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INTERNATIONAL FOOD POLICY RESEARCH
INSTITUTE
BANGLADESH FOOD POLICY PROJECT
DHAKA

ANNEXURE - VOLUME - III

ORDERS, NOTIFICATIONS CIRCULARS ETC
RELATING TO INTERNAL PROCUREMENT
OF FOODGRAINS

HISTORY OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD
GOVERNMENT OF BANGLADESH

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APPENDIX—1.

GOVERNMENT OF EAST BENGAL

Department of Civil Supplies

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2023 D.C.S.—4th December 1947.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section(1) of section 3 of the Essential supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946), read with clauses (d) and (j) of sub-section (2) of the section and with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Food No. Py. 603(2)/1, dated the 21st October 1946, and in supersession of notification No. 5620 D.C.S., dated the 30th April 1947, as subsequently amended, the Governor, with the concurrence of the Government of Pakistan, is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the East Bengal Cordoning Order, 1947.
- (2) It extends to the whole of the East Bengal including the district of Sylhet.
- (3) It comes into force at once.

2. No person shall move the commodities specified in Schedule I below from any place within any area specified in column 1 of Schedule II below to any place outside that area, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of any of the officers specified respectively opposite each such area in column 2 of Schedule II:

Provided that no such permit shall be required for the movement by rail, steamer, or motor transport as personal luggage of any quantity of the said commodities not exceeding 3 seers in weight at any one time.

3. Any person authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government may, with a view to securing compliance of the Order,—

- (a) stop and search or authorise any person to stop and search any person, or any vessel found in inland waterways, or any vehicle used or capable of being used for the transport of a commodity or commodities specified in Schedule I,
- (b) enter and search or authorise any person to enter and search any place
- (c) seize or authorise the seizure of any commodity in respect of which he suspects that a contravention of this Order has been, is being, or is about to be committed and thereafter take or authorise the taking of all measures necessary for securing the production of the commodity so seized in a Court, and for its safe custody pending such production.

4. If any person contravenes the provisions of this Order, then without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, any Court trying the offence shall order that any stock of foodgrains together with packages and coverings thereof in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed shall be forfeited to Government, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of the opinion that the order should not be made in respect of the whole or, as the case may be, a part of the property.

Schedule I.

Rice husked.

Rice in the husk (paddy).

Rice products (being *muri*, *chira*, or rice flour).

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Schedule II

Areas.	Officers.
The district of Bakarganj excluding Bhola subdivision and police-station Hija, portion of police-station Mehendiganj north of Machkata river and police-stations Muladi, Babuganj, Gauradi and Uzirpur of Sadar subdivision and also excluding police-stations of Banaripara, Nazirpur and Swarupkati of Pirozpur subdivision considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Bakarganj, or Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement or Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement within their respective jurisdictions.
The district of Khulna excluding the area north of canal from Jhaldanga to Bagerhat railway station and excluding all area north-east of Railwayline, considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Bakarganj or Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement of Khulna or Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement within their respective jurisdictions.
The district of Rangpur excluding Saidpur police-station and including Patgram police-station, and all enclaves of territory south of Cooch Behar State considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Rajshahi, or Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement within their respective jurisdictions.
The district of Rajshahi, including Shibganj, Nachole, Nowaganj, Bholahat and Gomastapur police stations and the district of Bogra including Dhamairhat, Patnitala and Porsha police-stations considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Procurement or Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement or Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement or Deputy Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement in-charge within their respective jurisdictions.
The district of Dinajpur including police-stations of Tetulia, Pachgar, Boda, Debiganj and also police-station Saidpur of Rangpur district considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Procurement or Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement of Rajshahi or the Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement of Dinajpur, within their respective jurisdictions.
The district of Jessore excluding the subdivisions of Narail and Magura and also excluding the areas of Sadar and Jhenidaha subdivisions lying north-east of Railway line up to the junction of Nabaganga river and also excluding area north of Nabaganga river cutting through police-station Harinkunda up to the boundary of Nadia district and including the whole of Chuadanga subdivision of Nadia district considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Procurement Bakarganj or the Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement, Jessore or the Deputy Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement, Nadia within their respective jurisdictions.
The district of Mymensingh excluding the subdivisions of Tangail and Kishoreganj considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Procurement or Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement of Mymensingh, or the Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement within their respective jurisdictions.
The district of Sylhet considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Mymensingh, the Deputy Director, Supply (Procurement), Sylhet, the Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement, Sylhet, or the Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement, Sylhet and Habiganj, within their respective jurisdictions.

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GOVERNMENT OF EAST BENGAL
DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL SUPPLIES

The East Bengal (Compulsory Levy of Foodgrains) Order, 1948.

NOTIFICATION

No.6811 D.C.S/B/746/48.- 19th September, 1948.- In exercise of the powers conferred by sub section (1) of section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (Act XXIV of 1946), read with clauses (f), (h), (i) and (j) of sub section (2) of that section and with notification of Government of Pakistan in the Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Health No. Py. 16/47, dated the third February 1948, the Government is pleased to make, with the concurrence of the Governemnt of Pakistan, the following Order, namely :-

1. (1) This Order may be called the East Bengal (Compulsory Levy of Foodgrains) Order, 1948.

(2) It extends to the following districts of East Bengal :-

(i) Bakarganj, (ii) Khulna, (iii) Jessore, (iv) Kushtia, (v)Rajshahi, (vi) Bogra, (vii) Dinajpur, (viii) Rangpur, (ix)Mymensingh, with the exeption of Subdivisions of Kishoreganj an Tangail, (x) Sylhet.

2. (1) "large producer" means a person or persons who habitually mess together or were doing so on the date of commencement of this Order and who cultivate as owner, tenant, bargadar or in any other capacity a land the area of which is not less than 10 acres under any one seasonal crop and grows thereon paddy by himself with or without the aid of members of his family or paid labours or by adhiars, bargadars or bhagidars and it will also include such cases where a person holds or cultivate on behalf of himself and other members of a joint undivided family irrespective of whether they mess together or not.

(2) The "Director General" means the Director General of Civil Supplies, Government of East Bengal, and includes the Director of Procurement, Government of East Bengal or any person authorised by either of them in this behalf.

(3) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Order.

(4) "village" means the area defined, surveyed and recorded as a district and seperate village in any survey made by, or under the

authority of the Government and where no such survey has been made, such area as the Collector of the district may, with the sanction of the Board of Revenus, by general or special order, declare to constitute a village.

(5) "foodgrains" means -

- (a) rice in the husk (paddy) and
- (b) rice husked.

(6) "family" means the family of a large producer and will include all persons living in the same mess with him and dependent upon him.

(7) "preliminary surveyor" means a person who has been appointed by the Director General to receive declarations made by large producers and to prepare a list of large producers in a village or number of villages.

(8) "declaration" means a declaration in Form A appended to this Order.

(9) "list" means the list prepared by the preliminary Surveyor in accordance with rules made under this Order.

3. (1) All large producers in the area to which this Order is applicable shall make a declaration in Form A within the prescribed period to the Preliminary Surveyor of the village in which they normally reside or if that village is outside the area to which this order is applicable, to the Preliminary Surveyor of the village in which the largest holding which they cultivate is situated.

(2) The Director General may with a view to ascertaining the surplus foodgrains of large producers issue a direction that a list of all large producers in a village be prepared in respect of districts or parts of districts to which this Order is applicable in accordance with such instruction as may be issued in this behalf by him.

(3) A notification in the Official Gazette of an order under sub clause (1) or (2) shall be conclusive evidence that the order has been duly made.

4. (1) In the preparation of the list, the following factors shall be taken into consideration -

- (i) Total acreage under paddy,
- (ii) Total expected production,

- (iii) Expected consumption by the large producer and his family,
- (iv) Seed requirements,
- (v) Payment of wages in kind,

(2) When a direction is issued under clause 3, the Preliminary Surveyor shall record in the list to be prepared in pursuance of such direction particulars mentioned in sub clause (1) and such other particulars as may be prescribed.

5. (1) When a list has been prepared under clause 4, the Director General shall publish for a prescribed period a draft of the list showing the leviable surplus of large producers prepared in the manner prescribed above and shall receive and consider any objections which may be made to any entry therein or to any omission therefrom during the period of such publication.

(2) Any person affected by an order made under sub clause (1) may appeal to the prescribed authority in such manner and within such period as may be prescribed.

(3) When all such objections and appeals have been considered and disposed of the Director General shall finally frame the list and shall cause such final list to be published in the prescribed manner and the publication shall be conclusive evidence that the list has been duly prepared under this Order.

6. After the list has been published under sub clause (3) of clause 5, each large producer shall be called upon by the Director General to deliver to any prescribed place or person the specified quantity of foodgrains within a specified period on payment of such price as may be fixed by the Director General under clause 7.

7. After delivery of foodgrains under the preceding clause, the large producers shall be entitled to be paid such price as may be fixed by Director general from time to time.

8. No suit shall be brought in any court of Law in respect of the preparation of the list, its publication or fixation of prices under this Order.

9. Subject to rules made under this Order, the Director General or the Preliminary Surveyor may for the purpose of this Order, by written notice require any person to make or deliver to him a statement or to produce records or documents in his possession or control relating to

any land under paddy crop and on receiving such notice, he shall comply with it.

10. The Director General or the Preliminary Surveyor, subject to any rules made under this Order may at any time enter upon any land with any person he considers necessary and make a survey or take measurement thereof or perform any other act which he considers to be necessary for carrying out any of his duties under this Order.

11. For the purpose of any enquiry under this Order, the Director General or the Preliminary Surveyor shall have the power to summon or enforce attendance of witnesses or any person having interest or knowledge in the land under paddy and to compel the production of documents by the same means and so far as may be, in the same manner as is provided in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.

12. (1) The Secretary to Government in the Civil Supplies Department may make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Order.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following, namely -

(a) The manner of preparing lists of large producers under clause 3 and the procedure to be followed and the powers to be exercised by Preliminary Surveyor in preparing such lists.

(b) The particulars to be recorded in the lists to be prepared under clause 4.

(c) The manner and period of publication of the draft list under clause 5 (1).

(d) The authority to whom and the manner in which and the period within an appeal under sub clause (2) of clause 5 may be preferred.

(e) The disposal of objections and appeal under clause 5(2).

(f) The manner of publication of the final list under clause 5 (3).

(g) The manner of fixation of price under clause 7.

13. Without prejudice to the punishment provided for in the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946, to which a person who contravenes the provisions of this Order may be liable, any court trying the said contravention shall direct that the produce of all his paddy

lands may be forfeited to the Provincial Government unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of opinion that the order should not be made in respect of the whole or as, the case may be, a part of the paddy.

"14. Notwithstanding anything in sub clause (3) of clause 5 of this Order, it shall be open to an assessee prosecuted for failure to deliver as required under clause 6 the foodgrains assessed upon him, to prove that ^{he} was not a large producer as defined under clause 2. Such proof shall be sufficient defence for his acquittal."

By order of the Governor,
N.M. KHAN, Secy.

FORM A

(See Clause 3)

Declaration of

Name _____ Father's/ Husband's _____

Village _____ Thana _____ Union _____

Holding number in the Assessment list _____

1.

Area of Aman lands owned by me as per details on reverse	
Under my own cultivation	Let out by me in Barga

Area of Aman lands cultivated by me in Barga as per details on reverse

2. Wages to be paid by me in kind to harvest (share of Produce) _____

3. Paddy rent in kind to be paid by me _____

4. Number of members of my family who are over 3 years old _____

I solemnly declare the above facts and statement on reverse to be true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature _____

or

Thumb impression _____

Amended by notification No.3608 D.C.S./B/746/48, dated 28.4.1949

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Instructions.

1. Under orders of Government all large producers (persons cultivating Aman paddy in lands 10 acres and above) shall have to make a correct declaration in this form. Any one failing to make this Declaration or giving false or incomplete information will be penalized by imprisonment up to 3 years, fine and confiscation of paddy.

2. All persons who live habitually in common mess or hold or cultivate land on behalf of himself and other members of a joint undivided family irrespective of whether they mess together or not shall be considered as one large producer and total land held by them should be declared.

3. Only those persons should be declared as members of the family who are over three years old and are entirely dependent on you.

4. Areas should be given in acres and decimals, In column 2 share of the produce should be given and in column 3 quantity of paddy should be given in mds. and srs. while making entries in column 9 and 10 in the statement on page 2 relevant entries should be made in columns 1, 2 and 3 also. Other columns 4 to 8 should be left blank.

5. The declaration should be handed over by 30th September 1948 at the office of your union Board or to the Preliminary Surveyor appointed for your village.

6. You must give all information about your land, family, etc., to the Government officers who ask for it.

7. After you have made your declaration, the Preliminary Surveyor will check it up by 15th October 1948. An Inspector will then come to your village or to a centre near your village and shall verify the list. He will then assess your levy and publish it. You shall have to hand it over at a Government Godown, or to a Government Agent or to an authorised Mill. You will be told where to take your stock.

8. Your surplus is being worked out after allowing you all legitimate expenses on food, seed, produce rent and agriculture labour. Only 3/4 of this surplus will be taken by Government on payment.

9. If you are dissatisfied with the levy, you can appeal against the quantity assessed by 15th November 1948. No lawyer shall be allowed to appear at the hearing of the appeal but you can adduce oral and documentary evidence.

10. If you do not hand over levy demand to Government your paddy

will be seized without payment and you will be liable to punishment as mentioned in paragraph 1 above.

Acknowledgement

Received Declaration in form A of Name _____ Father's
Husband's _____ Village _____ Thana _____
_____ Union _____

Date of receipt _____ Receiving Officer _____

Particulars of land
(Reverse of Form A)

Name of mouza	Khatian number (s)	Plot No.	Area of the plot mentioned in column 3.	Area held by me out of plot mentioned in colimn 3	Under Aman crop		Area under other crops	Aman Area held by me in Barga	
					Under my cultivation	Let out in Barga.		Name and address owner	Area
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

FORM B

List to be prepared by the Preliminary Surveyor

Village _____ Union _____ P.S. _____

Subdivision _____

Production per acre _____ (to be determined by Collector)

1	2	3	4			5	
Serial No.	Number of large producer	Area under paddy	Total produce			Number of members of family over 3 years of age	Food requirements of the family (at 7.5 maunds paddy per head)
			From personal cultivation	From Barga	Total		

7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Payment to harvesters in kind	Paddy rent in kind	Seed requirements	Total of columns 6, 7, 8 and 9	Surplus	Levy demands 3/4 of surplus	Remarks

ORDER

By the Government of East Bengal, Department of Civil Supplies No.8695 D.C.S.- 24th November 1948.- In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946), read with clauses (f), (i) and (j) of sub-section (2) of that section and with notification No. Py-16/47, dated the 3rd February, 1948, of the Government of Pakistan, Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Health, the Governor is pleased to make, with the concurrence of the Government of Pakistan, the following Order, namely :-

1. (i) This order may be called the East Bengal Foodgrains (Disposal and Acquisition) Order, 1948.

(ii) It extends to the whole of East Bengal.

(iii) It shall come into force at once.

(iv) This order supersedes the Bengal Foodgrains (Disposal and Acquisition) Order, 1947, issued under notification No. 5583-D.C.S., dated the 30th April, 1947.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,-

(a) "foodgrains" means any of the foodgrains specified in the Schedule of this Order;

(b) the "Act" means the Essential Supplies (temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946);

(c) "Requiring Authority" means the District Magistrate, the Deputy Commissioner, the Subdivisional Officer, the Regional Controller of Food, the District Controller of Food and the subdivisional Controller of Food, within their respective jurisdiction;

(d) "court" means the trying court.

3. (1) Every person holding any stock of foodgrains shall, when ^{called} upon to do so by an order in writing by the Requiring Authority, sell it or such part of it as is not exempted by the Requiring Authority, under sub paragraph (2) to him or to any person specified by him in this behalf in such order at price not exceeding the rates specified by the Provincial Government, from time to time and notified in the Official Gazette.

Provided that the Requiring Authority or the Officer authorized by him in that behalf may make such allowance in respect of such rates as he deems fit on account of quality, transport or incidental charges.

(2) The requiring Authority shall, by general or special notice served in the manner hereinafter prescribed, specify the quantity of foodgrains to be exempted from sale when an order calling upon any person to sell is issued under sub paragraph (1), the quantity thereof to be sold when so called upon, the place at which it shall be delivered on such sale, and the price which will be paid on such delivery, and the decision made by the Requiring Authority in specifying such particulars in such notice shall be final.

(3) If any person on receipt of the notice mentioned in sub paragraph (2) fails to comply with such notice then the Requiring Authority or any officer authorized by him in writing in that behalf may seize such stocks and sell it or cause it to be sold in accordance with the order issued under sub paragraph (1) on such a person and with such notice.

(4) The sale proceeds of any sale held in accordance with sub-paragraph (3) shall, after deducting the cost of the sale, be paid to the person from whom such stock was seized or, if he is being prosecuted for any contravention of the provisions of this Order, be deposited in Court.

(5) Any person who is aggrieved by an order under sub-paragraph (1) may prefer an appeal, within seven days from the date of receipt of the order to an officer immediate superior to the Requiring Authority. Such superior officer may dispose of the appeal himself or transfer it to other officer, other than the Requiring Authority, for disposal and the decision of such superior or, as the case may be, the officer to whom the appeal is transferred for disposal shall be final.

(6) The officer hearing the appeal under sub-paragraph (5) shall have the power to enhance the quantity of foodgrains required by the Requiring Authority to be sold under sub-paragraph (1) if he thinks fit.

Provided that the appellant shall have the option to withdraw the appeal before its hearing.

4. Any officer authorized by the Requiring Authority in respect of the area in his jurisdiction in this behalf may, at all reasonable times, inspect any stock of foodgrains or any books, accounts or other documents pertaining to dealing in any foodgrains.

5. (1) An officer duly authorized in pursuance of the order may

for the effective exercise of that authority -

(a) exercise or cause to be exercised the power of entry with respect to any premises;

Provided that for the purpose of clause (a), the officer may at any time after sunrise and before sunset enter upon and inspect any premises.

Provided further that in entering upon and inspecting any premises the officer shall have due regard to the social and religious customs of the persons occupying the premises;

(b) ask or cause to be asked of any person all necessary questions;

(c) require the production of any document and take or cause to be taken copies or extracts therefrom;

(d) take or cause to be taken weight or measure of any foodgrains found in the premises;

(e) search for and seize any article in respect of which such officer has reason to believe that any provision made by or in pursuance of this order has been or is being contravened.

(2) Every person, when so required by such officer under subparagraph (1) shall allow access to the premises, answer all questions to the best of his knowledge and belief, produce documents in his possession and allow copies or extracts therefrom or weight or measure of any foodgrains to be taken.

6. (1) Every order or notice under paragraph 3 shall -

(a) if it is an order or a notice of a general nature or affecting a class of persons, be published in the official Gazette and by supply of copies to the associations of persons or class of persons affected thereby;

(b) if it is an order or a notice affecting an individual corporation or firm be served in the manner provided for the service of a summons in rule 2 of Order XXIX of rule 3 of order XXX as the case may be in the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908;

(c) if it is an order or notice affecting an individual person other than a corporation or firm, be served on the person -

(i) personally, by delivering or tendering to him the order or notice, or

(ii) by post, or,

(iii) where the person cannot be found, by leaving an authentic copy of the order or notice with some adult male member of his family or by affixing such copy to some conspicuous part of the premises in which he is known to have last resided or carried on business or worked for gain.

(2) Where a question arises whether a person was duly informed of an order or a notice giving in pursuance of paragraph 3 in compliance with the requirement of sub-paragraph (1) shall be conclusive proof that he was informed; but failure to comply with the said requirements shall not preclude proof by other means that he was so informed or affected the validity of the order or notice.

7. Any court trying a contravention of this order shall direct that any stocks of foodgrains together with the packages and containers thereof in respect of which the court is satisfied that the order has been contravened shall be forfeited to the Provincial Government, unless, for reasons to be recorded in writing the court is of opinion that the direction should not be made in respect of the whole, or, as the case may be, a part, of the property.

THE SCHEDULE

[See paragraph 2(a)]

- (1) Rice husked.
- (2) Rice in the husk (paddy).
- (3) Wheat and wheat products.

THE SCHEDULE

[See paragraph 2(a)]

- (1) Rice husked.
- (2) ~~Rice in the husk (paddy).~~
- (3) ~~Wheat and wheat products.~~

Notification No. 7723-D. C. S., dated the 16th September 1949.

THE EAST BENGAL (PROCUREMENT OF FOODGRAINS) ORDER, 1949.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (Act XXIV of 1946), read with clauses (f), (h), (i) and (j) of sub-section (2) of that section and with the notification of Government of Pakistan in the Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Health No. PY-16/47, dated the 3rd February 1948, the Governor, with the concurrence of the Government of Pakistan, is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) **Short title**—This Order may be called the East Bengal (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1949.

(2) **Extent**—It extends to the whole of the Province of East Bengal.

(3) **Commencement**—It shall come into force from the date of its publication in the *Dacca Gazette*.

2. **Definitions**—(1) "Large Producer" means a person or persons who habitually mess together or where doing so on the date of commencement of this Order and who cultivate as owner, tenant, *bargadar*, or in any other capacity, land under any seasonal crop the area of which is 10 acres or more than 10 acres and grows thereon paddy by himself with or without the aid of members of his family or paid labourers or *bhagdars*, and includes a person who holds or cultivates on behalf of himself and other members of a joint undivided family irrespective of whether they mess together or not.

(2) "The Director-General" means the Director-General of Civil Supplies, East Bengal, and includes the Director of Procurement and Distribution, East Bengal, or any other Officer authorised by either of them in this behalf.

(3) "Prescribed" means prescribed by the rules made under clause 15 of this Order.

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(4) "Village" means the area defined, surveyed and recorded as a distinct and separate village in any survey made by, or under the authority of the Government, and where no such survey has been made, such area as the Collector of the district may, with the sanction of the Board of Revenue, by special or general order, declare to constitute a village.

(5) "Union" means an area constituted as a union under section 5 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919, and in the area in which the above Act has not been enforced, a territorial unit declared as equivalent to a union by the Provincial Government.

(6) "Foodgrains" means—

- (a) rice in the husk (paddy) and
- (b) rice husked.

(7) "family" means the family of a large producer and will include all persons living with and/or taking food in the same mess with him and dependent upon him.

(8) "Enquiring Officer" means an officer appointed by the Director-General to prepare assessment list as defined in sub-clause (10) in a village or number of villages or a union or number of unions.

(9) "declaration" means a declaration required to be submitted by a large producer under sub-clause (1) of clause 3.

(10) "assessment list" means the list prepared by the Enquiring Officer in Form B under clause 5.

(11) "Assessment notice."—"assessment notice" means the notice given to a large producer under sub-clause (1) of clause 6.

(12) "demand" means the demand made upon a large producer of specified quantity of paddy for sale to Government in accordance with clause 8.

(13) "assessee" means a large producer who has been assessed for specified quantity of paddy in accordance with sub-clauses (1) and (2) of clause 8.

(14) "Advisory Committee" means a committee appointed in accordance with the directions of the Provincial Government in each union in accordance with clause 4.

(15) "Appellate Officer" means an officer appointed by the Director-General to hear appeals in respect of informations furnished in the assessment notice.

3. (1) **Direction to prepare assessment list and submit declaration**—The Director-General may from time to time, with a view to ascertaining the acreage of paddy lands of a large producer, issue a direction that a list of all large producers in a village be prepared in respect of the entire Province and that all large producers in the Province shall make a declaration in Form A within the prescribed period and in the manner prescribed to the Enquiring Officer of the village or the union in which they normally reside and in cases where the assessee has lands in more than one union, to the Enquiring officer of the union where their principal place of residence or, in case the residence is in a municipal town, their principal office, is situated.

(2) **Specification of crop**—In issuing a direction under sub-clause (1) the Director-General shall specify the paddy crop in respect of which the declaration shall be made and the list of large producers shall be prepared:

"Provided that the Director-General may direct that, unless specifically called for, the large producer whose name has been entered in the list of large producers prepared in pursuance of a direction previously issued need not make the declaration unless there has been a change in the area of land under his cultivation since his last declaration."

(3) **Kinds of paddy crop**—*Aman*, *Aus*, and *Boro* shall be recognised as the paddy crops for the purposes of sub-clause (2).

(4) **Dispute as to crop**—All disputes as to whether a particular paddy crop under enquiry is *Aman*, *Aus* or *Boro* shall be decided by the Director-General and his decision shall be final.

(5) A notification in the *Dacca Gazette* of an order made under sub-clause (1) shall be conclusive evidence that the order has been duly made.

4. **Setting up of Advisory Committees**—After a direction has been issued under sub-clause (1) of clause 3 the Provincial Government shall issue directions for setting up Advisory Committees consisting of not less than 9 and not more than 12 members in each union of their respective districts for the purpose of advising the Enquiring Officer in the preparation of the assessment list in the manner prescribed.

5. (1) **Preparation of assessment list**—The assessment list shall be prepared in Form B and the total acreage under cultivation of the paddy crop under enquiry of a large producer will be recorded therein.

(2) **Entry of barga land**—For the purpose of determining acreage under sub-clause (1) only half of the land either held in *barga* or let out in *barga* shall be taken into consideration.

6. (1) **Service of assessment notice**—After the assessment list has been prepared under clause 5, an assessment notice in Form C containing the total acreage of paddy land under enquiry held by a large producer shall be served on him in the manner prescribed.

(2) **Appeal against assessment notice**—A large producer may file an appeal in respect of the acreage mentioned in the assessment notice served on him under sub-clause (1) to the prescribed authority in such manner and within such period as may be prescribed.

(3) **Disposal of appeal against assessment notice**—The Appellate Officer shall dispose of the appeal in the prescribed manner.

(4) **Representation before Appellate Officer**—The appellant shall not be allowed to be represented by a lawyer before the Appellate Officer but he shall be allowed to represent his case in person or through a member of his family or an authorised agent other than a lawyer.

(5) **Finality of decision of Appellate Officer**—The decision of the Appellate Officer shall be final.

7. **Rate of demand**—The Provincial Government shall notify by publication in the *Dacca Gazette* what shall be the maximum rate of demand per acre of land entered in the assessment list prepared under clause 5.

8. (1) **Assessment of demand and direction to deliver demand**—After the publication of the notification referred to in clause 7, the Director-General shall finally assess the quantity of paddy that each large producer shall be called upon to deliver for sale to Government and prepare the demand in Form D.

“(1A) Notwithstanding anything contained in clauses 3 to 7 of this Order the Provincial Government may direct that a large producer whose name has been entered in a list prepared under sub-clauses (1) and (2) of clause 3 shall, subject to review if any under clause 10, be assessed in respect of any particular crop in a year at the same figure at which he was assessed in respect of the same crop in the preceding year or, as the case may be, to a multiple or fraction thereof.”

(2) **Time and place of delivery**—The demand shall specify the quantity assessed and demanded from the assessee and the place where and/or the person or the Officer to whom and the date by which the demand shall be delivered.

(3) **Service of demand**—The demand prepared under sub-clause (1) shall be served on the assessee in the prescribed manner and such service shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the demand has been duly prepared in accordance with this Order.

(4) After the demand has been served on the assessee under sub-clause (3), he shall deliver the quantity specified in the demand as per directions given in the demand.

“(5) If the paddy or rice delivered for sale in compliance with directions under sub-clause (4) does not conform to the specification prescribed under clause 9, the same shall be rejected and the assessee shall be deemed to have not complied with the said directions.”

9. **Fixation of price**—The Provincial Government shall fix the price at which an assessee shall be paid for the quantity delivered by him in compliance with the demand.

“Provided that the price so fixed shall be the ceiling price and shall be subject to deduction according to the scale, based on quality, as may be fixed under this clause for paddy not conforming to the specification for fair average quality, which may be prescribed by the Provincial Government, from time to time, under this clause.”

10. **Review (1)**—The Director-General may at any time “and under such conditions as may be prescribed” review an assessment made under clause 5 or a demand made under clause 8, and amend, rescind or alter such assessment or demand in any manner consistent with this order.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-clause (5) of clause 6, the Director-General may at any time “and under such conditions as may be prescribed” review an assessment modified or confirmed on appeal under clause 6, and amend, alter or rescind such assessment in any manner consistent with this Order.

11. **Seizure of assessed or assessable stock—(1)** If the demand is not delivered by the date specified in sub-clause (2) of clause 8, the quantity specified in the demand may be seized and removed from the premises of the assessee by the Director-General. The assessee will be entitled to payment of price fixed by the Provincial Government under clause 9. The Director-General may, however, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the date of delivery by a period considered reasonable in the circumstances of the case.

(2) If the Director-General believes or has reason to believe, that a person assessed to demand or likely to be assessed to demand, is likely to remove, conceal or dispose of the quantity assessed or likely to be assessed so as to evade the delivery of the demand, he may at any time issue an order for the seizure of the assessed quantity or the quantity likely to be assessed and arrange for its removal from the premises of such person who will be entitled to payment of price fixed under clause 9.

12. **Requisition to make statement or produce documents**—Subject to rules made under his Order, the Director-General or the Enquiring Officer or the Appellate Officer may, for the purpose of this Order require any person present to make or deliver a statement or to produce the records or documents in his possession relating to any land under paddy crop and such person shall comply with such requisition.

13. **Local inspection and estimate of stock**—Subject to rules made under this Order, the Director-General, the Enquiring Officer or the Appellate Officer, may, accompanied by such other person or persons he considers necessary, enter into any premises or upon any land for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity of foodgrains stored in any such premises, or grown or belived to have been grown on any such land, and make a survey or take measurements, of the foodgrains, in the said premises or on the said land, or of the land itself, or perform any other act which he considers necessary for carrying out any of his duties under this Order.

14. **Power to secure attendance of witness and production of documents**—For the purpose of any enquiry under this Order the Director-General, the Enquiring Officer or the Appellate Officer shall have the powers to summon or enforce attendance of witnesses or any person having interest in or knowledge of the land under the paddy crop under enquiry and to compel the production of documents by the same means and so far as may be in the same manner as is provided for attendance of witness and production of documents in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.

15. **Rule-making powers—(1)** The Provincial Government may make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Order.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following, namely:—

(a) The period and the manner of making declaration by a large producer under sub-clause (1) of clause 3.

(b) The manner of preparing lists of large producers and the powers to be exercised by the Enquiring Officer.

(c) The functions of Advisory Committees and the manner in which they will be associated with enquiries.

(d) The manner of service of assessment notice under sub-clause (1) of clause 6 and of demand under sub-clause (3) of clause 8.

(e) The manner of presentation and disposal of appeal under sub-clause (3) of clause 6.

(f) The manner of fixation of price under clause 9.

“(g) The condition under which a petition for review shall be entertained and the manner in which it shall be disposed of.”

- (g) The procedure to be followed in calling for statements or documents under clauses 12 and 14, and in entering into any premises or upon any land under clause 13.
- (h) The procedure to be followed in performing any other act which is not covered by any other rule, but which is considered necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Order.
16. Delegation of the powers of the Provincial Government.—The Provincial Government may delegate the powers conferred on them under this Order to any officer subordinate to them.
17. Penalties—(1) If any person contravenes any provision of this Order he shall be liable to the penalty provided under sub-section (1) of section 7 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (Act XXIV of 1946), namely, punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.
- (2) The Court trying a case of contravention of clause 8 of this Order, shall also direct that an assessee found guilty shall forfeit to the Provincial Government the entire demand unless, for reasons recorded in writing, the Court is of the opinion that the direction should not be made in respect of the whole or as the case may be, of a part of the surplus.
- (3) Imposition of fine in excess of Rs.1,000—Notwithstanding anything contained in section 32 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, it shall be lawful for any Magistrate of the 1st Class, specially empowered by the Provincial Government in this behalf, to pass a sentence of fine exceeding one thousand rupees on any person convicted of contravening any provision of this Order.
18. Prosecution in addition to seizure—Any seizure or removal of the demand under sub-clause (1) of clause 11 of this Order, shall not be a bar to the prosecution of the assessee for contravention of this Order.
19. Bar to suits or prosecution in any Court of law—No suit shall be brought or prosecution filed in any Court of law in respect of the preparation of the assessment list under clause 5 or the demand under clause 8, or the fixation of price under clause 9 or the decisions of the Appellate Officers under clause 6 or the Order of the Director-General under clause 10 or the seizure of foodgrains under clause 11 of this Order.
20. Officers not liable for acts done in good faith—No Officer shall be liable for anything done in good faith and in discharge of his lawful duties of pursuance in the provisions of this Order.

By order of the Governor,
A. A. SHAH,

Joint Secretary to the Government of East
Bengal.

~~APPENDIX-I~~

FORM A

East Bengal (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1949.

(See clause 3)

Declaration of—

Name.....

Father's/Husband's name

Village.....Thana

Union.....Holding number in the Assessment list.....

Area of <i>Aman</i> lands owned by me as per details on reverse.		Area of <i>Aman</i> lands cultivated by me in <i>Barga</i> as per details on reverse.
Under my own cultivation.	Let out by me in <i>Barga</i> .	

I solemnly declare the above facts and statement on reverse to be true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature.....

or

Thumb-impression.....

Instructions.

1. Under orders of Government all large producers (Persons cultivating Aman paddy lands above 10 acres) shall have to make a correct declaration in this form. Any one failing to make this declaration or giving false or incomplete information will be penalized by imprisonment up to 3 (three) years, fine and confiscation of paddy.

2. All persons who live habitually in common mess or hold or cultivate land on behalf of himself and other members of a joint undivided family irrespective of whether they mess together or not shall be considered as one large producer and the total land held by them should be declared.

3. Area should be given in acres and decimals.

4. Where Aman and Aus are grown together on the same land, the area should be shown under Aman only.

5. The declaration should be handed over by.....at the office of the Union Board or to the Enquiring Officer appointed for your village.

Acknowledgement.

Received Declaration in Form A of Name.....

Father's/Husband's Name.....

Village.....Thana.....

.....Union.....

Date of receipt.....Receiving Officer.....

Particulars of Land.

Name of mauza.	Khatian No(s).	Plot No.	Area of the plot mentioned in col. 3.	Area held by me out of plot mentioned in col. 3.	Under Aman crop.		Area under other crops.			Aman area held by me in Barga.	
					Under my cultivation.	Let out in Barga.	Aus.	Boro.	Other.	Name and address of owner.	Area.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			9	10

FORM B.

Assessment list prepared under clause 5 of the East Bengal (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1949.

Name of the Thana..... Name of the Union..... Name of the village.....

Serial No.	Serial No. of declaration form.	Name of declarant and father's or husband's name.	Number in the union assessment list.	Area of Aman land under cultivation in acres.				Signature of Enquiring Officer with date.	Signature of the Chairman of the Advisory Committee.
				a	b	c	d		
1	2	3	4	In khas.	Let out in barga.	Held in barga.	Total $a + \frac{b+c}{2}$	6	7

Date of issue of notice under clause 6(1) and Signature of the recipient if present.	Result of appeal.	Signature of Appellate Officer with date.	Grade.	Total demand.	Signature of Assessing Officer.	Signature of Checking Officer.	Serial of demand.	Initial of D. A. R. C. P./ A. R. C. P./ S. C. C. S.	Remarks.
	Total of col. 5 as determined.								
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

APPENDIX I

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FORM C

Notice under clause 6(1) of the East Bengal (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1949.

To

Name

Father's or husband's name.....

Village

Police-station

District.....

Government propose to assess you to payment of demand in paddy during.....On your.....of which the area has been recorded as under :-

1	2	3
Under khas cultivation (In acres).	Taken and given in barga (in acres).	Total of 1 + half of 2 (In acres).

If you have any objection to the above particulars, you may file an appeal to an authorised officer at Government godown at.....by the.....

Signature of authorised officer.

FORM D

Office of the D. C. C. S.
S. C. C. S.
Dy. S. C. C. S.

Local Supply Depot (Procurement).....

Serial No.....

Assessment List No.....

District.....

No..... Date.....

FINAL DEMAND NOTICE.

Under clause 8(1) of the East Bengal (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1949.

To

Maulvi/Babu.....

Village..... P. S.....

District.....

You have been assessed..... mds. of..... paddy for the year..... under the East Bengal (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1949. You are hereby called upon to deliver the said assessed quota of..... Paddy to Local Supply Depot by..... The delivery may be given either directly or through an approved grain dealer of Civil Supplies Department. Failure to deliver paddy by that date and in the manner specified above will make you liable to prosecution and the penalties under the said Order. If the paddy or rice delivered for sale does not conform to the minimum specification prescribed under clause 9, the same shall be rejected and you will still remain liable to deliver the amount assessed as deliverable by you.

An approved grain dealer will be present at the Local Supply Depot to offer the facility of spot cash payment without formalities to assessees, but it is pointed out that while the Officer-in-charge, local Supply Depot will make every effort to see that the approved grain dealer performs his duties honestly and efficiently, the latter is neither an agent nor an employee of Government. Consequently, assessees are warned to take their full payment from him at the time of delivery of stocks, whether they sell to him at the godown or elsewhere. If any assessee delivers stocks to an approved grain dealer on credit, he does so at his own responsibility and Government accepts no liability in such cases.

It should be remembered that delivery to an approved grain dealer by way of sale or by way of his agency will not constitute valid compliance with this notice until and unless the assessed quantity is received in or for the Local Supply Depot by an officer of the Civil Supplies Department.

Signature D. C. C. S.
S. C. C. S.
Dy.S.C.C.S.

~~APPENDIX 1~~

GOVERNMENT OF EAST BENGAL
DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL SUPPLIES

NOTIFICATIONS

No. 7724 D.C.S.—16th September 1949—(1) In exercise of the powers conferred under sub-clause (5) of clause 2 of the East Bengal (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1949, the Governor is pleased to declare that in the areas mentioned in column I of the schedule below, areas mentioned against each in column II of the schedule shall be considered equivalent to a union under section 5 of the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919.

(2) Orders passed under column II of items 1 and 3 of the schedule shall be published by hanging a copy of the order on the Notice Board of the office of the respective Deputy Commissioners.

SCHEDULE

Column I.	Column II.
District of Sylhet	Jurisdiction of 3 Sarpanch circles grouped together by or under the order of the Deputy Commissioner of Sylhet.
Parts of the district of Mymensingh, where the Village Self-Government Act, 1919, has not been enforced.	Jurisdiction of each Panchayet appointed under the Bengal Chowkidari Act, 1870.
Chittagong Hill-tracts	Area specified for this purpose by or under the order of the Deputy Commissioner of Chittagong Hill-Tracts.

No. 7725 D.C.S.—16th September 1949.—(1) In exercise of the powers conferred under clause 4 of the East Bengal (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1949, read with sub-clause (14) of clause 2 of the said Order, the Governor is pleased to direct that Advisory Committees shall be formed in each union of the districts mentioned in column I of the schedule below in the manner indicated against corresponding entries in column II of the schedule.

(2) (i) Orders of the Circle Officer under column II of items 1 and 3 of the schedule shall be published by hanging a copy of the order on the Notice Board of his office and the office of the Union Board in respect of item 1 and office of the Panchayat in respect of item 3.

(ii) Orders of the Subdivisional Officer under column II of item 2 of the schedule shall be published by hanging a copy on the Notice Board of his office and in the office of each of the three Sarpanch circles grouped together.

(iii) Orders of the Subdivisional Officer passed under column II of item 4 of the schedule shall be published by hanging a copy of the order on the Notice Board of his office and in such other manner as the Subdivisional Officer considers most appropriate.

SCHEDULE

Column I.	Column II.
(1) Districts of Dinajpur, Rangpur, Rajshahi, Bogra, Pabna, Kushtia, Jessore, Khulna, Barisal, Faridpur, Dacca, Tippera, Noakhali Chittagong and parts of the district of Mymensingh where the Village Self-Government Act, 1919, has been enforced.	9 members of the Union Board and 3 members nominated by the Circle Officers having jurisdiction over the union.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 403 F.D.—12th January 1957.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the East Bengal Foodgrain (Disposal and Acquisition) Order, 1948, and in partial modification of notification No. 11146 F.D., dated the 4th December 1956, published in the *Dacca Gazette, Extraordinary*, Part I, dated the 4th December 1956, read with notification No. 11637 F.D., dated the 19th December 1956, published in the *Dacca Gazette, Extraordinary*, Part I,

¹Ins. by Notification No. 499-D.C.S., dated 21st January 1950.

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dated the 20th December 1956, the Governor is pleased to direct that the maximum prices of rice and paddy in respect of which an order has been issued under the said paragraph shall be as follows:

	Up to 28th* February 1957.	After 28th* February 1957 and up to 15th March 1957.	After 15th March 1957.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Paddy (per maund)	11 4	11 0	10 12
Rice (per maund)—			
(a) Mill Medium	18 8	18 2	17 12
(b) Mill Coarse	18 2	17 12	17 6

[Published in the "Dacca Gazette, Extraordinary, Part I]", dated the 4th December 1956.]

**GOVERNMENT OF EAST PAKISTAN
FOOD AND AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT**

Food Branch

NOTIFICATIONS

No. 11146 F.D.—4th December 1956.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the East Bengal Foodgrains (Disposal and Acquisition) Order, 1948, and in supersession of notification No. 10606-D.C.S., dated the 30th December 1949, the Governor is pleased to direct that the maximum prices of rice and paddy in respect of which an order has been issued under the said paragraph shall be as follows:—

	Rs. a.	
Paddy	9 0	per maund.
Rice		
(a) Mill medium	15 4	.. ..
(b) Mill Coarse	14 14	.. ..
(c) Medium Dhenki	14 10	.. ..
(d) Coarse Dhenki	14 4	.. ..

Explanation.—(1) The prices fixed above are for fair average quality of paddy and rice for which the limits of tolerances will be as specified in Schedule I below.

(2) Paddy and rice which are below fair average quality will be subject to deductions in price in accordance with the rates specified in Schedule II below:—

SCHEDULE I

Limits of tolerances for paddy

	Per cent.
(1) Admixture of coarse and medium	9
(2) Moisture	11
(3) Foreign matters (such as dust, sand, straw, silica, chaff, wild seeds, empty husk, damaged off colour, heated and immature grain.)	1.5

*As amended by Notification No. 1566-F.D., dated 15th February 1957.

Limits of tolerances for rice.

(1) Admixture of coarse and medium	..	..	..	10
(2) Moisture	..	..	..	9.5
(3) Pints and points (below four-anna size)	..	..	..	3
(4) Brokens (below twelve-anna size down to four-anna size)	..	..	..	17
(5) Under-milling	..	..	..	5
(6) Under boiled	..	..	..	5
(7) Over boiled	..	..	..	5
(8) Husk and brans	..	..	..	$\frac{1}{2}$
(9) Paddy content	..	..	..	$\frac{1}{2}$

SCHEDULE II

Rate of deductions in the price of Paddy which is below fair average quality.

Deduction for admixture of coarse and medium.

Percentage of admixture.	Rate of deduction.
Above 9 per cent. and up to 15 per cent.	2 annas per maund.
Above 15 per cent. and up to 20 per cent.	3 annas per maund.
Above 20 per cent. and up to 25 per cent.	4 annas per maund.
Above 25 per cent. and up to 35 per cent.	6 annas per maund.
Above 35 per cent. and up to 50 per cent.	8 annas per maund.
Above 50 per cent.	Rejection.

The above rates are total and not additional.

Deduction for moisture.

Percentage of moisture.	Rate of deduction.
Above 11 per cent. and up to 12 per cent.	1 anna 6 pies per maund.
Above 12 per cent. and up to 13 per cent.	4 annas 6 pies per maund.
Above 13 per cent. and up to 14 per cent.	10 annas 6 pies per maund.
Above 14 per cent.	Rejection.

The above rates are total and not additional.

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Deduction for foreign matters.

Percentage of foreign matters.	Rate of deduction.
Above 1·5 per cent. and up to 3 per cent.	1 anna 3 pies per maund for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 3 per cent. and up to 6 per cent.	1 anna 9 pies per maund for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 6 per cent. and up to 10 per cent.	2 annas 6 pies per maund for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 10 per cent. and up to 20 per cent.	3 annas 6 pies per maund for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 20 per cent.	Rejection.

Rate of deductions in the price of rice which is below fair average quality.

Deduction for admixture of coarse and medium.

Percentage of admixture.	Rate of deduction.
Above 10 per cent.	1 anna per maund for every additional 1 per cent.

Deduction for moisture.

Percentage for moisture.	Rate of deduction.
1 per cent. in excess of 9·5 per cent.	2 annas per maund.
2 per cent. in excess of 9·5 per cent.	6 annas per maund.
3 per cent. in excess of 9·5 per cent.	1 rupee per maund.
*Above 12·5 per cent.	Rejection.

Deduction for pints and points.

Percentage of pints and points (below four-anna size).	Rate of deduction.
Above 3 per cent. and up to 7 per cent.	1 anna 6 pies per maund every additional 1 per cent.
Above 7 per cent. and up to 10 per cent.	2 annas per maund for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 10 per cent. and up to 15 per cent.	4 annas per maund for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 15 per cent.	Rejection.

*As amended by notification No. 11637 F.D., dated 19th December 1956.

Deduction for broken.

Percentage of broken (below twelve-anna size down to four-anna size).	Rate of deduction.
Above 17 per cent. and up to 27 per cent.	1 anna per maund for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 27 per cent. and up to 37 per cent.	1 anna 6 pies per maund for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 37 per cent	Rejection.

Deduction for under-milling.

Percentage of under-milling.	Rate of deduction.
Above 5 per cent.	1 anna per maund for every additional 5 per cent.

Deduction for under boiling.

Percentage of under-boiling.	Rate of deduction.
Above 5 per cent.	1 anna per maund for every additional 5 per cent.

Deduction for over-boiling.

Percentage of over-boiling.	Rate of deduction.
Above 5 per cent.	1 anna per maund for every additional 5 per cent.

Deduction for husk and brans.

Percentage of husk and brans.	Rate of deduction.
Above $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. and up to 4 per cent.	2 annas per maund for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 4 per cent.	3 annas per maund for every additional 1 per cent.

Deduction for paddy content.

Percentage of paddy contents.	Rate of deduction.
Above 1 per cent. and up to 5 per cent.	1 anna 6 pies per maund for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 5 per cent.	3 annas per maund for every additional 1 per cent.

Deduction for Bad smell

(i) If the rice for sale contains bad odour in a small degree, not likely to be seriously resented to by the consumers and not likely to affect the congeniality of the rice, the same may be accepted after imposition of suitable batta, to be determined by the Inspector-in-charge of the Local Supply Depot concerned of the Food and Agriculture (Food) Department.

(ii) If the rice for sale contains odour offensive enough to make it difficult to market or store, the same shall be rejected.

FOOD DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

No. 10932FD.—5th December 1958—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the East Pakistan Control of Essential Commodities Act, 1956 (East Pakistan Act 1 of 1956), the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the East Pakistan Cordoning Order, 1958.
- (2) It extends to the whole of East Pakistan.
- (3) It comes into force from such date as shall be notified in that behalf.

2. No person shall move the commodities specified in Schedule I below from any place within any area specified in column 1 of Schedule II below to any place outside that area, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of any of the officers specified respectively against each such area in column 2 of Schedule II:

Provided that no such permit shall be required for the movement *by rail, steamer, motor transport or boat, as personal luggage of any quantity of the said commodities not exceeding 10 seers in weight at any one time.

3. Any person authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government may, with a view to securing compliance of the Order,—

- (a) stop and search or authorise any person to stop and search any person or any vessel found in inland waterways, or any vehicle used or capable of being used for the transport of a commodity or commodities specified in schedule I;
- (b) enter and search or authorise any person to enter and search any place;
- (c) seize or authorise the seizure of any commodity in respect of which he suspects that a contravention of this Order has been, is being, or is about to be committed and thereafter take or authorise the taking of all measures necessary for securing the production of the commodity so seized in a Court, and for its safe custody pending such production.

4. If any person contravenes the provisions of this Order, then without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, any Court trying the offence shall order that any stock of foodgrains together with packages and coverings thereof in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed, shall be forfeited to Government, unless for reason to be recorded in writing the Court is of the opinion that the order should not be made in respect of the whole or, as the case may be, a part of the property.

Schedule I

Rice husked.

Rice in the husk (paddy).

Rice products (being muri, chira or rice flour).

Schedule II

Areas.	Officers.
The district of Rangpur considered as one area.	Regional Controller of Food, Rangpur, or District Controller of Food, Rangpur within their respective jurisdiction.
The district of Dinajpur considered as one area.	Regional Controller of Food, Rangpur, or District Controller of Food, Dinajpur within their respective jurisdiction.
The district of Bogra considered as one area.	Regional Controller of Food, Rangpur, or District Controller of Food, Bogra within their respective jurisdiction.
The district of Rajshahi considered as one area.	Regional Controller of Food, Rangpur, or District Controller of Food, Rajshahi within their respective jurisdiction.
The district of Jessore considered as one area.	Regional Controller of Food, Barisal, or District Controller of Food, Jessore within their respective jurisdiction.
The district of Khulna considered as one area.	Regional Controller of Food, Barisal, or District Controller of Food, Khulna within their respective jurisdiction.
The district of Mymensingh (excluding the subdivisions of Kishoreganj and Tangail) considered as one area.	Regional Controller of Food, Dacca, or District Controller of Food, Mymensingh within their respective jurisdiction.
The district of Sylhet considered as one area.	Regional Controller of Food, Dacca, or District Controller of Food, Sylhet within their respective jurisdiction.

GOVERNMENT OF EAST PAKISTAN
FOOD DEPARTMENT

Directorate of Procurement, Distribution and Rationing
48, Motihjeel Commercial Area, Dacca.

Memo. No. 17945(13)-PD/Int./IM-3/63, dated 16th/17th December 1963.

FROM—S. O. RAHMAN, Esqr.,

Director of Procurement, Distribution and Rationing,

TO—THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER OF FOOD,
DINAJPUR/RANGPUR/BOGRA/RAJSHAHI/KUSHTIA/JESSORE/KHULNA/
MYMENSINGH/COMILLA/SYLHET/CHITTAGONG/NOAKHALI/CHITTA-
GONG HILL TRACTS.

Subject—Monopoly purchase of rice from the major rice mill situated within 5-mile border-belt of the Province.

Government have decided to make monopoly purchase of the production of the major rice mills situated within 5-mile border-belt of the Province in the year, 1964. Prices of the stock to be procured compulsorily from the major mills in the year 1964 under the monopoly purchase orders will be as follows:—

(a) Aman Rice (milled coarse)	Rs.22.92 per maund.
(b) Aman Rice (milled medium)	Rs.23.39 Do.

The above prices are for fair average quality of rice inclusive of the costs of bagging sewing and marking of bag supplied by Government and stacking into Government godown up to a height of 8 bags. The standard specification of rice as laid down in the price notification No. 757-FD(Int.), dated 16-12-1963, should be strictly followed.

2. With the taking over of the entire surplus stocks of the producers residing within 5-mile border-belt under a border drive, there may not be sufficient stock left for the major rice mills situated within 5-mile border-belt. So, if necessary, these mills may also purchase paddy in the hinterland and move the same to their respective mills for crushing on obtaining necessary permits from the respective District or Subdivisional Controllers of Food. The restriction indicated at paras. 17 and 18 of this Dte. Circular No. 17943(17)-PD/Int./IP-3/63, dated 16th December 1963 will not apply to these rice mills. In this connection two notifications have been issued by Government under No. 759-FD(Int.), dated 17th December 1963 and No. 762-FD(Int.), dated 17th December 1963, which may please be studied carefully.

3. Enclosed herewith you will find two draft orders which are to be immediately issued by you filling in the names of the relevant rice mills. These orders, which speak for themselves, are to be served upon each major rice mill situated within 5-mile border-belt immediately. Prices will be assessed in the ordinary way by the Inspectors of Food and WQSCs. will be issued by them for each consignment of rice taken delivery into the Government godowns from the rice mills.

4. The major rice mills situated within 5-mile border-belt when they work, will now be working for us, so to speak. Separate notification, as indicated above, has been issued permitting them to store paddy but not rice for more than twenty days in order that they may build up substantial stocks of paddy for milling and for sale of the resultant rice to Government. As soon as the paddy is crushed, we should be ready to take delivery of the resultant rice into our godowns within the period.

5. However, the accounts and also the milling operation of these rice mills should be checked as frequently as possible by the local officers to ensure that the quality of rice produced by them is good and that all the resultant rice has been sold to Government.

S. O. RAHMAN,

*Director of Procurement, Distribution and Rationing,
Dacca.*

5. Orders regarding restriction on booking of foodgrains contained in this Government Letter No. 1141-Comrel/S(II), dated 14th June 1960, may be treated as superseded.

6. It is requested that Station Masters of the Railway Station concerned be informed accordingly.

Your obedient servant,
A. HUSSAIN,
Deputy Secretary,
Home (Poll.) Department.

GOVERNMENT OF EAST PAKISTAN
FOOD DEPARTMENT
Eden Buildings, Dacca.

No. Sec. VII/1M-13/62/1191(72)-FD, dated the 4th October, 1963.

FROM—A. RASHID, Esq.

Section Officer, Government of East Pakistan,

TO—ALL REGIONAL CONTROLLERS OF FOOD,
ALL DISTRICT CONTROLLERS OF FOOD,
ALL SUBDIVISIONAL CONTROLLERS OF FOOD.

Subject: Fixation of milling rates and the commission thereof.

In supersession of all previous orders issued on the subject Government have been pleased to fix up the milling rates of paddy on Government account at different places as follows:—

Region I.

	...	...	...	...	...	Per 60 srs.
1. Mills from Chirirbandar to Biral on the Metre Gauge	...	...	...	...	38 srs.	60 "
2. All mills on Ruhea Line	...	...	...	...	38 "	60 "
3. Mills from Manmathapur West on the Metre Gauge	...	...	...	...	38½ "	60 "
4. Rangpur Mills	...	...	...	...	38½ "	60 "
5. Broad Gauge Dinajpur Mills	...	...	...	...	38½ "	60 "
6. Rajshahi Mills except Rohanpur	...	...	...	...	38½ "	60 "
7. Rohanpur Mills	...	...	...	...	38 "	60 "
8. Bogra Mills	...	...	...	...	38 "	60 "

Region II.

1. Dacca Mills	...	...	...	...	38½ "	60 "
2. Mymensingh Mills	...	...	...	...	38½ "	60 "
3. Sylhet Mills	...	...	...	...	38½ "	60 "
4. Tippera Mills	...	...	...	...	38½ "	60 "
5. Noakhali Mills	...	...	...	...	38½ "	60 "
6. Chittagong Mills	...	...	...	...	38½ "	60 "
7. Chittagong Hill Tracts Mills	...	...	...	...	38½ "	60 "

Region III.

1. Bakerganj Mills	...	...	...	...	39 "	60 "
2. Faridpur Mills	...	...	...	...	39 "	60 "
3. Khulna Mills	...	...	...	...	39 "	60 "

2. The ratio fixed herein shall be treated as minimum outturn in all F.A.Q. paddy and will be applicable with effect from 12th February 1958. As regards the outturn from non-F.A.Q. paddy, no reduction should be given for moisture and admixture. If, however, a lot contains foreign matters in excess of the allowable limit of 1.5 per cent. the total quantity delivered to a mill may be regarded as reduced by the additional percentage and the outturn may be calculated on the reduced quantity. For example if a lot of 100 mds. of paddy contains 2.5 per cent. of foreign matters 100 mds. of paddy will be counted as 99 mds. F.A.Q. and the outturn should be calculated accordingly.

3. The millers will be entitled to a milling commission of 0.62 paisa per md. of paddy and 0.12 paisa per md. of paddy on account of bagging, sewing, marking, handling and other incidental charges including supply of suti on account of which the Millers will get 0.01 paisa per bag.

4. The Millers will be entitled to this commission after fulfilment of the terms and conditions laid down in the agreements executed with them.

This has the concurrence of the Finance Department.

A. RASHID,
Section Officer.

GOVERNMENT OF EAST PAKISTAN
FOOD DEPARTMENT
ORDER

No. 591 FD(Int)—25th October 1965—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the East Pakistan Control of Essential Commodities Act, 1956, (East Pakistan Act 1 of 1956), the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. Short title, extent and commencement—(1) This order may be called the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in the Border-belt) Order, 1965.

(2) It extends to the whole of East Pakistan.

(3) It shall come into force on and from the date of its publication in the official Gazette.

~~APPENDIX I~~

2. **Definition**—In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or the context,—

- (1) "Border-belt" means an area of five miles from the International Border of East Pakistan towards the interior of the Province.
- (2) "Producer" means a person or persons residing in the Border-belt, who habitually mess together or were doing so on the date of commencement of this Order and who cultivate as owner, tenant, bargadar or in any other capacity, lands under Aus, Aman or Boro crop and grows thereon paddy by himself with or without the aid of members of his family or paid labourers and/or bargadars.
- (3) "Director" means the Director of Procurement, Distribution and Rationing, Food Department, Government of East Pakistan and includes an Additional Director of Procurement, Distribution and Rationing or any other officer authorised by either of them to perform all or any of the functions of the Director under this Order.
- (4) "Prescribed" means prescribed by Regulations made under clause 15 of this Order.
- (5) "Village" means the area defined, surveyed and recorded as a distinct and separate village in any survey made by or under the authority of the Government, and where no survey has been made, such area as the Collector of the District may, with the sanction of the Board of Revenue, by general or special Order, declare to constitute a village.
- (6) "Union" means an area declared to be a Union under Article 8 of the Basic Democracies Order, 1959 (P.O. No. 18 of 1959).
- (7) "Foodgrains" means rice husked and rice in the husk (Paddy).
- (8) "Family" means the family of a producer in the Border-belt and will include all persons living with and/or taking food in the same mess with him and dependent upon him.
- (9) "Enquiring Officer" means an officer appointed by the Director to prepare assessment list as defined in sub-clause (12) in a village or number of villages or a union or number of unions.
- (10) "Declaration" means a declaration required to be submitted by a producer in Form I under sub-clause (1) of clause 3.
- (11) "Assessee" means a producer who has been assessed for specified quantity of paddy in accordance with sub-clauses (1) and (2) of clause 8.
- (12) "Assessment" list" means the list prepared by the Enquiring officer in Form II under clause 5.
- (13) "Assessment notice" means the notice given to a producer under sub-clause (1) of clause 6.

(14) "Demand" means the demand made upon a producer of specified quantity of paddy for sale to Government in accordance with clause 8.

(15) "Appellate Officer" means an officer appointed by the Director to hear appeals in respect of information furnished in the assessment notice.

3. **Direction to prepare assessment list and submit declaration**—(1) The Director may, with a view to ascertaining the acreage of paddy lands of a producer, issue a direction that a list of all producer in a village/union be prepared in respect of the Border-belt of the entire Province and that all producers in the Border-belt of the Province shall make a declaration in Form I, within the prescribed period and in the manner prescribed, the Enquiring officer of the village or the union in which they normally reside and in cases where the assesses have lands in more than one village/union, to the Enquiring Officer of the village/union where their principal place of residence or, in case the residence is in a municipal town or any other urban area, their principal office, is situated.

(2) *Specification of crop*—In issuing a direction under sub-clause (1) above the Director shall specify the paddy crop in respect of which the declaration shall be made and the list of producers shall be prepared.

(3) *Kinds of paddy crop*—Aman, and Aus and Boro shall be recognised as the paddy crops or the purpose of sub-clause (2).

(4) *Dispute as to crop*—All dispute as to whether a particular paddy crop under enquiry is Aman, Aus or Boro shall be decided by the Director, whose decision shall be final.

(5) *Notification of the direction to submit declaration*—Publication, in the official gazette, of an order made under sub-clause(1) shall be conclusive evidence that the order has been duly made.

4. **Assistance of the Union Councils**—After a direction has been issued under sub-clause (1) of clause 3, the Enquiring officers, with the help of the Chairmen and the members of the Union Councils of their respective areas shall prepare the assessment list in the manner prescribed.

5. **Preparation of Assessment list**—(1) The assessment list shall be prepared in Form II and (a) the total acreage under cultivation of the paddy crop of a producer, (b) the total production at the rate per acre to be fixed by the Director, (c) expected consumption by the producer and his family, (d) seed requirements and (e) such other particulars as may be prescribed, shall be recorded therein.

(2) For the purpose of determining acreage under sub-clause (1) half of the land either held in barga or let out in barga shall be taken into consideration

6. **Service of and appeal against assessment notice**—(1) After the assessment list has been prepared under clause 5, an assessment notice in Form III containing the total acreage of paddy lands within the province held by a producer and his leviable surplus stocks, shall be served on him, in the manner to be prescribed.

(2) *Appeal against assessment notice*—A producer may file an appeal in respect of the acreage and the leviable surplus stocks mentioned in the assessment notice served on him under sub-clause (1) to the prescribed authority in such manner and within such periods as may be prescribed.

(3) The Appellate officer shall dispose of the appeal in the manner as may be prescribed.

(4) *Representation before Appellate Officer*—The appellant shall not be allowed to be represented by a lawyer before the Appellate officer but he shall be allowed to represent in person or through a member of his family or an authorised agent other than a lawyer.

(5) *Finality of the decision of the Appellate Officer*—The decision of the Appellate officer shall be final.

7. *Mode of demand*—The Director shall notify, by publication in the official Gazette, what shall be the mode of demand on the total acreage of paddy lands, as entered in the assessment list prepared under clause 5.

8. *Assessment of demand and direction to deliver demand*—(1) After publication of the notification referred to in clause 7, the Director shall finally assess the quantity of paddy that each producer shall be called upon to deliver for sale to the Provincial Government and prepare the demand in Form IV.

(2) The demand shall specify the quantity assessed and demanded from the assessee and the place where and/or the person or the officer to whom and the date by which the demand shall be delivered.

(3) *Service of demand*—The demand prepared under sub-clause (1) shall be served on the assessee in the prescribed manner and such service shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the demand has been duly prepared in accordance with this Order.

(4) After demand has been served on the assessee under sub-clause (3) he shall deliver the quantity specified in the demand as per direction given in the demand.

9. *Fixation of price*—The Provincial Government shall fix the price at which an assessee shall be paid for the quantity delivered by him in compliance with the demand.

10. *Review*—(1) The Director may, at any time, and under such conditions as may be prescribed, review an assessment made under clause 5 or a demand made under clause 8 and amend, vary or rescind such assessment or demand in any manner consistent with this Order and under such conditions as may be prescribed.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-clause (5) of clause 6, the Director may at any time, under such conditions, as may be prescribed, review an assessment, modified or confirmed on appeal under clause 6, and amend, vary or rescind such assessment in any manner consistent with this Order.

11. **Seizure of assessed stocks**—(1) If the demand is not delivered by the date specified in sub-clause (2) of clause 8, the quantity specified in the demand may be seized and removed from the premises of the assessee by the Director. The assessee shall be entitled to payment of price fixed by the Provincial Government under clause 9. The Director may, however, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the date of delivery by a period considered reasonable in the circumstances of the case.

(2) If the Director believes or has reasons to believe, that a person assessed to demand or likely to be assessed to demand, is likely to remove, conceal or dispose of the quantity assessed or likely to be assessed so as to evade the delivery of the demand, he may at any time, issue an order for the seizure of the assessed quantity or the quantity likely to be assessed and arrange for its removal from the premises of such person, who will be entitled to payment of price fixed under clause 9.

12. **Requisition to make statement or produce documents**—Subject to the Regulations made under this Order the Director or the Enquiring Officer or the Appellate Officer may, for the purpose of this Order, require any person present to make or deliver a statement or to produce the records or documents in his possession relating to any land under paddy crop and such person shall comply with such requisition.

13. **Local inspection and estimate of stock**—Subject to Regulations made under this Order the Director, the Enquiring Officer or the Appellate Officer, may, accompanied by such other person or persons he considers necessary, enter into any premises for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity of foodgrains in the said premises or perform any other act which he considers necessary for carrying out any of his duties under this Order.

14. **Power to secure attendance of witness and production of documents**—For the purpose of any enquiry under this Order, the Director, the Enquiry Officer or the Appellate Officer shall have the powers to summon or enforce attendance of witnesses or any person having interest in or knowledge of the land under enquiry and to compel the production of documents by the same manner as is provided for attendance of witnesses and production of documents in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908).

15. **Regulations making power**—(1) The Director may make Regulations for carrying out the purposes of this Order.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers, such Regulations may provide for all or any of the following, namely—

(a) the period and the manner of making declaration by a producer under sub-clause (1) of clause 3.

(b) the manner of preparing list of producers and the power to be exercised by the Enquiring Officer.

(c) the manner of service of assessment notice under sub-clause (1) of clause 6 and of demand under sub-clause (3) of clause 8.

(d) the manner of presentation and disposal of appeal under sub-clause (3) of clause 6.

- (e) the condition under which a petition for review shall be entertained and the manner in which it shall be disposed of,
- (f) the procedure to be followed in calling for statements or documents under clauses 12 and 14 and in entering into any premises under clause 13, and
- (g) the procedure to be followed in performing any other act which is covered by any other rule but is considered necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Order.

16. **Penalties—(1)** If any person contravenes any of the provisions of this Order, then without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, any Court trying the offence may order that any stock of foodgrains together with the packages and coverages therefore, in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed shall be forfeited to the Provincial Government, unless for reasons recorded in writing, the Court is of the opinion that the order may not be made in respect of the whole or, as the case may be, a part of the property.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 32 of the Code of Criminal procedure 1898 (Act of 1898), it shall be lawful for any Magistrate of the 1st Class specially empowered by the Provincial Government in this behalf to pass a sentence of fine exceeding rupees one thousand on any person convicted for contravening any provision of this Order.

17. **Prosecution in addition to seizure—**Any seizure or removal of the stock under sub clause (1) of clause 11 of this Order, shall not be a bar to the prosecution of an assessee for contravention of this Order.

18. **Bar to suits or prosecution any Court of Law—**No suit shall be brought or prosecution shall lie in any Court of Law in respect of any of the provisions of this Order or of any Regulations made under provisions of this Order.

19. **Officers not liable for acts done in good faith—**No officer shall be liable for anything done in good faith and in discharge of his lawful duties in pursuance of the provisions of this Order.

~~APPENDIX I~~

FORM 1

East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in the Border-belt) Order, 1965.

(See Clause 3)

DECLARATION OF—

Name

Father's/Husband's name

Village.....Thana.....

Union No.District

Holding No. in the Union Assessment List

1. Total acreage of paddy lands—

Area of my paddy lands as per details on reverse.

	Held in Khas	Let out in Barga.	Held in Barga.	Total b+c a+-----
	(a)	(b)	(c)	2
Aman				
Aus				
Boro				

2. Names of members of my family who are over 3 years old—

I do solemnly declare that the above facts and statements on reverse are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature/thumb-impression.....

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Under orders of Government all producers, residing in Border-belt shall have to make a correct declaration in this form about paddy lands cultivated by him in the province. Anyone failing to make this declaration or giving false or incomplete information will be liable for prosecution in the court of law.

2. All persons who live habitually in common mess or hold or cultivate land on behalf of himself and other members of a joint undivided family irrespective of whether they mess together or not shall be considered as one producer and the total land held by them shall be declared by an adult male member of the family or a duly authorised agent, who is acquainted with the full facts, regarding their paddy lands.

3. Areas should be given in acres and decimals.

4. Where Aus and Aman are grown together in the same land, the areas should be shown under Aman only.

APPENDIX-1

5. The Declaration shall be submitted by.....(date) at the office of the Union Council or to the Enquiring Officer appointed for your village.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Received declaration in Form I of (name)

Father's/Husband's name Village.....

Thana..... Union..... District.....

Date of receipt..... Receiving Officer.....

Particulars of paddy lands—Aman, Aus and Boro under my ownership and or/ cultivation.

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1 Name of M. za, Thana and District.	2 Khatian No. (s).	3 Plot No.	4 Area of the plot mentioned in Col. 3.	5 Area held by me out of plot mentioned in Col. 3.			6 Land held by me in Barga.		7 Remarks.
				In Khas.	Let out in Barga.	Total of 5+6.	Name and address of the owner. 8	Area.	

Aman

Aus

Boro

~~APPENDIX-1~~

FORM II

Assessment list prepared under clause 5 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in the Border-belt) Order, 1965.

Name of the Thana..... Name of the Union....., Name of the Village..... Commodity..... Aman, Aus and Boro

Serial No.	Serial No. of declaration form.	Name of declarant and father's or husband's name.	Number in the Union Assessment list.	Acreage of paddy lands.			
				a	b	c	d
				In Khas.	Let out in barga.	Held in barga.	Total b+c a+ 2
1	2	3	4	5			

No. of family members above 3 years of age.	Signature of verifying officer.	Date of issue of notice under clause 6 (1) and signature of the recipient, if present.	Result of appeal.		Signature of Appellate Officer with date.
			a	b	
			Total acreage.	Total No. of family members above 3 years of age.	
6	7	8	9		10

Total Produce.	Quantity exempted.								Total demand (col. 11—col. 12)
	Family consumption.								
	a		b		c		d		
	No. of family members over 3 years of age.		Food requirement.		Seed requirement.		Total of b+c.		
Mds.	Srs.	Mds.	Srs.	Mds.	Srs.	Mds.	Srs.	13	
11		12							

Signature of the Assessment officer.	Signature of the Checking Officer.	Serial in Demand Register.	Initial of D.C., Food.	Remarks.
			S.C., Food.	
14	15	16	17	18

~~APPENDIX I~~

FORM III

Notice under clause 6(1) of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in the Border-belt) Order, 1965.

(Name)

village.....

(Father's or Husband's name)

(Police Station)

(District)

Government propose to assess you to payment of demand of the entire surplus paddy during.....on your Aman, Aus and Boro land of which the area and the surplus produce have been recorded as under—

A	B	C	D
Under khas cultivation (in acres).	Taken and given in barga (in acres).	Total of A + $\frac{B}{2}$ (in acres).	Leviable surplus stocks. Mds. Srs.

If you have any objection to the above particulars, you may file an appeal to an authorised officer at.....

.....

by the

Signature of Authorised Officer.

~~APPENDIX I~~

FORM IV

C.S.D./L.S.D. Office of the D.C., Food/S.C., Food.

Serial No.

Assessment List No., District.....

No., dated.....

FINAL DEMAND NOTICE

Under Clause 8 (1) of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in the Border-belt) Order, 1965.

To

Mr.

Village....., P.S..... District.....

You have been assessed.....Mds. of Aman paddy for the year.....under East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in the Border-belt) Order, 1965.

You are hereby called upon to deliver the said assessed quota of Aman Paddy toC.S.D./L.S.D. by.....

Failure to deliver paddy by that date will make you liable to prosecution and the penalties under the said Order.

Signature

D.C., Food

S.C., Food.

By order of the Governor,

Y. A. KHAN,

Secretary to the Government of East Pakistan.

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GOVERNMENT OF EAST PAKISTAN
DIRECTORATE OF PROCUREMENT, DISTRIBUTION AND RATIONING
NOTIFICATIONS

No. 916-PD. -27th October 1965.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in the Border-belt) Order, 1965, I hereby authorise the Officers mentioned in column I of the Schedule below to appoint Enquiring Officers under sub-clause (9) of clause 2 of the said Order in the areas noted in column II of the Schedule:

Schedule	
I	II
Designation of Officers.	Areas.
Subdivisional Officers	... Within their respective jurisdictions.

No. 917-PD. -27th October 1965.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in the Border-belt) Order, 1965, I hereby authorise the Officers mentioned in column I of the Schedule below to perform all the functions of the Director under clause 8 of the said Order in the areas specified in column II of the Schedule:

Schedule	
I	II
Designation of Officers.	Areas.
District Controllers of Food/Subdivisional Controllers of Food.	Within their respective jurisdictions.

No. 918-PD.—27th October 1965.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in the Border-belt) Order, 1965, I hereby authorise the Deputy Commissioners of all the Border districts of East Pakistan to exercise the powers of Director under sub-clause (15) of the said clause 2 in their respective jurisdictions.

No. 919-PD.—27th October 1965.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clauses (1) and (2) of clause 3 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in the Border-belt) Order, 1965, I hereby issue the following directions:

- (i) that a list of all producers in a village/villages shall be prepared in respect of all their paddy lands in the entire province of East Pakistan,
- (ii) that the above list shall be prepared only in respect of the acreage of the paddy lands cultivated by them, as owner, tenants or bargadars, during the year 1965-66, commencing from the 1st of March 1965 and ending on the 28th February 1966.
- (iii) that all producers, living in the border-belt of the province shall make such declarations in Form 'I'.
- (iv) that the above declaration shall be submitted by the 7th November 1965 to the Enquiring Officer of the village or union in which the producers normally reside and in cases where they have lands in more than one union to the Enquiring Officer of the Union where their principal places of residence, or in case residence is in a municipal town or in other urban areas, their principal offices, are situated.

No. 920-PD.—27th October 1965.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 7 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in Border-belt) Order, 1965, I hereby direct that the demand shall be decided in the following manner:

The total surplus produce from the paddy lands of a producer, so ascertained after deducting therefrom his requirements for family consumption, at the rate of 8 manunds of paddy per head per year in respect of the members of his family above 3 years of age, and also his requirements for seeds at the rate of 1 maund of paddy per acre of his paddy lands, shall be assessed as demand from the producer under the said Order.

No. 921-PD.—27th October 1965.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in the Border-belt) Order, 1965, I authorise the Officers mentioned in column I of the Schedule below to exercise the powers of Director under clause 10 of the said Order in the areas noted in column II of the Schedule:

Schedule	
I	II
Designation of Officers.	Areas.
District Controllers of Food.	... Within their respective jurisdictions.

No. 922-PD.—27th October 1965.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in Border-belt) Order, 1965, I hereby authorise the Officers mentioned in column I of the Schedule below to exercise the powers of Director under sub-clauses (1) and (2) of clause 11 of the said Order in the areas noted in column II of the Schedule:

Schedule	
I	II
Designation of Officers.	Areas.
All officers of the Food Department of and above the rank of Inspector.	Within their respective jurisdictions.

MAFTOON AHMAD,
*Director of Procurement, Distribution
and Rationing.*

~~APPENDIX I~~

GOVERNMENT OF EAST PAKISTAN
FOOD DEPARTMENT
ORDER

No.592-F.D. (Int.)—25th October 1965—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the East Pakistan Control of Essential Commodities Act, 1956 (East Pakistan Act I of 1956), the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. **Short title, extent and commencement**—(1) This Order may be called the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1965.

(2) It extends to the whole of East Pakistan.

(3) It shall come into force on and from the date of its publication in the official Gazette.

2. **Definitions**.—In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or the context,—

(1) "Hinterland" means the whole area of the province of East Pakistan outside the five-mile-border-belt.

(2) "Producer" means a person or persons residing in the hinterland who habitually mess together or were doing so on the date of commencement of this Order and who possess as owner or tenant or in any other capacity, cultivable land, for growing any seasonal crop in the Aman Growing Area, the area of which is more than 5 acres.

(3) "Director" means the Director of Procurement, Distribution and Rationing, Food Department, Government of East Pakistan, and includes an Additional Director of Procurement, Distribution and Rationing or any other officer authorised by either of them to perform all or any of the functions of the Director under this Order.

(4) "Aman growing areas" means the areas so notified by the Director.

(5) "Prescribed" means prescribed by Regulations made under clause 15 of this Order.

(6) "Village" means the area defined, surveyed and recorded as a district and separate village in any survey made by or under the authority of the Government, and where no survey has been made, such area as the Collector of the District may, with the sanction of the Board of Revenue, by general or special order, declare to constitute a village.

(7) "Union" means an area declared to be a union under Article 8 of the Basic Democracies Order, 1959 (PO. No. 18 of 1959).

(8) "Foodgrain" means rice husked and rice in the husk (paddy).

~~APPENDIX I~~

GOVERNMENT OF EAST PAKISTAN
FOOD DEPARTMENT
ORDER

No.592-F.D. (Int.)—25th October 1965—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the East Pakistan Control of Essential Commodities Act, 1956 (East Pakistan Act I of 1956), the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. **Short title, extent and commencement**—(1) This Order may be called the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1965.

(2) It extends to the whole of East Pakistan.

(3) It shall come into force on and from the date of its publication in the official Gazette.

2. **Definitions**.—In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or the context,—

(1) "Hinterland" means the whole area of the province of East Pakistan outside the five-mile-border-belt.

(2) "Producer" means a person or persons residing in the hinterland who habitually mess together or were doing so on the date of commencement of this Order and who possess as owner or tenant or in any other capacity, cultivable land, for growing any seasonal crop in the Aman Growing Area, the area of which is more than 5 acres.

(3) "Director" means the Director of Procurement, Distribution and Rationing, Food Department, Government of East Pakistan, and includes an Additional Director of Procurement, Distribution and Rationing or any other officer authorised by either of them to perform all or any of the functions of the Director under this Order.

(4) "Aman growing areas" means the areas so notified by the Director.

(5) "Prescribed" means prescribed by Regulations made under clause 15 of this Order.

(6) "Village" means the area defined, surveyed and recorded as a district and separate village in any survey made by or under the authority of the Government, and where no survey has been made, such area as the Collector of the District may, with the sanction of the Board of Revenue, by general or special order, declare to constitute a village.

(7) "Union" means an area declared to be a union under Article 8 of the Basic Democracies Order, 1959 (PO. No. 18 of 1959).

(8) "Foodgrain" means rice husked and rice in the husk (paddy).

6. **Service of and appeal against assessment notice**—(1) After the assessment list has been prepared under clause 5, an assessment notice in Form C containing the total acreage of cultivable lands by a producer, shall be served on him, in the manner prescribed.

(2) A producer may file an appeal in respect of the acreage mentioned in the assessment notice served on him under sub-clause (1) to the prescribed authority in such manner and within such period as may be specified.

(3) The Appellate Officer shall dispose of the appeal in the manner to be prescribed.

(4) The appellant shall not be allowed to be represented by a lawyer before the Appellate Officer but he shall be allowed to represent in person or through a member of his family or an authorised agent other than a lawyer.

(5) *Finality of the decision of the Appellate Officer*—The decision of the Appellate Officer shall be final.

7. **Rate of demand**—The rate of demand shall be 3 maunds of Aman paddy per acre for the excess area over 5 acres of cultivable land as entered in the assessment list prepared under clause 5.

8. **Assessment of demand and direction to deliver demand**—(1) The Director shall finally assess the quantity of Aman paddy that each producer shall be called upon to deliver for sale to Provincial Government as per clause 7 and prepare the demand in Form B.

(2) *Time and place of delivery*—The demand shall specify the quantity assessed and demanded from the assessee and the place where and/or the person or the officer to whom and the date by which the demand shall be delivered.

(3) The demand prepared under sub-clause (1) shall be served on the assessee in the prescribed manner and such service shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the demand has been duly prepared in accordance with this Order.

(4) After the demand has been served on the assessee under sub-clause (3) he shall deliver the quantity specified in the demand as per direction given in the demand.

9. **Fixation of price**—The Provincial Government shall fix the price at which an assessee shall be paid for the quantity delivered by him in compliance with the demand.

10. **Review**—(1) The Director may, at any time, and under such conditions as may be prescribed, review an assessment made under clause 5 of a demand made under clause 8, and amend, vary or rescind such assessment or demand in any manner consistent with this Order and under such conditions as may be prescribed.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-clause (5) of clause 6, the Director may, at any time, under such conditions, as may be prescribed, review an assessment, modified or confirmed on appeal under clause 6 and may amend, vary or rescind such assessment in any other manner not inconsistent with this Order.

11. **Seizure of assessed stocks**—(1) If the demand is not delivered by the date specified in sub-clause (2) of clause 8, the quantity specified in the demand may be seized and removed from the premises of the assessee by the Director. The assessee shall be entitled to payment of price fixed by the Provincial Government under clause 9. The Director may, however, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the date of delivery by a period considered reasonable in the circumstances of the case.

(2) If the Director believes or has reasons to believe, that a person assessed to demand or likely to be assessed to demand, is likely to remove, conceal or dispose of the quantity assessed or likely to be assessed so as to evade the delivery of the demand, he may, at any time issue an order for the seizure of the assessed quantity or the quantity likely to be assessed and arrange for its removal from the premises of such persons, who shall be entitled to payment of price fixed under clause 9.

12. **Requisition to make statement or produce documents**—Subject to the Regulation made under this Order, the Director or the Enquiring Officer or the Appellate Officer may, for the purpose of this Order, require any person present to make or deliver a statement or to produce the records or document in his possession relating to any cultivable land and such person shall comply with such requisition.

13. **Local inspection and estimate of stock**—Subject to Regulation made under this Order the Director, the Enquiring Officer or the Appellate Officer, may, accompanied by such other person or persons he considers necessary, enter into any premises for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity of foodgrains stored in any such premises, and make a survey or take measurement of the foodgrains in the said premises or perform any other act which he considers necessary for carrying out any of his duties under this Order.

14. **Power to secure attendance of witness and production of documents**—For the purpose of any enquiry under this Order, the Director, the Enquiring Officer, or the Appellate Officer shall have the powers to summon or enforce attendance of witnesses or any person having interest in or knowledge of the cultivable land under enquiry and to compel the production of documents by the same means and so far as may be in the same manner as is provided for attendance of witnesses and production of documents in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908).

15. **Regulation making power**—(1) The Director may make Regulations for carrying out the purposes of this Order.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers, such Regulations may provide for all or any of the following, namely;—

(a) The period and the manner of making declaration by a producer under sub-clause (1) of clause 3.

(b) The manner of preparing list of producers and the power to be exercised by the Enquiring Officers.

(c) The manner of service of assessment notice under sub-clause (1) of clause 6 and of demand under sub-clause (3) of clause 8.

- (d) The manner of presentation and disposal of appeal under sub-clause (3) of clause 6.
- (e) The conditions under which a petition for review shall be entertained and the manner in which it shall be disposed of.
- (f) The procedure to be followed in calling for statements or documents under clauses 12 and 14, and in entering into any permits under clause 13.
- (g) The procedure to be followed in performing any other act which is covered by any other Regulation but is considered necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Order.

16. **Penalties**—(1) If any person contravenes any of the provisions of this Order, then, without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, any Court trying the offence may order that any stock of foodgrains together with the packages and coverings thereof, in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed shall be forfeited to the Provincial Government unless for reasons recorded in writing, the Court is of the opinion that the order may not be made in respect of the whole or, as the case may be, a part of the property.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 32 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), it shall be lawful for any Magistrate of the 1st Class, specially empowered by the Provincial Government in this behalf, to pass a sentence of fine exceeding rupees one thousand on any person convicted for contravention of any of the provisions of this Order.

17. **Prosecution**—Any seizure or removal of the stock under sub-clause (1) of clause 11 of this Order, shall not be a bar to the prosecution of the assessee for contravention of this Order.

18. **Bar to suits or prosecution**—No suit shall be brought or prosecution shall lie in any Court of Law in respect of any of the provisions of this Order or of any of the Regulations made under this Order.

19. **Indemnity**—No Officer shall be liable for anything done in good faith and in discharge of his lawful duties in pursuance of the provisions of this Order.

20. The East Bengal (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1949, is hereby repealed.

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~~APPENDIX I~~

(Particulars of land)

Name of mauza. 1	Khatian No. (s). 2	Plot No. 3	Area of the plot mentioned in col. 3. 4	Area owned by me out of plot mentioned in col 3. 5	Acreage of cultivable lands. 6	Remarks. 7

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~~APPENDIX 1~~

FORM 'A'

East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1965.

(See Clause 3)

Declaration of—

Name.....
Father's/Husband's name.....
Village..... Union.....
Thana..... District.....
Holding No. in the Union assessment list.....

Total acreage of cultivable lands, owned by me

I solemnly declare that the above facts and statement made on reverse are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature
or
Thumb-impression

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Under order of Government all producers residing in the hinterland (persons owning more than 5 acres of cultivable lands in the Aman growing area of the Province) shall have to make a correct declaration in this form. Anyone failing to make this declaration or giving false or incomplete information will be liable for prosecution in the Court of Law.
2. All persons who live habitually in common mess or hold land on behalf of himself and other members of a joint undivided family irrespective of whether they mess together or not shall be considered as one producer and the total land held by them shall be declared by an adult male member of the family or a duly authorised agent who is acquainted with the full facts, regarding their cultivable lands.
3. Areas should be given in acres and decimals.
4. The declaration shall be submitted by.....(date) at the office of the Union Council or to the Enquiring Officer appointed for your village.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Received declaration in form 'A' of (Name).....
Father's/Husband's name..... Village.....
Thana..... Union.....
District.....
Date of receipt.....

BEST AVAILABLE COPY Receiving Officer.

APPENDIX 1

FORM B

Assessment list prepared under clause 5 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1965.

Name of the Thana.....Name of the Union.....

Name of the Village.....

1	2	3	4	5
Sl. No.	Sl. No. of declaration form.	Name of declarant and father's name.	Number in Union assessment list.	Total acreage of cultivable lands.

6	7	8	9	10
Signature of verifying officer.	Date of issue of notice under clause 6(1) and signature of the recipient, if present.	Result of appeal. Acreage of col. 5, as determined.	Signature of Appellate Officer with date.	Assessable acreage.

11	12	13	14	15	16
Total demand.	Signature of the Assessing Officer.	Signature of the Checking Officer.	Serial in demand register.	Initial of D. C., Food <hr/> S.C., Food	Remarks.

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~~APPENDIX 1~~

FORM 'C'

Notice under clause 6(1) of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order 1965.

Name

Father's or husband's name

Village.....

Police Station

District

Government propose to assess you to payment of demand in Aman paddy during.....on your cultivable land, of which the area has been recorded as acres.

If you have any objection to the above particulars, you may file an appeal to an authorised officer at.....by the.....

Signature of Authorised Officer.

FORM 'D'

C.S.D./L.S.D Office of the D.C.F./S.C.F.

Serial No.

Assessment List No. District

No. Date

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FINAL DEMAND NOTICE

[Under clause 8 (1) of the East Pakistan (Procurement) of Food grains Order, 1965.]

To—Mr

Village.....P.S.....District

You have been assessed.....mds. of Aman paddy for the year
.....under East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1965

You are hereby called upon to deliver the said assessed quota of Aman paddy
to.....C.S.D./L.S.D. by.....Failure to deliver
the paddy by that date will make you liable to prosecution and the penalties
under the said Order.

Signature
D.C., Food
S.C., Food.

By order of the Governor,
Y.A. KHAN,
Secretary to the Government
East Pakistan.

GOVERNMENT OF EAST PAKISTAN
DIRECTORATE OF PROCUREMENT, DISTRIBUTION AND RATIONING
NOTIFICATIONS

No. 923-PD.—27th October 1965—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1965, I hereby authorise the Officers mentioned in column I of the Schedule below to appoint Enquiring Officers under sub-clause (9) of clause 2 of the said Order in the areas noted in column II of the Schedule:

Schedule	
I	II
Designation of Officers.	Areas.
Subdivisional Officers	Within their respective jurisdictions.

No. 924-PD.—27th October 1965—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1965, I hereby authorise the Officers mentioned in column I of the Schedule below to perform all the functions of the Director under clause 8 of the said Order in the areas specified in column II of the Schedule:

Schedule]	
I	II
Designation of Officers.	Areas.
District Controllers of Food/Subdivisional Controllers of Food.	Within their respective jurisdictions.

No. 925-PD.—27th October 1965—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1965, I hereby authorise all Deputy Commissioners of the districts of East Pakistan, to exercise the powers of Director under sub-clause (15) of the said clause 2 in their respective jurisdictions.

No. 926-PD.—27th October 1965—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clauses (1) and (2) of clause 3 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order 1965, I hereby issue the following directions:

- (i) that a list of all producers in a village/villages shall be prepared in respect of their cultivable lands in the Aman growing areas of the province of East Pakistan, as defined in the said Order.
- (ii) that the above list shall be prepared only in respect of the acreage of the cultivable lands for growing paddy and all other seasonal crops, owned by him during the year 1965-66, commencing from the 1st March, 1965 and ending on the 28th February 1966.
- (iii) that all producers living in the hinterland of the province shall make such declarations in Form 'A'.
- (iv) that the above declaration shall be submitted by the 7th November 1965 to the Enquiring Officer of the village or union in which the producers normally reside and in cases where they have lands in more than one union to the Enquiring Officer of the Union where their principal places of residence, or in case residence is in a municipal town or in other urban areas, their principal offices, are situated.

No. 927-PD.—27th October 1965—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1965, I authorise the officer mentioned in column I of the Schedule below to exercise the powers of Director under clause 10 of the said Order in the areas noted in column II of the Schedule.

Schedule	
I	II
Designation of Officers.	Areas.
District Controllers of Food	Within their respective jurisdictions.

No. 928-PD.—27th October 1965.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1965, I hereby authorise officers mentioned in column I of the Schedule below to exercise the powers of Director under sub-clauses (1) and (2) of clause 11 of the said Order in the areas noted in column II of the Schedule.

Schedule

I Designation of Officers.	II Areas.
All Officers of the Food Department of and above the rank of Inspector.	Within their respective jurisdictions.

No. 930-PD.—27th October 1965.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1965, I hereby declare the following areas of the Province of East Pakistan as Aman growing areas for the purpose of sub-clause (4) of clause 2 of the said Order:

Aman Growing Areas of the Province of East Pakistan.

The whole of the Province of East Pakistan, excepting the areas covered by—

- (i) the police-stations of Sutrapur, Kotwali, Lalbagh and Ramna of Dacca district,
- (ii) the police-stations of Nikli and Khaliajuri of Mymensingh district,
- (iii) the police-stations of Kotwali of Chittagong district,
- (iv) the police-stations of Rangamati, Barkal and Lama of Chittagong Hill Tracts,
- (v) the police-station of Sulla of Sylhet district, and
- (vi) the police-station of Boalia of Rajshahi district.

MAFTOON AHMAD,
Director of Procurement, Distribution
and Rationing.

APPENDIX 1

GOVERNMENT OF EAST PAKISTAN
DIRECTORATE OF PROCUREMENT, DISTRIBUTION AND RATIONING
NOTIFICATION

No. 910-PD—26th October 1965—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clauses (1) and (2) of clause 15 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1965, published in the *Dacca Gazette, Extraordinary*, of the 25th October, 1965, under notification No. 592-FD (Int.), dated the 25th October 1965 (hereinafter referred to as 'the order'), the Director is pleased to make the following Regulations, namely:—

1. These Regulations may be called the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Regulations, 1965.

2. (1) Declaration under sub-clause (1) of clause 3 of the 'Order' shall be filed to the Enquiring Officer, specially appointed in this behalf, by a producer in person or through an adult male member of his family or a duly authorised agent acquainted with the full facts regarding his cultivable lands. The declaration of a producer not resident within the union in which it is to be filed may be sent by registered post.

(2) Declaration in respect of lands situated within different unions shall be filed in separate forms for each union and all such declarations should be filed together.

(3) The declaration shall be acknowledged by the Enquiring Officer before whom it is filed, and an acknowledgement shall be handed over to the person who files the declaration and in case the declaration was sent by post, the acknowledgement shall be sent by post to the declarant.

(4) Additional slips of paper, where necessary, may be attached by the declarants under their signature/thumb impression.

3. The assessment list shall be prepared in accordance with the instructions of the Director, issued from time to time and in preparing the assessment list, the Enquiring Officer shall consult such papers and documents as are made available to him by the Director, or which the Director directs him to consult. The Enquiring Officer shall not limit his enquiries only to the cases of producers who have filed declarations but shall also make similar enquiry in respect of all producers in the union liable to be assessed according to the Order.

4. The Enquiring Officer may take the help of the Chairman and Members of the Union Councils of his area and consult them regarding acreage of the cultivable land under enquiry of a producer.

Result of the enquiry obtained shall be recorded in the assessment list in Form 'B'. The Enquiring Officer shall fill up columns 1-5 of Form 'B'.

5. Notice of assessment under sub-clause (1) of clause 6 of the Order shall be served on a producer in the following manner:—

(i) Personally by delivering or tendering a copy of the notice to the producer or in case the declaration was filed by an adult male member of his family or an authorised agent, to such member or agent, or

~~APPENDIX I~~ *Contd.*

- (ii) Where a declaration was received by post from a producer, by post, or
- (iii) Where a producer, or an adult male member or any agent cannot be found, by affixing a copy of the notice to some conspicuous part of the premises in which the producer is known to have his residence or office, and thereupon a producer shall be deemed to have been duly served with the notice.

6. (1) Appeal under sub-clause (2) of clause 6 of the Order shall be filed not later than 7 days from the date of service of notice under sub-clause (1) of the said clause to the authority at the place mentioned in that notice.

(2) The appellant shall state in his application the grounds on which the appeal has been filed. A copy of Form 'C' shall also be filed along with the memorandum of appeal.

(3) The authority receiving the memorandum of appeal under sub-rule (1) shall give notice to the appellant in which the date and place of hearing of the appeal shall be mentioned. The notice shall be handed over to the person who presents the memorandum of appeal, and in case a memorandum of appeal is received by post, it shall be sent by post to the address of the appellant given in his memorandum of appeal, and thereupon the appellant shall be deemed to have been duly informed of the date and place of hearing of his appeal.

(4) On the date fixed for hearing of the appeal, the Appellate Officer shall peruse the Forms A, B and C, relating to the producer who has filed the appeal such other papers as may be produced before him on behalf of the Director as well as the appellant and shall after hearing both parties then and there give and announce his decision. He shall record the decision of appeal together with the reasons there of in the Register of Appeal.

(5) The acreage of cultivable lands under enquiry of a producer as decided by the Appellate Officer shall also be recorded by him in Form 'B' which he shall sign. It shall also be recorded on the back of Form 'C' and attested by the Appellate Officer. Form 'C' with the decision of the appeal recorded thereon shall be handed back to the appellant after the appeal has been decided

7. (1) The officer authorised under sub-clause (1) of clause 8 of the Order shall sign the demand prepared in Form 'D' and affix his official seal on it.

(2) Demand under clause 8 of the Order shall be served on the assessee in the following manner:—

(i) personally by delivering or tendering the demand, in which case the assessee shall acknowledge receipt by signing on the back of the duplicate of the demand, or

(ii) by post under certificate of posting, or

(iii) where the assessee cannot be found, by leaving an authentic copy of the demand with some adult male member of his family or with one of his agents or officers in which case the adult male member or the agent or the officer with whom the copy is left shall acknowledge receipt by signing on the back of the duplicate of the demand, or

~~APPENDIX I Concl.~~

(iv) where neither the assessee nor an adult male member of his family nor an agent nor any of his officers can be found, by affixing an authentic copy in some conspicuous part of the premises in which the assessee is normally resident or holds his office, or is known to have last resided or held office, and thereupon the assessee shall be deemed to have been duly informed of the demand.

8. In effecting a seizure under sub-clauses (1) and (2) of clause 11 or in entering into any premises under clause 13 of the Order, an officer empowered or authorised under either of the above clauses shall not enter into any premises after the hour of sun-set and before the hour of sun-rise, and shall, before entering into any premises, give reasonable opportunity to *Pardanashin* ladies living in such premises to vacate them.

9. (1) The officer authorised to issue an order under sub-clause (2) of clause 11 of the Order shall satisfy himself that there are good and sufficient grounds for the issue of such an order. He shall record the information received, the result of his enquiry, if any, and the reasons for his issuing an order under the said sub-clause.

(2) An order issued under sub-clause (2) of clause 11 of the Order shall be signed by and bear the seal of the office of, the officer authorised to issue such order.

10. (1) No petition for review under clause 10 of the Order shall be entertained unless at least 1/3rd of the demand under clause 8 is delivered within the time specified in sub-clause (2) of that clause.

(2) A fee of Rs. 7.50 shall also be payable by each producer filing a petition for review under clause 10. The fee shall be paid in cash to the treasury. Receipts for delivery as specified under sub-rule (1) of this rule and the treasury chalan shall be attached to the petition for review.

(3) The Reviewing Officer shall fix a date for the hearing of the petition for review and communicate in to the petitioner.

(4) In disposing of the petition for review, the Reviewing Officer may hold local enquiry or cause it to be held by such other officer as he may consider necessary.

(5) On receipt of the petition for review the Reviewing Officer, if he is satisfied may order for the suspension of the delivery of the balance of the demand till the final disposal of the petition.

(6) The balance adjudicated by the Reviewing Officer as payable shall be delivered within 10 days from the date of the final order disposing of the petition for review.

MAFTOON AHMAD,

Director of Procurement, Distribution and
Rationing.

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APPENDIX I

GOVERNMENT OF EAST PAKISTAN
SERVICES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT

General Administration Branch

SECTION I

No. GAI-396/65-1735(17), dated Dacca, the 29th October, 1965.

FROM—HASAN TURAB ALI, ESQR., C.S.P.,
Additional Chief Secretary to the Government of East Pakistan.

TO—THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,.....

Subject: Implementation of the 'Policy for Internal Procurement out of 1965-66 Aman crop'.

You must have received Chief Secretary's Circular No. 585(17)-FD(Int), dated the 27th October, 1965, in which a broad outline of the above scheme was indicated. You will find therein that a time schedule has been prescribed for completing various stages of work involved in the assessment.

2. The last date for the submission of declarations by the producers is 7th November, 1965. So the declaration forms are required to be made available at the Union Council offices immediately for issue to the declarants free of cost. These forms are being rushed to the respective Subdivisional Controllers of Food by Special messengers. Most expeditious arrangements are needed to make them available to the Union Council Offices.

3. The declaration will be received in the Tahsil Office of the Union where the declarant resides. The names and addresses of the respective declarants will be recorded by the Tahsildar serially in registers to be maintained Unionwise and he will obtain the signature or thumb-impression of the declarant concerned against the appropriate entry. A receipt should be issued to the declarant in token of his having deposited the declaration. The declarations must be arranged serially Unionwise by the Tahsildars and handed over to the respective Enquiring Officer against clear receipt when he visits the area for enquiry.

4. The Subdivisional Officers have been empowered by a notification to appoint Enquiring Officers at the Union level. Government have decided that the services of the following officers should be placed at the disposal of the Subdivisional Officers for appointment as Enquiring Officers:—

- (1) Thana Inspector of Food.
- (2) Thana Agriculture Officers.
- (3) Thana Co-operative Officer.
- (4) Thana Education Officer.
- (5) Thana Fishery Officer.
- (6) Revenue Circle Inspector/Revenue Circle Officer.

One such officer may be placed in-charge of one or more unions depending on the size of the union, number of declarants in a union and number of officers available for the purpose. Appointment of Enquiring officers should be made immediately.

5. The Subdivisional Officers should immediately convene meetings of Enquiring Officers, Union Agriculture Assistants and Union Council Chairman or their representatives at two or three convenient places, in consultation with the Subdivisional Controllers of Food, where the scheme and various stages of its implementation should be explained. This opportunity may also be utilised for distributing the declaration forms to various Union Councils, unless the forms have been distributed already.

6. Enquiring Officers should contact the Tahsildars daily for collecting the declaration forms and take up the enquiries immediately thereafter with a view to completing them by the prescribed date. On completion of enquiries the Enquiring Officers will have to make necessary entries in Form II in respect of the declarants within five-mile border-belt or in Form 'B' in respect of the declarants in the hinterland. They will send the declarations along with their enquiry reports to the Subdivisional Controllers of Food from time to time, to enable them to issue necessary assessment notices.

7. The Enquiring Officers should not confine themselves only to holding of enquiries on the declarations received by them, but it is also their responsibility to ensure that others assessable under the orders cannot evade assessment by not filing declarations. They should consult Union Council Chairmen and members, leading villagers and Tahsildars to detect defaulters, if any, and submit reports to Subdivisional Controller of Food accordingly after due enquiries. Union Councils are being requested through Subdivisional Officers to start preparation of lists of all paddy producers within the border-belt and producers owning more than five acres of cultivable land in the Aman growing areas in the hinterland as notified and to make them available to the Enquiry Officers during their enquiries. Necessary instructions in this regard are issuing from the Basic Democracies and Local Government Department.

8. You have been empowered by a notification to appoint Appellate Officers at Thana level. Government have decided to place the services of the following officers at your disposal for appointment as Appellate Officers:—

- (1) Circle Officer (Development).
- (2) Circle Officer (Revenue) where available.
- (3) District Education Officer.
- (4) District Agricultural Officer.
- (5) Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

The Appellate Officers should be appointed immediately. They should be asked to acquaint themselves with the provisions of the Orders and Regulations, copies of which are being sent to the Subdivisional/District Controllers of Food for distributions.

9. The appeals will be filed at the office of the Appellate Officer of the Thana concerned specified in the assessment notice. On receipt of the appeal, the Appellate Officer will fix an early date of hearing and notify the appellant then and there and the Thana Inspector of Food and when he is not the Enquiring Officer, the Enquiring Officer concerned also. In case the Appellate Officer is not present in his office there should be instructions left with the office to take this action on his behalf. The Thana Inspector of Food should be present at such hearings with the declaration forms and connected papers including Register 'B' or Register 'II', as the case may be, to facilitate the hearing. Enquiring Officers concerned should also be present to justify their reports. Appellate Officers will record their findings and declare the same then and there and thereafter despatch the records to the Subdivisional Controllers through Inspector of Food from time to time. They will also fill in appropriate column of the register concerned.

10. The Circle Officers (Dev.) will during the period for hearing appeals, also be responsible for training of Basic Democrats regarding their duties and responsibilities. It should be ensured that they fully discharge their duties both in connection with the training and as the Appellate Officers under this Procurement Scheme. The Circle Officers (Dev.) should finalise schemes of Thana and Union Councils before 30th November, 1965, so that they can devote fuller attention to hearing appeals. They should so adjust their work that they can devote at least one week exclusively to the disposal of appeals under the Procurement Scheme.

11. The services of the Union Agricultural Assistants should be utilised for explaining the scheme to the producers, helping them in filling up the forms, and serving assessment and demand notices under instructions of the Thana Inspector of Food.

12. Notification has been issued declaring the aman growing areas in your district, copies of which are being sent by Food Department for your information and necessary action.

13. Government attach great importance to the successful implementation of this scheme. You should, therefore, take all steps to co-ordinate and supervise personally the activities of all officers engaged in these operations and keep yourself well informed about the progress of the work. Subdivisional Officers should be instructed accordingly.

H. T. ALI,
Additional Chief Secretary.

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~~APPENDIX-1~~

GOVERNMENT OF EAST PAKISTAN
FOOD DEPARTMENT

Directorate of Procurement, Distribution and Rationing, 48, Motijheel Commercial
Area, Dacca—2.

Circular No. 947(70) PD/Int. dated, 29th October, 1965.

FROM—MAFTOON AHMAD, Esq., C.S.P.,
Director of Procurement, Distribution and Rationing,

TO—(1) ALL DISTRICT CONTROLLERS OF FOOD,
(2) ALL SUBDIVISIONAL CONTROLLERS OF FOOD.

Subject: Schemes for Internal Procurement, 1966 and instruction for the implementation.

After careful consideration, the Provincial Government have fixed 2 lakh tons in terms of rice as target for Internal Procurement for 1966 and accepted the principle of procurement by compulsory levy in the 5-mile Border-belt and by selective levy in the Aman growing areas of the Province, as already intimated under confidential Memo. No.908(17)-PD/Int., dated 26th October, 1965, of this Directorate.

The operation is proposed to be implemented under 2 different schemes—one for procurement from producers residing in the 5-mile Border-belt and the other from producers, living outside this Belt. Two statutory Orders, namely, East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in the Border-belt) Order, 1965, and East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains) Order, 1965, have been promulgated to make this work possible in these respective areas. Copies of these Orders along with those of the Regulations, in respect of each of these Orders, laying down procedure for conducting the operation, and the notifications, delegating powers to different officers as published in the *Dacca Gazette Extra-ordinary*, are enclosed.

From these notifications you will find that in assessing the former class of producers, their "paddy lands" in the entire province will be taken into account, and in case of the latter type of producers, their "cultivable lands" in the Aman growing areas of the Province, so declared by the Director, will be considered for the purpose of assessment. The producers, residing in the Border belt will be assessed on the paddy lands they cultivate as owners, tenants and bargadars, irrespective of the size of their holdings; whereas, assessment of the producers, living outside the Border-belt will be done on their cultivable lands in excess of 5 acres, possessed by them as owners and tenants of the land, no question whether they let out any portion in barga or on yearly rent.

The method of assessment will also be different in the two cases. The former class of producers will have to sell to Government the entire surplus produce of their paddy lands, so determined in aman paddy after deducting their requirements for family consumption at the rate of 8 mds. for each member of the family above 3 years of age and for seeds at the rate of 1 maund per acre. The other type of producers, residing outside the Border-belt, will have to sell aman paddy at the rate of 3 maunds per acre on the excess land over 5 acres of their cultivable lands.

The procedure for conducting the operation under both these schemes will be, however, almost identical, as indicated hereinafter.

In addition to the schemes as stated above, the existing monopoly system of procurement from the major rice mills will also continue as usual. But this year, all the major rice mills of the Province will be brought under operation of this system, instead of the rice mills of the Border-belt only as at present. Necessary notification is under issue.

Voluntary procurement will continue as before.

It is the intention of the Government that by intensifying efforts, the target fixed for the year should be reached by all means.

The first phase of the operation will be to obtain declarations from them in the prescribed manner. Form I has been prescribed as the declaration form for the producers living in the Border-belt and Form A for those living in the hinterland and possessing cultivable lands in the Aman growing areas more than 5 acres. The producers in the Border-belt shall have to declare their total acreage of paddy lands in the province along with those let out or held in barga. They will have to furnish the names of their family members above 3 years of age. The producers living in the hinterland and owing more than 5 acres of cultivable land in the Aman growing areas of the province shall have to declare all their cultivable lands in the Aman growing areas of the province. Declaration Forms will be available free of cost from the Local Union Council Offices and the declaration will have to be filed by the producers in the Tashil offices of the respective Unions where the declarants reside or where their principal offices are located.

The declarations will be enquired into by Enquiring Officers to be appointed by the Subdivisional Officers out of the following categories of Officers : (i) Thana Inspector of Food, (ii) Thana Agricultural Officer, (iii) Thana Co-operative Officer, (iv) Thana Education Officer, (v) Thana Fishery Officer and (vi) Revenue Circle Inspector/Revenue Circle Officer. Each of these Officers will be earmarked for a particular Union or Unions by the Subdivisional Officer. The Enquiring Officers will also hold enquiries to detect producers who did not submit declarations as required under any of these Orders. They will also verify the lands of such defaulting producers.

For this, they should consult Union Council Chairman and Members, Tahsildars and leading members of the public. They will collect and consult the lists of producers, prepared by the Union Councils under instructions of the Subdivisional Officers.

Union Agricultural Assistants should not be utilised as Enquiring Officers. They should, however, explain the scheme to the producers within their respective jurisdictions and help them to fill up the forms. Their assistance should also be taken for serving assessment and demand notices under instructions of the Inspectors of Food. Tahsildars will receive the declarations and enter them in a register to be kept for the purpose. Signature and thumb-impression of the declarants should be obtained in the appropriate column of the Register.

Enquiry will start simultaneously with the receipt of declarations. The Enquiry Officers should keep contact with the Tashil Offices and obtain the declarations relating to his *elaka* for the purpose of undertaking enquiries.

After verification, the Enquiring Officers will report the actual acreage and in case of the Border-belt area, also the number of the family members and other informations relevant for the purpose of assessment, to the respective Subdivisional Controller, Food, of the area, who will prepare an assessment list in Form II in respect of the Border-belt and Form 'B' of the Hinterland.

The Subdivisional Controller, Food, will then issue an assessment notice upon the producers on the actual acreage of land, and also on the assessable surplus stocks of paddy in respect of the producers in the Border-belt area, upon which assessment is proposed to be made. The assessment notice will be issued in Form III in Border-belt and in Form 'C' in the Hinterland.

Types of assessment will be different in the Border-belt and in the Hinterland.

In the Border-belt during the previous years the surplus stocks of substantial producers used to be mopped up after allowing them to retain their requirements for seeds, consumption, etc. Assessments were then made on the stocks available with the producers. The drawback of this system was that the producers could disperse their stocks to evade due assessment. In order to eliminate any scope for such evasion, assessment will now be made on the basis of the yield of the entire paddy lands of these producers. After allowing them to retain their due requirement for family consumption and seeds, the entire surplus yield will be taken away from them. For calculation of such surplus stocks, assessment of yield per acre in the province, or in any particular area of the province, will be decided by Subdivisional Officer in consultation with District Agriculture Officer.

In the Hinterland, on the other hand, assessment will be made on the basis of 3 mds. per acre of cultivable lands owned by the producers in excess of 5 acres anywhere in Aman growing areas of the Province.

Assessment notice should be issued by the Subdivisional Controller, Food, as and when enquiry reports are received. After receiving an assessment notice, if a producer has any objection against the assessment, he may file an objection petition within a specified date to the Appellate Officer, as indicated in the assessment notice. The objection will be heard by a gazetted officer to be appointed by the Deputy Commissioner as Appellate Officer for hearing such cases. The Appellate Officers will be appointed from the following categories of officers:—

1. Circle Officer, Development.
2. Circle Officer, Revenue, where available.
3. District Education Officer.
4. District Agriculture Officer.
5. Assistant Registrar, Co-operative Societies.

Appeals should be filed in the offices of the Appellate Officers.

Appellate Officer will fix the dates of hearing on receipt of the appeal petition and intimate the place and time of hearing to the appellants then and there as well as to the Enquiry Officers concerned who conducted the enquiries and the respective Thana Inspectors of Food if they were not the Enquiring Officers, who should be present in all cases of hearing of appeals.

After hearing the appeal, the Appellate Officer will give his findings in writing, which will be forwarded to the respective Subdivisional Controller of Food. The Subdivisional Controller, Food, will then, on the basis of the said findings issue demand notices in Form IV for Border-belt and in Form 'D' for Hinterland, upon the producers to deliver stocks within a fixed date at purchasing centres to be mentioned in the notices.

There is also provision for review of the demand in the orders for which petition will be entertained only after 1/3rd of the demand has been delivered and a fee of Rs.7.50 deposited into the treasury. Review cases will be heard by the District Controllers of Food.

Moreover the District Controller of Food in course of his usual tour will review cases, where no appeal has been preferred, and where appeal has been accepted partly or wholly in order to satisfy himself that the assessment has been made correctly as per Government orders and instructions and that there had been no wrong assessment.

The Subdivisional Controllers of Food will be the principal officers to implement the Schemes right from the stage of distribution of forms, enquiry, assessment, issue of demand notices, appeal, review, etc., and up to final procurement of the demand.

This in short will give an idea of the Scheme for internal procurement during the next year and the procedure to implement it. From the time-table as given in the above mentioned memo. it will be evident that time at our disposal is extremely short and to achieve the target it is needless to emphasise that a concerted all-out drive by officers and men at all the levels of the work is essential.

You are, therefore, asked to intensify your effort and put in your best to make this operation of great national importance a success. Requirements of officers of other Departments for conducting the operation should be immediately worked out by you in consultation with the respective Deputy Commissioners and the Subdivisional Officers who should be requested to make the services of the officers of other Departments available for the work of enquiry and hearing of appeals in their respective jurisdictions.

In this connection, your attention is drawn to Chief Secretary's Circular No.585(17)-FD (Int.), dated 27th October, 1965, and Additional Chief Secretary's Circular No. GAI-396/65-1735, dated 29th October, 1965, addressed to the Deputy Commissioners, in which valuable instructions have been furnished regarding this and many other important points related with the operation.

MAFTOON AHMAD, C.S.P.,

*Director of Procurement, Distribution and
Rationing, Food Dept., Dacca.*

GOVERNMENT OF EAST PAKISTAN

FOOD DEPARTMENT

Eden Buildings, Dacca.

No. 629(17)-FD (Int.), dated the 8th November, 1965.

FROM—Y. A. KHAN, ESQR.,
Secretary to the Government of East Pakistan,

TO—ALL DEPUTY COMMISSIONERS.

Subject—Implementation of the 'Policy for Internal Procurement out of 1965-66 Aman crop'.

Reference—Para. 4 of the circular letter No. GAI-396/65-1735(17), dated 29-10-65, issued to Deputy Commissioners by the A. C. S., S. & G. A. Department.

Proposals are being received from Deputy Commissioners to appoint other categories of Thana level officers as Enquiring Officers because they feel that the verification work cannot be completed in many Thanas where there are large number of Unions within the short time prescribed for the purpose with the help of limited number of officers approved by the Government.

2. One Deputy Commissioner has suggested that the following officers may also be employed as Enquiring Officers for the purpose of verification of declarations and for detecting large producers who deliberately do not file declarations:—

- (1) Thana Family Planning Officer.
- (2) Inspector of Agricultural Development Corporation.
- (3) Inspector, Malaria Eradication.
- (4) Thana Animal Husbandry Officer.
- (5) Subdivisional Agricultural Officer.

3. The Additional Chief Secretary, Services and General Administration Department, considered the proposal and passed the following orders—

"Consulted Additional Secretary, Health. He felt that Family Planning Officer and Inspector, Malaria Eradication, may better be left out as in the former case Centre is concerned and in the latter W. H. O. In respect of these two we may say that they may be employed only in those areas in which the work cannot be managed without them.

Consulted Chairman, Agricultural Development Corporation. He said that the Inspector of Agricultural Development Corporation will have to look after sale of fertilisers from stores and that in districts where the work of sale of fertilisers is being taken over now, such as Dacca, they cannot possibly work as Enquiring Officers but he agreed that in Chittagong, part of Mymensingh, Bogra, Noakhali and Comilla it may be possible for them to take up a few enquiries, i.e., on part-time basis and not too far away from their headquarters and not in areas where very heavy sale of fertiliser is going on such as boro growing areas or heavy rabi cultivation areas.

As regards Thana Animal Husbandry Officer and Subdivisional Agricultural Officer I consulted Agriculture Secretary who has no objection provided appeals from decisions of Subdivisional Agricultural Officers are heard by District Agricultural Officers.

Sd. H. TORAB ALI,

6-11-65."

This is circulated for your information. Subdivisional Officers may be instructed accordingly.

Y. A. KHAN,

*Secretary to the Government of
East Pakistan.*

GOVERNMENT OF EAST PAKISTAN.

FOOD DEPARTMENT

Directorate of Procurement, Distribution and Rationing, East Pakistan

NOTIFICATION

No. 1149-PD/Int./1P-2/65—22nd November 1965—In exercise of the powers conferred on me under sub-clause (3) of clause 2 of the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in the Border-Belt) Order, 1965, I hereby authorise the officers mentioned in column I of the schedule below to perform all the functions of the Director under sub-clause (1) (b) of clause 5 of the said Order in the areas specified in column II of the said schedule :

The Schedule.

Column I.	Column II.
Designation of the officers.	Areas.
All Subdivisional Officers	Within their respective jurisdictions.

S. O. RAHMAN,

Director of Procurement, Distribution and Rationing, Food Department, Dacca.

GOVERNMENT OF EAST PAKISTAN

FOOD DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

No. 648-FD (Int.)—15th November 1965—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the East Pakistan Control of Essential Commodities Act, 1956 (East Pakistan Act I of 1956), the Governor is pleased to make the following amendments in the East Pakistan (Procurement of Foodgrains in the Border-belt) Order, 1965, issued under Order No. 591-FD (Int.), dated the 25th October 1965, and published in the *Dacca Gazette, Extra-ordinary*, of the same date, Part I, pages 2111-2120 :

Amendments.

In the said Order—

- (1) In clause 3, for the word "Director" occurring in the first line, substitute the word "Direction".
- (2) In sub-clause (5) of clause 3, for the word "Order" occurring in the second line, substitute the word "order".
- (3) In clause 4, for the word "Chairman" occurring in the third line, substitute the word "Chairmen".
- (4) In sub-clause (2) of clause 10, for the words "modified or confirmed", occurring in the third line, substitute the words "modify or confirm".
- (5) From sub-clause (2) of clause 11, delete the words "Extension of delivery date," occurring in the first line.
- (6) In clause 12, for the word "documents" occurring in the first line, substitute the word "document".
- (7) In sub-clause (1) of clause 15, for the word "regulations" occurring in the first line, substitute the words "Regulations".

[Published in the Bangladesh Gazette, Extra., Part I, dated November, 7, 1974]

MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES

ORDER

Dacca, the 6th November 1974.

No. S. R. O. 84-L/74-571-MFCS/X—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Control of Essential Commodities Act, 1956 (E.P. Act I of 1956), and in supersession of the East Pakistan Cordoning Order, 1958, published under the Food Department Notification No. 10932-FD, dated the 5th December, 1958, the Government is pleased to make the following Order namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bangladesh Cordoning Order, 1974.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, direct.

2. No person shall move the commodities specified in Schedule I below from any place within any area specified in column 1 of Schedule II below to any place outside that area except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of any of the officers specified respectively against each such area in column 2 of Schedule II:

Provided that no such permit shall be required for the movement by air, rail, road or river transport as personal luggage of any quantity of the said commodities not exceeding three seers in weight at any one time.

3. Any person authorised in this behalf by the Government may, with a view to securing compliance of this Order:—

(a) stop and search any person or any vessel found in inland waterways, or any vehicle used or capable of being used for the transport of a commodity or commodities specified in Schedule I:

(b) enter upon and search any place:

(c) seize any commodity in respect of which he has reason to believe that a contravention of this Order has been, is being, or is about to be committed and thereafter take all measures necessary for securing the production of the commodity so seized in a Court, and for its safe custody pending such production.

4. If any person contravenes any provision of this Order then without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, any Court trying the offence shall Order that any stock of foodgrains together with the packages and coverings thereof in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed, shall be forfeited to Government, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of the opinion that the order should not be made in respect of the whole or, as the case may be, a part of the property.

Schedule I.

- (1) Rice husked.
- (2) Rice in the husk (paddy).

Schedule II.

Areas.	Officers.
1	2
(1) The District of Dinajpur considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Food, Rajshahi and the District Controller of Food, Dinajpur within their respective jurisdiction.
(2) The District of Rangpur considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Food, Rajshahi and the District Controller of Food, Rangpur within their respective jurisdiction.
(3) The District of Bogra considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Food, Rajshahi and the District Controller of Food, Bogra within their respective jurisdiction.
(4) The District of Rajshahi considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Food, Rajshahi and the District Controller of Food, Rajshahi within their respective jurisdiction.
(5) The District of Kushtia considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Food, Rajshahi and the District Controller of Food, Kushtia within their respective jurisdiction.
(6) The District of Jessore considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Food, Barisal and the District Controller of Food, Jessore within their respective jurisdiction.
(7) The District of Khulna considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Food, Barisal and the District Controller of Food, Khulna within their respective jurisdiction.
(8) The District of Bakerganj considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Food, Barisal and the District Controller of Food, Barisal within their respective jurisdiction.
(9) The District of Patuakhali considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Food, Barisal and the District Controller of Food, Patuakhali within their respective jurisdiction.

[Published in the Bangladesh Gazette, Extraordinary, dated November 15, 1974.]

MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES

Dacca, the 13th November 1974

No. S.R.O. 110-L/74/11-MFCS/XV.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Foodgrains (Disposal and Acquisition) Order, 1948 and in supersession of notification No. 596-MFCS/X, dated the 12th November 1973, the Government is pleased to direct that the maximum prices of Aman rice and paddy, including Irri-20, in respect of which an order has been issued under the said paragraph shall be as follows;

Per maund.

(i) Paddy	.. ..	Taka 74.00
(ii) Rice (par boiled)—		
(a) Medium (milled and dhenki)	.. ..	Taka 120.00
(b) Coarse (milled and dhenki)	.. ..	Taka 118.00

Explanation—(1) The prices fixed above are for fair average quality of paddy and rice for which limits of tolerance will be as specified in Schedule I.

(2) Paddy and rice which are below fair average quality will be subject to deductions in price in accordance with rates as specified in Schedule II.

(3) For calculation of "Batta" percentage of defective grains or other refractable items below 0.5 per cent. is to be ignored and 0.5 per cent. and above is to be reckoned as 1 per cent.

(4) Standard weight of a maund for the purpose of the notification means a maund of 40 seers and a seer is equal to 80 tolas.

(5) The above prices are for direct delivery to Government godown.

SCHEDULE I

[(A) PADDY]

Free Tolerance Limits of Refractable items for paddy (F.A. Q.)

1. Admixture of coarse and medium grains 9 per cent.
2. Moisture content 12 per cent.
3. Foreign matters (such as dust, sand silica, straw, wild seeds, chuff and husk), 1.5 per cent.
4. Damaged, off-coloured, heated and immature grains. 0.5 per cent.

[(B) RICE (PAR BOILED)]

Free Tolerance Limits of Refractable Items for Rice (F.A.Q.).

1. Admixture of coarse and medium grains .. 10 per cent.
2. Moisture content 13 per cent.
3. Pins and points (below 1/4th size) .. 3 per cent.
4. Broken (below 3/4th size down to 1/4th size) 17 per cent.
5. Under-milled grains 5 per cent.
6. Under-boiled grains 3 per cent.
7. Over-boiled heated grains 2 per cent.
8. Husk and brans 0.5 per cent.
9. Paddy content 0.5 per cent.
10. Damaged, off-coloured and dead grains .. 0.5 per cent.

SCHEDULE II

(A) RATES OF DEDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF PADDY BELOW FAIR AVERAGE QUALITY.

(1) Deduction for admixture of coarse and medium paddy grains.

Percentage of admixture.	Rate of deduction (per maund).
Above 9 per cent. and up to 15 per cent.	Taka 0.70
Above 15 per cent. and up to 20 per cent.	Taka 1.05
Above 20 per cent. and up to 25 per cent.	Taka 1.40
Above 25 per cent. and up to 35 per cent.	Taka 1.75
Above 35 per cent. and up to 50 per cent.	Taka 2.60

(The above rates are total and not additional.)

(2) Deduction on excess moisture content.

Percentage of moisture content.	Rate of deduction (per maund).
Above 12 per cent. and up to 13 per cent.	Taka 0.75
Above 13 per cent. and up to 14 per cent.	Taka 1.50
Above 14 per cent.	Rejection.

(The above rates are total and not additional.)

(3) Deduction for foreign matters (such as dust, sand, straw, silica, chaff, wild seed and husk).

Percentage of foreign matters.	Rate of deduction (per maund).
Above 1.5 per cent. and up to 3 per cent. ..	Taka 0.75 for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 3 per cent. and up to 5 per cent. ..	Taka 1.13 for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 5 per cent. ..	Rejection.

(Det cted, percentage of defect falling in slab, *minus* free allowance, shall be subject to "Batta" deduction at the rate prescribed for that slab.)

(4) Deduction for damaged, off-coloured, heated and immatured grains.

Percentage.	Rate of deduction (per maund).
Above 0.5 per cent. and up to 1 per cent. ..	Taka 0.75
Above 1 per cent. and up to 3 per cent. ..	Taka 1.13 for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 3 per cent. ..	Rejection.

(Detected percentage of defect falling in a slab, *minus* free allowance shall be subject to "Batta" deduction at the rate prescribed for that slab.)

(B) RATES OF DEDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF RICE BELOW FAIR AVERAGE QUALITY.

(1) Deduction for admixture of coarse and medium rice grains.

Percentage of admixture.	Rate of deduction (per maund).
Above 10 per cent. ..	Taka 0.50 for every additional 1 per cent.

(2) Deduction for excess moisture content.

Percentage of moisture content.	Rate of deduction (per maund).
Above 13 per cent. and up to 14 per cent. ..	Taka 1.20
Above 14 per cent. ..	Rejection.

(3) Deduction for pins and points.

Percentage of pins and points (below $\frac{1}{4}$ th size.)	Rate of deduction (per maund).
Above 3 per cent. and up to 6 per cent. ..	Taka 1.20 for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 6 per cent.	Rejection.

(4) Deduction for brokens.

Percentage of brokens (below $\frac{1}{4}$ th size down to $\frac{1}{4}$ th size grains).	Rate of deduction (per maund).
Above 17 per cent. and up to 25 per cent. ..	Taka 0.50 for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 25 per cent. and up to 30 per cent. ..	Taka 1.00 for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 30 per cent.	Rejection.

(Detected percentage of defect falling in a slab, *minus* free allowance, shall be subject to "Batta" deduction at the rate prescribed for that slab.)

(5) Deduction for under-milled grains.

(Rice grains having 3 or 4 red brownish streaks are be treated as under-milled grains.)

Percentage of under-milled grains.	Rate of deduction (per maund).
Above 5 per cent. and up to 10 per cent. ..	Taka 0.50 for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 10 per cent.	Rejection.

Note—In case of milling of Government paddy if percentage of under-milled rice is noticed higher than 10 per cent., the stock shall be re-polished by the miller and delivered after reassessment.

(6) Deduction for under-boiled grains.

Percentage of under-boiled grains.	Rate of deduction, (per maund).
Above 3 per cent. and up to 7 per cent. ..	Taka 0.50 for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 7 per cent. and up to 10 per cent. ..	Taka 1.00 for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 10 per cent.	Rejection.

(Detected percentage of defect falling in a slab, *minus* free allowance, shall be subject to "Batta" deduction at the rate prescribed further slab.)

Note—Sight white-boiled grains should be ignored.

(7) Deduction for over-boiled and heated grains.

Percentage.	Rate of deduction, (per maund).
Above 2 per cent. and up to 5 per cent. ..	Taka 0.60 for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 5 per cent. and up to 10 per cent. ..	Taka 1.20 for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 10 per cent.	Rejection.

(Detected percentage of defect falling in a slab, *minus* free allowance, shall be subject to "Batta" deduction at the rate prescribed for that slab.)

Note—Sprinkling of slightly discoloured grains shall be ignored when free from bad odour.

(8) Deduction for husk and brans.

Percentage of husk and brans.	Rate of deduction (per maund).
Above 0.5 per cent. and up to 1.5 per cent. ..	Taka. 1.20
Above 1.5 per cent.	Rejection.

Note—In case of rice from Government paddy, the husk and brans when in excess of 1.5 per cent. shall be removed by the miller and accepted after necessary reassessment.

(9) Deduction of paddy content.

Percentage of paddy content.	Rate of deduction (per maund).
Above 0.5 per cent. and up to 2 per cent. ..	Taka 1.20 for every additional 1 per cent.
Above 2 per cent.	Rejection.

(10) Deduction for damaged, off-coloured and dead grains.

Percentage.	Rate of deduction, (per maund).
Above 0.5 per cent. and up to 1 per cent. ..	Taka 0.60.
Above 1 per cent. and up to 12 per cent. ..	Taka 1.20.
Above 2 per cent.	Rejection.

(The percentage of defect falling in a slab, *minus* free allowance, shall be subject to "Batta" deduction at the rate prescribed for that slab.)

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- ৩১ -

- ৮। সকল আঞ্চলিক খাদ্য নিয়ন্ত্রক।
- ৯। সকল জেলা খাদ্য নিয়ন্ত্রক।
- ১০। সকল থানা নির্বাহী অফিসার।
- ১১। সকল মহকুমা খাদ্য নিয়ন্ত্রক।
- ১২। সকল চলচল ও সংরক্ষণ কর্মকর্তা।
- ১৩। খাদ্য প্রধান (পিলি) খাদ্য বিভাগ, ঢাকা।

[Signature]
(মোঃ আলতাফ হোসেন)
খাদ্য প্রধান
খাদ্য বিভাগ।

নং : ৩২২/২/৩৮০(১০০) খাদ্য/এস-২/১এফ-২০/৮০ তারিখ : ২৭-৬-৮০

পুষ্টিমাত্র সদয় অবগতির জন্য অনুলিপি প্রেরণ করা যাবে যথেষ্ট :-

- ১। সকল বিভাগীয় কমিশনারসহ।
- ২। সকল জেলা প্রশাসক।
- ৩। সকল মহকুমা প্রশাসক।

[Signature]
(মোঃ আলতাফ হোসেন)
খাদ্য প্রধান (সরবরাহ)-
ফোন নং : ৩৪৫০

প্রাপ্ত
২৭-৬-৮০।।

তাল সংগ্রহের জন্য সংশ্লিষ্ট কর্তৃকর্তা/কর্মচারীকে প্রেরণিত সন্ধানী/পুলসার প্রদানের ব্যবস্থা করা হইবে।

৬। বর্তমান সরকারী গুদামগুলিকে অন্য কেন্দ্র হিসাবে ব্যবহার করিতে হইবে। যে সব এলাকায় সরকারী গুদাম নাই, কিন্তু উল্লেখযোগ্য পরিমাণ ধান/শাউল সংগ্রহ হওয়ার সম্ভাবনা আছে, সেই সব এলাকায় জেলা প্রশাসক/উপ-জেলা নির্বাহী অফিসারের সুপারিশসহ, খাদ্য মহা পরিষদের অনুমোদনক্রমে, জেলা খাদ্য নিয়ন্ত্রক কর্তৃক স্থায়ী অন্য কেন্দ্র খোলা হইবে। কোন এলাকায় এইরূপ অন্য কেন্দ্র স্থাপনের পূর্বে সেই এলাকার ফসলের অবস্থা, উৎপাদন ধান এবং শাউলের পরিমাণ, খাদ্যমধ্য পরিবহনের ব্যবস্থা এবং উৎপাদনকারীদের মুহূর্ত হইতে অন্য কেন্দ্রের দুরত্ব ইত্যাদি বিবেচনা করিতে হইবে। অধিক উৎপাদন এলাকায় প্রয়োজনবোধে একাধিক অন্য কেন্দ্র খোলা যাইতে পারে।

৭। সুবি ব্যাংকসহ রাষ্ট্রায়ত্ত্ব ব্যাংকগুলি বরাবরের মত শ্রেণি এজেন্ট হিসাবে ধান/শাউলের মূল্য বিক্রয়ক্রমে প্রদান করিবেন এবং সেই জন্য একমত টাকায় ৭৫ (পঁচাত্তর) গম্মা হিসাবে কমিশন পাইবেন।

কোন অন্যকেন্দ্রের আশে পাশে অথবা হাট বাজারে ব্যাংকের কোন পাখা না থাকিবার কারণে যদি পে-বুথ (Paying booth) খোলার বিশেষ প্রয়োজন হয় তবে সেই সব অন্য কেন্দ্রের জন্য খাদ্য মহা পরিষদের লিখিত অনুমোদন পাইলে খাদ্য মন্ত্রনালয়ের/বাংলাদেশ ব্যাংক পে-বুথ (Paying booth) স্থাপনের ব্যবস্থা করিবে। খাদ্য মন্ত্রনালয়ের অনুমোদনক্রমে সম্ভাব্য সকল হাট/ বাজারে এবং উপকূলী এলাকায় জায়গান অন্য কেন্দ্র খোলা হইবে। এ বিষয়ে রাষ্ট্রায়ত্ত্ব ব্যাংকগুলি প্রয়োজনীয় সহযোগিতা করিবে।

৮। সংস্থায়িত ধান/শাউল গুদাম, স্টোভার্নী ও গুদামে উঠানো মাথারের কাজ প্রচলিত হারে পরিপ্রথিতের নিয়মে বর্তমানে নিয়োজিত প্রমুখ তিসাদার করিবেন। সের্বত গুদামে প্রমুখ তিসাদার নাই, সেই সব গুদামের জন্য জেলা প্রশাসক/উপ-জেলা নির্বাহী অফিসার দ্বারা প্রমুখ তিসাদার করিয়া প্রমুখ তিসাদার নিযুক্ত করিতে পারিবেন। কৃষকদের সুবিধার্থে প্রতিটি স্থায়ী/অস্থায়ী অন্য কেন্দ্রে তাহাদের নিকট হইতে খোলা ধান/শাউল সরাসরি অন্য করিয়া গুদামকারী ধরনে স্টোভার্নী ও গুদামস্থিত করা যাইবে এবং কৃষককে তাহাদের উৎপাদন ধান/শাউল সরাসরি অন্য কেন্দ্রে বিক্রয় করার জন্য সর্বসম্মতভাবে উৎসাহিত করিতে হইবে।

৯। মিল সেট অন্য প্রথা চালু থাকিবে। তবে যে সব মিল মালিক তাহাদের নিকট প্রাপ্য ধান/শাউল হিসাব সুঝাইয়া দেন নাই তাহাদের সহিত নতুন কোন চুক্তি অথবা সেই সব মিল সেটে অন্য করা চলিবে না।

১০। আনন ধান/শাউল সংগ্রহ অতিমানে কোন খাদ্যমধ্য সংগ্রহকারী এজেন্ট (এ, ডি, ডি) থাকিবে না কেনন তাৎ পার্বত্য স্ট্রীটের রাংগালাটি, খাণ্ডাছড়ি এবং বালুঘর জেলায় এ, ডি, ডি নিয়োগ করা যাইতে পারে। তাহারা সংগ্রহ কাজের জন্য মণ প্রতি ৭৫ (পঁচাত্তর) গম্মা হারে কমিশন পাইবে।

১১। সকল অন্য কেন্দ্রে সংগ্রহ অতিমানে নিয়োজিত সরকারী কর্মচারী, ইউনিয়ন পরিষদ ও উপ-জেলা খাদ্য উৎপাদন কমিটিগুলি তাহাদের কর্তব্য সুষ্ঠুভাবে নাল্য করিতে হইবে। না অথবা কোন বেআইনী কার্যক্রম আচরণ করা এবং জেলা ও উপ জেলা পর্যায়ের নিয়ন্ত্রিত সংগ্রহ কাজ বাধা পর্দিত হইতে হইলে তাহারা মহা পরিষদকে, খাদ্য পরিষদের তাহা নিকিত করিবেন। ১৬ নং আব্দুল গনি রোড, ঢাকায় অবস্থিত খাদ্য ভবনে একটি নিয়ন্ত্রন কক্ষ চালু আছে, সেখানে জেলা খাদ্য নিয়ন্ত্রক/ধান/শাউল সংগ্রহের মাসিক জেলা ও উপ জেলা অন্য কেন্দ্রের মাসিক ধান/শাউল সংগ্রহের অঙ্গুগতি নিয়ন্ত্রিত প্রদান করিবেন।

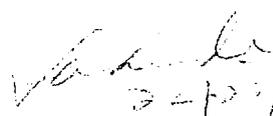
১২। সংস্থায়িত ধান/শাউল উল্লিখিত প্রাংগনে রাখা চলিবে না; এই ধান/শাউল যত্ন সহকারে গুদামস্থিত রাখা হইবে। এমত ধান/শাউল খাদ্য গুদামে নাল্য/প্রেরণী stencil করিতে হইবে।

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১। আলাদাভাবে রাখার ব্যবস্থা করিতে হইবে এবং প্রেক্ষিতে অম্যৎ সংরক্ষণের জন্য বা শিল স্টোইনোর
ব্যবস্থা রাখিতে হইবে। বিভিন্ন শালের জনিত কাজের সংরক্ষণ ও আলাদাভাবে করিতে হইবে।

২। খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়ের কর্তৃপক্ষ ও কর্তৃপক্ষী ছাড়াও অন্যান্য মন্ত্রণালয় বা স্বায়ত্বশাসিত প্রতিষ্ঠানের
দ্বারা বিদ্যুৎ কর্তৃপক্ষ ও কর্তৃপক্ষীকে আনয়ন সহ জেলা প্রশাসক, উপ-জেলা নির্বাহী অফিসার, থানা/চাউন
সহ কাজে নিয়োজিত করিতে পারিবে।

৩। এই মন্ত্রণে গণস্বাক্ষর করিয়া বিদ্যুৎ নিয়ন্ত্রণ বোর্ড (স্বাক্ষর) কর্তৃক দেওয়া হইবে।


৩-১১-৬৩
(এস, এ, মাহমুদ)
সচিব
খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়

খাদ্য(স্বাক্ষর)স্বাক্ষর-১/৬৩/১০২(১১৬৮)

তারিখ ১২-১১-৬৩ ইং

অনুশাসিত/প্রয়োজনীয় ব্যবস্থা গ্রহণের জন্য অনুলিপি প্রদান করা হইল :-

- ১। মন্ত্রণালয়/বিভাগ/স্বায়ত্বশাসিত প্রতিষ্ঠান। তাহাদের অধীনে সকল দপ্তর প্রধানকে এই মন্ত্রণে
বিদ্যুৎ নিয়ন্ত্রণ বোর্ডের জন্য অনুরোধ করা যাইতেছে।
- ২। সচিব, প্রধান মাথারিক বোর্ডের প্রধানকে সচিবালয়, ঢাকা।
- ৩। সচিব, স্থানীয় মন্ত্রণালয় (স্থানীয় বিভাগ), ঢাকা।
- ৪। সচিব, স্বাক্ষর ও পরিচালনা মন্ত্রণালয় (স্বাক্ষর বিভাগ), ঢাকা।
- ৫। মন্ত্রণালয় কর্তৃপক্ষ।
- ৬। মন্ত্রণালয়, খাদ্য। তাহাকে এই মন্ত্রণে বিদ্যুৎ নিয়ন্ত্রণ বোর্ডের দ্বারা করিতে এবং যে সকল ক্ষেত্রে
কর্তৃপক্ষী কর্তৃক আদেশ জারী হওয়া প্রয়োজন তাহার প্রত্যেক পাঠাইতে অনুরোধ করা যাইতেছে।
- ৭। মন্ত্রণালয় প্রশাসক।
- ৮। পরিচালক, সংগ্রহ পরিদপ্তর, ঢাকা।
- ৯। পরিচালক, স্থানীয় দপ্তর (স্বাক্ষর)।
- ১০। পরিচালক, স্থানীয় দপ্তর (একটোন)।
- ১১। ম্যানেজিং ডাইরেক্টর, সোনালী/স্বাক্ষর/স্বাক্ষর/জনতা/স্বাক্ষর/উত্তরা/স্থানীয় স্বাক্ষর, ঢাকা।
- ১২। মন্ত্রণালয় স্বাক্ষর-বিদ্যুৎ।
- ১৩। মন্ত্রণালয় স্বাক্ষর বিদ্যুৎ।
- ১৪। মন্ত্রণালয় উপ-জেলা নির্বাহী অফিসার।
- ১৫। মন্ত্রণালয় উপ-জেলা স্বাক্ষর কর্তৃপক্ষ।
- ১৬। মন্ত্রণালয় স্বাক্ষর এলাকা সচিব।
- ১৭। মন্ত্রণালয় অফিসার, খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়।
- ১৮। মন্ত্রণালয় অফিসার, খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়।
- ১৯। সচিব, বাংলাদেশ ব্যাংক, ঢাকা।
- ২০। উপ-প্রধান, পরিচালনা বোর্ড, খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়।
- ২১। সেকশন সচিব, খাদ্য পরিচালক ও পরিচালক, সচিবালয়, সেলুল বাগিচা, ঢাকা।
- ২২। মন্ত্রণালয় সচিব/মাথা প্রধান, খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়।


১১/১১/৬৩
(মুহুর দাবি অফিসারী)
উপ সচিব
খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়

କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସୂଚୀ
ପାଠ୍ୟ ପୁସ୍ତକ
(ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ : ୧୯୭)

(Handwritten signature)

। ପଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ ପାଇଁ ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ

~~ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ~~ (ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ ପଞ୍ଚମ) କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସୂଚୀ 'ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ ୧୯୭ 199

। କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସୂଚୀ 'ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ ୧୯୭ 169

। ପଞ୍ଚମ ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ 199

। ପଞ୍ଚମ ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ 199

। ପାଠ୍ୟ 'ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ ପଞ୍ଚମ', 'ପଞ୍ଚମ', 'ପଞ୍ଚମ', 'ପଞ୍ଚମ', 'ପଞ୍ଚମ' 199

। କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସୂଚୀ 'ପାଠ୍ୟ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ', 'ପାଠ୍ୟ ପଞ୍ଚମ 199

। (ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ) / (ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ) ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ 'ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ 199

। ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ, 'ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ ପଞ୍ଚମ 199

। ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ / ପଞ୍ଚମ 199

। ପାଠ୍ୟ 'ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ', 'ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ', 'ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ ପଞ୍ଚମ 199

। ପାଠ୍ୟ 'ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ', 'ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ', 'ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ' 199

। ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ ପଞ୍ଚମ 199

। ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ 199

। ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ 199

। କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସୂଚୀ 'ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ' 199

। କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସୂଚୀ 'ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ' 199

। ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ 199

। କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସୂଚୀ 'ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ' 199

। ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ

୧୯୭୭-୦୯-୦୯ ପଞ୍ଚମ (୧୯୯୯/୧୯୯୯/୦୯/୦୯/୧୯୯୯/୧୯୯୯/୧୯୯୯/୧୯୯୯)

କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ସୂଚୀ
ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ
(ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ)

୧୯୭୭-୦୯-୦୯
(Handwritten signature)

। ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ

ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ 199

। ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ 199

ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ

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ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ 199

গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকার
শাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়
বাংলাদেশ কচিবালয় : ঢাকা

নং শাদ্য (সস) আমর/আউন-১/৮৫/১৫২ (১০৬৬)

তারিখ ৬-১১-৮৫ ইং

সেরক : পাট, ইউ, মালিক,
মুখ্য নসিব।

- প্রাপক : ১। সকল জেলা প্রশাসক।
- ২। সকল আঞ্চলিক শাদ্য বিষয়ক।
- ৩। সকল উপ জেলা নির্বাহী কর্মকর্তা।
- ৪। সকল জেলা শাদ্য বিষয়ক।
- ৫। সকল উপ জেলা শাদ্য কর্মকর্তা।

বিষয় : ১৫৮৫-৮৬ নম্বের আওয়ামী আয়ন ধান ও চাউন সংগ্রহ।

উৎপাদনমৌসুমে কৃষকদিগকে ন্যায্য মূল্য প্রদান ও শাদ্যশস্যের বাজার দর স্থিতিশীল রাখার উদ্দেশ্যে সরকার পতীতের ন্যায্য বর্জন্য বৎসরেও দেশের সকল জেলা হইতে আমর ধান/চাউন একু করার সিদ্ধান্ত গ্রহন করিয়াছেন। এই বৎসর, মগ প্রতি ৫*০০ টাকা পরিমত বোনাস সহ প্রতি মগ ধান ও চাউনের মূল্য যথাক্রমে ১৫০*০০ টাকা (প্রতি কুইন্টাল ৪ ৫৫*৪০ টাকা) এবং ১৫৫*০০ টাকা (প্রতি কুইন্টাল ৬৮০*১৫ টাকা) ধার্য করা হইয়াছে। এই বৎসর সংগ্রহ লক্ষ্যমাণ ২,০০,০০০ (দুই লক্ষ) মেট্রিক টনে ধার্য করা হইয়াছে এবং সংগ্রহাতিমান আশাশী ১৫ই নভেম্বর হইতে আরম্ভ হইবে বলিয়া সিদ্ধান্ত করা হইয়াছে। এই সংগ্রহাতিমান সম্পর্কে সরকার নিম্নলিখিত নীতি নির্ধারণ করিয়াছেন :-

- (ক) সংগ্রহ পদ্ধতি সুসংগঠিত হইবে;
- (খ) সংগ্রহ অতিমান ১৫-১১-৮৫ ইং তারিখ হইতে শুরু হইতে পারে, যদি কোন এলাকায় অগ্রিম ফল উঠে যায় তবে ঐ তারিখের পূর্বেও সংগ্রহ করা যাইবে কিনা সেই ক্ষেত্রে ১৫-১১-৮৫ তারিখের পূর্বে নির্দিষ্ট মূল্য পরিমোধ করা যাইবে না। যে সব এলাকায় গ্রহন ফল হইয়াছে সেই সব এলাকার প্রতি অধিক মজুর দেওয়া হইবে;
- (গ) কৃষি ব্যাংক সহ ও টি স্ট্রাকচার ব্যাংক (মোনাকী ব্যাংক, বুগালী ব্যাংক, জরতা ব্যাংক ও অগ্রনী ব্যাংক) পেন্ডিং এক্কেট হিনালে কাজ করিবে এবং ইহার জন্য প্রতি ১০০*০০ টাকায় ৫% মূল্য হারে কমিশন দাইবে;
- (ঘ) বাট্টা প্রথা থাকিবে না এবং মুখু সরকার নির্ধারিত নির্ধারণ (কপি নং মুওন) মোতাবেক ধান/চাউন একু করা যাইবে;
- (ঙ) ইরি/মোরো ও গম একু করার জন্য যে সকল একু কেন্দ্র খোলা হইয়াছে সেইসকল আয়ন সংগ্রহের কাজে ব্যবহৃত হইবে। প্রয়োজনবোধে আরও অস্থায়ী/প্রায়শঃ একু কেন্দ্র খোলা যাইবে;
- (চ) সংগ্রহ অতিমানকে সাফল্যমন্ডিত করার জন্য সর্বাঙ্গিক প্রচেষ্টা চালাইতে হইবে। প্রতিটি গ্রাম, ইউনিয়ন, উপ জেলা ও জেলা পর্যায়ে গঠিত শাদ্যসংগ্রহ কমিটিগুলিকে কাজে লাগাইতে হইবে;
- (ছ) উৎপাদনকারীর ক্ষতি হইতে সরকারি নির্ধারিত মূল্য আমর ধান ও চাউন একু করা হইবে;

- <অ> ধান/আইল এরকম কৃষক সমস্যায় সমিতি এবং উদ-জমা কেন্দ্রীয় সমস্যায় সমিতি বৃহৎসংখ্যায় গঠিত করা হইবে;
- <খ> এ, সি, ডি, এম থাকিলে তা;
- <এফ> শীতালু এনালকাই মৎস্যের প্রতিষ্ঠান যোগদান করা হইবে;
- <টে> মিল লাইট এম্বু পাণ্ডিত্যঃ বহু থাকিলে।

২। যথাসময়ে আনয়ন সংগ্রহাতিষ্ঠান আরম্ভ এবং ইহাতে সাক্ষরায়িত করায় জন্য সকল পর্যায়ের কর্মকর্তাকে বিশেষভাবে অনুপ্রেরণা করা যাইতেছে। উল্লেখ্য যদি কোন এম্বু কেন্দ্রে নিম্ন ঘানের ধান/আইল এম্বু করা হয় তবে ইহার জন্য জারপ্রাপ্ত কর্মকর্তা/কর্মচারী ও বিকটতম তদারককারী কর্মকর্তা যৌথতা দায়ী থাকিবেন।

৩। জেলাওয়ারী সংগ্রহ নীতিমালা এবং সংগ্রহাতিষ্ঠান বাস্তুসংস্থানের জন্য প্রয়োজনীয় বিবেচনাকর্মী খাদ্য যথা পরিদপ্তরের যথা পরিচালক কর্তৃক অনতিবিলম্বে জারী করা হইবে।

সংযোজনী - ১ কপি

১/১১/৬৬
(আই, ইউ, মালিক)
যুগ্ম সচিব

সং (সংস)আয়ন/আইন-১/৮/১৯৬২ (১০৬৬)/১০০৪

তারিখ ৬-১১-৬৬

সমসি ও প্রয়োজনীয় ব্যবস্থা গ্রহণের জন্য অনুলিপি পাঠান হইল :-

- ১। সচিব, রাষ্ট্রপতির কার্যালয়ে, সমিতিপরিষদ বিভাগ।
- ২। সচিব, প্রধান কার্যালয় আইল প্রশাসনের কার্যালয়।
- ৩। সচিব, সুবি ও কন কলকাতায়, সুবি বিভাগ।
- ৪। সচিব, মর্ষ ও পরিচালনা প্রকল্পায়ন, মর্ষ বিভাগ, সচিব, পল্লী উন্নয়ন ও সমবায় বিভাগ।
- ৫। সকল আঞ্চলিক কার্যালয় আইল প্রশাসন।
- ৬। সকল বিভাগীয় কার্যালয়।
- ৭। যথা পরিচালক, গাজলিয়া পরিদপ্তর, ১৬, পাবনা সচিবালয়, ঢাকা।
- ৮। সীফ অফিসার, বাংলাদেশ কৃষক, হেড অফিস, ঢাকা।
- ৯। স্যারজেিং জাইন্সফোর্স, জোনাকী/মুগালা/জনতা/স্বপ্নী/সুবি ব্যাংক।
- ১০। সকল পরিচালক, খাদ্য যথা পরিদপ্তর।
- ১১। পরিচালক, সুবি পরিদপ্তর (কার্কেটিং) / (এক্সটেনশন)।
- ১২। উদ প্রণয়, পরিচালনা ও বাস্তুসংস্থান, খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়।
- ১৩। মেকশন সীফ, এফ, সি, এম, এম, কেমুর বাসি চা, ঢাকা।
- ১৪। খাদ্য মন্ত্রী মহোদয়ের একান্ত সচিব।
- ১৫। খাদ্য সচিব মহোদয়ের একান্ত সচিব।
- ১৬। বাজেট অফিসার, খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়।
- ১৭। তথ্য অফিসার, খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয় (জাহায়ে বিষয়টি সরকারী প্রচার মাধ্যমে বহুল প্রচারের ব্যবস্থা গ্রহণ করিতে অনুপ্রেরণা করা যাইতেছে।

সংযোজনী - ১ কপি

১/১১/৬৬
(স্বঃ সিরাজুল হক)
উপসচিব খাদ্য প্রশাসন

১৫-

৪২
৭৪

৯) সীমান্ত এনাদায় সংগ্রহ পঞ্জিভান জোরদার করা হইবে।

২। সংগ্রহ পঞ্জিভানকে সাহায্যপ্রস্তুত করার জন্য সকল পর্যায়ের কর্তৃপক্ষকে বিশেষভাবে অনুরোধ করা যাইতেছে। উল্লেখ্য, যদি কোন এক্ষু ভেঙ্গে নিম্নমানের গয় প্রস্তুত করা হয় তবে ইহার জন্য ভারপ্রাপ্ত কর্তৃপক্ষ/কর্মচারী ও নিনটেষন কর্মচারকর্মচারী কর্তৃপক্ষ যৌথভাবে দায়ী থাকিবেন।

৩। জেলাওয়ারী সংগ্রহ কর্মসূচী এবং সংগ্রহপঞ্জিভান বাস্তবায়নের জন্য প্রয়োজনীয় নির্দেশপত্র শীঘ্র মধ্য পরিদপ্তরের মধ্য পরিচালক কর্তৃক পত্রবিবরণে জারী করা হইবে।

৪৪২
৩-৩-৬৬
(আই, ইউ, মারিফ)
মুখ্য সচিব

সং, খান(সহ)সং-১/৮৬/৩৮(১০৬৬)/১৮০৫

তারিখ ১১-৩-৬৬ ইং

অবগতি ও প্রয়োজনীয় ব্যবস্থা গ্রহণের জন্য অনুলিপি পাঠান হইল :

- ১। সচিব, স্নায়ুপঞ্জিভান পঞ্জিভানয়, স্ক্রিপ্টপরিষদ বিভাগ।
- ২। সচিব, প্রধান সামগ্রিক আইন প্রণয়নের পঞ্জিভানয়।
- ৩। সচিব, মুষ্টি ও বন সন্দরানয়, মুষ্টি বিভাগ।
- ৪। সচিব, বর্ধ ও পরিচালনা সন্দরানয়, বর্ধ বিভাগ।
- ৫। সকল আনুষ্ঠানিক সামগ্রিক আইন প্রণয়ক।
- ৬। সকল বিভাগীয় কর্মসূচী।
- ৭। মধ্য পরিচালক, শাদ্য মধ্য পরিদপ্তর, ১৬, আবদুল গনি রোড, ঢাকা।
- ৮। সীক স্ক্রিপ্টভান, বাংলাদেশ ব্যাংক, হেড অফিস, ঢাকা।
- ৯। ম্যানেজিং ডাইরেক্টর, সোলারী/বুনালা/জনতা/স্বামী/মুষ্টি ব্যাংক।
- ১০। সকল পরিচালক, শাদ্য মধ্য পরিদপ্তর।
- ১১। পরিচালক, মুষ্টি পরিদপ্তর (সার্কেটিং)/একসেন্ট্রন।
- ১২। উপ প্রধান, পরিচালনা ও বাস্তবায়ন কোষ, শাদ্য সন্দরানয়।
- ১৩। সেকশন সীক, এফ, সি, এন, এম, সেগুন বাগিচা, ঢাকা।
- ১৪। শাদ্য সন্দী মহোদয়ের এনালু সচিব।
- ১৫। শাদ্য সচিব মহোদয়ের এনালু সচিব।
- ১৬। স্নায়ুপঞ্জিভানয়, শাদ্য সন্দরানয়।
- ১৭। তথ্য অফিসার, শাদ্য সন্দরানয় (জাহাঙ্গীর বিদ্যুটি কর্মচারী প্রচার মাধ্যমে বহুল প্রচারের ব্যবস্থা গ্রহণ করিতে অনুরোধ করা যাইতেছে)।

৪৪২
(মোঃ মিরাজুল হক)
উর্ধ্বতন পাখা প্রধান

Handwritten notes and signatures at the top of the page, including a signature that appears to be 'R. M. ...' and some illegible scribbles.

Handwritten text: (Date: ...)
Handwritten signature: ...

I hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the original as shown to me by the person named below:
(Name of person) / (Address) / (City) / (State) / (Zip)

Handwritten text: (Date: ...)
Handwritten signature: ...

I hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the original as shown to me by the person named below:
1. Name of person: ...
2. Name of person: ...
3. Name of person: ...
4. Name of person: ...
5. Name of person: ...
6. Name of person: ...
7. Name of person: ...
8. Name of person: ...
9. Name of person: ...
10. Name of person: ...
11. Name of person: ...
12. Name of person: ...
13. Name of person: ...
14. Name of person: ...

I hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the original as shown to me by the person named below:
(Name of person) / (Address) / (City) / (State) / (Zip)

Handwritten text: (Date: ...)
Handwritten signature: ...

I hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the original as shown to me by the person named below:
(Name of person) / (Address) / (City) / (State) / (Zip)

I hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the original as shown to me by the person named below:
(Name of person) / (Address) / (City) / (State) / (Zip)

I hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the original as shown to me by the person named below:

- 1. Name of person: ...
- 2. Name of person: ...
- 3. Name of person: ...
- 4. Name of person: ...

I hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the original as shown to me by the person named below:
(Name of person) / (Address) / (City) / (State) / (Zip)

Handwritten text: (Date: ...)
Handwritten signature: ...

Handwritten initials or marks at the bottom right of the page.

২০৭
১৩-১-৮৭

নং খাম(নস)স্ব-১/৮৭/৩১

তারিখ ২৫-৩-৮৭ ইং
১০-১২-৯৩ বাং

স্বাক্ষর : মহা পরিচালক,
মহা মহা পরিদপ্তর,
১৬, আবদুল মনি রোড,
ঢাকা।

নস (স্ব-১)

HC-III | ১৩/১
8/19

বিষয় : ১৯৮৭ সালের খাতনরীল গম সংগ্রহ।

মুদ্র : এম ঘন্টানম্বর ১৫-৩-৮৭ ইং তারিখের স্মারক নং খাম(স্ব)স্ব-১/৮৭/৩৭
৩০-১২-৯৩ বাং
এবং মাদ্য সচিব মহোদয়ের ২০-৩-৮৭ ইং তারিখের মৌ ক নির্দেশ।
৮-১২-৯৩ বাং

উপরোক্ত বিষয় ও মুদ্রের প্রতি সূচি আকর্ষণপূর্বক জানানো যাইতেছে যে, গত ১৫-৩-৮৭ ইং তারিখ হইতে প্রতি ঘণ ১৮০*০০ টাকা (প্রতি কুইন্টাল ৩৮২*২৫ টাকা) মূল্যে গম সংগ্রহ অভিযান শুরু করা হইয়াছিল। গম সংগ্রহ অভিযানকে সফল্যমন্ডিত করার জন্য সরকার উক্ত মূল্য ২০-৩-৮৭ ইং তারিখ হইতে বর্ধিত করিয়া ৫*০০ টাকা পরিমতন বোনাস সহ প্রতি ঘণ ১৯০*০০ টাকা (প্রতি কুইন্টাল ৫০৯*০০ টাকা) ধার্য করিয়াছেন, যাহা কার্যকর করার জন্য ২০-৩-৮৭ ইং তারিখে লিখিতভাবে আপনাকে নির্দেশ প্রদান করা হইয়াছে। বর্তমান বৎসরে গম সংগ্রহ অভিযানের ব্যয়পারে নিম্নে বর্ণিত নীতি অনুসরণ করা হইবে :

- ক) সংগ্রহ পদ্যতি স্বেচ্ছাপ্ররোচিত হইবে ;
- খ) কৃষি ব্যয়ক সহ স্বেচ্ছায় ব্যয়কগুলি পেট্রোল এন্ড ডিজেল হিসাবে কাজ করিবে এবং ইহার জন্য প্রতি ১০০*০০ টাকায় ৭৫ গুণনা কমিশন পাইবে ;
- গ) ব্যক্তিগত প্রথা থাকিবে না এবং মুদ্র সরকার নির্ধারিত নিম্নলিখিত বিনির্দেশ মোতাবেক গম এসু করা যাইবে :

১। আর্দ্রতা	- ১৪%
২। বিজাতীয় পদার্থ	- ৩%
৩। নষ্ট দানা	- ৩%
৪। কুচকানো/অগুফ দানা	- ১০%
- ঘ) আঘন ধান/শউল সংগ্রহ কালে যে সকল এসু কেন্দ্র খোলা হইয়াছে সেগুলি গম সংগ্রহের কাজে ব্যবহৃত হইবে। প্রয়োজনবোধে আরও অস্থায়ী/স্থায়ী এসু কেন্দ্র খোলা যাইবে ;
- ঙ) সংগ্রহ অভিযানকে সফল্যমন্ডিত করার জন্য সর্বাঙ্গিক প্রচেষ্টা চালান হইতে হইবে। প্রতিটি ইউনিয়ন, উপ-জেলা ও জেলা শাখায় গম সংগ্রহ কমিটিতে কাজে লাগাইতে হইবে ;
- চ) উৎপাদনকারী ও সরবরাহকারীর নিকট হইতে সরকার নির্ধারিত মূল্যে গম এসু করা হইবে ;
- ছ) সীমান্ত এলাকায় সংগ্রহ অভিযান জোরদার করা হইবে।

সংগ্রহ অভিযানকে সফল্যমন্ডিত করার জন্য সকল পর্যায়ের কর্তৃপক্ষকে বিশেষভাবে অনুরোধ করা যাইতেছে। উল্লেখ্য, যদি কোন এসু কেন্দ্র নিম্নমানের গম এসু করা হয় তবে ইহার জন্য তদন্ত কর্তৃক কর্তৃপক্ষ/সরকারী ও নিকটতম উদারকারী কর্তৃপক্ষ যৌথভাবে দায়ী থাকিবেন।

৯৮

৩। মোতায়েনকারী সংস্থা বা সংস্থা এবং সংস্থাস্থিত মানব বায়ুসংক্রমণের জন্য প্রয়োজনীয় নিম্নোক্ত
খাদ্য মহা পরিদপ্তরের মহা পরিদপ্তর কর্তৃক পরিকল্পিত জারী করা হয়েছে।

১৮৫

(জাই, ইই, মালিক)
মুখ্য মন্ত্রি

নং বাম(মদ)সম-১/৮৭/৩/১(১০১৬)

তারিখ ১৫-১১-৮৭ ইং
১৫-১১-৯০ বাং

সংগতি ও প্রয়োজনের ব্যবস্থা গ্রহণের জন্য অনুরোধ করা গেল :

- ১। মন্ত্রি, রাষ্ট্রপতির কার্যালয়, মন্ত্রিপরিষদ বিভাগ।
- ২। মন্ত্রি, স্থিতি ও মনঃস্বাস্থ্য, স্থিতি বিভাগ।
- ৩। মন্ত্রি, পর্যটন মন্ত্রালয়, পর্যটন বিভাগ।
- ৪। মন্ত্রি বিভাগীয় কমিশনার।
- ৫। মন্ত্রি জেলা প্রশাসক।
- ৬। সীল অফিসার, সংসদার্থ ক্যান্টন, হেড অফিস, ঢাকা।
- ৭। ম্যানেজিং ডাইরেক্টর, মোতায়েনকারী/সংস্থা/সংস্থা/সংস্থা/স্থিতি ক্যান্টন।
- ৮। মন্ত্রি পরিদপ্তর, খাদ্য মহা পরিদপ্তর।
- ৯। পরিদপ্তর, স্থিতি পরিদপ্তর (সার্কেটিং)/এক্সটেনশন।
- ১০। উপ প্রশাসক, পরিদপ্তর ও বায়ুসংক্রমণ কোষ, খাদ্য মন্ত্রালয়।
- ১১। সেকশন সীল, এক, সী, এক, ইই, জেলা বাণিজ্য, ঢাকা।
- ১২। খাদ্য মন্ত্রী মহোদয়ের একান্ত মন্ত্রি।
- ১৩। মন্ত্রি আঞ্চলিক খাদ্য নিয়ন্ত্রক।
- ১৪। মন্ত্রি উপ-জেলা নির্বাহী কর্মকর্তা।
- ১৫। মন্ত্রি জেলা খাদ্য নিয়ন্ত্রক।
- ১৬। খাদ্য মন্ত্রি মহোদয়ের একান্ত মন্ত্রি।
- ১৭। বাজেট অফিসার, খাদ্য মন্ত্রালয়।
- ১৮। মন্ত্রি উপ-জেলা খাদ্য কর্মকর্তা।
- ১৯। তথ্য অফিসার, খাদ্য মন্ত্রালয় (উপস্থিত বিবৃতি মন্ত্রালয় প্রশাসন মাধ্যমে যথুত প্রসারিত
ব্যবস্থা গ্রহণ করিতে অনুরোধ করা যাইতেছে।

(Signature)
২৫/১/৮৭
(মোঃ মোতায়েনকারী ইনচার্জ)
মন্ত্রি

নং খাম(সস)গম-১/৮৭/৬৭

৪৭৭৭ তারিখ : ১২-৩-৮৭ ইং
২৮-১২-৯৩ বাং

নির্দেশ

প্রাপক : মহা পরিচালক,
খাদ্য মহা পরিদপ্তর,
১৬, আবদুল গনি রোড,
ঢাকা।

বিষয় : ১৯৮৭ সালের আন্তর্জাতিক গম সংগ্রহ।

সূত্র : নং খাম(সস)গম-১/৮৭/৫৩ তারিখ ২৫-৩-৮৭ ইং
১০-১২-৯৩ বাং

উপরোক্ত বিষয় ও নূমের প্রতি মুষ্টি আকর্ষণ পূর্বক জানানো হইতেছে যে, গম সংগ্রহের ব্যয়
মূল্য প্রদান ও অফিস সংগ্রহের লক্ষ্য সরকার গমের বর্তমান আন্তর্জাতিক সংগ্রহ মূল্য মণ প্রতি
১৯০*০০ টাকা (প্রতি কুইন্টাল ৫০৯*০০ টাকা) হইতে বর্ধিত করিয়া প্রতি মণ ২০০*০০ টাকা
(প্রতি কুইন্টাল ৫০৫*৮০ টাকা) করার সিদ্ধান্ত গ্রহণ করিয়াছেন যাহা অবিলম্বে কার্যকরী হইবে।
সংশ্লিষ্ট জেলা খাদ্য নিয়ন্ত্রকগণকে টেন্ডারের মাধ্যমে অতি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ অবহিত করার জন্য
অনুরোধ করা হইল।

স্বাক্ষর/ - বাই, ইউ, মালিক
মুখ্য সচিব
খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়

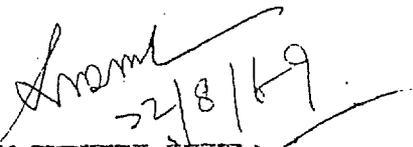
নং খাম(সস)গম-১/৮৭/৬৭/১(১১)

তারিখ ১২-৩-৮৭ ইং
২৮-১২-৯৩ বাং

অবগতি ও প্রয়োজনীয় ব্যবস্থা গ্রহণের জন্য অনুলিপি প্রেরণ করা হইল :

- ১। সচিব, মন্ত্রিপরিষদ বিভাগ, রাষ্ট্রপতির সচিবালয়।
- ২। সেকশন চীফ, এক, সি, এম, ইউ, সেন্সর বাগিচা, ঢাকা।
- ৩। পরিচালক(সংগ্রহ), খাদ্য মহা পরিদপ্তর।
- ৪। চীফ অফিসার, বাংলাদেশ ব্যাংক, হেড অফিস, ঢাকা।
- ৫। ম্যানেজিং ডায়রেক্টর, সোনালী / বুগাদী / জনতা / অসুন্দী / মুমি ব্যাংক।
- ৬। উথ্য অফিসার, খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়।

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২২/৪/৬৭

(মোঃ আনোয়ারুল ইসলাম)
সহকারী সচিব
খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়
ফোন : ২৩৫১১১/২০৯১

- ৪৪-১০০

গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকার
খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়
বাংলাদেশ মন্ত্রণালয়: ঢাকা

নং খাদ্য(সস)ইরি/বোরো-১/৮৭/৭৭(১০৬০)

তারিখ : এই বৈশাখ, ১৩৯৪ বাং
২১শে এপ্রিল, ১৯৮৭ ইং

প্রেরক : মহঃ মুজিবর রহমান,
উপ সচিব।

- প্রাপক : ১। সফল জেলা প্রশাসক।
২। সফল আঞ্চলিক খাদ্য নিয়ন্ত্রক।
৩। সফল উপ জেলা নির্বাহী কর্মকর্তা।
৪। সফল জেলা খাদ্য নিয়ন্ত্রক।
৫। সফল উপ-জেলা খাদ্য কর্মকর্তা।



বিষয় : ১৯৮৭ সালের আভ্যন্তরীণ ইরি/বোরো সংগ্রহনীতি ও মূল্য নির্ধারণ।

উৎপাদন ক্ষেত্রে কৃষকদিগকে ন্যায্য মূল্য প্রদান ও খাদ্যমন্ডলের বাজার দর স্থিতিশীল রাখার উদ্দেশ্যে অতীতের ন্যায় বর্তমান বৎসরেও দেশের সফল জেলা হইতে ইরি/বোরো ধান-গাউন এম্বু করার জন্য সরকার সিদ্ধান্ত গ্রহণ করিয়াছেন। এই বৎসর, ঘণ প্রতি ৫'০০ টাকা পরিবহন বোনাস সহ প্রতি ঘণ ধানের সংগ্রহ মূল্য ২০০'০০ টাকা (প্রতি কুইন্টাল ৫০ ৫'৮০ টাকা) এবং গাউনের সংগ্রহ মূল্য প্রতি ঘণ ৩০৮'০০ টাকা (প্রতি কুইন্টাল ৮২ ৫'৯০ টাকা) পর্য্যন্ত করা হইয়াছে। এই বৎসর সংগ্রহ নফ্যাদা গাউনের আকারে ১,০০,০০০ (এক লক্ষ) মেট্রিক টন পর্য্যন্ত করা হইয়াছে। এই সংগ্রহাভিযান সম্পর্কে সরকার নিম্নলিখিত নীতি নির্ধারণ করিয়াছেন :

- ক) সংগ্রহ পদ্ধতি স্বেচ্ছাপ্রনোদিত হইবে ;
- খ) সংগ্রহ অভিযান ২১-৩-৮৭ ইং (বাংলা এই বৈশাখ, ১৩৯০) তারিখ হইতে শুরু হইবে। যে সব এলাকায় প্রচুর ফলন হইয়াছে সেই সব এলাকার প্রতি অধিক নজর দেওয়া হইবে ;
- গ) কৃষি ব্যাংক সহ রাফটোয়াজু ব্যাংকগুলি সেমি এজেন্ট হিসাবে কাজ করিবে এবং ইহার জন্য প্রতি ১০০'০০ টাকায় ৭ ৫ টাকা কমিশন পাইবে ;
- ঘ) পূর্ব নির্ধারিত বিনির্দেশনামোতাবেক বোরো/ইরি সংগ্রহ করা যাইবে। তবে বাড়ী প্রথা পুনরায় চালু করা সম্পর্কে খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয় প্রয়োজনীয় সিদ্ধান্ত গ্রহণ করিতে পারে ;
- ঙ) আশ্রন ও গরু এম্বু করার জন্য যে সকল এম্বু কেন্দ্র ইতিপূর্বে খোলা হইয়াছে সেইগুলি ইরি/বোরো সংগ্রহের কাজে ব্যবহৃত হইবে। প্রয়োজনবোধে আরও অস্থায়ী/স্থায়মান এম্বু কেন্দ্র খোলা যাইবে ;
- চ) প্রকৃত উৎপাদনকারী ও সরবরাহকারীদের বিকট হইতে যে কোন পরিমাণ বোরো/ইরি ধান-গাউন এম্বু করা যাইবে ;
- ছ) সংগ্রহ অভিযানকে দক্ষতার সঙ্গে করার জন্য সর্বাঙ্গ প্রস্তুত রাখা হইতে হইবে। প্রতিটি গ্রাম, ইউনিয়ন, উপ-জেলা ও জেলা পর্য্যায়ে গঠিত খাদ্যমন্ডল সংগ্রহ কমিটিগুলিকে কাজে লাগাইতে হইবে ;
- জ) এ, ডি, সি, প্রথা থাকিবে না ;

1. පාලන කමිටුවේ
(ප්‍රතිපත්ති පිළිබඳව විමර්ශන)

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1. පාලන කමිටුවේ	109
2. පාලන කමිටුවේ (පාලන), පාලන කමිටුවේ	114
3. පාලන කමිටුවේ, පාලන කමිටුවේ, පාලන කමිටුවේ	122
4. පාලන කමිටුවේ, පාලන කමිටුවේ	130
5. පාලන කමිටුවේ	13
6. පාලන කමිටුවේ, පාලන කමිටුවේ	14
7. පාලන කමිටුවේ, පාලන කමිටුවේ	15
8. පාලන කමිටුවේ, පාලන කමිටුවේ, පාලන කමිටුවේ	16
9. පාලන කමිටුවේ, පාලන කමිටුවේ	18
10. පාලන කමිටුවේ, පාලන කමිටුවේ	10
11. පාලන කමිටුවේ, පාලන කමිටුවේ	12
12. පාලන කමිටුවේ, පාලන කමිටුවේ	13

- 3 ක්

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1. පාලන කමිටුවේ
(ප්‍රතිපත්ති පිළිබඳව විමර්ශන)

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1. පාලන කමිටුවේ

2. පාලන කමිටුවේ

3. පාලන කමිටුවේ

4. පාලන කමිටුවේ

5. පාලන කමිටුවේ

6. පාලන කමිටුවේ

7. පාලන කමිටුවේ

8. පාලන කමිටුවේ

9. පාලන කමිටුවේ

10. පාලන කමිටුවේ

11. පාලන කමිටුවේ

12. පාලන කමිටුවේ

13. පාලන කමිටුවේ

14. පාලන කමිටුවේ

15. පාලන කමිටුවේ

16. පාලන කමිටුවේ

17. පාලන කමිටුවේ

18. පාලන කමිටුවේ

19. පාලන කමිටුවේ

20. පාලන කමිටුවේ

21. පාලන කමිටුවේ

22. පාලන කමිටුවේ

23. පාලන කමිටුවේ

24. පාලන කමිටුවේ

25. පාලන කමිටුවේ

26. පාලන කමිටුවේ

27. පාලන කමිටුවේ

28. පාලන කමිටුවේ

29. පාලන කමිටුවේ

30. පාලන කමිටුවේ

31. පාලන කමිටුවේ

32. පාලන කමිටුවේ

33. පාලන කමිටුවේ

34. පාලන කමිටුවේ

35. පාලන කමිටුවේ

36. පාලන කමිටුවේ

37. පාලන කමිටුවේ

38. පාලන කමිටුවේ

39. පාලන කමිටුවේ

40. පාලන කමිටුවේ

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005	...	189	00	...	120
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007	...	191	00	...	100
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069	...	253	00	...	100
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- 2)
- 3)
- 4)

- 1)
- 2)
- 3)
- 4)

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জেলা ওয়ারী অফিসের নকল মাত্রা জরুরি জন্য সংশ্লিষ্ট জেলা খাদ্য নিয়ন্ত্রকগণ সর্বাঙ্গিক
খুশখবী জানাবেন। যে সকল জেলায় নকল মাত্রা অর্জিত হবে না সে সকল জেলার জেলা খাদ্য নিয়-
ন্ত্রক ও বিকটচন উপায়ক কর্মকর্তাগণের উপর এর দায় দায়িত্ব বর্জাবে। অবিলম্বে সংগ্রহ কার্য
সেরামার করার জন্য সংশ্লিষ্ট সকলকে নির্দেশ দেওয়া হলো।

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(সৈয়দ আলমগীর আলমগীর চৌধুরী)
মহা পরিচালক, খাদ্য।

০২০(১৪৪)/১(৫৫২)/

স্মারক নং- /ডিপি/প্রোক-৩৭/৮৭

তারিখ - ১০-৫-৮৭ ইং
২৬-১-১৪ বাং।

স্বাক্ষরিত :-

- ১। মাননীয় খাদ্য প্রতি মন্ত্রীর একান্ত সচিব।
- ২। সচিব, খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়, ঢাকা।
- ৩। সকল যুগ্ম সচিব, খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়।
- ৪। সকল বিভাগীয় কমিশনার।
- ৫। অতিরিক্ত মহা পরিচালক, খাদ্য।
- ৬। সেকশন চীফ, একুশি, এম, এস, সেগুনবাগিচা, ঢাকা।
- ৭। সকল পরিচালক, খাদ্য অধিদপ্তর, ঢাকা।
- ৮। সকল উপ সচিব, খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়, ঢাকা।
- ৯। সকল জেলা প্রশাসক,
- ১০। প্রধান খাদ্য কোষ, খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়, ঢাকা।
- ১১। ডেপুটি চীফ, পরিকল্পনা কোষ, খাদ্য মন্ত্রণালয়, ঢাকা।
- ১২। অতিরিক্ত পরিচালক (সকল), খাদ্য অধিদপ্তর, ঢাকা।
- ১৩। সকল উপ জেলা খাদ্য কর্মকর্তা, -----

[Handwritten signature]

(সৈয়দ আলমগীর আলমগীর)
মহা পরিচালক, খাদ্য।

අමතර පිටපත්
පවුල ප්‍රධාන පිටපත්
(පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන්)
2015.12.17

- 1. අමතර පිටපත් ප්‍රධාන පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් (වැඩිපුර) 100
- 2. නවකයන් සඳහා පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් 100
- 3. අමතර පිටපත් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් (වැඩිපුර) 100
- 4. අමතර පිටපත් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් 100
- 5. අමතර පිටපත් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් 100
- 6. අමතර පිටපත් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් 100
- 7. අමතර පිටපත් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් 100
- 8. අමතර පිටපත් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් 100
- 9. අමතර පිටපත් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් 100
- 10. අමතර පිටපත් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් 100
- 11. අමතර පිටපත් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් 100
- 12. අමතර පිටපත් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් 100
- 13. අමතර පිටපත් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් 100
- 14. අමතර පිටපත් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් 100
- 15. අමතර පිටපත් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් 100

- : පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් සඳහා පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් පිටපත් 100

වැඩ 85-25-00

වැඩ 44-2-22 : අමතර

වැඩ 00/00/00/00-00(00)00 : අමතර

අමතර පිටපත්
පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන්
(පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන්)
2015.12.17

1. අමතර පිටපත් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් පවුලේ සාමාජිකයන් 100

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গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকার
খাদ্য বায়বীয়
মন্ত্রণালয়
১৬, আনন্দুল গনি রোড, ঢাকা।

স্মারকসং ১৪১১

সংস্কৃতি/দরপত্র-০৪/১২

তারিখ : - ০৩-১১-১২ ইং।
১৯-০৭-১৯ বাং।

" চাল এক্সুর দরপত্র বিজ্ঞপ্তি "

১। এতদ্বারা রাজস্বী চালকন বালিক/ব্যবসায়ী/প্রতিষ্ঠান/সরকারীকারীদের বিকট থেকে নিম্নোক্ত
আমদ উৎপাদনের উৎস জেলা সমূহের এনএমডি ও সিএমডিতে দেশী নিম্ন জাতন চাল এক্সুর জন্য
যদি মোহরমুদ্র দরপত্র আহবান করা যাবে :-

জেলা সমূহ :

(১)	বগুড়া	(৮)	দিনাজপুর
(২)	সেপতাহাট	(৯)	ঠাকুরগাঁও
(৩)	রংপুর	(১০)	গাজীপুর
(৪)	ফাইনামা	(১১)	মুন্সীগাঁ
(৫)	বালিফার্মারী	(১২)	যশোরজিৎ
(৬)	নান্দন নিরহাট	(১৩)	জামালপুর
(৭)	কুড়িগ্রাম	(১৪)	ধেরপুর

২। প্রতি মোট দরপত্রের তফসীল ৫০০/- (পাঁচশত) টাকা (অফেরৎযোগ্য) নগদ জমা দিয়ে নিম্ন
উল্লিখিত কার্যালয় সমূহ থেকে সংগ্রহ করা যাবে :-

- (ক) "খাদ্য ভবন" - খাদ্য বায়বীয়, মিনার ও অর্থ বিভাগ, ১৬, আনন্দুল গনি রোড, ঢাকা - ১০০০।
- (খ) সার্বজনিক খাদ্য নিয়ন্ত্রক এর কার্যালয়, রাজস্বী/চট্টগ্রাম/খুলনা।
- (গ) সংশ্লিষ্ট জেলা প্রশাসকের কার্যালয়।
- (ঘ) সংশ্লিষ্ট জেলা খাদ্য নিয়ন্ত্রকের কার্যালয়।
- (ঙ) সংশ্লিষ্ট এন,এস, ডি/সি,এস, ডি/র কার্যালয়।

৩। দরপত্র দাখিলের আগের দিন পর্যন্ত তফসীল এক্সুর করা যাবে। দরপত্র দাখিলের দিন কোন
তফসীল বিক্রী করা যাবে না।

৪। দরপত্র তফসীল চালের নাম ও বিক্রিদেশ এবং অন্যান্য শর্তাবলী বিস্তারিতভাবে উল্লেখ করা
হয়েছে। উক্ত শর্তাবলীর কোন ব্যত্যয় ঘটলে দরপত্র বাতিল বলে গন্য হবে। কোন অবস্থাতেই
বিন্যাসের চাল গ্রহণযোগ্য হবেনা।

৫। একজন সরকারী/দরপত্রদাতা এ বিক্রিতে সর্বমু ১০০ (একশত) মেঃ টন চাল সরবরাহের
জন্য দরপত্র দাখিল করতে পারবেন। বাংলাদেশের যে কোন তফসীলী ব্যাংক থেকে ব্যাংক ড্রাফট/পে-অর্ডার
আকারে উৎস বৃত্তের ১-৫% হারে অর্ডার করে তাই সংশ্লিষ্ট জেলা খাদ্য নিয়ন্ত্রকের অনুকূলে জমা দিয়ে
দরপত্রের নামে এর নতুন গণিত দাখিল করতে হবে।

(অপর পাতায় ----- ২)

৬। দরপত্র নামে সংশ্লিষ্ট জেলা প্রশাসক/জেলা শাস্য বিষয়সহ/উপ-পরিচালক, কৃষি সম্প্রদায়ের কার্যালয় রক্ষিত দরপত্র নামে দাখিল করা যাবে। দরপত্র নামে ১৫-১১-১২ ইং তারিখে নোনা ১ খণ্ডের আবেদন গ্রহণ করা হবে।

৭। এক্ষু বেক্টে চালের মাল যাচারের জন্য গঠিত পরিদর্শন টিম কর্তৃক পরিদর্শন ও পরীক্ষার নিরীক্ষণ অনুযায়ী মালের চাল গ্রহণ করা হবে। মাল যাচাই কমিটি কর্তৃক পরীক্ষার পর এক্ষু বেক্টে চাল গৃহীত হওয়ার পর মূল্য পরিমোদন আবেদন দেওয়া হবে এবং প্রচলিত নিয়ম অনুসারে ডব্লিউ, সিউ, এম, লি'র মাধ্যমে তফসীলি ব্যাংক পারফর্ম মূল্য পরিমোদন করা হবে।

৮। দরপত্র তফসীলে বর্ণিত আর্নেস্ট নানি তফসীলি ব্যাংকের ব্যাংক ড্রাকট/গ্রে-বর্ত্তী হিসাবে দরপত্র এর মাফে অবশ্যই দাখিল করতে হবে। নতুনা দরপত্র বাতিল বলে গণ্য হবে। ঊর্ধ্ব তফসীলে উল্লিখিত টোট অংকে এবং কথায় স্পষ্টভাবে লিখতে হবে। কোনরূপে ক্যাশিয়ার, কাটা, ছেড়া, জবাবী টোট গ্রহণযোগ্য হবে না। তাৎসংগে প্রেরিত কোন দরপত্র গ্রহণযোগ্য হবে না। নির্ধারিত তারিখ ও সময়ের পর কোন দরপত্র গ্রহণ করা হবে না।

৯। দরপত্র সংক্রান্ত যাবতীয় তথ্য শাস্য অধিদপ্তরের সংগ্রহ বিভাগ, সংশ্লিষ্ট জেলা শাস্য বিষয়সহ ও আনুষ্ঠানিক শাস্য বিষয়সহের কার্যালয় থেকে জানা যাবে।

১০। জেলা শাস্য দরপত্র কমিটি দরপত্র নামে বাছাই, যাচাই ও পরীক্ষা নিরীক্ষা করবে। সফল দরপত্র মতো কার্যক্রমে প্রাপ্তির পর মাল দিনের মধ্যে চাল সরবরাহের জন্য নির্ধারিত বডেনে চুক্তি সম্পাদন করবেন।

XXXXXXXXXXXX প্রকৃষ্টি মথ্য নামে চুক্তি সম্পাদনে ব্যর্থ হলে তার আর্নেস্ট নানি সরকারী হাতে বাজেয়াপ্ত হবে।

১১। প্রতিটি এক্ষু বেক্টে এক্ষুতব্য চালের পরিমাণ শাস্য অধিদপ্তর প্রয়োজনবোধে করবেধী করতে পারবে।

১২। চুক্তিবন্দী দরপত্র দাখিলকর সরবরাহতব্য চালের মূল্যের উপর প্রচলিত নিয়মে আদায়ের দিতে হবে।

১৩। মহা-পরিচালক, শাস্য অধিদপ্তর কর্তৃক দরপত্র গ্রহণে বাধ্য নয়। কোন কারণ প্রদর্শন ব্যতিরেকেই যে কোন বা সফল দরপত্র গ্রহণ অথবা ঊর্ধ্ব বাতিল করার ক্ষমতা সংরক্ষণ করেন।


জেলা: ইনচার্জ হক }
পরিচালক, সংগ্রহ।