication techniques for HIV/AIDS testing and waste management for VCT staff who will ultimately provide services for a target of 3000 individuals (1000 from Laborde and 2000 from CPDEP).
- Staff will monitor, supervise, and reinforce the referral system between the dispensary and the local hospitals.
- Coordinators will conduct trainings on family planning methods and provide supervision and management for appropriate staff in the dispensary during FP provision and counseling.
- FHI and its partners will adapt and integrate the FHI pregnancy checklist and other FHI checklists (COC, DMPA) into the VCT dispensaries. It is anticipated that the dispensaries will provide oral contraceptive pills, injectables, and condoms for approximately 600 individuals who visit the Laborde site and 200 individuals in each of the Ti Décayette et de Campeche dispensaries.
- Subproject coordinators will train and supervise community health workers on topics related to HIV/AIDS and family planning and organize community workshops on addressing the needs of people living with HIV/AIDS (PLWHA).
- Educational materials on HIV/AIDS and family planning methods will be distributed to the community.
- Subproject coordinators will train and supervise post-test club facilitators and organize a community support group and a local association for PLWHA.
- Family planning message will be emphasized in these forums which are a key component of PEPFAR's "prevention for positives" strategy.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/PEPFAR |
| Total Approved Budget: | 153109 | \$ 177,836 |
| | 153108 | N/A |

Tanzania: Implementing and Evaluating FP and VCT Services Integration in Tanzania (FCO 114115)

Objective(s): To implement and evaluate the integration of FP and VCT services on FP uptake in selected ANGAZA (AMREF's VCT program) sites in Tanzania.

The overall study objectives are:

- 1) to measure the level of unmet need for contraception among VCT clients,
- 2) to determine the effectiveness and cost of adding FP to VCT,
- 3) to determine the effect of adding FP on quality of care for VCT, and
- 4) to measure FP uptake among VCT clients with unmet contraceptive need.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The subproject was approved and FCO opened in November 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Between January-March of 2007:
 - The TM will help coordinate FP/VCT technical working group in Tanzania in collaboration with AMREF and plan for their first meeting.
 - The TM will visit Tanzania and identify an implementing partner to conduct the research.
- Between April-June of 2007:
 - An integration strategy will be developed in consultation with the FP/VCT technical working group and collaborating agencies.
 - The study protocol will be written and submitted to PHSC.
 - Approval to Implement (ATI) will be obtained.
 - Local ethical approvals will be obtained.
 - The integration strategy will be implemented in selected VCT clinics.
 - Interviewer training and baseline data collection will begin.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | | \$ 329,716 |

Kenya: Improving Use of Family Planning in VCT (FCO 114104/153103)

Objective(s): 1) To determine the effect of family planning provision in VCT on the uptake of contraceptive methods among VCT clients; 2) to develop and target messages to men in VCT programs and to assess whether these efforts strengthen family planning messages and services for men; and 3) to determine how to strengthen overall VCT providers' family planning messages and provision for both men and women.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- A FP-VCT training was held for 18 VCT providers in Mombasa, July 24-28, 2006. This training was funded by UNFPA, conducted by the MOH, and had no FHI presence.
- Operations research results of FP-VCT integration (formerly FCO 9390) were presented in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia on Oct. 9-10, 2006 at a meeting on family planning and HIV linkages.
- The study protocol has been drafted and sample size calculations conducted.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The protocol will be submitted to FHI's PHSC and Kenyatta National Hospital's Ethical Review Committee in January 2007
- Study sites will be finalized in January 2007.
- A subcommittee meeting to finalizing the training intervention (finalize training manual, develop M&E orientation tool, develop supportive supervision checklist) will be held in February 2007.
- Data collection forms will be developed in February 2007.
- District level advocacy and sensitization, provider training (for providers in OR sites), implementation and collection of M&E data, and support supervision (2 months after training) will occur in March-June 2007.

Funding Source(s):

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|-------------------------------------|----|---|
| | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/PEPFAR; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget:153103 | \$ | 52,900 |
| 114104 | \$ | 446,239 |
| | \$ | 499,139 |

Kenya: Integration of Family Planning into Comprehensive Care Centers (FCO 114114/124104)

Objective(s): To evaluate the acceptance of family planning methods by HIV+ clients attending integrated HIV services. We will measure effectiveness of efforts to improve the use of family planning services in comprehensive care by assessing the proportion of HIV+ clients at risk for unintended pregnancy who accept to use a method of contraception.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The protocol was finalized in December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The protocol will be submitted to FHI's PHSC and Kenyatta National Hospital's Ethical Review Committee in January 2007.
- Data collection forms will be developed.
- Subcommittee meetings will be held to develop the intervention.
- Site visits will be conducted.
- One round of data collection will be completed by June 2007.

Funding Source(s):

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| | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: GLP |
| Total Approved Budget:114114 | \$ | 162,244 |
| 124104 | \$ | 123,853 |
| | \$ | <hr/> 286,097 |

Ghana: Evaluation of Integrating Family Planning into ART Services (FCO 124101)

Objective(s): 1) To determine whether providers are implementing newly trained skills, i.e., assessing clients' fertility preferences and providing family planning services; 2) to determine the effect of the intervention on contraceptive acceptance among HIV+ women enrolled in antiretroviral treatment; and 3) to identify the fertility desires and intentions of HIV+ women who are enrolled in an ART program.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Data collection was completed in July 2006.
- Staff monitored data collection and completed analysis plan.
- Three hundred sixty-eight women were surveyed to document contraceptive use, fertility intentions and pregnancy status.
- Ninety-six client-provider interactions were observed.
- Six in-depth interviews were conducted with supervisors.
- Preliminary findings were reported at a conference on integrated services held in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in October 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Dissemination of results will take place in Ghana and elsewhere.
- Data from interviews with women, observations of client-provider interactions and supervisor interviews will be analyzed, and a report prepared.

Funding Source(s):

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| | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ | 166,647 |

Nigeria: Rapid Programmatic Assessment for FP/VCT Integration (FCO 113105)

Objective(s): To generate and document strategic information on potential facilitating factors and obstacles to integrate family planning and VCT services effectively in the Nigerian context.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FHI finalized data collection forms for interviews with family planning and HIV counseling and testing program managers, providers and clients.
- FHI wrote a protocol for the assessment and submitted it to FHI's Protection of Human Subjects Committee for approval. Approval was received on October 9, 2006.
- FHI drafted a training guide for field workers to familiarize them with the data collection forms.
- In December, FHI's Senior RH Advisor in Nigeria held the second planning meeting with the ITWG research subgroup. Plans for forming assessment teams, selecting sites, and pre-testing the data collection forms were made. Assessment teams will be comprised of staff from ITWG member organizations such as GHAIN and COMPASS as well as one representative from the MOH.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- An FHI researcher will travel to Nigeria to help FHI's reproductive health staff on GHAIN facilitate the field work training and the assessment in January 2007.
- Assessment teams will be brought to Abuja to participate in a four-day central training for the field work in January. Following the training, the teams will pre-test the data collection forms in Abuja, FCT (Federal Capital Territory).
- After making any necessary adjustments to the forms, field work will commence in January 2007 in the six selected states, representing the six geopolitical zones of Nigeria.
- Following the assessment field work, data will be entered, cleaned and analyzed and field work teams will submit narrative reports of the assessment process.
- A report of the data findings will be drafted and shared with the ITWG for interpretation of the results.
- Programmatic recommendations for integrating FP and CT services will be developed based on the results of the assessment. The recommendations will be compiled into a report and disseminated to the Federal Ministry of Health and other RH and HIV stakeholders by June 2007.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 75,225 |

Worldwide: Providing Global Leadership to Family Planning and HIV Integration Efforts (FCO 113104/123100)

Objective(s): 1) To strengthen support for family planning as an HIV prevention intervention; 2) to promote dissemination and utilization of the latest scientific evidence and programming tools on FP/HIV integration and contraception for HIV-infected and at-risk women; 3) to establish partnerships and collaborations with other organizations working on HIV and contraception activities; and 4) to facilitate strategic placement of new HIV and contraception research and programs in the field.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The TM collaborated with staff on the Network of Champions project by reviewing champions' applications and work plans.
- In July 2006, FHI's Director of Field Programs and Technical Services participated as a panelist at a Center for Strategic International Studies-sponsored meeting addressing the integration of RH and HIV services linked to sustainability of PEPFAR.
- In August 2006, FHI hosted a satellite session on HIV and contraception at the XVI International AIDS Conference in Toronto, approximately 25 participants attended.
- In October 2006, FHI staff participated in the conference, "Linking RH and FP with HIV/AIDS Programs in Africa," in Ethiopia. The TM and another FHI staff member held a session on contraception and HIV at USAID's Global Health Bureau Mini-University. Also, the TM accompanied FHI's Director of External Relations to the Global Business Coalition on HIV/AIDS to discuss the integration of RH into workplace HIV/AIDS programs and to highlight FHI's technical expertise in integration.
- The TM coordinated with CDC and EngenderHealth to propose a panel session on FP and HIV for the Global Health Council's International Conference.
- The TM liaised with staff in NC, Arlington, and India to plan for involvement in the conference, "Actions to Strengthen Linkages between Sexual and RH and HIV/AIDS" in Mumbai, India.
- In December 2006, the TM participated in a Geneva-based meeting entitled, "Advocacy Summit on Global Fund Round 7: Integrating of Sexual and RH within the HIV and malaria Components of Country Coordinated Proposals."
- The TM initiated a collaboration with the CDC's Prevention with Positives initiative. The CDC will adapt FHI's module "Contraception for Women and Couples with HIV" for the initiative.
- The TM liaised with USAID's FP/HIV GLP champion on FHI's portfolio of HIV and contraception activities.
- FHI staff sent letters on contraception for HIV prevention to influential leaders such as K. Hill, B. Obama and M. Gates.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will:
 - Give a presentation on HIV and contraception to the NC chapter of the Society for International Development.
 - Prepare for and participate in the conference, "Actions to Strengthen Linkages between Sexual and Reproductive Health and HIV/AIDS" in Mumbai, India.
 - Host a panel on FP/HIV partnerships at the Global Health conference.
 - Assist in the monitoring of the network of champions' scopes of work.
 - Prepare a brief summarizing the evidence on contraception as an HIV prevention intervention and encouraging application of this evidence in Global Fund proposals. Send the brief and a memo to FHI's country and field directors encouraging utilization of this evidence in FHI's HIV programs.
 - Work with colleagues in Public Health Programs to develop and conduct an assessment of FP within FHI's HIV/AIDS programs.

- Organize mini-SOTA meetings around HIV and contraception for the MOH, USAID, and other USG partners in countries with an emerging interest in this topic, such as Uganda and Tanzania.
- As a follow-up to the Global Fund meeting, collaborate with staff at the Guttmacher Institute to develop a two-page brief outlining key evidence-based messages around HIV and contraception.
- Liaise with USAID regarding the programming of FP/HIV GLP funds.
- Participate in the spring meeting of the Family Planning and HIV/AIDS Integration Working Group.
- In collaboration with Management Systems International and USAID/W, co-host a workshop on scaling up FP/HIV integration models for approximately 15-20 staff.
- As opportunities arise, draft and send letters to influential leaders on contraception for HIV prevention.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The following publication was supported by this subproject: Reynolds HW, Wilcher R. Best kept secret in PMTCT: contraception to avert unintended pregnancies. Glob AIDS Link 2006 May-Jun; (97): 8, 16. (FHI Pub 2006-30).

Funding Source(s):

| | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|--|
| | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: GLP; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | 113104 | \$ 360,721 |
| | 123100 | \$ 175,000 |
| | | <hr/> |
| | | \$ 535,721 |

Worldwide: Tool Kit to Increase Access to Appropriate and Effective Contraception for Clients with HIV (FCO 113106)

Objective(s): 1) To synthesize information on current practices and interventions being used in integrated programs to address the RH/FP needs of women and couples with HIV; and 2) to develop a toolkit that will include a tailored training package and other tools and job aids to increase access to contraception for women and couples with HIV.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Staff:
- Conducted and analyzed a rapid assessment in Kenya, Thailand and Zimbabwe, in the fall of 2006.
- Finalized the content and outline of the Toolkit and developed a first draft of the training curriculum, including objectives, training activities and session's design.
- Circulated a draft to EngenderHealth for their comments and input.
- Developed presentations on individual contraceptive methods to be used as part of the training curriculum and to compliment FP/HIV specific information provided in the existing module, Contraception for Women and Couples with HIV.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Finalize a second draft of the toolkit that incorporates stakeholder suggestions.
- Develop a flip chart for counseling clients with HIV.

- Field-test a toolkit in South Africa with two different types of providers (FP and HIV providers).
- Revise the toolkit based on the results of the field-testing.
- Design/create a CD-ROM version to disseminate the toolkit materials and produce 5000 copies.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International Development/USAID:
Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 300,600

Kenya: Examining the Family Planning Needs of Women Traditionally Targeted for HIV/STI Services (FCO 124100)

Objective(s): To identify strategies for heightening sex workers consistent use of highly effective family planning methods by: exploring sex workers fertility desires, knowledge, attitudes and practices related to contraception; examining obstacles sex workers face in accessing family planning services; and gathering sex workers views on how family planning services could be adapted to optimally meet their needs.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The technical monitor traveled to Kenya in November 2006 and met with field partners regarding study objectives and methods. Next steps, partner responsibilities, and a study timeline were developed. As part of this trip, visits were made by the technical monitor to research sites in Naivasha and Mombasa, Kenya. In December 2006, the technical monitor for this study changed from THoke to ESutherland.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Over the next six months, the protocol will be completed and submitted for approval by PHSC and a local ethics committee. A subagreement will be established with the International Center for Reproductive Health. Data collection instruments will be prepared and field tested.
- The survey and focus groups will be completed in two sites. Survey data will be entered and focus group results will be translated and transcribed. Analysis plans for quantitative and qualitative data will be prepared, and analysis will be initiated.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: GLP

Total Approved Budget: \$ 49,368

Kenya: Risk of HIV and Feasibility Research Among House Girls in Nairobi (FCO 154100/154102)

Objective(s): In the first phase of the study, the objectives were: 1) to map knowledge of HIV/AIDS, sexual experiences, behaviors and sexual networks of house girls; 2) to determine the feasibility of conducting an intervention study with house girls and/or their sexual partners; 3) to use the information gathered to develop an appropriate intervention to be implemented with the same population; and 4) to develop a protocol for an add-on intervention study, if one is deemed feasible. In the second phase, the objectives will be: 1) to implement a program to raise

awareness among members of the Bahati, Nairobi community about the vulnerability of house girls to HIV and unwanted pregnancies; 2) to implement a training/education program and support to a group of house girls from the same community; and 3) to conduct a baseline survey of house girls in Bahati.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- A report on opportunities for use of the media in awareness activities was prepared in October 2006.
- Planning meetings were held with church leadership in October and November 2006.
- A subagreement and budget for Phase II were developed in December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- A revised protocol will be submitted to PHSC and the local IRB in January-February 2007.
- Awareness raising activities in the church will begin in January 2007.
- The participative process of curriculum development will begin in January 2007.
- Six data collectors will be trained in February 2007.
- Approximately 100 house girls will be recruited and administered a baseline survey in March 2007.
- A training for 50 house girls will begin in March 2007.
- Data will be entered and analyzed in April-May 2007.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Formative assessment results indicate that:
- House girls are at significant risk of acquiring HIV/AIDS and unintended pregnancies because of: 1) their socioeconomic background; 2) isolation and lack of social support; 3) the low status of their work; and 4) their previous experiences with sexual coercion and violence.
- House girls have some knowledge of modes of transmission and prevention of HIV/AIDS, but knowledge and use of contraception and condoms is low.
- House girls would like to be involved in training, and feel that the best time and place for this is Sundays after church.
- Employers were generally favorable about an intervention with house girls, but they would need to have all of the information about the program first. Furthermore, they were not sure other employers would agree.
- Finally, the Presbyterian Church of East Africa (P.C.E.A.) in Bahati has expressed its interest in being part of such an intervention.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/PEPFAR |
| Total Approved Budget:154100 | \$ 182,000 |
| 154102 | N/A |

Africa Regional: Assessing Provision of Family Planning and Reproductive Health Services in Commercial Sector HIV/AIDS Programs (FCO 124102)

Objective(s): 1) To assess if commercial sector workplace HIV/AIDS programs also provide family planning, reproductive health and child health services; 2) to document how family planning, reproductive health and child care services are paid for (private insurance's, services contracted out or work-based clinic) and the beneficiaries of them; 3) to document obstacles to providing these services; and 4) to prepare one or more case studies that highlight the commercial sectors interest in the provision of family planning as an HIV/Prevention tool. These studies will highlight commercial sector HIV/AIDS programs that also provide family planning, reproductive health and child health services or those programs that could be easily expanded to include these services.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- McCarraher and other FHI staff have worked with Abt to complete the final report that summarizes the survey findings. This work has included validating the data analysis and working to ensure the most important findings are presented in the report in a succinct manner.
- In December 2006, the Nairobi office conducted in-depth interviews with nine companies that participated in the survey. This detailed information will be used to write a case-study that highlights the role family planning can have in preventing HIV by providing contraception to employees and their dependents.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- FHI/NC staff will work with Abt to complete the final report that details the main survey findings.
- The Kenyan case study will be completed.

Funding Source(s):

USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: GLP

Total Approved Budget: \$ 114,599

Africa Regional: FP in Context of HIV: Supporting Evidence-Based and Promising Practices (FCO 113131)

Objective(s): (1) To promote family planning (FP) services as central to HIV prevention efforts, (2) to improve the knowledge and attitudes of key HIV program decision-makers worldwide regarding the role of FP in preventing vertical transmission of HIV, (3) to compile and disseminate information on integration of FP into HIV programs, and (4) to provide technical assistance to Ministries of Health and/or other implementers in increasing access to family planning services for HIV-infected and at-risk women and couples in three target countries, with the aim of facilitating policy and program change.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- This FCO and subproject were opened in December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Communicate with key stakeholders in Africa to assess interest in and identify best opportunities for follow-on TA from the Addis meeting, including identification of local partners who could amplify scale-up efforts.
- Undertake systematic analysis of key policymakers to target regional and international levels communications interventions; develop a grid of events which present opportunities for strategic communication.
- Identify three target countries for TA activities.
- Under FCO 113104, a SOTA meeting on HIV and contraception will be conducted in at least one target country.
- Synthesize discussions and outcomes of the SOTA meeting, and draft a TA plan for one target country.
- Support the planning of two additional SOTA meetings in the other two target countries (SOTAs will be funded by FCO 113104).
- Cost-share travel within east Africa by communications staff to support planning and implementation of subproject efforts.
- Improve mailing lists relevant to supporting subproject efforts.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 686,534

Worldwide: Country Assessments: Documenting Promising Family Planning-HIV Integration Models (FCO 114124)

Objective(s): To conduct a rapid assessment in seven PEPFAR countries with the goal to create an inventory of integration models; and to conduct an in-depth assessment in a subset of three countries with the goal to document promising integrated models including their costs.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FCO 114124 was approved on February 19, 2007.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Phases I will be completed by the end of April 2007.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 350,415

Worldwide: Scale-up and Global Dissemination of Kenya's FP/VCT Integration Package (FCO 113126/123102)

Objective(s): 1) To finalize and launch within Kenya, MOH-approved documents and tools to support the integration of family planning services into VCT centers; 2) to package, disseminate, and promote utilization of the Kenyan FP/VCT integration documents and tools by other countries and programs interested in integrating FP and VCT services; and 3) to provide technical assistance to the Ministry of Health in Kenya to roll-out the integration of family planning services into VCT sites.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- This subproject builds on the FP/VCT work completed under the CTR (FCOs 9490, 9390, and 3445) and is closely linked to CRTU FCO 114104. To launch new FP/VCT work under the CRTU, FHI staff held meetings with representatives from the MOH FP/VCT Integration Subcommittee to develop national FP/VCT integration plans, including plans for activities funded under this subproject and FCO 114104.
- In October 2006, FHI provided support to the MOH to implement an FP/VCT integration training with 18 VCT providers.
- The technical monitor and local FHI staff came to agreement on what Kenyan FP/VCT materials will be included in the "package" for dissemination.
- FHI staff developed a draft strategy for finalizing, printing, launching, and disseminating the FP/VCT integration package of materials countrywide.
- An FP/VCT graphics design theme was developed for the materials.
- FHI staff continued working on revisions to the national FP/VCT integration training curriculum; the FP/VCT process report was submitted to the printer; and the national FP/VCT integration strategy was submitted for copy editing.
- The technical monitor and staff in Kenya submitted an abstract on the FP/VCT integration process and materials to the 22nd Annual Joint Scientific Conference of the National Institute for Medical Research.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The national FP/VCT integration training curriculum will be reviewed for technical accuracy and copy edited.
- Research briefs on FP/VCT integration will be copy edited.
- The FP/VCT design theme will be applied to all materials and they will be submitted for printing.
- A national meeting to launch the FP/VCT package of materials will be organized and hosted.
- The package will be disseminated to APHIA partners and MOH teams at the provincial level.
- A presentation promoting utilization of the FP/VCT materials will be given at the 22nd Annual Joint Scientific Conference of the National Institute for Medical Research.
- Opportunities to promote utilization of FP/VCT materials by other countries/programs will be sought.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: GLP |
| Total Approved Budget:123102 | \$ 80,001 |
| 113126 | \$ 146,001 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$ 226,002 |

Worldwide: Follow-Up: Sharing Information on HIV and Hormonal Contraception with Global Audiences (FCO 113119)

Objective(s): 1) To give policymakers, program managers, providers, and women in high HIV prevalence countries, as well as other countries, information necessary for informed decision-making about hormonal contraception; 2) to increase trust and confidence in hormonal contraceptive use, in particular, and family planning programs, in general; and 3) to bolster activities to reposition family planning in the era of HIV/AIDS.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The final issue of Network -- dedicated to the topic of hormonal contraceptive use and HIV -- was reviewed and otherwise prepared for publication in December 2006/January 2007. Distribution of approximately 61,000 copies in English, French, and Spanish was anticipated.
- A draft report of findings from a pre- and post-meeting survey conducted at the Africa Regional Meeting was shared with USAID.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Network 24(1) will be printed and distributed. Standard distribution to some 58,000 readers will be expanded to meet requests by FHI publications subscribers for an additional 3,000 copies in English, French, and Spanish.
- A CD-ROM that contains a package of HC/HIV materials will be created and distributed. It will include the following: 1) Network 24(1) in English, French, and Spanish; 2) Global Technical Brief (E, F); 3) Two-page Kenya job aid for VCT providers (E, F); 4) Africa Regional Meeting Report (E, F); 5) PowerPoint presentation of Africa Regional Meeting discussion (E, F); 6) Country-specific fact sheets about the HC/HIV study for Uganda, Zimbabwe, and Thailand; and 7) FHI Q&As about the HC/HIV study (E, F).

Findings and Outcomes:

- Results of the pre- and post-meeting survey conducted at the Africa Regional Meeting were analyzed and sent as a written report to USAID. The survey found that a majority of respondents said post-meeting that there was no association between the use of hormonal contraception and HIV acquisition. Also, the percentage of respondents willing to prescribe, recommend, or support the use of HC by women at risk of HIV increased during the course of the meeting. Nevertheless, many had lingering concerns and expressed a desire for more research on the topic.
- Having reviewed the results of the FHI-led study and anticipating its confidential discussion at the Africa Regional Meeting, the WHO Family Planning Guideline Steering Group issued a statement that “the study results are reassuring and that the new evidence does not modify the current guidance for contraceptive use.”
- Information dissemination activities conducted in the immediate aftermath of publication of the FHI-led study resulted in massive reach worldwide. Coverage of the study results was uniformly positive. Three print media sources have covered the story: the Cleveland Plain Dealer, the San Diego Union-Tribune and the Kampala Monitor (total circulation: 1,197,000). The news also appeared in the following Websites: Reuters, UPI, EurekAlert, PharmaLive.com, What’s Next in Health, PhysOrg.Com, NIH News, Science Daily, HULIQ, Doctor’s Guide, Kansas City InfoZine, BioCompare, SpiritIndia, Med Page Today, TheAdvocate.com, Kaiser Daily Women’s Health Policy Report, Kaiser Daily HIV/AIDS Report, the online version of Scientific American, Yahoo Mexico, All Africa.com, Medscape Today, Aidsmap, Medical News Today and the Spanish version of the INFO Project’s Pop Reporter. IPPF has distributed FHI’s background materials to its 44 country offices. Overall, this dissemination effort reached an estimated 4,402,000 individuals. (An Excel spreadsheet overview of the circulation of HC/HIV results is available.)

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 239,845 |

Kenya: Information Management: Hormonals & HIV (FCO 143102)

Objective(s): To disseminate country-specific, evidence-based information on the relationship between hormonal contraceptive use and HIV acquisition to Kenyan stakeholders in the Ministry of Health (MOH), family planning and HIV/AIDS organizations, family planning and VCT service providers, and the media.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Due to continued delay in the publication of the study results on hormonal contraception and HIV acquisition, USAID/Kenya approved reprogramming funds no longer needed for this subproject to another field support funded subproject in Kenya (FCO 143101). Subsequently, a variance letter was prepared and submitted to USAID/W for approval in November 2006.
- Approval was received in January 2007 to reprogram these funds to expand on FCO 143101.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The FCO and subproject will be closed.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for International
Development/USAID: Field Support

Total Approved Budget: \$ 50,000

Africa Regional: Hormonal Contraception and HIV Research: Dissemination through Africa Regional and In-Country Meetings (FCO 3703/172005)

Objective(s): To promote evidence-based discussion and decision-making regarding hormonal contraceptive use and to consider its possible relationship with HIV acquisition. The dissemination campaign aims to bring together researchers, policymakers, program managers, and women's advocates working in the HIV and reproductive health fields to learn about the relevant scientific data and discuss the possible programmatic and policy implications. It also will serve as an opportunity to highlight the importance of family planning in the HIV/AIDS era.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In August 2006 AIDS accepted the study manuscript for publication.
- A new FCO, 172005, was opened in September 2006 to continue dissemination efforts under the CRTU program.
- FHI FITS prepared 'Dear Colleague' letters, Q&A information sheets and key messages for policy makers and HC providers and users for dissemination activities in Uganda, Zimbabwe and Thailand.
- Study staff in Uganda and Zimbabwe drafted in-country dissemination plans which included dissemination of results to study participants.
- The study PIs received media training prior to publication to prepare for dissemination to the media.
- The results of the HC-HIV study were published in December in the AIDS 2007 issue, 21:85-95 (FHI Pub#: 2007-02).
- CRD and FITS staff worked with NICHD to plan the roll-out of the study results and to craft the overall dissemination strategy. The dissemination strategy was shared with HC-HIV study team Investigators.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Dissemination meetings for stakeholders, media and study participants will be held in Zimbabwe and Uganda in January 2007.
- Other related dissemination events (radio programs, presentations at professional meetings in East and Southern Africa, etc.) will be carried out.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Results of the Exemplars study were disseminated on two Luganda language radio talk shows. Luganda is the most widely spoken language in Uganda after English and lack of health information available in the local language is a problem. FHI-produced articles about the findings were published in both English and Luganda newspapers.
- Results of the study on the association between hormonal contraception and HIV acquisition was published in the January 2, 2007 issue of AIDS. It has been available online since Dec. 8, and news reports of the study have reached over 5 million people worldwide. Four print media sources have covered the story: the Cleveland Plain Dealer, the San Diego Union-Tribune, the Kampala Monitor and the East African Standard. In addition, the news has appeared in the following websites: Reuters, UPI, EurekAlert, the online version of Scientific American, Aidsmap, Yahoo News, Yahoo News Mexico, All Africa.com, PharmaLive.com, What's Next in Health, PhysOrg.Com, NIH News, Science Daily, HULIQ, Doctor's Guide, Kansas City InfoZine, BioCompare, SpiritIndia, Med Page Today, TheAdvocate.com, the US Federal Government News Blog, the French blog Les nouvelles qui m'intéressent, Medscape Today, Medical News Today, and both the English and Spanish versions of the INFO Project's Pop Reporter. Finally, several listservs featured news of the study in their email announcements: the Development Gateway listserv, the Yahoo Sexual and Reproductive Health listserv, the Interagency Gender Working Group listserv, the IBP Knowledge Gateway listserv, the Procaare listserv, the PUSH journal listserv, Kaiser Daily Women's Health Policy Report and the Kaiser Daily HIV/AIDS Report.

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|------------------------------------|---|
| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: OYB |
| Total Approved Budget: 3703 | \$ 100,000 |
| 172005 | \$ 33,240 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$ 133,240 |

Multiple: Prospective Evaluation of Contraceptive Dynamics in Women (FCO 112127)

Objective(s): 1) To describe patterns and dynamics of hormonal contraceptive use including discontinuation, method switching, and dual use using prospective data collected across countries and regions (Africa, Asia); 2) to examine the relationship between method discontinuation or switching and baseline reproductive health characteristics, reasons for method discontinuation, and condom use and sexual partnership characteristics over time; and 3) to examine, in a prospective study, the effect of HIV diagnosis (and possibly need for antiretroviral (ARV) treatment) on hormonal contraceptive discontinuation, initiation, switching, and dual use patterns.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FCO 112127 was assigned on October 31, 2006.
- The study team began working on the analysis plan.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The study team will finalize the analysis plan and begin analyzing the data.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 100,846

Nigeria: Increasing Access to Postpartum Family Planning Services (FCO 114116)

Objective(s): To increase use of postpartum family planning by women. To achieve this goal, this project proposes to conduct an assessment of immunization services to generate strategies to reach postpartum women with family planning messages, services and/or referral.

Specifically, this study will show:

- 1) how immunization services are typically organized in a country with high levels of immunizations;
- 2) the characteristics of mothers and infants attending immunization services, particularly contraceptive use, breastfeeding practices, and HIV status (as appropriate); and
- 3) provider and client perspectives on the feasibility and acceptability of a strategy to link mothers to family planning services.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- USAID Approval to Implement was obtained on November 21, 2006.
- The technical monitor contacted the USAID Nigeria Mission to obtain consent to conduct the study.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Assessment sites will be identified.
- A local investigator will be hired, and a subagreement will be negotiated.
- A protocol and data collection instruments will be developed.
- PHSC and local IRB approval will be sought.
- Data collection will be implemented (client interviews, provider interviews, client flow assessment, MCH policy analysis).

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 170,434

The safety and effectiveness of long-term and permanent methods have been well established, but they are not widely used in many parts of the world. The reasons for their limited use vary by method and by culture. For example, use of the IUD may be limited by provider biases toward nonclinical methods, safety concerns due to a lack of sterile gloves for insertion, myths such as IUDs ‘migrating’ throughout the body, or misperception about mechanisms of action. Vasectomy accounts for a modest proportion of contraceptive use only in a few countries, mostly in Asia. Female sterilization is more prevalent, but access to surgical services is limited in poorer areas, especially in Africa. Currently available implants, although they have advantages as an “adherence-free” method, have proven to be too expensive for wide-scale program use.

FHI CRTU Proposal, September 30, 2004, p.28: Long-Acting and Permanent Methods

LONG-ACTING and PERMANENT METHODS

Strategic Objectives

- To support the development of and evaluate new or modified use of existing products,
- To evaluate the public health impact of introducing barrier methods into reproductive health programs, and
- To test approaches for achieving optimal uptake, correct use, and maximum affordability of barrier methods.

FHI/NC subprojects fully or partially funded by USAID’s CRTU Agreement:

| | |
|------------|---|
| Uganda: | Repositioning Family Planning: Revitalizing LAPMs (FCO 113110) |
| Worldwide: | Global Advocacy & Stakeholder Engagement for LAPMs (FCO 113109) |
| Nigeria: | Operations Research: Male Motivators Promoting Family Planning in the Nigeria Police Force (FCO 114109) |
| Worldwide: | Maximizing Access and Quality (MAQ) IUD Subcommittee, and FHI's IUD Checklist Production and Dissemination (FCO 113112) |
| Kenya: | IUD Revitalization - Transition Phase and M & E (FCO 113111) |
| Kenya: | Assessing the Future Role of Implants (FCO 112122) |
| Worldwide: | Assessing Implant Provision in Various Service Delivery Settings (FCO 112124) |
| Turkey: | Collaborative Research on Implants (FCO 112125/112135) |
| Kenya: | Impact of offering implants to improve continuation rates of hormonal methods (FCO 112129) |
| USA: | Vas Irrigation During Vasectomy: Early Development (FCO 2261/2707/112113) |
| India: | RCT of Three Vasectomy Techniques (FCO 112128) |
| India: | Vasectomy Acceptability among Clients and Providers in Uttar Pradesh (FCO 116100) |
| Worldwide: | USAID Financial Support of Female Nonsurgical Sterilization Development (FCO 2271/112107) |

Uganda: Repositioning Family Planning: Revitalizing LAPMs (FCO 113110)

Objective(s): 1) To provide technical assistance and support to the Uganda MoH in order to mobilize in-country stakeholders to undertake a revitalization of long-acting and permanent methods, particularly the IUD; and 2) to provide technical assistance to the MoH and in-country partners (e.g., ACQUIRE/EngenderHealth) in implementing evidence-based LAPM activities, and adapting and implementing lessons learned from the Kenya IUD Rehabilitation Initiative 2002-2005.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Staff continued providing costing support to ACQUIRE/EngenderHealth during the latter half of 2006. Dr. Blaakman worked with Ms. Maria Najemba to clarify activities and the cost of resources in Mayuge district. He also made updates to the cost instrument for use in Hoima and Sembabule. Dr. Blaakman worked with EngenderHealth staff (Henry Kakande and Julie Wiltshire) to begin to obtain preliminary cost data estimates for these districts.
- Following requests from the Reproductive Health Division, MOH, two additional continuing medical education workshops were held in July 2006 for approximately 80 reproductive health trainers from nursing training institutions and medical colleges. Apart from a knowledge update on the WHO Medical Eligibility Criteria for Contraceptive use, the workshops were used as a forum to disseminate the National Guidelines addendum, FHI's DMPA, COC, IUD, and Pregnancy Checklists
- Staff continued to support the MoH in its efforts to coordinate the Repositioning Family Planning Working Group. A quarterly working group meeting was held in November 2006.
- A concept paper for evaluating the CMEs was developed and approved by USAID.
- A request was made to extend the subproject until June 2007 to accommodate a final visit to EH/ACQUIRE sites in January during which the costing TA/analysis will be completed.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The CME evaluation will be conducted in conjunction with an evaluation of the Checklists dissemination effort.
- Dr. Blaakman will make one final trip to Uganda in January 2007 to collect cost data for Hoima and Sembabule districts. He will work on cleaning the cost data in February and March 2007 and will write a report on final cost estimates in April 2007.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Finalizing the eligibility criteria addendum to the National Family Planning guidelines is seen a milestone as it will equip service providers with up-to-date information on eligibility criteria for contraceptive methods. It gives clear direction on the contraceptive methods to prescribe for HIV positive clients. Approximately 2500 copies of the addendum were disseminated during the continuing medical education meetings in April 2006; the remainder were given to the MOH for distribution through their channels.
- Support to the quarterly working group meeting has been productive and appreciated. It has provided a forum through which key players in family planning can update one another and synergize resources. The Mission has requested FHI continue this coordination role under its Enhanced Country Program.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 219,351

Worldwide: Global Advocacy & Stakeholder Engagement for LAPMs (FCO 113109)

Objective(s): 1) To broaden advocacy messages beyond IUDs, and to ensure that “Repositioning Family Planning” efforts include a revitalization of LAPMs based on evidence and best programming practices; and 2) to engage in-country stakeholders on revitalization of LAPMs and support champions for south-to-south learning of best practices on LAPM revitalization efforts.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In October 2006, FHI submitted two panels on global and country partnerships for LAPM revitalization for the 2007 Global Health Conference. A total of eight abstracts were submitted in collaboration with EngenderHealth, Save the Children, PSI, INFO Project and JHPIEGO. FHI is awaiting word from GHC.
- In October 2006, FHI met with collaborating partners: the Futures Group, ICMR and the Indian Ministry of Health and Family Welfare to develop plans for revitalizing IUD use in the public and private sector in two districts in Uttar Pradesh, India. The work plan has been favorably received by the USAID mission and there is indication that field support funds will be provided to supplement CRTU core funding for FHI's IUD activities. A local staff is currently being recruited to support these activities.
- In November 2006, FHI and the ACQUIRE Project co-hosted an experts' consultation meeting on Vasectomy in Washington, D.C. The aim of the meeting was to identify priorities around vasectomy programming, advocacy, and research, and to mobilize USAID CAs to initiate efforts to develop a unified vision for scaling up vasectomy programs. A total of 37 participants attended the meeting. A meeting report is currently being compiled.
- Staff continued to conduct a literature review and synthesis of barriers and programmatic approaches to increase LAPM uptake in Africa, Latin America, and Asia. In November 2006, an analysis of stakeholder's concerns and issues related to underutilization of LAPMs was conducted through a review of various scientific and program reports. This information will guide the development of advocacy materials to increase awareness among key stakeholders and implementers of the need to revitalize LAPMs in Africa.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- By the end of January 2007, the Vasectomy experts' consultation meeting report will be completed and shared with participants. A follow-up discussion will be organized with USAID and EngenderHealth to decide on next steps to move the agenda forward.
- By June 2007, the development of LAPM core messages and advocacy materials will be completed. Planned advocacy tools include two information kits targeting policy makers and providers; a press/media kit for African journalists; a series of tailored articles on the journal of continuing medical education in Africa (MERA). The feasibility of a documentary video is also being explored. Dissemination of advocacy materials is planned to start in the beginning of summer 2007.
- During spring/summer 2007, a South-to South exchange for a small group of key individuals working in LAPM revitalization programs in Africa will be organized. They will visit Kenya and attend a stakeholders' meeting being planned under FCO 113111. This meeting will seek to

review IUD revitalization efforts in Kenya 2003-2007 and will also be a venue to disseminate findings of a comparative assessment of all IUD/LAPM reintroduction activities in Kenya. Depending on the meeting agenda, a satellite meeting may be organized to foster knowledge exchange on revitalization efforts.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The following are new findings in research and programming as discussed at the Vasectomy Experts consultation meeting, Nov 2006:
- Ligation and excision alone is the least effective vasectomy technique. The vasectomy failure rate may be further reduced through cauterization.
- Early recanalization; the most frequent cause of vasectomy failure; is more common than previously recognized and underscores the importance of the 12-week waiting period (Labrecque et al., 2006). But, the advice vasectomy clients receive about the waiting period appears to be mixed at best - many men still receive 20 condoms after a vasectomy. More policy and programmatic work is needed to ensure that consistent and evidence-based messages are reaching providers and clients.
- No one men-friendly service delivery strategy is effective in every setting. Different ways of organizing services, such as offering a service for men only, establishing special clinic hours for male clients, providing vasectomy as one of a range of male reproductive health services, or integrating vasectomy services into programs for women, can be effective, depending on the local context.
- Mass media is more effective in creating knowledge of an innovation, such as vasectomy, while interpersonal communication is more effective in forming and changing attitudes that influence behavior, such as adoption or rejection of vasectomy.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 240,438 |

Nigeria: Operations Research: Male Motivators Promoting Family Planning in the Nigeria Police Force (FCO 114109)

Objective(s): 1) To evaluate whether male peer education successfully: (a) improves knowledge and attitudes about FP and HIV risk-reduction behaviors among uniformed services; and (b) increases FP uptake among police officers and their families; and 2) to create an integrated FP/HIV peer education curriculum for male members of uniformed services.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- A decision was made to cancel this subproject in October 2006 after the project failed to receive approval from the Inspector General of Police.
- The FCO was closed in December 2006.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Despite initial support for this subproject from both the Reproductive Health Unit of the Nigeria Police Force and the Assistant Inspector General of Police for Medical Affairs, final approval was not received from the Inspector General and the project was, therefore, cancelled.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 250,500

Worldwide: Maximizing Access and Quality (MAQ) IUD Subcommittee, and FHI's IUD Checklist Production and Dissemination (FCO 113112)

Objective(s): 1) To support FHI's participation in a key global technical leadership group that promotes knowledge-sharing and use of best practices related to the IUD; 2) to increase accessibility of key IUD-related resources, including job aids, assessment tools, scientific articles, and advocacy materials for field-based partners; and 3) to increase dissemination and uptake of evidence-based reproductive health practices related to IUD provision (e.g., use of FHI's IUD checklist or other job aids).

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Development of the IUD Toolkit was finalized, and it was launched at the MAQ Mini-University on October 27, 2006.
- R Rivera and E McGinn participated in the Fifth International IUD Symposium, organized by the Population Council and held in New York, October 27 – 28, 2006. The IUD Toolkit was also promoted at the IUD Symposium.
- A promotional strategy of the IUD toolkit received input from partners.
- FHI's IUD checklist was adapted and translated in Romanian by JSI. Approximately 400 checklists were disseminated during the "15 Years of Family Planning in Romania" conference organized by JSI in Sept 2006.
- As of December 2006, both the MoH of Uganda and Kenya successfully endorsed and adapted the IUD checklist.
- Between July and December 2006, 1,922 IUD checklists were distributed as a result of user-initiated requests from Ethiopia, Kenya, Madagascar, Nigeria, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Uganda, and U.S.
- In July 2006, 80 reproductive health trainers and district level health managers in Uganda were trained to use the IUD checklist. In August, 2006, a total of 5,000 IUD checklists were printed with the MoH logo. Over 2,500 IUD checklists have so far been distributed to 94 family planning providers in Uganda.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- A promotional strategy for the IUD Toolkit will be finalized and implemented.
- The IUD Toolkit CD ROM production will be initiated.
- The MAQ IUD Subcommittee will reconvene to debrief on toolkit promotion efforts and share information on programmatic activities.
- By June 2007, the facilitator training guides for the IUD checklist will be printed, translated into French and Spanish, and disseminated globally.

- Evaluation of dissemination activities in Uganda and the Dominican Republic will be conducted during the winter/spring of 2007. Evaluation in the DR will be done in collaboration with FCO 113114.
- Global and country level dissemination of the IUD checklist will continue through June.
- The FCO and subproject will be closed on June 30, 2007.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Although the IUD Toolkit (www.iudtoolkit.org) went “live” in April 2006, it was officially launched on October 27, 2006. There were over 4000 visits to the site in November, which represents an increase of 58% from October. Over 30% of these visitors were from outside the US.
- The IUD checklist was spontaneously translated and produced by JSI for use in Romania.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 282,515 |

Kenya: IUD Revitalization - Transition Phase and M & E (FCO 113111)

Objective(s): 1) To develop and implement FHI’s exit strategy from the Kenya IUD Revitalization Initiative (ongoing); 2) to provide technical assistance to the Kenya MoH and other partners during the leadership transition; 3) to provide focused advocacy and outreach at the national level to program managers and professional associations to disseminate the new Kenya FP Guidelines and FHI’s IUD Provider Checklist; and 4) to inform the design of future IUD and LAPM revitalization efforts by comparing and contrasting the various interventions that have recently taken place in Kenya.

NOTE: The fourth objective has been broadened to include a comparative assessment of all IUD reintroduction activities in Kenya.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- E McGinn and J Wesson traveled to Kenya to obtain MoH and other stakeholder input and buy-in for the IUD/LAPM comparative assessment; visits to partner programs in Western and Nyanza Province were conducted, along with a review of the 06-07 workplan and budget with Nairobi staff.
- A draft protocol was developed.
- Approval was received from the MOH/DRH to implement the study.
- Nairobi staff prepared and gave a presentation on results of the IUCD initiative results to IBP partners with recommendations for scale-up in APHIA II (October 17, 2006).

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The protocol for the LAPM assessment will be finalized, and local IRB Kenya National Health-Ethics Review Committee (KNH-ERC) approval will be obtained.
- The assessment will be conducted and a report finalized by May 2007.
- By the end of June 2007, a stakeholders’ meeting will be organized to review progress of the IUD revitalization initiative in Kenya, and discuss the results of the IUD/LAPM assessment. FHI will seek to organize this meeting in collaboration with EngenderHealth/ACQUIRE.
- The FCO will be closed on June 30, 2007.

- Staff will discuss with MOH and APHIA II partners scale-up of the IUD initiative in non-AMKENI supported regions.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Kenya’s new APHIA II bilateral projects (several awarded, one in each of five provinces) will be integrating IUD revitalization efforts into their workplans, under MoH leadership and with technical assistance from EngenderHealth. This is tangible evidence that FHI’s IUD revitalization effort, initiated in 2001, has become mainstreamed in Kenya’s family planning and reproductive health programs.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 300,548

Kenya: Assessing the Future Role of Implants (FCO 112122)

Objective(s): 1) To evaluate the Kenyan experience with implants; and 2) to provide donors with information necessary to determine whether they should begin purchasing implants for their programs.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FHI synthesized information from other sources to complement the recently completed situation analysis.
- A paper titled “Contraceptive Implants in Kenya: Current Status and Future Prospects” was submitted in December 2006 to Contraception for possible publication.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will:
 - Make final revisions to the paper titled “Contraceptive Implants in Kenya: Current Status and Future Prospects”.
 - FCO 112122 will be closed.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The Situation Analysis in Kenya indicated that about 75,000 implants were inserted in the year of 2005. Users are increasingly switching from OCs and DMPA to implants.
- The abstract for the paper submitted for publication is found below:
- Background: Since introducing Norplant over 20 years ago in Kenya, demand for contraceptive implants has remained high and implant costs are dropping substantially.
- Methods: An assessment of the Kenyan experience with implants was conducted to understand level of demand, capacity to provide services, and reproductive health impact of possible increased use. Interviews were conducted with 35 key Kenyan informants. By modeling increases in national implant use (at the expense of oral contraceptives), reductions in the annual number of unintended pregnancies were estimated.
- Results: Kenya has an unmet need for implants and the current network of trained providers appears ready to increase the volume of services. If 100,000 users of oral contraceptives switch to implants, then an estimated 26,000 unintended pregnancies can be averted over a 5-year period.

- Conclusion: With increased purchases of implants by international donor agencies, Kenya can reduce reliance on short-term hormonal methods and reduce the 45% prevalence rate of unintended pregnancy.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 220,000

Worldwide: Assessing Implant Provision in Various Service Delivery Settings (FCO 112124)

Objective(s): To explore the role three sectors (private for profit, private not for profit and public sector) are currently playing in implant provision as we start to prepare for the introduction of lower cost implants should they become available. The information from this subproject will assess whether the private sector can provide implants with sufficient quality and in a sustainable manner. Specifically, we hope to determine at what unit cost a sustainable private sector provision of implants is feasible.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- A mail/telephone survey was conducted with 112 private sector providers trained by IntraHealth in preparation for writing a protocol.
- A majority (18/24) of the sites have been visited where we are assembling a retrospective cohort of implant users to be interviewed in April 2007.
- A protocol was completed as of December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Data collection instruments will be drafted, pretested and finalized.
- A protocol will be reviewed and approved by PHSC and the local IRB.
- A data management plan will be drafted.
- Data entry screens will be created.
- Data collection will begin in April 2007.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The mail/telephone interview had a response rate of 58% with a majority of recently trained private sector providers (79%) saying they currently provide implants. These facilities charge US\$2.80—28.00 per insertion with about a quarter (27%) charging US\$7 and 15% charging US\$14.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 384,592

Turkey: Collaborative Research on Implants (FCO 112125/112135)

Objective(s): 1) To provide financial support for a WHO clinical trial to allow continued follow-up of Implanon users through five years; 2) to also provide partial support for data management; and 3) to monitor some or all of the clinical trial sites.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FHI staff, Markus Steiner visited WHO in August 2006 to discuss future FHI involvement in this ongoing trial.
- An ATI was signed by USAID in October 2006.
- A subagreement was signed by all parties in November 2006.
- Sites were monitored by FHI staff in Thailand in October 2006, as well as by FHI staff and WHO staff in Turkey and Hungary in November 2006.
- Technical assistance was provided in October 2006 with the transferring of the database from WHO to the data center in Argentina where the data will be processed.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The remaining four sites: Zimbabwe, Dominican Republic, Brazil and Chile will be monitored.
- Additional technical assistance with data management will be provided.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: 112125 | \$ | 224,819 |
| 112135 | \$ | 166,279 |
| | \$ | 391,098 |

Kenya: Impact of Offering Implants to Improve Continuation Rates of Hormonal Methods (FCO 112129)

Objective(s): To give women with indefinite or vague/shorter-term contraceptive needs the opportunity to use a better method, should they need protection for a longer duration than initially envisioned.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- As part of the Workplan process, the concept proposal was prepared and submitted to USAID for consideration as a "first track proposal" in December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- FHI staff will secure final approval from USAID on a study design and begin writing the protocol for submission to PHSC.
- Site selection and subcontract arrangements will be finalized.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ | 444,049 |

USA: Vas Irrigation During Vasectomy: Early Development (FCO 2261/2707/112113)

Objective(s): (1) To conduct one or more Phase I studies to determine the potential efficacy of a new approach to vas irrigation, which would be an improvement of the standard no-scalpel vasectomy procedure; (2) to conduct animal studies to test the hypothesis that diltiazem causes an effect on sperm in vivo; (3) to determine if irrigating with a spermicidal solution causes an effect on sperm counts; and (4) to conduct other vasectomy-related activities.

Note: The fourth objective was added with the approval of OYB funds for FCO 2707 and only applied to activities that were conducted under that FCO.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The histological and biochemical analyses were completed. Vimta sent the draft final report to FHI for review in Apr. 2006.
- After review by FHI and revisions by Vimta, the final report was completed in June 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The FCO was closed on January 31, 2007.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The pregnancy rate after vasectomy (as indicated by data from a sample of urologists in the United States) is about 1 per 1,000; and about half of those pregnancies are conceived almost immediately after the vasectomy procedure (Deneux-Tharax et al., 2004, full citation below).
- Vas irrigation with a spermicidal agent, such as diltiazem, appeared to be a potentially cost-effective alternative to the current approach of no irrigation, or irrigation with normal saline, for preventing pregnancy following vasectomy (unpublished).
- The first dose-range finding toxicology study showed that diltiazem injection inside the vas is tolerated by rats up to a dose of 50mg/kg body weight.
- A second non-GLP study showed that diltiazem causes an effect on sperm in-vivo and significantly affects the viability of sperm.
- Two papers related to vas irrigation were published:
- Wood BL, Doncel GF, Reddy PR, Sokal DC. Effect of diltiazem and methylene blue on human sperm motility, viability and cervical mucus penetration: potential use as vas irrigants at the time of vasectomy. *Contraception*, 2003 Mar; 67 (3):241-5. FHI Pub #2003-16.
- Deneux-Tharax C, Kahn E, Nazerali H, Sokal DC. Pregnancy rates after vasectomy: a survey of US urologists. *Contraception*. 2004 May; 69(5):401-6. FHI Pub #2004-16.
- The GLP study of a single dose of diltiazem for vas irrigation in rabbits showed that:
- Irrigation of the vas with Diltiazem at three dose levels, from 0.2 to 1.0 mg per vas, did not cause any adverse systemic effects.
- The histological observations of urogenital organs namely vas, seminal vesicle, urinary bladder and prostate showed that Diltiazem injection during vasectomy caused local toxicity in the vas and seminal vesicles at all dose levels. No histological changes were seen in specimens from the prostate or bladder.
- In conclusion, vas irrigation at three dose levels caused local toxicity as evidenced by histological changes, particularly in the epithelium of vas (both left and right) and seminal vesicle.
- As of 2007, research was halted due to lack of funds.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: OYB; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | 2261 | \$ 416,180 |
| | 2707 | \$ 50,000 |
| | 112113 | \$ 42,856 |
| | | <hr/> |
| | | \$ 509,036 |

India: RCT of Three Vasectomy Techniques (FCO 112128)

Objective(s): To compare the effectiveness of three vas occlusion techniques, all using the no-scalpel vasectomy approach for isolation of the vas.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- This subproject was approved for fast-track implementation in November 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- By June 2007, FHI staff will:
 - Finalize the study protocol and forms.
 - Obtain IRB approvals from FHI and the relevant Indian institutions.
 - Hold a study initiation meeting in India.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | | \$ 161,342 |

India: Vasectomy Acceptability among Clients and Providers in Uttar Pradesh (FCO 116100)

Objective(s): To establish evidence-based guidelines for improving vasectomy uptake in Uttar Pradesh and other states of India, as well as other counties within the region. This subproject will expand upon previous vasectomy research work done in other regions, and ultimately improve understanding of the barriers to vasectomy uptake.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- A protocol was submitted to the local IRB (CHEHAT) in July 2006.
- Additional information was requested by the IRB. Information was furnished in December 2006 after negotiating/clarifying requested changes.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Health Ministry Screening Committee approval will be obtained.
- Local IRB approval will be obtained.
- A field team in research ethics and study methodology will be trained.
- Data collection will begin by March 2007.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 299,991 |

Worldwide: USAID Financial Support of Female Nonsurgical Sterilization Development (FCO 2271/112107)

Objective(s): To support the development of a method of non-surgical female sterilization.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Updates for this FCO were summarized in EIS reports for FCO 1656, 1658, 1339, 1340 and 1390.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- This FCO will continue to be used to provide support overhead (15%) to complete the studies that are outlined in the following EIS reports: 1656, 1340, 1330 and 1663.

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|------------------------------------|---|
| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: 2271 | \$ 156,619 |
| 112107 | \$ 351,445 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$ 508,064 |

Now that the spermicide nonoxonyl-9 (N-9) has been ruled out as a microbicide, attention has shifted to other substances that might be used topically as a protective barrier against HIV and other sexually transmitted infections (STIs). An effective vaginal microbicide would offer a desperately needed option for women at risk of HIV who cannot persuade their partners to use condoms.

More than 50 agents are being studied for their microbicide potential, and about one-third are in clinical (human) trials. While a microbicide is unlikely to reach the market until after 2010, six microbicide products are expected to enter effectiveness trials—the most advanced stages of testing in humans—in 2003 and 2004, says Dr. Zeda Rosenberg, chief executive officer of the International Partnership for Microbicides (IPM) and former FHI scientific director for the HIV Prevention Trials Network (HPTN), a worldwide collaborative research program that evaluates HIV prevention interventions.

Network, Vol. 22, No. 2, 2003: Barrier Methods

Microbicides

Strategic Objectives

- To support the development of vaginal microbicides through the multiple phases of clinical trials, including, as appropriate, conducting trials to determine a product's contraceptive effectiveness.
- To increase understanding of social and behavioral issues associated with microbicide use in both clinical and non-clinical trial settings.
- To ensure that trial results, both positive and negative, and other evidence-based knowledge of microbicides are readily made available to research study participants, relevant international bodies, policy makers, practitioners and potential clients, and to provide technical assistance in utilizing findings and evaluating impact of microbicide research.

FHI/NC subprojects fully or partially funded by USAID's CTR and CRTU

Agreement:

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Nigeria: | Savvy Phase III RCT, Nigeria (FCO 2277/132104/132126/132127/132128/132139) |
| Ghana: | Savvy® Phase III RCT, Ghana (FCO 2278/132105/132121/132140/132141/132144) |
| South Africa: | Savvy: Phase III HIV Study (FCO 132116) |
| South Africa: | Microbicides: Carraguard Phase III Trial Interim Analysis for DSMB (FCO 139100) |
| Nigeria: | Randomized Controlled Trial of Cellulose Sulfate (CS) Gel and HIV (FCO 2266/132100/132122/132123/132124/132125/132143) |
| South Africa: | RCT of Tenofovir Gel(FCO 132108/132119/132120) |
| South Africa: | Safety and Feasibility of the Diaphragm Used with ACIDFORM (FCO 2276/112103) |
| South Africa: | Acidform Behavioral Data Analysis (FCO 116101) |
| USA: | Phase I Study of the BufferGel Duet's Functional Performance, Safety and Acceptability (FCO 2292/132102) |
| USA: | Safety of Citric Acid (FCO 2295/132110) |

USA: Male Tolerance Study of UC-781 Gel (FCO 132111)
India: Sustained Acceptability of Vaginal Microbicides: Male and
Female Perspectives (FCO 9386/136100)
USA: Assessment of Soluble and Cellular Markers of Inflammation
after Vaginal Product Use (FCO 132109)
USA: MRI Studies of New Microbicide Formulations (FCO 132112)
USA: New Delivery Device for Vaginal Microbicides (FCO
1844/2290/132103)
Worldwide: Independent Monitoring of CONRAD Collaborative Studies
(FCO 2285/132101)
Worldwide: Tool for Local Lexicon to Explain Difficult Informed Consent
Terms (FCO 136101)
USA: Statistical Support - Microbicides (FCO 139101)
Worldwide: Site Identification, Assessment & Development (FCO
1041/132113/132118)
USA: Microbicide Database, Phase I, Social & Scientific Systems,
Inc. (SSS) (FCO 139500)

**Nigeria: Savvy Phase III RCT, Nigeria (FCO
2277/132104/132126/132127/132128/132139)**

Objective(s): To assess the effectiveness of Savvy vaginal gel in preventing HIV among Nigerian women at high risk.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The second interim analysis took place and a third DMC meeting took place in August, 2006. The DMC concluded that the trial was unlikely to provide evidence that SAVVY protects against HIV. Thus, the study was terminated early with the last possible participant visit occurring on December 15, 2006. Researchers and stakeholders were informed of the decision in August 2006.
- A closeout plan and budget was developed and approved by the site investigators.
- An FHI Auditor conducted a site audit at the Lagos study site in November 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Data for the annual safety report will be submitted to CONRAD.
- An FHI Auditor will conduct a site audit at the Ibadan study site in January 2007.
- The study monitoring closeout visit will occur in February 2007.
- The FHI Director of Regulatory Affairs and Quality Assurance will train the study laboratory staff on Good Laboratory Practice and ISO Lab training in June 2007.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The Data Monitoring Committee reviewed the interim data and the feasibility analysis, and found that the trial would be unlikely to provide evidence for the effectiveness of SAVVY gel. The DMC recommended termination of the study, and FHI concurred, ending the study in December 2006. While the outcome was disappointing, it was prudent for ethical, scientific and financial reasons.

Funding Source(s):

| | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---|
| | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | 2277 | \$ 7,063,771 |
| | 132104 | In Approval |
| | 132126 | N/A |
| | 132127 | N/A |
| | 132128 | N/A |
| | 132139 | N/A |

**Ghana: Savvy® Phase III RCT, Ghana (FCO
2278/132105/132121/132140/132141/132144)**

Objective(s): To assess the effectiveness of Savvy vaginal gel in preventing HIV among Ghanaian women at high risk.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The team continued to work on the final report through October 2006 and submitted the final report to CONRAD in November 2006.
- A manuscript was drafted.
- Contracts with local NGOs were executed to provide care for trial seroconverters.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The manuscript will be submitted for publication.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Although we could not assess the effectiveness of SAVVY in this study, no safety concerns emerged from this study.
- Complex design and operational issues (such as lower than expected HIV incidence rates, high pregnancy rates, and low product adherence) have emerged from the SAVVY trials that exceed the traditional clinical trial challenges of recruiting participants and maintaining protocol adherence. They also are relevant for other HIV prevention technologies.
- The following publication was supported under this subproject: Skoler S, Peterson L, Cates W. Our current microbicide trials: lessons learned and to be learned. Microbicide Q 2006 Jan-Mar; 4 (1): 1-6. (FHI Pub 2006-27)

Funding Source(s):

USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core;
USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID:
Microbicides

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|----|------------------|
| Total Approved Budget: | 2278 | \$ | 6,767,839 |
| | 132105 | \$ | 7,551,240 |
| | 132121 | \$ | 16,540 |
| | 132140 | | N/A |
| | 132141 | | N/A |
| | 132144 | \$ | 14,703 |
| | | \$ | <hr/> 14,350,322 |

South Africa: Savvy: South Africa Phase III HIV Study (FCO 132116)

Objective(s): To assess the effectiveness of Savvy vaginal gel in preventing HIV among South African women at high risk.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Contacts were established with two academic institutions in South Africa that were interested in collaborating on the subproject, and an initial visit was scheduled for September 2006.
- The study protocol was drafted.
- With the decision to terminate the SAVVY Nigeria trial in August 2006, FHI and USAID decided not to conduct any further research on SAVVY gel.
- The study has been cancelled, and the FCO 132116 was closed on December 31, 2006.

Findings and Outcomes:

- With the decision to terminate the SAVVY Nigeria trial in August 2006, FHI and USAID decided not to conduct any further research on SAVVY gel.
- The two proposed study sites remain in communication with FHI. They will probably participate in future HIV prevention research with FHI.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International Development/USAID:
Microbicides

Total Approved Budget: \$ 999,102

South Africa: Microbicides: Carraguard Phase III Trial Interim Analysis for DSMB (FCO 139100)

Objective(s): 1) To provide an independent statistician for the DSMB assigned to the Population Council's Carraguard Phase III Study. This work includes assisting in the development of an SOP, attending DSMB meetings, and preparing and distributing closed session interim analysis reports. 2) To provide assistance with the development of the final statistical analysis plan (SAP) as of January 2006.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The final DSMB meeting occurred in September 2006.
- A revised Statistical Analysis Plan was reviewed by Rosalie Dominik.
- In October 2006, Doug Taylor attended a meeting at the Population Council offices in New York City to assist in planning of secondary analyses of trial data.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- All work will be completed and the FCO will be closed.

Findings and Outcomes:

- As planned, FHI provided an independent statistician for the DSMB appointed for the Population Council's Carraguard III study and provided technical review and assistance on a statistical analysis plan.
- The Population Council was very satisfied with the work provided.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 40,000

Nigeria: Randomized Controlled Trial of Cellulose Sulfate (CS) Gel and HIV (FCO 2266/132100/132122/132123/132124/132125/132143)

Objective(s): 1) To determine the effectiveness of CS gel in preventing male-to-female vaginal transmission of HIV infection among women at high risk; and 2) to determine the effectiveness of CS gel in preventing male-to-female transmission of gonorrhea and chlamydial infection among women at high risk.

NOTE: A second objective was added in 2003 in order to more accurately reflect the protocol objectives.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- A poster was presented at the 2006 AIDS Conference-XVI in Toronto in August 2006 by site investigators.
- The second DMC meeting was held in September 2006. No safety concerns were raised; approval was granted to continue the study.
- Following the DMC recommendation to continue the study, FHI, USAID and CONRAD decided to stop enrollment at the current sites and expand the study outside of Nigeria in September 2006 due to the lower than anticipated incidence of HIV as well as safety concerns in the Delta region in Nigeria.
- The Lagos site was monitored in October 2006. Port Harcourt was monitored remotely from Lagos, using copies of source documents.
- A site assessment of two potential new sites in South Africa (SA): MEDUNSA in Pretoria; and the University of Cape Town (UCT) was conducted in October 2006.
- The MEDUNSA and UCT sites were selected as new potential study sites in November 2006.
- Both Nigerian sites completed enrollment in November 2006. A total of 1,644 participants were enrolled.
- Subagreements with ITM, Lagos site, Port Harcourt site, StopAids and Health Matters were extended in December 2006.
- The revised study protocol with the addition of the SA sites was reviewed in-house in December 2006. According to the amended protocol, approximately 1700 women will be enrolled in SA (~800 per each site).
- Pre-award payments to the SA sites were approved by USAID to compensate their time and effort until the final subagreements are in place.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will:
 - Continue the follow-up of participants in Nigeria.
 - Continue the process of expanding the study to SA.
 - The updated study protocol, including expansion to SA, will undergo review by the FDA, PHSC, MCC and local IRBs.
 - The start-up of subagreements with SA sites is expected to begin in April 2007.
 - Training at the SA sites will take place between March and June 2007 and will include GCP and research ethics training; lab assessment and ISO training for the lab; and DM training. A pre-investigator's meeting is tentatively scheduled for March – April 2007.
 - Interim tasks include revising the Study Manual specific to the SA sites, updating the required DCFs, revising IC docs and recruitment materials, updating the Analysis plan, updating the Monitoring plan, and updating the DM plan.

Findings and Outcomes:

- FHI pioneered a new microbicide research methodology with this study. Based on an on-going monitoring and analysis of STI/HIV prevalence and incidence rates, FHI researchers developed a technique for continually modifying recruitment strategies in order to target populations at greatest risk of HIV infection. While this methodology proved useful, it was nonetheless insufficient to overcome the overall low HIV incidence in the Lagos study population within the limited period of time.

Funding Source(s):

| | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
|------------------------------------|----|---|
| Total Approved Budget: 2266 | \$ | 8,323,009 |
| 132100 | \$ | 2,723,000 |
| 132143 | | N/A |
| 132122 | | N/A |
| 132123 | | N/A |
| 132124 | | N/A |
| 132125 | | N/A |
| | \$ | 11,046,009 |

South Africa: RCT of Tenofovir Gel(FCO 132108/132119/132120)

Objective(s): To assess the safety and effectiveness of candidate vaginal microbicide 1% Tenofovir gel, relative to a placebo gel in preventing sexually transmitted HIV infection. The primary outcome of interest is seroconversion. Secondary objectives include: incidence rate of deep epithelial disruption, assessing the impact of either product on viral load for women who become infected during the trial, assessing Tenofovir resistance among HIV seroconverters, and ascertaining the impact, if any, of Tenofovir gel on pregnancy rates and outcomes.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The study protocol was approved by FHI's PHSC and the local IRB in October 2006.
- A DSMB of five members was formed and the DSMB Operational Plan was drafted.
- Medicines Control Council (MCC) granted study approval in December 2006.
- The study manual, case report forms, and SOPs were drafted.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Subcontracts with CAPRISA and Columbia University will be executed.
- The first DSMB meeting will be held prior to study start.
- Site initiation visits will occur in February-March 2007.
- The first participant enrollment is scheduled for April 2007.

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|--------------------------------------|----|--|
| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Microbicides |
| Total Approved Budget: 132108 | \$ | 12,770,541 |
| 132120 | \$ | 12,770,541 |
| 132119 | \$ | 12,770,541 |
| | \$ | <hr/> 38,311,623 |

South Africa: Safety and Feasibility of the Diaphragm Used with ACIDFORM (FCO 2276/112103)

Objective(s): To provide statistical, data management, and clinical monitoring support for a CONRAD study. The study's objectives are: 1) to assess the effect of a diaphragm used with ACIDFORM (vs. one used with KY Jelly) on symptoms and signs of irritation of the external genitalia, vagina, and cervix; 2) to evaluate the willingness of women to use the diaphragm with a gel prior to each vaginal sexual act for a period of 6 months; and 3) to compare the differences in vaginal health following 6 months use of a diaphragm with ACIDFORM vs. one used with KY Jelly.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Data analysis ongoing.
- All remaining study regulatory documents have been shipped from the site to FHI and CONRAD for filing.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The data analysis will be completed and a statistical report sent to CONRAD.
- FHI will review CONRAD's final report, as requested.
- Study documentation will be archived.

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|------------------------------------|----|---|
| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: 2276 | \$ | 329,186 |
| 112103 | \$ | 180,534 |
| | \$ | <hr/> 509,720 |

South Africa: Acidform Behavioral Data Analysis (FCO 116101)

Objective(s): To analyze and synthesize qualitative and quantitative data to understand acceptability of the diaphragm with Acidform gel. Specifically, the behavioral analysis plan aims to: 1) determine if subjective experience is related to reported use of the product; 2) identify predictors of positive experiences with, and/or use of, the method; 3) map experience with, and use of, the product over the course of the trial; 4) identify co-variates of product experience and use over the course of the trial; and 5) identify problems associated with correct product usage.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Manuscript, “Changes in sexual behavior during a phase II safety and feasibility trial of a microbicide/diaphragm combination: an integrated qualitative and quantitative analysis”, was revised and resubmitted to AIDS Education and Prevention in November 2006.
- A second manuscript, “Reasons for not enrolling: recruitment outcomes for a safety and feasibility study of a diaphragm/microbicide combination in South Africa “ was written and submitted to JAIDS in October 2006.
- Data analysis continued and work on a third manuscript began.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Continue data analysis and complete/submit third manuscript.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Women clustered into three psychographic groups that differed with respect to age, stability of relationships, HIV risk, and frequency of sex.
- In general, women evaluated the method gel and diaphragm combination favorably. In all groups, positive evaluation of the method increased after the first month of use, although evaluative trajectories varied somewhat between the three psychographic groups identified.
- Adherence to the gel and diaphragm was consistently above 94%, although it peaked at month 3 in all groups, and varied between the three psychographic groups identified. Older women in more stable relationships used the gel more frequently and consistently.
- Frequency of sex increased significantly among participants after enrollment, reportably due to perceived protection from HIV and greater sexual pleasure afforded by the gel. Male condom use was high overall, but increased significantly from enrollment. Data indicate this is due to increased partner involvement, participants’ commitment to the trial, increased negotiating power afforded by study participation, and provision of condoms perceived to be of high quality.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 68,677 |

USA: Phase I Study of the BufferGel Duet's Functional Performance, Safety and Acceptability (FCO 2292/132102)

Objective(s): To provide statistical and data management support to a CONRAD study designed to assess the function, safety and acceptability of the BufferGel Duet, as well as the effectiveness on vaginal pH.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FHI reviewed the final clinical report as requested by CONRAD.
- FHI finalized the statistical report.
- The study was archived, and FCO 132102 was closed on November 30, 2006.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Preliminary results as presented at the Microbicides 2006 conference indicate the BufferGel® Duet fits most women and was easy to insert and remove. The device appeared to be safe, and women liked the alternative of the device as a gel applicator. This trial validates the concept of a cervical barrier prepackaged with microbicide.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: 2292 | \$ | 130,912 |
| 132102 | \$ | 15,000 |
| | \$ | <hr/> 145,912 |

USA: Safety of Citric Acid (FCO 2295/132110)

Objective(s): To provide statistical and data management support for a CONRAD study to determine the safety of citric acid as an agent in preventing STD and HIV infection.

NOTE: While originally the title and objectives of this subproject referred to safety and acceptability, the design of the study was narrowed to focus on the safety of lime juice as a vaginal product.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FHI assisted CONRAD, as requested, with the preparation of a manuscript.
- At CONRAD's request, FHI prepared a CD with statistical tables in July 2006.
- In September 2006, FHI provided at CONRAD's request, selected study data values for Gustavo Doncel's (EVMS lab) further cell pellet analyses.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- FHI will review the manuscript as requested.
- The subproject will be archived, and the FCO will be closed.

Findings and Outcomes:

- In preliminary results shared via an abstract at Microbicides 2006, genital irritation was observed. Discontinuations for product-related reasons, symptoms/signs of urogenital irritation including colposcopic findings, and changes in microflora and vaginal pH were presented at the Microbicides meeting. The higher concentrations of lime juice were associated with adverse safety events.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Microbicides |
| Total Approved Budget: | 2295 | \$ 162,695 |
| | 132110 | \$ 35,396 |
| | | <hr/> |
| | | \$ 198,091 |

USA: Male Tolerance Study of UC-781 Gel (FCO 132111)

Objective(s): To provide biostatistical and data management support to a CONRAD-led Phase I male tolerance study of UC-781 gel and K-Y Jelly.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The FHI study team worked with CONRAD on the development of the protocol during the second half of 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The FHI study team will work with CONRAD to review and finalize the protocol.
- The FHI study team will work with CONRAD to review, finalize and print the case report forms.
- The analysis plan will be developed and approved.
- FHI will write a data management plan and will program data cleaning specs into ClinTrial.
- CONRAD will initiate the study at the chosen US site.
- Data entry and querying will begin.

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|-------------------------------|----|--|
| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Microbicides |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ | 117,745 |

India: Sustained Acceptability of Vaginal Microbicides: Male and Female Perspectives (FCO 9386/136100)

Objective(s): 1) To identify and describe factors that enable individuals and couples to use microbicides consistently and long-term; and 2) to account for the effects of clinical trial and acceptability research participation on microbicide use including: motivations for joining the trial; the importance of counseling and support provided by clinical trial staff in maintaining product use; and the importance of interactions with acceptability research staff in maintaining product use.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The prospective acceptability study was initiated in September 2006.
- Dr. Tolley traveled to Pune in late September 2006 to review data management systems.
- As of December 2006, 47 (of 100) clinical trial participants and 27 (of 100) non-clinical trial participants have been recruited as well as 43 (of 100) male partners.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Dr. Tolley will conduct a monitoring visit in January 2007.
- Recruitment should be completed in March or April 2007.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The qualitative phase of this study found that women will not likely consider microbicide use unless they perceive themselves to be at risk of HIV. HIV risk was most commonly associated with a partner's infidelity, easily detected according to both men and women by a lack of marital harmony. Despite this logical pathway, high-risk women in this study denied perceiving HIV risk until confronted with specific evidence in the form of a husband's positive HIV test or diagnosis of a sexually transmitted disease.
- Overall, women's perceptions of control and sexual power appeared to influence attitudes towards consistency of microbicide use. The identification of HIV risk perception, couple harmony and sexual power constructs as potential determinants of microbicide use was further confirmed by findings from the scale survey.
- Factor analysis of the draft scale items produced five scales, four of which exhibited adequate to high levels of reliability. These included scales measuring couple harmony, Perception of Partner Infidelity, AIDS Fatalism, Pervasiveness of HIV Risk, and Protection Efficacy.
- Findings were recently published in the July/August 2006 edition of "Culture, Health & Sexuality; in an article entitled "Examining the context of microbicide acceptability among married women and men in India." (FHI Pub 2006-51)

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|------------------------------------|---|
| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: 9386 | \$ 822,278 |
| 136100 | \$ 457,300 |
| | <hr/> |
| | \$ 1,279,578 |

USA: Assessment of Soluble and Cellular Markers of Inflammation after Vaginal Product Use (FCO 132109)

Objective(s): To provide data management and analysis support to a CONRAD-led study designed to assess proinflammatory cytokines and related factors in female participants who use a vaginal product (HEC-based "universal" placebo or 4% nonoxynol-9).

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The Investigators' Meeting was held in July 2006.
- The FHI study team worked with CONRAD to review and finalize the protocol in October 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The FHI study team will work with CONRAD to review, finalize and print the case report forms.
- The analysis plan will be developed and approved.
- FHI will write a data management plan and will program data cleaning specs into ClinTrial.
- CONRAD will initiate the study at two US sites.
- Data entry and querying will begin.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID:
Microbicides

Total Approved Budget: \$ 217,647

USA: MRI Studies of New Microbicide Formulations (FCO 132112)

Objective(s): To provide data management and analysis support to a CONRAD-led study designed to examine the spreading characteristics of new microbicide formulations.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- No activity occurred under this FCO during the past six months.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The FHI study team will work with CONRAD to review and finalize the protocol.
- The FHI study team will work with CONRAD to review, finalize and print the case report forms.
- The analysis plan will be developed and approved.
- FHI will write a data management plan and will program data cleaning specs into ClinTrial.
- CONRAD will initiate the study at the chosen US site.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID:
Microbicides

Total Approved Budget: \$ 87,944

USA: New Delivery Device for Vaginal Microbicides (FCO 1844/2290/132103)

Objective(s): 1) To develop hand-made prototypes of a new vaginal delivery device for microbicides or other vaginal preparations; and 2) to assess acceptability of the device via focus group discussions or in-depth interviews.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- A patent application was submitted for our improved prototype in July 2006.
- Three designs were produced (teardrop, round and doughnut-shaped).
- A moderator's guide, non-disclosure and confidentiality agreement, demographic form and informed consent were developed for the first series of focus group discussions.
- The study instruments were submitted for ethics review and approved as exempt research in August 2006.
- The first series of focus groups were held with FHI female employees between September 25 and October 6, 2006.
- Focus group data were analyzed, and a report was written in November 2006.
- Study instruments were modified and translated in November 2006 to prepare for focus group discussions with Latina and African women.
- The modified focus group discussion instruments were submitted for review to FHI's PHSC. The study was approved as exempt research in December 2006.
- Second generation prototype materials were selected in December 2006 for the planned in-vivo study.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Focus groups and/or in-depth interviews with Latina and African women will be conducted in January and February 2007. Data from these focus group discussions will be analyzed, and a report will be written.
- Two second generation prototypes will be fabricated at TruMed beginning in April 2007.
- Second generation prototypes will be available for use in the planned Brazil/South Africa study in June 2007.
- A protocol will be drafted for the conduct of focus groups discussions and/or in-depth interviews in Brazil and South Africa.
- The protocol and related instruments will be submitted to FHI's PHSC in April 2007 and to local IRBs in South Africa and Brazil in the April-May 2007 timeframe.

Findings and Outcomes:

- A unique non-woven vaginal drug delivery prototype was developed. It is believed that the device will deliver microbicides more efficiently than currently available methods. The device is inexpensive and can be manufactured and packaged for about \$0.05 per unit (excluding drug).

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----|---|
| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core; International Partnership for Microbicides (IPM)/Private |
| Total Approved Budget: 2290 | \$ | 220,917 |
| 132103 | \$ | 25,000 |
| 1844 | \$ | 72,171 |
| | \$ | <hr/> 318,088 |

Worldwide: Independent Monitoring of CONRAD Collaborative Studies (FCO 2285/132101)

Objective(s): To provide clinical monitoring services to CONRAD specifically for those studies funded by USAID.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- There was little activity for this subproject during this time period.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Sites will be monitored according to study needs as determined by CONRAD and availability of FHI staff.

Findings and Outcomes:

- As part of the ongoing FHI-CONRAD collaboration, FHI completed clinical monitoring services as agreed to by FHI and CONRAD.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----|---|
| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: 2285 | \$ | 164,234 |
| 132101 | \$ | 107,728 |
| | \$ | <hr/> 271,962 |

Worldwide: Tool for Local Lexicon to Explain Difficult Informed Consent Terms (FCO 136101)

Objective(s): To develop a pilot tool for eliciting local terminology and explanations for sexual behavior, sexual and affective relationships, reproductive health terms, and concepts relevant to participation in clinical trials.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The documentation of problematic terms and concepts began.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Barbara Friedland will travel to FHI in early February to collaborate in development of strategies for analysis of data sets at both organizations.
- A literature review of topics relevant to informed consent comprehension will be done.
- Mack and Friedland will develop a pilot tool based on terms and concepts identified.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 44,997

USA: Statistical Support - Microbicides (FCO 139101)

Objective(s): 1) To review statistical methods needed to answer questions concerning the effectiveness of microbicides in preventing HIV/STI transmission; 2) to conduct research on such methods; and 3) to develop recommendations for study design and analysis.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Staff provided statistical consultation to Population Council.
- Staff began performing secondary analyses of data from the Ghana SAVVY study by evaluating pregnancy rates in microbicide prevention trials.
- In November 2006, Doug Taylor gave a presentation on biostatistical and data management issues in Microbicide trials to approximately six new clinical research monitors.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Work will be completed as needed.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 10,000

Worldwide: Site Identification, Assessment & Development (FCO 1041/132113/132118)

Objective(s): To identify, prepare, and establish five new sites for future Phase I to Phase III microbicide studies with appropriate stakeholder involvement. Secondary outcome: To develop and fully implement a new multistage, interdisciplinary paradigm based on lessons learned from Phase I, II and III microbicide trials.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- We identified a list of 20 potential sites for subsequent assessment activities. Current countries that are being evaluated are: Kenya, Tanzania, Mozambique, Swaziland, Ethiopia, Lesotho, South Africa, and Vietnam.
- Initial assessment visits were completed for four sites in Kenya, one site in Tanzania, two sites in Mozambique, one site in Swaziland and one site in Vietnam.
- A Site Identification Database was designed to collect essential information from investigators and sites. A separate FCO, 132118, was established for management of this task.
- Laboratory Assessment and Quality Assurance Training modules were begun, and the first module completed, with the objective of implementing a training program to improve clinical laboratory practices at site laboratories.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Assessment visits will be made to Tanzania, South Africa and Ethiopia.
- A development/implementation plan will be drafted for Mozambique, assuming USAID concurs.
- Work will continue on the Site Identification Database. A fully functional database will be available February 2007.
- Work will continue on the Laboratory Assessment and Quality Assurance Training modules.
- Training will begin for monitors/laboratory staff in assessment of laboratory technologies and capabilities that support HIV prevention research and international guidelines.
- Upon approval by USAID, site development work will proceed at sites in Kenya and Tanzania, including renovation of clinical facilities and the purchase of start-up equipment.
- Design and implementation of behavioral and formative research, including community preparedness activities and hiring/training (research ethics, GCP) of key site staff, will be done at the Kenya and Tanzania sites.
- Development of preparatory incidence protocols will commence and may be implemented at one or two sites.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Microbicides |
| Total Approved Budget: 1041 | \$ | 128,038 |
| 132113 | \$ | 1,998,762 |
| 132118 | \$ | 183,788 |
| | \$ | 2,310,588 |

USA: Microbicide Database, Phase I, Social & Scientific Systems, Inc. (SSS) (FCO 139500)

Objective(s): To provide support to SSS in the development of a database and reporting system for monitoring and evaluating USAID-supported microbicide research and development activities.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In December 2006, a no-cost extension of the contract was granted to SSS, Inc. through January 31, 2007 to accommodate project timeline changes needed by USAID. The timeline for USAID approval of data on all FY 05 activities entered in the database exceeded by 5 weeks the original planned approval period. The no-cost extension through January 31, 2007 is to accommodate that expanded approval process in the overall project schedule.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- This activity involves the reimbursement of contracted staff time for work on this USAID-funded subproject. Disbursements will be made as required.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Microbicides |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ | 565,025 |

“..young people in Africa are at serious risk of adverse reproductive health outcomes, such as HIV infection and unintended pregnancy. Sarah Thomsen, from YouthNet/FHI, highlighted findings from studies of client use of voluntary counseling and testing (VCT) clinics in Haiti and Tanzania, which found that over 60 percent of youth were at risk of HIV and more than 80 percent did not want to become pregnant in the next two years. The studies also demonstrated that young VCT clients did not have an accurate perception of their risk of HIV infection. ... [Also] Providers are often reluctant to supply contraceptives or even reproductive health information to sexually active young people because of cultural norms or misinformed clinical practices. In many places, providers lack the training to communicate effectively with young people seeking reproductive services or information. In addition, youth face financial barriers to accessing services and supplies, as well as physical barriers such as distance to clinics and lack of transportation.”

“Building a Better Future for Youth Learning from Experience and Evidence,” Africa Regional Forum on Youth Reproductive Health and HIV June 6-9, 2005, Dar’es Salam, United Republic of Tanzania (WHO, Frontiers, FHI and USAID), pg.4

Youth

FHI/NC subprojects fully or partially funded by USAID’s CRTU Agreement:

- Worldwide: Global Knowledge Management: Youth RH/HIV Prevention (FCO 125001/125005)
- Worldwide: Knowledge Management: Youth Synthesis Report (FCO 125002/125003)
- Multiple: Development Support for Youth Dual Method Study (FCO 114120)
- Jamaica: Capacity Building for Youth RH/HIV and Parenting Curriculum Development (FCO 145001)
- Tanzania: Risk Reduction through Role Models for Young Men: Intervention, Adaptation and Testing (FCO 114117)

Worldwide: Global Knowledge Management: Youth RH/HIV Prevention (FCO 125001/125005)

Objective(s): 1) To expand the worldwide knowledge base on youth RH/HIV prevention through synthesis, production, and dissemination of the latest information, new evidence, and best practices; and 2) to increase utilization of key program resources through UN, CA, Ministry, and other systems, focusing on major program resources completed in the last 18 months of YouthNet, so that the USAID investment in these resources is fully realized.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- YouthNet publications have been disseminated over the last six months, using YouthNet funds from July-Sept and this FCO from Oct-Dec. The dissemination aspect is designed to make the transition from the end of YouthNet smooth in terms of disseminating the materials produced near the end of the project. A total of 18,875 items were disseminated between July-Dec, many being distributed during the End of Program meeting in September.
- The Interagency Youth Working Group (IYWG) was planned as a vehicle for providing leadership in youth RH/HIV. It is a small group that meets quarterly through the USAID Youth GLP. A larger, general meeting is planned for the public, twice a year.
- A new youth RH/HIV Web site was planned in collaboration with the INFO Project at Johns Hopkins University. FHI is responsible for the content, with INFO Project responsible for designing, housing, and managing the site.
- The YouthLens series—a four-page research brief on key topics begun by YouthNet will continue under the auspices of the IYWG. The first three issues were drafted, with two submitted for technical review, covering RH/HIV school-based education, community involvement, and integrated services.
- The Youth InfoNet series—a monthly electronic summary of new youth program resources and research article summaries—will continue under the auspices of the IYWG. The first two issues were distributed, No. 28 (November) and No. 29 (December), including a total of 38 program resources and 39 research summaries.
- A utilization plan was developed to guide the targeted use of YouthNet publications, focusing on expanding utilization of the Christian and Muslim Family Life Education Manuals for Adults, the HIV Counseling and Testing Manual for Youth Providers, and the Y-PEER youth peer education toolkit.
- A training guide for using the HIV Counseling and Testing Manual is underway. Other CAs that have participated in translations of the manual are also participating.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The IYWG will meet in February 2007 in its small working group and in late spring in Washington in a general meeting, with new research and tools presented and discussed.
- Six or seven new YouthLens will be produced and disseminated under the auspices of the IYWG. The first three (Nos. 19-21) will be disseminated in February, and the other 3-4 in June. The dissemination will utilize the YouthNet mailing list. Six new Youth InfoNet issues (Nos.30-35) will be produced and disseminated electronically monthly, January through June, covering the latest program resources and scientific journal articles.
- YouthNet publications will continue to be disseminated, including the End of Program Report, a CD ROM of all YouthNet publications, and other publications.
- A training guide for the HIV Counseling and Testing Manual will be field tested in a site to be determined. The guide will then be reviewed, and printed.
- Efforts to expand the use of YouthNet tools and youth programming within FHI will be assisted, working with other groups on an FHI-wide youth strategy. Utilization efforts will focus on getting CAs to utilize the CFLE, MFLE, HIV Counseling and Testing Manual for Youth Providers, and the Y-PEER Toolkit.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: GLP |
| Total Approved Budget:125001 | \$ | 250,000 |
| 125005 | \$ | 150,000 |
| | \$ | <u>400,000</u> |

Worldwide: Knowledge Management: Youth Synthesis Report (FCO 125002/125003)

Objective(s): To expand the worldwide knowledge base on youth RH/HIV prevention through:
a) a synthesis report on youth intervention projects; and b) further publication of research results from the YouthNet project.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Staff held discussions of options to pursue, given the fact that several major synthesis reports have been completed recently. These include a WHO report guiding policymakers on interventions for youth and the YouthNet End of Program Report focusing on program results.
- At the suggestion of USAID, a decision was reached to modify the direction of this funding to focus this fiscal year on printing research reports completed after the YouthNet program ended.
- General conceptual directions for a synthesis report for FY '08 have been discussed and two half-day meetings have been agreed upon as a way to develop a concept paper for developing the synthesis report for FY '08.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will:
 - Complete and print six Youth Research Working Papers (Nos. 5-10) covering VCT services (two, in Haiti and Tanzania), “be faithful”, early sexual debut, contraception and post abortion care, and peer education.
 - Print one Youth Issues Paper on peer education.
 - Disseminate these seven publications.
 - Hold two half-day meetings to develop a concept paper for the synthesis report for FY '08.
 - Complete a concept paper for the synthesis report.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: GLP |
| Total Approved Budget:125002 | \$ | 150,000 |
| 125003 | \$ | 150,000 |
| | \$ | <u>300,000</u> |

Multiple: Development Support for Youth Dual Method Study (FCO 114120)

Objective(s): To support preparation of a research protocol to examine the public health benefits and consequences of dual method promotion among youth seeking VCT and STI services.

To assess whether incidence of undesired pregnancy is lower among youth HIV/STI clients exposed to comprehensive family planning services than among those exposed to condom promotion only.

To assess whether condom use is equally consistent among youth newly using a hormonal contraceptive method and youth who rely on condoms only for contraception.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The concept paper with a \$49,995 budget was rejected by USAID. With guidance from USAID, the concept paper was revised; it now includes all costs (development and implementation). The new budget is \$320,000.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Pending approval from USAID Washington, discussions will be held with potential field partners in Madagascar. A protocol will be prepared and submitted for ethical and technical approval.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 49,995 |

Jamaica: Capacity Building for Youth RH/HIV and Parenting Curriculum Development (FCO 145001)

Objective(s): To build the capacity of Jamaican youth-oriented NGOs and government agencies and assist in the development of a parenting curriculum.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- A "Youth and Healthy Lifestyles" workshop was sponsored by YouthNet and the Jamaican Ministry of Health in November 2006. The 2 ½-day workshop took place in Ocho Rios, Jamaica, and was attended by approximately 80 participants representing government agencies and NGOs working with youth in the areas of reproductive health, HIV, violence, and drug abuse. Subject areas included promotion of healthy lifestyles among youth and prevention of pregnancy, HIV/STIs, violence, and drug abuse.
- Progress was also made on the development of a parenting curriculum which is being developed in conjunction with the JA-Style program funded by USAID Jamaica. FHI led a workshop to train local staff to field test the curriculum and the FHI consultant began incorporating modifications to the curriculum based on the results of the field testing.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The parenting curriculum will be completed, with copy editing and layout performed by FHI staff in North Carolina.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Field
Support

Total Approved Budget: \$
150,000

Tanzania: Risk Reduction through Role Models for Young Men: Intervention, Adaptation and Testing (FCO 114117)

Objective(s): To conduct an evaluation of an adoption of the Program H model, to be implemented by FHI and Instituto Promundo through the UJANA/Tanzania award.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The FCO was opened in November 2006, and the subproject was approved by USAID in December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- A protocol will be developed in January 2007.
- Ethical approval will be obtained in February and March 2007.
- Data collectors will be trained in March 2007.
- Data will be collected in March-April 2007.
- Data will be entered and analyzed from May-June 2007.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 169,987

Crosscutting themes include capacity building, support to other projects, utilization of research results, field presence, and program guidance and oversight:

- *Capacity building remains a central challenge for reproductive health research. Capable and qualified professionals are urgently needed to carry out priority research and to craft the policies and programs that expand access to services. [Likewise] The need for research sites qualified to conduct registrational-quality clinical trials is acute, particularly for priority microbicide clinical trials.*
- *FHI has a long tradition of providing support to other organizations with our well-developed capacities in biostatistics, data management, health care economics, behavioral research, behavior change communication (BCC), training, knowledge management, and scientific writing.*
- *The RtoP Initiative, launched in 2001, represents FHI's focused effort to improve the efficiency with which research leads to improvements in practice. The Initiative serves as a bridge from researchers to users of research, who may lack immediate access, skills, or inclination to focus on new findings and their implications.*

FHI CRTU Proposal, September 30, 2004, pp.36-39. Cross-Cutting Activities

Cross-Cutting Activities

FHI/NC subprojects fully or partially funded by USAID's CRTU Agreement:

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|-------------|--|
| Worldwide: | CRTU Knowledge Management (FCO 113118) |
| Worldwide: | Implementing Best Practices Consortium (FCO 113116) |
| Worldwide: | CRTU Network of Champions (FCO 113113) |
| Worldwide: | Research to Practice Leadership (FCO 113114) |
| Worldwide: | USAID Best Practices Package: Development and M & E (FCO 113115/123101) |
| Madagascar: | USAID Best Practices - MAQ Funds (FCO 123103) |
| Kenya: | Evaluation of "What's New & Cool for Youth" Booklet (FCO 143101) |
| Malawi: | Using Male Educators to increase Family Planning use among young married couples (FCO 116108) |
| Nigeria: | Evidence-based Child Spacing Intervention Development (FCO 143104) |
| Kenya: | Kenya Division of Reproductive Health Capacity Development: Follow-on Activity (FCO 143103) |
| Kenya: | Building Strategic Information Capacity within NASCOP (FCO 153102) |
| Kenya: | Scaling-Up: Building Capacity in the Field (FCO 113130) |
| Worldwide: | Research Ethics Training Curriculum for Community Representatives (RETC-CR) (FCO 1398/1600/1601/2710/172000) |

**FHI/NC subprojects fully or partially funded by USAID's CRTU Agreement
(Continued):**

Worldwide: Standardized Family Planning Curriculum (FCO 113128)
Worldwide: BASS Technical Leadership (FCO 116103)
Worldwide: BIOS Technical Leadership (FCO 119100)
Worldwide: CRD Technical Leadership (FCO 112120)
Worldwide: HSR Technical Leadership (FCO 114106)
USA: Development of Guidelines for Contraceptive Users (FCO 2706/112110/172003)
Worldwide: Cochrane Fertility Regulation Review Group, 2005-2010 (FCO 112112/172002)
India: September 2006 Indo-US Joint Working Group (JWG) Meeting (FCO 112126)
Worldwide: Inter-Laboratory Trials (FCO 118104)
Worldwide: Technical Assistance to Field Programs (FCO 118102)
Worldwide: Technical Leadership: Collaboration with Multi/Bi-Lateral Procurement Agencies (FCO 118101)
Worldwide: Technical Oversight Committee (FCO 118103)
Worldwide: Test Capability Development and Enhancement (FCO 118105)
Worldwide: Production Surveillance, Domestic and Off-Shore, for Hormonal and Long-acting and Permanent Methods (FCO 148101)
Multiple: Enhanced Country Program Implementation (FCO 113117)
Kenya: Enhanced Country Program Implementation (FCO 113122)
South Africa: Enhanced Country Program Implementation (FCO 113123/133100)
Uganda: Enhanced Country Program (FCO 113125)
Madagascar: Enhanced Country Program (FCO 113129)
Worldwide: Immunological Markers of Chlamydial Infection (IMCI) (FCO 172006)
Worldwide: CRTU Monitoring and Evaluation (FCO 119501)

Worldwide: CRTU Knowledge Management (FCO 113118)

Objective(s): 1) To develop communications and dissemination strategies for all relevant research; 2) to implement CRTU research dissemination priorities; 3) to provide technical assistance in dissemination; and 4) to maintain core infrastructures to support CRTU dissemination and issues management.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Distributed 21 tailored announcements (7,590 recipients). FHI distributed listserv announcements (95,593 recipients) on hormonal contraception and HIV acquisition study findings.
- Secured initial agreement with Armand Colin, a social science publisher in France, to publish *Qualitative Methods in PH* in French, if FHI undertakes the cost of translation: WHO agreed to purchase 200 copies and initiated discussion with Pasteur Institute about possible co-publishing arrangement with Armand Colin.
- Represented FHI at a World Bank conference on communication for development (Rome, October 2006), contributing input on impact indicators to measure communication effects.
- Participated in a Linkages conference on FP and HIV integration in Ethiopia, October 2006, and traveled to Zimbabwe to report on related program innovations and results.
- Promoted wider recognition of contraception for PMTCT through letters to the editor (*JAMA*, Nairobi's *The Nation*) and subsequent dissemination to health policymakers.
- Supported the printing of nine RH synthesis articles in the *Medical Education Resource Africa (MERA)* journal, including articles on integrating FP into VCT, and contraception for HIV+ women, with each issue distributed to 12,000 health professionals in Africa.
- Strengthened mailing lists, adding or updating a total of 2,456 records.
- Participated in the Microbicides Media Communications Initiative.
- Provided TA in media and advocacy communications to partners in Uganda and Zimbabwe.
- Participated in a documentary film institute at Duke University and shot footage of FHI research activities, including HIV prevention research.
- Developed and maintained the knowledge management portion of CRTU impact indicators database. Hired and oriented new NC staff writer for the CRTU; hired a new communications staff member in Nairobi.
- Maintained 2,420 RH pubs on the Website. Such materials were visited 923,616 times, representing 74% of total visits (1,253,941) to the site for Jul-Dec 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will:
 - Track the progress of programs to identify newsworthy results or accomplishments, and summarize and distribute these (estimated 15 summaries). Translate relevant summaries into French or Spanish, as needed.
 - Write and distribute a major synthesis of FHI research to facilitate discussion among service delivery organizations on research needs and interventions.
 - Repackage and disseminate 2-3 existing FHI evidence-based syntheses through various channels to reach colleagues in the developing world, including via MERA.
 - Produce 5-10 handouts on specific topics to support CRTU activities, collaborating with CRTU partners, wherever possible.
 - Distribute mass and tailored e-mailings (approximately 25).
 - Respond to about 2,000 information requests (emails, phone calls, faxes, and postal inquiries) and mail materials, as the freight budget permits.
 - Coordinate with dissemination staff at CAs and CRTU partners; participate in USAID's HIPNET group for dissemination staff; operationalize dissemination plans with MoU partners; and participate in ad-hoc inter-agency meetings to promote dissemination of research findings.

- For issues management, staff will continue work on communications strategies on key CRTU topics. Staff will also coordinate communications approaches among CAs related to issues requiring special media management.
- Publish two issues of Family Health Forum, the CRTU focus country newsletter, and will implement local follow-up activities designed to increase dialogue among partners and adoption of evidence-based practices.
- Train the new communications staff person in Nairobi and improve technical assistance in communications to FHI Africa offices, specifically for CRTU activities.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The Global Campaign for Microbicides has incorporated FHI's communications plan template into materials used by member research teams (PATH & DAIDS).
- FHI M&E indicators for dissemination were incorporated into INFO's "Guide to Monitoring and Evaluating Information Products and Services," which will be used widely by CAs.
- The development / implementation of a communications plan for the Ghana Savvy study resulted in a positive response by the community, activists and news media and avoided potential controversy.
- Seventy-four percent of the 1.2 million visits to FHI's website were to RH materials, approximately 40% of which were from outside the US.
- PAHO's 2005 Spanish translation of FHI's field guide on qualitative research has made modern research methodologies available to hundreds of SRH researchers in Latin America.
- Media contacts to FHI remained constant, and at least 50 million people were exposed to media coverage that mentioned FHI's research and programs in some capacity in the past six months, much of it CRTU-related. Findings from FHI's Tenofovir study were reported in major print (reaching over 28 million) and broadcast media (additional millions) in the US, Canada, Europe, Africa, Asia and Latin America. Media coverage of hormonal contraception and the acquisition of HIV was reported in major print and online media in the US, Africa, Asia and Latin America, reaching over 4 million people.
- FHI's checklists were described in detail in a Global Health Technical Brief, "Five Simple Ways to Improve Oral Contraceptive Provision and Use," published by INFO in April 2006.
- FHI's pregnancy, COC, DMPA, and IUD checklists were the basis of a Global Health Technical Brief, "Checklists Reduce Medical Barriers to Contraceptive Use" published by INFO in April 2006.
- FHI, INFO and others drafted the "Contraceptive Effectiveness Chart" for the Global Family Planning Handbook (in press). INFO project is translating the handbook into Spanish, French, and Portuguese.
- FHI's IUD Checklist was printed in Population Reports, Vol. 33(2), February 2006. FHI checklists were also translated into Romanian by JSI for use throughout Romania.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 2,959,885 |

Worldwide: Implementing Best Practices Consortium (FCO 113116)

Objective(s): 1) To identify how FHI's institutional goals can dovetail with those of the IBP; 2) to incorporate partnerships with the IBP into existing workplans and strategies; and 3) to increase utilization of the IBP's Electronic Communication System (ECS) among FHI staff and in-country partners.

Note: This subproject was modified from the 2005-06 workplan due to a reduction in funding levels. The above ATI objectives were contained in the Approval to Implement letter and were approved on January 10, 2006.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FHI participated in the Steering Committee meeting, IBP consortium meeting and the Knowledge Sharing Task Team meeting (October 2006).
- FHI revised and resubmitted the Expert Panel concept proposal for consideration for CRTU year 3 funding, but it was not included in the 2007-08 workplan.
- The FHI IBP team in Kenya held a meeting on October 17, 2006 to disseminate the results of the IBP initiative in Kenya over the past 18 months. Seventy-five key members of the RH community in Kenya participated in the meeting, including donors, NGOs, government ministries, and academic institutions.
- FHI attended a workshop on fostering change, with a focus on the IBP Fostering Change Guide in development in August 2006. Kathleen Shears, Principal Research Writer, attended the meeting.
- FHI provided input to the IBP Guide for Fostering Change (November/December 2006).

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- FHI will assist WHO and Intrahealth in revising the IBP MOU.
- FHI will conduct an online forum using the IBP's Knowledge Gateway.
- FHI will assist in developing a format and schedule of a monthly 1-2 page news brief that would highlight an evidence-based best practice being implemented by each IBP member organization.
- FHI will attend the IBP consortium meeting, Steering Committee Meeting and the Knowledge Sharing Task Team meeting in spring 2007.
- FHI Uganda will organize a meeting of Uganda IBP stakeholders. The purpose of the meeting will be to generate a renewed focus on IBP in Uganda.
- FHI Kenya will support the DRH to document RH "best" or "working" practices in Kenya, in collaboration with WHO.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Supported by this and other FCOs under the CTR and CRTU, Kenya's IBP effort was initiated in 2004.
- FHI's role in the Kenya IBP has included establishing the country team, developing the country action plan and working with subcommittees on implementation, supporting WHO's effort to document best practices, and through the Research to Practice initiative (RtoP), compiling and disseminating a list of evidence-based practices that can easily be adopted by implementing organizations.
- At the Kenya IBP meeting held October 2006, the Kenya MOH reported the following achievements of its IBP efforts:
 - Advocacy
 - Secured budget line item for Reproductive Health.

- Increased support for family planning at national level.
- Demand creation
- Increased awareness on FP at community level.
- Created demand for FP services.
- Improved perception of FP in the communities.
- Training
- Enhanced FP and infection prevention (IP) knowledge and skills.
- Enhanced adherence to FP service provider standards and guidelines
- Logistics management.
- All districts reported no stock outs in at least 3 modern FP methods at any given time.
- Created awareness of value of timely data for decision making.
- District reporting rate went up from 38% to 71% although facility reporting remained low; moved from 16% to 20%.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 24,851

Worldwide: CRTU Network of Champions (FCO 113113)

Objective(s): 1) To implement and evaluate a network approach to enhance RtoP. 2) To support “change agents” efforts to introduce or facilitate evidence-based change at the programmatic or policy level in-country. 3) To increase partnerships in the field, primarily through memorandums of understanding (MOU) with the champions’ home agencies. 4) To improve local input into FHI’s research agenda, strengthening the important link between practice and research.

Note: Objectives were updated in July 2006 in an effort to make them more specific to the proposed activities and projected outcomes of the subproject.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Champions attended the Linking Reproductive Health and Family Planning with HIV/AIDS Programs in Africa meeting, held in Addis Ababa on October 9-10. FHI organized a side meeting/orientation on October 11-12. Proposed activities/workplans were submitted and reviewed. Workplans were finalized in December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Activities will be initiated.
- An M&E plan will be developed.
- Using MSH’s Global Exchange Network (GEN) for Reproductive Health, Champions will
- participate in an on-line forum on FP/HIV integration.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Some key recommendations from the evaluation of the 2004-2005 Network of Champions subproject under the CTR were considered in the planning and development of the 2006-2007 NofC project under the CRTU:
- A unifying theme of FP and HIV was chosen, to encourage sharing of experiences/approaches between the champions.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 304,780

Worldwide: Research to Practice Leadership (FCO 113114)

Objective(s): 1) To provide internal technical assistance & strengthen capacity building for research utilization (RU); 2) to identify RtoP priority topics and strategies; and 3) to develop, maintain and implement memorandums of understanding (MoU) with key partners.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- An MoU RM meeting was held (8/06).
- Lasway attended a Translating Research into Practice and Policy (TRIPP) conference organized by the Agency for HealthCare Research and Quality.
- RtoP presented on potential CRTU technical meetings at the USAID-FHI 06-07 workplan review (9/06).
- An internal Scaling Up workshop was organized (9/06).
- The RU Indicators were launched in collaboration with IP and M&E.
- RtoP provided TA to YouthNet on Utilization planning.
- A poster depicting MOU partner collaborations was completed.
- Kuyoh and Ramirez attended a WHO "Strategic Partnership Program" meeting (9/06), and discussed collaboration in Tanzania and Nigeria.
- FHI received a request from Save the Children for costing TA in Mali (9/06). Dr. Blaakman developed methods and tools for collecting both cost and outcome data for a cost-effectiveness analysis comparing health systems strengthening alone and health systems strengthening plus community-based distribution in two districts in Mali.
- Williamson and Baumgartner reviewed the draft Pop Reports: "Developing a Continuing-Client Strategy."
- Lasway presented on CRTU "Approaches to Sustainability Planning and Measurement in Community-based FP Programs" sponsored by the Flexible Fund (10/06).
- Hubacher completed a paper "Copper IUD use by nulliparous women;" he presented at the 5th International Symposium in New York (10/06).
- FHI and EH held a meeting with USAID CTOs/TAs to discuss how to improve collaboration (11/06). The MoU with ADRA was dissolved, at their request, as of 12/26/06.
- A literature review was developed on Male Circumcision, and an internal FHI Brown Bag was held.
- RtoP staff organized a workshop on RU at the "Linking RH, FP and HIV/AIDS in Africa" conference held in Addis, Ethiopia (10/06).
- RtoP staff submitted abstracts to the Scientific Conference of the National Institute for Medical Research, Tanzania (12/06).
- A brief on FP for PMTCT was completed.
- RtoP supported COC Checklists activity (FCO 113107).

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The internal checklist/job aid to facilitate planning for RU will be "field tested" with select researchers; a roll-out plan will be developed and implemented.
- YouthNet products will be incorporated into RtoP activities.
- At least two "Scaling Up" activities will be initiated (FCO 113130).
- A new staff Orientation Package on RU will be finalized.

- RtoP will provide input into the 2008-09 CRTU Year 4 Priority-Setting Process.
- A CTU will be conducted in Dominican Republic. Rivera will conduct this workshop; the agenda will include dissemination and explanation of FHI's checklists/job aids.
- A Relationship Manager meeting will be held to review MOU partner progress (2/07).
- The MOU Collaborations Poster will be updated (3/07).
- RtoP will coordinate participation at the Tanzanian National Institute For Medical Research 22nd Annual Joint Scientific Conference (3/07).
- RtoP will support presentations at the GHC (5/07).
- FHI and MSH will jointly organize/host two on-line RtoP discussions using MSH's Global Exchange Network (GEN) for RH.
- Joint activities with WHO's Strategic Partnership Program will be initiated in Tanzania and Nigeria.
- An additional CRTU MOU partner will be identified for additional collaborations.
- FHI will partner with WHO and PC to jointly market the WHO Decision-Making Tool, PC's Balanced Counseling Strategy, and FHI's checklists/job aids. A write-up of these tools will be disseminated through INFO's Population Reports.
- Production and dissemination of the "Contraceptive Effectiveness Chart" (a job aid jointly developed with WHO, INFO, and other partners) will be coordinated with INFO to ensure translation into Spanish and French, and production of laminated copies. FHI dissemination of the document will be done in parallel with dissemination of the MEC Quick Reference Chart, and FHI's Checklists.
- Evaluation of Checklists dissemination activities in the DR will be conducted.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The COC checklist has been endorsed and co-branded by the MOH in Uganda.
- The COC checklist was independently adapted and translated in Romanian by JSI. Approximately 400 checklists were disseminated during the "15 Years of Family Planning in Romania" conference organized by JSI in Sept 2006.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 1,494,019 |

Worldwide: USAID Best Practices Package: Development and M & E (FCO 113115/123101)

Objective(s): 1) To develop strategies and tools to enhance timely and convenient delivery of contraceptive methods; 2) to change policies and guidelines to reflect new research findings; 3) to facilitate increased acceptance, support for, and uptake of contraceptive methods; 4) to facilitate USAID Health, Population and Nutrition (HPN) officers oversight of the design and evaluation of country-level family planning programs; 5) to identify and market in collaboration with USAID, an improved coordination among cooperating agencies (CAs) to promote a basic package of best practices for FP/RH programs; and 6) to facilitate increased funding for and implementation of RH best practices (BPP) at the country level.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- J. Smith and Elizabeth Warnick held a session at Global Health Mini-University on “Using What Works-Key Best Practices for Family Planning Programs” (October 27, 2006).
- T Nutley and J Wesson traveled to Madagascar in October 2006 to develop a workplan and monitoring and evaluation plan with Santenet and the Ministry of Health and Family Planning.
- Three districts were chosen for the BPP demonstration project in November 2006.
- The training manual for introducing the BPP was drafted and translated into French (December 2006).
- Nutley and Wesson traveled to Washington DC to meet with Santenet's Program Director and the HPN Officer of the Madagascar Mission to discuss progress and logistics for instituting the training.
- USAID's Maximizing Access and Quality Initiative committed GLP funds of \$75,000 to contribute to the BPP effort.
- The interest/feasibility of introducing the BPP in Cambodia was investigated, but was not deemed an appropriate site.
- The BPP training in Madagascar is scheduled for February 2006; following the training, five facilities in each of the three districts will implement the BPP.
- Supervision and monitoring visits will take place in March, April and June 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Data collection instruments, supervision tools and a protocol for the evaluation will be developed.
- An additional country will be identified in which to investigate interest in implementing/testing the BPP.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: CSL-Core; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget:113115 | \$ 179,282 |
| 123101 | \$ 135,600 |
| | \$ 314,882 |

Madagascar: USAID Best Practices - MAQ Funds (FCO 123103)

Objective(s): This subproject will address several cross-cutting goals:

1) Strategies and tools developed to enhance timely and convenient delivery of contraceptive methods. 2) Policies and guidelines changed to reflect new research findings. 3) Increased male acceptance, support for, and uptake of contraceptive methods. 4) USAID HPN officers better able to oversee design and evaluation of country-level FP programs. 5) Improved coordination among cooperating agencies (CAs) to promote basic package of best practices for FP/RH programs, identified and marketed in collaboration with USAID. 6) Increased funding for and implementation of RH best practices at the country level.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- A teleconference to discuss the workplan will be held with USAID/Washington.
- The Approval to Implement (ATI) letter will be submitted.
- Will communicate WHO regarding selection of Madagascar participants, who will be sponsored to attend the CBD workshop in Mali. This meeting is tentatively scheduled to take place in Mali on or around 11-15 June 2007.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: GLP

Total Approved Budget: \$ 75,000

Kenya: Evaluation of "What's New & Cool for Youth" Booklet (FCO 143101)

Objective(s): To inform the National Coordinating Agency for Population Development (NCAPD) on how to maximize exposure to the "What's New and Cool for Youth" booklet among Kenyan youth, thereby equipping them with knowledge, skills and attitudes to make informed decisions about their reproductive health needs and rights. More specifically, this proposed subproject aims to:

- 1) create consensus among key stakeholders (including NCAPD and the Kenya Institute of Education) on the best strategy to reach in- and out-of-school youth with the booklet;
- 2) pilot-test the distribution and utilization of the booklet and related orientation tools;
- 3) assess whether the booklet can help improve awareness of RH issues among youth; and
- 4) identify lessons learned that may inform NCAPD's efforts to scale-up the booklet distribution to other districts in Kenya.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In July 2006, introductory visits were made to the Nyanza Provincial Director of Education, district education offices in Siaya and Rachuonyo districts, and the secondary schools selected for the study.
- Twenty research assistants were trained and baseline data collection completed in September 2006.
- A stakeholders' meeting was convened in October 2006 to review and revise the draft facilitators' guide. Participants included teachers and local church leaders along with representatives from NCAPD, the Kenya Institute of Education, the National Organization of Peer Educators, and Family Health Options of Kenya.

- In November 2006, an orientation workshop was conducted with teachers from 37 secondary schools in Siaya district in order to familiarize them with the “What’s New and Cool for Youth” booklet and the associated facilitators’ guide.
- Due to continued delay in the publication of the study results on hormonal contraception and HIV acquisition, USAID/Kenya approved field support funds no longer needed for activities under FCO 143103 were reprogrammed to support ongoing activities under this subproject. Subsequently, a variance letter was prepared and submitted to USAID/W for approval.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will:
 - Conduct monitoring visits to intervention schools in order to document intervention activities and provide support to teachers.
 - Complete end line data collection by June 2006.
 - Finalize the text for the Kiswahili translation of the booklet.
 - Continue discussions and advocacy with the Kenya Institute of Education regarding addition of the booklet to their recommended reading list for secondary schools in Kenya.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Field Support
Total Approved Budget: \$ 390,000

Malawi: Using Male Educators to increase Family Planning use among young married couples (FCO 116108)

Objective(s): To test the effectiveness of an intervention that involves utilizing “male motivators” to increase contraceptive uptake among 400 young married couples.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Staff worked with Save the Children to develop a protocol.
- The ATI was approved by USAID on January 18, 2007.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will:
 - Submit the protocol to PHSC for approval by January 17, 2007.
 - Write up a subagreement with Save the Children.
 - Train field staff in Malawi.
 - Develop the training materials and intervention.
 - Begin recruiting for the study.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 193,301

Nigeria: Evidence-based Child Spacing Intervention Development (FCO 143104)

Objective(s): 1) To conduct an assessment to understand: (a) the barriers to the uptake of FP methods in northern Nigeria; and (b) best practices in promoting family planning in this region, and similar areas (e.g. Sahel countries); and 2) to design and test a promising intervention to improve family planning uptake in this region working with the assessment conclusions.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In July 2006, a consultant was hired in Nigeria to conduct a desk review of barriers and facilitating factors to successful family planning programs in Northern Nigeria.
- In October 2006, a US-based writer was hired to write a global literature review of family planning programs in predominantly Islamic countries and combine this with the desk review for Nigeria.
- Delays were experienced in the writing and editing of the literature and desk review, resulting in the subproject being approximately four months behind schedule as of December. That same month, FHI received a “red flag” indicating the project was behind schedule following a portfolio review from the USAID/Nigeria Mission. FHI has reorganized the project work plan, assessment methodology and staffing configuration in order to increase the pace of implementation to get the subproject back on schedule.
- FHI researchers selected the Participatory Learning and Action (PLA) methodology to conduct the situation analysis in Northern Nigeria and began drafting discussion guides. The PLA methodology was previously used by FHI in three countries under YouthNet.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- In January, FHI will finalize the PLA discussion guides, interview guides, and other tools developed for the PLA.
- FHI will hire a consultant experienced in the PLA approach to facilitate the field work.
- Between January and February, an FHI researcher and/or the PLA consultant will travel to Nigeria to facilitate the selection and orientation of the research teams.
- FHI will recruit and hire a principal investigator and research assistants in Nigeria to form teams to conduct the PLA assessment.
- FHI will seek prominent contacts with links to communities in Northern Nigeria to facilitate gaining entry into and approval from community leaders to conduct the assessment.
- By March, FHI will initiate field work training and data collection in Northern Nigeria. Data collection will continue for three months.
- Following the completion of data collection, FHI will organize data interpretation workshops in the participating communities to discuss findings and identify promising interventions and messages.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Field Support |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 250,418 |

Kenya: Kenya Division of Reproductive Health Capacity Development: Follow-on Activity (FCO 143103)

Objective(s): 1) To enhance Kenya's Division of Reproductive Health (DRH) staff capacity at all levels in research management and data utilization for decision-making skills to ensure research utilization and evidence-based programming; 2) to provide a clear system and set of guidelines for conducting RH research in Kenya; 3) to provide efficient communications between the DRH (all levels) and partners as facilitated by establishing a DRH Web site; and 4) to provide a platform for gathering strategic information and evaluating public health impact through the annotated bibliography on the Web site and the existing resource center.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FHI staff:
- Edited, designed and produced 1000 copies of the National Reproductive Health Research Guidelines.
- Disseminated National Reproductive Health Research Guidelines through the Kenya Obstetrics and Gynecological Society (KOGS) mailing list.
- Organized and conducted training on Data for Decision Making for 24 Ministry of Health Officers from Nyanza Province (12 Districts represented) in August 2006.
- Organized and conducted training on research management for 22 program managers and implementers from DRH, and Provincial and District Management teams in August 2006.
- Hired a web content writer to revise web pages; and identified a web designer to improve the DRH website.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The following documents will be launched and disseminated; a) National Reproductive Health Research Guidelines; b) Operations Research Utilization Manual; and c) Data for Decision Making Training module.
- Research guidelines will continue to be disseminated to partners
- DRH staff will be trained in administering the DRH website.
- FHI staff will continue to work with DRH to promote the website and will hand over web administration to DRH.
- Approximately 40 Provincial and District Health management and implementation staff will be trained on operations research utilization in Coast and Rift Valley provinces in the first quarter of 2007.
- Approximately 40 service providers will be trained on data for decision making in Coast and Rift Valley provinces in the first quarter of 2007.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The DRH Resource center staff have been referring students from the Kenya Medical Training College and the University of Nairobi Medical School to the Web site. Some in-country collaborating agencies such as the Africa Population Health and Research Center have derived information on CAs collaborating with the DRH in Kenya, from the Web site.
- The National Co-ordinating Agency for Population and Development has visited the DRH to seek technical advice on how to set up their own Web site. Plans are underway in setting this up.
- The Kenya Expanded Program for Immunization is also planning to establish a Web site but is looking for funding.
- DRH has taken a big step in improving research utilization by re-establishing a research working group to help them strengthen the management and utilization of RH data throughout the country. The working group is part of a larger capacity-building project that is receiving technical assistance from FHI and partners to develop tools, trainings, and systems to help

policy-makers, program managers, and researchers more easily access and utilize evidence-based information. The working group, which is under the leadership of the DRH, is composed of 16 member organizations, including national and international organizations. The group met for the first time in February 2006 in Nairobi to outline its responsibilities. These include advising the MOH on the latest evidence that can improve RH services, facilitating partnerships and research utilization among local research agencies, and advocating adoption of research-based reproductive health policies, among others.

- A DRH Program Manager participated at a Conference on “Linking Reproductive Health, Family Planning and HIV/AIDS in Africa” held in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia (October 9-10, 2006) and made a presentation titled, “Integrating reproductive health with HIV/AIDS services in Kenya: A Ministry of Health perspective”. This meeting was useful in exposing the participants to the variety of research activities underway and more importantly, how operations research and research data were being utilized to improve the integration of HIV/AIDS and RH services in the region.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Field Support |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 250,000 |

Kenya: Building Strategic Information Capacity within NASCOP (FCO 153102)

Objective(s): To strengthen national systems for strategic information and operations research in order to improve reproductive health (including HIV/AIDS) programming, implementation, monitoring, and evaluation. FHI will work with Kenyatta University’s School of Health Sciences and the National AIDS and STI Control Programme (NASCOP) to: 1) train four students (3 Master’s and 1 PhD) in strategic information collation, analysis and interpretation; and 2) identify key RH/HIV program areas with gaps in strategic information and address these through the students’ thesis reports.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In September – October 2006, the new technical monitor, Rick Homan and Zablon Omungo met with the students and Dr. Orinda of Kenyatta University to review progress to date and discuss potential obstacles to timely completion by February 2007.
- In October, Homan, Omungo, and Dr. Orinda met with Mr. Baltazaar of NASCOP to discuss objectives for the continuation of this subproject in the next PEPFAR budget year.
- A draft training curricula was submitted by the local consultant in October 2006. This will be revised to focus more on M&E and less on research methods.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Students will complete their projects by February 2007.
- Training curricula will be revised and finalized by February 2007.
- Plans for recruitment of the next cohort will be finalized with NASCOP and Kenyatta University by February 2007.
- New students will be recruited by May 2007.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/PEPFAR
Total Approved Budget: \$ 214,000

Kenya: Scaling-Up: Building Capacity in the Field (FCO 113130)

Objective(s): To build field staff and partners' capacity to plan for and manage the scaling-up process, and to develop a scaling-up strategy for at least one FHI project in Kenya currently in development or in progress.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In December 2006, staff began negotiations with MSI and Richard Kohl to start the paper process for consulting and preparing for the scaling-up workshop in Kenya.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- A planning committee will be established to develop the agenda, determine participation, and organize logistics of the workshop.
- The workshop will be conducted in early March 2007.
- A summary of the workshop will be developed for internal use.
- An internal meeting will be held to determine follow-on activities, if needed.
- The FCO will be closed on June 30, 2006.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 85,306

Worldwide: Research Ethics Training Curriculum for Community Representatives (RETC-CR) (FCO 1398/1600/1601/2710/172000)

Objective(s): To provide basic education to community representatives on the essential ethical questions that must be considered when research is being planned and conducted. The Research Ethics Training Curriculum for Community Representatives (RETC-CR) will empower community representatives to have meaningful participation in the research process.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FHI staff from the IT department completed the development of the four-language CD-ROM (English, French, Portuguese and Spanish) as well as the Web version of the Portuguese curriculum in August 2006.
- Copies of the curriculum were distributed to selected individuals of major organizations including The Latin American Forum of Ethics Committees for Health Research (FLACEIS), NIH Institutes, the Office for Human Research Protections (OHRP) and The World Health Organization (WHO).

- Editors started working on the RETC 2nd Edition. The first draft should be completed and ready for reviewers by the spring of 2007.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The first draft of the RETC 2nd Edition is currently been reviewed by internal and external reviewers. The review process is expected to be completed in April 2007.
- FHI staff from the IT department will then work on the development of the CD-ROM and Web version of this 2nd Edition.

Findings and Outcomes:

- In March 2005, the RETC-CR received the 2004-2005 Distinguished Award of the Society for Technical Communication (STC), which is the highest award of this society. It also received the Merit Award at the STC International competition.
- In December 2005, the RETC-CR received the Best Practice Award for Excellence in Human Research Protection from the Health Improvement Institute. This annual award is given for demonstrated excellence in protecting and promoting the well-being of people who participate in research.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: OYB; Mellon Foundation |
| Total Approved Budget: | 1600 | N/A |
| | 1398 | N/A |
| | 1601 | \$ 7,514 |
| | 2710 | \$ 50,000 |
| | 172000 | \$ 200,000 |
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| | | \$ 257,514 |

Worldwide: Standardized Family Planning Curriculum (FCO 113128)

Objective(s): To create up-to-date family planning training materials.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Approval to implement the subproject was sought from USAID in December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- This activity is not anticipated to begin until July 2007 pending USAID approval with the Year 3 workplan.

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| Funding Source(s): | | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ | 200,011 |

Worldwide: BASS Technical Leadership (FCO 116103)

Objective(s): To provide staff time for completing papers begun under the CTR Program, developing concept proposals for workplans, working on research synthesis, and external consultations.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Work continued on the development of research on pregnancy in microbicide trials.
- A review paper on Vasectomy Acceptability continued.
- Work was also done on a paper on recruitment of microbicide trial participants.
- "A qualitative study of condom use among married couples in Kampala, Uganda" was published in Reproductive Health Matters (FHI Pub#2006-86).
- Work began on "Male attitudes toward vaginal microbicides in India."
- Kate MacQueen worked on the following two papers: 1) "Community perspectives on care options for HIV prevention trial participants"; and 2) "Adolescents and HIV clinical trials: ethics, culture and context."

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Work will begin on a paper on biological specimens based on data presented at HPTN meetings.
- Work will begin on a policy paper from Partnership for Care Project.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: Annually Approved

Worldwide: BIOS Technical Leadership (FCO 119100)

Objective(s): 1) To develop biostatistical research subprojects to be funded under the CRTU; and 2) to prepare papers that report on findings of BIOS research funded under the CRTU.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Biostatistical consultation for new concept proposal development continued.
- In August 2006, Lily Wang presented "Bayesian analysis for quantile regression of correlated data" (FHI # PUB2006/030) at the 2006 Joint Statistical Meetings in Seattle, WA with data from FCO 132105.
- In October 2006, Mario Chen co-facilitated a two-day Sampling methodology workshop for 25 professionals from USAID and its population/reproductive health-based CAs. The workshop reviewed fundamental concepts in sampling, the major sampling designs, PPS sampling, sample size, and rapid surveys.
- In November 2006, Doug Taylor provided statistical support/consultation at the ISO/TC 157 meeting in New Delhi.
- Staff attended various local meetings and workshops, including "Social Network (data) Analysis" (M.Chen / M.Nasution); CDISC Users Group Meeting (D.Weiner); Analyzing Data from Sample Surveys and the UNC Population Center (H.Tucker).
- Staff assisted FHI scientists in writing papers and performing secondary analyses for studies in which the study-specific FCO has closed. These include work on a manuscript on the safety of reusing the female condom (FCO 6384), Contraceptive Failure for DMPA and OC use (FCO 502), developing a selection algorithm for candidates for IUDs when STI testing

cannot be routinely conducted (FCO 2260), and various papers on Madagascar pregnancy and STI rates (FCOs 9368, 9421, 9713).

- Pai-Lien Chen prepared manuscripts for three closed studies.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Work will be completed as needed.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: Annually Approved

Worldwide: CRD Technical Leadership (FCO 112120)

Objective(s): 1) To develop clinical research subprojects to be funded under the CRTU; 2) to support time of key staff to provide technical leadership to partners and organizations, including participation in relevant meetings; and 3) to prepare papers that report on additional findings of clinical research activities funded under the CTR.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FHI staff published and/or presented the following papers:
- Labrecque, M.; Hays, M.; Chen-Mok, M.; Barone, M. A., and Sokal, D. Frequency and patterns of early recanalization after vasectomy. *BMC Urol.* 2006; 6:25. (FHI Pub#: 2006-67)
- Presented the published paper: Hubacher D, Reyes V, et al. "Pain from copper intrauterine device insertion: randomized trial of prophylactic ibuprofen. *Am J Obstet Gynecol* 2006 Nov;195 (5): 1272-7 (FHI Pub#: 2006-78) at the annual meeting of the Association of Reproductive Health Professionals on September 7-8, 2006.
- Hatzell Hoke T, Steiner MJ. Despite mechanical and acceptability problems, female condoms appear to be an effective prevention alternative to male condoms. *Evid Based Obstet Gynecol* 2006 Sep-Dec. 8 (3-4): 96-7. (FHI Pub 2006-90)
- Staff also:
- Reviewed and revised several research-related SOPs and P&Ps.
- Reviewed several manuscripts for various journals.
- Revised a manuscript and responded to letters on Grimes DA, Nanda K. Magnesium sulfate tocolysis: time to quit. *Obstet Gynecol.* 2006 Oct;108(4):986-9.
- Attended a WHO-sponsored experts meeting on the copper IUD held in Switzerland on September 18-22, 2006.
- Collaborated with WHO and the Geneva Foundation for Medical Education and Research in preparing the application for inclusion of a levonorgestrel-releasing contraceptive implant in the WHO Model List of Essential Medicines. The application was submitted in October 2006; it will be reviewed at a March 2007 meeting.
- Staff presented a paper on copper IUDs at the Fifth International Symposium on Intrauterine Devices and Systems for Women's Health in New York City on October 28-29, 2006.
- Staff presented a paper and chaired two sessions at the FIGO meeting in Kuala Lumpur on November 5-10, 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- FHI staff will move forward with the following papers:
- Hoke TH, Feldblum PJ, Van Damme K et al. Temporal trends in STI prevalence and condom use corresponding to the addition of the female condom to male condom distribution targeting Madagascar sex workers. *Int J STD AIDS* (in press).

- Feldblum PJ, Hoke TH, Nasution MD et al. Pregnancy among sex workers participating in a condom intervention trial highlights the need for dual protection (submitted).
- Hoke TH et al. Randomized controlled trial of alternative male and female condom promotion strategies targeting sex workers in Madagascar (in preparation).
- Staff will also:
 - Attend ACOG Gyn Practice Bulletins Committee meetings.
 - Review manuscripts for various journals.
 - Submit the manuscript: "Is it safe to reuse female condoms? A Randomized Controlled Trial" in February 2007.
 - Submit the manuscript summarizing the results of the final report produced for USAID "Identifying Appropriate Candidates for IUD Insertion in Moderate to High STI Settings: The IUD Algorithm Project (March 2003). The manuscript is expected to be published in Contraception in March 2007.
 - Complete and submit the manuscript titled "RCT of Quick start versus. Advance Provision."
 - Continue to work on two vasectomy articles.
 - Develop and refine proposals for CRTU funding.
 - Attend the ALIRH meeting in Argentina and give a presentation on IUDs on April 25-27, 2007.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 213,047

Worldwide: HSR Technical Leadership (FCO 114106)

Objective(s): To develop health services research subprojects to be funded under the CRTU.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Hatzell served as co-author on "Increased risk of chlamydial and gonococcal infection in adolescent sex workers" in collaboration with UNC. The manuscript was revised and accepted for publication by STD in September 2006.
- Wesson, J. "Provider views on the acceptability of an IUD checklist screening tool" published in Contraception, November 2006. [Pub#2006-68]
- Hatzell T, Feldblum P, Van Damme K, et al. "Temporal Trends in STI Prevalence and Condom Use Following Introduction of the Female Condom to Madagascar Sex Workers" accepted for publication in International Journal of STD & AIDS.
- Chin-Quee DS, Wong E, Cuthbertson, C. "Evaluating Information on Oral Contraceptive Use: A Randomized Controlled Trial to Assess Missed Pill Instructions" published in Human Reproduction, December 2006. [Pub#2006-87]
- McCarraher completed a draft paper on the pregnancy desires and unmet need for family planning among home-based care clients in Kenya.
- Tables on the demographic profile of contraceptive users in selected countries were completed for the paper on unmet need for long acting and permanent methods.
- Baumgartner J, Morroni C, Mlobeli R, et al. "Timeliness of contraceptive re-injections in South Africa and its relation to unintentional discontinuation" submitted to International Family Planning Perspectives.
- Hatzell Hoke T, Feldblum P, Nasution M, et al. "Randomized controlled trial of alternative male and female condom promotion strategies targeting sex workers in Madagascar" submitted for review to STI.

- Hatzell Hoke T, Feldblum P, Nasution M, et al. "Pregnancy among sex workers participating in a condom intervention trial highlights the need for dual protection" submitted for review to Contraception.
- Stanback J, Lynam P, Griffey S, Ruto C, et al. "Improving adherence to family planning guidelines in Kenya: an experiment" in press at the International Journal for Quality in Health Care.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Analysis of DHS data will continue for the paper on LAPMs. A paper will be started.
- Hatzell will complete revisions necessary for publishing a manuscript on the randomized controlled trial aspect of the Madagascar trial, and will prepare a manuscript on pregnancy among Madagascar trial participants.
- Hatzell and Janowitz will prepare a manuscript on challenges associated with dual protection counseling in family planning clinics, drawing on data from research in Ethiopia.
- Stanback J, Bekiita M, Mbonye A. "Community-Based Provision of Injectable Contraception in Uganda: A Non-Randomized Experiment" will be submitted to Bulletin of WHO.
- Stanback J, Baumgartner J, Raymond E. "Pregnancy testing prior to provision of family planning in developing countries" will be submitted to Studies and Family Planning for publication.
- Stanback J, Hassan E. "Provision of family planning services to non-menstruating clients in Egypt: a prospective cohort study" will be submitted to International Family Planning Perspectives for publication.
- Hoke and Janowitz will prepare a "concise communication" or research letter describing challenges in promoting condom use in family planning services, drawing on data from the CTR dual protection study in Ethiopia.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | N/A |

USA: Development of Guidelines for Contraceptive Users (FCO 2706/112110/172003)

Objective(s): To develop and implement a system to ensure that the "Medical Eligibility Criteria" and the "Selected Practice Recommendations" remain current and based on the best available science. The system provides for ongoing monitoring and critical appraisal of available evidence and assures that this information is available for updating guidance.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The following review topics were completed and received comments from peer reviewers:
- COCs and Known Thrombogenic Mutations
- COCs use Post Abortion
- SPR 28: What should be done if a woman using a copper IUD is found to be pregnant?
- The following review topics were initiated; preparation of these reviews is still under-way: COCs and Migraine; POCs and Obesity; COCs and Family History of Breast Cancer; Copper IUD and Post partum; SPR 17: What should a woman do if she misses combined oral contraceptives (COCs)?
- WHO staff convened a meeting in Geneva with collaborators at CDC and the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill on August 28-September 1, 2006.
- A brief presentation of CIRE methodology was presented to an Expert Working Group convened by WHO's Department of Child and Adolescent Health on October 16, 2006. This department is building a system to create evidence based guidelines. The department solicited presentations from WHO staff involved with developing evidence-based guidance.
- Dr. Paul Van Look chaired a special session titled, 'WHO Family Planning Guidance' at the International Federation of Gynecology and Obstetrics meeting held in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia on November 6, 2006.
- The WHO MEC chart was translated into Kiswahili.
- The WHO MEC chart was adapted and translated in Romanian by JSI. Approximately 400 checklists were disseminated during the "15 Years of Family Planning in Romania" conference organized by JSI in September 2006.
- A total of 1,828 WHO MEC charts were distributed as a result of user-initiated requests from Ethiopia, Kenya, Madagascar, Nigeria, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Uganda, and the US. between July and December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- As a result of newly identified evidence through CIRE, preparation of the following systematic reviews will be initiated. During this six month period, as new evidence becomes available, additional systematic reviews will be prepared.
- COC and Hepatitis
- Hormonals and Depression
- COC and Trophoblast Disease
- COC and Hypertension
- POC and Age
- LNG-IUD and HIV
- IUD and Breastfeeding
- Hormonals and Diabetes
- SPR 25: What can be done if a woman experiences menstrual abnormalities when using a levonorgestrel-releasing IUD?
- Two conference calls are scheduled for late March 2007, with WHO staff and CDC collaborators. The first will involve reviewing the disposition of completed systematic reviews, while the second call will focus entirely on plans for a possible Guidelines Steering Group

meeting or conference call in 2007 and an Expert Working Group meeting in Geneva to update MEC and SPR guidance in 2008.

- The swahili version of the WHO MEC Chart will be printed.
- Global and country level dissemination of the WHO MEC will continue.

Findings and Outcomes:

- Findings from several systematic reviews led to changes in eligibility criteria for several contraceptive methods. These changes were published in the second (2004) edition of the "Selected Practice Recommendations for Contraceptive Use" and the third (2004) edition of the "Medical Eligibility Criteria for Contraceptive Use". These guidelines are available on the WHO Website, www.who.int/reproductive-health/publications.
- The WHO special consultation on progestin-only contraception and bone, made the following recommendations:
 - There should be no restriction on the use of DMPA, including no restriction on duration of use, among women aged 18 to 45 who are otherwise eligible to use the method.
 - Among adolescents (menarche to <18) and women over 45, the advantages of using DMPA generally outweigh the theoretical safety concerns regarding fracture risk. Since data are insufficient to determine if this is the case with long-term use among these age groups, the overall risks and benefits for continuing use of the method should be reconsidered over time with the individual user.
 - Recommendations regarding DMPA use also pertain to use of NET-EN.
 - There should be no restriction on the use of other progestogen-only contraceptive methods among women who are otherwise eligible to use these methods, including no restrictions on duration of use.
 - There should be no restriction on the use of combined hormonal contraceptive methods among women who are otherwise eligible to use these methods, including no restrictions on duration of use.
- JHPIEGO requested permission to reprint the FHI MEC chart in a French Multi-method Family Planning document for Madagascar that they are developing.

Funding Source(s):

USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: OYB

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|------------------------------------|----|------------------|
| Total Approved Budget: 2706 | \$ | 500,000 |
| 112110 | \$ | 124,220 |
| 172003 | \$ | 700,000 |
| | \$ | <u>1,324,220</u> |

Worldwide: Cochrane Fertility Regulation Review Group, 2005-2010 (FCO 112112/172002)

Objective(s): To perform systematic reviews and meta-analyses of randomized controlled trials on methods of family planning, with an early emphasis on IUDs and barrier methods.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Review was completed and published: Cook LA, Pun A, van Vliet H, Gallo MF, Lopez LM. Scalpel versus no-scalpel incision for vasectomy.
- Review was scheduled for publication: Lopez LM, Grimes DA, Schulz KF. Steroidal contraceptives: Effect on carbohydrate metabolism in women without diabetes
- Protocol was revised: Newmann SJ, Grimes DA, Nanda K, Lopez LM, Schulz KF. Immediate start of combined hormonal contraceptives for contraception.
- Review was developed and submitted: Manchikanti A, Grimes DA, Lopez LM, Schulz KF. Steroid hormones for contraception in women with sickle cell disease.
- Article was published: Helmerhorst FH, Belfield T, Kulier R, Maitra N, O'Brien P, Grimes DA. The Cochrane Fertility Regulation Group: Synthesizing the best evidence about family planning.
- Article was drafted and submitted: Grimes D, Lopez L, Manion C, Schulz K. Cochrane systematic reviews of IUD trials: lesson learned.
- New protocol was developed and submitted: Lopez LM, Kaptein A, Helmerhorst FM. Oral contraceptives containing drospirenone for premenstrual syndrome.
- Reviews were updated with new searches and studies as applicable:
- 1) Arowojolu AO, Gallo MF, Lopez LM, Grimes DA, Garner SE. Combined oral contraceptive pills for treatment of acne.
- 2) Cook LA, Van Vliet H, Pun A, Gallo MF, Lopez LM. Vasectomy occlusion techniques for male sterilization.
- 3) Grimes D, Lopez L, Gallo M, Grigorieva V, Nanda K, Schulz K. Steroid hormones for contraception in men.
- 4) Cook L, Nanda K, Grimes D. Diaphragm versus diaphragm with spermicides for contraception.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The following review will be developed and submitted: Lopez LM, Kaptein A, Helmerhorst FM. Oral contraceptives containing drospirenone for premenstrual syndrome.
- The following reviews will be updated with new searches, according to Cochrane policy:
- 1) Grimes DA, Schulz KF. Antibiotic prophylaxis for intrauterine contraceptive device insertion.
- 2) Gallo MF, Grimes DA, Schulz KF. Cervical cap versus diaphragm for contraception.
- 3) Gallo MF, Grimes DA, Schulz KF. Skin patch and vaginal ring versus combined oral contraceptives for contraception.
- One new topic will be developed. Discussions have begun regarding a systematic review on natural family planning methods.

Findings and Outcomes:

- A systematic review compared the effectiveness, safety, and acceptability of the incisional versus no-scalpel vasectomy approach to the vas. The no-scalpel approach to the vas resulted in less bleeding, hematoma, infection, and pain as well as a shorter operation time than the traditional incision technique. No difference in effectiveness was found, but sample size was a limiting factor. Additional well-conducted randomized trials would help answer this question.

- A systematic review assessed the safety of steroid hormones for contraception in women with sickle cell disease. Outcomes were frequency or intensity of sickle pain crises. The limited data from one trial suggest that DMPA is a safe contraceptive option for women with sickle cell disease. In addition to providing effective contraception, DMPA appears to reduce sickle pain crises.
- The Fertility Regulation Group of the Cochrane Collaboration assesses the best available evidence about fertility regulation, family size, and spacing of births. Of 32 systematic reviews, firm conclusions could be made in only 5 due to suboptimal trial quality. Threats to internal validity include no description of allocation concealment, exclusions of participants after randomization, lack of intention-to-treat analyses, and no blinding. Precision has been limited by small sample sizes. Most information about fertility regulation effectiveness and adverse effects comes from observational studies that vary widely in quality. Systematic reviews emphasizing randomized controlled trials will continue to improve fertility regulation in the years ahead.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: OYB |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 380,000 |
| 112112 | |
| 172002 | N/A |

India: September 2006 Indo-US Joint Working Group (JWG) Meeting (FCO 112126)

Objective(s): To fund travel of selected travelers to New Delhi, India to participate in the annual meeting of the Indo-Us Joint Working Group on Contraception and Reproductive Health Research held in September 2006.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FHI provided support for the travel of eight individuals to participate in the JWG meeting that took place in New Delhi, India on September 18-20, 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- FCO 112126 will be closed on January 31, 2007.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The JWG meets annually, alternately in New Delhi, India and Washington, DC. This sub activity supported participation in the September 2006 meeting. FHI staff collaborating with Indian colleagues has had several activities funded under the Indo-US CRHR program. For each of these activities, US funding support have been provided through an Interagency Agreement between NIH and USAID.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 83,412

Worldwide: Inter-Laboratory Trials (FCO 118104)

Objective(s): To conduct annual proficiency trials among accredited independent laboratories and condom manufacturers. This exercise helps ensure PQC's testing competence, and compliance with international laboratory performance standards.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In October 2006, the inter-laboratory trials were initiated with 27 laboratories participating.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Inter-laboratory trial test results will be collected at the end of January 2007 and statistically evaluated. A final report will be issued to USAID and the participating laboratories in February 2007.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID:
CSL-Core
Total Approved Budget: Annually Approved

Worldwide: Technical Assistance to Field Programs (FCO 118102)

Objective(s): To provide technical assistance to USAID field-funded programs and support field services initiatives through training and mentorship.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Technical assistance was provided to USAID and other field programs to address product complaints. Technical assistance was also provided to local, in-country test laboratories when requested.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will provide technical assistance to Tanzania, Ghana, Ethiopia and Jordan to improve quality systems, monitor warehouse conditions and to enhance laboratory testing capabilities. Follow up visits will be made to Uganda and Zimbabwe to monitor testing capability and compliance with international standards.
- A post marketing surveillance program will be initiated to monitor product quality and product stability in select countries. The purpose of this program is to assess product shelf life and consumer acceptance of USAID donated products.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID:
CSL-Core
Total Approved Budget: Annually Approved

Worldwide: Technical Leadership: Collaboration with Multi/Bi-Lateral Procurement Agencies (FCO 118101)

Objective(s): To improve donor procurement practices and develop appropriate product specifications for field programs.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Staff participated in two IUD Technical Meetings at the World Health Organization in Geneva, Switzerland. The purpose of the first meeting held in September 2006 was to review the latest evidence on IUD use and to provide technical answers and recommendations to issues and questions raised by manufacturers and international agencies. The international standard for IUDs (ISO 7439), was reviewed to ensure that all recommendations are up-to-date and in accordance with the Cochrane Systematic Review on copper containing, framed intra-uterine devices for contraception. The purpose of the second meeting in November 2006 was to finalize pre-qualification criteria and inspection protocols for evaluating potential IUD and condom suppliers.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will attend required meetings and contribute technical expertise as appropriate.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID:
CSL-Core
Total Approved Budget: Annually Approved

Worldwide: Technical Oversight Committee (FCO 118103)

Objective(s): To facilitate annual Technical Oversight Committee meetings to review PQC's program activities and strategies for the CRTU.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- A Technical Oversight Committee meeting was held in November 2006 at the FHI/Arlington office. Program activities were discussed and strategies developed for program continuation. The Technical Oversight Committee approved the qualification of the PQC Bangkok Laboratory and recommended that it be used to supplement production surveillance activities.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The next TOC Meeting is planned for May 2007 at the FHI office in Arlington, VA.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID:
Core

Total Approved Budget: Annually Approved

Worldwide: Test Capability Development and Enhancement (FCO 118105)

Objective(s): To develop and/or enhance technical knowledge and test capability of products procured by USAID and collaborating agencies.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Efforts to establish testing capability for ARVs, and Microbicides products continued. Because USAID said a separate account for training was no longer needed, the FCO and subproject were closed in December 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- No activities were conducted. The FCO and subproject was terminated December 31, 2006

Findings and Outcomes:

- Based on discussions with USAID, this FCO was not needed. Work previously conducted or work in-process will now be tracked under FCOs 148100 and 148101.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID:
CSL-Core

Total Approved Budget: Annually Approved

Worldwide: Production Surveillance, Domestic and Off-Shore, for Hormonal and Long-acting and Permanent Methods (FCO 148101)

Objective(s): To ensure pre-distribution quality of hormonal methods and long-acting and permanent methods, procured domestically or offshore, for developing country programs.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In July 2006, staff visited the Organon production facility in Oss, Netherlands to review the Megestron six month stability study data.
- Staff visited the Schering Oy Pharmaceutical manufacturing facility in Turku, Finland in October 2006 to perform a post award assessment and to discuss contract requirements.

- PQC staff visited Wyeth production facilities in Montreal, Canada in October 2006 to conduct a production surveillance audit and to participate in a production planning meeting with USAID representatives.
- Staff attended a meeting of the Deliver II Management Team at the JSI office in Arlington, VA in November 2006. The purpose of this meeting was to establish a long term strategy for the project and a short term workplan for the first global procurement of oral contraceptives.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The Megestron stability study will continue, and a review will be conducted for the nine month and 12-month intervals.
- Staff will:
 - Attend regular planning meetings with JSI/Deliver management and respond to Task Orders, when appropriate.
 - Conduct pre-qualification assessments of suppliers in response to proposals and conduct audits of existing suppliers as needed to insure compliance with contract requirements.
- Product evaluation will be performed as needed to confirm compliance with procurement specifications.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID:
Field Support

Total Approved Budget: Annually Approved

Multiple: Enhanced Country Program Implementation (FCO 113117)

Objective(s): 1) To identify and prioritize local reproductive health research and program needs in five enhanced countries; and 2) to facilitate efficient, effective implementation and utilization of reproductive health research and programs in the enhanced countries.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Two staff members traveled to Cambodia in July 2006 to conduct a rapid RH needs assessment. They met with USAID and other stakeholders to gauge interest in the CRTU. A project idea was developed and submitted to USAID/Cambodia for consideration.
- Follow-up conversations were held with USAID/Cambodia which ultimately declined participation in the CRTU due to a recent funding cut in their portfolio.
- In October, staff traveled Madagascar to introduce the CRTU to USAID and other stakeholders. The mission requested that FHI prepare a proposal that outlined how FHI could support the USAID Program and assist the MOHFP meet their national RH goals. A proposal, entitled "Increasing Evidence Based Best Practices in Madagascar: Potential research and technical assistance activities", was prepared and submitted to them in December 2006.
- Staff cost-shared the trip with the Best Practices Package subproject (FCO 113115) to provide subproject design TA to Santénet and the MOHFP.
- Staff traveled to South Africa in November to assist the country office and partners develop concept proposals for the Year Three Workplan.
- In July, staff traveled to Uganda to negotiate the CRTU with the USAID mission. In August, Nairobi staff returned to assist the new Director set-up and register the office.

- Meetings were held with USAID to report on the progress of the enhanced country program.
- In July and October, staff traveled to India to introduce the CRTU to USAID and stakeholders. Priority RH needs and interested partners were identified. Meetings were held with FHI/India and USAID to engender support for the program.
- In response to the RH needs assessment, three concept papers that responded to local RH needs were developed and submitted to the CRTU Workplan.
- NC staff provided TA to implement the research utilization workplans in Kenya and Uganda.
- Office operations and systems for supporting the research and research utilization portfolio were reviewed and improved.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Project Directors in Madagascar and India will be hired and oriented. Staff will travel to Madagascar to assist in the orientation process.
- In Madagascar, office space will be negotiated with partners and the Director will report to work. S/he will begin providing TA on implementing the Best Practices subproject (FCO 113115) and facilitating the work of the CBD or DMPA assessment (FCO 124103).
- In India, staff will begin providing TA to the MOH and stakeholders to revitalize the IUD. S/he will travel to NC for orientation and meetings with IUD experts.
- Country program updates will be prepared and shared with stakeholders to inform them of ECP status and any research results relevant to their country contexts.
- The country specific research utilization work plans will be updated and shared with staff in NC.
- Staff will work with the M&E unit to plan for mid-year evaluations and special evaluation studies in the enhanced countries.
- Staff will provide updates to USAID on the enhanced country program.
- NC staff will continue to provide TA to Madagascar, Uganda, and Kenya in implementing their research utilization work plans. A workplan will also be developed for India and NC will provide TA to the implementation of that plan as well.
- Staff will convene country meetings in NC to share country-specific experiences and research findings, provide country specific updates on RH priorities and partner interests, and to identify possible synergies and collaborations between projects.
- The Nairobi-based Director of Research at the Africa Regional Office will travel to NC to report on new RH priorities in the region and to develop new projects with NC staff.
- Office operations and systems for supporting the research and research utilization portfolio will be reviewed and improved.

Findings and Outcomes:

- During the first year of the CRTU, stakeholders identified RH priorities through stakeholder meetings in Kenya, Uganda and South Africa during November 2005, December 2005 and March 2006, respectively. Also, the Best Practices Assessment team met with several key stakeholders to identify RH priorities in Madagascar during the March-April 2005 assessment visit. Full reports of meeting proceedings and findings are available for each country. Common themes and RH needs/challenges identified across countries include:
 - HIV and Contraception: to generate information to refine models of integration and evaluate impact of innovative integration models; and to improve dissemination of evidence and knowledge on FP and HIV integration to inform policymakers and program managers.
 - LAPMs: to increase demand by addressing misinformation and improving attitudes of both clients and providers; to strengthen providers' skills and confidence; and to identify, investigate and support efforts to improve access by expanding the types of providers (i.e. nurses, clinical officers) delivering LAPM services.
 - Hormonal Methods: to expand access by increasing service delivery points (i.e. pharmacies, CBD of DMPA).
 - Improve providers' attitudes, skills and confidence to provide hormonal methods.

- All Methods/Cross-Cutting: to update, harmonize and improve dissemination of RH policies and guidelines.
- Increase providers' efficiency and improve counseling skills on sexuality and the full range of contraceptive methods; to expand male and youth involvement in RH and strengthen RH services for these populations; to support advocacy efforts to reach opinion leaders and policymakers with FP/RH information to mobilize resources for FP programs and contraceptive commodities; and to enhance information, education and communication (IEC) to increase demand for and to augment the capacity of providers to offer quality FP/RH services.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 2,809,915

Kenya: Enhanced Country Program Implementation (FCO 113122)

Objective(s): 1) To identify and prioritize local reproductive health research and program needs in Kenya; and 2) to facilitate efficient, effective implementation and utilization of reproductive health research and programs in Kenya.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Three additional priorities/interests were identified through ongoing discussions with partners.
- USAID/Kenya obligated field support to address one of these newly identified priorities; concept proposals addressing the other two priorities were developed and submitted for CRTU year 3 core funding.
- Eleven additional year 3 concept proposals were developed and submitted to address Kenya priorities.
- At the August CRTU quarterly Partners' Council meeting, the PD shared FHI's "menu of evidence-based practices" and made a presentation on FP best practices. Partners recommended the menu be widely disseminated in-country, particularly among APHIA II partners.
- In October at the IBP Country Team dissemination meeting, the PD made a presentation on FP best practices and disseminated FHI's menu of evidence-based practices. More than 70 key RH stakeholders attended this meeting, including FHI's MOU partners, the MOH, WHO/Kenya, USAID, UN Millenium Project, DFID, National Coordinating Agency for Population and Development, University of Nairobi, National Nursing Association of Kenya, Pathfinder, JSI/Deliver, JHPIEGO and Futures Group.
- FHI staff in Nairobi hosted two USAID/W delegations in October, including M.Karra, J Spieler and M. Abeyta-Behnke.
- A comprehensive matrix was prepared summarizing priorities/interests identified through the Kenya enhanced country program and subprojects (proposed, ongoing and completed) addressing each. This Kenya CRTU gap analysis informed FHI staff's year 3 work planning and was shared with USAID/W.
- During a meeting with the PD, Karra, Spieler and CRTU MOU partners, it was suggested that the partners jointly develop a proposal to USAID/Kenya and USAID/W to solicit support for activities to complement the APHIA II project. FHI, PATH, JHU, EngenderHealth and ADRA met in November to generate ideas, designate leads and plan next steps.
- Three new research associates and a RU specialist were recruited and oriented.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will:
 - Respond to USAID/W questions and feedback on Kenya subprojects included in the CRTU year 3 work plan.
 - Send an update to CRTU stakeholders on progress to date in addressing identified priorities and plans for reconvening the Stakeholder Committee for a meeting during year 3 of the CRTU.
 - Continue collaborating with MOU partners to develop a joint proposal for submission to USAID/Kenya and USAID/Washington.
 - Continue to generate and capitalize on opportunities to disseminate FHI's menu of evidence based practices and support research utilization within the Kenya RH program.
 - Continue quarterly programmatic and financial reporting to USAID/Kenya.
 - Continue assisting NC research staff to develop new subprojects by identifying appropriate partners and sites in Kenya.
 - Maintain core support for key staff, Nairobi office operations and Kenya ECP coordination, management and backstopping.

Findings and Outcomes:

- The RH priorities identified by stakeholders in Kenya and the CRTU strategy topic associated with each priority area are as follows:
- 1. LAPMs and HC: Increase providers attitudes, skills and confidence to provide LAPMs and HC.
- 2. LAPMs: Create demand (decrease myths, address side effects, improve image).
- 3. Barrier methods: Scale-up and evaluate community based distribution through non-health networks (ex. via agriculture workers).
- 4. All methods: Target opinion leaders/policy makers with advocacy messages so they can support/lobby for FP.
- 5. All methods: Involve men and youth (ex: mobile video units with messages targeted to these populations to increase demand).
- 6. Contraception & HIV: Generate strategic information to continue to refine models of integration.
- 7. Contraception & HIV: Improve knowledge of the relationship of contraception & HIV; inform policy with this information.
- 8. Barrier methods: Improve provider skills to communicate messages on sexuality.
- 9. All methods: Promote best practices that increase provider efficiency (ex. Population Council's balanced counseling strategy).
- 10. Contraception & HIV: Improve models of supervision and other programmatic inputs.
- 11. Hormonals: Increase access through increasing service delivery points (CBD-depo, pharmacists, etc.).
- 12. LAPMs: Expand types of providers that provide LAPMs (nurse provision of mini-lap etc.).
- 13. All methods: Harmonize and disseminate policies; ensure adherence.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 2,809,915 |

South Africa: Enhanced Country Program Implementation (FCO 113123/133100)

Objective(s): 1) To identify and prioritize local reproductive health research and program needs in South Africa, as one of five countries under the CRTU; and 2) to facilitate efficient, effective implementation and utilization of reproductive health research and programs in South Africa.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FHI received core funding in July 2006 to support a “network of champions” for RH and HIV/AIDS integration in SA, a project idea that came directly from the stakeholders meeting in March 2006. The goal of the champions project is to support SA DOH champions in nine provinces to advocate for family planning and HIV service integration, including updating guidelines and training manuals, working with managers to promote integration, and improving service provider skills. For specific TA to be provided under this subproject, refer to FCO 113127.
- In preparation for the CRTU concept paper development process, the PD followed up with the DOH and other CRTU stakeholders to solicit additional input for the CRTU workplan process in year 3. The PD and SA technical monitor provided input on three CRTU concept papers, one of which was approved by FHI in the first round of reviews.
- The PD held several meetings with CRTU stakeholder organizations – including the DOH – and provided technical advice on RH and HIV/AIDS integration.
- In July and August 2006, the PD and FHI/NC TM prepared the PEPFAR Country Operational Plan (COP) for FY2007. With an aim to further FHI’s RH and HIV/AIDS integration strategy in South Africa, the topics included projects on FP/PMTCT integration; strengthening linkages between home-based care/palliative care for HIV, ARV services and family planning; and extending support for the FP/HIV champions network in South Africa.
- A new Program Officer was hired to join FHI in August 2006 to support all program activities.
- The PEPFAR activity report was prepared for USAID in October 2006.
- The PD and FHI/NC TM conducted interviews for a new SA-based Monitoring and Evaluation Specialist to support PEPFAR and other projects in-country.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will:
 - Update CRTU stakeholders on new funding for ideas and any implementation progress to date.
 - Continue the effort to ensure that CRTU strategy areas and the needs identified at the local stakeholders’ meeting are being addressed.
 - Develop research application plans with local partners to determine which FHI results, particularly those that pertain to FP/HIV integration, will be taken up by partners and what outcomes will be expected by the end of the CRTU.
 - Implement newly funded subprojects and promote the implementation of research results as applicable.
 - Help identify sites for new core-funded research.
 - Maintain support for key staff in program management and backstopping.
 - Prepare the semiannual PEPFAR report for USAID/South Africa in April 2006.
 - Continue to monitor and support all related activities in South Africa.

Findings and Outcomes:

- In December 2005, the USAID Mission agreed to the inclusion of South Africa as a CRTU enhanced country.
- Participants in the stakeholders' meeting in March 2006 identified priorities in the area of FP/HIV integration in South Africa. These were documented in the baseline assessment.
- FHI pursued the idea from the stakeholders' meeting to support "integration champions" in the NDOH and in South Africa's nine provinces to help establish evidence-based policies, training curricula, and programs related to FP/HIV integration. Core funding was secured and FHI hired an FP/HIV integration advisor to help establish a broader network of champions within South Africa.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Microbicides; USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core Annually Approved |
| Total Approved Budget: 113123 | |
| 133100 | \$ 626,580 |

Uganda: Enhanced Country Program (FCO 113125)

Objective(s): To provide the infrastructure through which CRTU outcomes and public health impact will be attained in Uganda.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- In July, an in-house meeting was held with all FHI staff currently working in Uganda to coordinate efforts.
- A Project Director (PD), Dr. Angela Akol, was hired and traveled to Nairobi for an orientation session in August.
- The PD convened introductory meetings with MOU partners and other FP stakeholders in August/September. A MOU partners' council meeting was convened to generate ideas for collaboration.
- The PD presented at the MOH Research Utilization workshop in August.
- Office space was negotiated with the JHU AFFORD project, and the MOU was finalized in September. Office infrastructure and systems were developed.
- The Uganda CRTU Results and Logic and Country Priorities and Related Activities matrices were submitted to USAID/DC and USAID/U in October.
- The Year 3 budget was developed.
- The PD began the process of registering FHI as an international NGO. Legal representation to facilitate the office registration was engaged. Letters of recommendation for FHI registration from the MOH and USAID-U were obtained in December.
- The PD traveled to Nairobi to meet with USAID representatives and report on the Uganda CRTU program in October.
- The PD provided technical assistance to: 1) select and review the proposal for the FP/HIV Integration Champion; 2) revitalize the IBP team in Uganda including developing a concept proposal for convening the IBP team and field testing the IBP Fostering Change Guide; and 3) prepare for a 2-day FP/HIV Integration SOTA with CDC.
- The FP Revitalization Working Group was convened in August, September, and November.

- The PD participated in developing the following proposals: 1) a concept on male circumcision submitted in the PEPFAR COP 07, at USAID-U's request; 2) a concept on the status of implants for core funding at EngenderHealth's request; 3) a concept to profile FP users with EngenderHealth, at USAID-U.'s request; and 4) a concept on enhancing Village Health Teams.
- Nine concept proposals were submitted for Year 3 core funding.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will:
 - Recruit and hire a program assistant in February 2007.
 - Engage the FHI regional communications specialist from Nairobi in media activities highlighting FP activities within the CRTU, including strengthening the Uganda contact list for publications and alerts in spring 2007.
 - Prepare and disseminate a CRTU-Uganda update for all MOU partners and stakeholders in January 2007.
 - Continue to meet with MOU partners quarterly and with other FP partners routinely to solicit ideas for collaboration and coordination.
 - Continue to convene the FP Revitalization working group.
 - The annual workplan for CRTU Year 3 will be developed by May 2007.
 - Seek to diversify the program portfolio and donor base.

Findings and Outcomes:

- In November 2005, the USAID Mission agreed to the inclusion of Uganda as a CRTU enhanced country.

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| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 10,406,331 |

Madagascar: Enhanced Country Program (FCO 113129)

Objective(s): 1) To identify and prioritize local reproductive health research and program needs in Madagascar; and 2) to facilitate efficient, effective implementation and utilization of reproductive health research and programs in Madagascar.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- The FCO number was granted on November 15 and the approval to implement letter was approved on December 15.
- Recruitment for a Project Director began and interviews were conducted.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- The Project Director (PD) will be hired and will set up office space in the Santénet offices. An MOU will be negotiated and signed with Santénet for use of their office infrastructure.
- The PD will travel to FHI Nairobi in February for orientation.
- The PD will conduct introductory visits with all stakeholders to introduce himself and the CRTU.
- The PD will support and manage the implementation of the Best Practices Project (FOC 113115) and the Community Based Distribution of DMPA (FCO 124103).
- The PD will meet with USAID and other partners to discuss and negotiate FHI's proposed workplan for year 3 of the CRTU. Support will also be given to specific subprojects once they

are approved by USAID/Washington. Specifically, NC research staff will be assisted to develop new subprojects by identifying research topics, partners and project sites.

- Specific plans for utilizing research results from FHI's menu of evidence based practices will be negotiated with partners and drafted in a work plan.
- The PD will travel to Nairobi in May to work with colleagues to finalize year three workplans.
- Quarterly programmatic and financial reporting will be prepared for USAID/Madagascar.
- Office infrastructure will be supported.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID:
CSL-Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 1,263,132

Worldwide: Immunological Markers of Chlamydial Infection (IMCI) (FCO 172006)

Objective(s): To examine immunological responses to Chlamydia infection over time using existing serum and cervical swab specimens collected from women participating in the HC-HIV study.

More specifically, this subproject aims to measure serum immunological markers (Chlamydia major outer membrane protein (MOMP) IgG, MOMP-IgA, and chlamydia heat shock protein 60 (chsp60) antibodies) at baseline and at the time of Chlamydia infection(s) and to evaluate changes over time. Chlamydia genotypes from cervical swab specimens will also be evaluated.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Staff will obtain IRB approval in February 2007 and start pulling and testing specimens at one or more sites.
- Initial shipment of specimens for QC or genotyping is expected to arrive at CDC in February 2007.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: OYB

Total Approved Budget: \$ 127,271

Worldwide: CRTU Monitoring and Evaluation (FCO 119501)

Objective(s): 1) To monitor performance in CRTU-related subproject efforts; 2) to share results promptly to guide subsequent efforts and decision-making; 3) to assess progress toward the achievement of intermediate results; and 4) to evaluate the extent to which CRTU goals and objectives have been met and have had demonstrable impact.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Completing work largely done under the CTR, the last of 20 reports on country-specific results of CTR activities were written, providing an "at hand" historical record.
- As part of the September 2006 management review, the CRTU's monitoring and evaluation plans and activities were reviewed, including a newly developed logic model with associated output and outcome indicators. Subsequently, additional indicators have been provided to USAID/W based on their framework.
- Information was entered into USAID's new Microbicide database on all on-going activities funded with microbicides funding.
- Meetings were held with CRD and BASS staff to familiarize them with M&E plans under the CRTU and to solicit their on-going reporting and input.
- The "gap analysis" of CRTU's subprojects continues to be updated as new activities are approved. Proposed concepts were also added to the analysis to help with assessing subprojects for the 2007-08 Workplan.
- A baseline assessment of family planning and reproductive health indicators in Madagascar is well underway but completion was delayed due to difficulty in obtaining key documents and the need for translation.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- More work will be undertaken on the database of research utilization indicators, both in terms of encouraging staff to report examples and in actively seeking examples from the Annual and Interim reports, as well as other documents.
- End-of-subproject interviews will begin with Technical Monitors to gather further information on their results, dissemination of same, and possibilities for additional follow-up to better determine impact or long-term results.
- Meetings will continue to be facilitated between the strategy groups and CRTU Leadership, for the purpose of reviewing the strategies' proposed CRTU goals and outcomes to the actual on-going and planned activities.
- Updating information in the Microbicide database is likely to be required.
- Planning for the mid-term evaluation of the CRTU will commence.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: N/A

In the course of implementing the CRTU program, FHI is called upon to provide external agencies with support that facilitate the achievement of program goals. While technical assistance (TA) is provided to numerous organizations through implementation of work under the CRTU strategy areas, technical support activities represent systematic support that may extend across the life of the cooperative agreement (E.g. Coordination of CONRAD Activities and Regulatory Affairs and Quality Assurance) or which may arise at the request of the sponsoring agency and/or USAID (e.g. WHO Technical Assistant). As such, these initiatives are separated from other more programmatic technical support efforts.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

FHI/NC subprojects fully or partially funded by USAID's CRTU Agreement:

- USA: Coordination and Statistical Support of CONRAD Activities (FCO 112100)
- USA: Regulatory Affairs and Quality Assurance for the CRTU (FCO 119200)
- Switzerland: WHO Technical Assistance - Sarah Johnson (FCO 119505)
- Switzerland: WHO Technical Assistance - Shawn Malarcher (FCO 114112)
- USA: Cost-Effectiveness Analysis of Assisted Reproductive Technology (FCO 174001)

USA: Coordination and Statistical Support of CONRAD Activities (FCO 112100)

Objective(s): To provide general management and statistical support of CONRAD-sponsored activities that are supported by FHI staff.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- FHI staff provided general coordination and oversight for the 21 subprojects that are conducted via the FHI-CONRAD collaboration.
- The manuscript for the closed Microbicide Placebo study, supported by USAID (study #9820/FCO 2280), was reviewed by the study biostatistician in August 2006.
- FHI and CONRAD held a Quarterly Meeting at CONRAD on September 12, 2006 to discuss the status of current collaborative activities and to plan for new ones.
- Summary technical reports of the collaborative activities were prepared, as requested, for FHI staff.
- Monthly summary financial reports of the FCOs under this collaboration were produced and shared with CONRAD.
- FHI's Data Management conducted a remote demonstration of DMNet (remote access to study data) for CONRAD investigators and clinical monitors in October 2006.
- In October 2006, Marianne Callahan (CONRAD) and Judy Manning (USAID) met with Lucinda Glover and Laneta Dorflinger (FHI) to consult on the development of their respective workplans to be submitted to USAID for the next fiscal year.
- In November 2006, Biostatistics staff reviewed the clinical report for the comparative study of PATH's Women's Condom and the Female Condom (study #9857/FCO 112102), and at CONRAD's request, revised a few tables and reprinted the full statistical report.
- In November 2006, at CONRAD's request, SAS data sets and data documentation for six Phase I studies were prepared and sent to S. Ballagh, EVMS, for secondary analysis.
- Debra Weiner participated in the DAIDS workshop "Development of Standardized Microbicide Toxicity Tables for Clinical Trials" held in Washington DC, November 2-3, 2006.
- Biostatistics staff reviewed the manuscript for the study of Replens and KY Jelly Using Three Vaginal Imaging Techniques (study #9754/FCO 9114) and conducted additional analyses.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- FHI staff will provide general coordination and oversight for the approximately 20 subprojects that are conducted via the FHI-CONRAD collaboration.
- FHI and CONRAD will conduct Quarterly Meetings (two at each headquarters) to discuss the status of current collaborative activities and plan for new ones.
- The collaborative SharePoint site, accessed by both FHI and CONRAD, will be maintained.
- Summary technical reports of the collaborative activities will be prepared and provided, as requested, to FHI staff.
- Monthly summary financial reports of the FCOs under this collaboration will be produced and shared with CONRAD.
- FHI will respond to requests from CONRAD for statistical support of USAID-funded work that is not covered by established FCOs.
- FHI and CONRAD staff will consult on the development of their respective workplans to be submitted to USAID.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 250,000

USA: Regulatory Affairs and Quality Assurance for the CRTU (FCO 119200)

Objective(s): To provide Regulatory Affairs and Quality Assurance support to CRTU subprojects.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Routine regulatory and quality assurance support was provided to CRTU studies. A number of RA/QA activities are funded and reported as part of the specific studies.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Technical assistance to the CRTU Programs, in particular advising on the regulatory and quality assurance strategy for new CRTU-funded subprojects, will continue.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core
Total Approved Budget: \$ 100,000

Switzerland: WHO Technical Assistance - Sarah Johnson (FCO 119505)

Objective(s): To facilitate the development of evidence-based family planning guidance in the WHO Department of Reproductive Health and Research (RHR).

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

Global Handbook for Family Planning Providers:

- Johnson led WHO responsibility for completion of the handbook.
- Johnson led WHO editorial oversight for the handbook.
- Johnson worked with international experts to follow up consensus meetings.
- Johnson organized and conducted consensus development as needed.
- Johnson assured compliance with WHO's "Guidelines for Guidelines" process.
- Johnson organized and coordinated the work of staff from partners on pre-testing, final formatting and design.

Integration tool(s) for family planning and HIV:

- Johnson organized team's development of a strategy to create integration guidelines and tools.
- Johnson represented the Department's collaboration with the HIV Department on development of integration materials for the Integrated Management of Adult Illnesses.

- Johnson supervised a consultant for training and led collaboration with partners on the development, field-testing and evaluation of Reproductive Choice and Family Planning for People Living with HIV, a 2-day training course and counseling aid.

Development of Guidelines:

- Johnson participated in the incorporation of new research findings into practice guidance, and developed technical guidance briefs for dissemination of guidance updates to countries and partners.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

Johnson will engage in the following activities during this period:

Global Handbook for Family Planning Providers:

- Continue to lead WHO responsibility for completion of the handbook.
- Continue to lead WHO editorial oversight for the handbook.
- Continue to work with international experts to follow up consensus meetings.
- Advise on dissemination and implementation planning with partners and direct WHO's role in dissemination.
- Orchestrate organizational endorsements and obtain commitments to dissemination from TA and health professionals' organizations.
- With IBP members and other partner organizations, organize development of supporting tools and complementary materials including training package.

Integration tool(s) for family planning and HIV:

- Organize team's development of strategy to create integration guidelines and tools.
- Represent the Department's collaboration with the HIV Department on development of integration materials for the Integrated Management of Adult Illnesses.
- Organize and lead WHO collaboration with partners on adaptation of the Decision-Making Tool for Family Planning Clients and Providers for high HIV prevalence areas.

Development of Guidelines:

- Initiate, with partners, the development of the Managerial and Service Delivery Guidelines, as funding and staffing allow.
- Convene meeting of the Guidelines Steering Group to review new evidence from the CIRE System.
- Participate in guiding the ongoing development of the CIRE system.

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Funding Source(s): | USAID - US Agency for International Development/USAID: Core |
| Total Approved Budget: | \$ 171,212 |

Switzerland: WHO Technical Assistance - Shawn Malarcher (FCO 114112)

Objective(s): To provide social science assistance to the Reproductive Health and Research (RHR) Department within WHO.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

- Throughout this period, Dr. Malarcher reviewed and commented on research proposals and reports.
- In July, she attended the ethical review meeting for social science proposals and a meeting to design a clinical trial for NET-EN.
- In September, she traveled to FHI/NC to work with Dawn Chin-Quee on a paper synthesizing the results from the provider prospective studies. She also went to DC to attend the YouthNet end of project meeting.
- Throughout September and October, she prepared for the Social Science Panel Meeting. She provided support during the meeting and afterwards documented proposal reviews and prepared them for the next step in the approval process.
- In November, she prepared for the meeting on community-based distribution.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- Dr. Malarcher will speak at a conference in Mumbai, India in February 2007, on the role of para-professionals in delivering integrated services.
- She will continue to perform her duties as assigned by WHO.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: Core

Total Approved Budget: \$ 270,182

USA: Cost-Effectiveness Analysis of Assisted Reproductive Technology (FCO 174001)

Objective(s): To model the costs and outcomes of assisted reproductive technologies as a function of the number of embryos transferred.

Activities, Accomplishments, and Problems—July 2006 - December 2006

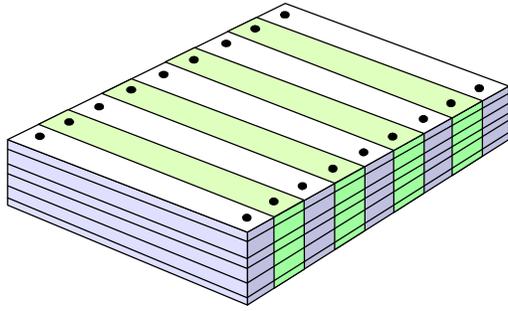
- A kick-off teleconference was held with the CDC in September 2006.
- An Approval to Implement letter was signed on September 11, 2006.

Plans for January 2007 – June 2007

- A data request will be submitted to CDC for abstractions from their database of assisted reproductive technology interventions.
- A literature review on the costs of assisted reproductive technology and birth outcomes will be completed.

Funding Source(s): USAID - US Agency for
International
Development/USAID: OYB

Total Approved Budget: \$ 25,739



APPENDIX A

CONTRACEPTIVE AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH TECHNOLOGIES RESEARCH AND UTILIZATION (CRTU) PROGRAM

BUDGET & EXPENDITURE INFORMATION BY STRATEGY Reporting Year (July 2006 – December 2006)

CRTU Year Two Workplan (July 2006 - June 2007)
ONGOING ACTIVITIES

| Group | FCO | Title | Fund Source | Year 2 Budget-unloaded | Actual Expenditures | Cumulative Expenditures | Burn Rate |
|---|--------|---|-------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| Barrier Methods | | | | July 06-June 07 | July 2006 | August 2006 | September 2006 | Oct-Nov 2006 | Dec 2006 | July-Dec '06 | |
| CRD | 112101 | Pivotal Effectiveness Study of PATH SILCS Diaphragm | Core | 414,217 | 9,224 | 9,346 | 4,408 | 16,030 | 12,854 | 51,862 | 13% |
| CRD | 112111 | Next Steps for Clinical Research of New FCs | Core | - | 262 | 15 | (3,833) | - | 637 | (2,919) | #DIV/0! |
| CRD | 112115 | Evaluating Disinhibition in a Diaphragm Trial | Core | - | - | - | (632) | - | - | (632) | #DIV/0! |
| CRD | 112117 | Structural Integrity of the FC2 Female Condom | Core | 10,974 | 401 | 547 | (271) | 2,414 | 428 | 3,519 | 32% |
| HSR | 114100 | Evaluating the "Young Men as Equal Partners" Project | Core | 2,786 | 4,956 | 1,080 | (6,005) | 16,628 | 8,310 | 24,968 | 896% |
| HSR | 114107 | Measuring effectiveness of UNFPA-Sponsored FC Promotion Initiatives | Core | - | 880 | - | (633) | - | - | 247 | #DIV/0! |
| HSR | 114120 | Improving DP Counseling for Youth: Formative Research | Core | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| BASS | 116104 | Formative Research to Recruit for True Efficacy Trials | Core | 149,605 | 1,938 | 7,972 | 9,733 | 12,369 | 4,649 | 36,659 | 25% |
| PQC | 148100 | Production Surveillance of Condoms, Domestic and Off-shore | CSL-FS | 1,499,957 | 162,796 | 181,381 | 177,957 | 272,028 | 84,213 | 878,375 | 59% |
| FITS | 153101 | ABC Approach for Youth on University Campuses in South Africa | PEPFAR | 35,665 | 332 | 5,211 | (9,104) | - | - | (3,560) | -10% |
| CRD | 172004 | ACASI vs FTF - A Randomized Comparison using PSA | CDC | 110,443 | 41 | 793 | 9,939 | 10,265 | 3,367 | 24,405 | 22% |
| CRD | 172006 | Immunological Markers of Chlamydia Infection (IMCI) | | | | | | | | | |
| Cross-cutting: Commodities, Securities and Logistics | | | | July 06-June 07 | July 2006 | August 2006 | September 2006 | Oct-Nov 2006 | Dec 2006 | July-Dec '06 | |
| PQC | 118100 | International Standards Development (ISO, ASTM, ANSI, etc.) | CSL-Core | 39,899 | 3,137 | 2,800 | 25 | 7,727 | 10,827 | 24,515 | 61% |
| PQC | 118101 | Technical Leadership: Collab. w/Multi/Bi-Lateral Procurement Agencies | CSL-Core | 99,910 | 1,311 | 2,575 | 8,307 | 9,902 | 15,359 | 37,454 | 37% |
| PQC | 118102 | Technical Assistance to Field Programs | CSL-Core | 399,974 | 1,389 | 4,397 | (1,205) | 2,733 | 1,935 | 9,248 | 2% |
| PQC | 118103 | Technical Oversight Committee | CSL-Core | 59,883 | 1,322 | 1,348 | 809 | 17,793 | 15,430 | 36,702 | 61% |
| PQC | 118104 | Inter-Laboratory Trials | CSL-Core | 49,919 | 256 | 628 | 2,004 | 9,880 | 4,172 | 16,939 | 34% |
| PQC | 118105 | Test Capability Development and Enhancement | CSL-Core | 124,989 | 5,034 | 4,000 | (692) | 9,291 | 130,825 | 148,458 | 119% |
| PQC | 148101 | Production Surveillance – Hormonals and LAPMs | CSL-FS | 209,963 | 42,247 | 13,671 | 33,627 | (15,510) | 25,819 | 99,854 | 48% |
| Cross-cutting: Enhanced Country Programs | | | | July 06-June 07 | July 2006 | August 2006 | September 2006 | Oct-Nov 2006 | Dec 2006 | July-Dec '06 | |
| FITS | 113117 | Enhanced Country Program Implementation | Core | 437,980 | 61,146 | 78,109 | 64,883 | 61,390 | 38,497 | 304,025 | 69% |
| FITS | 113122 | Kenya Enhanced Country Program Implementation | Core | 892,103 | (37,989) | 69,831 | 19,941 | 62,202 | 180,708 | 294,693 | 33% |
| FITS | 113123 | South Africa Enhanced Country Program Implementation | Core | - | - | (3,097) | (2,828) | - | 755 | (5,170) | #DIV/0! |
| FITS | 113125 | Uganda Enhanced Country Program Implementation | Core | 255,718 | 4,685 | 5,963 | 33,713 | 15,257 | 20,031 | 79,649 | 31% |
| FITS | 113129 | Madagascar Enhanced Country Program Implementation | Core | 200,931 | - | - | - | 255 | 11 | 265 | 0% |
| FITS | 133100 | South Africa Enhanced Country Program Implementation | Microb. | 144,052 | - | 6,702 | 13,047 | 14,070 | 6,601 | 40,420 | 28% |
| Cross-cutting: General | | | | July 06-June 07 | July 2006 | August 2006 | September 2006 | Oct-Nov 2006 | Dec 2006 | July-Dec '06 | |
| CRD | 112126 | Indo-US Joint Working Group Meeting (Sept 2006) | Core | - | - | 83,410 | 7,824 | (25,529) | (4,530) | 61,175 | #DIV/0! |
| HSR | 114116 | Increasing Access to Postpartum Family Planning Services - Nigeria | Core | - | - | - | - | 1,237 | 219 | 1,456 | |
| BASS | 116108 | Using Male Motivators to Increase FP Use - Malawi | Core | - | - | - | - | - | 7,990 | 7,990 | |
| EXO | 119501 | CRTU Monitoring and Evaluation | Core | 277,171 | 13,324 | 7,734 | 12,208 | 21,757 | 22,054 | 77,076 | 28% |
| FITS | 143103 | Kenya DRHCD Follow-on | FS | 195,171 | (1,963) | 42,373 | 12,150 | 12,451 | 18,878 | 83,889 | 43% |
| FITS | 143104 | Evidence-based Child Intervention Development in Northern Nigeria | FS | 222,294 | 347 | 2,362 | 1,276 | 9,956 | 8,769 | 22,710 | 10% |
| FITS | 153102 | Building Strategic Information Capacity within NASCOP in Kenya | PEPFAR | 74,100 | (1,645) | 14,342 | 1,150 | 14,299 | 8,027 | 36,173 | 49% |
| OIRE | 172000 | Research Ethics Training Curriculum for Community Representatives | NIH | 100,000 | 5,664 | 3,501 | (12,873) | 14,892 | 7,856 | 19,040 | 19% |
| Cross-cutting: Research Utilization | | | | July 06-June 07 | July 2006 | August 2006 | September 2006 | Oct-Nov 2006 | Dec 2006 | July-Dec '06 | |
| CRD | 112110 | Development of Guidelines for Contraceptive Users | Core | 79,653 | 3,636 | 2,392 | (474) | 982 | 7,100 | 13,637 | 17% |
| CRD | 112112 | Cochrane Fertility Review Group | Core | 150,000 | 32,355 | 31,309 | 35,323 | 76,392 | 53,917 | 229,296 | 153% |
| CRD | 172002 | Cochrane Fertility Review Group | NIH | 150,000 | 2,183 | 2,016 | 1,291 | 2,910 | 3,068 | 11,468 | 8% |
| FITS | 113113 | CRTU Network of Champions | Core | 230,001 | 2,550 | 3,142 | 10,420 | 40,152 | 10,841 | 67,105 | 29% |
| FITS | 113114 | Research to Practice Leadership | Core | 537,693 | 45,630 | 35,724 | 61,525 | 63,131 | 46,897 | 252,907 | 47% |
| FITS | 113115 | USAID Best Practices Package: Development and M&E | Core | 110,000 | 335 | 1,522 | 1,147 | 34,139 | 16,386 | 53,528 | 49% |
| FITS | 123101 | USAID Best Practices Package: Development and M&E | VC | 70,000 | 357 | 729 | (2,065) | 353 | 63 | (564) | -1% |
| FITS | 113116 | IBP Consortium | Core | 25,001 | (4,165) | 1,409 | 3,102 | 12,534 | 15,806 | 28,686 | 115% |
| FITS | 113118 | CRTU Knowledge Management | Core | 664,261 | 85,245 | 34,098 | 32,370 | 78,159 | 77,360 | 307,232 | 46% |
| FITS | 113128 | Standardized FP Curriculum | Core | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| FITS | 113130 | Scaling Up - Building Field Capacity | Core | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| CRD | 172003 | Development of Guidelines for Contraceptive Users | NIH | 200,000 | - | - | 107,947 | - | - | 107,947 | 54% |

CRTU Year Two Workplan (July 2006 - June 2007)
ONGOING ACTIVITIES

| Group | FCO | Title | Fund Source | Year 2 Budget-unloaded | Actual Expenditures | Cumulative Expenditures | Burn Rate |
|--|--------|---|-------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| Cross-cutting: Technical Leadership | | | | July 06-June 07 | July 2006 | August 2006 | September 2006 | Oct-Nov 2006 | Dec 2006 | July-Dec '06 | |
| CRD | 112120 | CRD Technical Leadership | Core | 173,110 | 18,754 | 17,056 | 19,527 | 31,129 | 12,580 | 99,046 | 57% |
| HSR | 114106 | HSR Technical Leadership | Core | 420,535 | 15,049 | 24,802 | 48,211 | 80,348 | 52,129 | 220,539 | 52% |
| BASS | 116103 | BASS Technical Leadership | Core | 165,521 | 9,482 | 15,234 | 33,131 | 34,252 | 17,725 | 109,824 | 66% |
| BIOS | 119100 | BIOS Technical Leadership | Core | 223,452 | 3,040 | 15,279 | 6,918 | 15,338 | 7,951 | 48,526 | 22% |
| HIV/AIDS and Contraceptive Services | | | | July 06-June 07 | July 2006 | August 2006 | September 2006 | Oct-Nov 2006 | Dec 2006 | July-Dec '06 | |
| CRD | 112108 | Pharmacokinetic Interactions between DMPA and Selected ARTs | Core | 35,499 | 7,759 | 7,406 | 752 | 8,990 | 3,125 | 28,033 | 79% |
| FITS | 113104 | Providing Global Leadership-FP-HIV Integration Efforts | Core | 120,000 | 1,371 | 5,975 | 202 | 12,209 | 13,545 | 33,302 | 28% |
| FITS | 113105 | Rapid Programmatic Assessment for FP-VCT Integration in Nigeria | Core | 31,547 | 5,002 | 2,806 | 2,649 | 4,675 | 5,068 | 20,200 | 64% |
| FITS | 113106 | Tool Kit to Increase Access to Contraception | Core | 172,978 | 8,291 | 9,069 | 19,476 | 29,359 | 16,190 | 82,385 | 48% |
| FITS | 113119 | Follow-up: Sharing Information on HIV and HC with Global Audiences | Core | 130,794 | 2,082 | 2,226 | 1,550 | 5,514 | 7,012 | 18,384 | 14% |
| FITS | 113126 | Scale-up and Global Dissemination of Kenya's FP/VCT Integration Package | Core | 146,001 | - | - | 63 | 1,638 | 6,429 | 8,130 | 6% |
| FITS | 113127 | Family Planning & HIV Service Integration: SA Network of Champions | Core | 116,441 | - | 282 | 2,157 | 14,543 | 5,423 | 22,405 | 19% |
| HSR | 114103 | Developing Interventions to Serve the FP Needs of PMTCT Clients-SA | Core | 187,407 | 1,634 | 8,445 | 1,859 | 46,841 | 9,881 | 68,660 | 37% |
| HSR | 114104 | Improving Use of FP in VCT in Kenya | Core | 270,002 | 4,965 | (20,717) | (696) | 17,693 | 8,301 | 9,546 | 4% |
| HSR | 114114 | Integration of FP into Comprehensive Care Centers | Core | 76,204 | - | 142 | 27 | 4,303 | 764 | 5,236 | 7% |
| HSR | 114115 | FP-VCT Integration in Tanzania | Core | - | - | - | - | 86 | 57 | 142 | |
| FITS | 123100 | Providing Global Leadership-FP-HIV Integration Efforts | GLP | 120,000 | 8,717 | 29,030 | 22,576 | 9,563 | 3,732 | 73,618 | 61% |
| FITS | 123102 | Scale-up and Global Dissemination of Kenya's FP/VCT Integration Package | GLP | 80,000 | - | - | - | 4,502 | 799 | 5,301 | 7% |
| HSR | 124100 | Examining the FP Needs of Women Targeted for HIV Services | GLP | 168,556 | 880 | 884 | 542 | 7,573 | 24,995 | 34,874 | 21% |
| HSR | 124101 | Evaluation of Integrating FP into ART Services in Ghana | GLP | 124,677 | 35,880 | 874 | 10,875 | 3,239 | 29,954 | 80,821 | 65% |
| HSR | 124102 | Assessing Provision of FP and RH Services in Commercial Sector | GLP | 74,559 | 1,552 | 4,803 | 4,688 | 6,284 | 8,162 | 25,489 | 34% |
| HSR | 124104 | Integration of FP into Comprehensive Care Centers | GLP | 51,370 | - | 6 | 901 | 4,889 | 3,274 | 9,070 | 18% |
| FITS | 143102 | Kenya Information Management-HC and HIV/AIDS | FS | 40,333 | - | - | (124) | 120 | 1,268 | 1,264 | 3% |
| FITS | 153103 | Improving Use of FP in VCT in Kenya | PEPFAR | 23,005 | (2,901) | 25,540 | 4,758 | 11,776 | 8,733 | 47,906 | 208% |
| FITS | 153104 | Enhancing PMTCT Performance Improvement in South Africa | PEPFAR | 101,011 | 1,476 | 21,447 | 17,560 | 16,467 | 7,363 | 64,312 | 64% |
| FITS | 153105 | Strengthening Linkages between FP, HBC and ARV Services | PEPFAR | 224,617 | 10,863 | 6,101 | 31,101 | 14,439 | 9,828 | 72,332 | 32% |
| HSR | 154100 | Risk of HIV and Feasibility Research Among House Girls in Nairobi | PEPFAR | 47,135 | 5,002 | 2,512 | 3,503 | 10,679 | 14,490 | 36,185 | 77% |
| CRD | 172005 | HC-HIV Research Dissemination | NIH | - | - | - | 666 | 2,145 | 3,890 | 6,701 | #DIV/0! |
| FITS | 153108 | Haiti: FP/VCT Extension Project in Haiti | PEPFAR | - | - | - | - | 2,167 | 26,011 | 28,178 | |
| | 153109 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hormonals | | | | July 06-June 07 | July 2006 | August 2006 | September 2006 | Oct-Nov 2006 | Dec 2006 | July-Dec '06 | |
| CRD | 112118 | Continuous vs. Cyclic Use of COC Pills | Core | 307,745 | 4,651 | 13,148 | 12,560 | 7,446 | 8,215 | 46,020 | 15% |
| CRD | 112119 | Feasibility of RCT to Evaluate the Effect of DMPA on STI Risk | Core | 109,233 | 1,067 | 12,284 | 5,302 | 11,911 | 5,789 | 36,353 | 33% |
| CRD | 112123 | Analyzing Pregnancy Rates based on the Injection Interval of DMPA | Core | 61,096 | - | - | - | - | 3,703 | 3,703 | 6% |
| CRD | 112127 | Prospective Evaluation of Contraceptive Dynamics in Women | Core | 84,039 | - | - | - | 1,124 | 199 | 1,324 | 2% |
| FITS | 113102 | Contraceptive Discontinuation - Setting the Research Agenda | Core | - | - | (6,850) | (4,559) | - | - | (11,409) | #DIV/0! |
| FITS | 113107 | Pregnancy Provider Checklists and Reference Guide 2005 | Core | 82,800 | 1,971 | 3,517 | 6,367 | 3,040 | 8,532 | 23,427 | 28% |
| FITS | 113108 | Promoting DMPA Provision by Community Health Providers | Core | 183,604 | 2,201 | 8,736 | 24,170 | 15,141 | 14,828 | 65,077 | 35% |
| HSR | 114102 | Improving Continuation Rates for Injectable Contraceptives | Core | 200,241 | 1,906 | 37,753 | 19,223 | 2,423 | 1,969 | 63,273 | 32% |
| HSR | 114110 | Discontinuation of DMPA & Timelines for DMPA Re-injection-India | Core | 97,480 | - | 28 | 46 | - | - | 74 | 0% |
| HSR | 114111 | Improving Service Delivery of CBD of DMPA in Uganda | Core | 149,083 | 8,385 | 144 | 2,713 | 2,573 | 4,055 | 17,869 | 12% |
| HSR | 114113 | Assessment of Late DMPA Client Management | Core | 128,286 | 1,712 | 5,978 | 3,346 | 453 | 80 | 11,569 | 9% |
| HSR | 114118 | Evidence for Extending the DMPA Re-Injection Interval | | | | | | | | | |
| HSR | 114119 | Factors Affecting Acceptance of DMPA in DIMPA Clinics-India | | | | | | | | | |
| BASS | 116105 | Development & Evaluation of Campaign to Increase Continuation | Core | 76,564 | - | 1,483 | 716 | 6,348 | 8,865 | 17,412 | 23% |
| HSR | 124103 | Introductory Trial of CBD of DMPA in Rural Madagascar | Reposition | 53,602 | 4,541 | 10,895 | 17,167 | 26,108 | 16,833 | 75,544 | 141% |
| HSR | TBD | Introductory Trial of CBD of DMPA in Rural Madagascar | Core | 59,383 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0% |
| HSR | TBD | Introductory Trial of CBD of DMPA in Rural Madagascar | FS | 57,183 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0% |

CRTU Year Two Workplan (July 2006 - June 2007)
ONGOING ACTIVITIES

| Group | FCO | Title | Fund Source | Year 2 Budget-unloaded | Actual Expenditures | Cumulative Expenditures | Burn Rate |
|--|--------|--|-------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| | | | | July 06-June 07 | July 2006 | August 2006 | September 2006 | Oct-Nov 2006 | Dec 2006 | July-Dec '06 | |
| Long-Acting and Permanent Methods | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CRD | 112107 | USAID Fin. Support to Develop a Female NSS Method w/Erythromycin | Core | 56,715 | 2,311 | 3,049 | (4,895) | 5,168 | 3,751 | 9,385 | 17% |
| CRD | 112113 | Vas Irrigation with Diltiazem | Core | | | | (332) | 247 | 44 | (40) | #DIV/0! |
| CRD | 112122 | Assessing the Future Role of Implants | Core | 262,109 | 2,667 | 3,098 | (526) | 4,191 | 4,759 | 14,189 | 5% |
| CRD | 112124 | Implant Provision thru the Private Sector | Core | | | 3,121 | 4,965 | 17,756 | 14,234 | 40,076 | #DIV/0! |
| CRD | 112125 | Collaborative Research on Implants | Core | 368,283 | 1,311 | 4,084 | 6,116 | 82,430 | 24,333 | 118,275 | 32% |
| CRD | 112128 | RCT of Three Vasectomy Techniques | | | | | | | | | |
| FITS | 113109 | Global Advocacy and Stakeholder Engagement for LAPMs | Core | 190,800 | 4,048 | 7,029 | 3,510 | 40,800 | 40,028 | 95,416 | 50% |
| FITS | 113110 | Repositioning FP-Revitalizing LAPMs in Uganda | Core | 100,000 | (3,767) | 35,795 | 28,138 | 2,858 | 7,115 | 70,138 | 70% |
| FITS | 113111 | Kenya IUD Revitalization-Transition Phase and M&E | Core | 200,000 | 2,679 | 14,549 | 22,601 | 1,532 | 1,543 | 42,904 | 21% |
| FITS | 113112 | MAQ IUD Subcommittee & IUD Checklist Production & Dissemination | Core | 160,001 | 3,276 | 5,571 | 24,456 | 14,624 | 16,580 | 64,507 | 40% |
| HSR | 114109 | OR-Male Motivators Promoting FP in the Nigeria Police Force | Core | 131,921 | 124 | - | (938) | 248 | 44 | (523) | 0% |
| HSR | TBD | OR-Male Motivators Promoting FP in the Nigeria Police Force | GLP | 60,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0% |
| BASS | 116100 | Vasectomy Accept. Among Clients/Providers in Uttar Pradesh | Core | 187,324 | 1,090 | 625 | (2,283) | 9,455 | 4,169 | 13,056 | 7% |
| HSR | TBD | Cambodia: The Impact of Activities to Revitalize the IUD | Core | 83,089 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0% |
| Microbicides | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | July 06-June 07 | July 2006 | August 2006 | September 2006 | Oct-Nov 2006 | Dec 2006 | July-Dec '06 | |
| CRD | 112103 | Safety & Feasibility of the Diaphragm Used with Acidform | Core | 35,548 | 5,192 | - | 5,427 | 8,004 | 5,796 | 24,418 | 69% |
| BASS | 116101 | Acidform Behavioral Data Analysis | Core | 54,845 | 2,476 | 976 | 4,578 | 8,161 | 2,454 | 18,645 | 34% |
| BASS | 116106 | Elicitation Tool for Local Lexicon to Explain IC Terms/Concepts | Core | 49,853 | - | 14 | 1 | - | 188 | 203 | 0% |
| CRD | 132100 | Randomized Controlled Trial of CS Gel & HIV in Nigeria, #2266 | Microb. | 3,200,023 | 289,032 | 153,134 | 511,216 | 273,068 | 277,389 | 1,503,839 | 47% |
| CRD | 132101 | Independent Monitoring of CONRAD Collaborative Studies | Microb. | 62,067 | 6 | - | (448) | 32 | 6 | (404) | -1% |
| CRD | 132102 | CONRAD: Phase II Study of Buffergel Duet, #9117, #2292 | Microb. | 13,641 | 1,647 | 1,277 | 353 | 713 | 160 | 4,150 | 30% |
| CRD | 132103 | New Delivery Device for Vaginal Microbicides, FCO#2290 | Microb. | 60,000 | (6,119) | 839 | 5,496 | 3,151 | 5,725 | 9,091 | 15% |
| CRD | 132106 | Meeting on Pregnancy in Microbicide Studies | Microb. | 10,005 | - | - | (1,118) | 142 | 822 | (155) | -2% |
| CRD | 132108 | RCT of Savvy and Tenofovir Gel in South Africa | Microb. | 1,789,956 | 31,081 | 17,390 | 30,335 | 30,307 | 26,422 | 135,535 | 8% |
| CRD | 132109 | CONRAD Assessment of Soluble and Cellular Markers | Microb. | 129,737 | 4,072 | 3,144 | 796 | 4,749 | 2,464 | 15,226 | 12% |
| CRD | 132110 | Completion of Analysis of Data from the Citric Acid Study | Microb. | 35,396 | - | 213 | 882 | 82 | 45 | 1,222 | 3% |
| CRD | 132111 | CONRAD Male Tolerance Study of UC-781 | Microb. | 103,631 | - | - | 585 | 4,060 | 1,337 | 5,982 | 6% |
| CRD | 132112 | CONRAD MRI Studies of New Microbicide Formulations | Microb. | 98,303 | - | - | - | 713 | 556 | 1,269 | 1% |
| CRD | 132113 | Site Identification, Assessment and Development | Microb. | 2,013,030 | 4,974 | 40,666 | 88,099 | 199,931 | 130,564 | 464,234 | 23% |
| CRD | 132114 | Next Steps for Clinical Reserch of New FCs | Microb. | 473,593 | 13,942 | 16,569 | 15,593 | 113,103 | 34,705 | 193,912 | 41% |
| CRD | 132115 | Female Condom Reuse: Assessing the Efficacy of Dish Detergent | Microb. | 241,251 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0% |
| CRD | 132116 | Savvy: South Africa Phase III HIV Study | Microb. | 1,007,699 | - | 4,619 | 329 | - | 110 | 5,058 | 1% |
| CRD | 132118 | Site Identification, Assessment and Development | Microb. | - | - | - | - | - | 10,457 | 10,457 | |
| BASS | 136100 | India: Sustained Acceptability of Vaginal Microbicides, #9386 (see 116105) | Microb. | 151,709 | 2,570 | (30,908) | 8,997 | 11,566 | - | (7,775) | -5% |
| BIOS | 139100 | Carraguard Phase III Trial: Interim Analysis for DSMB, FCO #139100 | Microb. | 13,041 | 327 | 5,493 | 1,343 | 2,681 | 485 | 10,330 | 79% |
| BIOS | 139101 | Statistical support-microbicides, #9113, 139101 | Microb. | 75,201 | 714 | 38 | (45) | 3,325 | 2,812 | 6,845 | 9% |
| EXO | 139500 | Microbicides Database - Phase I | Core | 189,190 | 155,636 | 111 | 158,846 | 20,359 | 19,823 | 354,775 | 188% |
| CRD | 172001 | Meeting on Pregnancy in Microbicide Studies | NIH | - | - | - | (3,975) | - | - | (3,975) | #DIV/0! |
| CRD | 132104 | SAVVY: Phase III HIV study, #2277-2278 | Microb. | 3,323,125 | 403,703 | 135,875 | 645,773 | 179,581 | 146,732 | 1,511,664 | 45% |
| | | 132105 | | | | | | | | | |

CRTU Year Two Workplan (July 2006 - June 2007)
ONGOING ACTIVITIES

| Group | FCO | Title | Fund Source | Year 2 Budget-unloaded | Actual Expenditures | Cumulative Expenditures | Burn Rate | |
|--------------------------------------|--------|---|-------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| | | | | July 06-June 07 | July 2006 | August 2006 | September 2006 | Oct-Nov 2006 | Dec 2006 | July-Dec '06 | | |
| Technical Support | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CRD | 112100 | Coordination of CONRAD Activities | Core | 304,661 | 20,088 | 18,071 | 23,513 | 45,974 | 26,355 | 134,000 | 44% | |
| HSR | 114112 | WHO Technical Assistance - Shawn Malarcher | Core | 151,530 | 28,763 | 36,803 | 25,771 | 32,058 | 23,783 | 147,177 | 97% | |
| RAQA | 119200 | Regulatory Affairs and Quality Assurance | Core | 183,430 | 7,695 | 8,719 | 1,361 | 26,957 | 16,346 | 61,077 | 33% | |
| EXO | 119500 | Information Resources Services | Core | | 253 | - | (9,212) | 516 | 91 | (8,351) | #DIV/0! | |
| EXO | 119505 | WHO Technical Assistance - Sarah Johnson | Core | 168,788 | 28 | 20,908 | 22,412 | 30,201 | 15,692 | 89,241 | 53% | |
| HSR | 174001 | Cost-Effectiveness Analysis of Assisted Reproductive Technology | CDC | 25,739 | - | 1,822 | 1,528 | 729 | 129 | 4,209 | 16% | |
| Youth | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HSR | 114117 | Evaluation of Program H in Tanzania (concept #66) | Core | | - | - | - | 10 | 2 | 12 | | |
| YRS | 125001 | Global Knowledge Management: Youth RH/HIV Prevention | Youth | 285,356 | - | - | - | 28,086 | 16,557 | 44,643 | 16% | |
| YRS | 125002 | Global Knowledge Management: Youth Synthesis Report | Youth | 165,688 | - | - | - | 341 | 1,031 | 1,372 | 1% | |
| YRS | 125003 | Global Knowledge Management: Youth Synthesis Report | HIV | 155,889 | - | - | - | 341 | 368 | 709 | 0% | |
| YRS | 125005 | Global Knowledge Management: Youth RH/HIV Prevention | HIV | 168,305 | - | - | - | 7,801 | 9,384 | 17,185 | 10% | |
| FITS | 143101 | Evaluation of What's New and Cool for Youth Booklet | FS | 70,170 | 1,732 | 6,693 | 36,109 | 20,441 | 33,990 | 98,965 | 141% | |
| YRS | 145001 | Capacity Building for Youth RH/HIV & Parenting Curr. Dev. | FS | 150,000 | | | | 28,981 | 25,499 | 54,480 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Monthly | |
| TOTAL (Core Funds) | | | | 11,125,226 | 557,602 | 697,258 | 801,143 | 1,198,422 | 970,465 | 4,224,890 | 38% | 704,148 |
| TOTAL (GLP Funds) | | | | 1,508,002 | 51,570 | 46,491 | 56,748 | 98,728 | 115,089 | 368,627 | 24% | 61,438 |
| TOTAL (Venture Capital Funds) | | | | 70,000 | 357 | 729 | (2,065) | 353 | 63 | (564) | -1% | (94) |
| TOTAL (WHO Support Funds) | | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | - |
| TOTAL (FS Funds) | | | | 735,151 | 116 | 51,428 | 49,411 | 71,949 | 88,404 | 261,308 | 36% | 43,551 |
| TOTAL (PEPFAR Funds) | | | | 505,533 | 13,128 | 75,152 | 48,967 | 69,827 | 74,452 | 281,526 | 56% | 46,921 |
| TOTAL (NIH-OYB Funds) | | | | 450,000 | 7,847 | 5,518 | 93,056 | 19,946 | 14,814 | 141,181 | 31% | 23,530 |
| TOTAL (Microbicides Funds) | | | | 12,945,460 | 745,949 | 355,051 | 1,321,232 | 841,274 | 647,392 | 3,910,898 | 30% | 651,816 |
| TOTAL (CSL-Core Funds) | | | | 774,574 | 12,447 | 15,748 | 9,248 | 57,327 | 178,547 | 273,317 | 35% | 45,553 |
| TOTAL (CSL-FS Funds) | | | | 1,709,920 | 205,043 | 195,052 | 211,584 | 256,518 | 110,032 | 978,229 | 57% | 163,038 |
| TOTAL (CDC Funds) | | | | 136,182 | 41 | 2,615 | 11,468 | 10,994 | 3,496 | 28,615 | 21% | 4,769 |
| Forward Funding for Core | | | | 3,595,098 | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | 29,960,047 | 1,594,100 | 1,445,042 | 2,600,792 | 2,625,339 | 2,202,754 | 10,468,027 | 35% | 1,744,671 |



APPENDIX B

**Family Health International
List of CTR/CRTU – Supported Publications
July 1, 2006 – December 31, 2006**

CTR/CRTU Related Published Papers Reported to the Library from July 1, 2006 – December 31, 2006

Since July 2006, FHI's Library has documented the publication of 31 new articles or other writings authored or coauthored by FHI staff and/or investigators, and supported—in whole or in part—by either the CTR or the CRTU. These publications serve to disseminate research results, synthesize what is known, and respond to current concerns regarding family planning and reproductive health. Final cost objective (FCO) numbers are provided following the citation to show first what funding supported time spent in writing the publication and secondly, if applicable, what funding supported the original research addressed by the article. The articles are grouped first by whether they were supported primarily by the CTR or the CRTU program and then by the order in which they were reported to the Library.

CTR

- 2006-50 Gallo MF, Behets FM, Steiner MJ, Hobbs MM, Hatzell Hoke T, Van Damme K, Ralimamonjy L, Raharimalala L, Cohen MS. Prostate-specific antigen to ascertain reliability of self-reported coital exposure to semen. *Sex Transm Dis* 2006 Aug; 33 (8): 476-9. (FCO-5352) (FCO-N/A)
- 2006-51 Tolley EE, Eng E, Kohli R, Bentley ME, Mehendale S, Bunce A, Severy LJ. Examining the context of microbicide acceptability among married women and men in India. *Cult Health Sex* 2006 Jul-Aug; 8 (4): 351-69. (FCO-9506 / 9386) (FCO-9506 / 9386)
- 2006-52 Welsh MJ, Stanback J, Shelton J. Access to modern contraception. *Best Pract Res Clin Obstet Gynaecol* 2006 Jun; 20 (3): 323-38. (FCO-3002) (FCO-N/A)
- 2006-58 Geary CW, Burke HM, Wedderburn M. Self-esteem and sexual health interventions: development and use of a culturally-relevant "self-esteem" measure to evaluate the Vibes program in Jamaica. In: Prescott AP, editor. *The concept of self in medicine and health care*. New York: Nova Science Publishers; 2006; p. 173-203. (FCO-9396) (FCO-9384)
- 2006-59 Nanda K, Stanback J, Rountree RW, Cameron SB. Randomized trial of "Quick Start" versus advance provision of oral contraceptive pills in Nicaragua (abstract). *Obstet Gynecol* 2006 Apr; 107 (4 Suppl): 50S. (FCO-2274)

- 2006-63 Chillag K, Guest G, Bunce A, Johnson L, Kilmarx PH, Smith DK. Talking about sex in Botswana: social desirability bias and possible implications for HIV prevention research. *Afr J AIDS Res* 2006; 5 (2): 123-31. (FCO-9501) (FCO-9501)
- 2006-65 Colvin M, Bachmann MO, Homan RK, Nsibandé D, Nkwanyana NM, Connolly C, Reuben EB. Effectiveness and cost effectiveness of syndromic sexually transmitted infection packages in South African primary care: cluster randomized trial. *Sex Transm Infect* 2006 Aug; 82 (4): 290-4. (FCO-9486) (FCO-3435 / 9486)
- 2006-67 Labrecque M, Hays M, Chen-Mok M, Barone MA, Sokal D. Frequency and patterns of early recanalization after vasectomy. *BMC Urol* 2006 Sep 19; 6 (Article No. 25): 9 p. (FCO-5352)
- 2006-69 Geary CW, Wedderburn M, McCarragher D, Cuthbertson C, Pottinger A. Sexual violence and reproductive health among young people in three communities in Jamaica. *J Interpers Violence* 2006 Nov; 21 (11): 1512-33. (FCO-1854 / 9304)
- 2006-70 Thomsen SC, Ombidi W, Toroitich-Ruto C, Wong EL, Tucker HO, Homan R, Kingola N, Luchters S. A prospective study assessing the effects of introducing the female condom in a sex worker population in Mombasa, Kenya. *Sex Transm Infect* 2006 Oct; 82 (5): 397-402. (FCO-9304) (FCO-9330)
- 2006-77 Dominik R, Chen PL. Day-specific pregnancy probability estimation in barrier contraceptive effectiveness trials. *Paediatr Perinat Epidemiol* 2006 Nov; 20 (Suppl 1): 38-42. (FCO-9102) (FCO-500)
- 2006-87 Chin-Quee D, Wong E, Cuthbertson C. Evaluating information on oral contraceptive use: a randomized controlled trial to assess missed pill instructions. *Hum Reprod* 2006 Dec; 21 (12): 3137-45. (FCO-9304) (FCO-9505)
- 2006-94 Tiedemann M, Welsh M. Research to practice: successes and lessons learnt. In: *Turning research into practice: suggested actions from case studies of sexual and reproductive health research*. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2006. p. 60-4. (FCO-3003)

Appendix C: Subprojects by Region/Country

CRTU

- 2006-48 Ogunsola F, Obunge O, Halpern V, McNeill L, Otusanya S. Logistical challenges in the implementation of a Phase 3 study: Nigeria experience (abstract). In: *Microbicides 2006*. 2006 April 23-26; Cape Town, South Africa. p. 459. (FCO-132100) (FCO-132100)
- 2006-49 van Vliet HA, Grimes DA, Lopez LM, Schulz KF, Helmerhorst FM. Triphasic versus monophasic oral contraceptives for contraception (review). *Cochrane Database Syst Rev* 2006; (3): CD003553, 118 p. (FCO-5206 / 172002 / 112112) (FCO-5206 / 172002 / 112112)
- 2006-57 Helmerhorst FM, Belfield T, Kulier R, Maitra N, O'Brien P, Grimes DA. The Cochrane Fertility Regulation Group: synthesizing the best evidence about family planning. *Contraception* 2006 Oct; 74 (4): 280-6. (FCO-112112) (FCO-N/A)
- 2006-60 Halpern V, Obunge OK, Ogunsola F, McNeil L, Wang L, Umo-Otong J. Screening and enrollment in a microbicide effectiveness trial: nine months of experience in Nigeria (abstract). In: *Microbicides 2006*. 2006 April 23-26; Cape Town, South Africa. p. 237. (FCO-132100) (FCO-132100)
- 2006-61 Obunge O, Ogunsola F, Halpern V, Umo-Otong J, Otusanya S, McNeil L, Mehta N. Recruitment and retention of study participants in a microbicide effectiveness trial: the first year experience in Nigeria (abstract). In: *Microbicides 2006*. 2006 April 23-26; Cape Town, South Africa. p. 274. (FCO-132100) (FCO-132100)
- 2006-62 Halpern V, Taylor D, Wang L, Ogunsola F, Obunge OK, Mehta N, Otusanya S. The effect of preventive counseling on self-reported condom use in microbicide trials (abstract). In: *Microbicides 2006*. 2006 April 23-26; Cape Town, South Africa. p. 315. (FCO-132100) (FCO-132100)
- 2006-64 Grimes DA, Nanda K. Magnesium sulfate tocolysis: time to quit. *Obstet Gynecol* 2006 Oct; 108 (4): 986-9. (FCO-172002) (FCO-N/A)
- 2006-68 Wesson J, Gmach R, Gazi R, Ashraf A, Méndez JF, Olenja J, Nguer R, Janowitz B. Provider views on the acceptability of an IUD checklist screening tool. *Contraception* 2006 Nov; 74 (5): 382-8. (FCO-9509 / 114106) (FCO-9509 / 114106)

- 2006-71 Grimes DA, Hubacher D, Lopez LM, Schulz KF. Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs for heavy bleeding or pain associated with intrauterine-device use. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev* 2006 Oct 18; (4): CD006034, 33 p. (FCO-112112) (FCO-112112)
- 2006-72 Lopez LM, Grimes DA, Schulz KF, Curtis KM. Steroidal contraceptives: effect on bone fractures in women. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev* 2006 Oct 18; (4): CD006033, 35 p. (FCO-112112 / 172002) (FCO-112112 / 172002)
- 2006-73 Grimes DA, Jones LB, Lopez LM, Schulz KF. Oral contraceptives for functional ovarian cysts. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev* 2006 Oct 18; (4): CD006134, 14 p. (FCO-172002) (FCO-172002)
- 2006-82 Cates W Jr. Contraception and prevention of HIV infection (letter). *JAMA* 2006 Dec 20; 296 (23): 2802. (FCO-119502) (FCO-119502)
- 2006-84 Best K. Averting HIV-infected births: integrating family planning services can help achieve goal. *Mera* 2006 Sep; (25): iii-vi. (FCO-113118)
- 2006-85 Best K, Shears KH. Preventing pregnancy among HIV-infected women: most contraceptive methods can be used safely. *Mera* 2006 Nov; (26): iii-iv. (FCO-113118)
- 2006-86 Williamson NE, Liku J, McLoughlin K, Nyamongo IK, Nakayima F. A qualitative study of condom use among married couples in Kampala, Uganda. *Reprod Health Matters* 2006 Dec; 14 (28): 89-98. (FCO-116103) (FCO-9397)
- 2006-90 Hatzell Hoke T, Steiner MJ. Despite mechanical and acceptability problems, female condoms appear to be an effective prevention alternative to male condoms. *Evid Based Obstet Gynecol* 2006 Sep-Dec; 8 (3-4): 96-7. (FCO-112120 / 114106)
- 2006-91 Best K. Post-exposure prophylaxis for HIV may be cost-effective and affordable in middle-income countries. *Mera* 2006 Jul; (24): iii-v. (FCO-113118)
- 2006-93 Cook LA, Pun A, van Vliet H, Gallo MF, Lopez LM. Scalpel versus no-scalpel incision for vasectomy. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev* 2006; (4): CD004112, 20 p. (FCO-5206 / 172002 / 112112) (FCO-N/A)

Appendix C: Subprojects by Region/Country



APPENDIX C

Subprojects by Region/Country and Current FCO(s)

AFRICA

Africa Regional

| | |
|--|--------|
| Assessing Provision of Family Planning and Reproductive Health Services in Commercial Sector HIV/AIDS Programs | 124102 |
| FP in Context of HIV: Supporting Evidence-Based and Promising Practices in Africa | 113131 |

Ghana

| | |
|--|--------|
| Evaluation of Integrating Family Planning into ART Services in Ghana | 124101 |
|--|--------|

Kenya

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Assessing the Future Role of Implants | 112122 |
| Building Strategic Information Capacity within NASCOP | 153102 |
| Development and Evaluation of a Campaign to Increase Continuation of Hormonal Methods | 116105 |
| Evaluating the Young Men as Equal Partners" Project | 114100/ 114123 |
| Examining the Family Planning Needs of Women Traditionally Targeted for HIV/STI Services | 124100 |
| Impact of offering implants to improve continuation rates of Hormonal methods | 112129 |
| Improving Use of Family Planning in VCT | 114104/ 153103 |
| Integration of Family Planning into Comprehensive Care Centers | 114114/ 124104 |
| Kenya Division of Reproductive Health Capacity Development: Follow-on Activity | 143103 |
| Kenya Field Support Management | 143100 |
| Kenya IUD Revitalization - Transition Phase and M & E | 113111 |
| Kenya Information Management: Hormonals & HIV | 143102 |
| Kenya PEPFAR Management | 153106 |
| Kenya: Enhanced Country Program Implementation | 113122 |
| Kenya: Evaluation of What's New & Cool for Youth" Booklet | 143101 |
| Kenya: Scaling-Up: Building Capacity in the Field | 113130 |
| Risk of HIV and Feasibility Research Among House Girls in Nairobi | 154100/ 154102 |

Madagascar

| | |
|--|---|
| Development Support for Youth Dual Method Study | 114120 |
| Introductory Trial of Community-based Distribution of DMPA in Rural Madagascar | 114121/ 124103/ 144100/ 144103 |
| Madagascar: Enhanced Country Program | 113129 |

Malawi

Using Male Educators to increase Family Planning use among young married couples in Malawi 116108

Nigeria

Evidence-based Child Spacing Intervention Development for Northern Nigeria 143104
Increasing Access to Postpartum Family Planning Services 114116
Nigeria: Rapid Programmatic Assessment for FP/VCT Integration 113105
Operations Research: Male Motivators Promoting Family Planning in the Nigeria Police Force 114109
Randomized Controlled Trial of Cellulose Sulfate (CS) Gel and HIV 2266/132100
132122/
132123/
132124/
132125/
132143
Savvy Phase III RCT 2277/132104
132126/
132127/
132128/
132139

South Africa

ABC Approach for Youth on University Campuses in South Africa 153101
Acidform Behavioral Data Analysis 116101
Developing and Testing Interventions to Serve the Family Planning Needs of PMTCT Clients 114103
Enhancing PMTCT Performance 153104
Evidence for Extending the DMPA Re-Injection Interval 114118
Family Planning & HIV Service Integration: South Africa Network of Champions 113127
Feasibility of Randomized Trial to Evaluate the Effect of DMPA on STI 112119/
112132/
112133/
112134
Formative Research to Determine the Feasibility of Recruitment for True Efficacy Trials 116104/
116107
Improving Continuation Rates for Injectable Contraceptives 114102
Next Steps for Clinical Research of New Female Condoms 112111/
132114/
132142

South Africa (Continued)

| | |
|--|------------------------------|
| RCT of Tenofovir Gel in South Africa | 132108/ 132119/ 132120 |
| Safety and Feasibility of the Diaphragm Used with ACIDFORM Savvy: South Africa Phase III HIV Study | 2276/112103 132116 |
| South Africa Advance Account | 113101 |
| South Africa: Enhanced Country Program Implementation | 113123/ 133100 |
| South Africa: Microbicides: Carraguard Phase III Trial Interim Analysis for DSMB | 139100 |
| Strengthening Linkages between FP, HBC and ARV Services | 153105 |

Tanzania

| | |
|--|--------|
| Implementing and Evaluating FP and VCT Services Integration | 114115 |
| Risk Reduction through Role Models for Young Men: Intervention, Adaptation and Testing | 114117 |

Uganda

| | |
|--|-------------|
| Hormonal Contraception and HIV Research: Dissemination through Africa Regional and In-Country Meetings | 3703/172005 |
| Improving Service Delivery of CBD of DMPA in Uganda | 114111 |
| Promoting DMPA Provision by Community Health Providers | 113108 |
| Repositioning Family Planning: Revitalizing LAPMs | 113110 |
| Uganda: Enhanced Country Program | 113125 |

Zimbabwe

| | |
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| Audio Computer-assisted Self-interviewing (ACASI) vs. Face-to-face (FTF) | 132117/ 172004/ 172007 |
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ASIA/NEAR EAST

India

| | |
|---|----------------------|
| DMPA Acceptance Uttar Pradesh | 12067/114119 |
| Discontinuation of DMPA among Private Sector Clients in India | 12031/114110 |
| RCT of Three Vasectomy Techniques | 112128 |
| September 2006 Indo-US Joint Working Group (JWG) Meeting | 112126 |
| Sustained Acceptability of Vaginal Microbicides: Male and Female Perspectives | 9386/136100 |
| Vas Irrigation During Vasectomy: Early Development | 2261/2707/ 112113 |
| Vasectomy Acceptability among Clients and Providers in Uttar Pradesh | 116100 |

Turkey

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| Collaborative Research on Implants | 112125/ 112135 |
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EUROPE

Switzerland

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| WHO Technical Assistance - Sarah Johnson | 119505 |
| WHO Technical Assistance - Shawn Malarcher | 114112 |

LATIN AMERICA

Guatemala

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| Continuous vs. Cyclic Use of COC Pills | 112118/112130 |
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Haiti

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| Haiti: FP/VCT Extension Project in Haiti | 153108/153109 |
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Jamaica

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| Jamaica: Capacity Building for Youth RH/HIV and Parenting Curriculum Development | 145001 |
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NORTH AMERICA

USA

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| Assessment of Soluble and Cellular Markers of Inflammation after Vaginal Product Use | 132109 |
| BASS Management | 116102 |
| CRTU: Hormonals Strategy Group | 112121 |
| Coordination and Statistical Support of CONRAD Activities | 112100 |
| Cost-Effectiveness Analysis of Assisted Reproductive Technology | 174001 |
| Female Condom Reuse: Assessing the Efficacy of Dish Detergent in Removing HIV and Chlamydia from the Surfaces of Inoculated FC2 Female Condoms | 132115 |
| Formative Research to Determine the Feasibility of Recruitment for True Efficacy Trials | 116104/116107 |
| MRI Studies of New Microbicide Formulations | 132112 |
| Male Tolerance Study of UC-781 Gel | 132111 |
| Meeting on Pregnancy in Microbicide Studies | 132106/172001 |
| Microbicide Database, Phase I, Social & Scientific Systems, Inc. (SSS) | 139500 |
| New Delivery Device for Vaginal Microbicides | 1844/2290/ 132103 |
| Phase I Study of the BufferGel Duet's Functional Performance, Safety and Acceptability | 2292/132102 |
| Pivotal Effectiveness Study of the PATH SILCS Diaphragm | 2299/112101 |
| Regulatory Affairs and Quality Assurance for the CRTU | 119200 |
| Safety of Citric Acid | 2295/132110 |
| Statistical Support - Microbicides | 139101 |
| Structural Integrity of the FC2 Female Condom | 112117 |

WORLD

Worldwide

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| Assessing Implant Provision in Various Service Delivery Settings | 112124 |
| BASS Technical Leadership | 116103 |
| BIOS Management | 119101 |
| BIOS Technical Leadership | 119100 |
| Barrier Method Strategy Development | 119503 |
| CRD Management | 112000 |
| CRD Technical Leadership | 112120 |
| CRTU Executive Management | 119502 |
| CRTU Knowledge Management | 113118 |
| CRTU Monitoring and Evaluation | 119501 |
| CRTU Network of Champions | 113113 |
| Cochrane Fertility Regulation Review Group, 2005-2010 | 112112/172002 |
| Data Management Division Management | 119400 |
| FHI Publications Revenue | 113271 |

Worldwide (Continued)

| | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Follow-Up: Sharing Information on HIV and Hormonal Contraception with Global Audiences | 113119 |
| Global Advocacy & Stakeholder Engagement for LAPMs | 113109 |
| Global Knowledge Management: Youth RH/HIV Prevention | 125001/125005 |
| HIV and Contraceptive Services Strategy Group | 119504 |
| HSR Technical Leadership | 114106 |
| Implementing Best Practices Consortium | 113116 |
| Independent Monitoring of CONRAD Collaborative Studies | 2285/132101 |
| Inter-Laboratory Trials | 118104 |
| International Standards Development | 118100 |
| Knowledge Management: Youth Synthesis Report | 125002/125003 |
| LAPM Strategy Group | 113121 |
| Maximizing Access and Quality (MAQ) IUD Subcommittee, and FHI's IUD Checklist Production and Dissemination | 113112 |
| Measuring Effectiveness of UNFPA-sponsored Female Condom Promotion Initiatives | 114107 |
| Microbicide Strategy Group | 139102 |
| Pregnancy Provider Checklist & Reference Guide 2005 Update & Implementation | 113107 |
| Production Surveillance of Condoms- Domestic and Off-Shore | 148100 |
| Production Surveillance, Domestic and Off-Shore, for Hormonal and Long-acting and Permanent Methods | 148101 |
| Providing Global Leadership to Family Planning and HIV Integration Efforts | 113104/123100 |
| Research Ethics Training Curriculum for Community Representatives (RETC-CR) | 1398/1600/ 1601/2710/ 172000 |
| Research to Practice Leadership | 113114 |

Worldwide - continued

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| Scale-up and Global Dissemination of Kenya's FP/VCT Integration Package | 113126/123102 |
| Site Identification, Assessment & Development | 1041/132113/ 132118 |
| Technical Assistance to Field Programs | 118102 |
| Technical Leadership: Collaboration with Multi/Bi-Lateral Procurement Agencies | 118101 |
| Technical Oversight Committee | 118103 |
| Test Capability Development and Enhancement | 118105 |
| Tool Kit to Increase Access to Appropriate and Effective Contraception for Clients with HIV | 113106 |
| Tool for Local Lexicon to Explain Difficult Informed Consent Terms | 136101 |
| USAID Best Practices Package: Development and M & E | 113115/123101 |
| Worldwide: Standardized Family Planning Curriculum | 113128 |

Appendix C: Subprojects by Region/Country



APPENDIX D

CRTU-FUNDED

FHI STAFF AND CONSULTANT

TRAVEL UNDERTAKEN

**July 1, 2006
through
December 31, 2006**



Domestic

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| <u>TA NUMBER</u> | <u>COUNTRY</u> | <u>STATE</u> | <u>START DATE</u> | <u>END DATE</u> | <u>TRAVELER</u> |
|------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| 32213-50 | USA | AL | 28/AUG/2006 | 29/AUG/2006 | STEVE HAMEL TO DISCUSS THE CURRENT PRODUCTION SCHEDULES FOR THE REMAINDER OF 2006 AND 2007. FCO 148100. |
| 32236-50 | USA | CA | 6/SEP/2006 | 9/SEP/2006 | DAVID HUBACHER TO ATTEND AND PRESENT AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE ASSOCIATION OF REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH PROFESSIONALS. FCO 112120. |
| 32477-50 | USA | CA | 22/OCT/2006 | 26/OCT/2006 | REGINALD HOOKS TO ATTEND THE COURSE ENTITLED "MONITORING CLINICAL DRUG STUDIES: BEGINNER", ACCREDITED BY THE AMERICAN COUNCIL OF PHARMACEUTICAL EDUCATION (ACPE) AND SPONSORED BY BARRETT INTERNATIONAL. FCO 132113. |
| 32476-50 | USA | CA | 22/OCT/2006 | 26/OCT/2006 | STEPHANIE COMBES TO ATTEND THE COURSE ENTITLED "MONITORING CLINICAL DRUG STUDIES: BEGINNER", ACCREDITED BY THE AMERICAN COUNCIL OF PHARMACEUTICAL EDUCATION (ACPE) AND SPONSORED BY BARRETT INTERNATIONAL. FCO 132113. |
| 31977-50 | USA | DC | 5/JUL/2006 | 7/JUL/2006 | CYNTHIA GEARY TO ATTEND THE MEETING "GENDER NORMS: BRIDGING FROM THEORY TO PRACTICE" HOSTED BY AED AND THE HEALTH COMMUNICATIONS PARTNERSHIP. FCO 116103. |
| 31906-50 | USA | DC | 8/JUL/2006 | 12/JUL/2006 | CHRISTINE LASWAY TO ATTEND THE 4TH ANNUAL TRANSLATING RESEARCH INTO PRACTICE AND POLICY (TRIPP) CONFERENCE. FCO 113114. |
| 32012-50 | USA | DC | 12/JUL/2006 | 13/JUL/2006 | BAKER MAGGWA TO ATTEND A MEETING WITH THE CSIS TASK FORCE FOR HIV/AIDS ENTITLED "SUSTAINING U.S. GLOBAL LEADERSHIP ON HIV/AIDS". FCO 123100. |
| 32109-50 | USA | DC | 24/JUL/2006 | 24/JUL/2006 | ELIZABETH ROBINSON TO ATTEND THE HIPNET EVALUATION SUBCOMMITTEE MEETING AND FINALIZE PROCESS AND IMPACT INDICATORS FOR DISSEMINATION PROJECTS. FCO 113118. |
| 32053-50 | USA | DC | 7/AUG/2006 | 8/AUG/2006 | SHAWN MALARCHER TO MEET WITH USAID AND MEMBERS OF THE RESEARCH, TECHNOLOGY AND UTILIZATION DIVISION TO UPDATE ON MY SCOPE OF WORK AT RHR AND DISCUSS POTENTIAL FUTURE AREAS OF COLLABORATION. FCO 114112. |

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|------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| 32136-50 | USA | DC | 9/AUG/2006 | 10/AUG/2006 | ELIZABETH RAYMOND TO ATTEND A MEETING TO DISCUSS FUTURE STUDIES OF EMERGENCY CONTRACEPTION AND TO ADVISE ON ISSUES RELATED TO EFFECTIVENESS OF FERTILITY AWARENESS BASED METHODS. FCO 112000. |
| 32344-50 | USA | DC | 31/AUG/2006 | 31/AUG/2006 | LANETA DORFLINGER TO ATTEND A SUMMARY MEETING ON USAID'S FUTURE ROLE IN CONTRACEPTIVE R&D. FCO 119502. |
| 32381-50 | USA | DC | 31/AUG/2006 | 31/AUG/2006 | WILLARD CATES TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN USAID'S MEETING ON THE AGENCY'S ROLE IN CONTRACEPTIVE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. TO MEET WITH RENEE RIDZON OF THE GATES FOUNDATION TO DETERMINE FUNDING FOR FUTURE MICROBICIDE AND PREP STUDIES. FCO 119502. |
| 32394-50 | USA | DC | 7/SEP/2006 | 7/SEP/2006 | EVANTHIA CANOUTAS TO ATTEND A USAID-SPONSORED REPOSITIONING FAMILY PLANNING (FP) MEETING. FCO 113117. |
| 32346-50 | USA | DC | 12/SEP/2006 | 12/SEP/2006 | LANETA DORFLINGER TO ATTEND THE CONRAD/FHI QUARTERLY MEETING. FCO 112100. |
| 32393-50 | USA | DC | 12/SEP/2006 | 12/SEP/2006 | LUCINDA GLOVER TO ATTEND THE CONRAD/FHI QUARTERLY MEETING. FCO 112100. |
| 32390-50 | USA | DC | 12/SEP/2006 | 12/SEP/2006 | DEBRA WEINER TO ATTEND THE CONRAD/FHI QUARTERLY MEETING. FCO 112100. |
| 32391-50 | USA | DC | 12/SEP/2006 | 12/SEP/2006 | DOUGLAS TAYLOR TO ATTEND THE CONRAD/FHI QUARTERLY MEETING. FCO 112100. |
| 32170-50 | USA | DC | 13/SEP/2006 | 13/SEP/2006 | SUSAN MCINTYRE TO REPRESENT FHI AT THE SEMI-ANNUAL MEETING OF USAID'S POPULATION AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH COLLABORATING AGENCIES MONITORING AND EVALUATION WORKING GROUP. FCO 119501. |
| 32472-50 | USA | DC | 19/SEP/2006 | 19/SEP/2006 | NANCY WILLIAMSON TO ATTEND THE YOUTHNET END OF PROJECT MEETING. FCO 116103. |
| 32400-50 | USA | DC | 19/SEP/2006 | 19/SEP/2006 | WILLARD CATES TO ATTEND THE YOUTHNET END OF PROJECT MEETING. FCO 119502. |
| 32448-50 | USA | DC | 4/OCT/2006 | 8/OCT/2006 | MARIO CHEN TO ATTEND AND CO-FACILITATE A TWO-DAY WORKSHOP ON SAMPLING FOR PROFESSIONALS FROM DIFFERENT USAID COOPERATIVE AGENCIES. FCO 119100. |

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 (RTP)

| <u>TA NUMBER</u> | <u>COUNTRY</u> | <u>STATE</u> | <u>START DATE</u> | <u>END DATE</u> | <u>TRAVELER</u> |
|------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| 32545-50 | USA | DC | 12/OCT/2006 | 13/OCT/2006 | KAVITA NANDA TO ATTEND THE ACOG-COMMITTEE ON PRACTICE BULLETINS-GYNECOLOGY MEETING. SALARY ONLY. FCO 112120. |
| 32541-50 | USA | DC | 18/OCT/2006 | 18/OCT/2006 | CHRISTINE LASWAY TO ATTEND A MEETING SPONSORED BY USAID/OPRH/SDI'S FLEXIBLE FUND PROGRAM ON "APPROACHES TO SUSTAINABILITY PLANNING AND MEASUREMENT IN COMMUNITY-BASED FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMS". FCO 113114. |
| 32396-50 | USA | DC | 24/OCT/2006 | 27/OCT/2006 | JASON SMITH TO REPRESENT FHI AT THREE IMPLEMENTING BEST PRACTICES CONSORTIUM MEETINGS AND TO MAKE A PRESENTATION ON BEST PRACTICES AT THE USAID SPONSORED MAQ MINI-UNIVERSITY. FCO 113114 AND 113116. |
| 32397-50 | USA | DC | 24/OCT/2006 | 29/OCT/2006 | ANUJ JAGGI TO ATTEND THE IBP AND KSTF MEETINGS AND THE GLOBAL HEALTH MINI-UNIVERSITY. FCO 113116. |
| 32540-50 | USA | DC | 26/OCT/2006 | 2/NOV/2006 | REBECCA GMACH TO ASSIST WITH THE MAQ MINI UNIVERSITY AND TO ASSIST WITH THE LAUNCH OF THE IUD TOOLKIT. FCO 113112. |
| 32632-50 | USA | DC | 27/OCT/2006 | 27/OCT/2006 | HEIDI REYNOLDS TO ATTEND AND PRESENT AT THE USAID GLOBAL HEALTH MINI-UNIVERSITY. FCO 113104. |
| 32631-50 | USA | DC | 27/OCT/2006 | 27/OCT/2006 | ROSE MONAHAN TO ATTEND AND PRESENT AT THE GLOBAL HEALTH MINI-UNIVERSITY. FCO 113104. |
| 32606-50 | USA | DC | 1/NOV/2006 | 2/NOV/2006 | STEVE HAMEL TO ATTEND THE TECHNICAL OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE MEETING. FCO 118103. |
| 32607-50 | USA | DC | 1/NOV/2006 | 2/NOV/2006 | DAVID JENKINS TO ATTEND THE TECHNICAL OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE MEETING. FCO 118103. |
| 32544-50 | USA | DC | 1/NOV/2006 | 3/NOV/2006 | DEBRA WEINER TO PARTICIPATE IN A WORKSHOP ON EXPANSION OF DAIDS TOXICITY TABLES FOR MICROBICIDE STUDIES. FCO 112100. |
| 32647-50 | USA | DC | 1/NOV/2006 | 3/NOV/2006 | ELI CARTER TO ATTEND THE TECHNICAL OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE MEETING. FCO 118103. |
| 32645-50 | USA | DC | 1/NOV/2006 | 2/NOV/2006 | WILLIAM FINGER TO PARTICIPATE AND HELP LEAD THE USAID-SPONSORED INITIAL INTERAGENCY YOUTH WORKING GROUP AND TO HOLD OTHER MEETINGS WITH YOUTHNET STAFF. FCO 125001. |
| 32536-50 | USA | DC | 2/NOV/2006 | 2/NOV/2006 | DENNIS WALLACE |

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 (RTP)

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|------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| 32539-50 | USA | DC | 2/NOV/2006 | 2/NOV/2006 | DONALD MARLOWE TO ATTEND THE TECHNICAL OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE MEETING. FCO 118103. |
| 32402-50 | USA | DC | 5/NOV/2006 | 8/NOV/2006 | WILLIAM FINGER TO ATTEND THE TECHNICAL OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE MEETING. FCO 118103. TO MAKE AN ORAL PRESENTATION AT THE AMERICAN PUBLIC HEALTH ASSOCIATION ANNUAL MEETING AND PARTICIPATE IN THE ADOLESCENT TASK FORCE. FCO 125005. |
| 32796-50 | USA | DC | 8/NOV/2006 | 8/NOV/2006 | ELI CARTER TO ATTEND A MEETING OF THE DELIVER II MANAGEMENT TEAM AT THE JSI OFFICE. FCO 148101. |
| 32753-50 | USA | DC | 14/NOV/2006 | 14/NOV/2006 | HEIDI REYNOLDS TO PARTICIPATE IN THE POSTPARTUM FAMILY PLANNING TECHNICAL CONSULTATION HOSTED BY ACCESS-FP. FCO 114106. |
| 32745-50 | USA | DC | 15/NOV/2006 | 17/NOV/2006 | MARKUS STEINER TO ATTEND A MEETING ENTITLED "BIOMARKERS FOR EVALUATING VAGINAL MICROBICIDES AND CONTRACEPTIVES: DISCOVERY AND EARLY VALIDATION". FCO 172004. |
| 32862-50 | USA | DC | 19/NOV/2006 | 20/NOV/2006 | DAVID SOKAL TO PARTICIPATE IN THE EH-FHI TECHNICAL MEETING "MOVING VASECTOMY FORWARD: AN EXPERT CONSULTATION ON PRIORITIES AND NEXT STEPS". FCO 113109. |
| 32797-50 | USA | DC | 19/NOV/2006 | 20/NOV/2006 | ERIN MCGINN TO ATTEND THE MEETING ENTITLED "MOVING VASECTOMY FORWARD: AN EXPERT CONSULTATION ON PRIORITIES AND NEXT STEPS". FCO 113109. |
| 32780-50 | USA | DC | 19/NOV/2006 | 20/NOV/2006 | GREG GUEST TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETING ENTITLED "MOVING VASECTOMY FORWARD: AN EXPERT CONSULTATION ON PRIORITIES AND NEXT STEPS". FCO 113109. |
| 32798-50 | USA | DC | 19/NOV/2006 | 19/NOV/2006 | CHRISTINE LASWAY TO ORGANIZE AND FACILITATE AN EH-FHI TECHNICAL MEETING ENTITLED "MOVING VASECTOMY FORWARD: AN EXPERT CONSULTATION ON PRIORITIES AND NEXT STEPS". FCO 113109. |
| 32795-50 | USA | DC | 19/NOV/2006 | 20/NOV/2006 | DONNA MCCARRAHER TO ATTEND THE MEETING "MOVING VASECTOMY FORWARD: AN EXPERT CONSULTATION ON PRIORITIES AND NEXT STEPS". FCO 113109. |
| 32726-50 | USA | DC | 20/NOV/2006 | 21/NOV/2006 | BARBARA JANOWITZ TO ATTEND A MEETING ENTITLED "MOVING VASECTOMY FORWARD: AN EXPERT CONSULTATION ON PRIORITIES AND NEXT STEPS". FCO 113109. |

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|------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| 32798-50 | USA | DC | 20/NOV/2006 | 20/NOV/2006 | CHRISTINE LASWAY TO REVIEW ONGOING COLLABORATION BETWEEN ENGENDERHEALTH/ACQUIRE PROJECT AND FHI UNDER THE CRTU, AND TO CONSIDER WAYS TO IMPROVE COORDINATION OF ACTIVITIES OF COMMON INTEREST. FCO 113114. |
| 32797-50 | USA | DC | 20/NOV/2006 | 21/NOV/2006 | ERIN MCGINN TO REVIEW ONGOING COLLABORATION BETWEEN ENGENDERHEALTH/ACQUIRE PROJECT AND FHI UNDER THE CRTU, AND TO CONSIDER WAYS TO IMPROVE COORDINATION OF ACTIVITIES OF COMMON INTEREST. FCO 113114. |
| 32864-50 | USA | DC | 21/NOV/2006 | 21/NOV/2006 | MICHAEL WELSH TO REVIEW ONGOING COLLABORATION BETWEEN ENGENDERHEALTH/ACQUIRE PROJECT AND FHI UNDER THE CRTU, AND TO CONSIDER WAYS TO IMPROVE COORDINATION OF ACTIVITIES OF COMMON INTEREST. FCO 113114. |
| 32831-50 | USA | DC | 4/DEC/2006 | 5/DEC/2006 | WILLIAM FINGER TO DEVELOP A WORKPLAN FOR UTILIZATION OF YOUTHNET TOOLS USING THE GLOBAL LEADERSHIP PRIORITY FUNDING AND MEET WITH YOUTHNET STAFF ON CLOSE OUT ISSUES. FCO 125005. |
| 32843-50 | USA | DC | 4/DEC/2006 | 4/DEC/2006 | ERIN MCGINN TO MEET WITH FHI STAFF WORKING ON YOUTH-RELATED GLP-FUNDED ACTIVITIES AND PROVIDE INPUT ON UTILIZATION ACTIVITIES, DISCUSS INTEGRATION OF YOUTHNET MESSAGES, IDENTIFY TARGETED PRODUCTS FOR R TO P. FCO 113114. |
| 32918-50 | USA | DC | 6/DEC/2006 | 6/DEC/2006 | LANETA DORFLINGER TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE USAID MICROBICIDE CAS MEETING. FCO 132100. |
| 32919-50 | USA | DC | 6/DEC/2006 | 6/DEC/2006 | DOUGLAS TAYLOR TO ATTEND THE USAID MICROBICIDE CAS MEETING. FCO 119100. |
| 32805-50 | USA | DC | 6/DEC/2006 | 6/DEC/2006 | WILLARD CATES TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE MEETING OF THE USAID MICROBICIDE CAS. FCO 119502. |
| 32912-50 | USA | DC | 6/DEC/2006 | 7/DEC/2006 | VERA HALPERN TO ATTEND THE MICROBICIDE CAS MEETING ORGANIZED BY USAID. FCO 132100. |
| 32752-50 | USA | DC | 8/DEC/2006 | 8/DEC/2006 | BARBARA JANOWITZ TO MEET WITH USAID TO REVIEW ISSUES RELATING TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE YEAR 3 WORKPLAN FOR THE CRTU. FCO 114106. |

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|------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| 32781-50 | USA | DC | 8/DEC/2006 | 8/DEC/2006 | GARY WEST TO MEET WITH USAID TO REVIEW ISSUES RELATING TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE YEAR 3 WORKPLAN FOR THE CRTU. FCO 119502. |
| 32968-50 | USA | DC | 12/DEC/2006 | 12/DEC/2006 | TARA NUTLEY TO MEET WITH COLLEAGUES FROM MADAGASCAR REGARDING THE BEST PRACTICES PACKAGE PROJECT. FCO 113117. |
| 32970-50 | USA | DC | 12/DEC/2006 | 12/DEC/2006 | JENNIFER WESSON TO MEET WITH COLLEAGUES FROM MADAGASCAR REGARDING THE BEST PRACTICES PACKAGE PROJECT. FCO 113115. |
| 32945-50 | USA | DC | 15/DEC/2006 | 15/DEC/2006 | DONNA MCCARRAHER TO MEET WITH STAFF FROM ABT ASSOCIATES AND FHI PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAMS. FCO 124102. |
| 32946-50 | USA | DC | 15/DEC/2006 | 15/DEC/2006 | GWYNETH VANCE TO MEET WITH STAFF FROM ABT ASSOCIATES AND FHI PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAMS. FCO 124102. |
| 32971-50 | USA | DC | 18/DEC/2006 | 20/DEC/2006 | STEVE HAMEL TO MEET WITH USAID, JSI AND WEYTH REPRESENTATIVES REGARDING VARIOUS ISSUES. FCO 148101. |
| 32591-50 | USA | GA | 26/OCT/2006 | 28/OCT/2006 | MAY LAW TO ATTEND THE CONTRACEPTIVE TECHNOLOGY QUEST FOR EXCELLENCE CONFERENCE TO EXPAND KNOWLEDGE OF CURRENT RESEARCH, CLINICAL TREATMENTS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENT IN CONTRACEPTIVE TECHNOLOGY. FCO 119101. |
| 32438-50 | USA | GA | 26/OCT/2006 | 28/OCT/2006 | SHARON TSUI TO ATTEND THE CONTRACEPTIVE TECHNOLOGY CONFERENCE AS EXHIBITORS AND PARTICIPATE IN THE GENERAL SESSIONS AND BREAK-OUT SESSIONS ON HPT, EC AND STDS AND NEW TREATMENT GUIDELINES. FCO 116013. |
| 32431-50 | USA | GA | 26/OCT/2006 | 28/OCT/2006 | DOMINICK SHATTUCK TO ATTEND THE CONTRACEPTIVE TECHNOLOGY CONFERENCE AS EXHIBITORS AND PARTICIPATE IN THE GENERAL SESSIONS AND BREAK-OUT SESSIONS ON HPT, EC AND STDS AND NEW TREATMENT GUIDELINES. FCO 116013. |
| 32733-50 | USA | GA | 3/DEC/2006 | 6/DEC/2006 | ELI CARTER TO ATTEND AND PARTICIPATE IN THE ASTM WINTER MEETING. FCO 118101. |
| 32274-50 | USA | MA | 3/NOV/2006 | 12/NOV/2006 | JASON SMITH TO ATTEND, PRESENT AND HELP STAFF THE FHI BOOTH AT THE APHA ANNUAL CONFERENCE. FCO 113114. |
| 32770-50 | USA | MA | 4/NOV/2006 | 8/NOV/2006 | LAWRENCE SEVERY TO ATTEND AND PRESENT AT THE APHA ANNUAL MEETING. FCO 116103 AND |

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|------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| 31859-50 | USA | MD | 12/JUL/2006 | 16/JUL/2006 | LAUREEN LOPEZ 136100. TO PARTICIPATE IN A CONFERENCE ON SYSTEMATIC REVIEWS PROVIDED BY THE US COCHRANE CENTER. FCO 112112 AND 172002. |
| 32851-50 | USA | MD | 27/NOV/2006 | 28/NOV/2006 | IRENE YACOBSON TO PARTICIPATE IN A WHO CONSULTATIVE MEETING ON PRE-SERVICE EDUCATION AND DISCUSS FIELD NEEDS AND POSSIBLE LINKS WITH IN-SERVICE TRAINING. FCO 113103. |
| 31887-50 | USA | NC | 1/JUL/2006 | 28/JUL/2006 | BAKER MAGGWA TO WORK ON CRTU PROGRAMS WITH COLLEAGUES IN NORTH CAROLINA. FCO 113117. |
| 32031-50 | USA | NC | 11/JUL/2006 | 14/JUL/2006 | SALIM KARIM TO MAKE A PRESENTATION TO FHI STAFF REGARDING CAPRISA AND HIV PREVENTION ACTIVITIES IN SOUTH AFRICA. TO DISCUSS CAPRISA 004 ACTIVITIES WITH THE FHI TEAM. FCO 132108. |
| 32039-50 | USA | NC | 6/AUG/2006 | 9/AUG/2006 | CHELSEA POLIS TO TRAIN ON THE REVMAN SYSTEM. FCO 112112. |
| 32122-50 | USA | NC | 7/AUG/2006 | 10/AUG/2006 | KELSEY LYND TO PREPARE FOR FIELD PLACEMENT IN MADAGASCAR TO MANAGE FIELD ACTIVITIES FOR THE CBD OF DMPA STUDY AND RELATED BEST PRACTICES ACTIVITIES. FCO 124103. |
| 32123-50 | USA | NC | 10/AUG/2006 | 10/AUG/2006 | STEPHANIE SKOLER TO DISCUSS THE PROPOSED SAVVY TRIAL AT TWO SOUTH AFRICAN SITES. FCO 132104. |
| 32451-50 | USA | NC | 24/SEP/2006 | 28/SEP/2006 | LAWRENCE SEVERY TO WORK ON A PRESENTATION FOR THE APHA MEETING. FCO 116103. |
| 32357-50 | USA | NC | 25/OCT/2006 | 30/OCT/2006 | ROBERTO RIVERA TO WORK WITH DAVID BORASKY AND CONTINUE REVIEW OF THE RETC SECOND EDITION. FCO 172000. |
| 32540-50 | USA | NC | 26/OCT/2006 | 2/NOV/2006 | REBECCA GMACH TO WORK WITH RESEARCH TO PRACTICE STAFF. FCO 113112. |
| 32809-50 | USA | NC | 27/NOV/2006 | 1/DEC/2006 | SUSAN ADAMCHAK TO WORK ON THE FINAL STUDY FOR GHANA FP/ART STUDY. FCO 124101. |

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| <u>TA NUMBER</u> | <u>COUNTRY</u> | <u>STATE</u> | <u>START DATE</u> | <u>END DATE</u> | <u>TRAVELER</u> |
|------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| 32357-50 | USA | NY | 25/OCT/2006 | 30/OCT/2006 | ROBERTO RIVERA TO ATTEND THE FIFTH INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON INTRAUTERINE DEVICES AND SYSTEMS FOR WOMEN'S HEALTH AS REPRESENTATIVE FOR FHI'S MAQ/IUD COMMITTEE. FCO 113112. |
| 32504-50 | USA | NY | 26/OCT/2006 | 28/OCT/2006 | DAVID HUBACHER TO ATTEND AND PRESENT AT THE POPULATION COUNCIL MEETING ENTITLED " FIFTH INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON INTRAUTERINE DEVICES AND SYSTEMS FOR WOMEN'S HEALTH". SALARY ONLY. FCO 112120. |
| 32605-50 | USA | NY | 26/OCT/2006 | 28/OCT/2006 | ERIN MCGINN TO ATTEND THE FIFTH INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON INTRAUTERINE DEVICES AND SYSTEMS FOR WOMEN'S HEALTH ORGANIZED BY THE POPULATION COUNCIL. FCO 113112. |
| 32723-50 | USA | NY | 30/OCT/2006 | 30/OCT/2006 | DOUGLAS TAYLOR TO PROVIDE STATISTICAL CONSULTING FOR THE POPULATION COUNCIL'S PHASE 3 MICROBICIDE TRIAL. FCO 139100. |
| 32729-50 | USA | NY | 19/NOV/2006 | 21/NOV/2006 | WILLIAM FINGER TO PARTICIPATE IN THE CONCEPTUAL DEVELOPMENT OF A GUIDE TO USING HIV COUNSELING AND TESTING FOR YOUTH: A MANUAL FOR PROVIDERS. TO MEET WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF CAS WORKING ON YOUTH ISSUES TO ENCOURAGE THEM TO PARTICIPATE IN THE NEW WEB SITE OF THE INTERAGENCY YOUTH WORKING GROUP. FCO 125005. |
| 32275-50 | USA | PA | 21/AUG/2006 | 23/AUG/2006 | CONNIE SEXTON TO ATTEND THE DIA ADVANCED TOPICS IN CLINICAL RESEARCH/DRUG DEVELOPMENT TRAINING COURSE. FCO 132113. |
| 33067-50 | USA | VA | 21/DEC/2006 | 21/DEC/2006 | ALLEN ALL TO CONDUCT PRODUCT SURVEILLANCE SAMPLING. FCO 148100. |
| 33068-50 | USA | VA | 21/DEC/2006 | 21/DEC/2006 | STEPHEN CZARNECKI TO CONDUCT PRODUCT SURVEILLANCE SAMPLING. FCO 148100. |
| 31610-50 | USA | WA | 5/AUG/2006 | 11/AUG/2006 | PAI LIEN CHEN TO ATTEND AND PRESENT A PAPER AT THE AMERICAN STATISTICIAN ASSOCIATION JOINT STATISTICAL MEETING. FCO 119100. |
| 31634-50 | USA | WA | 5/AUG/2006 | 13/AUG/2006 | CHIN-HUA WANG TO ATTEND AND PRESENT A PAPER AT THE AMERICAN STATISTICIAN ASSOCIATION JOINT STATISTICAL MEETING. FCO 119100. |



International

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| <u>TA NUMBER</u> | <u>REGION</u> | <u>COUNTRY</u> | <u>START DATE</u> | <u>END DATE</u> | <u>TRAVELER</u> |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| 32581-50 | AFRICA | ETHIOPIA | 6/OCT/2006 | 11/OCT/2006 | KATHLEEN SHEARS TO ATTEND THE CONFERENCE ENTITLED "LINKING REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING WITH HIV/AIDS PROGRAMS IN AFRICA". TO GATHER INFORMATION TO REPORT ON THE CONFERENCE IN FHI'S FOCUS COUNTRY NEWSLETTER AND OTHER INTEGRATION PUBLICATIONS. FCO 113118. |
| 32387-50 | AFRICA | ETHIOPIA | 6/OCT/2006 | 13/OCT/2006 | ERIN MCGINN TO ATTEND THE "LINKING REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING WITH HIV/AIDS PROGRAMS IN AFRICA" CONFERENCE. TO ORGANIZE AND CONDUCT A SIDE WORKSHOP ON RESEARCH UTILIZATION. TO HELP COLLEAGUE ANUJ JAGGI CONDUCT THE RTOP 2006-2007 NETWORK OF CHAMPIONS LAUNCH MEETING. FCO 113113 AND 113114. |
| 32530-50 | AFRICA | ETHIOPIA | 6/OCT/2006 | 11/OCT/2006 | SUSAN ADAMCHAK TO ATTEND THE CONFERENCE ENTITLED "LINKING REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING WITH HIV/AIDS PROGRAMS IN AFRICA". FCO 124101. |
| 32386-50 | AFRICA | ETHIOPIA | 7/OCT/2006 | 13/OCT/2006 | ANUJ JAGGI TO CONDUCT THE LAUNCH MEETING FOR THE NETWORK OF CHAMPIONS PROJECT AND ATTEND THE "LINKING REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING WITH HIV/AIDS PROGRAMS IN AFRICA" CONFERENCE. FCO 113113. |
| 32582-50 | AFRICA | ETHIOPIA | 7/OCT/2006 | 12/OCT/2006 | KEZIAH KAPESA TO TRAVEL FROM TANZANIA TO ATTEND THE "LINKING REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING WITH HIV/AIDS PROGRAMS IN AFRICA" CONFERENCE. FCO 113113. |
| 32464-50 | AFRICA | ETHIOPIA | 8/OCT/2006 | 12/OCT/2006 | HEIDI REYNOLDS TO PARTICIPATE IN THE JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY AND ADDIS ABABA UNIVERSITY ORGANIZED MEETING ON "LINKING REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING WITH HIV/AIDS PROGRAMS IN AFRICA". TO PARTICIPATE IN THREE SATELLITE MEETINGS. FCO 114104, 124104, 114114 AND 113113. |
| 32443-50 | AFRICA | ETHIOPIA | 8/OCT/2006 | 12/OCT/2006 | ADEMOLA ADETUNJI TO TRAVEL FROM NIGERIA TO ATTEND THE "LINKING REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING WITH HIV/AIDS PROGRAMS IN AFRICA" CONFERENCE. FCO 113113. |
| 32532-50 | AFRICA | ETHIOPIA | 8/OCT/2006 | 12/OCT/2006 | BRENDA MALATA TO TRAVEL FROM ZAMBIA TO ATTEND THE "LINKING REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING WITH HIV/AIDS PROGRAMS IN AFRICA" CONFERENCE. FCO 113113. |
| 32599-50 | AFRICA | ETHIOPIA | 8/OCT/2006 | 11/OCT/2006 | NNENNA MBA-ODUWUSI TO TRAVEL FROM NIGERIA TO ATTEND THE CONFERENCE ENTITLED "LINKING REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING WITH HIV/AIDS PROGRAMS IN AFRICA". FCO 123100. |

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|------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| 32464-50 | AFRICA | KENYA | 1/OCT/2006 | 8/OCT/2006 | HEIDI REYNOLDS TO DEVELOP THE STUDY DESIGN AND DATA COLLECTION INSTRUMENTS FOR TWO STUDIES, ONE RELATED TO INTEGRATING FAMILY PLANNING INTO VOLUNTARY COUNSELING AND TESTING FOR HIV, AND THE OTHER RELATED TO INTEGRATING FAMILY PLANNING INTO COMPREHENSIVE CARE CENTERS. FCO 114104, 124104 AND 114114. |
| 32144-50 | AFRICA | KENYA | 3/OCT/2006 | 12/OCT/2006 | MARKUS STEINER TO DEVELOP THE PROTOCOL OF THE "IMPLANT PROVISION THROUGH THE PRIVATE SECTOR" SUBPROJECT AND DISCUSS THE REGISTRATION OF SINO-IMPLANT NO. 2 WITH FHI KENYA STAFF. FCO 112124. |
| 32389-50 | AFRICA | KENYA | 14/OCT/2006 | 22/OCT/2006 | MICHAEL WELSH TO MEET WITH FHI STAFF AND COLLEAGUES FROM THE MOH, NCPD AND OTHER COLLABORATING PARTNERS TO REVIEW ACTIVITIES UNDER THE CRTU UNDER THE FOCUS COUNTRY PROGRAM. FCO 113103. |
| 32641-50 | AFRICA | KENYA | 21/OCT/2006 | 27/OCT/2006 | LEIGH PETERSON TO VISIT THE FHI NAIROBI OFFICE AND POTENTIAL SITES/INVESTIGATORS FOR A FUTURE MICROBICIDE STUDY. FCO 132113. |
| 32612-50 | AFRICA | KENYA | 4/NOV/2006 | 11/NOV/2006 | THERESA HOKE TO WORK WITH FHI/NAIROBI AND LOCAL RESEARCH AND PROGRAMMATIC PARTNERS ON DEVELOPING PLANS FOR A STUDY EXAMINING THE FAMILY PLANNING NEEDS OF SEX WORKERS. FCO 124100. |
| 32709-50 | AFRICA | KENYA | 28/NOV/2006 | 7/DEC/2006 | SARAH THOMSEN TO TRAVEL FROM SWEDEN TO DEVELOP A M & E PLAN TOGETHER WITH ICL FOR THE ABC PROJECT WITH STUDENTS AT THE UNIVERSITY OF NAIROBI. TO REVISE THE PROTOCOL, DISCUSS PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION, SUBAGREEMENT AND BUDGET AND VISIT BAHATI MARTYRS P.C.E.A. CHURCH WITH KU FOR THE PEPFAR-FUNDED HOUSE GIRLS PROJECT. TO DISCUSS A CONCEPT PAPER TO CONDUCT A FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT OF THE FEASIBILITY OF PROMOTING VASECTOMIES IN THE WORKPLACE WITH APHIA II. FCO 114106, 154100 AND 124102. |
| 32816-50 | AFRICA | KENYA | 29/NOV/2006 | 7/DEC/2006 | AMY CORNELI TO MEET WITH SITE PI'S TO BEGIN PLANNING AND PROTOCOL DEVELOPMENT FOR THE COMMUNITY PREPAREDNESS ACTIVITIES. FCO 132113. |

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|------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| 32322-50 | AFRICA | MADAGASCAR | 30/SEP/2006 | 14/OCT/2006 | TARA NUTLEY TO WORK WITH SANTENET, THE MOH AND OTHER PARTNERS TO PLAN FOR THE ROLL OUT OF THE BEST PRACTICES PACKAGE. TO WORK WITH USAID AND MOH TO FINALIZE THE DETAILS OF MADAGASCAR AS A FOCUS COUNTRY UNDER THE CRTU. FCO 113115 AND 113117. |
| 32432-50 | AFRICA | MADAGASCAR | 1/OCT/2006 | 14/OCT/2006 | JENNIFER WESSON TO CONDUCT A FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT TO IDENTIFY BARRIERS AND FACILITATORS TO IMPLEMENTING THE BEST PRACTICES. TO WORK WITH SANTENET, THE MOH AND OTHER PARTNERS TO CREATE A MONITORING AND EVALUATION PLAN FOR THE ROLL OUT OF THE BEST PRACTICES PACKAGE. FCO 113115. |
| 32389-50 | AFRICA | MADAGASCAR | 7/OCT/2006 | 14/OCT/2006 | MICHAEL WELSH TO MEET WITH COLLEAGUES FROM USAID, MOH AND OTHER COLLABORATING AGENCIES TO ASSESS ONGOING ACTIVITIES AND TO DETERMINE FUTURE OPPORTUNITIES AND DIRECTIONS FOR FHI UNDER THE CRTU. FCO 113103. |
| 31981-50 | AFRICA | MALI | 13/SEP/2006 | 16/SEP/2006 | AARON BEASTON-BLAAK TO BEGIN COST-EFFECTIVENESS ANALYSES OF CBD INTERVENTIONS WITH SAVE THE CHILDREN. FCO 113114. |
| 32640-50 | AFRICA | MALI | 2/DEC/2006 | 6/DEC/2006 | AARON BEASTON-BLAAK TO WORK WITH SAVE THE CHILDREN ON DATA COLLECTION FOR A COST-EFFECTIVENESS ANALYSIS OF A CBD INTERVENTION IN TWO HEALTH DISTRICTS. FCO 113114. |
| 32366-50 | AFRICA | MOZAMBIQUE | 15/SEP/2006 | 24/SEP/2006 | PATRICIA BAILEY TO FOLLOW-UP ON RESEARCH SITE ASSESSMENT AND UPCOMING COLLABORATION ON THE HOME-BASED CARE PROPOSAL. FCO 132113. |
| 32604-50 | AFRICA | MOZAMBIQUE | 3/NOV/2006 | 12/NOV/2006 | PAUL FELDBLUM TO ASSESS THE FEASIBILITY OF DEVELOPING ONE OR MORE SITES TO CONDUCT MICROBICIDE AND OTHER HIV PREVENTION RESEARCH IN MOZAMBIQUE AS PART OF THE MICROBICIDE SITE INITIATIVE. FCO 132113. |
| 32681-50 | AFRICA | MOZAMBIQUE | 3/NOV/2006 | 12/NOV/2006 | NATASHA MACK TO ASSESS THE FEASIBILITY OF DEVELOPING ONE OR MORE SITES TO CONDUCT MICROBICIDE AND OTHER HIV PREVENTION RESEARCH IN MOZAMBIQUE AS PART OF THE MICROBICIDE SITE INITIATIVE. FCO 132113. |

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|------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| 32603-50 | AFRICA | MOZAMBIQUE | 3/NOV/2006 | 12/NOV/2006 | CONNIE SEXTON TO ASSESS THE FEASIBILITY OF DEVELOPING ONE OR MORE SITES TO CONDUCT MICROBICIDE AND OTHER HIV PREVENTION RESEARCH IN MOZAMBIQUE AS PART OF THE MICROBICIDE SITE INITIATIVE. FCO 132113. |
| 32380-50 | AFRICA | NIGERIA | 7/OCT/2006 | 21/OCT/2006 | PAUL FELDBLUM TO CONDUCT A MONITORING VISIT FOR THE STUDY ENTITLED "RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED TRIAL OF SAVVY IN NIGERIA". FCO 132104. |
| 32379-50 | AFRICA | NIGERIA | 7/OCT/2006 | 21/OCT/2006 | ANJA LENDVAY TO CONDUCT A MONITORING VISIT FOR THE STUDY ENTITLED "RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED TRIAL OF SAVVY IN NIGERIA". FCO 132104. |
| 32473-50 | AFRICA | NIGERIA | 7/OCT/2006 | 21/OCT/2006 | ROBIN BRIGGS TO CONDUCT A MONITORING VISIT FOR THE STUDY ENTITLED "RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED TRIAL OF SAVVY IN NIGERIA". FCO 132104. |
| 32463-50 | AFRICA | NIGERIA | 7/OCT/2006 | 21/OCT/2006 | KAVITA COOMBE TO CONDUCT A MONITORING VISIT FOR THE STUDY ENTITLED "RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED TRIAL OF SAVVY IN NIGERIA". FCO 132113. |
| 32373-50 | AFRICA | NIGERIA | 16/OCT/2006 | 1/NOV/2006 | CRYSTAL DREISBACH TO CONDUCT ONSITE GCP MONITORING FOR THE CS3 STUDY. FCO 132100. |
| 32376-50 | AFRICA | NIGERIA | 16/OCT/2006 | 1/NOV/2006 | VIVIAN BRAGG TO CONDUCT ONSITE GCP MONITORING FOR THE CS3 STUDY. FCO 132100. |
| 32374-50 | AFRICA | NIGERIA | 16/OCT/2006 | 1/NOV/2006 | MARIBETH GRAY TO CONDUCT ONSITE GCP MONITORING FOR THE CS3 STUDY. FCO 132100. |
| 32441-50 | AFRICA | NIGERIA | 22/OCT/2006 | 28/OCT/2006 | VERA HALPERN TO CONDUCT ONSITE GCP MONITORING FOR THE CS3 STUDY. FCO 132100. |
| 32566-50 | AFRICA | NIGERIA | 28/OCT/2006 | 4/NOV/2006 | SANDRA CAMERON TO CONDUCT A CLOSEOUT STUDY SITE AUDIT OF THE PROTOCOL ENTITLED "RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED TRIAL OF SAVVY AND HIV IN NIGERIA". FCO 132104. |
| 31997-50 | AFRICA | SOUTH AFRICA | 23/JUL/2006 | 2/AUG/2006 | EVANTHIA CANOUTAS TO FOLLOW-UP ON CRTU STAKEHOLDERS' MEETING BY MEETING WITH PARTNERS. TO ATTEND USAID PARTNERS MEETING AND MEETING WITH USAID ACTIVITY MANAGER. TO INITIATE ACTIVITIES AND SUBAGREEMENTS WITH PEPFAR COP 06 PARTNERS. TO PLAN HBC/FP/ARV PROCESS EVALUATION INTERVIEWS WITH NEW PROGRAM OFFICER. FCO 113117 AND 153105. |

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|------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| 32009-50 | AFRICA | SOUTH AFRICA | 8/SEP/2006 | 18/SEP/2006 | KATHLEEN MACQUEEN TO MEET WITH COLLABORATORS AT THE UNIVERSITY OF KWAZULU-NATAL AND DEVELOP PLANS FOR PILOTING COUNSELING MESSAGES AND BEHAVIORAL MEASURES IN PREPARATION FOR THE CAPRISA 004 MICROBICIDE TRIAL. FCO 132108. |
| 32049-50 | AFRICA | SOUTH AFRICA | 21/SEP/2006 | 23/SEP/2006 | THERESA HOKE TO MEET WITH COLLEAGUES TO EXPLORE POSSIBILITIES FOR SITES FOR A MULTI-SITE TRIAL EXAMINING OUTCOMES ACHIEVED BY INTEGRATING FAMILY PLANNING INTO ART SERVICES. FCO 114106. |
| 32358-50 | AFRICA | SOUTH AFRICA | 22/SEP/2006 | 1/OCT/2006 | JOY BAUMGARTNER TO MEET WITH THE UNIVERSITY OF CAPE TOWN COLLABORATORS TO IMPLEMENT THE STUDY ENTITLED "IMPROVING CONTINUATION RATES FOR INJECTABLE CONTRACEPTIVES IN SOUTH AFRICA". FCO 114102. 32176-50 AFRICA SOUTH AFRICA |
| | | | 26/SEP/2006 | 14/OCT/2006 | CLAIRE JAGEMANN TO ATTEND THE END OF PROJECT MEETING FOR "THE ABC (ABSTINENCE, BE FAITHFUL, CONDOMS) APPROACH FOR YOUTH ON UNIVERSITY CAMPUSES IN SOUTH AFRICA". FCO 113103. |
| 32440-50 | AFRICA | SOUTH AFRICA | 14/OCT/2006 | 22/OCT/2006 | LINDA MCNEIL TO VISIT TWO SITES UNDER CONSIDERATION FOR THE EXPANSION OF THE CURRENT CS PHASE III MICROBICIDE STUDY IN SOUTH AFRICA. FCO 132100. |
| 32441-50 | AFRICA | SOUTH AFRICA | 14/OCT/2006 | 22/OCT/2006 | VERA HALPERN TO VISIT TWO SITES UNDER CONSIDERATION FOR THE EXPANSION OF THE CURRENT CS PHASE III MICROBICIDE STUDY IN SOUTH AFRICA. FCO 132100. |
| 32612-50 | AFRICA | SOUTH AFRICA | 11/NOV/2006 | 15/NOV/2006 | THERESA HOKE TO VISIT SITES THAT ARE CONDUCTING FORMATIVE RESEARCH FOR A STUDY EXAMINING THE FAMILY PLANNING NEEDS OF PMTCT CLIENTS. FCO 124103. |
| 32604-50 | AFRICA | SWAZILAND | 12/NOV/2006 | 18/NOV/2006 | PAUL FELDBLUM TO ASSESS THE FEASIBILITY OF DEVELOPING ONE OR MORE SITES TO CONDUCT MICROBICIDE AND OTHER HIV PREVENTION RESEARCH IN SWAZILAND AS PART OF THE MICROBICIDE SITE INITIATIVE. FCO 132113. |
| 32603-50 | AFRICA | SWAZILAND | 12/NOV/2006 | 18/NOV/2006 | CONNIE SEXTON TO ASSESS THE FEASIBILITY OF DEVELOPING ONE OR MORE SITES TO CONDUCT MICROBICIDE AND OTHER HIV PREVENTION RESEARCH IN SWAZILAND AS PART OF THE MICROBICIDE SITE INITIATIVE. FCO 132113. |
| 32681-50 | AFRICA | SWAZILAND | 12/NOV/2006 | 20/NOV/2006 | NATASHA MACK TO ASSESS THE FEASIBILITY OF DEVELOPING ONE OR MORE SITES TO CONDUCT MICROBICIDE AND OTHER HIV PREVENTION RESEARCH IN SWAZILAND AS PART OF THE MICROBICIDE SITE INITIATIVE. FCO 132113. |

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|------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| 31982-50 | AFRICA | TANZANIA | 15/JUL/2006 | 22/JUL/2006 | JOANN LEWIS TO MEET WITH USAID AND LOCAL PARTNERS TO EXPLORE OPPORTUNITIES FOR THE FOCUS COUNTRY PROGRAM. FCO 119502. |
| 31946-50 | AFRICA | TANZANIA | 9/AUG/2006 | 13/AUG/2006 | ERIN MCGINN TO MEET WITH YOUTHNET STAFF AND EXPLORE HOW TO INTEGRATE YOUTH INTO RESEARCH UTILIZATION ACTIVITIES. FCO 113114. |
| 32709-50 | AFRICA | TANZANIA | 26/NOV/2006 | 28/NOV/2006 | SARAH THOMSEN TO TRAVEL FROM SWEDEN TO PRESENT RESULTS OF THE BASELINE SURVEYS THAT FHI CONDUCTED IN KENYA AND UGANDA AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE PROJECT STAFF OF THE YOUNG MEN AS EQUAL PARTNERS PROJECT. TO DISCUSS A POTENTIAL EVALUATION OF AN ADAPTATION OF PROGRAM H IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE FHI/UJANA PROJECT. FCO 114100 AND 114106. |
| 32816-50 | AFRICA | TANZANIA | 7/DEC/2006 | 9/DEC/2006 | AMY CORNELI TO MEET WITH SITE PI'S TO BEGIN PLANNING AND PROTOCOL DEVELOPMENT FOR THE COMMUNITY PREPARDNESS ACTIVITIES. FCO 132113. |
| 31975-50 | AFRICA | UGANDA | 25/JUL/2006 | 27/JUL/2006 | FLORENCE CARAYON TO TRAVEL FROM FRANCE TO FACILITATE A ONE-DAY WORKSHOP WITH REPRESENTATIVES FROM AFRICAN NGOS PROVIDING RH/HIV SERVICES TO REFUGEE CAMPS IN EAST AFRICA. FCO 3450. |
| 32762-50 | AFRICA | UGANDA | 3/DEC/2006 | 9/DEC/2006 | JOHN STANBACK TO WORK WITH SAVE THE CHILDREN-USA, THE MOH AND OTHERS TO PLAN THE RESEARCH COMPONENT OF SAVE'S PLANNED SCALE-UP OF CBD PROVISION OF DEPO PROVERA TO TWO MORE DISTRICTS. FCO 113114 AND 114111. |
| 32581-50 | AFRICA | ZIMBABWE | 11/OCT/2006 | 16/OCT/2006 | KATHLEEN SHEARS TO REPORT ON THREE SERVICE INTEGRATION PROJECTS FOR FHI'S FOCUS COUNTRY NEWSLETTER. FCO 113118. |
| 31966-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | CAMBODIA | 21/JUL/2006 | 31/JUL/2006 | TARA NUTLEY TO MEET WITH COLLEAGUES TO DISCUSS POTENTIAL COLLABORATION UNDER THE CONTRACEPTIVE AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND UTILIZATION PROJECT. FCO 113117. |
| 31982-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | CAMBODIA | 22/JUL/2006 | 31/JUL/2006 | JOANN LEWIS TO MEET WITH COLLEAGUES TO DISCUSS POTENTIAL COLLABORATION UNDER THE CONTRACEPTIVE AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND UTILIZATION PROJECT. FCO 119502. |

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|------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| 32146-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | CHINA | 18/OCT/2006 | 20/OCT/2006 | ELI CARTER TO CONDUCT A FOLLOW-UP TECHNICAL AUDIT OF THE PRODUCT PROCESS AND QUALITY ASSURANCE SYSTEMS AT THE QINGDAO DOUBLE BUTTERFLY. FCO 148100. |
| 31843-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | INDIA | 23/JUL/2006 | 28/JUL/2006 | RICK HOMAN TO MEET WITH USAID, FHI COUNTRY OFFICE STAFF AND KEY STAKEHOLDERS TO DISCUSS POTENTIAL FOR A FOCUS COUNTRY PROGRAM. FCO 113117. |
| 32488-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | INDIA | 14/SEP/2006 | 23/SEP/2006 | SAVITA PAHWA TO DISCUSS THE INDO-US JOINT PROGRAMS ON CONTRACEPTION AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH (CRHR) AND ON THE MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT RESEARCH PROGRAM (MCHDR) AND ALL OTHER AFFILIATED PROPOSALS THAT ARE UP FOR REVIEW. FCO 112126. |
| 32484-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | INDIA | 15/SEP/2006 | 21/SEP/2006 | JOHN HERR TO DISCUSS THE INDO-US JOINT PROGRAMS ON CONTRACEPTION AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH (CRHR) AND ON THE MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT RESEARCH PROGRAM (MCHDR) AND ALL OTHER AFFILIATED PROPOSALS THAT ARE UP FOR REVIEW. FCO 112126. 32486-50 ASIA/NEAR EAST INDIA |
| | | | 15/SEP/2006 | 23/SEP/2006 | SATISH KALHAN TO DISCUSS THE INDO-US JOINT PROGRAMS ON CONTRACEPTION AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH (CRHR) AND ON THE MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT RESEARCH PROGRAM (MCHDR) AND ALL OTHER AFFILIATED PROPOSALS THAT ARE UP FOR REVIEW. FCO 112126. |
| 32485-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | INDIA | 16/SEP/2006 | 23/SEP/2006 | HENRY GABELNICK TO DISCUSS THE INDO-US JOINT PROGRAMS ON CONTRACEPTION AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH (CRHR) AND ON THE MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT RESEARCH PROGRAM (MCHDR) AND ALL OTHER AFFILIATED PROPOSALS THAT ARE UP FOR REVIEW. FCO 112126. |
| 32490-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | INDIA | 16/SEP/2006 | 23/SEP/2006 | MICHAEL KOENIG TO DISCUSS THE INDO-US JOINT PROGRAMS ON CONTRACEPTION AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH (CRHR) AND ON THE MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT RESEARCH PROGRAM (MCHDR) AND ALL OTHER AFFILIATED PROPOSALS THAT ARE UP FOR REVIEW. FCO 112126. |
| 32489-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | INDIA | 16/SEP/2006 | 23/SEP/2006 | GUATAM CHAUDHURI TO DISCUSS THE INDO-US JOINT PROGRAMS ON CONTRACEPTION AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH (CRHR) AND ON THE MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT RESEARCH PROGRAM (MCHDR) AND ALL OTHER AFFILIATED PROPOSALS THAT ARE UP FOR REVIEW. FCO 112126. |
| 32487-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | INDIA | 16/SEP/2006 | 23/SEP/2006 | MARGARET BENTLEY |

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(RTP)

| <u>TA NUMBER</u> | <u>REGION</u> | <u>COUNTRY</u> | <u>START DATE</u> | <u>END DATE</u> | <u>TRAVELER</u> |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 32483-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | INDIA | 17/SEP/2006 | 23/SEP/2006 | JEROME STRAUSS |
| 32491-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | INDIA | 17/SEP/2006 | 21/SEP/2006 | ROBERT GOLDENBERG |
| 32063-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | INDIA | 24/SEP/2006 | 30/SEP/2006 | ELIZABETH TOLLEY |
| 32146-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | INDIA | 6/OCT/2006 | 14/OCT/2006 | ELI CARTER |
| 32128-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | INDIA | 6/OCT/2006 | 14/OCT/2006 | DOUGLAS TAYLOR |
| 32389-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | INDIA | 22/OCT/2006 | 28/OCT/2006 | MICHAEL WELSH |
| 32146-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | KOREA | 20/OCT/2006 | 21/OCT/2006 | ELI CARTER |
| 32388-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | MALAYSIA | 4/NOV/2006 | 11/NOV/2006 | DAVID HUBACHER |

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|------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| 31982-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | THAILAND | 31/JUL/2006 | 2/AUG/2006 | JOANN LEWIS TO DEBRIEF WITH FHI REGIONAL OFFICE STAFF REGARDING PROGRAM PLANS FOR CAMBODIA AND TO EXPLORE POTENTIAL COLLABORATION WITH A/PD PROGRAMS. FCO 119502. |
| 31966-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | THAILAND | 31/JUL/2006 | 2/AUG/2006 | TARA NUTLEY TO DEBRIEF WITH FHI REGIONAL OFFICE STAFF REGARDING PROGRAM PLANS FOR CAMBODIA AND TO EXPLORE POTENTIAL COLLABORATION WITH A/PD PROGRAMS. FCO 113117. |
| 32144-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | THAILAND | 12/OCT/2006 | 14/OCT/2006 | MARKUS STEINER TO INTRODUCE THE FHI/ADP MONITOR TO THE SITE AT THE SIRIRAJ HOSPITAL IMPLEMENTING THE WHO TRIAL COMPARING THE CONTRACEPTIVE EFFECTIVENESS OF JADELLE AND IMPLANON. TO DISCUSS FHI'S INITIATIVE TO FACILITATE THE REGISTRATION OF CHINESE CONTRACEPTIVE IMPLANTS IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES AT THE CONCEPT FOUNDATION. FCO 112125. |
| 32664-50 | ASIA/NEAR EAST | TURKEY | 21/NOV/2006 | 24/NOV/2006 | NINCOSKA ACEVEDO TO CONDUCT A PERIODIC MONITORING VISIT FOR THE STUDY ENTITLED "A MULTICENTER RANDOMIZED CLINICAL TRIAL OF TWO IMPLANTABLE CONTRACEPTIVES FOR WOMEN, JADELLE AND IMPLANON". FCO 112125. |
| 31792-50 | EUROPE | BELGIUM | 5/JUL/2006 | 10/JUL/2006 | STEVE HAMEL TO MEET WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF PFIZER-BELGIUM TO PLAN AND DISCUSS 2006 DEPO-PROVERA PRODUCTION AND THE 2007 PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS. FCO 148101. 32580-50 |
| 32569-50 | EUROPE | FINLAND | 9/OCT/2006 | 13/OCT/2006 | STEVE HAMEL TO PARTICIPATE IN A CONSULTATIVE MEETING ON DEVELOPING A FRAMEWORK OF GOOD PRACTICE ON PEER EDUCATION. SALARY ONLY. FCO 125001. |
| 32570-50 | EUROPE | FINLAND | 9/OCT/2006 | 13/OCT/2006 | DAVID JENKINS TO VISIT THE SCHERING OY PHARMACEUTICAL FACILITY TO CONDUCT A PRODUCTION SURVEILLANCE AUDIT AND MEET WITH USAID. FCO 148101. |
| 32574-50 | EUROPE | FRANCE | 20/OCT/2006 | 24/OCT/2006 | ELIZABETH ROBINSON TO VISIT A COMMERCIAL SOCIAL SCIENCE PUBLISHER TO DISCUSS POSSIBLE COLLABORATION ON A FRENCH EDITION OF FHI'S QUALITATIVE RESEARCH METHODS FIELD GUIDE. FCO 113118. |

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|------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| 32415-50 | EUROPE | HUNGARY | 18/OCT/2006 | 22/OCT/2006 | NINCOSHKA ACEVEDO TO CONDUCT A SITE ASSESSMENT FOR MONITORING OF THE WHO RCT OF JADELLE AND IMPLANON STUDY. FCO 112125. |
| 32044-50 | EUROPE | IRELAND | 20/OCT/2006 | 27/OCT/2006 | CAROL MANION TO ATTEND THE COCHRANE COLLABORATION COLLOQUIUM AND ANNUAL MEETING OF FERTILITY REGULATION GROUP AS TRIAL SEARCH COORDINATOR FOR FRG GROUP. FCO 112112. |
| 32442-50 | EUROPE | IRELAND | 21/OCT/2006 | 26/OCT/2006 | DAVID GRIMES TO ATTEND THE COCHRANE COLLOQUIUM AND PARTICIPATE IN THE EDITORIAL BOARD MEETING. FCO 112112. |
| 31866-50 | EUROPE | IRELAND | 21/OCT/2006 | 27/OCT/2006 | LAUREEN LOPEZ TO PARTICIPATE IN THE XIV COCHRANE COLLOQUIUM. FCO 112112. |
| 32574-50 | EUROPE | ITALY | 24/OCT/2006 | 31/OCT/2006 | ELIZABETH ROBINSON TO REPRESENT FHI AT THE WORLD CONGRESS ON COMMUNICATION FOR DEVELOPMENT TO SHARE FHI'S IMPACT INDICATORS FOR RESEARCH DISSEMINATION. TO IDENTIFY OPPORTUNITIES FOR COLLABORATION WITH AGENCIES INVOLVED IN HEALTH COMMUNICATION. FCO 113118. |
| 31792-50 | EUROPE | NETHERLANDS | 10/JUL/2006 | 12/JUL/2006 | STEVE HAMEL TO DISCUSS THE REQUIREMENTS FOR WAREHOUSING USAID PRODUCTS WITH GEO LOGISTICS/MATRIX WAREHOUSE. TO REVIEW THE MEGESTRON 6-MONTH STABILITY DATA WITH ORGANON. FCO 148101. |
| 32120-50 | EUROPE | SWITZERLAND | 2/AUG/2006 | 3/AUG/2006 | MARKUS STEINER TO MEET WITH COLLEAGUES AT WHO TO DISCUSS COLLABORATION ON IMPLANT CLINICAL TRIAL. FCO 112125.32120-50 EUROPE SWITZERLAND 14/AUG/2006 15/AUG/2006 MARKUS STEINER TO MEET WITH COLLEAGUES AT WHO TO DISCUSS COLLABORATION ON IMPLANT CLINICAL TRIAL. FCO 112125. |
| 32370-50 | EUROPE | SWITZERLAND | 17/SEP/2006 | 23/SEP/2006 | DAVID HUBACHER TO PARTICIPATE IN A WHO IUD TECHNICAL REVIEW MEETING. SALARY ONLY. FCO 112120. |

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|------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| 32146-50 | EUROPE | SWITZERLAND | 17/SEP/2006 | 24/SEP/2006 | ELI CARTER TO PARTICIPATE IN A REVIEW OF EXISTING IUD QUALITY STANDARDS. TO ESTABLISH PROCUREMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRY PROGRAMS. FCO 118101. |
| 32808-50 | EUROPE | SWITZERLAND | 28/NOV/2006 | 2/DEC/2006 | ELI CARTER TO PARTICIPATE IN A TECHNICAL MEETING TO ESTABLISH PREQUALIFICATION AND SELECTION CRITERIA FOR IUD AND CONDOM SUPPLIERS. FCO 118101. |
| 32866-50 | EUROPE | SWITZERLAND | 3/DEC/2006 | 7/DEC/2006 | ROSE MONAHAN TO ATTEND A MEETING ENTITLED "ADVOCACY SUMMIT ON GLOBAL FUND ROUND 7: INTEGRATION OF SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH INTO THE HIV/AIDS AND MALARIA COMPONENT PROPOSALS". FCO 113104. |
| 32408-50 | L. AMERICA | ARGENTINA | 7/OCT/2006 | 13/OCT/2006 | ERIK JOLLES TO REVIEW THE DOCUMENTATION OF THE DATA BASE TRANSFER INCLUDING DATA DICTIONARIES, DATA FREQUENCIES AND DISCREPANCY COUNTS BEFORE AND AFTER THE TRANSFER. TO HELP THE GROUP WRITE INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE DIFFERENT PROCESSES OF DATA MANAGEMENT. TO CONDUCT THE CFR 21 PART II AUDIT OF THE WEB SYSTEM THAT WILL BE USED FOR DATA ENTRY IN A NUMBER OF SITES IN DIFFERENT COUNTRIES. FCO 112125. |
| 32361-50 | L. AMERICA | GUATEMALA | 4/SEP/2006 | 6/SEP/2006 | KAVITA NANDA TO CONDUCT A SITE EVALUATION VISIT FOR THE STUDY ENTITLED "CONTINUOUS VERSUS CYCLIC USE OF COMBINED ORAL CONTRACEPTIVE PILLS". FCO 112118. |
| 32362-50 | L. AMERICA | GUATEMALA | 4/SEP/2006 | 6/SEP/2006 | ANJA LENDVAY TO CONDUCT A SITE EVALUATION VISIT FOR THE STUDY ENTITLED "CONTINUOUS VERSUS CYCLIC USE OF COMBINED ORAL CONTRACEPTIVE PILLS". FCO 112118. |
| 32045-50 | L. AMERICA | JAMAICA | 19/OCT/2006 | 23/OCT/2006 | SCHATZI MCCARTHY TO PRESENT A PAPER AT THE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON BUSINESS AND MANAGEMENT ENTITLED "NGO PROGRAMMATIC REPORTING: A CASE STUDY IN EFFECTIVE KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT". FCO 119502. |

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|------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| 32736-50 | L. AMERICA | JAMAICA | 14/NOV/2006 | 17/NOV/2006 | JOY BAUMGARTNER TO PRESENT RESULTS FROM THE YOUTHNET STUDY ENTITLED "A CASE CONTROL STUDY OF EARLY SEXUAL DEBUT, SEXUAL VIOLENCE AND SEXUAL RISK-TAKING AMONG PREGNANT ADOLESCENTS AND THEIR PEERS" AT THE YOUTH AND HEALTH LIFESTYLES WORKSHOP. FCO 145001. 32087-50 L. AMERICA NICARAGUA |
| 32086-50 | L. AMERICA | NICARAGUA | 13/AUG/2006 | 17/AUG/2006 | DAWN CHIN QUEE TO PRESENT AND DISCUSS STUDY DESIGN AND LOGISTICS FOR A STUDY ON IMPROVING CONTINUATION RATES OF FAMILY PLANNING METHODS WITH OFFICIALS FROM MOH, USAID AND THE COMMISSION ON SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH. FCO 114113. |
| 32090-50 | N.AMERICA | CANADA | 10/AUG/2006 | 19/AUG/2006 | IRENE YACOBSON TO CONDUCT A PRE-CONFERENCE SESSION ON RH NEEDS OF YOUTH WITH HIV AND TO PRESENT ON CONTRACEPTIVE NEEDS OF WOMEN WITH HIV DURING THE SATELLITE SESSION. FCO 123100. |
| 32065-50 | N.AMERICA | CANADA | 11/AUG/2006 | 12/AUG/2006 | TARA NUTLEY TO REPRESENT FHI AT THE INTERNATIONAL AIDS MEETING PRE-CONFERENCE SEMINAR ON VULNERABLE POPULATIONS, HIV/AIDS AND SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND RIGHTS. FCO 123100. |
| 31473-50 | N.AMERICA | CANADA | 12/AUG/2006 | 18/AUG/2006 | ROSE MONAHAN TO ATTEND THE XVI INTERNATIONAL AIDS CONFERENCE AND COORDINATE A SATELLITE SESSION AT THE CONFERENCE ON "REALIZING THE REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH RIGHTS AND NEEDS OF PEOPLE LIVING WITH HIV." TO ATTEND SEVERAL SESSIONS RELATED TO THE INTERSECTION BETWEEN SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND HIV/AIDS. FCO 123100. |
| 32173-50 | N.AMERICA | CANADA | 12/AUG/2006 | 19/AUG/2006 | RUTH MBAINDJIKUA TO PARTICIPATE IN THE INTERNATIONAL AIDS CONFERENCE. FCO 123100. |
| 32534-50 | N.AMERICA | CANADA | 18/OCT/2006 | 21/OCT/2006 | STEVE HAMEL TO CONDUCT A PRODUCTION SURVEILLANCE AUDIT AT WYETH-CANADA AND PARTICIPATE IN A PRODUCTION PLANNING MEETING WITH USAID, JSI AND WYETH REPRESENTATIVES. FCO 148101. |

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|------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| 32127-50 | N.AMERICA | USA | 12/SEP/2006 | 15/SEP/2006 | SHAWN MALARCHER TO TRAVEL FROM SWITZERLAND TO WORK WITH FHI STAFF WHO PROVIDED TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN THE MULTI-COUNTRY STUDY ON PROVIDER PERSPECTIVES IN PREPARING A SYNTHESIS REPORT OF THE THREE COUNTRY STUDY. FCO 114112. 32127-50 |
| N.AMERICA | USA | | 15/SEP/2006 | 24/SEP/2006 | SHAWN MALARCHER TO TRAVEL FROM SWITZERLAND TO ATTEND THE YOUTHNET END OF PROJECT CONFERENCE. TO DISCUSS SCOPE OF WORK FOR COMMUNITY HEALTH WORKERS ACTIVITY WITH KEY USAID STAFF. FCO 114112. |
| 32186-50 | N.AMERICA | USA | 19/SEP/2006 | 30/SEP/2006 | SARAH THOMSEN TO TRAVEL FROM SWEDEN TO WORK ON NEW CONCEPT PAPERS FOR FY08 AND MANUSCRIPTS WITH COLLEAGUES. TO WORK ON DEVELOPMENT OF THE PROJECT ENTITLED "REDUCING HOUSE GIRLS VULNERABILITY". FCO 114106 AND 154100. |
| 32473-50 | N.AMERICA | USA | 21/OCT/2006 | 26/OCT/2006 | ROBIN BRIGGS TO ATTEND A MONITORING TRAINING COURSE ENTITLED "MONITORING CLINICAL DRUG STUDIES: BEGINNER". FCO 132113. |
| 32538-50 | N.AMERICA | USA | 1/NOV/2006 | 3/NOV/2006 | WILLIAM POTTER TRAVELED FROM ENGLAND TO ATTEND THE TECHNICAL OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE MEETING. FCO 118103. |
| 32656-50 | N.AMERICA | USA | 15/NOV/2006 | 23/NOV/2006 | CHANDER SHEKHAR TO TRAVEL FROM INDIA TO WORK WITH DAVID SOKAL PREPARING FOR THE VASECTOMY TRIAL. FCO 112120. |
| 32656-50 | N.AMERICA | USA | 18/NOV/2006 | 20/NOV/2006 | CHANDER SHEKHAR TO ATTEND THE "MOVING VASECTOMY FORWARD: AN EXPERT CONSULTATION ON PRIORITIES AND NEXT STEPS" CONFERENCE. FCO 113109. |
| 32642-50 | N.AMERICA | USA | 19/NOV/2006 | 20/NOV/2006 | MICHEL LABRECQUE TO TRAVEL FROM CANADA TO ATTEND THE "MOVING VASECTOMY FORWARD: AN EXPERT CONSULTATION ON PRIORITIES AND NEXT STEPS" CONFERENCE. FCO 113109. |
| 32778-50 | N.AMERICA | USA | 7/DEC/2006 | 8/DEC/2006 | MICHAEL WELSH TO MEET WITH USAID TO REVIEW ISSUES RELATING TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE YEAR 3 WORKPLAN FOR THE CRTU. FCO 119502. |



APPENDIX E

ADVISORY COMMITTEE ROSTERS

July 2006
Through
June 2007

Family Health International

Protection of Human Subjects Committee

2007 Roster

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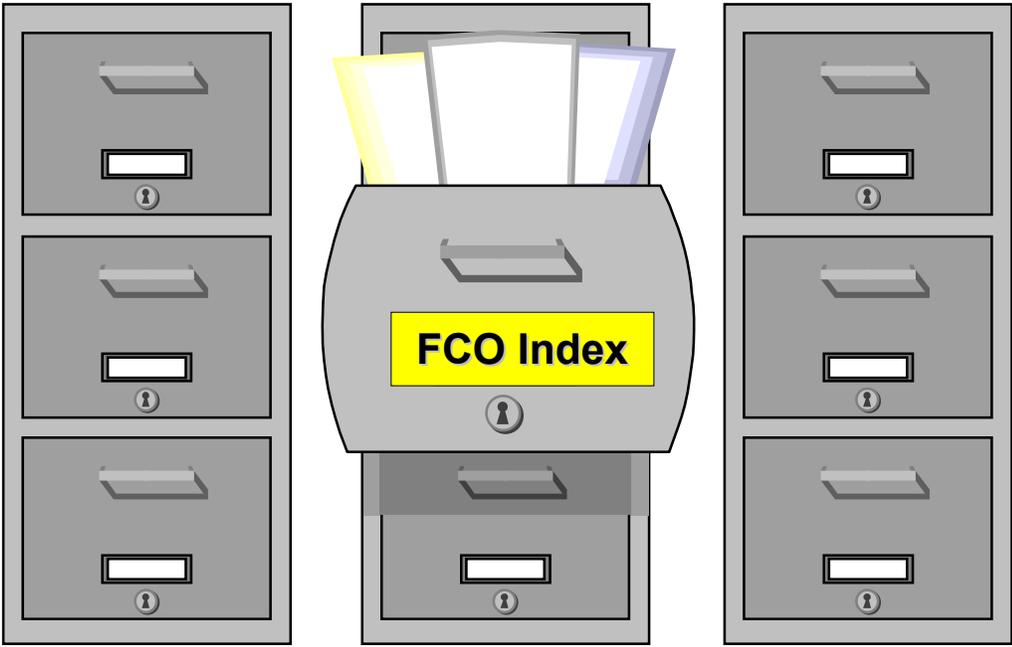
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