Industry Profiles

Catalog of Investment Information and Opportunities

Volume I

Catalog of Investment Information and Opportunities Industry Profile Index

VOLUME I

VOLU	DIVIC I			
66001	Carbonated Beverages			
66002	Synthetic Detergent			
66003	Job Printing			
66004	Paper Bags			
66005	Small Printing Shop (Books)			
66006	Book Bindery			
66007	Fish Oil and Fish Meet			
66008	Fish, Dried and Salted			
66009	Unfermented Grape Juice			
66010	Baby Beds, Pens, and Bassinets			
66011	Biscuits and Crackers			
66012	Orange Juice, Chilled, in Waxed Containers			
66013	Salted Peanuts			
66014	Quick-Frozen Fish			
66015	Animal Feed Pellets			
66016	Surgical Cotton			
66017	Men's Socks			
66018	Silk Screen Printing on Textiles			
66019	Hooked Rugs			
66020	Step and Extension Ladders			
66021	Cork Products			
66022	Sash and Door Plant			
66023	Men's Dress Shirts			
66024	Work Gloves			
66025	Men's Underwear			
66026	Wheat Flour			
66027	Rice			
66028	Bakery			
66029	Raw Sugar			
66030	Crushed Ice and Ice Cubes, Packaged			
66031	Cotton Shirting			
66032	Terry Cloth			
66033	Cotton Crochet and Knitting Yarn			
66034	Woolen Yarn			
66035	Worsted Yarn			
66036	Jute Yarn			
66037	Cotton Dresses			
66038	Hardwood Parquet Flooring			
66039	Flush Doors			

66040 66041 66042 66043 66044 66045 66046 66047 66048 66049 66050	Plywood Particle Board Wooden Ice Cream Spoons and Sticks Bedroom and Dining Room Furniture Upholstered Occasional Chairs Foam Rubber and Polyurethane Foam Metal Filing Cabinets - MISSING Folding Chairs Corrugated Fiber Boxes Fiberboard Caustic Soda
VOL	UME II
66051	Ramie Decortication
66052	Men's Work Pants
66053	Wooden Shoe Lasts
66054	Overstuffed Furniture
66055	Envelopes
66056	Cardboard Boxes and Paper Products
66057	Insecticides
66058	Meat Processing
66059	Slaughtering and Meat Packing
66060	Smoked Meat
66061	Citrus Fruit - Whole Sections, Canned
63062	Men's Work Shirts
66063	Planning Mill
66064 66065	Rough Sawing of Logs Barrels
66065 66066	
66067	Fertilizer Mixing
66068	Asphalt Floor Tiles Rubber Soled Fabric Shoes
66069	
66070	Rubber Floor Tiles Piastic Moldings
66071	~
66072	Vinyl Floor Tiles Leather Tanning
66073	Men's Dress Shoes
66074	Ladies' Handbags and Leather Specialties
66075	Glass Containers
66076	Beverage Boxes
66077	Block Ice
66078	Boxes and Shooks
66079	Coarse Wrapping Paper (6,000) Tons Annually
66080	Coarse Wrapping Paper (12,500) Tons Annually
66081	Corrugated Paper Cartons
66082	Customers, Lamps and Picture Frames
-	a married and record runio

66083 66084 66085 66086 66087 66088 66089 66090 66091 66092 66093 66094 66095 66096 66097 66098 66099 66100	Cotton Roll-Edged Mattresses Crates, Baskets and Hampers Crude Olive Oil Kitchen Cabinets Mayonnaise Nylon Hosiery Office Chairs Orange Juice, Canned Orange Juice Concentrate Pulp from Bagasse for Wallboard Pulp from Scrap Wood for Wallboard Reed and Rattan Furniture Vanilla Extract Wood Fiber Souvenirs Wood Pulp for Coarse Wrapping Paper Wood Pulp for Wallboard Wood Tables and Chairs Wool Scouring
	ME III
66101	Brass Foundry
66102	Building Hardware
66103	Buckets, Pails and Pans
66104	Castor Oil Hydrogenated
66105	Copper Tubing
66106	Copper Wire
66107	Dry ice
66108	Farm Hand Tools
66109	Ladies' Dress Shoes
66110	Laundry and Milled Toilet Soap
66111	Men's Work Shoes
66112	Mirror Manufacturing and Resilvering
66113	Oil of Cloves
66114	Paint
66115	Pharmaceutical Glass (Complete)
66116	Pharmaceutical Tablets and Pills
66117	Primary Hardware
66118	Rubber Cement
66119	Salicylic Acid
66120	Sea Salt
66121	Sheet Glass
66122	Small Leather Tannery
66123	Superphosphate and Diammonium
66124	Tanning Extracts
66125	Wallboard from Bagasse

66126	Abrasive Wheels			
66127	Agricultural Implements			
66128	Aluminum Architectural Specialties			
66129	Aluminum Cooking Utensils			
66130	Asbestos-Cement Siding			
66131	Automobile and Truck Leaf Springs			
66132	Building Bricks			
66133	Cement			
66134	Ceramic Dinnerware			
66135	Coil Springs			
66136	Kitchen Earthenware			
66137	Metal Spinning			
66138	Mineral Wool			
66139	Ornamental Ironwork			
66140	Pharmaceutical Glass from Purchased Tubing			
66141	Plating			
66142	Plows			
66143	Rice Paddy Cultivators			
66144	Sanitary Ware			
66145	Small Ceramics Shop			
66146	Split Gib-Head Keys, and Taper Pins			
66147	Stainless Steel utensils			
66148	Storage Bins			
66149	Superphosphates			
66150	Two-Burner Gas Plates			
VOLU	JME IV			
66151	Adhesive Tape			
66152	Automobile Batteries			
66153	Bicycles			
66154	Brooms			
66155	Cloth Bags for Agricultural Products			
66156	Concrete Blocks			
66157	Concrete Pipe			
66158	Concrete Slabs			
66159	Dry Cleaning			
66160	Electric Motors, 1/6 to 10 Horsepower			
66161	Gold Jewelry			
66162	Job Machine Shop			
66163	Laundry			
66164	Lead Pencils			
66165	Motor Starters			
66166	Paint and Varnish Brushes			
66167	Potato Flakes			
66168	Refrigerated Walk-In Coolers			

66169	Shallow Well Hand				
66170	Shell Buttons				
66171	Small Community Flectric System				
66172	Surgical Instruments				
66173	Tire Recapping				
66174	Truck Mufflers				
66175	Wire Nails				
66176	Aluminum Die Castings				
66177	Asbestos Cement Pipe				
66178	Camelback				
66179	Centrifugal Cast Iron Pipe				
66180	Concrete Cinder Blocks				
66181	Cut Glass				
66182	Electric Fans, 12-inch Oscillating				
66183	Electric Space Heaters				
66184	Flexible Steel Conduit				
66185	Galvanized Steel Pipe				
66186	Hand blown Glass and Fine Cast Crystal				
66187	Iron Cooking Utensils				
66188	Lubricating Oil Reclamation				
66189	Manganese				
66190	Marble Cutting and Polishing				
66191	Plaster of Paris, Pottery Plaster and Plasterboard				
66192	Porcelain Enamel Ceramic Ware				
66193	Reclaimed Rubber Sheets				
66194	Refractory Bricks				
66195	Rubberized Sheeting				
66196	Rubber Soles and Heels				
66197	Sandpaper				
66198	Steel Mechanical Tubes				
66199	Unbreakable Watch Crystals				
66200	Water Filters, Domestic				
VOLU	ME V				
66201	Air Conditioners and Refrigerators				
66202	Aluminum Storm Windows and Doors				
66203	Asphalt Paving Material				
66204	Brake Lining Sets				
66205	Centrifugal Pumps and Valves				
66206	Chain-Link Fencing				
66207	Chalk Whiting				
66208	Cold Storage for Meat and Poultry				
66209	Conveyors and Portable Elevators				
66210	Cooking and Heating Stoves				
66211	Dry Mixture concrete in Bags				

66212	Electrodes for Neon Lights			
66213	Enameled Plates, Teapots and Kettles			
66214	Hand Tools			
66215	Heaters, Kerosene Asbestos Type			
66216	Centrifugal Blowers			
66217	Kitchen Equipment			
66218	Lemon Oil			
66219	Book Matches			
66220	Portable Cooking Stoves			
66221	Pumps, small Hand and Power Driven			
66222	Saccharin			
66223	Vegetable Canning (Commercial)			
66224	Vegetable Canning (Cooperative)			
66225	Welded Pipe			
66226	Artificial Teeth			
66227	Artists' Oil Paints			
66228	Automobile Mufflers			
66229	Automobile Tires			
66230	Automobile Tires and Tubes			
66231	Canned Beet			
66232	Canned Tuna Fish			
66233	Carbide			
66234	Sulfuric Acid			
66235	Compressors, 1/4 Horsepower Sealed Unit			
66236	Cotton Yarn			
66237	Gray from Jobbing Foundry			
66238	Cotton Yarn (Small Plant)			
66239	Soda-Line Window Glass, 5,500 Tons Annually			
66240	Soda-Line Wiridow Glass, 7,500 Tons Annually			
66241	Scda-Line Window Glass, 10,500 Tons Annually			
66242	Plastic Eyeglass Frames			
66243	Steel Bars and Shapes, 15,000 Tons Annually			
66244	Steel Bars and Shapes, 30,000 Tons Annually			
66245	Steel Billets			
66246	Electroplating			
66247	Specular Reflectors			
66248	Textbook Publishing			
66249	Straight Pins			
66250	Women's Shoes			
VOLU	IME VI			
67251	Stretch Socks for Men and Children			
67252	Toilet Seats and Lids			
67253	Dehydrated Blackstrap Molasses			
67254	Innerspring Mattresses and Box Springs			
	. •			

67255	Shock Absorbers, Automobile and Truck
67256	Industrial Hand trucks and Skids
67257	Standard Sports Stockings
67258	Bookcases, Corner Cabinets and Secretaries
67259	Poultry Farm (Egg Production)
67260	Cast Iron Soil Pipe
67261	Fig and Date Processing
67262	Wooden Wardrobes
67263	Dryers, Laundry, Household
67264	Bentwood Chairs
67265	Bathrobes
67266	Coffee Tables, End Tables, and Bed Stands
67267	Ladies Cotton Broadcloth Dresses
67268	Men's Wash and Wear Pants
67269	Castor Oil and Meal
67270	Lawn Furniture
67271	Reinforced Concrete Construction Products
67272	Church Furniture
67273	Gloves, Vinyl Treated Fabric
67274	Radic Receiving Sets
67275	Brief Cases, Leather
67276	Prawn Processing Plant
67277	Mechanical Springs
67278	Soybean Oil and Meal
67279	Pajamas, Cotton
67280	Optical or Precision Glass
67281	Souvenirs and Small Jewelry
67282	School Furniture
67283	Dry Cleaning, Self-Service, Coin Operated
67284	Plating of Automobile Parts
67285	Concrete Posts
67286	Ready-Mixed Concrete in Bags
67287	Oxygen and Acetylene, Bottles
67288	Cocoa Butter
67289	Wooden Handles
67290	Electric Outlets, Switches and Fuse Boxes
67291	Neon Signs
67292	Meet Canning Plant
67293	Brewer's Flakes
67294	Raisins, Dehydrated Grapes
67295	Walnut Veneer
67296	Wash Tubs and Pails
67297	Self-Service Laundry
67298	Metal Lockers

67299	10-Horsepower Utility Riding Tractors				
67300	Power Lawn Mower				
	IME VII				
67301	Slip Covers for Furniture				
67302	Brass Table Lamps				
67303	Tile Roofing, Clay				
67304	Canned Fish				
67305	Cattle Feed from Manioc Pulp				
67306	Laundry Bags				
67307	Portable Sawmill				
67308	Aluminum Foundry				
67309	Foundry Pattern Making				
67310	Jigs and Fixtures				
67311	Processed Seafood				
67312	Canned Dehydrated Onions				
67313	Glucose from Cassava Starch				
67314	High Alumina Refractory Brick and Cement				
67315	Potato Chips				
67316	Sneet Steel, Hot Rolled				
67317	Starch, Oil and Feed from Sorghum Grain				
67318	Fish Oil and Fish Meal Plant-Evaporation Process (Processing 20 Tons of				
Raw Fish Pe	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
67319	Bottled Milk				
67320	Flashlight and Radio Batteries				
67321	Creosoted Wood Products				
67322	Washing Machines, Household				
67323	Liquefied Petroleum Gas (Distribution)				
67324	Liquefied Petroleum Gas (Manufactured)				
67325	Dimension Hardwood				
67326	Canned Cherries				
67327	Canned Asparagus				
67328	Canned Beets				
67329	Canned Peaches				
67330	Canned Hominy				
67331	Canned Okra				
67332	Canned Sweet Potatoes				
	Canned Strawberries				
67333 67334					
	Canned Sliced Apples				
67335	Canned Blueberries				
67336	Canned Apricots				
67337	Canned Cream Style Corn				
67338	Canned Dry Beans				
67339	Canned Spinach				
67340	Canned Wax Beans				

67341	Canned Blackeyed Peas
67342	Canned Tomatoes
67343	Canned Cream of Celery Soup, Ready to Serve
67344	Canned Cream of Asparagus Soup, Ready to Serve
67345	Gloves - Plastic Fronts, Canvas Backs
67346	Non-Ferrous Metals Foundry
67347	Men's Wash and Wear Shirts
67348	Men's and Youths' Suits
67349	Kerosene Lanterns
67350	Bicycle Tires and Innertubes
VOLU	ME VIII
67351	Canned Cauliflower
67352	Canned Pumpkin
67353	Canned Whole Kernel Corn
67354	Canned Green Beans
67355	Canned Onions
67356	Canned Apple Sauce
67357	Canned Pears
67358	Burlap Cloth from Jute
67359	Wallboard from Gypsum and Fiber
67360	Restaurant and Cafeteria Furniture
67361	Venetian Blinds
67362	Men's Sport Shirts
67363	Rice Bran Oil and Bran Meal
67364	Canned Red Raspberries
67365	Canned Tomato Soup, Ready to Serve
67366	Canned Pea Soup, Ready to Serve
67367	Canned Pork and Beans
67368	Candy and Confectionery
67369	Women's and Misses' Suits
67370	Shoe Repair Shop
67371	Grocery Carts
67372	Zinc Die Castings
67373	Wood Stake Truck Bedies
67374	Poultry Farm (Broiler Production)
67375	Pearl Starch
67376	Chocolate Dipped Products
67377	Fish Oil and Fish Meal Plant - Evaporation Process (Processing 40 tons
of Raw Fish I	Per Hour)
67378	Slips, Women's Misses'; Children's
67379	Pottery, Earthenware
67380	Glazed Fruit and Fruit Peel
67381	Canned Cranberries
67382	Canned Green Peas

67383	Canned Sliced Pineapple
67384	Canned Lima Beans
67385	Assorted Nuts, Processed and Packaged
67386	Canned Squash
67387	Canned Plums
67388	Food Processing, General
67389	Canned Carrots
67390	Canned Kale Greens
67391	Canned Broccoii
67392	Canned Tomato Soup
67393	Canned Bean Soup, Ready to Serve
67394	Canned Cream of Corn Soup, Ready to Serve
67395	Canned Cream of Mushroom Soup, Ready to Serve
67396	Canned Sardines
67397	Women's and Misses' Cotton Gingham Dresses
67398	Nurses' Washable Service Apparel
67399	Light Bulb Assembly Plant
67400	Rockers, Wood, Upholstered

INDUSTRY PROFILES PNABY-469

CARBONATED BEVERAGES

I.P. No. 66001

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

CARBONATED BEVERAGES: Standard Industrial Classification 2086

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Flavored carbonated soft drinks--orange, lemon, lime, grape, cherry, cola, etc.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Capital requirements for this industry are moderate, and little skilled labor is needed. A good supply of clean potable water is necessary. Consumption of carbonated beverages is rising in many areas. Given sound management, a plant of the kind described would appear to have good prospects of success.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

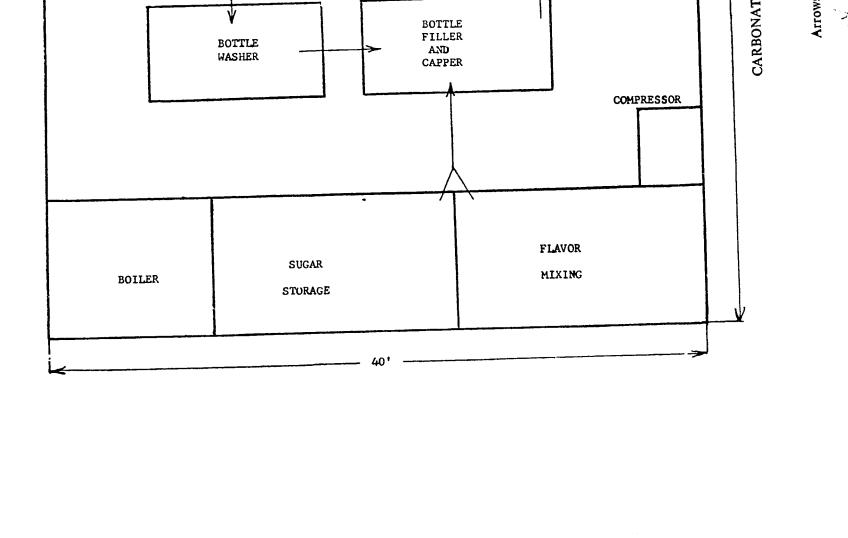
- 1. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to retail stores, bars, restaurants, hotels, clubs, vending machine companies. A distinctive and attractive brand name is desirable. Active salesmanship and well-maintained display advertising of various types is usually necessary.
- 2. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. These products must be handled with care, and transport costs on them are generally rather high. Normally the market is limited to an area that can be easily and frequently served by the plant's own delivery trucks, plus some points that are easily accessible by rail or water transport. b. Export. Because of high freight costs there is very little international trade in these products, and exports are limited mainly to small regional shipments.
- 3. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Competition from imports is rarely significant. Direct competition in the domestic market comes normally only from rival producers. b. Export Market. Opportunities to export are likely to be very few.
- 4. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Demand will depend on income levels, climate, drinking habits of the people, etc. Consumption, of carbonated soft drinks appears to be increasing rather rapidly in most countries. In hot places where income levels are not excessively low, a total population of half a million in an urban area might consume the production of this plant.

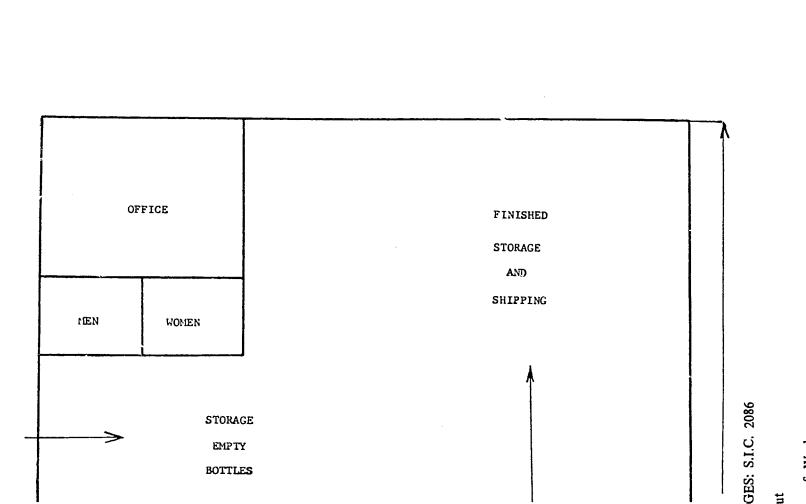
D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 3 Million 12-Ounce Bottles.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS	3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER
a. FIXED CAPITAL Cost	Annual Cost
Land. About 5,000 sq. ft.	a. Electric Power. Connected
Building. One story, 40'x60'. 13,200	load about 10 hp. 8 500
Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.	
Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$18,000	b. Fuel. About 4,000 gals, oil
Other tools & equipmet. 1,000	annually. \$ 500
Furniture & fixtures 700 Stock of bottles & boxes 18,800	c. Water. Water must be potable &
	filtered. About 1.2 million
	gals, annually for production
Principal Items. Bottle washer & conveyor,	& other purposes \$ 300
bottle filler & capper, dry ice convector,	4. TRANSPORTATION Annual
water filter, 3 syrup tanks, 2 mixing	Operating Cost
tanks, water cooler, boiler, carbonator.	a. Own Transport Equipment. Two
III truck, 40 pallets, bottles & boxes.	trucks for deliveries. \$ 1,400
2 delivery trucks.	
NOTE. Initial requirements of bottles &	b. External Transport Facilities. Local deliv-
beverage boxes are estimated at 150,000	eries would be made by own trucks. Good
bottles, costing \$11,200, & 5,600 boxes, costing \$7,600. Deposits should be	highways necessary. Long distance deliveries might be made by rail or waterways.
charged on bottles & boxes sufficient to	5. MANPOWER
cover replacement if they are not re-	Number Annual Cost
turned. An annual allowance of 20% of	a. Direct Labor
\$18,800 is included with Depreciation	Skilled 1 \$ 5,000
under Annual Costs, to cover losses in manufacture and delivery.	Semi-skilled 1 4,000
b. WORKING CAPITAL	Unskilled $\frac{1}{3,000}$
No. of Days	Total 3 \$ 12 000
Direct Materials, Direct	b. Indirect Labor
Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) 60 \$ 14,100	Manager - buys, sells
Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	& supervises \$ 8,000
gencies Sales Costs(c) 30 1,200	Office 1 3,600
Total \$ 15,300	Office 1 3,600 Other 2 7,000 Total 3 8 18 600
c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$ 75,000	- 10,000
2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES	c. Training Needs. Manager must be fully ex-
Annual Annual	perienced. With 1 skilled worker no
a. Direct Materials Requirements Cost	training time should be required.
Sugar 140 tons \$ 26,800	6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES
Extracts & eitrie	REV_NUE
Caps 3,000,000 8,000 5,500	a. Annual Costs
6-bottle cartons 125,000 6,000	Direct Materials \$ 47,300
Labels for bottles	Direct Labor 12 000
& eartons 1,000	Manufacturing Overhead(a) 25 300
Total \$ 47,300	Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies 5,000
b. Supplies	Sales Costs(c), Bed Debts 9,000 Depreciation on Fixed Capital,
Lubricants & hand tools \$ 100	including allowance for replacements
Bottle washing materials 2,500 Maintenance & repair parts 1,200	of bottles and boxes 10,000
Office supplies 1,200	Total Annual Costs \$108,600
Taral	h Annual Calanta
\$ 4,000	b. Annual Sales Revenue \$150,000

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Transportation, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.





CARBONATED BEVERAGES S. I. C. 2086

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. **TEXTBOOKS**

A. Chemical Analysis of Foods and Food Products. 1958. 3rd Edition. \$18.00.

D. Van Nostrand Co., Inc.

120 Alexander Street

Princeton, New Jersey

Preservation of foods including carbonated non-alcoholic beverages.

II. PERIODICALS

Monthly. \$4.00/year. The American Soft Drink Journal.

McFadden Business Publications

316 Peachtree Street, N. E.

Atlanta, Georgia

News and information of interest to those in the carbonated beverage industry.

B. National Bottlers' Gazette. Monthly. \$7.00/year.

Keller Publishing Company

9 East 31st Street

New York 16, New York

Supplies subscribers with carbonated beverage processing and merchandising news and information.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Bridges Food and Beverage Analyses. M. A. Bridges. 3rd Edition. 1950. \$5.50.

Lea and Febiger

Washington Square

Philadelphia 6, Pennsylvania

Chemical and physical analyses of many foods and beverages.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

Carbonic Gas Volume Chart. Gratis.

Burns Bottling Machine Works, Inc.

2229 Kirk Avenue

Baltimore, Maryland

This chart provides pounds pressure for gas volume at various temperatures

in degrees Fahrenheit.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,988,450. 1961. 3 p. Carbonated beverage manufacture,
- B. Patent No. 2,942,978. 1960. 2 p. Improving character and life of carbonated beverages.
- C. Patent No. 2,870,016. 1958. 5 p. Method and apparatus for preparing carbonated beverages.
- D. Patent No. 2,855,307. 1958. 3 p. Process and apparatus for making carbonated liquids.
- E. Patent No. 2,851,361. 1958. 7 p. Carbonated drinks and concentrate for producing them.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. Carbonated Beverage Institute
 122 West 30th Street
 New York 1, New York
 Association of carbonated beverage producers for promotion of products.

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Burns Bottling Machine Works, Inc. 829 East Belvedere Avenue Baltimore 12, Maryland Complete line of bottling equipment.
- B. Burgess, Smith and Rodgers, Inc.
 220 West 42nd Street
 New York 36, New York
 Designs and erects soft drink plants.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Thomas' Register of American Manufacturers. Annually. \$20.00.
 Thomas Publishing Company
 461 Eighth Street
 New York 1, New York
 Lists 100,000 manufacturers and classified list of over 500,000 listings of products and industries.

CARBONATED BEVERAGES: S.I.C. 2086

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An *Index of Industry Profiles* is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

SYNTHETIC DETERGENT

I. P. No. 66002

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

SYNTHETIC DETERGENT: Standard Industrial Classification 2841

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Synthetic detergent made from various chemicals, packaged in one pound boxes.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

The use of synthetic detergents is increasing even in areas of low income, and the prospects for a plant of this kind are good in a number of areas. It is, however, a very competitive business, and to compete effectively with the large-scale makers with world-wide organizations it is necessary to have excellent management which pays close attention to product quality and improvement and to maintenance of a vigorous selling effort.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Households, buildings of many kinds.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to wholesalers and to large retailers. An attractive brand name, advertising, and an energetic and sustained sales effort are necessary.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. The product is packed in one-pound boxes which are shipped in corrugated cartons. They can thus be easily and cheaply shipped long distances, both domestically and overseas.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Imports from well-known large-scale manufacturers may offer strong competition. b. Export Market. A plant of this size would have much difficulty in competing in the international market with large-scale manufacturers with large sales and publicity organizations.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. A reasonably prosperous community with a population of the order of 2 million should generally provide a large enough market.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 1,252,000 Pounds

1. C	API	TAL	REQUIREMENTS
------	-----	-----	--------------

			Annual Cost
a. FIXED CAPITAL	Cost	a. Electric Power. About 75,000	Aimun Cost
Land. About 1/2 acre.		kw-hr.	\$ 1.500
Building. Two-story, 60'x100', or		b. Fuel.	\$ 1,000
12,000 sq. ft.	72,000	c. Water. For general purposes	\$ 100
Equipment. Furniture & Fixtures.			- 100
Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$120,000		4. TRANSPORTATION	
Other tools & equipmt. 12,000		" HOUSE OR FATION	

Furniture & fixtures 1,000 133,000 Total (excl. Land) \$ 205,000 Principal Items. Sulfonator (with jacket and agitator), neutralizing vessel (with

jacket and agitator), slurry storage tank with jacket and agitator), crutcher (jacketed), drop tank, spray dryer, pumps (8), boiler, drums, blowers, flow meters, furnace, filters, screen, conveyor, piping and valves, hand trucks.

b. WORKING CAPITAL No. of days

Direct Materials, Direct

Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a)	60	\$ 29,100
Admin. Costs(b), Contin-		·
gencies, Sales Costs(c)	30	1,600
Training Costs		1,800
Total		\$ 32,500

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL, LAND) \$ 237,500

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

Cleaning and housekeeping

		Annuai	Annuai
a.	Direct Materials	Requirement	Cost
	Surface active agent	375,600 lbs.	\$ 45,100
	96% sulfuric acid	719,900 lbs.	7,900
	25% sodium hydrox-		
	ide	2,003,200 lbs.	24,000
	CMC (soil suspending		
	agent)	21,910 lbs.	9,200
	Packing Materials		24,000
	Total		\$ 110,260
ь.	Supplies		

Indirect expendable items	•	100
Maintenance & spare parts		200
Office supplies		200
Total	<u>s</u>	600

TRANSPORTATION

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.

b. External Transport Facilities. In and out shipments average 4 tons per day. Good highways and rail facilities necessary.

MANPOWER

		Number	Annual Cost
a.	Direct Labor Skilled Semi-skilled Unskilled Total	2 2 5 9	\$ 12,000 10,000 20,000 \$ 42,000
b.	Indirect Labor Manager	1	s 10,000
	Office Shipping & receiving	1	5,000 4,000

c. Training Needs. Manager must be fully experienced. He should be able to train other employees and reach full production in 30 days.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

b. Annual Sales Revenue

100

Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

Total

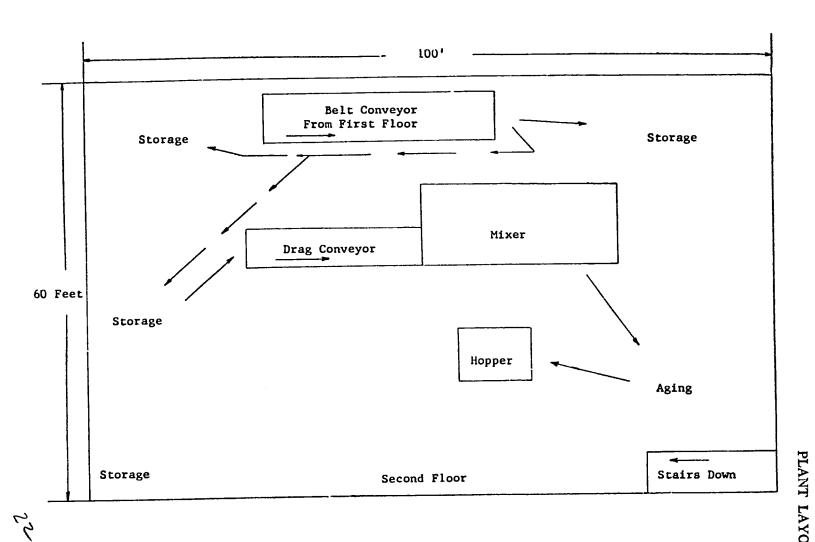
a.	Annual Costs	
	Direct Materials	\$110,200
	Direct Labor	42,000
	Manufacturing Overhead(a)	22,200
	Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	9,000
	Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	10,000
	Depreciation on Fixed Capital	16,900
	Total Annual Costs	\$210,300

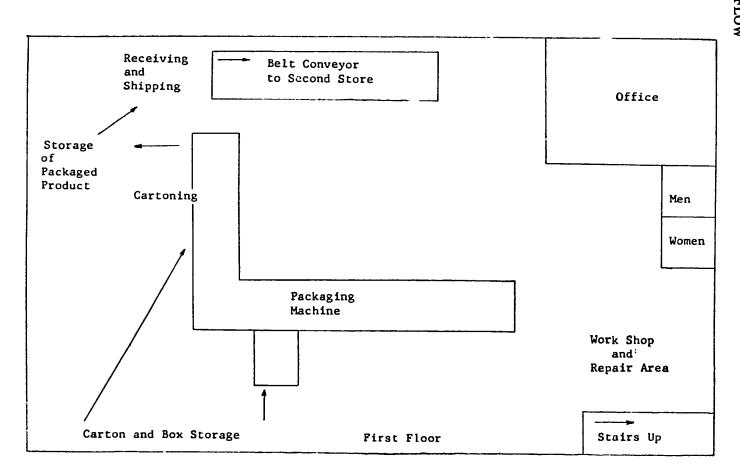
NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest,

SYNTHETIC DETERGENT: S.I.C. 2841

19,000

\$250,000







SYNTHETIC DETERGENT: S.I C 2841

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Surface Active Agents and Detergents. Vol. II. A. M. Schwartz, J. W. Perry, and J. Berch. 1957. 856 p. Illus. \$19.50 Interscience Publishers, Inc.

250 Fifth Avenue

New York I, New York

Process of synthesizing and manufacturing surface active agents. The physical chemistry of surface active agents in theory and practice.

B. Encyclopedia of Chemical Technology. R. E. Kirk and D. F. Othmer. First supplement volume. 1957. 992 p. IIIus. \$25.00. Interscience Publishers, Inc.

250 Fifth Avenue

New York I, New York

A thorough coverage of the fields of chemical engineering, including detergents.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Soap and Chemical Specialists. Monthly. \$4.00/year.

McNair Dorland

254 West 31st Street

New York 1, New York

Serves all who deal in soaps, detergents, sanitary supplies, pest control agents.

B. Chemical Engineering Progress. Monthly. \$6.00/year.

American Institute of Chemical Engineers

25 West 45th Street

New York 36, New York

Progress in chemical engineering including detergents.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Synthetic Detergents. IR-15749.

Office of Technical Cooperation and Research

Agency for International Development

Washington, D. C. 20523

/. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Chemical Engineering Cost Estimation. R. S. Aries and R. D. Newton.

1955. 263 p. Illus. \$6.50.

McGraw-Hill Book Company, inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York 36, New York

Equipment cost, plant investment, other costs including manufacturing cost.

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Powder Detergeut. IR-26933. 3 p. Gratis.

Office of Technical Cooperation and Research

Agency for International Development

Washington, D. C. 20523

Information about an improved process that is employed in the manufacture of powder detergents.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each

- A. Patent No. 2,975,141. 1961. 2 p. The preparation of sulfo detergents
- B. Patent No. 2,831,815. 1958. 3 p. Materials and method in making detergent composition.
- C. Patent No. 2,364,767. 1944. 8 p.

 Manufacture of synthetic detergent of the alkyl aryl sulfonate type.
- D. Patent No. 2,130,361. 1938. 12 p. Art of deterging, deterging materials, and process of manufacturing detergents.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Manufacturing Chemists Association 1825 Connecticut Avenue, N. W. Washington, D. C. 20009
- B. American Institute of Chemical Engineers 345 East 47th Street New York 17, New York

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Bowen Engineering Company North Branch, New Jersey Spray drying consultants.
- B. Pfaudler Permutit, Inc.
 P. O. Box 1600
 Rochester, New York
 Design of plants to manufacture detergents and allied products.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Soap Blue Book. Annual (April issue of Soap and Chemical specialities magazine). \$4.00/year.

McNair Dorland

245 West 31st Street.

New York 1, New York

Sources of supply for raw materials, equipment, machinery, containers, and finished products for manufacturers and converters in the detergent, soap and other chemical specialties industries.

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

JOB PRINTING

I. P. No. 66003

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

27

JOB PRINTING: Standard Industrial Classification 2751

A. WORK DESCRIPTION

Printing of letterheads, business documents, cards, handbills, etc., offset work.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

An enterprise of this kind requires only a modest amount of capital. Managerial and labor skill requirements are moderate. Many developing areas should be able to provide a sufficient market for the services of a business of this kind.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Commercial and industrial concerns, clubs, associations, educational institutions, government offices, individuals, etc.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Business will be done direct with users. Advertising in the local press, by circularizing potential customers, and by other means, will generally be necessary.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. A little business might be done by mail outside the area in which the plant is located, but the bulk of the business will normally be strictly local.
- 4. COMPETITION. Limited to competition from rival establishments in same general locality.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Demand for job-printing services will depend on business, government and social activity. No useful estimate of market needed can be given in terms of total population.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL SALES - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: About \$85,000.

1.	CAPITAL	REQUIR	EMENTS

a. FIXED CAPITAL Land. about 2,000 sq. ft. Location should be convenient to		Cost
business area.	S	
Building. One story, 30'x40'.	•	7,200
Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.		
Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$18,500		
Other tools & equipmt. 800		
Furniture & fixtures 700		20,000
Total (excl. Land)	\$	27,200
Principal Items. 2 hand feed open pr	resse	S.
cylinder press, offset press, paper cut type leads & slugs, galleys and galley cabinet.	ter.	•

b. WORKING CPIATAL

	. of Day	S	
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	60	5	9,800
gencies, Sales Costs(e)	30		300
Training Costs Total		ē.	2,000
		2	12,100

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND)

	Annual
a. Direct Materials	Cost
Paper	\$ 25,000
Ink	200
Total	\$ 25,200

o. Supplies	
Gasoline & rags	\$ 200
Oil, grease, type & tools	200
Maintenance & repair parts	500
Office supplies	100
<u>Total</u>	\$ 1,000

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

a. Electric Power. Connected load		Annual Cost	
	about 10 hp.	8	300
b.	Fuel. For heating, if necessary.	\$	400
c.	Water. For sanitation and fire protection.	\$	100

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- b. External Transport Facilities. No special requirements.

5. MANPOWER

One-shift Operation	Number	Annual Cost
a. Direct Labor		
Skilled	2	\$ 12,000
Semi-skilled	1	5.000
Unskilled	2	7.000
Total	5	\$ 24,000
b. Indirect Labor		

1

\$ 8,000

\$ 85,000

c. Training Needs. Manager should be experienced. With 1 skilled worker, he should be able to do all necessary labor training. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs

b. Annual Sales Revenue

Manager

Direct Materials	\$ 25,200
Direct Labor	24,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	9,800
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	2 000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	2,200
Total Annual Costs	\$ 74,700

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

\$ 30,300

JOB PRINTING: S.I.C. 2751

JOB

WORK CABINETS TABLE TYPE OFFICE CYLINDER PRESS JOB PRESS TOILET

TING: S.I.C. 2751 IT LAYOUT

JOB PRINTING: S.I.C. 2751

SELECTED REFERENCES

1. TEXTBOOKS

A. A Practical Introduction to the Graphic Arts. H. E. Jackson. 1957. 320 p. IIIus. \$4.96.

McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York 36, New York

Type case, hand composition, and press work.

B. Printing and the Allied Trades. R. R. Karch. 1958. 318 p. Illus. \$3.80. Pitman Publishing Corporation

2 - 6 West 45th Street

New York 36, New York

Layout, typography, equipment, job printing practices.

II. PERIODICALS

A. American Printer and Lithographer. Monthly. \$15.00/year. Moore Publishing Company, Inc.

48 West 38th Street

New York 18, New York

Current information on printing machinery, materials, equipment, and processes.

Monthly. \$5.00/year. B. Printing Production.

Willsea Publishing Company

1276 West 3rd Street

Cleveland 13, Ohio

Information on techniques of manufacturing, equipment development, and results of technical printing trade conferences.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

Job Printing Shop. SBB-44. March 1961. Gratis.

Office of Techincal Cooperation and Research

Agency for International Research

Washington, D. C. 20523

Describes job printing shop establishment, costs, and business opportunities.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

General Printing. G.U. Cleeton and C.W. Pitkin. 1958. 195 p. IIlus. \$3.00. McKnight and McKnight Publishing Company

Towanda Avenue and Route 66

Bloomington, Illinois

Type faces, inks, machinery, equiqment, and printing processes.

Practice of Printing. R.W. Polk. 1952. 324 p. Illus. \$4.75.

Charles A. Bennett Company, Inc.

1457 Duroc Building

Peoria, Illinois

Layout, presses, and printing operation.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Cut Costs with Good Plant Design. C.W. Latham. Inland and American Printer and Lithographer. October 1959. Vol. 144. p. 65-7. \$.50. MacLean-Hunter Publishing Company 79 West Monroe Street Chicago 3, Illinois

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,963, 966. 1960. 6 p. Method of making variable speed platen printing press.
- B. Patent No. 2, 947,245. 1960. 4 p. Job printing press and its manufacture.
- C. Patent No. 2,767,790. 1956. 7 p. Construction of a rotary printing apparatus.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Lithographers and Printers National Association 1025 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20006
- B. National Printing Equipment Association 217 Broadway New York, New York 10007

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

A. Olin E. Freedman Company
 201 East Walton Place
 Chicago II, Illinois
 Design, engineering, construction supervision exclusively for the graphic arts industry.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. The Inland and American Printer and Lithographer Directory Issue.
Annual. \$.50.
MacLean-Hunter Publishing Corp.
79 West Monroe Street
Chicago 3, Illinois

Lists approximately 15,000 manufacturers of equipment, supplies, and services used by printers, lithographers and allied businesses.

JOB PRINTING: S.I.C. 2751

3

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFST1. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U.S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

PAPER BAGS

I. P. No. 66004

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Self-opening, square kraft paper bags, ranging in size from 1/4 to 35 pounds, commonly known as grocers' bags, manufactured from medium length fiber kraft paper.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

This plant is about the minimum size for fully mechanized operations. Capital requirements are moderately high but little skilled labor is needed. Use of this type of paper big is increasing in urban areas as modern retailling methods are increasingly adopted, and, with such a potential market, prospects for the enterprise are good.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Stores and industries.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to wholesale distributors and also direct to large users.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. The product is very easy to handle and transport costs are comparatively low. The domestic market area may be nation-wide. The product is exported all over the world by major paper manufacturing countries.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. The plant could normally compete with imports, even if the paper needs to be imported. In less developed areas major competition would be from cheaper wrapping materials and containers. b. Export Market. The plant might make some sales to neighboring countries, but could not compete in the general international market with large-scale producers.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. The size of population required to support the output of this plant depends principally on the level of income. Where stores generally use paper bags to package customers' purchases, a population of three to four million should support the output of this plant.

PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 100 Million Bags.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a.	FIXED CAPITAL		Cost
	Land. About 12,000 sq. ft.	S	
	Building. One story, 5,000 sq. ft.,		
	concrete block & steel construction with truss roof. Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.	n .	40,000
	Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$85,200 Other tools & equipmt. 10,400 Furniture & fixtures 3,000		98,600
	Total (excl. Land)	S	138,600
	Principal Items. Bag machines (4)	, gas	

powered fork lift, paste cooking and mixing machine, factory platform trucks and skids, bundling press, paper cutter, waste paper baler, lathe, roll grinder, drill press.

b. WORKING CAPITAL

	of Day	ys
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) Admin, Costs(b), Contin-	60	- \$ 53,400
gencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs	30	5,800 4,500
Total		\$ 63,700

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) 2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

	Annual	Annual
a. Direct Materials	Requirements	Cost
Paper	1650 tons	\$248,000
Glue	10 tons	5,000
Total		\$253,000

5. Supplies	
Maintenance & repairs	\$ 3,500
Lubrication & hand tools	500
Office supplies	200
Total	8 4,200

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

		Annual Cost
a. Electric Power. about 100 hp.	Connected load	\$ 3,000

- b. Fuel. About 6,000 gals. oil annually. 700
- c. Water. About 1.6 million gals. annually for production, sanitation and fire protection. 400

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- b. External Transport Facilities. Total in and out shipments about 1,000 tons a month. Good highway needed, and railroad, if possible.

5. MANPOWER

Maintenance

Total

	1 14111001	I III II GGI COJE
a. Direct Labor		
Skilled	2	\$ 10,000
Semi-skilled	2	8,000
Unskilled	4	12,000
Total	8	8 30,000
b. Indirect Labor		
Manager & superviso	r 2	\$ 15,000
Office	2	8,000

Number

Annual Cost

6,000

\$ 29,000

c. Training Needs. Manager & supervisor must be experienced. With help of I skilled worker, they should be able to do all necessary labor training. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs

Direct Materials	\$253,000
Direct Labor	30,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	37,300
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	27,000
Sales Costs (c), Bad Debts	43,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	12,000
Total Annual Costs	\$402,300
b. Annual Sales Revenue	\$540,000

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

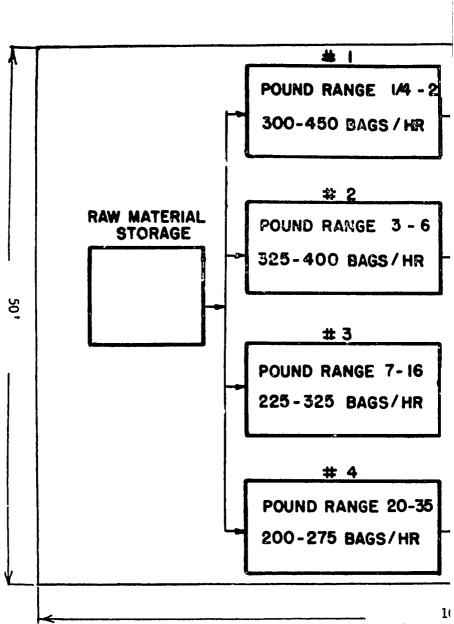
\$202,300

PAPER BAGS: S.I.C. 2643

PAPER

P

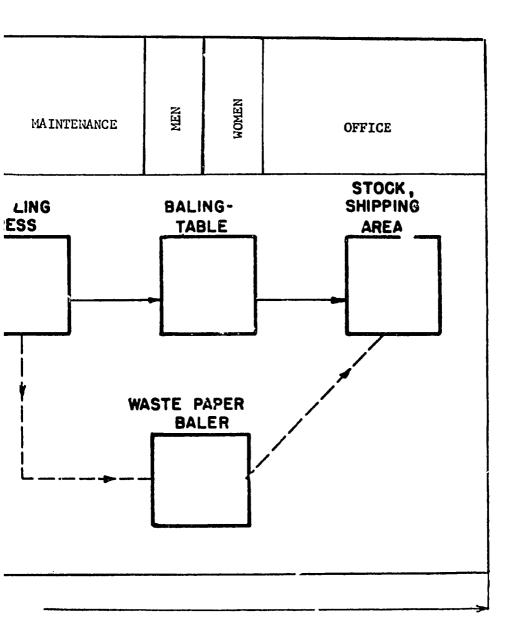
ARROWS



- S.I.C. 2643

AYOUT

E WORK FLOW



PAPER BAGS: S.I.C. 2643

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. The Technology of Coated and Processed Papers. R.H. Mosher, editor. 1952. 733 p. Illus. \$15.00.
Chemical Publishing Company, Inc. 212 Fifth Avenue
New York 10, New York
Paper converting machinery and products therefrom.

II. PERIODICALS

A. The Paper Industry. Monthly. \$8.00/year.
 Fritz Publications, Inc.
 431 South Dearborn Street
 Chicago 5, Illinois
 Current developments and marketing information on paper and paper products.

B. Paper and Paper Products. Semi-Monthly. \$5.00/year.
 Walden Sons and Mott, Inc.
 466 Kinderkamack Road
 Oradell, New Jersey
 Sources of supply and prices covering paper and paper products.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. The Dictionary of Paper. American Paper and Pulp Association. 1951 393 p. Illus. \$6.50.
 American Paper and Pulp Association 122 East 42nd Street
 New York 17, New York
 Includes concise information on methods of manufacture of types of paper and paper products.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Grocers Paper Bags. No. 42-53. 1954. 12 p. \$.10.
 U.S. Department of Commerce
 Washington, D.C. 20230
 Covers production processes and markets for grocers paper bags.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 30231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,997,831. 1961. 22 p. Bag making apparatus and process.
- B. Patent No. 2,986,975. 1961. 12 p. Apparatus for making bags.
- C. Patent No. 2,955,517. 1960. 4 p. Method of manufacturing paper bags.
- D. Patent No. 2,944,469. 1960. 5 p. Machines for the production of paper bags.
- E. Patent No. 2,854,899. 1958. 9 p. Apparatus for manufacturing paper bags.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Paper Bag Institute
 41 East 42nd Street
 New York 17, New York
- B. Kraft Paper Association 122 East 42nd Street New York 17, New York

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Morris and Van Wormer
 25 Broad Street
 New York 4, New York
 Design and construct paper bag plants.
- B. Haida Engineering Company
 34-09 Vernon Boulevard
 Long Island City, New York
 Paper converting machinery and engineering.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Paper Yearbook. Annual. \$10.00.
 Davidson Publishing Company
 405 East Superior Street
 Duluth 2, Minnesota
 Lists and describes in detail all types of paper, paper products, related papers specialties, and manufacturer of each given product.

PAPER BAGS: S.I.C. 2643

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

SMALL PRINTING SHOP (BOOKS)

I. P. No. 66005

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

SMALL PRINTING SHOP (BOOKS): Standard Industrial Classification 2732

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Various sizes and types of books, catalogs and pamphlets.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Capital and skilled labor requirements are fairly high. The market will be mainly local, since customers prefer to use printing establishments to which they have easy access. Many developing communities could provide an opportunity for an establishment of this kind.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Publishers, societies, government offices, etc.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Business is done direct with users.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. The market will usually be somewhat localized, though publishers sometimes use printing shops located far away, if the latter do unusally good work. Only in exceptional circumstances is there any foreign business.
- 4. COMPETITION. Competition will come only from similar establishments.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. It will be necessary to have a rather large and sophisticated urban area containing publishing concerns, business houses, organizations, government offices, and so forth, to provide a clientele for this plant. Demand will vary greatly with local conditions, and the market should be carefully surveyed before such a venture is undertaken.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: Printing Services, \$200,000.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a.	FIXED CAPITAL Land. 1/2 acre	\$	Cost
	Building. One story, 100'x130', or		
	13,000 sq. ft.		
	Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.		
	Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$173,000		
	Other tools & equipmt, 1,000		
	Furniture & fixtures 1,000	17	75,000
	Total (excl. Land)	\$25	3,000
	Principal Items. Cylinder pressess	20′x2	6',
	small cylinder presses 12'x18', cylind presses 9'x12', open press 10'x15', 2 automatic typesetting machines 20 to		
	faces for automatic), hand type stend	ils,	
	addressing machine, cutter, folder,		
	binding equipment, mailing equipment stitcher.	nt,	

b. WORKING CAPITAL

	No. of Days	
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(Admin. Costs(b), Contin	a) 60	\$ 19,300
gencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs Total	30	1,700 2,000 8 23,000

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$276,000

Annual

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

a.	Direct Materials	Requirement	S	Cost
	Paper	90,000 lbs.	-s	26,000
	Ink	10,000 lbs.		3,000
	Sketching & related			
	materials			450
	Packaging materials			550
	Total		S	30,000
D.	Supplies Lubricants & hand tools Maintenance & spare pa Office supplies Total		\$ <u>\$</u>	200 1,000 300 1,500

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

	Annual Cost
a. Electric Power. About 38,000 kw-hr.	\$ 750
b. Fuel. About 5,000 gals. oil	<u>\$ 500</u>
c. Water. About 1 million gals.	\$ 250

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- b. External Transport Facilities. No special requirements.

5. MANPOWER

Maintenance

Total

	Number	Millian Cost
a. Direct Labor		
Skilled	9	\$ 54,000
Semi-skilled	1	5,000
Unskilled	1	4,000
Total	<u> </u>	\$ 63,000
b. Indirect Labor		
Manager	1	\$ 10,000
Office	1	5.000

Number

c. Training Needs. Manager should be fully experienced. With aid of skilled workers he should be able to train the other employees and reach full production in 30 days.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs

Amuai Costa	
Direct Materials	\$ 30,000
Direct Labor	63,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	23,000
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	15,000
Sales Costs(c) Bad Debts	6,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	20,400
Total Annual Costs	\$157,400

b. Annual Sales Revenue 8200,000

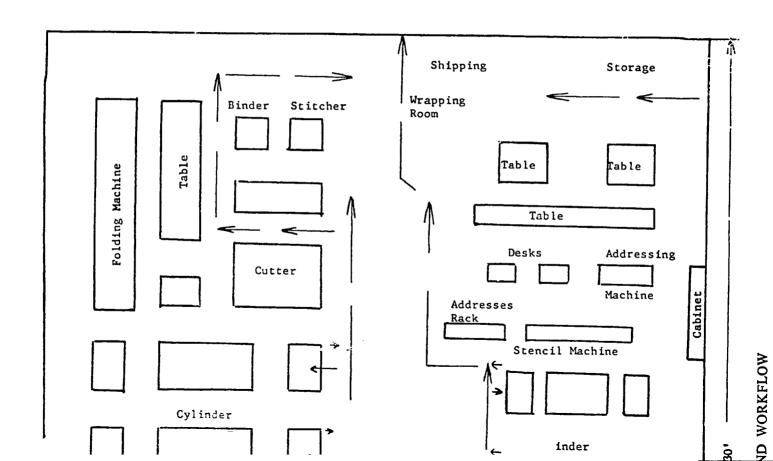
NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

Annual

SMALL PRINTING SHOP (BOOKS): S.I.C. 2732

5.000

\$ 20,000



(BOOKS): S.I.C. 2732

SMALL PRINTING SHOP (BOOKS): S.I.C. 2732

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. A Practical Introduction to the Graphic Arts. H.E. Jackson. 1957. 320 p. Illus \$4.96

McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York 36, New York

Type case, hand composition, and press work.

B. Printing and the Allied Trades.

R.R. Karch. 1958. 318 p. Illus. \$3.80.

Pitman Publishing Corporation

2 - 6 West 45th Street

New York 36. New York

Layout, typography equipment, job printing practices.

II. PERIODICALS

A. American Printer and Lithographer. Monthly. \$15.00/year.

Moore Publishing Company, Inc.

48 West 38th street

New York 18, New York

Current information on printing machinery, materials, equipment, and processes.

B. Printing Production. Monthly. \$5.00/year.

Willsea Publishing Company

1276 West 3rd Street

Cleveland 13. Ohio

Information on techniques of manufacturing, equipment development, and results of technical printing trade conferences.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Job Printing Shop. SBB-44. March 1961. Gratis.

Office of Technical Cooperation and Research

Agency for International Development

Washington, D.C. 20523

Describes job printing shop establishment, costs, and business opportunities.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. General Printing. G.U. Vleeton and C.W. Pitkin. 1958. 195 p. IIIus. \$3.00.

McKnight and McKnight Publishing Company

Towanda Avenue and Route 66

Bloomington, Illinois

Type faces, inks, machinery, equipment, and printing processes.

B. Practice of Printing. R.W. Polk. 1952. 324 p. Illus. \$4.75.

Charles A. Bennett Company, Inc.

1457 Duroc Building

Peoria, Illinois

Layout, presses, and printing operations.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Cut Costs with Good Plant Design. C.W. Latham. Inland and American Printer and Lithographer. October 1959. Vol. 144. p. 65-7. \$.50. MacLean-Hunter Publishing Company 79 West Monroe Street Chicago 3, Illinois

VI. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office. Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,963,966. 1960. 6 p.
 Method of making variable speed platen printing press.
- B. Patent No. 2,716,942. 1955. 8 p. Manufacturing a rotary printing press.
- C. Patent No. 2,573,090. 1951. 6 p. Pivotal frame structure and elements for a printing machine.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Lithographers and Printers National Association 1025 Connecticut Avenuc, N. W. Washington, D. C. 20006
- B. National Printing Equipment Association 217 Broadway New York, New York 10007

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

A. Olin E. Freedman Company
 201 East Walton Place
 Chicago II, Illinois
 Design, engineering, construction supervision exclusively for the graphic arts industry.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. The Inland and American Printer and Lithographer Directory Issue.
 Annual. \$.50.
 MacLean-Hunter Publishing Corporation
 79 West Monroe Street
 Chicago 3, Illinois
 Lists approximately 15,000 manufacturers of equipment, supplies, and services used by printers, lithographers and allied businesses.

SMALL PRINTING SHOP (BOOKS): S.I.C. 2732

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 Industry Profiles published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 Industry Profiles to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "Profiles" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

BOOK BINDERY

I. P. No. 66006

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

A. DESCRIPTION OF WORK

Binding and rebinding of books in various materials, according to customers' specifications.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

The workshop described requires a modest amount of capital. The skill and intelligence demanded of the manager and his assistants are fairly high. The economic feasibility of such an enterprise will depend on whether there is a sufficiently large demand for bookbinding services in the area that could be served. With the increase in literacy in many newly developing areas, opportunities for bookbinding establishments should become more numerous.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Publishers, libraries, businesses, government departments, individuals.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales direct to users. Some publicity in local journals and directories would generally be useful.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. Sales likely to be predominantly local, though some business through the mails might be possible.
- 4. COMPETITION. Competition will be confined to rival establishments.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Demand for the services offered by this plant will depend on educational standards and facilities, government requirements, and general income level. Almost any city with a population of, say, half a million, should provide a potential market for such an establishment, account, of course, being taken of existing bookbinding facilities, if any, In the case of some cities, e.g., university cities, an appreciably smaller total population might suffice.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL SALES - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: \$33,000.

	Annual Cost
a. FIXED CAPITAL Cos	a. Electric Power. Connected load 8 300
Land. About 3,000 sq. ft. Should \$	about 10 hp.
be located in business district.	
Building. One story, 40'x60'. 14,400	b. Fuel. For heating, if necessary. \$ 400
Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.	
Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$18,000	c. Water. For general purposes. \$ 100
Other tools & equipmt. 1,300	
Furniture & fixtures 700 20,000	. 4. IKANSPUKTATIUN
Total (excl. Land) 8 34.400	
Principal Items. Backing machine, hand	a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
press, wire stitcher, folder, stitching	Tone needs at y
machine, plastic binder, hand paper cutter,	to Practical Process of Professional Association
and sewing tools, paper drill with	b. External Transport Facilities. No special
ttachments for slotting & notching, gluing	requirements.
equipment, stamping tools.	
	5. MANPOWER
b. WORKING CAPITAL	Number Annual Cost
No. of Days	a. Direct Labor
Direct Materials, Direct	Skilled 1 \$ 5,000
Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) 60 \$ 3,200	
Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	Total 2 \$ 8,000
gencies, Sales Costs(c) 30 300) - 10(a) 2 5 8,000
Total \$ 3,500	
7041	b. Indirect Labor
TOTAL CARITAL STAGE LAND. CAROO	Manager 1 \$ 7,000
c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$ 37,900	,
	6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES
2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES	REVENUE
Annua	
a. Direct Materials Cost	- Ammuni Casta
	a. Annual Costs

Cardboard		250
Leather & imitation leather		500
Thread & glue		50
Plastic & metal		500
Total	Ş	2,500
b. Supplies		
ubricants & hand tools	\$	100
Cutting & stamping tools & dies		300
Maintenance & repair parts		400
Office supplies		200
Total	\$	1,000

Paper

a. Annual Costs

Direct Materials
Direct Labor
Manufacturing Overhead(a)
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies
Sales Costs, Bad Debts
Depreciation on Fixed Capital
Total Annual Costs

\$ 2,500
8,000
1,200
2,700
2,700
\$ 25,200

b. Annual Sales Revenue

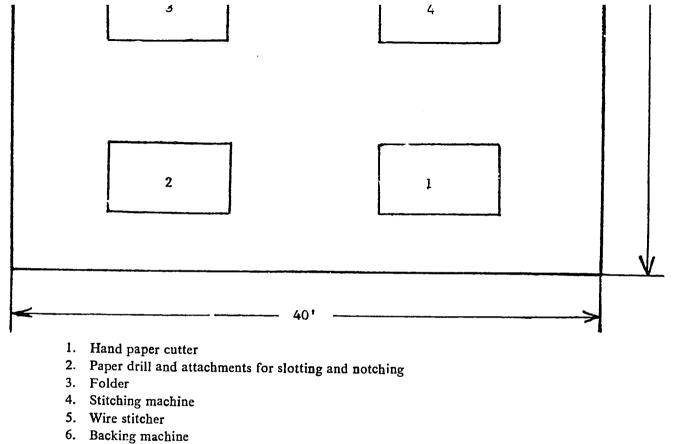
3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

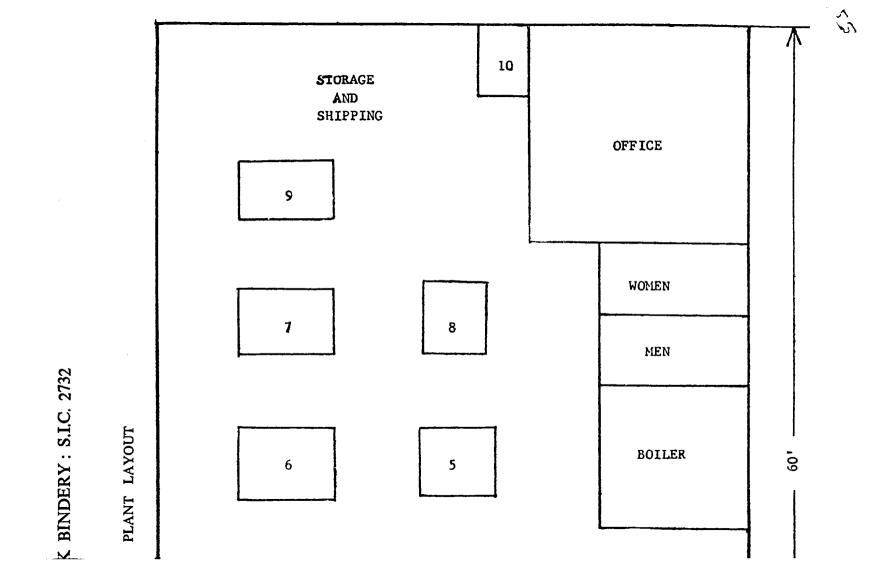
\$ 1,200

BOOK BINDERY: S.I.C. 2732

\$ 33,000



- Hand press
- Plastic binder
- Gluing equipment
- 10. Damping



BOOK BINDERY: S.I.C. 2732

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Pictorial Manual of Bookbinding. Manley Banister. 1958. 48 p. \$3.75. The Ronald Press Company
15 East 26th Street

New York 10, New York

Two hundred photographs and drawings showing how to bind books. Step-by-step description of the various processes used in six types of binding.

B. Bookbinding, Its Background and Technique. Edith Diehl. 1946.
 Vols. \$30.00.

Rinchart and Company, Inc.

232 Madison Avenue

New York 16, New York

History of books, bookbinding practices and all steps in bookbinding leading to the finished product.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Book Production. Monthly. \$5.00/year.

Book Production

404 Fourth Avenue

New York 16, New York

Business paper devoted to the design, printing and binding of books, pamphlets, catalogs and allied products.

II. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Employment Outlook in Printing Occupations. 1958, 32 p. Illus. \$.25. Cat. No. L2.3:1215-8.

Superintendent of Documents

Government Printing Office

Washington, D.C. 20401

Includes composing room occupations, pressmen, bookbinders, and related workers,

V. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Bindings in Cambridge Libraries. G.D. Hodson. 1929. \$60.00. Cambridge University Press

32 East 57th Street

New York 22, New York

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Book Repairing. \$.25.
 University of Washington Press seattle 5, Washington
 Various methods of book repairing, materials used.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,769,414. Nov. 6, 1956. 6 p. Bookbinding means and methods.
- B. Patent No. 2,744,481. May 8, 1956. 3 p. Tape feeding device for book sewing machines.
- C. Patent No. 2,711,703. June 28, 1955. 6 p. Book sewing machine.
- D. Patent No. 2,615,410. Oct. 28, 1952. 3 p.
 Automatic book cutting-off device for severing the stitching threads between the last signature of one book and the first signature of the next.
- E. Patent No. 2,601,113. June 17, 1952. 7 p. Improvements in an attachment for book sewing machines for preventing the sewing of signatures.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. Book Manufacturing Institute 25 West 43rd Street New York 36, New York Association of bookbinders for keeping members informed of news and developments in the trade.

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. F.P. Rosback Company
 Benton Harbor, Michigan
 Book binders' machinery and equipment.
- B. T.W. and C.B. Sheridan Company
 135 Lafayette
 New York, New York
 Machinery for all phases of bookbinding.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. MacRae's Blue Book. Annual. \$17.50.
 MacRae's Blue Book
 18 East Huron Street
 Chicago II, Illinois
 Approximately 40,000 manufacturing and industrial firms in the United States, their products and their financial ratings.

BOOK BINDERY: S.I.C. 2732

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

FISH OIL AND FISH MEAL

I. P. No. 66007

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Fish oil and fish meal, made from fish and fish wastes.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

This industry would be established only where there are ample nearby supplies of the raw materials. The operation requires a moderately large capital but little technical skill. The products have multiple uses but have to compete with oils, animal feeds and fertilizers from a variety of sources. Prospects depand on the possibility of finding sufficient market outlets where the products can be profitably sold at competitive prices. Since the products are jointly produced it should be ascertained that there is a sufficient market for both of them.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Manufacturers of margarine, lower-grade cooking fats, shortening, soap, lubricating oils, paints, fungicide sprays, animal feed, fertilizers.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to wholesalers and industrial users.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Though product is fairly easy to transport, freight cost is an important factor in limiting the market area. b. Export. market is international.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. There is usually competition from similar products derived from other sources, and delivered price is the controlling factor. b. Export Market. As in the domestic market, delivered price is the decisive factor.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. It is not feasible to estimate the size of the market needed in terms of population or other quantitative measure. The essential requirement is accessibility to areas where user industries are located.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY: 2,300 Tons of Meal, 2,000 Tons of Oil.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a.	FIXED CAPITAL		Cost
	Land. 1 acre.	8	
	Building. 50'x100'x25' production,		
	50'x100 x14' storage, 25'x25'		
	boiler.		
	Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.		
	Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$200,000		
	Other tools & equipmt. 18,000		
	Furniture & fixtures 1,000		
	Transportation equipmt. 6 000	22	5,000
	Total (excl. Land)	829	0,000
	Principal Items. Boiler 200 hp., fish	pum	p,
	dewatering screen, measuring machin		
	breaker, cooker, multi-stage press, ca	ke	
	press, dryers (direct & indirect), refr.	ac-	
	toryless furnace, fan, disintegrator,		
	grinder, 2 centrifugal oil separators,	3	
	elevators, 3 conveyors.		

b. WORKING CAPITAL

No.	of Days	
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead (a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	60	\$ 50,000
gencies, Sales Costs (c) Training Costs	30	3,200 1,000
Total		8 54,200
TOTAL CARITAL (EVOL		

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$344,200

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

	Annual	Annual
a. Direct Materials	Requirements	Cost
Raw fish Antibiotics & other	10,000 tons	\$160,000
chemicals		2,000
Bags	46,000 bags	9,200
Oil drums (55 gals.)	10,300 drums	67,000
Total		\$238,200
b. Supplies		

b. Supplies	
Lubricants & hand tools	S 500
Maintenance & spare parts	6,000
Office supplies	300
Total	8 6.800
man of the same	

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

	Annual Cost	
a. Electric Power. 200 hp. con- nected load.	\$ 5,000	
b. Fuel. 50,000 gals. of oil.	s 6,000	
c. Water. Production, sanitation, and fire protection.	\$ 200	

4. TRANSPORTATION

Annual Operating Cost

- a. Own Transport Equipment.
 5-ton truck.

 8 1,800
- External Transport Facilities. In and out shipments 50 tons a day. Plant should be located on a railroad siding and good highways.

5. MANPOWER

******	Number	Annual Cost
a. Direct Labor Skilled Semi-skilled Unskilled Total	2 2 3 7	\$ 10,000 8,000 9,000 \$ 27,000
b. Indirect Labor		
Manager Office	1 1	8 10,000 5,000
Total	2	\$ 15,000

c. Training Needs. Manager should be fully experienced. With 1 skilled worker he should be able to train employees and reach full production in 1 month.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

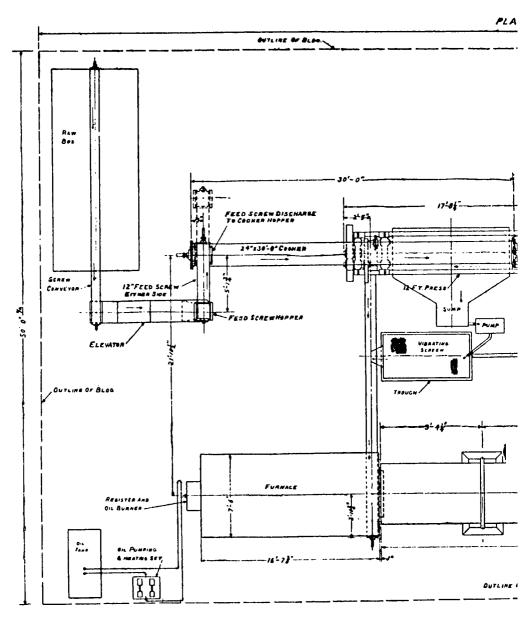
a. Annual Costs

Direct Materials	\$238,200
Direct Labor	27,000
Manufacturing Overhead (a)	34,800
Admin. Costs (b), Contingencies	24,000
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	14.000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	26,600
Total Annual Costs	8364.600
b. Annual Sales Revenue	\$518,400

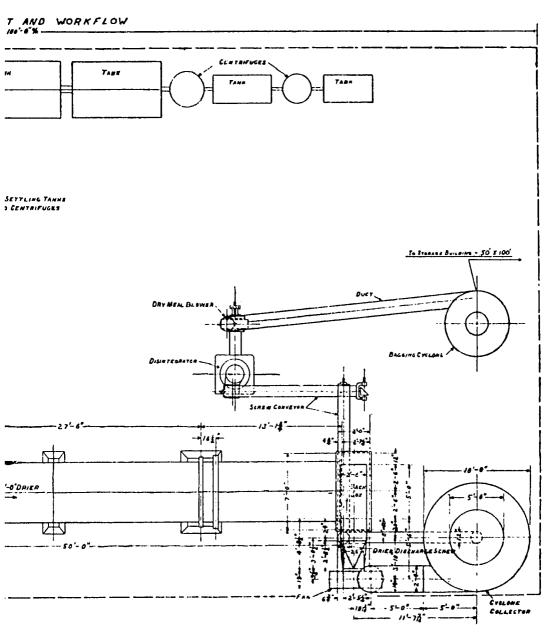
NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power Fuel, Water, Transportation, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions. Freight Out Travel.

FISH OIL AND FISH MEAL: S.I.C. 2095

FISH MEAL A



H OIL: S.I.C. 2095



FISH OIL AND FISH MEAL: S.I.C. 2095

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Marine Products of Commerce. 2nd Edition. D.K. Tressler. 1951. 800 p. \$20.00.
 Reinhold Publishing Corporation 430 Park Avenue
 New York 22, New York
 Comprehensive text covering all commercial products derived from the sea. Includes a section on fish meal and oil.

II. PERIODICALS

A. The Fishing Gazette. Monthly. \$10.00/year. Fishing Gazette Publishing Corporation 461 Eighth Avenue
 New York I, New York
 Contains facts and figures of the fishing trade.

B. National Fisherman. Monthly. \$4.00/year.
 National Fisherman
 Goffstown, New Hampshire
 Contains information on new ideas and developments in the trade.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Fish Meal and Oil. IR-23856. Gratis.
 Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
 Agency for International Development
 Washington, D.C 20523
 Preliminary technical data on the production of fish meal.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Fish Reduction Processes. Fishery Leaflet 126. 1956. Gratis.
 Fish and Wildlife Service
 U.S. Department of the Interior
 Washington, D.C. 20242
 Describes the various processes for fish reduction, types of equipment used, products resulting from the processes, and packaging necessary for each product and by-product.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,972,542. 1961. 2 p. Preparing deodorized fish meal and oil.
- B. Patent No. 2,877,122. 1959. 7 p. Method of dehydrating fish for manufacture of Meal, oil, and other products.
- C. Patent No. 2,844,476. 1958. 3 p. Process of comminuting and dehydrating fish into meal and related products, including oil.
- D. Patent No. 2,686,126. 1954. 3 p. Treatment of fish to produce meal and oil.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

 A. National Fisherics Institute, Inc. 1614 - 20th Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20009

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Edward Renneburg and Sons Company
 2637 Boston Street
 Baltimore, Maryland
 Producers of machinery for fish meal and fish oil production.
- B. The Cog Corporation
 4926 West Grand
 Chicago, Illinois
 Designers and producers of fish reduction machinery.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. List of Fishery Associations in the United States and Alaska. Annually. Gratis.
 Fish and Wildlife Service
 U.S. Department of the Interior
 Washington, D.C. 20242
 Contains national and regional associations of fisheries and the fishing industry.

FISH MEAL AND FISH OIL: S.I.C. 2095

6>

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

FISH, DRIED AND SALTED

I. P. No. 66008

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The kind of fish processed will depend on the species caught locally. Scaling, removal of entrails and thorough washing are required before salting and drying. Packaging may be in transparent bags, cartons, wooden boxes, or other containers.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

This operation requires a steady supply of suitable fish, good transport facilities, and a population with a fairly high average income to provide a market. Processing techniques are simple, and the main requirement is control to assure that the work is thoroughly done and the product is of good quality. In many areas dried fish are produced by primitive methods and though the resultant product may be inferior in quality it may have a substantial price advantage that is difficult to overcome. Given a large enough market, this is a business with prospects of steady growth as population increases and incomes rise. It requires a fairly large initial capital. It seems to be an appropriate project for a group of existing small producers desiring to modernize their methods and expand production, or for a fishery cooperative.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Households, eating places.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales direct to wholesalers and large retailers. A brand name might be advantageous.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Good public transport facilities and careful handling and sometimes refrigeration are needed if the market is to extend beyond the local delivery area. If these are available sales in inland areas should be possible. b. Export. Some export to conveniently located nearby points may be possible in some cases, but the general export market is very small and limited to a few special products.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Competition from small producers may be keen. Competition from imports is likely only in exceptional cases. Competition from alternative foodstuffs will depend on relative prices and eating habits. b. Export Market. In overscas markets transport costs, customs duties and other charges usually rule out the possibility of meeting competition from domestic producers, except for a few specialities for which demand is small and sometimes comes mainly from expatriates.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. The size of the population needed to absorb the production of this plant depends on eating habits, income levels, availability of fresh fish, etc. No estimate of the total population needed is possible in this case.

PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 300 Tons

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a. FIXED CAPITAL Land. 1/2 acre.	8	Cost
Building. One story, 100'x100', with 40'x40' refrigerator. Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.		80,000
Prodn. tools & equipment. \$ 47,000 Other tools & equipment. \$ 4,300 Furniture & fixtures 700 Transportation equipment 3,000 Total (excl. Land)		55,000
Principal items. 6 drying ovens, 30 dry trees, 20 racks, cleaning tanks, clean tables, brine tanks, packing tables, hatrucks, hand tools, monorail convey scales.	ing ing	3

b. WORKING CAPITAL

	of Day:	S
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead (a) Admin. Costs (b), Contin-	60	\$ 56,600
gencies, Sales Costs (c) Training Costs	30	3,600 3.200
Total Working Capital		\$ 63,400

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$198,400

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

		Annual	F	Annual
		Requirements		Cost
a.	Direct Materials			
	Fish	500 tons	\$2	000,000
	Salt	25 tons		500
	Sugar	5 tons		500
	Other additives			1,000
	Packaging			10,000
	Total		\$ 2	12,000
	Supplies Lubricants & hand tools Cutting tools & abrasives Maintenance & spare parts Office supplies		s	100 200 2,000
				200
	Total		8	2,500

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

- FI - 1 B	Annual Cost	
a. Electric Power. 30 hp. connected load.	\$ 600	
b. Fael. Gas.	\$ 6,000	
c. Water. 5 million gallons.	8 1,250	

4. TRANSPORTATION Annual Operating Cost

a. Own Transport equipment. One tor, pickup and delivery truck, \$ 1,200

b. External Transport Facilities. In and out shipments average about 4 tons per day. Good highways needed.

5 MANPOWER

a. Direct Labor	Number	Annual Cost
Skilled	3	\$ 15,000
Semi-skilled	3	12,000
Un-skilled	20	60,000
<u>Total</u>	26	\$ 87,000

b. Indirect Labor		
Manager and supervisor	2	\$ 16,000
Office	2	8.000
Truck driver	1	5,000
Total	5	\$ 29 000
	_	

c. Training Needs. Training Needs. Manager and supervisor must be fully experienced. With 3 skilled workers they should be able to train other men and reach full production in 30 days.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs	
Direct Materials	\$212,000
Direct Labor	87,000
Manufacturing Overhead (a)	40,550
Admin. Costs (b). Contingencies	20,000
Sales Costs (c), Bed Debts	24,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	10,000
Total	\$393,550

b. Annual Sales Revenue \$500,000

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Transportation, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel,

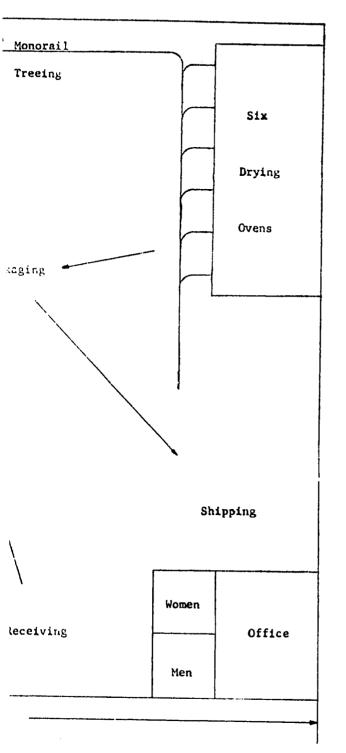
FISH, DRIED AND SALTED: S.I.C. 2031

FISH, DRIED AND S

PLANT LAYOU Brine Tanks Washing Tanks Cleaning 100 Feet Refrigerator -10

TED: S.I.G. 2031

ND WORKFLOW



FISH, DRIED AND SALTED: S.I.C. 2031

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Food Technology. Prescott and Proctor. 1937. 630 p. Illus. \$12.00. McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Inc. 330 West 42nd Street
 New York 36, New York
 Comprehensive survey of sources, handling, and manufacture of principal commercial foods. Fish drying and salting are included.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Pacific Fisherman. Monthly. \$3.00/year. Miller Freeman Publications 731 S.W. Oak Street Portland, Oregon

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Marine Products of Commerce. 2nd edition. Lemon and Tressler. 1956. 800 p. \$20.00
 Reinhold Publishing Corporation
 430 Park Avenue
 New York 22, New York
 Information on procuring and processing products from the sea. Section on drying and salting fish.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Fishery Periodicals. Gratis.
 Fish and Wildlife Service
 U.S. Department of the Interior
 Washington, D.C. 20242
 Contains a comprehensive list of papers on the fish industry.

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office. Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,930,139. 1960. 5 p. Drying in the preservation of fish.
- B. Patent No. 2,765,236. 1956. 4 p. Applying preservation techniques to fish.
- C. Patent No. 2,686, 126. 1954. 3 p. Preservation of fish by drying.
- D. Patent No. 2,619,425. 1952. 7 p. The drying and defatting of fish.
- E. Patent No. 2,507,891. 1950. 4 p. Apparatus for salting fish and other meats.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. Fishery Council 118 South Street New York 38, New York

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Arenco Machine Company, Inc. 500 Hollister Road
 Teterboro, New Jersey
 Deheading and degutting machines.
- B. Technical Enterprises, Inc.
 31 South Street
 New York 4, New York
 Builds and installs complete plants.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. List of fishery cooperatives in the United States and Alaska. Gratis. Fish and Wildlife Service
 U.S. Department of the Interior
 Washington, D.C. 20242
 Lists fishery cooperatives throughout the United States and Alaska.

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE

I. P. No. 66009

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.



A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Unfermented grape juice, unsweetened, not concentrated; in five gallon carboys, shipped to bottling plants for bottling in retail size bottles.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

This plant would need to be located near a grape growing area able to provide an assured and adequate supply of grapes. Since the juice has to settle for a fourmonth period initial working capital is fairly high and no income will accrue from sales during the first six months of operation. Total capital requirements are moderate and little skilled labor is needed. With the general increase in the consumption of fruit juices the prospects for a business of this kind seem reasonably good.

- C. MARKET ASPECTS
- 1. USERS. Juice bottlers.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to bottling plants.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. Plant must be located close to the supply of grapes. Finished product is bulky and must be boxed for transport, but need not be refrigerated. Nation-wide distribution is possible. Plant would not ship abroad, except possibly into immediately surrounding territory.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Other fruit juices, possibly imported, would compete. b. Export Market. Plant would not ship abroad.

 Competition from well established large, foreign firms would be too strong, particularly since concentrates have been developed that reduce shipping costs considerably.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Consumption largely depends on income levels and drinking habits. Bottling plants serving a population of four to five million might absorb the output of the plant.

PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 125,000 Gallons

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

	IXED CAPITAL and. About 16,000 sq. ft	t.	s	Cost
B	uilding. One-story, 60'x	80'		30,000
Ē	quipment, Furniture &	Fixtures.		
	rodn, tools & equipmt.	827,000		
	ther tools & equipmt.	1,300		
S	tock of 4200 returnable			
	crated carboys	15,400		
F	urniture & fixtures	800		44,500
	Total (excl. Land)			74,500
P	rincipal items. Conveyor	r, spraying	eq	uip-

ment, crusher, kettle, press, press cloths and racks, juice tank, juice cloths and racks, pasteurizer, storing jugs, filtering equipment, siphoning equipment, packaging, boiler, 5 gal. carboys.

b. WORKING CAPITAL

No	of Day	/S	
Direct Materials, 1 yr.'s		_	
supply of grapes		S	18,000
Direct Labor	180		13,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	180		12,200
gencies	180		3,000
Sales Costs(c)	30		850
Total		\$	47,050

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$121,550

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

		Annual	Annual
a.	Direct Materials	Requirements	Cost
	Grapes	1,500 tons 8	18,000

o. Supplies		
Lubricants & hand tools	\$	100
Filter cloths		300
Maintenance & spare parts		1,400
Office		200
Total	8	2,000

POWER, FUEL, WATER

n Chatria Dawar Camanad	Annua	ıl Cost
a. Electric Power. Connected load about 20 hp.	8	600
b. Fuel. About 8,000 gals. oil annually.	8	1,000
c. Water. 3,200,000 gals. annually. Water must be potable.	8	800

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- b. External Transport Facilities. Grapes are delivered at plant. Shipments about 250 tons per month. Good highway needed.

5. MANPOWER

	One-shift Operation	Number	Annual Cost
a.	Direct Labor		
	Skilled	ı	\$ 4,000
	Semi-skilled	8	20,000
	Unskilled	1	2,000
	Total	10	\$ 26,000
b.	Indirect Labour		
	Manager	1	\$ 8,000
	Office	1	4,000
	Other	2	8,000
	Total	4	\$ 20,000

c. Training Needs. Manager should have long experience. With 1 skilled worker he should be able to do all labor training. Latter can be carried out without additional cost during initial six month production period.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

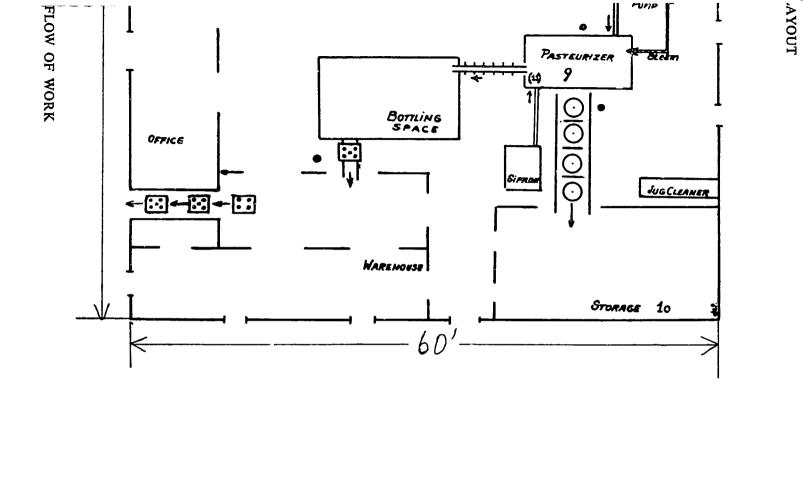
a. Annual Costs	
Direct Materials	\$ 18,000
Direct Labor	26,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	24,400
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	6,000
Sales Costs(c). Bad Debts	10,200
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	•
(including allowance for carboy	
losses)	6,000
Total Annual Costs	\$ 90,600
b. Annual Sales Revenue	\$125,000

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (e) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.



ARROWS IND

UNFERMENTED PLA



PE JUICE: S.I.C. 2033

UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE: S.I.C. 2033

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Fruit and Vegetable Juice Processing Technology. D.K. Tressler and M.A. Joslyn. 1961. 1,040 p. \$19.75.

The A V I Publishing Company, Inc.

P.O. Box 388

Westport, Connecticut

Comprehensive coverage of the technology of fruit and vegetable juice processing.

B. Principles of Fruit Preservation. 2nd edition. T.N. Morris. 1947. 198 p. \$5.50.

D. Van Nostrand Company, Inc.

120 Alexander Street

Princeton, New Jersey

Devoted to fruit processing, including fruit juices.

II. PERIODICALS

A. National Bottlers' Gazette. Monthly. \$7.00/year.

Keller Publishing Company

9 East 35th Street

New York 16, New York

Covers the processing and merchandizing of soft drinks.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Unfermented Grape Juice. IR-16384. September 1961. Gratis.

Office of Techanical Cooperation and Research

Agency for International Development

Washington, D.C. 20523

Requirements for establishing and operating plant to process 15 tons of unfermented grape juice per day.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A Fundamentals of Quality Control in the Food Industry. A. Kramer and B.A.

Twigg. 1962. \$14.75.

The A V I Publishing Company, Inc.

P.O. Box 388

Westport, Connecticut

Comprehensive study of quality control in the food industry.

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. The Chemical Composition of Ripe Concord Type Grapes. Bulletin

No. 285. Gratis.

New York State Agricultural Experiment Station

Geneva, New York

Deals with the above subject.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,928,744. 1960. 2 p. Preparation of fruit juices.
- B. Patent No. 2,903,372. 1959. 5 p. Method of processing grape juice.
- C. Patent No. 2,817,589. 1957. 4 p. Process for the production of fruit juice.
- D. Patent No. 2,614,048. 1952. 5 p. Method of extraction and treatment of fruit products.
- E. Patent No. 2,517,569. 1950. 5 p. Process of extracting and preserving the original flavors and food values of fruit juices.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. California Fruit Exchange 1400 10th Street Sacramento 14, California

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Horix Manufacturing Company 1384 Island Avenue Pittsburgh 4, Pennsylvania Complete line of bottling equipment.
- B. Minneapolis-Honeywell Manufacturing Company Philadelphia 44, Pennsylvania Complete line of gauges and instruments.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Canners Directory. Published odd numbered years. \$3.50.
 National Canners Association
 1133 20th Street, N.W.
 Washington, D.C. 20006
 Lists canners of food, including juices.

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3,00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

BABY BEDS, PENS, AND BASSINETS

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

These products are made of wood and finished in lacquer. Casters and a thin water-proof pad are supplied with each unit. They are fully assembled and then disassembled for shipment knocked down in corrugated cartons.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Capital requirements are modest and labor skills needed are not of a high order. Good management and supervision are required to ensure that product quality is maintained. Market potential should be carefully investigated, since these products, though in common use, are fairly durable and are frequently purchased secondhand, especially where the income level is low.

C. MARKET ASPECTCS

- 1. USERS Households, hotels, institutions.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales usually to furniture stores and specialist stores selling articles for babies. Direct sales are occasionally made to institutions.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. Shipping is easy but freight charges generally make it impracticable to ship very long distances. These products are almost never exported since they can be made almost anywhere, or some adequate substitute can be produced locally.
- 4. COMPETITION. Small establishments may sometimes be able to compete in their own localities, though in general the factory can produce a better article for the price.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. This will vary greatly with the income level and child-rearing practices. Where these products are commonly used a total population of the order of a million should provide a sufficient market.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 5,000 Beds, 5,000 Pens, 5,000 Bassinets.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a. FIXED CAPITAL Land. 25,000 sq. ft.		\$	Cost
Building. One story, 80'x Equipment, Furniture & Fi	100' xtures.		48,000
Prodn. tools & equipmt. Other tools & equipmt. Furniture & fixtures Total (excl. Land)	\$30,000 3,000 1,000		34,000 82,000
Principal Items. Cut off si jointer, planer, backknife la sander, table sander, three drum sander, 2 trim saws, horizontal boring machine, machine, chain mortiser, te glue pots, assembly presses sewing machine.	ithe, turning drum sand band saw, upright be mon mach	ng ler, sha ori nine	iper, ng :,

b. WORKING CAPITAL

No. of	Days	
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a)	60	\$ 26,800
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies, Sales Costs (c) Training Costs	30	2,000 2,300
Total		8 31,100

e. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) 8113,100

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

uantity ,000 ft. S	Cost
1000 6 8	
,000 16. 2	55,000
0.000	2,000
	2,500
	3,000
	3.000
S	65,500
•-	

b.	Supplies		
	Lubricants & hand tools	S	250
	Cutting tools & abrasives		500
	Maintenance & spare parts		1,250
	Glue		250
	Sandpaper		550
	Office supplies		200
	Total	<u>s</u>	3,000

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

a. Electric Power. Connected load about 65 hp.	<u>s</u>	2.000
b. Fuel. Scrap lumber & sawdust.		
c. Water. Production & general purposes.	\$	200

Annual Cost

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- External Transport Facilities. Products are bulky. Goods highways needed, and rail facilities, if possible.

5. MANPOWER

	Number	Annual Cost
 a. Direct Labor 		
Skilled	4	\$ 20,000
Semi-skilled	6	24,000
Unskilled	6	18,000
Total	16	\$ 62,000
b. Indirect Labor		
Manager & superv	isor 2	\$ 16,000
Office	2	8,000
Maintenance	Ī	4,000
Total	<u>5</u>	8 28,000

e. Training Needs. Manager and supervisor must be experienced. With 3 skilled workers they can train other workers and reach full production in 30 days.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs	
Direct Materials Direct Labor Manufacturing Overhead(a) ACmin. Costs(b), Contingencies Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	\$ 65,500 62,000 33,200 9,000 15,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	7,800
Total Annual Costs	8192,500
b. Annual Sides Revenue	\$240,000

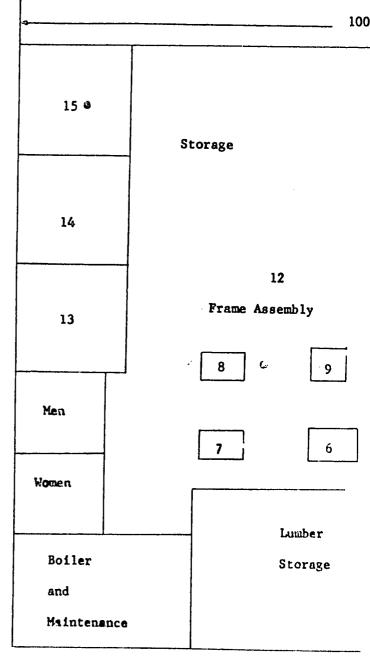
NOTES. (c) Includes Supplies, Power, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal are Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

BABY BEDS, PENS, AND BASSINETS: S.I.C. 2511



BABY BEDS, PENS

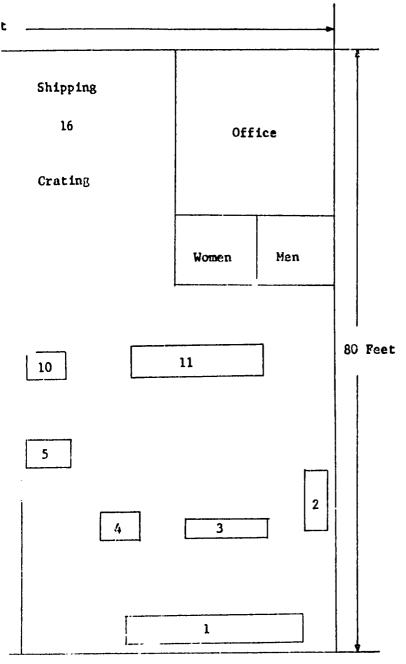
PLANT LAYO



- 1. Cut-off saw
- Rip saw
 Jointer
- 4. Trim saw
- 5. Shaper6. Bandsaw
- 7. Horizontal boring machine
- 8. Upright boring machine

) BASSINETS: S.I.C. 2511

AND WORK FLOW



- Chain mortiser 9.
- 10. Tenon machine
- 11.

12.

- Table sander Frame assembly
- Spray booth 13.
- 14. Cut pads
- 15. Sew pads
- Crating and shipping 16.

BABY BEDS, PENS, CRIBS AND BASSINETS: S. I. C. 2511

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. How to make Children's Furniture and Play Equipment. Illus. 1963. \$6.50. McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York 36, New York

Detailed presentation of materials and construction plans for children's toys.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Hitchceck's Wood Working, Monthly, \$4.00/year,

Hitchcock Publishing Company

222 East Willow Avenue

Wheaton, Illinois

A leading publication in the woodworking field, covering all phases of the subject.

B. The Wood Worker. Monthly \$ 2.00/year.

S. H. Smith Company

2232 North Meridian

Indianapolis, Indiana

Provides subscribers with news on developments, processes, methods, markets, in the woodworking field.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Wood Furniture Industry. TB-118.
Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
Agency for International Development
Washington, D.C. 20523

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Cutting Techniques for Woodworkers. Thomas D. Perry. 1955, 53p. \$.50. Hitchcock Publishing Company

Wheaton, Illinois

A Wood Working Digest. Technical Series Reprint No. 107. Descriptions of cutting techniques in woodworking and the tools used therein.

B. Furniture Finishing. Harold B. Gatslick. 1956, 82 p. \$1.00. Hitchcock Publishing Company

Wheaton, Illinois

A Wood Working Digest. Technical Series Reprint No. 108. Descriptions of finishing techniques in woodworking and the materials and tools used to implement them.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. D-165,763. Jan. 29, 1952. 2 p. Design for a bassinet.
- B. Patent No. D-165,644. Jan. 8. 1952. 2 p. Design for infant's crib.
- C. Patent No. D-161,377. Dec. 26. 1950. 2 p. Design for juvenile crib or bed.
- D. Petent No. D-152-002. Dec. 7. 1948. 3 p. Design for collapsible crib.
- E. Patent No. D-147,787, Nov. 4. 1947. 2 p. Design for baby cribs.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. National Association of Furniture Manufacturers
666 Lake Shore Drive
Chicago II, Illinois
Keeps members informed on latest developments, processes, techniques, and marketing in furniture field.

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

A. Henry Keck Associates
660 South Fairs Oaks Avenue
Pasadena, California
Design of products and machines for appearance and utility.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Hitchcock's Wood Working Directory. 1959. 250 p. \$10.00. Hitchcock Publishing Company Wheaton, Illinois
Lists producers of furniture and other wood products, machinery manufacturers for the industry, and trade associations.

BABY BEDS, PENS, AND BASSINETS: S.I.C. 2511

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125 00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An *Index of Industry Profiles* is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

BISCUITS AND CRACKERS I. P. No. 66011

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Soda crackers, sprayed crackers, vanilla wafers, semisweet biscuits.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

The equipment listed can produce any kind of biscuit or cracker, to suit customers' tastes. Capital requirements are moderate, and highly-skilled labor is not needed. Biscuits and crackers are often produced cheaply in small, ill-equipped factories, and these may offer competition among the poorer members of the community. Competition may also come from the products of large, well-known concerns. To compete successfully it is generally necessary to have a high-quality product, with a well-chosen brand name and active salesmanship.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Households, eating places.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to wholesalers and large retailers. An attractive brand name and energetic sales methods are necessary.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Transport presents no problem, transport costs normally low in proportion to product value. Market may be nation-wide. b. Export. Market for biscuits and crackers is world-wide, but special export packing is often required for countries with hot and humid climates.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Competition may come from small producers and bakeries, as will as from internationally-known large producers. b. Export Market. This plant is on too small a scale to compete effectively with large-scale, well-known producers in the general export market, though some regional exports may be possible.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. An urban population of about a million people would, in most cases, be sufficient to consume the output of this plant.

PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 1,040,000 Pounds.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

ı. FIX	ED CAPITAL		Cost
Lane	l. 1/2 acre.		s
Buil	ding. One story, 48'x12:	5'.	36,000
Equi	pment, Furniture & Fix	tures.	
	n. tools & equipment.		
Oth	er tools & equipmt.	6,500	
Furi	niture & fixtures	800	
Trac	isportation equipmt.	2,400	78,200
Т	otal (excl. Land)		\$114,200
Prin	cipal Items. Dough bra	ike, cuttir	g

machine, sheeter, rotary molding machine, oven 27"x60-1/2', cooling conveyor 50', oil spraying machine, mixer (2 barrel), pans scales, water meter, refrigerator, sacks, measuring equipment, handling equipment, packaging equipment.

b. WORKING CAPITAL

	. of Da	<u>ys</u>
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	60	\$ 24,300
geneies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs	30	3,700 1,200
Total		\$ 29,200

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND)

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

		Annual	A	Annu. E
a.	Direct Materials	Requirements	_	Cost
	Flour	624,000 lbs.	S	37,500
	Shortening	117,000 lbs.		14,100
	Yeast	520 lbs.		100
	Sugar	234,000 lbs.		23,400
	Salt	9,360 lbs.		500
	Soda	4,160 lbs.		200
	Invert syrup	15,600 lbs.		1,900
	Non-fat drymilk	7,800 lbs.		1,300
	Eggs	15,600 lbs.		2,800
	Ammonium bicarbonate	: 390 lbs.		100
	Packaging materials			10,000
	Total		S	91,900
b.	Supplies			
	Lubricants & hand took	S	\$	200

o. aupplier	
Lubricants & hand tools	S
Cutting tools & abrasives	

Maintenance & spare parts	2.150
Office supplies	200
Total	\$ 2,600

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

a. Electric Power. 7-1/2 hp. connected load.	\$ 400
b. Fuel. For baking.	\$ 500
e. Water. 125,000 gallons.	\$ 100
4. TRANSPORTATION	Annual Operating Cost

Annual Cost

a. Own Transport Equipment. One pickup and delivery truck. 8 1,200

b. External Transport Facilities. In and out shipments average about 4 tons a day. Good highways necessary.

5. MANPOWER	Number	Annual Cost
a. Direct Labor Skilled Semi-skilled Unskilled Total	$\frac{3}{1}$ $\frac{2}{6}$	\$ 15,000 4,000 6,000 \$ 25,000
b. Indirect Labor Manager Office	1	\$ 9,000 5,000

10,000 Sales clerk - truck $\frac{2}{4}$ 8 24.000 Total

c. Training Needs. Manager should be fully experienced. With 3 skilled workers he should be able to train others and reach full production in 30 days.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs Direct Materials	\$ 91,900
Direct Materials Direct Labor	25,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	28,800
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	20,000
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	24,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	10,000
Total Annual Costs	8199,700

\$260,000 b. Annual Sales Revenue

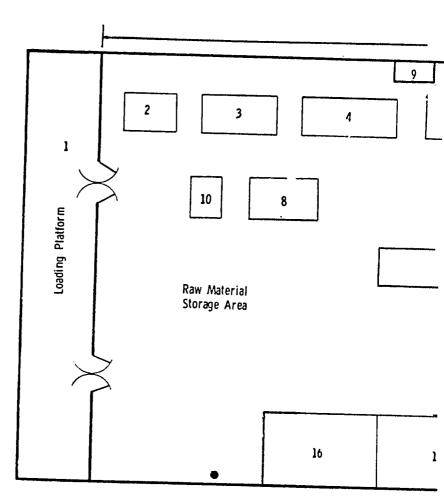
NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, water, Transportation, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

50

BISCUITS AND CRACKERS: S.I.C. 2052

BISCUITS AND

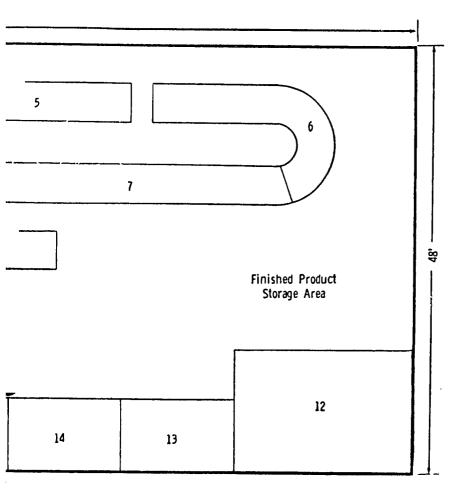
PLANT LAY



- 1. Receiving Platform
- 2. Flour Dump & Scales
- 3. Dough Mixer
- 4. Dough Sheeter and Cutter
- 5. Oven
- 6. Takeoff and Shingler
- 7. Cooling C nveyor
- 8. Proofing Area
- 9. Water Flow Meter
- 10. Refrigerator
- 11. Packing Area
- 12. Retail Stores

CKERS: S.I.C. 2052

ND WORKFLOW



- 13. Office
- 14. Mens Locker Room
- 15. Womens Locker Room
- 16. Boiler Room

BISCUITS AND CRACKERS: S.I.C. 2052

SELECTED REFERENCES

1. TEXTBOOKS

A. Biscuit and Cracker Production. R.H. Bohn. 1957. Illus. \$15.00.
 American Trade Publishing Company
 71 Vanderbit Avenue
 New York 17, New York
 Management and processes for the production of biscuits and crackers.

B. Bakery Technology and Engineering. S.A. Metz. 1960. \$15.00. The A V I Publishing Co., Inc.
P.O. Box 388
Westport, Connecticut
General treatise on the engineering aspect of the baking industry.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Biscuit and Cracker Baker. Monthly. \$3.00/year.
 American Trade Publishing Company
 71 Vanderbit Avenue
 New York 17, New York
 News, new developments, processes, products, in the biscuit and cracker industry, as well as packaging and business.

Baking Industry. Bi-weekly. \$3.00/year. (U.S.A.). \$10.00 (Foreign). Clissold Publishing Company 105 West Adams Street.
 Chicago 3, Illinois
 News of the baking industry, including design, compounding, mixing, baking, decorating, displaying, and selling of baked goods.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Biscuits and Crackers. TI-83. Nov. 1960. 35 p. Gratis.
 Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
 Agenct for International Development
 Washington, D.C. 20523
 Presents general picture for establishing a bakery for producing biscuits and crackers.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Digest of Pointers on Cooking Starch. T.A. Whitey. May 1959 issue of Food Processing. p. 45. Gratis.
 Putman Publishing Company
 111 East Delaware Place
 Chicago II, Illinois
 Cooking of starch in food processing must be closely controlled.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Job Descriptions for Bakery Products Industry. 1939. 347 p. illus. \$1.00 Catalog. No. L7.16:B17.
 Superintendent of Documents Government Printing Office Washington, D.C. 20402.

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,929,341. March 22, 1960. 6 p. A method of forming biscuits from a blanket of dough, to simulate in appearance rolls that are spirally wound.
- B. Patent No. 2,589,908. March 18, 1952. 5. p. Cutter for crackers and biscuit cutting and embossing machine.
- C. Patent No. 2,547,118. April 3, 1951. 7 p. Relates to cutting and embossing mechanism for biscuit dough and the like.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Biscuit and Chacker Manufacturers' Association of America 20 North Wacker Drive Chicago 6, Illinois Supplies members with news and information on latest developments in biscuit and cracker industry.
- B. American Institute of Baking
 400 East Ontario Street
 Chicago II, Illinois
 News and information for baking industry.

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

A. Baker Perkins, Inc. 1000 Hess Street Saginaw, Michigan Bakery products engineering.

IX. DIRECTORIES

 A. Thomas' Wholesale Grocery and Kindred Trades Register. 1800 p. \$10.00.
 Thomas Publishing Company 461 Eighth Avenue New York I, N.Y.

Directory of wholesale grocery and related trades in the United States.

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U.S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

ORANGE JUICE, CHILLED, IN WAXED CONTAINERS

I. P. No. 66012

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

ORANGE JUICE, CHILLED, IN WAXED CONTAINERS: S.I.C. 2033

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Single strength orange juice in one-quart waxed containers.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

This operation requires an adequate and assured supply of locally produced oranges. The plant operates on a ten-hour a day basis for about 160 days a year. Capital requirements are large. Apart from machinery and equipment maintenance, operations are simple and require little skilled labor. Orange juice in waxed containers is usually sold only within a rather restricted area, as it must be shipped in refrigerated trucks and cars. It is normally more economical to ship orange juice in bulk or to ship the fruit over very long distances and put it into containers locally. Therefore, it is usually necessary to have a large concentration of population, with a fairly high income level, to provide a market for the output envisaged. The prospects for successful operation will depend on the existence of such an outlet and the vigor with which sales promotion for what in many areas will be a novel product is pursued. It may be possible to sell the orange peelings for fertilizer and feed stock.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Households, eating and drinking places.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to wholesalers and large retailers.

 An attractive brand name is desirable. Active sales promotion and display advertising usually essential.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Usually rather localised, as juice will normally be sent in bulk rather than small containers to distan points, where it will be put in small containers locally, thus reducing transport costs and difficulties. b. Export. There is virtually no export possibility for this product because of the high cost involved in transporting in a comparatively flimsy container a product which must be kept refrigerated and handled carefully.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. The product will need to be competitive in price with frozen and canned juice and the fresh fruit. b. Export Market. As mentioned in paragraph 3 above, there is virtually no export market for this product.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. An urban concentration of several million people with a moderately high living standard would be needed to provide a market for this plant.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE 10 HOUR-SHIFT OPERATION: 20,500,000 WAXED CONTAINERS

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a.	FIXED CAPITAL		Cost
	Land. 4 acres.		s
	Building. One story, 21,000 sq.		126,000
	Equipme: ., Furniture & Fixture:	s.	
	Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$270	J,000	
	Other tools & equipmt.	6,000	
		000, 1	
	Transportation equipmt. 100	0,000	377,000
	Total (excl. Land)		\$503.000
	Principal items. Conveyors, ele-		·s,
	fruit bins, roller graders, scald ta washers, distribution belt, roller	sprea	
	roll sizers, 8 extractors, screw c empty carton feed belt, stainless	steel	
	tanks, pumps, heat exchangers, r	efrig	era-
	tion compressor, condensers, bri	ne ·	
	chillers, stainless steel filling equ	ıp-	

ment, cold room, boiler 61 hp. 125 p.s.i.,

storage tank and peel meal equipment.

b. WORKING CAPITAL

No	of Days	
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead (a)	60	\$910,000
Admin. Costs (b), Contingencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs	30	11,300 2,200
Total		\$923,500

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$1,426,500

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

a.	Direct Materials	Annual Requirements	Annual Cost
	Oranges Containers, waxed	1,600,000 bxs. 8 20,500,000 qts.	4,640,000 455,000
	Cases, eardboard and labels Total	812,000	128,000 5.223 000

b. Supplies		
Lubricants & hand tools	\mathbf{s}	200
Cutting tools & abrasives		400
Maintenance & spare parts		6,000
Gas, oil & maintenance	2	0.100
Office supplies		300
Total	§ 2	7,000
rotat	0 2	, , , , , , , , ,

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

•		Annua	l Cost
a.	Electric power. Connected load 165 hp.	8	1,800
b.	Fuel. 50,000 gals. oil.	<u>\$</u>	6,000
c.	Water. Washing fruit, boiler and sanitary purposes.	<u>s</u>	400
4.	TRANSPORTATION	Anni Operating	. —
a.	Own Transport Equipment. 10 tractors and 15 traders.	ş	10,000

b. External Transport Facilities. Fruit must be trucked to the plant. Good highway needed.

5. MANPOWER

٠.		Number	Annual Cost
a.	Direct Labor Skilled Semiskilled Unskilled Total	3 17 17 37	\$ 12,060 56,700 45,300 \$114,000
b.	Indirect Labor Manager & supervise Office & inspector Truck drivers Total	or 2 6 11 19	\$ 18,000 22,000 36,700 \$ 76,700

c. Training Needs. Manager and supervisor must have years of experience. With 3 skilled workers, they should be able to train all workers and reach full production in 2 weeks.

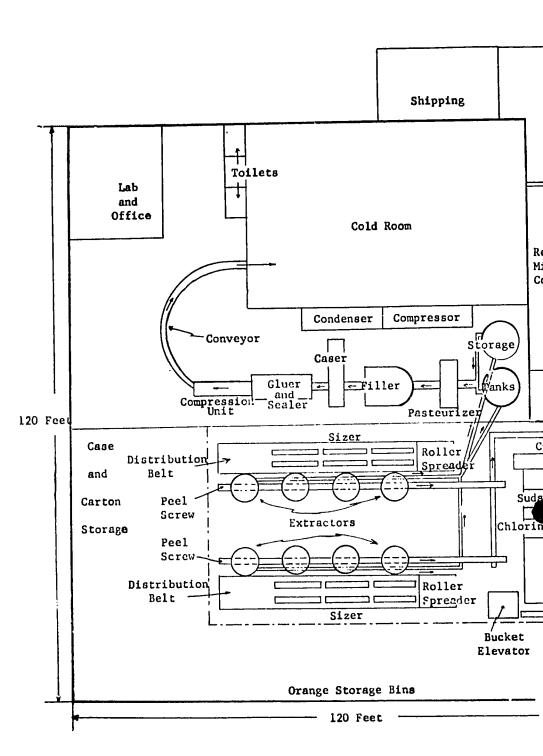
6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs Direct Materials Direct Labor Manufacturing Overhead(a) Admin. Costs (b), Contingencies Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts Depreciation on Fixed Capital	\$5,223,000 114,000 121,900 75,000 60,000 59,000
Total Annual Costs	85,652,900
b. Annual Sales Revenue	\$6,150,000

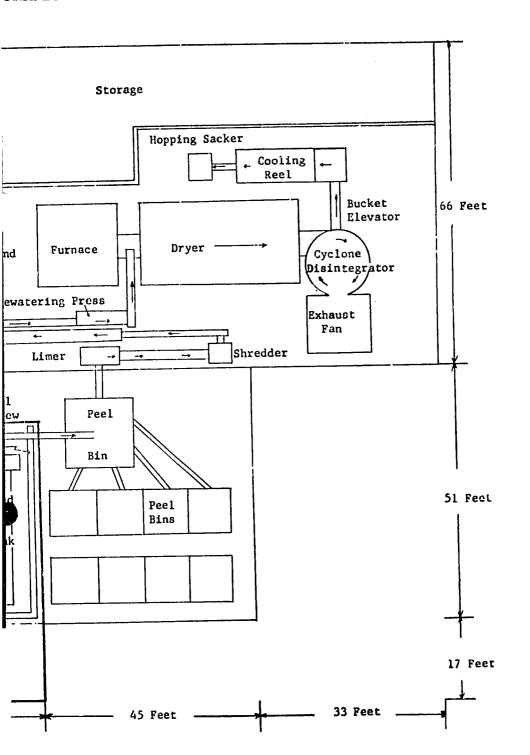
NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Transportation, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

ORANGE JUICE, CHILLED, IN WAXED CONTAINERS: S.I.C. 2033

PLANT LAYOUT



ORKFLOW



ORANGE JUICE IN WAXED CONTAINERS: S.I.C. 2033

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Citreus Products. J.B.S. Braverman. 1949. 438 p. Illus. \$12.00. Interscience Publishers, Inc. 250 Fifth Avenue

New York I, New York

Canning citrus fruit products. Utilization of citrus peels.

B. Principles of Fruit Preservation. T.N. Morris. 2nd Edition. 1947. 198 p. \$5.50.
D. Van Nostrand Company, Inc. 120 Alexander Street
Princeton, New Jersey
Canning fruits, fruit juices, and jellies.

II. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Orange Juice. TI-21. April 1958. Gratis.
Office of Technical Coorperation and Research
Agency for International Development
Washington, D.C. 20523
Plant requirements for the processing of citrus products.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Commerical Canning in Florida. Bulletin No. 117. August 1960. Gratis State of Florida
Department of Agriculture
Tallahassee, Florida
Description of the canning industry in Florida including citrus fruits canning.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Shipping Takes Know-How. Gratis.
Quick Frozen Foods
E.W. Williams Publications, Inc.
82 Wall Street
New York 5, New York
Paper on the shipping of citrus products.

ORANGE JUICE IN WAXED CONTAINERS: S.I.C. 2033

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Citrus Products. J.B.S. Braverman. 1949. 438 p. Illus. \$12.00. Interscience Publishers, Inc.

250 Fifth Avenue

New York 1, New York

Canning citrus fruit products. Utilization of citrus peels.

B. Principles of Fruit Preservation. T.N. Morris. 2nd Edition. 1947. 198p. \$5.50.

D. Van Nostrand Company, Inc.

120 Alexander Street

Princeton, New Jersey

Canning fruits, fruit juices, and jellies.

II. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Organge Juice. TI-21. April 1958. Gratis.
 Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
 Agency for International Development
 Washington, D.C. 20523
 Plant requirements for the processing of citrus products.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Commerical Canning in Florida. Bulletin No. 117. August 1960. Gratis. State of Florida
 Department of Agriculture
 Tallahassee, Florida
 Description of the canning industry in Florida including citrus fruits canning.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Shipping Takes Know-How. Gratis.
Quick Frozen Foods
E.W. Williams Publications, Inc.
82 Wall Street
New York 5. New York
Paper on the shipping of citrus products.

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

SALTED PEANUTS

I. P. No. 66013

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

SALTED PEANUTS: S.I.C. 2034

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Shelled, roasted and salted Virginia-type peanuts, packed in small cellophane envelopes.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Salted peanuts are a semi-luxury food. The type of packaging increases the cost of the item. Although peanuts are produced in many areas, and neither the level of skill nor the amount of capital required for the operation of the plant is of a high order, demand for the product may be confined to a small section of the community. The plant is fully automatic, including an automatic packaging device. The peanuts are not the cheapest variety, Spanish peanuts, which are processed without removing the brown skins, but the somewhat more expensive Virginia variety.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. SALES CHANNELS. Sales to wholesalers for sale to stores and vending machine operators.
- 2. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Transportation costs are low. Care has to be taken in boxing the envelopes of nuts to avoid crushing them in transit or storage. Distribution may be nation-wide. b. Export. Market is world-wide. Care must be taken in boxing and in not exposing the product to great heat for too long a period.
- 3. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. In many countries nuts are consumed in non-processed form rather than as a salted confection. Where an established market for salted peanuts exists, imports might compete. b. Export Market.

 The plant might export to immediately surrounding areas. Size of the plant would not allow for large export trade.
- 4. MARKET REQUIRED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. The size of the population required to support the output of this plant depends primarily upon the food habits of the population and the level of income. Where demand already exists and where imports are no major threat, a population of two to three million should consume the output of this plant.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 500 Tons.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a.	FIXED CAPITAL Land. 10,000 sq. ft.	\$	Cost
	Building. Two-story, including storage, 40'x80'. Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.		19,200
	Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$32,000 Other tools & equipmt. 1,000 Furniture & fixtures 1,000 Total (excl. Land) Principal Items. Peanut sheller, sha) 	34,000 53,200
	grader, bucket elevator, roaster, the color control with indicating dial, tilting type colling car with track, baffled hopper for storage & curing whole nut blancher, nut frialator, cooling table, packaging machine.	rmo	

b. WORKING CAPITAL

No.	No. of Days	
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	6 0	\$ 62,000
gencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs	30	2,600 3,200
Total		\$ 67,800

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$121,000

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

		Annual		nnual
a.	Direct Materials	Requirements		Cost
	Raw peanuts	1,000 tons	\$37	20,000
	Salt	15 tons		300
	Cooking oil			3,000
	Packaging paper			2,000
	Total		832	25,300
	Supplies			
	Lubricants & hand to	ools	S	200
	Maintenance & repai			800
	Office supplies			200
	Total		<u>s_</u>	1,200

3. POWER, FUEL, WATER

	Annua	l Cost
a. Electric Power. Connected load about 40 hp.	<u>s</u>	900
b. Fuel. Natural or coal gas is preferable for roasting, though oil may be used. Temperature control is easier with gas. Annual cost estimated at \$800. Fuel for heating, if necessary, about \$400 a year.	S	1,200
e. Water. For sanitation & fire protection.	<u>s</u>	100

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- External Transport Facilities. Total in and out shipments about 160 tons a month. Good highway needed.

5. MANPOWER

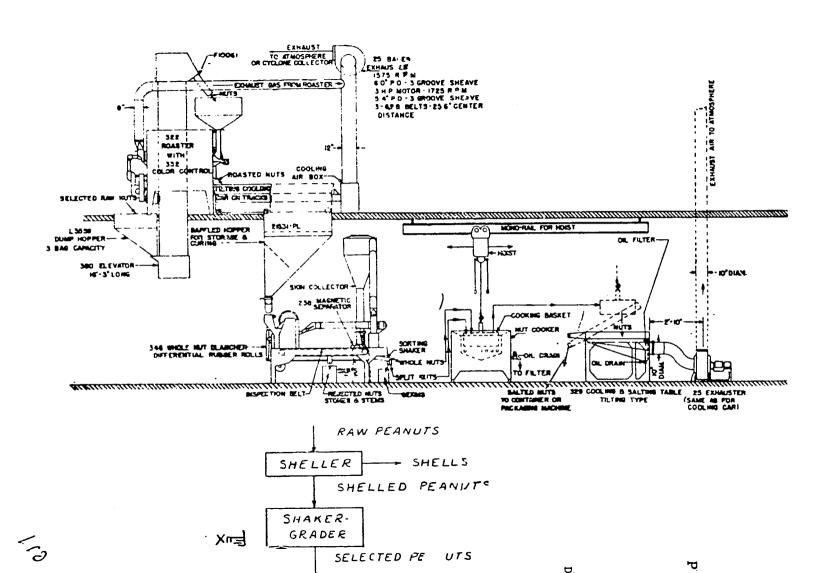
٠.		Number	Annual Cost
a.	Direct Labor Skilled Semi-skilled Unskilled Total	2 3 2 7	\$ 10,000 12,000 5,000 \$ 28,000
b.	Indirect Labor Manager Office Total	$\frac{1}{2}$	\$ 8,000 7,000 \$ 15,000

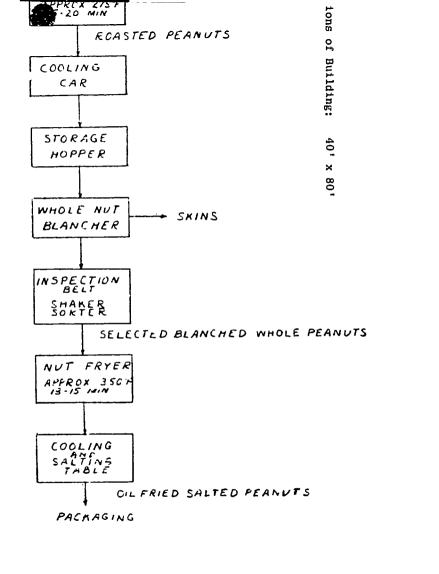
c. Training Needs. Manager must be experienced. With aid of 1 skilled worker, he should be able to do all labor training. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a.	Annual Costs	
	Direct Materials	¥325,300
	Direct Labor	28,000
	Manufacturing Overhead (a)	18,400
	Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	10,000
	Sales Costs (c), Bad Debts	21,000
	Depreciation on Fixed Capital	4,300
	Total Annual Costs	8407,000
h	Annual Sales Revenue	\$530,000

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.





TED

PEANTITS:

a

2071

LAYOUT AND WORK

FLOW

1

SALTED PEANUTS: S. I. C. 2071

SELECTED REFERENCES

I TEXTBOOKS

 A. Abstract Bibliography of the Chemistry and Technology of Peanuts. N. J. Morris. 1949. 231 p. \$5.00
 Southern Regional Research Laboratory
 New Orleans. Louisiana

II. PERIODICALS

A. Peanut Journal and Nut World. Monthly. \$3.00/year.
Peanut Journal Publishing Company
Suffolk, Virginia
Serves those concerned with the production and marketing of peanuts and other nuts.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Salted Peanuts for Food. 1943. 6 p. Gratis.
 Nut Salters and Processers
 New York, New York

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Analysis of Peanut Shelling Industry. Catalog No. A 1821134. 1956. 30 p. Illus. \$.30.
 Superintendent of Documents
 Government Printing Office
 Washington 25, D.C.

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,813,029. 1957 l p. Peanut preparation for consumption.
- B. Patent No. 2,742,364. 1956. 2 p. Processing of nut meats.
- C. Patent No. 2,643,190. 1953. 3 p. Process for roasting and salting nuts.
- D. Patent No. 2,494,717. 1950. 2 p. Peanut products and processes.
- E. Patent No. 2,469,078. 1949. 2 p. Salted nuts and process for preparing same.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Peanut and Nut Salters Association 4500 College Avenue College Park, Maryland
- B. National Peanut Council 1120 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C.

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Foster D. Snell, Inc.
 29 West 15th Street
 New York, New York.
 Consulting engineers and designers of plants for producing salted peanuts.
- Bauer Brothers company
 1717 Sheridan Avenue
 Springfield, Ohio
 Manufacturers of peanut processing equipment.
- C. J. C. Pitman and Sons, Inc.
 Concord, New Hampshire
 Manufacturers of peanut dryers.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

No suitable directory pertaining to the salted peanut industry available.

SALTED PEANUTS: S.I.C. 2034

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

QUICK-FROZEN FISH

I. P. No. 66014

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.



QUICK-FROZEN FISH: Standard Industrial Classification 2936

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Locally available fish quick-frozen and packaged for sale.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

An assured supply of suitable locally-caught fish is essential. Capital requirements are moderate. Marketing possibilities will depend on existence of refrigeration facilities in households and restaurants and, outside the plant's own delivery area, on availability of refrigerated shipping facilities. An export market is unlikely unless the area produces special or particularly good quality fish. A careful study of market potential should be made before undertaking this project.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Households and eating establishments.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND-METHODS. Sales to wholesalers and large retailers.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Depends on extent to which refrigeration facilities exist and, outside delivery range of plant's own refrigerated tractor-trailer, on availability of refrigerated shipping facilities. b. Export. For certain types of fish of high value market is world-wide.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Fresh fish likely to provide keen competition where it is readily available. b. Export Market. Possibility of entering export market depends on type of fish caught and delivered cost.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Depends on eating habits, relative price compared with meat and poultry, availability of fresh fish, export possibilities, etc. Not feasible to estimate market size in terms of total population.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 2,500,000 Pounds

	, ,
1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS	3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER Annual Cost
a. FIXED CAPITAL Cost Land. 1/2 acre.	a. Electric Power. Connected load about 100 hp. S 1,000
Building. One-story 75'x90'. \$ 40,000 Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures. Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$41,000	b. Fuel. For heating office, if necessary. 8 100
Other tools & equipmt. 7,500 Furniture & fixtures 1,500 Transportation equipmt. 30,000 80,000	c. Water. For production, sanitation and fire protection.
Total (excl. Land) \$120,000	4. TRANSPORTATION Annual Operating Cost
Principal items: Sharp freeze room, frozen fish storage room, 2 electric scalers, 4 weighing scales, washing	a. Own Transport Equipment. Refrigerated tractor-trailer. 8 3,000
vats, work tables, 2 hand trucks, 12 freezing racks.	b. External Transport Facilities. In and out shipments average about 12 tons per day.
b. WORKING CAPITAL	Good highway, and railroad facilities, if possible.
No. of days	5. MANPOWER a. Direct Labor Skilled 2 \$ 10,000 Semi-skilled 8 32,000 Unskilled 4 12,000 Total 14 \$ 54,000 b. Indirect Labor Manager & engineer 2 \$ 18,000 Office 2 8,000 Driver 1 4,000 Total 5 \$ 30,000 c. Training Needs. Manager & engineer must be fully experienced. With 2 skilled workers they should be able to train the other workers and reach full production
b. Supplies Lubricants & hand tools Cutting tools & abrasives Maintenance & spare parts Office supplies Total S 200 200 3 2,500	in 30 days. 6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVNUE a. Annual Costs Direct Materials Direct Labor Manufacturing Overhead(a) Admin Costs(b), Contingencies Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts Depreciation on Fixed Capital Total Annual Costs \$584,750

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Transportation, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

b. Annual Sales Revenue

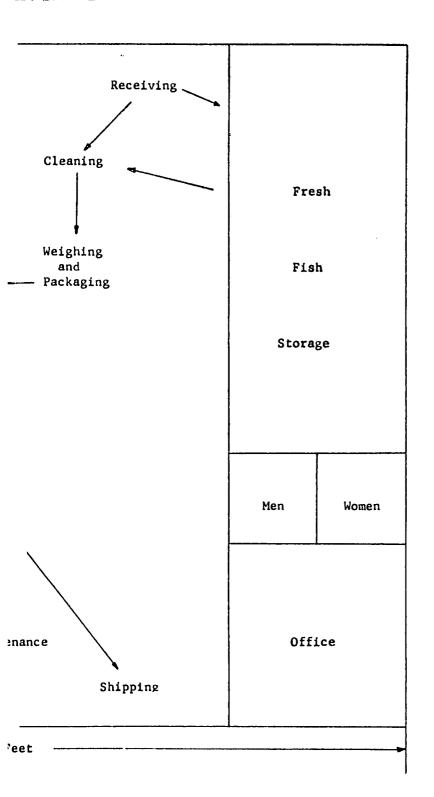
QUICK-FROZEN FISH: S.I.C. 2036



\$715,000

-	1	
		Sharp
	Refrigeration	on Freeze
		Room
	Compressors	
75 Feet		
	and	Frozen
		Fish
	Motors	Storage
<u>I</u>		

(18)



QUICK-FROZEN FISH: S.I.C. 2036

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Refrigeration Engineering. 2nd Edition. H. J. Macintire and F. W. Hutchinson. 1950. 610 p. Illus. \$10.50.
 John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 440 Park Avenue
 New York 16, New York
 Engineering data and discussion of refrigerants and refrigerating systems.

B. Marine Products of Commerce. J. M. Lemon and D. K. Tressler. 2nd Edition. 1951. 800 p. \$20.00.
 Reinhold Publishing Corporation 430 Park Avenue
 New York 22, New York
 Information on procuring and processing products from the sea. Section on quick freezing of fish.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Freezer Provisioning. Monthly. \$4.00/year.
 Freezer Provisioning
 111 South Meramec Avenue
 Saint Louis 5, Missouri
 Magazine for producers of frozen products.

B. Food Engineering. Monthly. \$20.00/year.
 McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Inc.
 330 West 42nd Street
 New York 36, New York
 Deals with processing and research on food materials.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U. S.

A. Fish Freezing and Packaging - Refrigeration. IR-22703. Gratis. Office of Technical Cooperation and Research Agency for International Development Washington, D. C. 20523
Concerns the processing of fish and shrimp.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Food Technology. S.C. Prescott and B. E. Proctor. 1937. 630 p. Illus. \$10.50.
McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. 330 West 42nd Street
New York 36, New York
A comprehensive survey of the methods of handling and manufacture of the principal commercial foods.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Factors to be considered in the Freezing and Cold Storage of Fishery Products. Fishery Leaflet 429. M. E. Stansby, S. R. Pottinger and D. T. Mujauchi. 1956. 65 p. Gratis. Fish and Wildlife Service Department of the Interior Washington, D. C. 20242 Covers changes of temperature during freezing, theories for causes of texture changes resulting from freezing, advantages of quick freezing, thawing and refreezing.

VI. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2, 839, 410. 1958. 2 p.
 Method of preserving fish by the use of quick-freeze apparatus.
- B. Patent No. 2, 790, 720. 1957. 3 p. Improvement in the process of preservation of quick-freeze fish.
- C. Patent No. 2, 758, 930. 1956. 3 p. Apparatus for fish quick-freeze and storage plant.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. Fishery Council
118 South Street
New York 38, New York

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Technical Enterprises, Inc.
 31 South Street
 New York 4, New York
 Designers and builders of complete plants.
- B. Consolidated Engineering Enterprises
 3067 North Elston Avenue
 Chicago, Illinois
 Frozen food machinery and equipment designed or built to order.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. List of Fishery Cooperatives in the United States and Alaska. Gratis. Fish and Wildlife Service Department of the Interior Washington D.C. 20242

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

ANIMAL FEED PELLETS

I. P. No. 66015

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

ANIMAL FEED PELLETS: Standard Industrial Classification 2042

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Pellets composed of various kinds of animal feed and feed supplements, in proportions fixed according to formula.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Animal feed pellets differ in composition, and the formula can be varied to some extent without affecting essential properties, so as to make maximum use to locally-produced materials. Producers in U.S. devote considerable effort to improving the formula and lowering costs. In developing areas it is usually necessary to educate farmers in scientific animal feeding and the keeping of the necessary records. Scientific animal husbandry is spreading, however, and the prospects for a plant such as this are reasonably good in many areas.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Stock farms, poultry farms, dairies, feeding places where animals are conditioned before slaughter, and other places where specialized feeding of animals is done.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales ordinarily made to wholesalers, sometimes also direct to farmers. Manufacturers usually give their product a brand name. Publicity largely directed to educating farmers in use of product, through distribution of pamphlets and visits of salesmen.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Product is easily transported and transport costs are moderate in relation to value. Potential market in country of moderate size and with reasonably good transport system is nation-wide. b. Export. Products of this type are commonly exported and market is world-wide. Major exporting countries are U.S. and Canada.
- 4. COMPETITIVE SITUATION a. Domestic Market. In U.S. some farmers themselves make by simple processes pellets not significantly inferior to commercial product. Others take own grain to customs food mixers who add ingredients necessary to make formula desired by farmer. Unless costs are unusually high, it should be possible to meet competition of imports without great difficulty. b. Export Market. Exports to nearby countries might in some cases be possible for plant of type described, and regional market on limited scale might be developed.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Demand will depend on degree to which scientific animal teeding has been developed in potential market area. Plant of this size would not possess sufficient resources to create demand on substantial scale through its own efforts. There is great flexibility in the use of the product and no exact estimate can be given of number of animals required to absorb plant's production. Much depends on composition of animals' other food intake. Roughly, however, plant's production could feed 25,000 steers on maintenance feeding only, or about the same number of dairy cattle of average milk output by U.S. standards. Steers being fattened consume 3 to 4 times as much as those on maintenance only. Used for poultry, output could maintain about 250,000 laying hens, or could feed 2 million pullets during 9-week fattening period.

124

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMETNS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - THREE-SHIFT OPERATION: 12,500 Tons.

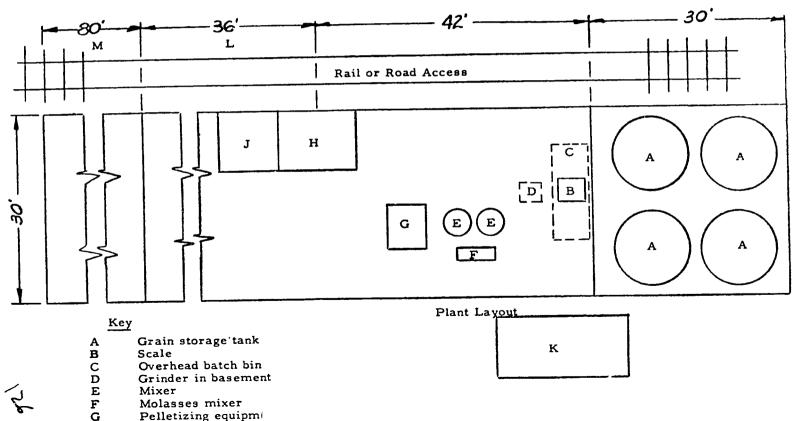
1.	CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS		3.	POWER, FUEL AND WATER	₹
	FIXED CAPITAL	Cost			
u.		Cost	a.	Electric Power, Connected	Annual Cost
	Land. About 2 acres.	• •		load about 30 hp.	\$ 2,400
	Buildings. Main portion 42'x30',			•	
	20' high, with monitor top large		b.	Fuel. For production and gene	rai
	enough to cover the collectors & a			purposes. Coal or Bunker C oil	
				may be used, but consideration	
	basement under 24' of the length.				
	Remainder of building 116' long,			should be given to use of other	\$ 3,000
	30' wide, 12' high. Boiler house			local fuel.	\$ 3,000
	20'x10', equipped with 15 hp.		c	Water. About 4.8 million gals.	
	boiler. Buildings should be steel				
	frame, covered with sheet steel.	\$ 40,000		annually for production &	0 1 200
	Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.			general needs.	s 1,200
	Prodn. tools & equipmt. 868,500				
	Other tools & equipmt. 1,300		4.	TRANSPORTATION	Annual
					Operating Costs
		75 700	9	Own Transport Equipment	<u> </u>
	Transport equipmt. 5,400	75,700	٠.,		e 1.000
	Total (excl. Land)	\$115,700		Two 3-ton delivery trucks.	<u>s 1,800</u>
	Principal Items. 14-inch hammermill,		h	External Transport Facilities. C	Combined
	erusher, 100 bu. mixer pellet mill,		U.		
				in and out shipments about 2,20	
	elevator, conveyors & scales, lift			month. Much of this will be b	etween plant
	truck, pallet truck, pallets, grain			and nearby farm areas. Plant	
	storage tanks, two delivery trucks.			located where good highways e	
b.	WORKING CAPITAL.			ting to farm areas, and, if possi	ble, on
	No. of Days			railroad siding.	
	Direct Materials Direct			•	
	Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) 60	\$148,300	5.	MANPOWER	
	Admin. & Sales Costs(b),	0140,500		Direct Labor Number	Annual Cost
	Contingencies 30	9,300	il.		
		7,200		Skilled 6	\$ 30,000
	Training Costs			Unskilled 6	21,000
	Total	\$164,800		Total $\overline{12}$	\$ 51,000
c.	TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND)	\$280,500		T it is with a	
	MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES		b.	Indirect Labor	
	Annual	Annual		Manager & foremen 3	\$ 21,000
				Office Staff 2	8 000
\mathbf{a} .	Direct Materials Requirements			Other indirect labor 15	60,000
	Yellow corn & oats 4,833 T	\$203 200		Total 20	\$ 89,000
	Wheat bran & middlings 1,412	61,550			
	Linseed & soybean oil		c.	Training Needs. Manager, 2 fo	
	meal 3,415 ,,	201,350		skilled operator should be fully	exper-
	Dehydrated alfalfa 885	39,850		ienced and able to train operat	ors. Many
	Molasses 437 ,	9,200		operations can be done by unsl	
	Fish & bone meal 485	81,550		workers.	
	Meat scraps 307 ,	31,550		WOIKEIS.	
	Dried whey & skim milk 1,195,	33,250	6	TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AN	ND SALES
	Draware water 53	10.100	٥.	REVENUE	
	Brewers, yeast 53			REVENUE	
	Distillers' dried solubs. 227 ,,	18,200	a	Annual Costs	
	Riboflavin supplement 19,,	9,000		Direct Materials	\$738,000
	Ground limestone 132 ,,	3.300			51,000
	Iodized Salt 89 ,,	2,800		Direct Labor	
	D-activated sterol 6 ,,	1,300		Manufacturing Overhead (a)	101,000
	Manganese sulfate 1.6	200		Admin, & Sales Costs(b), Bad	110.000
	Vitamin A feeding oil 2.6,	1,600		Debts, Contingencies	112,000
	Vitamin A & D concentrate 1.2	2,500		Depreciation on Fixed Capital	10,000
	3-thickness paper bags 125 ,,	27,500		Total Annual Costs	\$1,012 000
	Total	\$738,000			01 200 000
L		57.70,000	b.	Annual Sales Revenue	\$1,200,000
D,	Supplies	0 2000			
	Factory maintenance & repairs	8 3,000			
	Lubricants	300			
	Office supplies	300			
	7°1	2 2 600			

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Transportation, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges, Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

\$ 3,600

Total



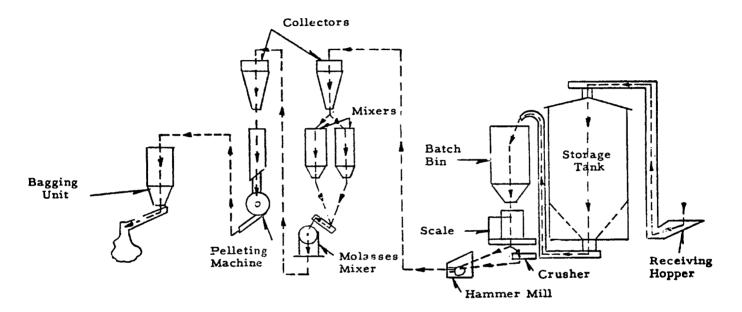


Mixer

Molasses mixer

Pelletizing equipmi

ANIMAL FEED -



Schematic View of Material Flow Through Processing

ANIMAL FEED PELLETS: S.I.C. 2042

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Animal Nutrition. Leonard A. Maynard and John K. Loosli. 5th Edition. 1962. \$9.95.
 McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. 330 West 42nd Street
 New York 36, New York
 Presents both the principles of nutrition and their application in feeding practice.

B. Animal Feeding and Nutrition. 3 volumes. T.J. Chuna, J.R. Couch, J.K. Loosli. Vol. I - 1957. 312 p. Illus. \$5.00. Vols. II and III in preparation. Interscience Publishers, Inc. 250 Fifth Avenue
New York 1, New York
Animal feeding and nutrients for pigs (Vol. I). Feeds for poultry and egg production (Vol. II). Ruminant nutrition (Vol. III).

II. PERIODICALS

A. Feed Age. Monthly. \$3.00/year.
 American Trade Publishing Company
 71 Vanderbilt Avenue
 New York 17, New York
 The business magazine for feed manufacturers.

III. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Feeding and Feedstuffs and Hormones. 54 p. 1953. Gratis. National Research Council 2101 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. Report of the Committee of Animal Nutrition by the Committee on Hormones. Hormonal relationships and applications in the production of meats, milk and eggs.

IV. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,742,362. April 17, 1956. 1 p. Animal feed compositions containing growth promoting agents.
- B. Patent No. 2,835,582. May 20, 1958. 3 p. Feed pellets and manufacture of same.
- C. Patent No. 2,928,737. Mar. 15, 1960. 3 p. Pelleting cottonseed meal for making it into feeds which are suitable for animals, poultry, and the like.
- D. Patent No. 2,958,600. Nov. 1, 1960. 7 p. Animal feeds and methods of producing same in pellet form.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. National Feed Ingredients Association
 Equitable Building
 Des Moines 9, Iowa
 Keeps members informed of latest developments and processes.
- B. American Feed Manufacturers Association
 53 West Jackson Boulevard
 Chicago 4, Illinois
 Association for providing members with latest information on production methods, ingredients, marketing.

VI. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

A. F.J. Stokes Corporation
5500 Tabor Road
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Chemical research and mechanical farming machines.

VII. DIREC', ORIES

A. Thomas Wholesale Grocery and Kindred Trades Register.
 Annual. \$10.00.
 Thomas Publishing Company
 461 Eighth Avenue
 New York
 A guide edited for buyers, sellers and brokers in all
 kinds of food trades manufacturing, including machinery
 and supplies.

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An *Index of Industry Profiles* is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

SURGICAL COTTON

I. P. No. 66016

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

SURGICAL COTTON: Standard Industrial Classification 3842

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Surgical or absorbent cotton, consisting of cotton batting which has been carefully washed, bleached, packed, and sterilized, for use in surgery or other applications requiring sterile dressings.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

This is a small, not wholly mechanized plant. In large plants such operations as bale-breaking, opening and picking, straightening of fibre and the final cutting and packaging are done by machinery that has many times the capacity of this plant. Since many of these operations do not require a high degree of skill, they can easily be done by manual labor. The picking operation, however, needs very close supervision. If there are other plants in the area engaged in processing raw cotton into picked and cleaned cotton, this plant could purchase such processed cotton from them and eliminate the first step of its own production. This is a practice not uncommon in the U.S. The raw material itself consists of long staple cotton, which, if not grown domestically, is readily available in the international market. The general level of skill required for this plant is not very great and the capital requirements are rather small.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Hospitals, doctors, dentists, industrial safety organizations, individuals.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Medical supply distributors.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Transportation costs are minor; therefore distribution can be nation-wide. b. Export. Transportation costs are no barrier to export.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Competition would come from well-established, large-scale firms. b. Export Market. The plant might supply some nearby foreign territory, but it would not be able to compete generally with large-scale producers in the world market.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. The population needed to support the output of this plant depends partly upon the level of income. This level must be such as to support the regular use of some medical services, such as a hospital and some clinic services. If the income level is high enough, some ready-made bandages, which are a high-priced item, would compete with the use of surgical cotton, particularly in the home. If some hospital and other medical facilities exist in the area a population of between 1 and 2 million should be sufficient to absorb this plant's output.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT: 12 tons.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a.	FIXED CAPITAL		
	Land. 10,000 sq. ft.		\$
	Building. One story, 40'x6	0 .	
	Equipment, Furniture & F	ixtures.	
	Prodn. tools & equipment	\$30.000	
	Other tools & equipment	2,000	
	Furniture & fixtures	7,00	

Principal Items. Scales, tables, hand trucks, tools for breaking, opening and picking; 250 gal. stainless steel tank with steam jacket; 500 gal. storage tanks (3) for chemical solutions; stainless steel endless screen; I set squeeze rolls; carding machine; cutting table; wrapping and packaging; I sterilizer boiler.

b. WORKING CAPITAL

Total (excl. Land)

No. of Days			
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a Admin. Costs(b), Contin-) 60	 \$	7,000
gencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs	30		700 1,000
Total		\$_	8,700

e. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$ 55,800

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

Discount No. of 1

Office supplies

Total

a.	Direct Materials	Requirements	•	Cost
	Baled cotton	16 tons	S	12,000
	Packaging			300
	Total		s	12,300
			•	
b.	Supplies			
_	Lubricants & hand too	ols	S	100
	vlaintenance & spare			700
	Soaps, detergents & s	terilizing		
	chemicals			300

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

a. Electric Power. Connected load	Annual Cost	
about 10 hp.	8 400	
b. Fuel. 4,000 gals. oil annualy.	\$ <u>500</u>	
c. Water. 400,000 gals. annually.	<u>s 100</u>	

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- b. External Transport Facilities. In and out shipments about 4 tons per month. No special requirements.

5. MANPOWER

Cost 14,400

32,700

\$ 47,100

a. Direct Labor			
Skilled	1	S	5,000
Semi-skilled	2		8,000
Unskilled	2		6,000
Total	<u>5</u>	<u>s</u>	19,000
b. Indirect Labor			
Manager - buys, sells keeps books, & super			
vises.	Ī	\$	8,000

Number

Annual Cost

c. Training Needs. Manager must be fully experienced. With I skilled worker, he should be able to do all necessary labor training. Plant should reach full production in I month.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs	
Direct Materials	S 12,300
Direct Labor	19,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	10,300
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	3,000
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	5,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	4,000
Total Annual Costs	s 53,600

b. Annual Sales Revenue \$ 66 000

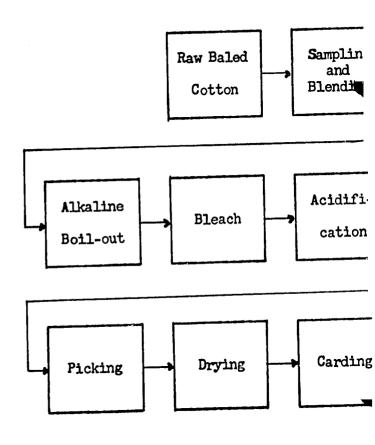
NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

Annual

200

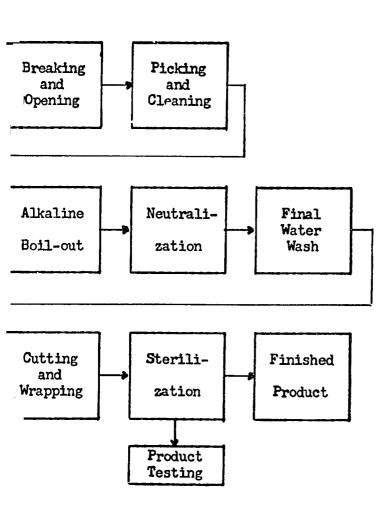
1,300

SURGICAL ARROWS INI



DIMENSIONS

N: S.I.C. 3842 LOW OF WORK



LDING $40' \times 60'$

SURGICAL COTTON: S.I.C. 3842

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

Remington's Practice of Pharmacy. 11th edition. E. F. Cook and E.W. Martin, editors. 1956. 1,707 p. Illus. \$20.00. The Mack Publishing Company 20th and Northampton Streets Easton, Pennsylvania Treatise on the manufacturing, standardizing, and dispensing of pharmaceutical products, including surgical cotton.

II. PERIODICALS

Textile Research Journal Monthly. \$21.00/year. Textile Research Institute Prince and Lemon Streets Lancaster, Pennsylvania Dedicated to materials and processes for the textile industry.

B. Textile World. Monthly. \$15.00/year. McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Inc. 330 West 42nd Street New York 36, New York Covers all phases of textiles including chemical treating of textiles.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

Surgical Cotton. TI-39. June 1958. Gratis. Office of Technical Cooperation and Research Agency for International Development Washington, D.C. 20523 Requirements for establishing and operating a plant to produce surgical cotton.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

American Cotton Handbook. G.R. Merrill and others. 2nd edition. 1949. 943 p. Illus \$8.50. Textile Book Publishers 303 Fifth Avenue New York 16, New York Practical text for the cotton industry, covering the operations of opening, picking, carding, combing, drawing, and roving.

TECHNICAL PAPERS V.

Quality Control. TB-66. March 1960. Gratis. Α. Office of Technical Cooperation and Research Agency for International Development Washington, D.C. 20523 Manual for training personnel in the subject of quality control in industry.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,899,337. 1959. 8 p. Absorbent cotton balls.
- B. Patent No. 2,897,108. 1959. 5 p. Absorbent cotton pad.
- C. Patent No. 2,829,648. 1958. 3 p. Surgical sponge.
- D. Patent No. 2,755,805. 1956. 4 p. Surgical sponge and method of making same.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. American Textile Manufacturers Institute 1501 Johnston Building Charlotte 2, North Carolina
- B. National Cotton Council of America 1918 Parkway Memphis 12, Tennessee

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Proctor and Schwartz, Inc.
 700 Tabor Road
 Philadelphia 20, Pennsylvania
 Suppliers of cotton textile equipment.
- B. Whitin Machine Works
 Whitinsville, Massachusetts
 Complete equipment for textile plant.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Davison's Textile Blue Book. Annual. \$9.75.
 Davison Publishing Company
 Ridgewood, New Jersey
 Lists 8,470 textile plants in the United States. Also lists thousands of suppliers to these plants.

13/

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

MEN'S SOCKS
I. P. No. 66017

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Men's knitted cotton socks.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Capital requirements in this industry are moderate. Manufacturing operations are largely automatic, and not much skilled labor is needed. International competition in this industry is keen. In general, however, this industry, even where it must operate with imported materials, is suitable for many developing areas, if the domestic market is large enough.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales direct to large stores and bulk buyers, such as military, and to wholesalers. A distinctive and well-chosen brand name is desirable. Energetic salesmen are necessary in this competitive business. Some general advertising may be useful.
- 2. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Product is very easy to handle and transport costs are small in relation to product value. Potential market is commonly nation-wide. b. Export. Sales are world-wide.
- 3. COMPETITIVE SITUATION. a. Domestic Market. Competition from imports is usually strong. b. Export Market. Plant of this size would normally be unable to compete with large-scale plants in major producing countries. There are some very low-cost producers, e.g., Japan, Hong Kong.
- 4. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. This will depend on living standards, climate, etc. In general a total population of more than a million will be needed to provide a market.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - TWO-SHIFT OPERATION: 80,000 Dozen.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a. FIXED CAPITAL Land. About 6,000 sq. ft		S Cost
Building. One story, 128 Equipment, Furniture &		23,000
Prodn. equipment Furniture & fixtures	846,900 800	47,700
Total (excl. Land) Principal Items. Knittin	e machines	\$ 70,700
elastic top attachments, motor & transmissions, t and motor, loopers & m & motor, turning boards boarding toes, hand truc	packing char rotary die vat otor, extracte s, boarding ta	or ables,

b. WORKING CAPITAL

, i	No. of Days		
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a Admin. & Sales Costs(b),) 60	S	34,800
Contingencies Training Costs	30		4,500 8,700
Total		8	48,000

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$118,700

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

		Annual	Annual
a. Di	rect Materials	Requirements	Cost
Cc	otton Yarn	105,000 lbs.	\$ 71,500
Dy	/es		16,000
	Total		\$ 87,500

b. Supplies		
Needles	ş	1,000
Repair parts		1,000
Maintenance materials		700
Lubricants		100
Office supplies		200
Total	s	3,000

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

	Annua	l Cost
a. Electric Power. Connected load about 45 hp.b. Fuel. Small boiler needed for	\$	1,200
dyeing operations, as well as for heating, where necessary. Any locally available boiler fuel may be used. c. Water. Clean water is needed for	<u>s</u> _	600
dycing operations & availability should be taken into account in choosing plant site. Requirements for all purposes about 1.2 mn. gals, annually.	\$	300

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- Ezternal Transport Facilities. Total in and out shipments about 12 tons a month. Therefore no special requirements.

5. MANPOW 🔍

	Number	Annual Cost
a. Direct Labor		
Skilled	4	\$ 20,000
Semi-skilled	9	36,000
Unskilled	Ş	27,000
Total	22	\$ 83,000
b. Indirect Labor		
Manager	1	\$ 8,000
Office	2	8,000
Other	5	17,500
Total	<u>8</u>	\$ 33,500

c. Training Needs. Manufacturing operations do not require long training. Manager & 1 machine fixer or maintenance man should be fully experienced in the industry and be able to train all operators. Plant should reach full production in about 2 months.

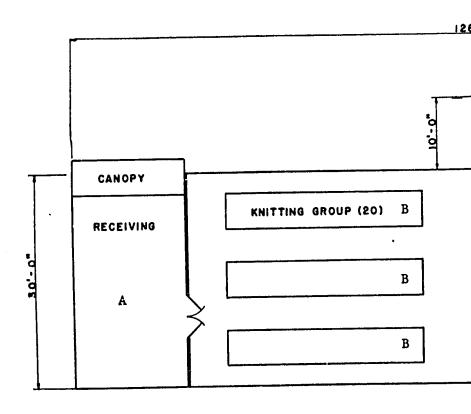
6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs	
Direct Materials	\$ 87,500
Direct Labor	83,00 0
Manufacturing Overhead(a) Admin. & Sales Costs(b),	38,600
Bad Debts, Contingencies	48,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	6 000
Total Annual Costs	\$263,100
b. Annual Sales Revenue	\$340,000

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges, Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

MEN'S SOCKS: S.I.C. 2252

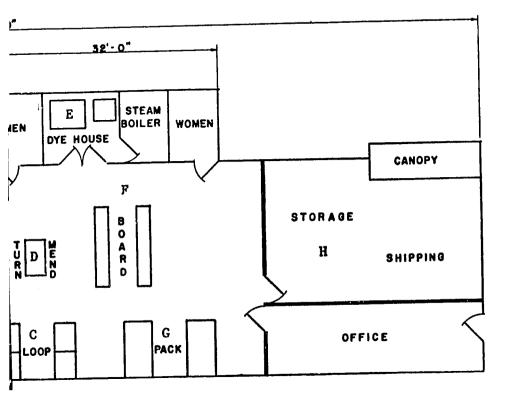
MEN'S SO



- A. Receiving
- B. Knitting
- C. Looping
- D. Turn and mend

S: S.I.C. 2252

ND WORK FLOW



E. Dying

F. Board

G. Package

H. Storage and shipping

143

MEN'S SOCKS: S.I.C. 2252

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. American Cotton Handbook.
 G. R. Merrill, A. R. Macormac, and H. R. Mauersberger.
 2nd Edition.
 1949.
 1056 p. \$9.50.
 Interscience Publishers, Inc.

250 Fifth Avenue

New York 1, New York

History and economic and statistical background of cotton industry in the U. S. A. from plant to fabric, including knit goods manufacture.

B. Principles of knitting. W. E. Shinn. 2 Vols. \$4.00 each.
 Textile Book Service
 257 Fourth Avenue
 New York 10, New York
 Volume 1 - general. Volume 2 - circular.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Hosiery and Underwear Review. Monthly. \$2.00/year (U.S.). \$10.00/year (foreign).

The Knit Goods Publishing Company

307 Fifth Avenue

New York 16, New York

News and technical information as well as markets, materials, supplies, machinery, and equipment.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Handbook of Textile Fibers. J. Gordon Cook. \$5.50. Textile Book Service 257 Fourth Avenue

New York 10. New York

Terms, definitions, and other information related to the textile industry.

IV. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,987,898. 1961. 10 p. Circular stocking making machine of the axially opposed double cylinder type.
- B. Patent No. 2,979,927. 1961. 10 p. Knitting machine for circular articles including men's socks.
- C. Patent No. 2,959,040. 1960. 15 p. Sock making machine of the super-imposed needle cylinder type.
- D. Patent No. 2,828,617. 1958. 13 p.
 Circular knitting machine for socks and other knitted footwear.

July 1

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Textile Research Institute P. O. Box 625 Princeton, New Jersey
- B. Knitted Outerwear Association 386 Park Avenue South New York 16, New York

VI. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Wildman Manufacturing Company Norristown, Pennsylvania Circular knitting machines for making hosiery and other clothing.
- B. Textile Machine Works
 Reading, Pennsylvania
 Sock making equipment with production rates of 3 to 6 dozen pairs every
 eight hours.

VII. DIRECTORIES

A. Davison's Knit Goods Trade. Annual. \$7.75.

Davison Publishing Company
Ridgeway, New Jersey
Some 2,600 mills and 12,000 allied firms covering wholesalers, jobbers, chain stores, large retailers as well as suppliers of machinery and supplies of every description.

MEN'S SOCKS: S.I.C. 2252

145

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An *Index of Industry Profiles* is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

(J.)

INDUSTRY PROFILES

SILK SCREEN PRINTING ON TEXTILES L. P. No. 66018

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

147

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Stencil process of printing a colored design through silk on textiles.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

This plant would work for textile fabric producers who do not do their own silk screen printing or who sometimes need to supplement their own facilities because of pressure of work. It would receive cloth from such producers and do the printing according to the designs and colors specified, returning it to the cloth producers when the printing is completed. Such a plant would need to be located near a complex of textile mills. Capital requirements are modest, and operations require care rather than a high degree of technical skill. With rising incomes in many areas the demand for silk screen printing is tending to increase.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Textile cloth producers.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. The plant would provide a service to producers and deal only with them.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. Such a plant would be located in a textile manufacturing center and generally would work only for local plants or those within easy reach.
- 4. COMPETITION. This would come only from rival plants.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Generally speaking it is necessary to have a complex of fairly small-scale cloth producers who do not individually have enough screen-printing work to justify establishing screen-printing units in their own establishments, although in some cases such a plant might form an appendage to one or two large-scale plants which can supply enough special work to keep an outside operator going.



D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 250,000 Yards.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

	EIVED CADITAL		~ .
ü.	FIXED CAPITAL		Cost
	Land. 25,000 sq. ft.	S	
	Building. One story, 60'x210'x1	4′	
	sidewalls,		75,600
	Equipment, Furniture & Fixture	es.	,
		500	
	Furniture & fixtures	900	
	Transport equipment 2,	400	21,800
	Total (excl. Land)		97,400
	Principal items. Printing tables	, drying	
	racks, storage racks (screens), s	lorage	
	racks (bolt material), hand truck	s, light	
	table, drafting board, laboratory	bench.	
	dve containers, drying oven and		į.

b. WORKING CAPITAL

No.	of Days	i
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	60	\$ 11,900
gencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs	30	2,400 800
Total		\$ 15,100

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$112,500

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

	Annual	- 1	Annual
a. Direct Materials	Requirements	_	Cost
Dyes	800 lbs.	8	3,000

b. Supplies		
Screen lumber	S	100
Acetate sheet and lacquer		250
Silk bolting cloth and cloth tape		550
Angle irons, flat irons and screw		
eyes		100
Office supplies		200
Total	8	1,200

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

		Annual	Cost
a.	Electric Power, Lightting only.	\$	200
b.	Fuel. Oil for heating oven and building, 5,000 gals.	\$	600
c.	Water. Production, sanitation, and fire protection.	\$	400

4. TRANSPORTATION

		Operating Cost
a.	Own Transport Equipment.	
	Pickup and delivery truck.	\$ 1,200

Annual

Annual Cost

25,000

b. External Transport Facilities. In and out shipments very small. Plant should be located on goods highway.

5. MANPOWER

Total

a. Direct Labor		
Skilled	1	\$ 6,000
Semi-skilled	6	30,000
T'nskilled	l	4,000
Total	<u>8</u>	\$ 40,000
b. Indirect Labor		
Manager & Supervise	or 2	\$ 17,000
Office	1	4.000
Truck driver	1	4 000

Number

c. Training Needs. Manager and supervisor must be fully experienced. They should be able to train all workers and reach full production in 15 days.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs	
Direct Materials	\$ 3,000
Direct Labor	40,000
Manufacturing Overhead (a)	28,600
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	15,000
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	14,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	6,300
Total Annual Costs	\$106,900
b. Annual Sales Revenue	\$125,000

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Transportation, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

SILK SCREEN PRINTING

PLANT LAYOUT

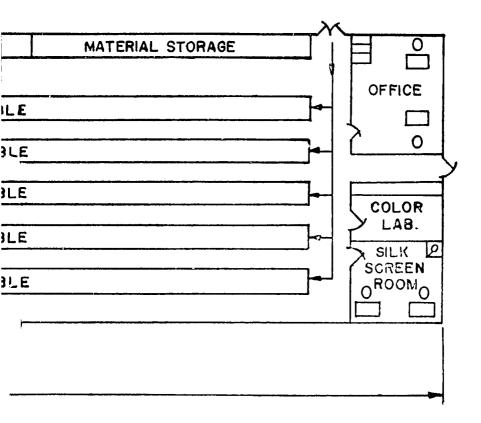
SHIPPING SCREEN STORAGE PRINTING PRINTING PRINTING PRINTING PRINTING

210 FT.

N TEXTILES: S.I.C. 2262

D WORKFLOW

RECEIVING



SILK SCREEN PRINTING ON TEXTILES: S.I.C. 2262

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Printing. H.E. Jackson. 1957. 320 p. Illus. \$5.60.
 McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. 330 West 42nd Street
 New York 36, New York
 Devoted to printing, including silk screen printing.

B. Screen Process Methods of Reproduction. B. Zahn. 1956. \$5.00.
 Frederick J. Drake and Company
 9 South Clinton Street
 Chicago 6, Illinois
 Process of printing through a fabric plate on an industrial scale.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Screen Process. Monthly. \$4.00/year.
The Signs of the Times Publishing Company
P.O. Box 1171
Cincinnati 1, Ohio
Devoted to the subject of screen printing.

B. American Ink Maker. Monthly. \$3.00/year.
MacNair-Dorland Company, Inc.
254 West 31st Street
New York 1, New York
Devoted to the ink industry, including ink for silk screen processing.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Silk Screen Printing on Textiles. TI-73. July 1960. Gratis. Office of Technical Coorperation and Research Agency for International Development Washington, D.C. 20523 Requirements for establishing and operating a plant for silk screen printing on textiles.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Silk Screen Printing J. Eisenberg and F.J. Kafka. 1958. 298 p. Illus. \$1.60.
 Taplinger Publishing Company, Inc. 119 West 57th Street
 New York 19, New York
 Devoted to the subject of silk screen printing.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Silk Screen Printing. IR-23773.
Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
Agency for International Development
Washington, D.C. 20523

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,747,501. 1956. 3 p. Squeege holder for silk screen printing.
- B. Patent No. 2,719,101. 1955. 2 p. Printing of textile pieces.
- C. Patent No. 2,590,643, 1952. 3 p. Method of textile printing.
- D. Patent No. 2,400,700. 1946. 4 p. Screen printing of fabrics.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Silk and Rayon Print Institute 55 West 42nd Street New York 36, New York
- B. Silk and Rayon Printers and Dyers Association of America 7 Church Street
 Paterson 1, New Jersey

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

A. Colonial Process Supply Company East Union Avenue East Rutherford, New Jersey

IX. DIRECTORIES

There are no directories available that are devoted exclusively to the subject of silk screen printing.

SILK SCREEN PRINTING ON TEXTILES: S.I.C. 2262

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 Industry Profiles published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 Industry Profiles to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "Profiles" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

12/

INDUSTRY PROFILES

HOOKED RUGS I.P. No. 66019

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

155

HOOKED RUGS: Standard Industrial Classification 2279

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Rugs made of bulky yarn with burlap or other backing ranging from 18" by 18" to 9' by 12'. Larger rugs can be made to order. Plant capacity is given in terms of rugs of average size, viz. 32" by 51". Material costs given are for wool rugs, but other materials may by used

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

This industry requires little capital, and, in relation to investment needed, employs a comparatively large amount of labor. The manufacturing operations demand a moderate degree of skill, but this skill is of a type that is not uncommon or that can be easily taught. For export purposes attractive and typically local designs are desirable. It should not be difficult to obtain such designs in any area producing locally designed textiles for export. Labor accounts for a high proportion of local costs, and in areas of low per capita income it will generally be possible to produce these rugs at low cost, even if materials have to be imported.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS Households, hotels, offices.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales are usually made to rug and furniture stores. Makers often give their product brand names.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Product is very easy to handle and transport costs are low in relation to value. In country of moderate size and with reasonably good transport system, potential market might be nationwide. b. Export. Rugs are a common export item and the trade is world-wide.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. In most low income areas rugs are not a significant import item and therefore local rug manufacturers would not meet major competition from imports. b. Export Market. Rugs with distinctive and attractive local designs could prove a tourist attraction and also be directly exported.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Domestic demand will depend on general level of income and on income distribution. To the majority of people in many economically less developed areas rugs, particularly woolen rugs, are a luxury and a market can only be found among a small class with incomes well above the average. Other factors influencing demand include climate and type of dwelling in ordinary use. However, tourist and other export demand should be able to provide a market for the small output produced by this plant.

- /5/0

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 8,000 Rugs.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a.	FIXED CAPITAL Land. About 600 sq. ft.		s	Cost
	Building. One story, about 16	x24′.	•	2,500
	Equipment, Furniture & Fixtu	res.		
		250		
	Other tools & equipmt. Furniture & fixtures	100		
	Furniture & fixtures	150		500
	Total (excl. Land)		\$	3,000
	Principal Items. Cloth strippin			
	yarn rewinder, adjustable floo frames, portable frames, clamp hookers, rug hooks, rolling ma	s, blue	nos	g e

b. WORKING CAPITAL

No	of Days	
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	60	\$ 12,200
gencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs	30	200 4,000
Total		\$ 16,400

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$ 19,400

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

a. Direct Materials	Annual Requirements	Annual Cost
Wool yarn-4 oz. skeins Burlap backing	26,000	\$ 11,200
stenciled Total	8,000	3,200 \$ 14,400

b. Supplies

Supplies	
Hand tools	\$ 50
Wrapping & tags	400
Office supplies	50
Total	\$ 500
	

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

a. Electric Power. Only for		
lighting.	\$	200
b. Fuel. For heating plant, if necessary	y. §	200
c. Water. For sanitation and fire		
protection.	S	100

Annual Cost

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None needed.
- b. External Transport Facilities. No special requirements.

5. MANPOWER

	Number	Annual Cost
a. Direct Labor		
Skilled	2	\$ 10,000
Semi-skilled	10	35.000
Unskilled	2	6,000
Total	14	\$ 51,000

b. Indirect Labor

. Indirect Labor	
Manager (Acts as buyer,	
salesman, bookkeeper	
and general supervisor) 1	\$ 7,000

c. Training Needs. Manager must be fully experienced in all operations. Together with 2 skilled workers, he should be able to train all workers. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

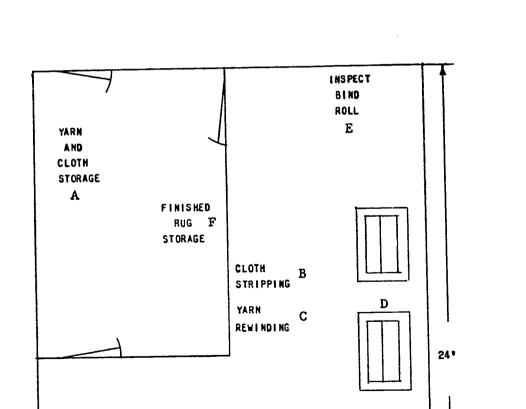
a. Annual Costs	
Direct Materials	\$ 14,400
Direct Labor	51,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	8,000
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	1,000
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	000,1
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	_ 200
Total Annual Costs	\$ 75,600

b. Annual Sales Revenue

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

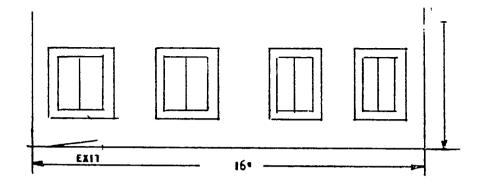
HOOKED RUGS: S.I.C. 2279

\$100,000



HOOKED

PLANT LAYOU



FLOW OF WORK

: S.I.C. 2279

- A. Materials, storage
- B. Cloth, stripping
- C. Yarn, rewinding
- D. 10 frames and tables
- E. Inspection and rolling
- F. Finished, storage and shipping

ر د ج

HOOKED RUGS: S.I.C. 2279

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Complete book of Rug Hooking. Barbara J. Zarbock. 1961. \$6.75.
 D. Van Nostrand Co., Inc.
 120 Alexander Street
 Princeton, New Jersey

II. PERIODICALS

A. Handweaver and Craftsman. Quarterly. \$5.00/year.
 Handweaver and Craftsman, Inc.
 246 Fifth Avenue
 New York I, New York
 Covers commercial weaving, rugs and similar material.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Rug Hooking and Braiding. D. Lawless. Revised Edition 1962. 208 p. \$ 5.95.
 Thomas Y. Crowell Company 432 Fourth Avenue
 New York 16, New York
 Designs, patterns, and techniques for making rugs.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Quality Control. TB-66. March 1960. Gratis.
 Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
 Agency for International Development
 Washington, D.C. 20523
 Manual for training personnel in the subject of quality control in industry.

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231. \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,993,258. 1961. 3 p. Process used in making hooked rugs and other articles.
- B. Patent No. 2,985,941. 1961. 5 p. Method of making various kinds of rugs.
- C. Patent No. 2,981,999. 1961. 9 p. Process for making articles from yarn, including rugs.
- D. Patent No. 2,974,392. 1961. 8 p. Process for making yarn and articles therefrom.
- E. Patent No. 2,857,651. 1958. 4 p. Yarn for hooked rugs and making of same.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

There are no trade associations established for hooked rugs.

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

There are no engineering companies that specialize in the hooked rug industry.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Floor Covering Profits Annual Directory. \$2.00.
Bill Brothers Publishing Corporation
630 Third Avenue
New York 17, New York
Lists all floor covering and accessory manufacturers, importers, selling agents, and distributors in the United States.

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

STEP AND EXTENSION LADDERS I.P. No. 66020

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Standard type wooden step and extension ladders.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Capital requirements for this industry are small, and labor skills needed are not of a high order. These products are in general demand, both in urban and rural areas. Competition from imports is unlikely. A plant such as this should be economically feasible in many developing areas.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Builders and decorators, industries, transport and communications organizations, farms, households, etc.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to building supplies houses, wholesale and retail distributors, possibly direct to government agencies.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Transport costs on these products may be fairly heavy and in areas distant from the plant small woodworking establishments may be able to compete. However in this industry factory-made products are often superior, and they may be able to command a higher price. b. Export. Since most countries can make adequate ladders locally, and since freight costs on them are fairly high, these products are not commonly exported.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Competition from imports is unlikely. Competition from metal ladders is increasing. b. Export Market. In some cases exports to nearby foreign areas may be possible, but in general export opportunities are likely to be very few.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Demand will depend on the extent to which industries, public services and institutions, and modern buildings are developed. In the average conditions of less developed areas, this plant might be able to meet the needs of a total population of upwards of a million people.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 10,000 Ladders.

11,000

Annual

Cost
,000

Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.

Prodn. tools & equipment \$ 8,000
Other tools & equipmt. 2,300
Furniture & fixtures 700
Total (excl. Land)

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Total (excl. Land) § 23,000
Principal Items. Radial cutoff saw, rip
saw, jointer, planer, drill press, trim
saw, bench grinder, table belt sander,
band saw, chain mortiser, chain mortiser
grinder, electric screw-driver, electric
drill, single end tenoner.

b. WORKING CAPITAL

No. of Days		
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	60	\$ 13,400
gencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs	30	800 3,400
Total		\$ 17,600

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$ 40,600

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES Annual

	/ WIII (444)	7 6717164641
a. Direct Materials	Requirements	Cost
Lumber	198,500 sq. ft.	\$ 26,800
Steel rods	•	500
Bolts, nuts & washers		400
Glue		300
Finishing materials		1,500
Total		\$ 29,500
		

b. Supplies

Supplies		
Lubricants & hand tools	\$	100
Cutting tools		200
Maintenance & repair parts		500
Office supplies		200
Total	<u> </u>	1,000
	_	

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

2	a. Electric Power, Connected load	Connected load	Annuai	Cost
а.	about 30 hp.	Connected load	<u>s</u>	800

- b. Find. Scrap lumber may be used. No purchased fuel necessary.
- c. Water. Small amount needed for glue, also for general purposes. \$ 100

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- b. External Transport Facilities. No special requirements.

5. MANPOWER

n Direct Labor	Number	Annual Cost
a. Direct Labor Skilled	2	\$ 10,000
Semi-skilled	3	12,000
Unskilled	_3	9,000
Total	8	\$ 31,000

b. Indirect Labor

and the cot with the		
Manager-buys, s	ells &	
supervises	1	\$ 8,000
Foreman	1	6,000
Office	1	4,000
Total	3	\$ 18,000

c. Training Needs. Manager and foreman must be experienced. With aid of 1 skilled worker, they should be able to do all labor training. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

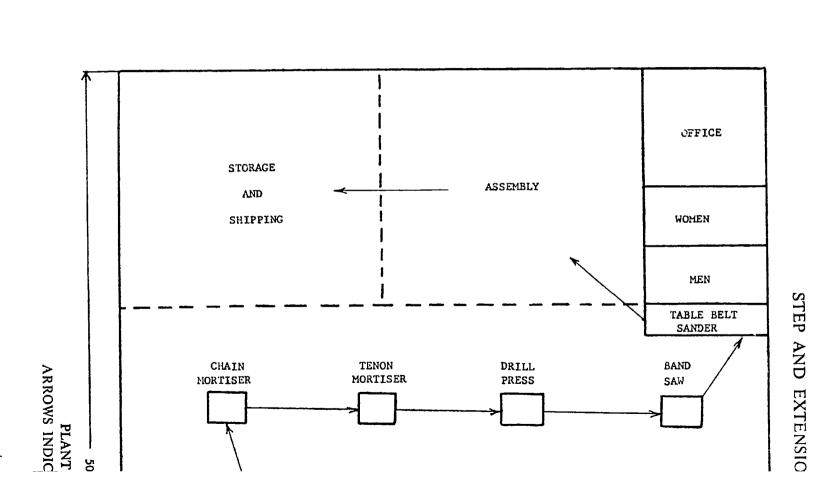
a. Annual Costs

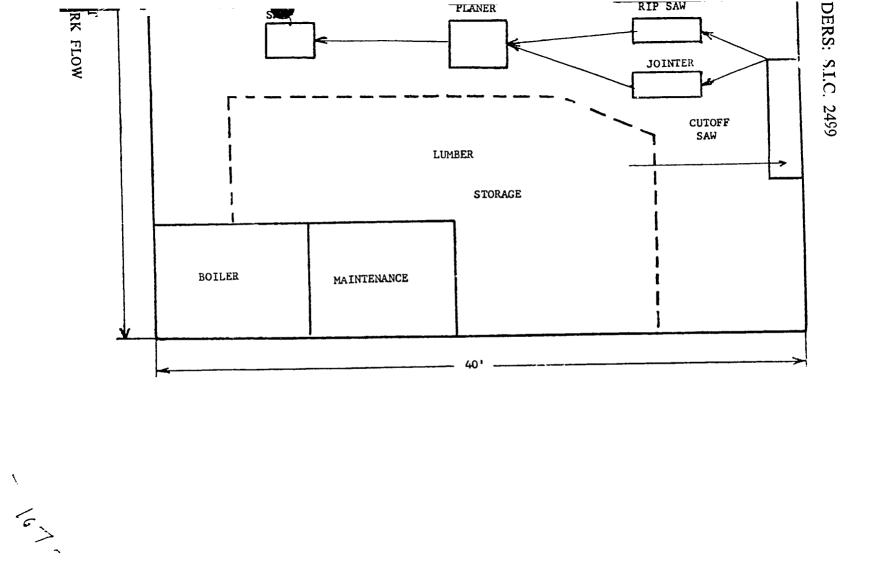
	8	29,500
		31,000
		19,900
		4,000
		6,000
Fixed Capital		1,700
Costs	S	92,100
	verhead(a) Contingencies Id Debts Fixed Capital Costs	verhead(a) Contingencies ad Debts Fixed Capital

b. Annual Sales Revenue

\$110,000

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.





STEP AND EXTENSION LADDERS: S. I. C. 2499

SELECTED REFERENCES

1. TEXTBOOKS

A. General Woodworking. C. H. Groneman. 1959. 256 p. Illus. \$6.75. McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York 36, New York

Machine tool processing, portable tool processing, and hand tool processing.

B. Complete Book on Wood Finishing. R. Scharff. 1956. 277 p. \$4.59.
 McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.
 330 West 42nd Street

New York 36, New York

Devoted to the finishing of all types of wood products.

II. PERIODICALS

A. The Wood-Worker. Monthly. \$2.00/year.
 S. H. Smith Company
 2232 North Meridian Street
 Indianapolis 7, Indiana
 Devoted to the woodworking industry.

B. Hitchcock's Wood-Worker. Monthly. \$4.00/year.
 Hitchcock Publishing Company
 222 East Willow Avenue
 Wheaton, Illinois
 Covers the woodworking field.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Lumber Seasoning. PO-15. July 1961. Gratis.
 Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
 Agency for International Development
 Washington, D. C. 20523
 Devoted to the subject of the seasoning of lumber.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Cutting Techniques for Woodworkers. T. D. Perry. 1955. 52 p. \$.50. Hitchcock Publishing Company
 222 East Willow Avenue Wheaton, Illinois
 Cutting tools and techniques.

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Production Planning and Control. TB-82. May 1960. Gratis.
 Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
 Agency for International Development
 Washington, D. C. 20523
 Manual for the training of personnel in the subject of production planning
 and control in industry.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,962,111. 1960. 5 p. Combination step-extension ladder.
- B. Patent No. 2,919,762. 1960. 5 p. Combination step and extension ladder.
- C. Patent No. 2,704,178. 1955. 2 p. Extension ladder.
- D. Patent No. 2,670,119. 1954. 3 p. Extension ladder bracket.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. American Ladder Institute 666 Lake Shore Drive Chicago 11, Illinois
- B. Woodworking Machinery Manufacturers Association 1900 Arch Street
 Philadelphia 3, Pennsylvania

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. United States Machinery Company, Inc.
 90 Broad Street
 New York 4, New York
 Designs and installs woodworking plants.
- B. Mattison Machine Works
 200 Blackhawk Avenue
 Rockford, Illinois
 Designs and builds large line of woodworking machinery.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Hitchcock's Woodworking Directory. Biennial. \$10.00.
Hitchcock Publishing Company
Geneva Road
Wheaton, Illinois
Lists manufacturers of woodworking machinery and equipment.

STEP AND EXTENSION LADDERS: S. I. C. 2499

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development. AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This *Industry Profile* was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

CORK PRODUCTS

I.P. No. 66021

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

CORK PRODUCTS: Standard Industrial Classification 2499

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Plugs for bottles and jugs, floats, various types of handles and insulation sleeves, etc., made of natural cork.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Cork has been, and continues to be replaced by synthetic and other materials in many uses, particularly for bottle stoppers. However, it continues to be used for many purposes, especially insulation. Though this project does not offer much prospect of growth, it is a small operation requiring little capital and should be suitable for small entrepreneurs in some developing areas.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. A variety of industries, hospitals, pharmacies, etc.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to user industries and whole-salers.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Transport costs are low in relation to product value and market area could be nation-wide. b. Export. Shipping presents no product but, except for certain standard items made in the cork-producing countries, most countries find it better to import cork and make domestically the items suited to their particular needs.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Substitute materials increasingly compete with cork for many uses. b. Export Market. It is unlikely that an enterprise of this kind could find export outlets, except possibly in some few cases in nearby areas of neighboring countries.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. A complex of user industries in the domestic market would be needed to provide an outlet, at least for the major part of this plant's production.

PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 5,000,000 Plugs, Sizes 5-18; 1,000,000 Floats, Handles, Sleeves.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a.	FIXED CAPITAL			Cost
	Land. 1/2 acre		S	
	Building. One story, 20'x50'.			6,000
	Equipment, Furniture & I	Fixtures.		
	Prodn. tools & equipmt.	\$2,400		
	Furniture & fixtures	400		2,800
	Total (excl. Land)		\$	8,800
			-	

Principal Items. Circular knife (1,600 r p. m.), foot blocker, end polishing machine, tapering machine, boiling or steaming vat, lathe.

b. WORKING CAPITAL

<u></u>	to, or Days		
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin-) 60	8	7,100
gencies, Sales Costs(e) Training Costs	30		1,700 1,000
Total		\$	9,800
			10.700

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$ 18,600

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

Office supplies

Total

a.	Direct Materials	Annual Requirements	_	Annual Cost
	Work wood	52 tons	\$	6,000
	Packing cartons			1,000
	Total		<u>\$</u>	7,000
ь.	Supplies			
	Lubricants & hand tools			100
	Maintenance & spare parts			300
	Office supplies	•		100

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

	Annual Cost	
a. Electric Power. 20 hp. con- nected load.	8 200	
b. Fuel. Any local fuel for boiling water and for heat.	<u>\$ 500</u>	
c. Water, 800 000 gals.	\$ 200	

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- b. External Transport Facilities. In and out freight average less than 1/2 ton a day. No special requirements.

5. MANPOWER

	Number	Annual Cost
a. Direct Labor Skilled Semi-skilled Unskilled	3 2 1	\$ 15,000 8,000 3,000
Total	<u> </u>	\$ 26,000

b. Indirect Labor Manager	1	\$ 8,000
~	_	

c. Training Needs. Manager and 3 skilled workers should be fully experienced. They should be able to train other employees and reach full production in 30 days.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs	
Direct Materials	\$ 7,000
Direct Labor	26,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	9,400
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	6,000
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	14,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	600
Total	s 63,000
	

b. Annual Sales Revenue

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commission, Freight Out, Travel.

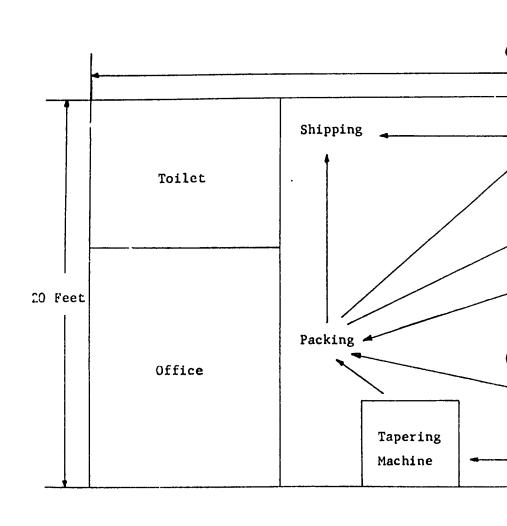
<u> 500</u>

CORK PRODUCTS: S.I.C. 2499

\$ 80,000

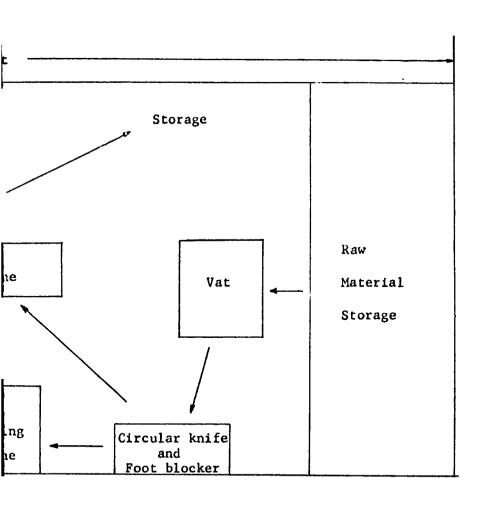
PLANT LAYO

CORK PRO



S.I.C. 2499

ORKFLOW



CORK PRODUCTS: S.I.C. 2499

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

No suitable textbooks available that are devoted to the cork industry.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Industrial Woodworking. Monthly. \$5.00/year. Cleworth Publishing Company, Inc. One River Road Cos Cob, Connecticut News about woodworking and wood fabricating.

B. Wood Working. Monthly. \$5.00/year.
Hitchcock Publishing Company
Geneva Road
Wheaton, Illinois
News of new developments in the field of wood working and wood fabricating.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Cork Products. IR-25590. Gratis.
 Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
 Agency for International Development
 Washington, D.C. 20523
 Information relative to the manufacture of products from natural and composition cork.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

No suitable publications available that are devoted to the cork industry.

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Cork, Bark of the Exotic Quercus Suber. G. B. Cooke. Scientific Monthly. Vol. 72. p. 169-179. \$.75.

American Association for the Advancement of Science 1515 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W.

Washington, D.C.

Composition, processing, and commercial uses of cork. Extensive bibliography relating to cork and cork products.



SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,927,709. 1960. 4 p. Method of making cork bottle stopper.
- B. Patent No. 2,904,524. 1959. 4 p. Cork composition for insulation and other purposes.
- C. Patent No. 2,889,951. 1959. 2 p. Cork bottle closure, and method of making.
- D. Patent No. 2,786, 594. 1957. 5 p. Cork closure for bottles and like containers.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. Cork Institute of America 342 Madison Avenue New York 17, New York

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Hydraulic Press Manufacturing Company 380 Marion Road Mount Gilead, Ohio Manufacturer of cork products machinery.
- B. A. Johnson Machine Works, Inc. Van Riper Avenue and Boulevard East Paterson, New Jersey Cork cap and stopper cutting machinery.
- C. Consolidated Cork International Corp.
 4012 Second Avenue
 Brooklyn 32, New York
 Establish manufacturing plants in foreign countries.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Hitchcock's Woodworking Directory. Biennial. \$10.00.
Hitchcock Publishing Company
Geneva Road
Wheaton, Illinois
Lists producers of many wood products, machinery, manufacturers for the industry, and trade associations.

CORK PRODUCTS: S.I.C. 2499

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 Industry Profiles published in 1966, l. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 Industry Profiles to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "Profiles" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

SASH AND DOOR PLANT

I.P. No. 66022

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Windows, doors, moldings, stairways, and other wooden axtures for buildings. Made from lumber already seasoned and surfaced.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

The capital needed for this industry is moderately large and skilled labor needs are also fairly high. Local production of suitable lumber, though not indispensable, would generally be a distinct advantage. The equipment is adaptable to the production of a wide range of wooden fixtures. Many developing areas should be able to provide a market for a plant of this kind.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Building contractors, individual and institutional property owners.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to building contractors and building supplies houses.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Transport costs on these products are fairly high and the market area normally does not extend very far. In low wage countries small woodworking establishments using little or no mechanical equipment may be able to compete in their own immediate vicinity with factory-made products of this type. b. Export. There is little export trade in these products.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Competition from small woodworking establishments may be strong in some areas. b. Export Market. Opportunities for export business are likely to be very rare.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Demand will depend, among other things, on the type of dwellings in common use. A market for this plant's total production might be found in an urban area with a population numbering about two million, with an average growth rate and building construction keeping pace.

REQUIREMENTS PRODUCTION

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 8.400 Pieces.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

_ .__ .

a.	FIXED CAPITAL		Cost
	Land. 2 acres, including lumber		
	yard.	8	
	Building. Plant 7,840 sq. ft.		
	Office 670 sq. ft. Covered area		
	2,130 sq. ft.		57,500
	Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.		
	Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$ 54,300		
	Other tools & equipmt. 3,500		
	Furniture & fixtures 1,200		59,000
	Total (excl. Land)	\$1	16,500
	Principal items. Radial saw, trim sav	ν,	
	planer, molder, mortiser, band saw, h	an	d
	jointer, shaper, router, sander-3-drum	,	
	single end tenoner, edge belt sander,		
	hand belt sander, end & frame clamp,		.r
	clamp, glue cooker & pots double end	1	

b. WORKING CAPITAL

emery grinder.

No.	of Day	/s
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead (a) Admin. Costs (b), Contin-	60	\$ 63,500
gencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs	30	4,600 11,800
Total		\$ 79,900

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$196,400

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

a. Direct Materials	Annual Requirements	Cost
Lumber Hardware Glue	2,050,000 bd. ft.	\$205.000 5,500 5,000
Total		\$215,500

b.

Supplies Lubricants & hand tools	*	300
Sandpaper		3,000
Cutting tools		3,000
Maintenance & spare parts		3.000
Office supplies		200
Total	8	9,500

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

	Annuai Cost
a. Electric power. Connected load about 80 hp.	\$ 2,400

- b. Fuel. Wood scrap may be used. No purchased fuel necessary.
- c. Water. About 1.6 mn. gals. annually for production, heating sanitation & fire protection.

4. TRANSPORTATION

a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.

400

Annual Cost

b. External Transport Facilities. Shipments are bulky and plant should be on railroad, if possible.

5. MANPOWER

a. Direct Labor Skilled Semi-skilled Unskilled Total	10 8 7 25	\$ 50,000 32,000 21,000 \$103,000
b. Indirect Labor Manager & supervis Office Other Total	or 2 2 7	\$ 17,500 8,500 24,000 \$ 50,000

Number

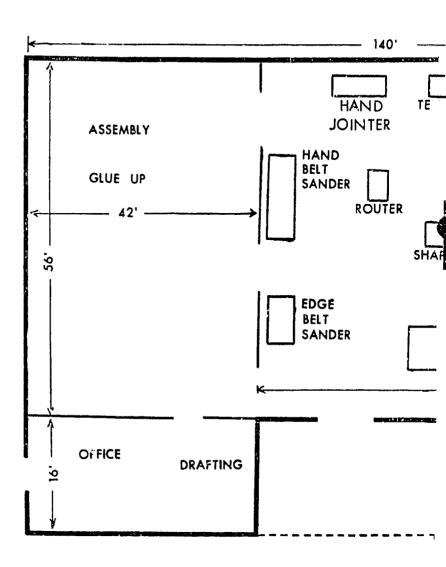
e Training Needs. Manager and supervisor must have long experience With 4 skilled workers, they should be able to do all necessary labor training. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs	
Direct Materials	8215,500
Direct Labor	103,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	62,300
Admin. Costs (b), Contingencies	20,000
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	35,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	8,800
Total Annual Costs	\$444,600
b. Annual Sales Revenue	\$570,000

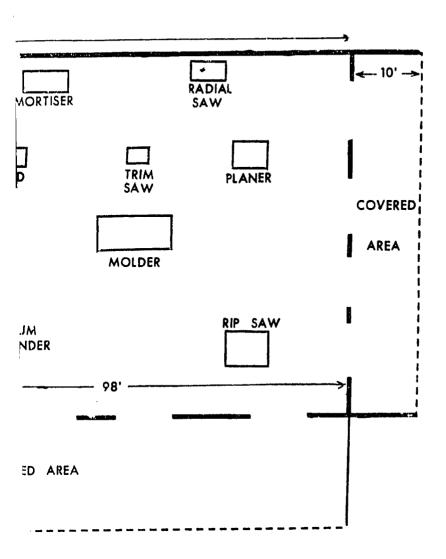
NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

SASH AND DOOR PLANT: S.I.C. 2431



The operations are so diversified that a straight line flow of w defects and cutting to rough lengths. From there it could go t

Some parts will require operations on several machines. Some



cticable. All lumber will go to the radial saw for removing of the following five machines, depending on its end use

quire only a few operations.

3

SASH AND DOOR PLANT: S.I.C. 2431

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. General Woodworking. C.H. Groneman. 1959. 256 p. Illus. \$.6.75. McGraw-Hill Book Company. Inc. 330 West 42nd Street
 New York 36, New York
 General information on processes of woodworking, covering both hand tool and power tool operations.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Wood and Wood Products. Monthly. \$12.00/year.
 Vance Publishing Corporation
 817 West Market Street
 Louisville 2, Kentucky
 Machining, techniques, and organization of woodworking operations.

B. Wood Working. Monthly. \$5.00/year.
Hitchcock Publishing Company
Geneva Road
Wheaton, Illinois
Covers all major branches of the wood products industry.

Sash and Door Plant. PO-11. February 1957. Gratis.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

Office of Technical Cooperation and Research Agency for International Development Washington, D.C. 20523 Requirements for establishing and operating a plant to produce windows, doors, moldings, stairways, and other wooden fixtures for buildings.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Basic Tools for Woodworking. 2nd Edition. L. Frankl. 1954. 128 p. \$2.90
 Prentice-Hall, Incorporated Englewood Chiffs, New Jersey

Driving tools, cutting tools, boring tools, holding tools, measuring and marking tools, and many of the other tools of woodworking.

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Quality Control. TB-66. April 1960. Gratis
 Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
 Agency for International Development
 Washington, D.C. 20523
 Manual for training personnel in the subject of quality control in industry.



SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,993,244. 1961. 3 p. Invention relating to flush doors.
- B. Patent No. 2,817,933. 1957. 3 p. Improved window assembly.
- C. Patent No. 2,757,420. 1956. 6 p. Relates to window sashes.
- D. Patent No. 2,645,826, 1953. 5 p. Window construction.
- E. Patent No. 2,571,731. 1951. 3 p. Window construction.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. National Woodwork Manufacturers Association 400 West Madison Street Chicago, Illinois 60606
- B. Architectural Woodwork Institute of America 332 South Michigan Avenue Chicago 4, Illinois

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. United States Machinery Company, Inc.
 90 Broad Street
 New York 4, New York
 Industrial woodworking machinery. Designs and installs woodworking plants.
- Yates American Machine Company
 701 4th Street
 Beloit, Wisconsin
 Complete line of woodworking machinery.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Hitchcock's Wood Working Directory. Biennial. \$10.00.
 Hitchcock Publishing Company
 222 East Willow Avenue
 Wheaton, Illinois
 Lists manufacturers and suppliers of over 800 products used in the woodworking industry.

SASH AND DOOR PLANT: S I.C. 2431



PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U.S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

MEN'S DRESS SHIRTS LP. No. 66023

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.



A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Shirts made from white broadcloth, in any of a variety of styles made to be worn with suits and ties.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

In certain of the less industrialized areas the market for this type of shirt may be greater than for the work shirt, e.g. in areas where T shirts or no shirts at all are worn for manual labor, but where the shirts here described are used for prestige occasions and are worn most of the time by white collar workers, officials and executives. The type of machinery required is exactly the same as that used for the work shirts. Therefore fixed capital expenditure is identical. But the fabric used is somewhat more expensive, the degree of skill needed somewhat greater, and the total labor force somewhat larger. It may be feasible to produce both shirts in the same factory at different times, depending upon the demand for the two types. (See Industry Profile on Men's Work Shirts: S I.C. 2328).

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to wholesalers and large retailers.
- 2. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. Product is easily shipped and can be transported anywhere. Limiting factor in this case will be size of plant and outside competition rather than transportation.
- 3. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. More expensive materials may compete for prestige wear. Large-scale foreign manufacturers, with a large, low-wage labor force available, may constitute serious competition. b. Export Market. Size of plant would exclude entrance into international market.
- 4. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. The rate of consumption of dress shirts will depend primarily upon the level of income, and the availability of other prestige wear. Where such shirts are worn for more formal occasions and at all times by officials, higher white collar workers and professional people, a population between 2 and 3 million should be sufficient to support the output of this plant.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 15,000 Dozen Shirts.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a.	FIXED CAPITAL Land. About 6.000 sq. ft. Building. One story, 60'x100'.	s	<u>Cc st</u> 36,000
	Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures. Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$26,000		
	Other tools & equipmt. 1,000 Furniture & fixtures 1,000		28.000
		s	64,000
	Principal Items. 2 cutting tables, cloth		
	spreader, cloth unwinder, electric kniv electric drill, 28 sewing machines, 2 buttonhole machines, folding machine, presser, collar shaper, 2 trim-masters, turning stands, 2 hand trucks, stacker.		, ,

U. WOILLIE CONTRACTOR	No. of D	ays
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a)	60	s 58,500
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs Total	30	1,800 9,400 8 69,700

e. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) 8133,700

Annual

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

Lubricants & hand tools

Maintenance & spare parts

b. Supplies

Office supplies

Total

	/ *********	
. Direct Materials	Requirements	Cost
White Broadcloth	400,000 vds.	\$160,000
Lining material	8,000 yds.	2,000
Thread		2,600
Buttons		2,000
Size tag (paper)		200
Label (woven)		1,600
Shirt board & paper		1.200
Pins		400
Boxes		4,000
Shipping cartons		2,000
Total		\$176,000

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

			Annual Cost	
a.	Electric Power. Connected load about 100 hp.	\$_	3,000	
ь.	Fuel. 5,000 gals. oil annually for steam for pressing and heating.	\$_	600	
c.	Water. For steam, sanitation & fire protection.	<u>\$</u>	400	

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- b. External Transport Facilities. No special requirements.

5. MANPOWER

J.	MANIOWEA	Number	Annual Cost
	Direct Labor Skilled Semi-skilled Unskilled	4 26 4	\$ 20,000 104,000 12,000
	Total	34	\$136,000
b.	Indirect Labor		

b.	Indirect Labor		
	Manager & supervisors	4	\$ 26,000
	Office	1	4,000
	Other	1	3,000
	Total	6	\$ 33,000
		_	

c. Training Needs. Manager and supervisors must be fully experienced. With 4 skilled operators, they will train all other workers. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs	
Direct Materials	\$176,000
Direct Labor	136,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	39,000
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	10,000
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	12,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	4,600
Total Annual Costs	\$377,600
b. Annual Sales Revenue	\$450,000

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

300

200

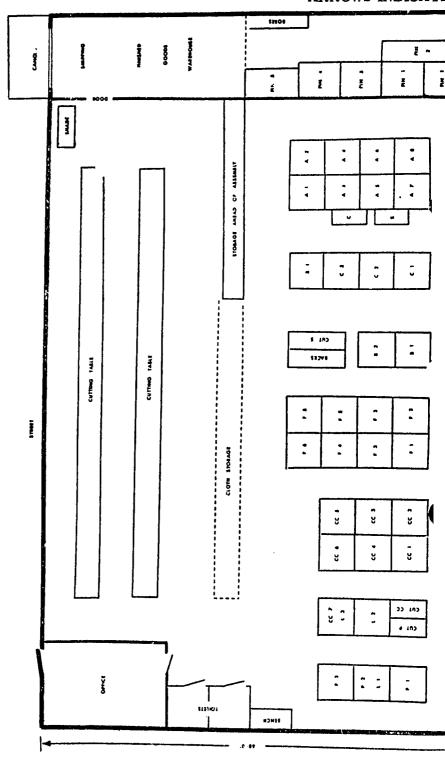
1,500

2,000

Annual

MEN'S DRESS SHIRTS: S.I.C. 2321

MEN'S DRESS SHIRTS ARROWS INDICATE





MEN'S DRESS SHIRTS: S.I.C. 2321

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Clothing Construction, E. A. Mansfield. 1953. 454 p. Illus. \$5.50. Houghton Mifflin Company

2 Park Street

Boston 7. Massachusetts

Materials, equipment, and processes of manufacturing men's shirts and related items.

B. Clothing Construction and Wardrobe Planning. D. S. Lewis. 1955. 534 p. Illus. \$4.40.

Macmillan Company

60 Fifth Avenue

New York 11, New York

Describes construction of various articles of clothing including men's shirts.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Apparel Arts. Monthly. \$3.00/year.

Esquire, Inc.

488 Madison Avenue

New York 22. New York

Current information on men's shirts.

B. Merchant's Trade Journal. Monthly. \$6.00/year.

Boreman Company

1912 Grand Avenue

Des Moines, Iowa

Production and marketing news on all phases of the clothing and wearing apparel field.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Men's Shirt Industry 1R-15767. Gratis.

Office of Technical Cooperation and Research

Agency for International Development

Washington, D.C. 20523

Capital requirements and operational data on plants making men's shirts.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Apparel Engineering and Needle Trades Handbook. 1960. 388 p. \$15.00.

Frederick Kogos Publishing Company

1140 Broadway

New York I, New York

Contains information on the making of men's shirts.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Men's White Shirts. Consumers Reports. January 1960. Vol. 43, p. 9-11. \$.50.
 Consumers' Research, Inc.
 Washington, New Jersey
 Specifications and construction details of men's dress shirts.

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 S.25.

- A. Patent No. 2,941,210. 1960. 4 p. Improved method for making men's shirts.
- B. Patent No. 2,935,749. 1960. 6 p. Men's and boy's dress shirts.
- C. Patent No. 2,846,687. 1958. 5 p. Method for making men's shirts.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

 A. American Apparel Manufacturers Association 2000 K Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20006

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Singer Sewing Machine Company
 149 Broadway
 New York 6, New York
 Provides technical information relative to the factory manufacture of shirts.
- B. A. J. Boynton and Company
 111 North Wabash Avenue
 Chicago, Illinois
 Engineers and technical counselors on plant layouts for industry.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Suppliers Register, Annual. \$4.95.
 Frederick Kogos Publishing Company
 1140 Broadway
 New York 1, New York
 Lists suppliers of fabrics, machinery, and equipment for the garment industry.

MEN'S DRESS SHIRTS: S.I.C. 2321

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

WORK GLOVES I.P. No. 66024

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, un ries, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

WORK GLOVES: Standard Industrial Classification 2381

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Machine-sewn canvas gloves with knit wristlets.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

These gloves are inexpensive and easily manufactured. The investment required for the manufacture of 400,000 pairs is very small. Variation in output can easily be achieved by varying the number of sewing machines employed. The degree of labor skill required is also small. Raw materials are inexpensive and readily obtainable. These gloves are worn by many workmen, such as train engineers, crane operators, and other workers. They are also widely used in households for protecting the hands while doing rough work in the house or in the garden. Many developing areas should be able to support a plant of this character.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Workmen, individuals for household and other activities.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. wholesale and large retail distributors.

 Direct sales to large organizations such as railroads may be possible.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. The product is light and easily transported. Nation-wide distribution should generally be possible. b. Export. This product is commonly exported.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Competition from imports is likely to be keen. Hand sewn gloves, as well as gloves made of other materials, may also compete. b. Export Market. A plant of this size would normally not be able to compete in export markets with large-scale manufacturers.
- 5. MARKET REQUIRED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. In a country where such gloves are commonly used by workmen, a total population of the order of 5 million would support the output of this plant.

196

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 400 000 Pairs

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a. FIXED CAPITAL Land. About 5,000 sq. ft.	Cost
Building. One story, 30'x70'.	\$ 12,600
Equipment, Furniture & Fixture	s.
Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$ 6,0 Other tools & equipmt. 1,0	000
	7,700
Total (excl. Land)	S 20,300
Principal Items. Cloth spreader, table, electric drill, work tables, 10 sewing machines.	

b. WORKING CAPITAL

No	o. of Day	'S
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a Admin. Costs(b), Contin-) 60	\$ 13,200
gencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs Total	30	500 3,500 8 17,200

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) 8 37,500

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

# 1.11 1. DICE: 120 11112		
	Annual	Annual
a. Direct Materials	Requirements	Cost
Canvas	53,400 yds,	\$ 15,600
Knit wrists	58,000 yds.	7,000
Total		\$ 22,600
Total		\$ 22,600

b. Supplies		
Lubricants & tools	S	200
Maintenance & repair parts		600
Office supplies		200
Total	<u>s</u>	1.000

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

about 5 hp.	\$	300
b. Fuel. For heating, when required.	\$	200
c. Water. For sanitation & fire	s	100

Connected load

Annual Cost

4. TRANSPORTATION

a. Electric Power.

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- b. External Transport Facilities. No special requirements.

5. MANPOWER

	Number	Annual Cost
 a. Direct Labor 		
Skilled	1	\$ 5,000
Semi-skilled	8	32,000
Unskilled	2	6,000
Total	11	\$ 43,000
	_	

e. Training Needs. Manager should be well experienced. With skilled worker, he should be able to do all labor training. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs

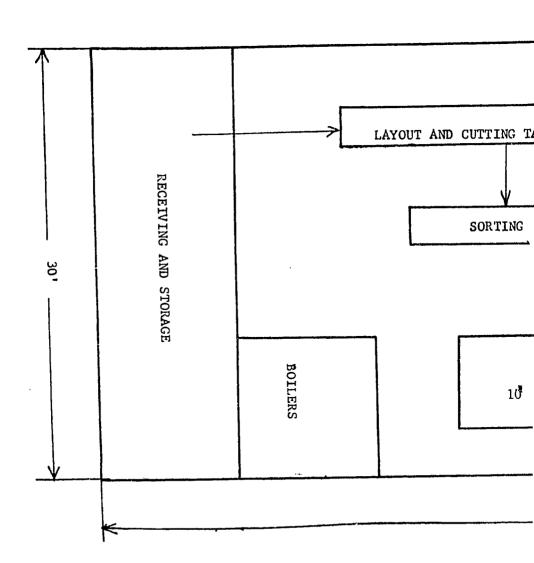
m ruman coms	
Direct Materials	\$ 22,600
Direct Labor	43,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	13,600
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	2,000
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	3,600
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	1,400
Total Annual Costs	\$ 86,200
1 4 10 1 5	
b. Annual Sales Revenue	\$100,000

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuei, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

WORK GLOVES: S.I.C. 2381

191

WORK GI
PLAN
ARROWS IND



: S.I.C. 2381

WORK FLOW

WORK GLOVES: S. I. C. 2381

SELECTED REFERENCES

1. TEXTBOOKS

A The Singer Sewing Book. M. B. Picken. 1953. 275 p. Illus. \$3.95. McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. 330 West 42nd Street
New York 36, New York
Sewing machine techniques and production methods.

B. Apparel manufacturing Analysis, J. Solinger. 1961. \$22.50.
Interscience Publishers, Inc.
250 Fifth Avenue
New York 1, New York
Devoted to the machines and operations required to produce cloth products.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Textile World. Monthly. \$15.00/year.

McGraw-Hill Publishing Company
330 West 42nd Street

New York 36, New York

Technical journal devoted to production of textile products, operations, equipment, and management.

B. Textile Research Journal. Monthly. \$21.00/year.
Textile Research Institute
Prince and Lemon Streets
Lancaster, Pennsylvania
Research on materials and processes for the textile industry; studies on new processes and machinery.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Plant Production Control. 2nd Edition. C. A. Koepke. 1949. 569 p. Illus. \$7.50. 3rd Edition. 1961. \$8.95.
John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 440 Park Avenue South
New York 6, New York
All phases of production control from product design and specifications to dispatching of finished product.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

Office of Technical Cooperation and Research Agency for International Development Washington, D. C. 20523 Study on the standardization and simplification of operations in the clothing industry.

Clothing Industry. SSS-2. June 1956. Gratis.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,923,946. 1960. 2 p. Safety gloves.
- B. Patent No. 2,864,091. 1958. 4 p. Reinforced work glove.
- C. Patent No. 2,862,208, 1958. 2 p. Protective work glove.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. Textile Converters Association 1450 Broadway New York 18, New York

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Singer Sewing Machine Company
 149 Broadway
 New York, New York
 Manufacturers and engineering consultants to the glove industry,
- B. Union Special Machine Company 402 North Franklin Street Chicago 10, Illinois Manufacturers and engineering consultants.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Suppliers Register. Annual. \$4.95.
 Frederick Kogos Publishing Company
 1140 Broadway
 New York 1, New York
 Lists over 20,000 suppliers of materials, machinery, and equipment for the clothing industry.

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

202

INDUSTRY PROFILES

MEN'S UNDERWEAR

I.P. No. 66025

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR: Standard Industrial Classification 2322

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Briefs manufactured from cotton knit materials, with elasticized waist and leg bindings, and fly front. T shirts with round neck and short sleeves. Athletic shirts, sleeveless, with lower cut neckline can also be produced.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

This plant is integrated; provision is made not only for the sewing of the garments but also for the knitting of the fabric from which the garment pieces are cut. Fabric can be knitted in it for finished goods other than those described and, if desired, from materials other than cotton. Yard for yard knitted fabrics are cheaper than woven ones and the former can be adapted for use in almost any type of clothing. Manufacturing processes are relatively simple, although the few skilled workers and the supervisory personnel need experience. The plant is suitable for many developing areas

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Male population; T shirts may also be worn by some of the women.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Wholesalers and large stores. Some purchases are made by government institutions, such as the military.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Transport costs are unimportant for this product. Therefore the market may be nation-wide. b. Export. Transport costs would be no barrier to exports. The product is traded in the world market.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. In very low wage countries, home-made clothing would compete. Otherwise, low priced imports would constitute the bulk of the competition. b. Export Market. Textile exports by large, well-established firms in the major producing countries would make it unlikely that any relatively small firm could successfully compete in the world market.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. This type of clothing is lightweight; therefore climate should not be a severely limiting factor. The extent to which underclothing is worn will depend largely on the level of income. Assuming that a majority of the male population wears underpants and that T shirts are in use either as part of the undergarments or as outer wear, a population of 1 million would support the output of this plant.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 30,000 dozen Briefs; 16,000 dozen Shirts.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a,	FIXED CAPITAL			Cost
	Land. About 6,000 sq. ft	•	\$	
	Building. One story, 4200	sq. ft.		25,200
	Equipment, Furniture & F			
	Prodn. tools & equipmt.	854,000		
	Other tools & equipmt,	5,000		
	Furniture & fixtures	1,000		60,000
	Total (excl. Land)		5	85,200
	Principal Items Flectric of	cutting knif	·, ~	

Principal Items. Electric cutting knife, electric binding cutter, sewing machines, tables for lay-up, shape, cutting, sorting, and inspection, folder, wash tub, extracator, one-section multipass dryer, hand trucks, loading trucks, bench grinder, and small drill press.

h WORKING CAPITAL

No.	of Days	
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	60	8 42,200
gencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs	30	1,400 6,600
Total		\$ 50,200
c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL.	LAND)	\$135,400

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

		Annual	Annual
a.	Direct Materials	Requirements	Cost
	Yarn	120,000 lbs.	\$ 89,300
	Waist elastic		26,700
	Leg elastic		2,300
	Shoulder tape		6,000
	Thread		6,300
	Labels		2,300
	Boxes		3,000
	Cartons & wrapping	g paper	700
	Total		\$136,600

b. Supplies Maintenance materials Spare parts

with the state of	Q 000
Spare parts	1,000
Lubricants	100
Tools	100
Office supplies	200
Total	\$ 2,000
	

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

	Annual Cost
a. Electric Power. About 480 kw-	s 2,500
b. Fuel. For production, heating, and sanitation.	\$ 900
c. Water. For production, heating and sanitation, 1.2 mn. gals.	s, \$ 300

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- External Transport Facilities. Combined in and out shipments about 25 tons per month. No special facilities needed.

5. MANPOWER

		Number	Annual Cost
a.	Direct Labor		
	Skilled	3	\$ 15,000
	Semi-skilled	17	68,000
	Unskilled	1	3,000
	Total	21	\$ 86,000
ь.	Indirect Labor		
	Manager & superviso	r 2	\$ 14,000
	Office	1	4,000
	Other	2	7,000
	Total	3	\$ 25,000

c. Training Needs. Manager and supervisor require considerable experience and ability to train others. Four others (2 weavers, material cutter, and machine fixer) should be experienced. Manufacturing operations are comparatively simple. Plant should attain full production in about 2 months.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs

\$136,600
86,000
30 700
8,500
18,000
7,200
\$287,000
8322,000

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

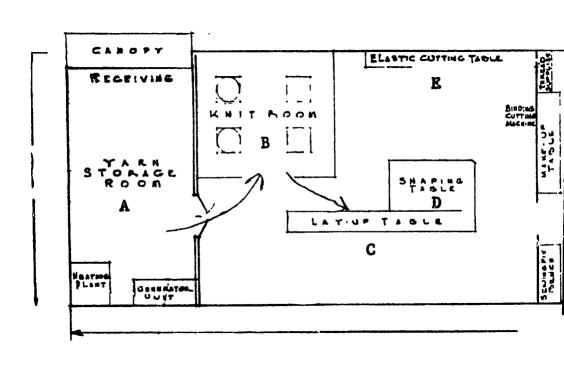
600

MEN'S UNDERWEAR: S I.C. 2322



MEN'S UNDE

PLANT LAYOU



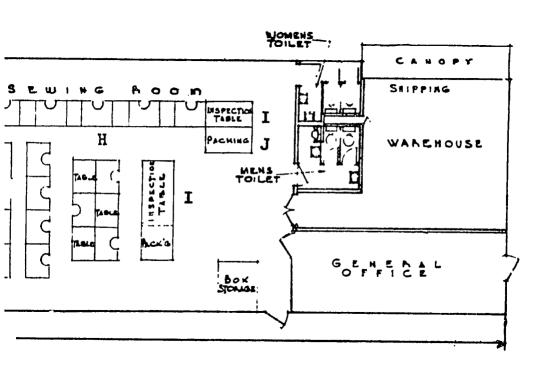
EGEND KLITTING MACHINES



A - Yarn storage
B - Knitting room
C - Layout and cu
D - Shaping table
E - Elastic cutting
F - Binding cutting
G - Make up bence

w.de

WORK FLOW



H - Sewing machine
I - Inspection
J - Packaging
K - Sewing fix bench

MEN'S UNDERWEAR: S.I.C. 2322

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Advances in Textile Processing. J. E. Lynn and J. J. Press. Vol. I. 1961. \$14.00.

Interscience Publishers, Inc.

250 Fifth Avenue

New York 1. New York

Deals with latest processes in the textile industry.

B. Fabrics and Clothing. J. M. Holt. \$2.25.

Textile Book Publishers, Inc.

303 Fifth Avenue

New York 16, New York

II. PERIODICALS

A. Textile World. \$2.00/year/U.S. Other countries \$15.00/year.

McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York 36, New York

B. Daily News Record. Daily, \$20.00/year.

Fairchilds Publications, Inc.

7 East 12th Street

New York 3, New York

C. Modern Textile Magazine. Monthly. \$5.00/year.

Alfred H. McCollough, Publisher

303 Fifth Avenue

New York 15. New York

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U. S.

A. Machinery for Manufacturing Men's Undergarments. IR-5643.

Office of Technical Cooperation and Research

Agency for International Development

Washington, D. C. 20523

This report covers the general plant requirements for manufacture of 30,000 dozen briefs and 16,000 dozen shirts annually with a gross sales value amounting to \$292,000.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Handbook of Textile Fibres. J. Gordon Cook. 1955. 356 p. \$5.50.

Textile Book Service

257 Park Avenue South

New York 10. New York

Terms, definitions and other information such as economic and production data.

B. Natural and Synthetic Fibres Yearbook. Milton Harris and H. Mark. 1959.

1000-1400 p. \$60.00. Interscience Publishers, Inc.

250 Fifth Avenue

New York I. New York

Compilation of abstracts of papers on natural and synthetic fibers.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Introduction to General Textiles. Laboratory Manual. H. T. Stevens and H. L. Rickey. \$1.75.
 Burgess Publishing Company 426 South Sixth Street
 Minneapolis 15, Minnesota

VI. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2, 904,042. 1959. 3 p. Process for manufacturing men's underwear.
- B. Patent No. 2,827,051. 1958. 4 p. New and useful improvements in making men's underwear.
- C. Patent No. 2,822,807. 1958. 7 p. Construction of men's underwear.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Underwear Institute 468 Park Avenue, South New York 16, New York
- B. Textile Research Institute P. O. Box 625 Princeton, New Jersey
- C. Southern Textile Association 218 West Morehead Street Charlotte 6, North Carolina

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Cocker Machine and Foundry Company 215 Chestnut Street Gastonia, North Carolina Warp preparation equipment.
- B. Von Kohorn International Corporation White Plains, New York
- C. Warner and Swasey Company Textile Machinery Division New Philadelphia, Ohio Textile equipment.

IX. DIRECTORIES

 Annual Buyers Guide. \$1.00/copy.
 W. R. C. Smith Publishing Company 806 Peachtree Street
 Atlanta, Georgia
 Annual review of all new products and services and all new literature in the textile industry.

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An *Index of Industry Profiles* is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This *Industry Profile* was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

WHEAT FLOUR

I.P. No. 66026

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

WHEAT FLOUR: Standard Industrial Classification 2041

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Wheat flour for making white bread.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

The plant described is about the minimum size for a modern mill. Working three shifts daily it could mill about 228,000 bushels of wheat a year. Locally-grown wheat is not essential, but advantageous. Assuming an annual yield of 15 bushels an acre, it will be necessary to have about 15,000 acres under wheat to supply this plant's capacity requirements. The plant is assumed to make flour principally for bread, and for this it will need a hard type of wheat. The capital requirements are fairly large, and skilled labor requirements are moderately high. The plant will only be appropriate in areas where bread is a staple part of the diet.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Households, eating places.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to wholesale distributors and large bakeries.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. The product is of fairly high value in relation to weight and bulk. In a country of moderate size and with a good transport network the potential domestic market may be nationwide. b. Export. The major wheat producing countries export large quantities of wheat flour.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Competition from imports may be strong. In bread-eating countries competition from bread substitutes will be important only among the poorest groups of the people. b. Export market. A plant of this size would have little chance of making export sales in competition with large-scale producers.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. In areas where wheaten bread is a staple article of diet, a total population of the order of a quarter of a million should be able to support this plant.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - THREE-SHIFT OPERATION: 5,000 TONS

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS	3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER
2. FIXED CAPITAL Cost Land. About 2 acres \$	a. Electric Power. Connected load about 375 hp. Annual Cost
Building, Elevator silo. 8 75,000 Mill building, 2-story. 80,000 Equipment, Furnitures & Fixtures Prodn. tools & equipmt. 8 170,000	b. Fuel. Where heating is necessary, about 6,000 gals. oil, or equivalent in other fuel. \$ 700
Other tools & equipmt. 11,400 Funiture & fixtures 1,000 Total (excl. Land) 182,000 8337,400	c. Water. For heating, sanitation and fire protection. About 1.2 mn. gals. annually. \$ 300
Principal Items. Equipment for cleaning, grinding, bolting, purifying, rebolting, packaging.	TRANSPORTATION Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
b. WORKING CAPITAL No. of Days Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Overhead (a) 60 97,400	b. External Transport Facilities. Total in and out shipments about 1,100 tons a month. Plant should be located on railroad, if possible.
Admin. Costs (b), Contingencies, Sales Costs (c) 30 4,200 Training Costs 5,600 Total Working Capital \$107,200	5. MANPOWER Number Annual Cost a. Direct Labor Skilled 6 \$ 30,000
c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$444,600	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Semi-skilled} & \underline{6} & \underline{24,000} \\ \text{Total} & \underline{12} & \underline{\$54,000} \end{array}$
2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES Annual Requints. Cost a. Direct Materials Wheat 228,000 bu. \$467,400 Sacks 100,000 sacks 10,000 Total \$477,400	b. Indirect Labor Manager Maintenance & supervision 3 15,000 Office Total C. Training Needs. Manager and 3 supervisors must be well experienced. With 3 skilled
b. Supplies Lubricants & hand tools 8 500	workers, they should be able to do all labor training. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.
Maintenance & repair parts 2,000 Office supplies 300 Total 8 2,800	6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE a. Annual Costs
	Direct Materials Direct Labor Manufacturing Overhead (a) Admin. Costs (b), Contingencies Sales Costs (c), Bad Debts Depreciation on Fixed Capital Total Annual Costs 4477,400 54,000 52,800 24,000 26,000 3660,200

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurauce, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

b. Annual Sales Revenue

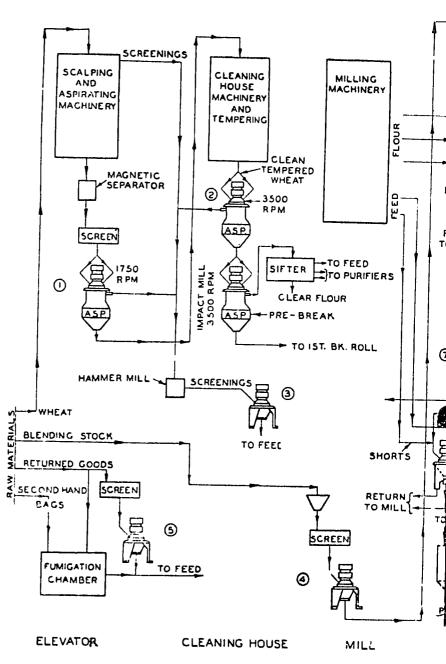
WHEAT FLOUR: S. I. C. 2041

\$800,000

WHEAT FLO

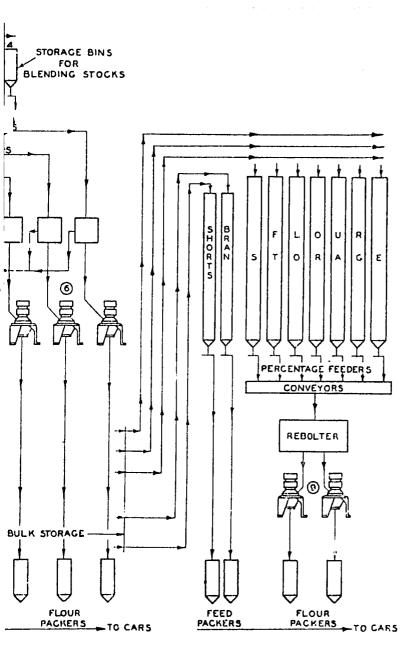
PLAN1

ARROWS INDIC



214

K FLOW



ACKING

BULK STORAGE

ν[']

WHEAT FLOUR: S. I. C. 2041

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Food Technology. S. C. Prescott and B. E. Proctor. 1937. 630 p. Illus. \$10.50.
McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. 330 West 42nd Street
New York, New York 10036
Contains section devoted to wheat and wheat milling.

II. PERIODICALS

A. The Northwestern Miller. Monthly. \$7.00/year. The Miller Publishing Company 2501 Wayzata Boulevard Minneapolis 40, Minnesota Published for the flour industry and grain trade.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U. S.

- A. Flour Handling and Packaging. 1R-11957. August 1953. Gratis. Office of Technical Cooperation and Research Agency for International Development Washington, D. C. 20523
 Devoted to the subject of flour handling and packaging.
- B. Wheat Milling. IR-24076. August 1959. Gratis. Office of Technical Cooperation and Research Agency for International Development Washington, D. C. 20523

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Enzymes and Their Role in Wheat Technology. J. A. Anderson. 1946. 381 p. \$7.50.
Interscience Publishers. Inc. 250 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York 10001
General chemistry of enzymes, amylases in milling and baking esterases in milling and baking, oxidizing enzyme systems of wheat and flour.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231. \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,879,004. 1959. 11 p. Impact milling of flour.
- B. Patent No. 2,759,511. 1956. 6 p. Apparatus for hulling grain.
- C. Patent No. 2.530,272. 1950. 4 p. Milling process.
- D. Patent No. 2,382,365. 1946. 9 p. Milling process.
- E. Patent No. 2,379,677. 1945. 4 p. Method of milling grain.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Wheat Flour Institute 309 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago 6, Illinois
- B. Millers National Federation 309 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago 6, Illinois

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company 864 South 70th Street Milwaukee 1, Wisconsin Builds and installs complete milling plants.
 - B. Great Western Manufacturing Company 1937 Baker Street Leavenworth, Kansas Builds grain elevators and flour mills.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. List of Flour Mills. Published irregularly. Apply to publisher for price.
 The Northwestern Miller
 P. O. Box 67
 Minneapolis 1, Minnesota
 Lists 1,200 flour mills in the United States and Canada.

WHEAT FLOUR: S. I. C. 2041

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3,00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U.S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

RICE I.P. No. 66027

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

RICE: Standard Industrial Classification 2044

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Polished rice made from purchased paddy.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

The rice mill described is rather completely mechanized, and, in relation to its production capacity, requires a fairly large investment in fixed capital. Labor skills needed are not especially high. Rice-growing areas will already possess rice-milling facilities, which may be less modern than the plant described. The latter would be an addition to or replacement of existing facilities. The economic feasibility of this plant could only be judged in relation to trends in rice production and in the light of comparative production cost studies covering this plant and already existing facilities.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. SALES CHANNELS. Sales to rice dealers.
- 2. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Polished rice is easily transported and is often shipped long distances within countries. b. Export. This product is shipped world-wide.
- 3. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Competition from imports is not usually important in rice-growing countries. When the price of rice is high, alternative foodstuffs may compete with rice, particularly in very low income countries. High prices are usually the consequence of crop deficiencies, which will affect the demand for rice-milling facilities. b. Export Market. Possibility of exporting would depend largely on location.
- 4. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. In countries where rice is the staple food, a total population of about 25,000 people could provide a market for this plant's output.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 3,200 TONS

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS	3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER Annual Cost
a. FIXED CAPITAL Land. About 6,000 sq. ft. Cost	a. Electric Power. Connected load about 95 hp. \$ 2,800
Building Mill-2 story, 40'x50'x36' high. Warehouse lean-to, 25'x40'x	b. Fuel. For heating, if necessary. 8 300
10' clearance. 25,000 Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures. Prodn. tools & equipmt, \$44,000	c. Water. For general purposes. \$ 200
Other tools & equipmt. 6,000 Furniture & fixtures 10,00 51,000	4. TRANSPORTATION
Total (excl. Land) Principal Items. Rough rice cleaner, rough rice scale, rough rice disc	a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
grader, disc seed separator, rough rice sheller 48", rough rice sheller 20", paddy separator, white rice	b. External Transport Facilities. Total in and out shipments about 750 tons a month. Plant should be located on railroad, if possible.
huller, white rice polisher, aspirator, vibrating screen, cylinder grader. disc white rice grader, cyclone dust	5. MANPOWER Number Annual Cost
collectors, elevators, screw conveyor.	a. Direct Labor Skilled 1 \$ 6,000
b. WORKING CAPITAL No of Days	Unskilled 2 7,000 Total 3 \$13,000
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead (a) 60 \$ 65,700 Admin. Costs (b) Contin-	b. Indirect Labor
gencies, Sales Costs (c) 30 1,800 Total Working Capital 8 67,500	Manager 1 <u>\$ 8,000</u>
c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$143,500	e. Training Needs. Manager should be fully experienced. He will act as buyer, seller, bookkeeper and supervisor. With help of skilled workman, he should be able to train
b. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES Annual Annual	other workers. Plant should operate at capacity from the start.
a. Direct Materials Paddy rice Requints 4,000 tons \$348,000	6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE
Bags 20,000 Total \$368.000	a. Annual Costs
b. Supplies Maintenance & repair parts Lubricants & hand tools Chemicals Office supplies Total S 1,000 100 200 500 8 1,800	Direct Materials \$368,000 Direct Labor 13,000 Manufacturing Overhead (a) 13,100 Admin. Costs (b), Contingencies 6,000 Sales Costs (c), Bad Debts 15,000 Depreciation on Fixed Capital 6,400 Total Annual Costs \$421,500

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

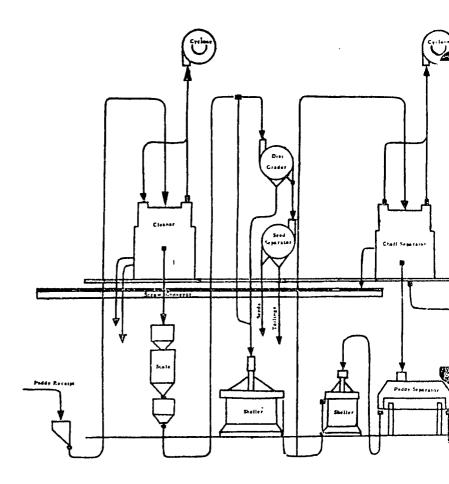
b. Annual Sales Kevenue

RICE: S.I.C. 2044

\$496,000

PLANT LA

FLOW CHART

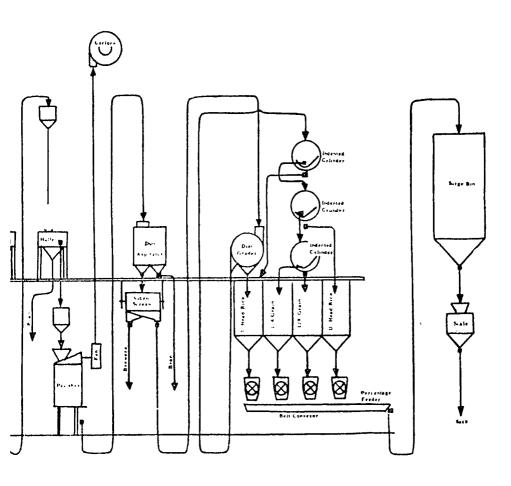


Building
Mill 40 × 50 ×
Warehouse le

2044

ND WORK FLOW

ONTAINED RICE MILL



2 story); 40 × 10

RICE: S.I.C. 2044

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Rice. 3rd Edition. D.H. Grist. 1959. \$9.50.
John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
605 Third Avenue
New York, New York
Rice technology. The growing and processing of rice.

B. Grain Crops. 2nd Edition. H.K. Wilson. 1955. 396 p. Illus. \$8.50. McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. 330 West 42nd Street
 New York, New York 10036
 Covers the characteristics, botany, growth habits, varieties, growing, harvesting, and marketing problems as related to the major grain crops.

C. Symposium on Rice. Conakry. 1963. Illus. \$2.50. International Publication Service 18 East 33rd Street
 New York. New York

II. PERIODICALS

including rice.

A. Rice. Monthly. 85.00/year.
Rice Journal
823 Perdido Street
New Orleans, Louisiana
Directed at producers, dryers, storers, and processors of rice.

B. Cereal Chemistry. Bi-monthly. \$11.00/year.
 The American Association of Cereal Chemists.
 500 South 5th Street
 Minneapolis, Minnesota
 Scientific papers dealing with raw materials. processes, products, of the cereal industry.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Elements of Food Engineering. Vol. I. M. E. Parker and others. 1952. 392 p. \$8.75.
 Reinhold Publishing Corporation 430 Park Avenue
 New York, New York 10022
 Contains a comprehensive section on rice milling.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Costs of Operating Southern Rice Mills. MRR-330. 1959. Gratis. Publications Division
 Office of Information
 U.S. Department of Agriculture
 Washington 25, D.C.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,633,171. 1953. 6 p. Method of hulling, washing, and drying of grain with simultaneous screening.
- B. Patent No. 2,211,096. 1940. 8 p. Machine for shelling rice.
- C. Patent No. 1,495,561. 1924. 4 p. Process for the milling of rice.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Rice Millers Association 1048 Pennsylvania Building 425 13th Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20004
- B Grain Processing Machinery Manufacturers Association 7400 East 13th Street Kansas City, Missouri

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

A. Sprout-Waldron and Company, Inc.
 60 Logan Street
 Muncy, Pennsylvania
 Complete equipment for the rice mill.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Grain Trade Buyers Guide. Annual. \$4.50.
 Grain Trade Buyers Guide
 317 South Sherman Street
 Chicago 4, Illinois
 Lists sources of supply for grain elevators and feed mill machinery, equipment, and supplies.

RICE: S.I.C. 2044

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

BAKERY

I. P. No. 66028

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

- 221

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Bread and pastry. The exact products made will vary according to demand.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

This is a small neighborhood bakery and the type of bread and pastry produced will vary. Bakery goods, unless produced on a large scale or with cheaper ingredients than the home kitchen uses, are usually more expensive than the home-baked product. Therefore such enterprises can operate profitably only where there is a moderatel high standard of living. Methods of selling would vary. Therefore no transportation equipment has been provided for. In some areas delivery trucks might be needed; in others, delivery might be made by bicycle; in still others, customers might make all purchases directly from the store. Capital and the amount of skilled labor required are small. Such a plant should be suited to many developing areas.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Homes, eating places.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales are made direct.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. Distribution would be local only.
- 4. COMPETITION. Competition would come from home-baked products and from other bakeries.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Consumption of bakery goods varies widely between areas. In a bread consuming area, where the people purchase their bread and bakery goods rather than make them at home, a total population of about 20,000 might provide a sufficient market. However, because of the wide variation in consumption in different areas, no estimate of total population needed would have any general validity.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

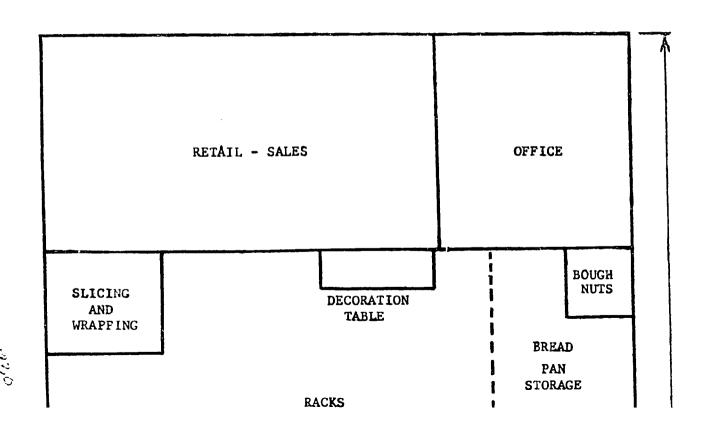
ANNUAL SALES - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: \$ 140,000

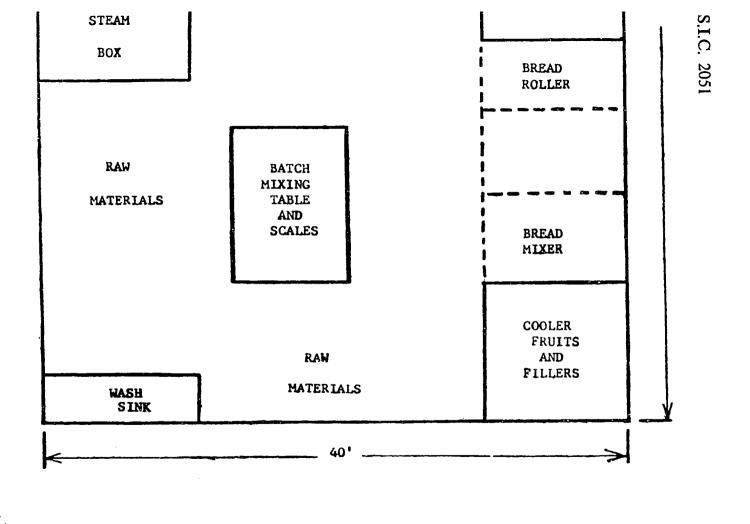
1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS	3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER
a. FIXED CAPITAL Land. About 10,000 sq. ft. s Building. One story. 40'x60'	a. Electric Power, Connected load about 10 hp. Annual Cost \$ 600
for bakery and store. 14,40	b. Fuel. 5,000 gals. oil annually. § 600
Equipment. Funiture & Fixtures. Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$ 12,400 Other tools & equipmt. 900 Furniture & fixtures. 700 14,00	
Total (excl. Land) 8 28,40 Principal Items. Dough mixer,	4. TRANSPORTATION
baking oven, flour bins, rack trucks, pans and tins, scales, store fixtures, small refriger-	a. Own Transport Equipment. No equipment specified. See Section B.
ator.	b. External Transport Facilities. Good high- way necessary.
b. WORKING CAPITAL No. of Days	5. MANPOWER Number Annual Cost
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) 60 s 16,00 Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies. Sales Costs(c) 30 1,00 Total Working Capital 8 17,00	Skilled 2 \$ 12,000 0 Semi-skilled 1 4,000
c. TOTAL CAPITAL (FXCL. LAND) s 45,40	b. Indirect Labor Manager buys, supervises and keeps books 1 8 7,000
2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES Annual Annual	· — ——————————————————————————————————
a. Direct Materials Flour 300 tons \$ 42,000	experienced. With I skilled worker he would maintain full production while
Sugar 120 tons 12,00)
Eggs tillings, etc. 7,000 Baking powder, soda and flavors 1,500	REVENUE
Wrapping materials 5,00 Total \$ 67,50	a. Annual Costs
b. Supplies Maintenance & repair parts Caustic soda & chlorinc Office Total S L000	Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts 9,000 Depreciation on Fixed Capital 2,000 Total Appual Costs 8100 900
	b. Annual Sales Revenue \$140,000

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

BAKERY: S. I. C. 2051

PLANT LAYOUT





BAKERY: S. I. C. 2051

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Breads, White and Brown. R. A. McCance and E. M. Widdowson, 1956. Illus. \$5.00.

The Macmillan Company

60 Fifth Avenue

New York, New York 10011

Deals with the principles, practices and methods of bread baking. Information relative to baking equipment, organization, and operation.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Baker's Weekly. \$5.00/year.

American Trade Publications Company

71 Vanderbilt Avenue

New York, New York 10017

News for the baking industry on developments in materials, processes, methods, marketing.

B. Baker's Review. Monthly. \$2.00/year.

William R. Gregory Company

625 Eighth Avenue

New York, New York 10018

Covers wholesale and retail manufacturing bakeries throughout the U.S.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U. S.

A. Equipment for Bakeries. IR-19052 Office of Technical Cooperation and Research Agency for International Development Washington, D. C. 20523

B. Bread Baking. 1956. 163 p. Illus.

\$.75 Catalog No.

D101. 11:10-410.

Superintendent of Documents

Government Printing Office

Washington, D. C.

Department of Army publication suitable as a text to assist in training in the fundamentals of an over-all bakery operation.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Breadmaking: Its Principles and Practices. E. B. Bennion. 1959.

3rd Edition. Illus. \$7.20

Oxford University Press

1600 Pollitt Drive

Fair Lawn, New Jersey

Provides comprehensive information on methods, materials, formulas, equipment, and machinery for baking bread.

Vito

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A Patent No. 2,868,143. Jan. 13, 1959. 8 p. Apparatus for making bread and pastry dough.
- B. Patent No. 2,677,336. May 4, 1954. 5 p.

 Oven for baking bread and like products with improvements and increased efficiency in the baking operation.
- C. Patent No. 2.595 298. May 6, 1952. 7 p. Horizontal dough mixers provided with cooling means for maintaining a desired pre-determined temperature within the mixer chambers.
- D. Patent No. 2,575,291. Nov. 13, 1951. 4 p. Apparatus for baking bread and similar food products more quickly than had heretofore been possible and at the same time producing a superior product.
- E. Patent No. 2,535,650. Dec. 26, 1950. 3 p. Baking oven for baking such articles of food as bread, biscuits, cakes.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. American Bakers Association
 20 North Wacker Drive
 Chicago 6, Illinois
 Supplies members with information and news on the baking industry.
- B. American Institute of Baking
 400 East Ontario Street
 Chicago 11, Illinois
 The scientific and educational affiliate of the American Bakers Association.

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Baker Perkins, Inc.
 Fraser and Young Streets
 Saginaw, Michigan
 Provides engineering services in field of production of bread, biscuits, cakes, pretzels.
- B. J. E. Siebel Sons and Company 4055 West Peterson Avenue Chicago, Illinois Bakery engineering.

III. DIRECTORIES

A. Thomas' Wholesale Grocery and Kindred Trades Register. 1961.
 1800 p. \$10.00.
 Thomas Publishing Company
 459 Eighth Avenue
 New York, New York 10001
 Directory of wholesale grocery and related trades in the United States.

BAKERY: S. I. C. 2051

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Proles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 Industry Profiles published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 Industry Profiles to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "Profiles" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

RAW SUGAR I.P. No. 66029

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

RAW SUGAR: Standard Industrial Classification 2061

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Raw sugar made from sugar cnae.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Raw sugar is produced by mills usually called centrals that are commonly located in the areas producing the raw material, in this case sugar cane. During the harvesting season, estimated to last about five months, the central described needs an input of 600 tons of cane a day for its economic operation. The area under sugar cane needed to provide materials for this central is about 2,000 acres, the exact extent depending on the sugar yield of the cane. The economic feasibility of the central will depend, firstly, on the existence of a reliable supply of sugar cane, and, secondly, on the existence of local sugar refineries and/or raw sugar using industries that can absorb the central's production; or, alternatively, of export outlets. A sugar central is a major undertaking, requiring heavy capital investment and a significant amount of skilled labor. All aspects of the industry, and particularly the marketing problem, require careful examination before an investment in a plant of this type is made.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

A plant of the kind described will normally be started only where sugar refineries or raw sugar using industries have been or are being established and may be expected to provide an outlet for the raw sugar. In some cases, the whole process, from cane growing to refined sugar or other products, may be undertaken in developing areas. In such cases the over-all object may be to reduce dependence on imports. In the less developed countries a plant such as that described could meet the raw sugar requirements of possibly a million people. If there are no sugar refineries or user industries that offer an outlet, and it is necessary to seek a market for the raw sugar abroad, careful examination of the international trade in sugar and the various restrictive arrangements applying to it is necessary.

PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - CONTINUOUS OPERATION DURING 5 MONTH SEASON: 10,000 TONS

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS.

a.	FIXED CAPITAL	Cost
	Land. About I acre.	s
	Building. One story, about	200,000
	25,000 sq. ft. floor space.	200,000
	Steel construction, with	
	corrugated siding & roofing,	
	ventilating sash windows.	
	steel doors, concrete floors.	
	Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.	
	Prodn. tools & equipmt. 1,984,000	
	Other tools & equipmt. 1,984,000	
	Transportation equipmt, 5,000	2 020 000
		2,020,000
	Total (excl. Land)	\$2,220,000
	Principal Items. Rosary cane	
	hoist, cane feeder table,	
	auxiliary cane carrier, main	
	cane carrier, rotary cane	
	leveler, 2 sets cane knives,	
	magnetic separator, 5 3-roll	
	cane mills, 2 horizontal juice	
	heaters, clarifier, multiple	
	evaporator, bagging equipment.	
	3 500 hp. water tube boilers, 2	
	750 kw. turbo generators, 1 250	
	kw. diesel generator, laboratory,	
	lathe, milling machine, drill	

tractors, 5-ton truck. WORKING CAPITAL

press, power hack saw, 3 diesel

No. of I	Days	
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead (a) 60 Admin. Costs (b), Contin-	8	153,500
geneies, Sales Costs (c) 30		11,200
Total Working Capital		164,700

2. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$2,384,700

Annual

Regumts.

Annual

Cost

•	B.F.A	TCD	T A !	 ANID	SUPPL	TEC
٠	IVI /	. I I K	IAI	 AND	SUPP	11.8

Total

a.	Direct Materials			
	Sugar cane	90,000 tons	s	450,000
b.	Supplies			
	Maintenance, ma	ils. & parts	S	35,000
	Chemicals, incl. si	ulfur & lime		36,500
	Tools			2,000
	Lubrication			500
	Office supplies			500

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

Annual Cost

1,200

- a. Electric Power. Power generating plant is included in equipment. No purchased power.
- b. Fuel. Bagasse will be used & no fuel will need to be purchased. Boiler should be adapted to use of bagasse.
- c. Water. For production, steam generation, fire protection, sanitation. About 20 mn. gals. annually.

5.000 4. TRANSPORTATION Annual Operating Cost

- a. Own Transport Equipment. Five-ton truck for general purposes
- b. External Transport Facilities. Cane is purchased on basis of delivery at mill. Raw sugar is produced at rate of 2,000 tons a month during cane harvesting season. Since no large storage is provided prompt shipment is necessary. Plant should have railroad facilities, if possible.

5. MANPOWER

Continuous operation. Indirect labor is employed full time, direct labor only during 5-month cane harvesting season, when plant

a. Direct Labor	Number	Annual Cost
Unskilled workers	100	\$ 180,000
b. Indirect Labor Manager	1	12,000
Superintendents	4	32,000
Chemists Skilled leaders	3 15	27,000 7 5 ,000
Office Other	.3	12,000
Total	$\frac{13}{39}$	52,000 \$ 210,000
	•	

- c. Training Needs. Manager, superintendents, chemists, maintenance men, engineers, skilled leaders should all be well experienced & able to train & supervise the direct labor. Plant should reach full production from the start.
- 6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE
- a. Annual Costs Direct Materials \$ 450,000 Direct Labor 180,000 Manufacturing Overhead (a) 290,700 Admin. Costs (b), Contingencies 60,000 Sales Costs (c). Bad Debts 75,000 Depreciation on Fixed Capital 212,500 Total Annual Costs \$1.268,300
- \$1,500,000

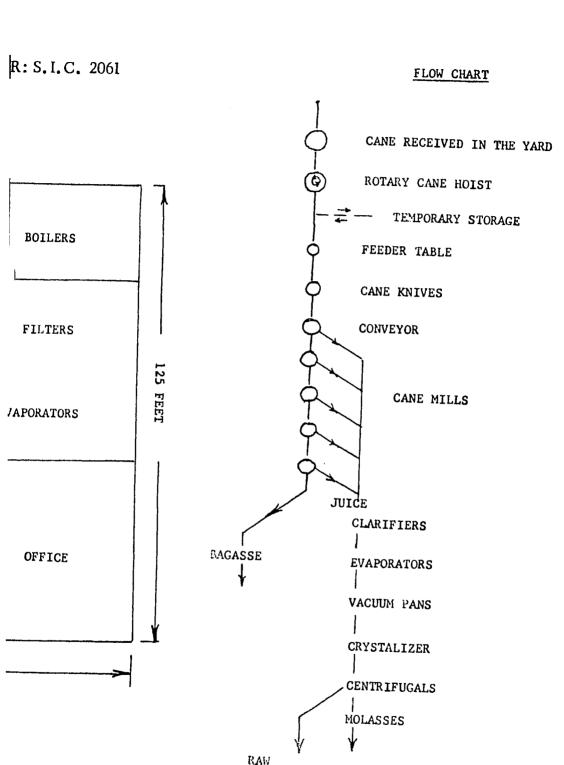
b. Annual Sales Revenue

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Water, Transportation, Ladirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

74,500

BAGASSE OPEN STORAGE CRUSHERS JUICE HEATERS VACUUM PANS CENTRIFUGALS CLARIFIERS PACKAGING STATION SUPPLIES AND STORAGE WASH AND FINISHED GOODS STORAGE LOCKER ROOM SHIPPING 200 FEET

PLANT LAYOUT



SUGAR

RAW SUGAR: S. I. C. 2061

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

Cane Sugar Handbook, G. L. Spencer and G. P. Meade, 9th Edition, 1963. 834 p. Illus. \$23.75.

John Wiley and Sons, Inc.

440 Park Avenue South

New York, New York 10016

Manufacture of raw sugar from cane, sugar analysis, and chemical control in the factory.

Marketing Problems of Sugar at the Hemisphere and World Levels. 1963. В. \$.50.

Pan American Union

Sales and Promotion Division

Washington, D. C. 20006

II. PERIODICALS

Sugar Journal. Monthly. Apply to publisher for price. Α.

Sugar Journal, Inc.

823 Perdido Street

New Orleans 12, Louisiana

Covers agricultural and technological aspects of sugar cane production and processing.

Sugar y Azucar. Monthly. Apply to publisher for price.

Russel-Palmer Trust

109 Market Place

Baltimore, Maryland

English-Spanish journal devoted to sugar industry.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS

Sugar Processing in 1962. 1/00/01196.

French title - La Sucrochimie en 1962.

U. S. Department of Commerce

Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.14 Springfield, Virginia 22151

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Principles of Sugar Technology. P. Honig.

768 p. Illus. \$19.00. Vol. 1. 1953.

Vol. 2. 1959. 568 p. Illus. \$18.00.

\$22.00. Vol. 3. 1963. Illus.

American Elsevier Publishing Company

52 Vanderbilt Avenue

New York, New York 10017

Physical properties of sugars and nonsugars, purification of technical sugar solutions, crystallography of sucrose, chemistry of crystallization, processing fundamentals and techniques.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Production Management. TB-97. September 1960. Gratis.
 Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
 Agency for International Development
 Washington. D. C. 20523
 Manual on training of personnel in the subject of production management.

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D, C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,971,868. 1961, 24 p. Process for manufacturing sugar from cane.
- B. Patent No. 2,829,985. 1958. 3 p. Recovering sugar from natural products containing it.
- C. Patent No. 2,672,428. 1954. 5 p. Method of manufacturing raw sugar.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. American Sugar Cane League 228 St. Charles Avenue New Orleans 12, Louisiana
- B. Sugar Association52 Wall StreetNew York 5, New York

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Stearns-Rodgers Manufacturing Company
 660 Bannock Street
 Denver, Colorado
 Designers, manufacturers, and erectors of complete sugar plants.
- B. Dorr-Oliver, Inc.
 Cane Sugar Division
 99 Havemeyer Lane
 Stamford, Connecticut
 Consulting, designing, chemical with cane sugar as a specialty.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Manual of Sugar Companies. Annual. \$7.50.
 Farr Whitlock and Company
 120 Wall Street
 New York, New York 10005
 Lists Pan American sugar companies and United States cane sugar refineries.

RAW SUGAR: S. I. C. 2061

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agenoy for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U.S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

CRUSHED ICE AND ICE CUBES, PACKAGED

I.P. No. 66030

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Crushed ice and ice cubes, made from filtered, chlorinated water.

R GENERAL EVALUATION

This is a very small operation, requiring very little capital or technical skill. Customers would pick up their purchases at the plant, so no transport equipment would be needed. The enterprise is suited to small urban communities.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Households, eating and drinking places.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Customers pick up purchases at plant.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. Immediate vicinity.
- 4. COMPETITION. Increasing use of refrigerators in households and eating and drinking places.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. This will vary with climate and income, but a community of 25,000 people or so would generally provide a market for such a plant

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY: 120 TONS

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a.	FIXED CAPITAL	
	Land. 1/4 acre.	
	Building. 200 sq. ft., insulated.	
	Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.	
	Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$5,000	
	Furniture & fixtures 500	
	Total (excl. Land)	
	Principal Items. Ice machine, ice	
	crusher, freezer and refrigerating motor, storage tank, chlorinating pump, filter, pressuretroler, liquid evel controller control valve, test kit	
	opping and valves, scale, tank, crock.	.,

b. WORKING CAPITAL

	No. of Days		
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin	60	8	1,800
gencies	30		100
Total Working Capita	1_	8	1,900

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND)

2. MATERIALS AND	SUPPLIES	
	Annual	Annual
	Regumts.	Cost
a. Direct Materials		***
Water		\$ 250
Bags	15,000	750
Total		\$ 1,000

b.	Supplies		
	Lubricants & hand tools	Š	50
	Cutting tools & abrasives		50
	Maintenance & spare parts		300
	Ammonia		100
	Totai	S	500

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

		Annuai	Cost
Electric Power.	4.5 hp.		
connected load.		<u>\$</u>	300

4. TRANSPORTATION

Cost 1,600

5,500

\$ 7,100

\$ 9,000

None. Product is manufactured for local consumption and will be purchased at the plant.

5. MANPOWER	Number	Annual Cost
a. Direct Labor Skilled Unskilled Total	1 1 2	\$ 5,000 4,000 8 9,000

b. Training Needs. The owner would operate the plant and needs only 1 helper. He should be fully experienced.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a.	Annual Costs	
	Direct Materials	\$ 1,000
	Direct Labor	9,000
	Manufacturing Overhead(a)	800
	Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	1,000
	Depreciation on Fixed Capital	600
	Total Annual Costs	\$12,400

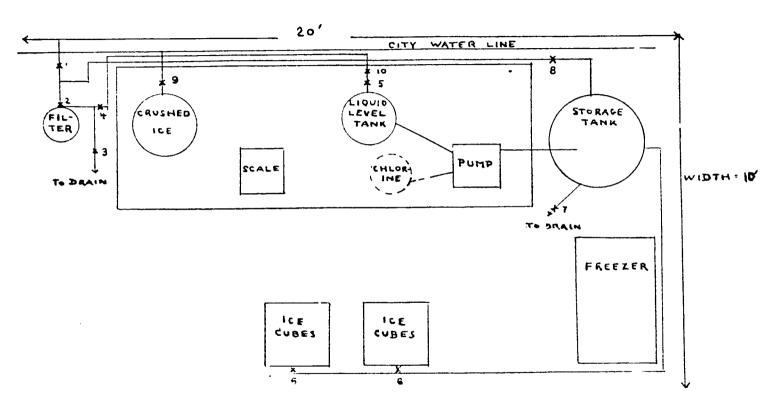
b. Annual Sales Revenue \$14,400

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance.

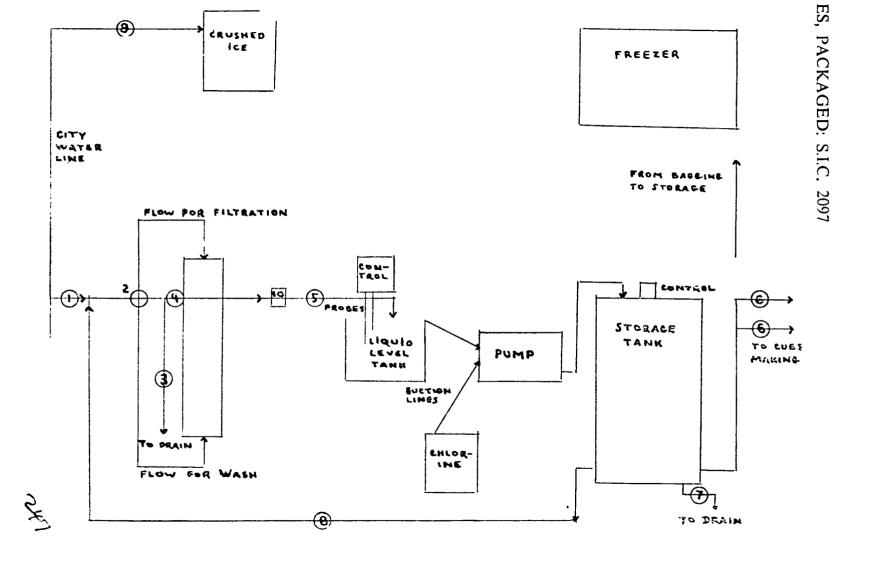
CRUSHED ICE AND ICE CUBES, PACKAGED: S. I. C. 2097



PLANT LAYOUT



CRUSHED ICE AND I



CRUSHED ICE AND ICE CUBES, PACKAGED: S. I. C. 2097

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Drake's Refrigeration Service Manual. H. P. Manly. 1962. 349 p. \$3.00. Frederick J. Drake and Company

8 South Clinton Street

Chicago 6, Illinois

Mechanical refrigeration, plant construction and operation.

B. Commercial and Industrial Refrigeration. C. W. Nelson. 1952. 465 p. Illus. \$7.00.

McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York. New York 10036

Systematic explanation of the installation, operation, and servicing of various kinds of ice making plants and processes.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Refrigeration. Monthly. \$2.00/year.

John W. Yopp Publishing Company

1070 Spring Street

Atlanta, Georgia

Ice manufacturing methods and merchandising.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Crushed Ice and Package Ice Cube Plant. January 1960. TI-63. 17 p. Gratis.

Office of Technical Cooperation and Research

Agency for International Development

Washington, D. C. 20523

Layout and operational information for the small-scale production of crushed ice and ice cubes at a yearly production rate of 100 tons.

B. Refrigerators and Refrigeration Equipment. \$0.10.

Office of Technical Services

U. S. Department of Commerce

Washington, D. C. 20230

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Mechanical Refrigeration. N. R. Sparks and C. C. Dilio. 1959. 276 p. Illus. \$9.50.

McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York, New York 10036

Principles, equipment, systems relating to commercial refrigeration and ice making.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U.S. Patents

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20523 S.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,942,430. 1960. 12 p. Apparatus and process for freezing ice.
- B. Patent No. 2,800,456. 1957. 5 p. Method for manufacturing ice.
- C. Patent No. 2,699,045. 1953. 21 p. Complete description of equipment and method for producing ice.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. National Ice Association 1901 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W. Washington, D. C. 20006
- B. American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air Conditioning Engineers 345 East 47th Street New York, New York

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

A. Rust Engineering Company
930 Fort Duquesne Boulevard
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Design, engineer, and provide construction management for processing plants of all types, including ice and refrigeration.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Air Conditioning and Refrigerating Data Book. \$10.00.
 McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.
 330 West 42nd Street
 New York, New York 10036

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3,00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "Profiles" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U.S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

COTTON SHIRTING

I.P. No. 66031

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

COTTON SHIRTING; Standard Industrial Classification 2211

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Cotton shirting, 36 inches wide, suitable for manufacture of medium-priced men's shirts.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Though this plant requires moderately large capital, it is a small unit for an integrated cotton mill. In this industry international competition is keen and large-scale producers generally have an advantage. The project is suitable for supplying a local market where shirt-making and allied industries are established. Price, quality and service will be highly important in developing market outlets.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Shirts-makers, households.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to user industries, wholesalers, large retailers.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Product is easy to handle, and transport cost is relatively small. Market could be nation-wide. b. Export. Market is international.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Competition from imports may be keen.

 Competition from man-made fibers is generally increasing. b. Export Market.

 Plant is too small to compete in general international market with large-scale manufacturers. Some sales to neighboring countries might be possible.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. The plant could produce shirting for a population of the order of half a million, where this product is in common use.

36.30

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 925,000 Yards

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

aFIXED CAPITAL		Cost
Land. 2 acres.		8
Building. One story, 80'	x120′	57,600
Equipment. Furniture &	Fixtures.	
Prodn. tools & equipmt.	\$241.600	
Other tools & coulpmt.	18,000	
Furniture & fixtures	1,000	260,600
Total (excl. Land)		\$318.200
Principal Items. Opening	machinery	;
picking machinery; 8 carding machines; 4 drawing machines; roving machines,		

Principal Items. Opening machinery; picking machiner; 8 carding machines; 4 drawing machines; roving machines, 28 spindles; spinning frames, 60 spindles; 4 under frame cleavers; cone winders, 20 spindles; tube or spring winder; 42 high speed 40" looms with accessories and automatic stop motor devices; warpers; slashers; spoolers, knot tiers, reels, folders, and accessories; compressors and humidifiers.

b. WORKING CAPITAL

of Day	'S
60	s 33,600
30	3,800 2,500
	s 39,900

e. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) 8358,100

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

a. Direct Materials Cotton Packaging material Total	\$ 95,000 700 \$ 95,700
b. Supplies Lubricants & hand tools Cutting tools & abrasives Maintenance & spare parts Office supplies Total	\$ 200 50 2,550 200 8 3,000

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

	Annual Cost
a. Electric Power. 230 hp. connected load.	\$ 2.300
b. Fuel. Heat only, any local fuel	<u>s</u> 400
c. Water. Humidity control, sanitation and fire protection	<u>\$ 100</u>

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None needed.
- b. External Transport Facilities. Total in and out supprents slightly over 1 ton a day. No special requirements.

5. MANPOWER

a. Direct Labor

Skilled	4	\$ 20,000
Semi-skilled	Ż	28,000
Unskilled	8	24,000
Total	<u>19</u>	8 72,000
b. Indirect Labor		
Manager+superv	visor 2	8 16,000
Office	2	8,000
Shipping clerk	i	4,000
Total	_5	\$ 28,000

Number

Annual Cost

e. Training Needs. The manager and supervisor must be well experienced. With 4 skilled workers, they should be able to train all employees and reach full production in 30 days.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a.	Annual Costs	
	Direct Materials	\$ 95,700
	Direct Labor	72,000
	Manufacturing Overhead(a)	33,800
	Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	24,000
	Sales Costs(c) Rad Dehts	21,000
	Depreciation on Fixed Capital	28,000
	Total Annual Costs	\$274,500

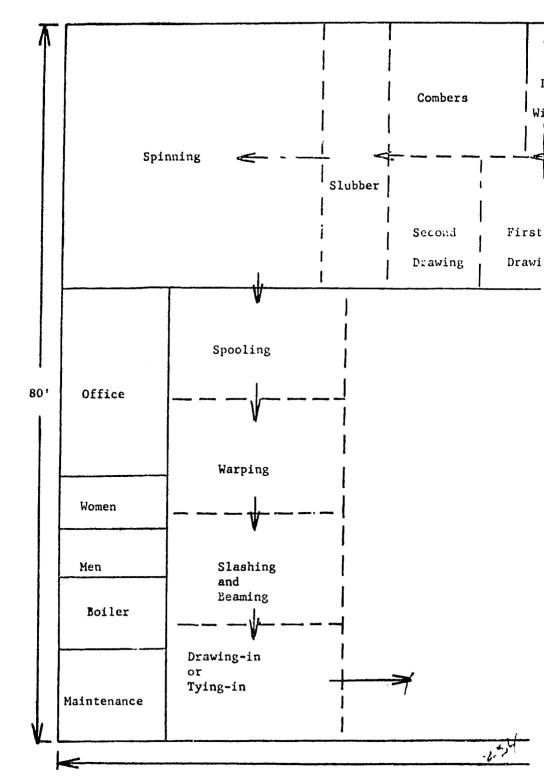
b. Annual Sales Revenue 8352,000

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

Annual Cost

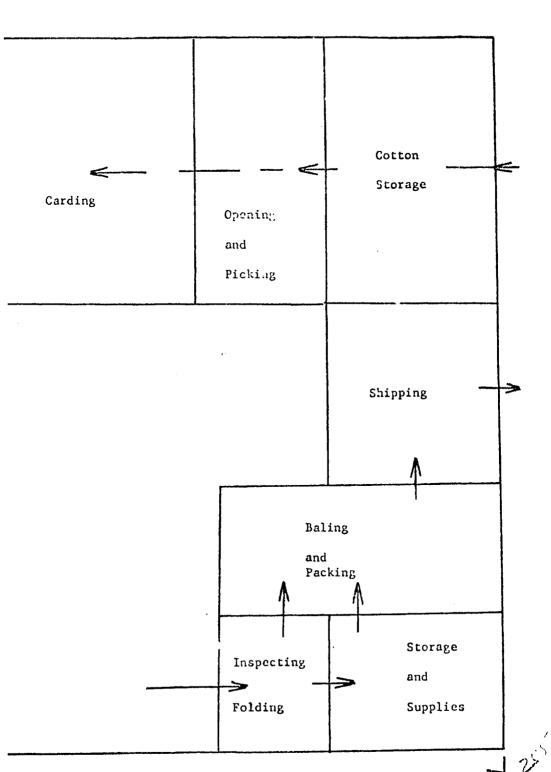
COTTON SHIRTING: S. I. C. 2211

PLANT LAYO



G: S.I.C. 2211

WORKFLOW



COTTON SHIRTING: S.I.C. 2211

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Fibre to Fabric. 3rd Edition. M. D. Potter and B. P. Corbman. 1959. 342 p. Illus. \$4.20.

McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

331 West 42nd Street

New York, New York 10036

Discusses and compares all fibres, with emphasis on weaving and finishing of fibres and fabrics.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Textile World. Monthly \$15.00/year.

McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York, New York 10036

Technical journal covering production of textiles, modernization of operations and equipment, chemical treatment of textiles, management and business.

B. Textile Bulletin. Monthly. \$5.00/year.

Clark Publishing Company

218 West Morehead Street

Charlotte 6. North Carolina

Information relative to spinning and weaving phases of textile industry, dyeing and finishing of yarns and woven fabrics.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Cotton Textiles CD-1 Gratis.

Office of Technical Cooperation and Research

Agency for International Development

Washington, D.C. 20523

A guide for understanding cost control problems in specific small industries.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. American Cotton Handbook. 2nd Edition. G. R. Merrill, A. R. Macormac and H. R. Mauersberger. 1949. 1056 p. \$9.50.

Interscience Publishers, Inc.

250 Fifth Avenue

New York, New York 10001

Covers cotton fibers—from plant cultivation to manufacturing processes concerned with production of cotton fabrics.

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Twist Formula for Maximum Cotton Yarn Strength. 1959. Textile World. \$.25.

McGraw-Hill Publishing Company

330 West 42nd Street

New York, New York 10036

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 S.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,977,475. 1961. 5 p.
 Method of and apparatus for processing cotton textiles.
- B. Patent No. 2,966,775. 1961. 5 p. Cotton yarns and textiles made therefrom.
- C. Patent No. 2,844,017. 1958. 6 p. Method and apparatus for making cotton cloth.
- D. Patent No. 2,802,355. 1957. 6 p. Knitting machine to manufacture flat cotton textiles.
- E. Patent No. 2,592,153, 1952. 3 p. Production of a cotton shirting textile.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. American Textile Manufacturers Institute 1501 Johnson Building Charlotte 2. North Carolina

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Whitin Machine Works
 Whitinsville, Massachusetts
 Complete equipment for a cotton shirting plant.
- B. C. G. Sargents Sons Corporation
 Graniteville, Massachusetts
 Producers of textile machinery and equipment for a textile mill.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Davison's Textile Blue Book. Armid. \$9.75.
Davison Publishing Company
Ridgewood, New Jersey
Lists 8,470 Textile plants in the U.S. Also lists thousands of suppliers to these plants.

COTTON SHIRTING: S.I.C. 2211

257

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

TERRY CLOTH

I.P. No. 66032

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

" "S9"

TERRY CLOTH: Standard Industrial Classification 2211

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Cotton fabric with loops on one or both sides. Woven with two sets of warp threads and one of filling. One set of warp threads is held tight during weaving while the other is released to form the loops.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Terry cloth is a fairly high-priced item and is used mainly in cool climates. Capital requirements are moderately high. Potential investors in this industry should make certain that there is sufficient demand to warrant the investment and that any plant established in the area could compete successfully with large-scale makers. Unless fabricating plants already exist, they would have to be established simultaneously.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS Fabricating plants making towels, robes, etc.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to fabricating plants.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Because of low transport costs in relation to value of product, the potental market is nation-wide. b. Export. Market is world-wide.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. In most areas competition would be from cheaper kinds of cotton cloth. Where there is a market for terry cloth, imported cloth would generally constitute competition. b. Export Market. International competition is strong. Therefore it is unlikely that a newly established plant of this rather small size could compete in the international market. Some exports to nearby areas might be possible.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. The population required to support a plant of this type depends primarily on the level of income and the climate. In low-income as well as in very hot areas, demand would be small. In a temperate area, with a moderately high standard of living and where terry cloth items are standard household and hotel equipment, a population of 1,000,000 might support the output of this plant.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 1,080,000 sq. yds.

1. CAPITAI	REQUIREMENTS
------------	--------------

a.	FIXED CAPITAL			Cost
	Land. About 16,000 sq.	ft.	\$	
	Building. One story, 75	'x100',		
	fireproot.			45,000
	Equipment, Furniture &	Fixtures,		
	Prodn. tools & equipmt.	8150,000		
	Other tools & equipmt.	8,000		
	Furniture & fixtures	2,000	1	60,000
	Total (excl. Land)		S2	05,000
	Principal Items. Yarn s			
	creeling truck, beaming of	ereeler,		
	beamer, monorail hoist.			
	beams bobbins, shuttles,			
	and special factory truck	is.		

b. WORKING CAPITAL

No.	of Day	S
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	60	\$ 77,600
gencies Sales Costs(c)	30	2,400
Training Costs		7,200
Total Working Capital		s 87,200

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$292,200

2.	MATERIALS	AND	SUPPLIES

2.	MATERIALS AND		
		Annual	Annual
		Requmts.	Cost
a.	Direct Materials		
	Cotton Yarn	582,000 lbs,	\$350,600

b.

Supplies	
Spare parts	\$ 2,400
Maintenance materials	800
Tools	300
Lubricants	200
Office supplies	300
Total	\$ 4.000
	

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

a. Electric Power. Connected load

about 100 hp.	<u>\$</u>	6,000
b. Fuel. For hot water, heating, and sanitation.	8	800
 Water. For sanitation and fire protection, and possibly for heating and humidifying. 	\$	400

Annual Cost

Annual Cost

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None required.
- b. External Transport Facilities. Combined in and out shipments about 50 tons per month. Good highway desirable.

5. MANPOWER

5	\$ 25,000
7	28,000
10	30,000
$\overline{22}$	\$ 83,000
I	\$ 8,000
1	5,000
2	8,000
$\bar{4}$	s 21,000
	5 7 10 22 1 1 2 4

Number

c. Training Needs Manager and supervisor should be well experienced. With assistance of 5 skilled workers, they should be able to train all workers. Plant should reach full production in about 3 months.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs

Direct Materials	\$350,600
Direct Labor	83,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	32,200
Admin. Costs(b). Contingencies	17,200
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	24,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	17,400
Total Annual Costs	\$524,400
	0500 000

b. Annual Sales Revenue \$580,000

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

TERRY CLOTH: S.I.C. 2211

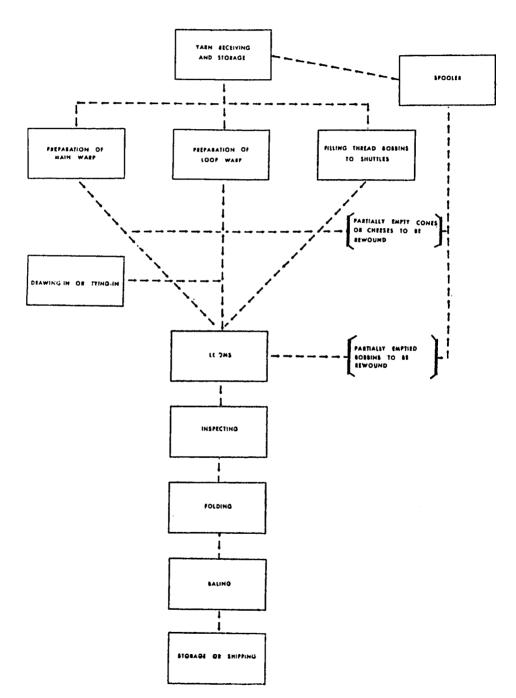
TERRY CLOTH WEAVING MILL

SCHEMATIC FLOOR PLAN

	BEAMING	CREELING	RECEIVING AND
		MACHINE MAINTENANCE SECTION	TOWN STORAGE
FOE SEPANSION	WEAVING	SPOOLING #	BOILER ROOM
	with mo	STORAGE OF EMPTY SPOOLS TRUCKING EQUIPMENT	OFFICE
		GRAY GOODS STORAGE	SHIPPING
28 FT		73 FT.	

PRODUCTION FLOW DIAGRAM

JOUBLE LOOP TERRY CLOTH PLANT



TERRY CLOTH: S. I. C. 2211

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

The Textile Fibers. J. M. Mathews oth ed. 1954. 1283 p. \$18.50.

John Wiley and Sons, Inc.

440 Fourth Avenue

New York 16, New York

Chemical properties of fibers and fiber testing methods.

B. Yarn and Cloth Calculations. L. H. Jackson. 1947. 196 p. \$5.00

Interstate Publishers, Inc.

250 Fifth Avenue

New York 1, New York

Calculation based on fiber analysis.

II. PERIODICALS

Daily News Record. Daily. \$20.00/year.

Fairchilds Publications Inc.

7 East 12th Street

New York 3, New York

Textile World Monthly. \$12/year/U.S. \$15/other countries.

McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York 36, New York

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U. S.

A. A Terry Cloth Towel Manufacturing Factory for Nigeria. 1963.

\$4 50. Identification Number 3/22/02164.

U.S. Department of Commerce

Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.14

Springfield, Virginia 22151

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Handbook of Textile Fibers. J. Gordon Cook. \$5.50. Α.

Textile Book Service

257 Fourth Avenue

New York 1, New York

Terms and definitions and other information such as economic and production data.

B. Natural and Synthetic Fibres Yearbook. M.lton Harris and H. Mark.

1000-1400 p. 1959. \$60.00. Interscience Publisher, Incorporated

250 Fifth Avenue

New York 1, New York

Compilation of abstracts of papers on fibres.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. A Technology for the Analysis, Design, and Use of Textile Structures as Engineering Materials. W. S. Hamburger. 56 p. \$1.50.

American Society for Testing Materials
1916 Race Street
Philadelphia 3, Pennsylvania

Reviews textile craftsmanship. Discusses methods of improving textiles.

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

A. Patent No. 2,983,023 1961. 9 p.
Processing machinery for pile fabrics including terry cloth.

B. Patent No. 2,875,504. 1959. 4 p. Method of processing terry cloth fabrics.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. Southern Textile Association
 P. O. Box 1225, 218 W. Morehead Street.
 Charlotte 6. North Carolina

B. Textile Research Institute P. O. Box 625 Princeton, New Jersey

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

 Von Kohorn International Corporation White Plains, New York Complete plants, machinery, processes.

B. Warner and Swasey Company Textile Machinery Division New Philadelphia, Ohio Weaving equipment.

C. Cocker Machine and Foundry Company 215 Chestnut Street Gastonia, North Carolina Warp preparatory equipment.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Annual Buyers Guide. \$1.00.
W. R. C. Smith Publishing Company
806 Peachtree Street
Atlanta, Georgia
Annual review of all new products and services and all new literature
on the textile industry.

B. Davison's Textile Blue Book. \$7.25.
Davison Publishing Company
Ridgewood, New Jersey
8,470 plants, names of executives, buyers guide.

TERRY CLOTH: S. I. C. 2211

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U.S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

COTTON CROCHET AND KNITTING YARN

I.P. No. 66033

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

- 26

COTTON CROCHET AND KNITTING YARN: Standard Industrial Classification 2281

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Cotton yarn, sold by weight; spun with a lower twist and from shorter staple cotton than yarn for weaving.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

This plant would be established only where knitting mills or handicraft knitting industry provide a market for its products. Capital requirements are moderate and little skilled labor is needed. The project seems suitable for many developing areas.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Knitting mills, handicraft industry, households.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to Industry and wholesalers.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Product is very easily handled and shipping costs are minor. Market area may be nation-wide. b. Export. Some export to nearby countries where there are no local producers may be possible.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Plant would have to expect competition from large-scale foreign producers of yarn. Some homespun yarn and man-made fibers might also compete with cotton yorn. b. Export Market. Except for export into the immediately surrounding area this plant should not be expected to compete in the foreign market.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Knitting facilities producing for about a million people, on the average.

PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - THREE SHIFTS, SIX DAYS A WEEK: 220,000 lbs.

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a. FIXED CAPITAL	Cost
Land. 1/2 acre.	s
Building. One story, 50'x100'.	30,000
Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures	,
Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$111,000	
Other tools & equipme 10,000	
Furniture & fixtures 1,000	122,000
Total (excl. Land)	\$152,000
Principal Items. Opening machinery;	

picking machinery; 7 carding machines; 4 drawing machines; combing machinery; roving machinery, 24 spindles, humidifiers, spinning frames, 60 spindles; 3 under frame cleaners; cone winder, 18 spindles; tube or spring winder, 20 spindles; 3 skein winders, 16 spindles; boiler.

b. WORKING CAPITAL

No.	of Day	'S
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	60	s 24,200
gencies, Sales Costs (c) Training Costs	30	1,500 4,000
Total Working Capital		\$ 29,700

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$181,700

Annual

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

		Requints.		Cost
a.	Direct Materials			
	Cotton	300,000 lbs.	8	81.000
	Packaging			600
	Total		<u>s</u>	81,600
b.	Supplies			
	Lubricants & hand tools		S	100
	Maintenance & spare part	ts	•	1,000
	Office			100
	Total		š	1,200

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

	Annual Cost
a. Electric Power. Connected load 25 hp.	\$ 2,200
b. Fuel. Heating only. Any boiler fuel may be used.	\$ 300
c. Water. Sanitation & fire protection.	8 100

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None required.
- b. External Transport Facilities. Total in and out shipments about 25 tons a month. No special requirements.

5. MANPOWER

	Number	Annual Cost
a. Direct Labor		
Skilled	1	\$ 5,000
Semi-skilled	7	28,000
Unskilled	2	6.000
Total	10	\$ 39,000
b. Indirect Labor	_	
Manager+superviso	r 2	8 14,000
Office	1	4,000
Other	1	3,000
Total	4	\$ 21,000

- c. Shifts. Manager and supervisor work during the day with unskilled labor and set up work for the evening and night shifts, which use skilled and semi-skilled labor.
- d. Training Needs. Manager and supervisor must be well experienced. Wain skilled worker. they should be able to train all workers. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

	
a. Annual Costs	
Direct Materials	\$ 81,600
Direct Labor	39,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	24,800
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	9,000
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	8,800
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	13,000
Total Annual Costs	\$176,200
b. Annual Sales Revenue	\$220,000

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

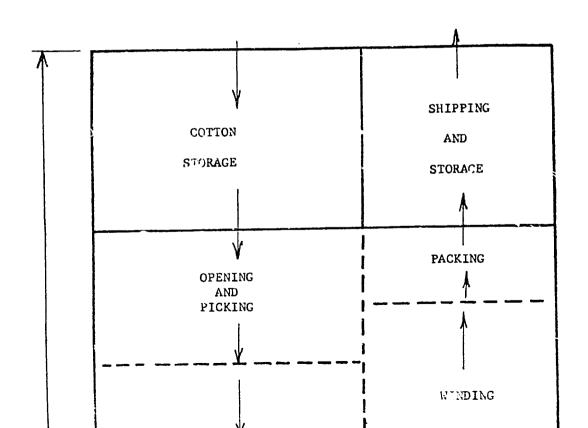
1,200

Annual

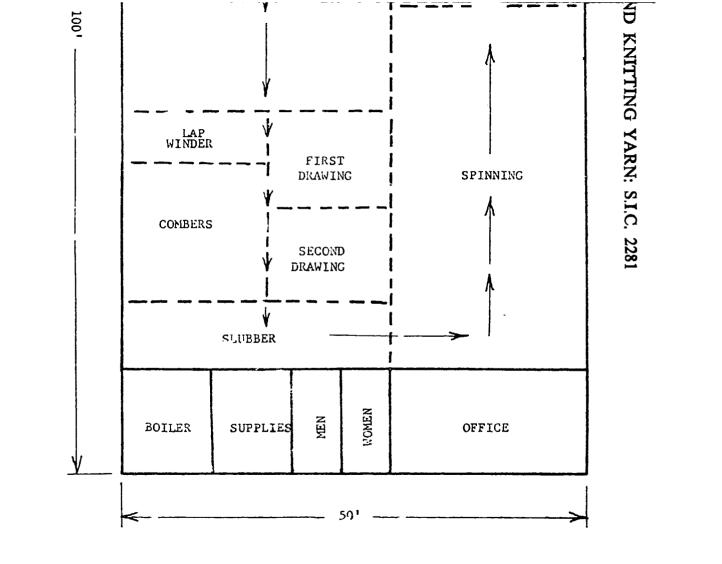
COTTON CROCHET AND KNITTING YARN: S.I.C. 2281

PLANT LAYOUT

ARROWS INDICATE WORK FLOW



COTTON CROCH



COTTON CROCHET AND KNITTING YARN: S. I. C. 2281

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. American Cotton Handbook. G. R. Merrill, A. R. Macormac, H. R. Mauersberger. 2nd Edition. 1949. 1056 p. \$9.50. Interscience Publishers, Inc. 250 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York 10001
Contains operations of cotton yarn manufacturing as well as history, economics, and statistical background.

II. PERIODICALS

A. The Cotton Trade Journal. Weekly. \$6.00/year. Cotton Trade Journal, Inc. Hickman Building Memphis 3, Tennessee News of developments in the cotton industries.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Handbook of Industrial Fabrics. G. B. Haven. Illus. \$5.00.
 Textile Book Service
 2320 South Street, N. W.
 Washington, D. C. 20008
 Contains concise information on the manufacturing processes and uses of many fibers.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Twist Formula for Maximum Cotton Yarn Strength. 1959. Textile World. \$.25.
 McGraw-Hill Publishing Company 330 West 42nd Street
 New York, New York 10036

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231. S.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,972,856. 1961. 4 p. Process and apparatus for producing cotton yarns of any desired count.
- B. Patent No. 2,946,180. 1960. 3 p. Production of twistless cotton knitting yarns.
- C. Patent No. 2,897,647. 1959. 4 p. Machines for the manufacture of cotton crocheting and related yarns.
- Patent No. 2,656,671. 1953. 3 p.
 Method of making cotton and other kinds of knitting yarns.
- E. Patent No. 2,602,195. 1952. 15 p. Spinning method and apparatus for cotton yarns.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. Combed Yarn Spinners Association 427 West Franklin Avenue Gastonia, North Carolina

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Lockwood Greene Engineers, Inc.
 200 Park Avenue
 New York, New York
 Consulting engineers providing service for textile and industrial plants.
- Venango Engineering Company, Inc. 8313 Torresdale Avenue Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Makers of textile machinery.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Skinner's Cotton Trade Directory. \$15.00.
Thomas Skinner and Company, Ltd.
111 Broadway
New York, New York 10006
Lists approximately 20,000 firms connected with the cotton industry throughout the world.

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

vid

INDUSTRY PROFILES

WOOLEN YARN LP. No. 66034

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Yarn spun directly from a carded sliver of wool, as distinct from worsted yarn, which is spun from a combed sliver, or top.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

This plant requires a fairly large investment. Though an area may have suitable locally-produced raw wool, if this is to be used by local industry proper facilities for scouring must also exist locally. Woolen yarn is not as readily graded as worsted yarn, and large weaving concerns often prefer to spin their own yarn in integrated mills rather than purchase yarn. In regard to marketing, development of an export market for woolen yarn in competition with countries that have long been in this business may be difficult and, at least initially, it will generally be necessary to rely on the domestic market. Woolen goods are relatively high-priced, and demand is also limited by climatic conditions.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Textile industry, including factory and handicraft weavers.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to industrial users and wholesalers.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Shipping costs are minimal compared to value of product. Therefore potential market is usually nation-wide. b. Export. World-wide market.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Main competition would come from imported wool yarn. Synthetic fibers might also compete, if their prices are not too high, particularly where lightness and durability are important. b. Export Market. Plant could generally not expect to compete in the world market.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. If a weaving industry and other fabricating plants exist or are established simultaneously, the yarn plant should be able to satisfy the need for woolen clothing of a population of two to three million in an area of moderate climate and moderately high income.

D. **PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS**

ANNUAL CAPACITY - THREE-SHIFT OPERATION: 400,000 Pounds

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a. FIXED CAPITAL Land. About 12,000 sq. ft.	Cost
Building. One story, 60'x100'.	\$ 36,000
Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.	
Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$210,000	
Other tools & equipmt. 8,000	
Furniture & fixtures 700	218,700
Torat (excl. Land)	\$254,700
Principal Items. Picking &	
blending unit, 2 sets 60x60	
cards, 2 Peralta rolls, 4	
spinning frames, humidifying	

b. WORKING CAPITAL

equipment.

	of Days	
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	60	\$105,200
gencies, Sales Costs(e) Training Costs	3()	5,000 4. 50 0
Total Working Capital		\$114,700

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

e. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND)

	Arnual	Annual
	Requits.	Cost
a. Direct Materials		
Wool	505,000 lbs.	8556,000
Packaging		4,000
Total		\$560,000
b. Supplies		
Lubricants & band tools		8 100
Maintenance & repairs		1,200
Office		200
Total		\$ 1,500

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

	minual Cost
a. Electric Power. Connected load about 50 hp.	\$ 4,000
b. Fuel. About 6,000 gals. oil annually.	s 800
c. Water. Production, sanitation	
and fire protection.	\$ 200

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- b. External Transport Facilities. In and out shipments less than 50 tones a month. No special requirements.

5. MANPOWER

	Number	Annual Cost
a. Direct Labor		
Skilled	2	\$ 10,000
Semi-skilled	6	24,000
Unskilled	5	15,000
Total	13	\$ 49,000
b, Indirect Labor		_
Manager	ı	\$ 8,000
Office staff	1	4,000
Other	1	4,000
Total	3	\$ 16,000

- c. Shifts. Manager works during the day with unskilled labor and sets up work for the evening and night shifts. The latter use skilled and semi-skilled labor.
- d, Training Needs. Manager should be fully experienced. With 3 experienced operators. he should be able to train all workers. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs	
Direct Materials	\$560,000
Direct Labor	49,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	22,500
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	16.500
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	44,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	23,000
Total Annual Costs	\$715,000
b. Annual Sales Revenue	\$880,000

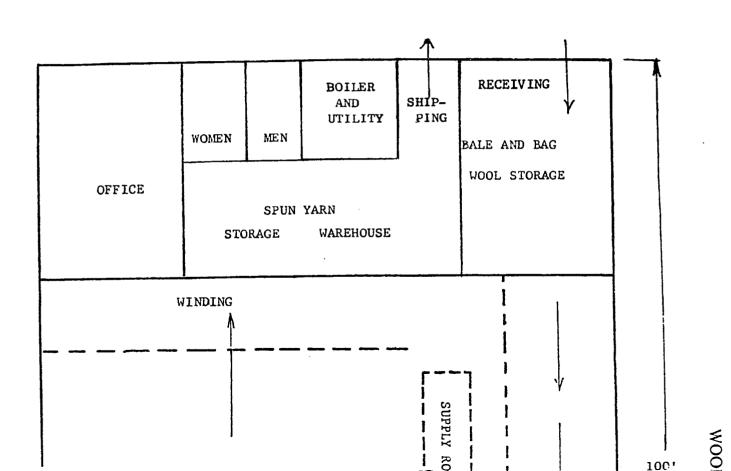
NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

\$369,400

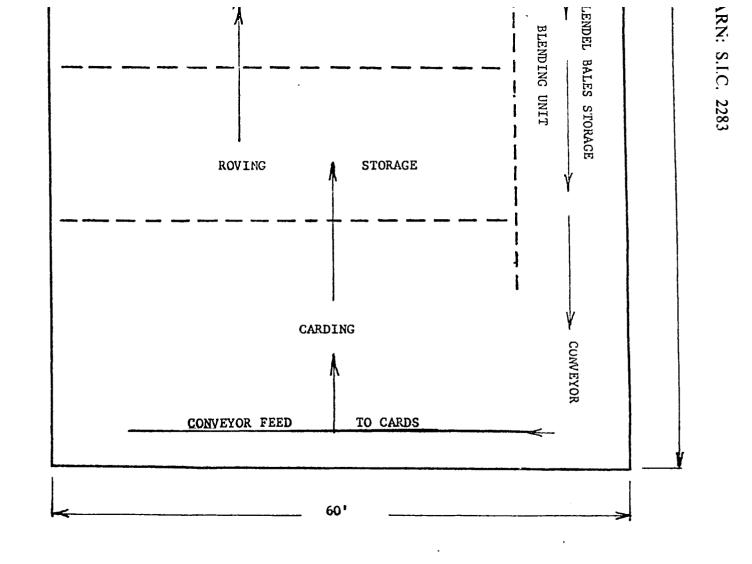
WOOLEN YARN: S.I.C. 2283

PLANT LAYOUT

ARROWS INDICATE WORK FLOW



4



WOOLEN YARN: S.I.C. 2283

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Wool Handbook. 3rd Edition. W. von Bergen. Vol. I. 1963. \$22.00. Interscience Publishers, inc. 250 Fifth Avenue

New York, New York 10001

Deals with the raw material and with manufacturing processes.

B. Wool: Its Chemistry and Physics. P. Alexander and R. F. Hudson. 1954. 412 p. \$8.50.

Textile Book Service
257 Park Avenue South
New York, New York 10010
Comprehensive treatment of the chemical, physical, and biological characteristics of wool.

II. PERIODICALS

A World Wool Guide, Annually, \$10.00/year World Wool Guide, Inc. 138 North 7th Street Philadelphia 6, Pennsylvania Devoted exclusively to the wool industry.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Friction in Textiles H. G. Howell. 1959. 276 p. Illus. \$6.75. Interscience Publishers, Inc. 250 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York 10001
Contains section on wool and yarns.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Quality Control. TB-66. March 1960. Gratis.
 Office of Technical Coorperation and Research
 Agency for International Development
 Washington, D. C. 20523
 Manual for training of personnel in the subject of quality control.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each

- A. Patent No. 3,012,397. 1961. 2 p. Method of making high bulk yarns.
- B. Patent No. 3,003,304. 1961. 5 p. Method of manufacturing yarns.
- C. Patent No. 3,000,168. 1961. 3 p. Method and apparatus for producing bulky yarns.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. National Association of Wool Manufacturers 386 Fourth Street New York, New York 10016

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Proctor and Schwartz, Inc.
 7th Street and Tabor Road
 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
 Manufactures machinery and equipment for the wool industry.
- Riggs and Lombard, Inc.
 750 Suffolk Street
 Lowell, Massachusetts
 Manufactures machinery and equipment for the wool industry.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. World Wool Trade. Annual. \$10.00.
World Wool Guide, Inc.
1505 Race Street
Philadelphia 2, Pennsylvania
World-wide coverage of the wool industry.

WOOLEN YARN: S.I.C. 2283

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

152

INDUSTRY PROFILES

WORSTED YARN

I.P. No. 66035

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

WORSTED YARN: Standard Industrial Classification 2283

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Wool yarn, spun from longer fibers than woolen yarn, and with tops as an intermediate product.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Worsted yarns are high quality yarns, spun according to rigid specifications and woven into high-grade cloth. Frequently the production of yarn is part of an integrated process. Where weaving mills buy yarn, they tend to purchase it from known suppliers who produce goods of known quality. Therefore the marketability of worsted yarns is limited not only by the level of income and the climate, but also by the reluctance of weaving firms to purchase from unknown sources. Market possibilities therefore need to be explored carefully. Capital requirements are fairly high, as is the demand for skilled and semi-skilled labor.

- C. MARKET ASPECTS
- 1. USERS. Textile Industries.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Direct sales to industry.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. Transport costs are not important for the industry. Market can be nation-wide. Shipments abroad are feasible from the transportation point of view.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. A domestic market will exist only where there are weaving facilities. Plant should be able to compete with imported yarn, if it maintains high standards of quality. b. Export Market. High quality requirements and the competition of well-established concerns are major problems the plant would face in establishing itself in the international market.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. A local complex of textile mills engaged in fabricating worsted cloth.

7

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - THREE-SHIFT OPERATION: 350,000 Pounds

ANNUAL CAPACITY - THREE-SHIFT OPERATION: 350,000 Pounds			
1	. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS		3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER
a	EIXED CAPITAL Land. About 24,000 sq. ft.	S Cost	a. Electric Power. Connected load about 100 hp. S 9.000
	Building. One story, 100'x120' Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures. Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$225,000	72,000	about 100 hp. \$ 9.000 b. Fuel. About 30,000 gals. oil annually. \$ 3,600
	Other tools & equipmt. Furniture & fixtures 1,000 Total (excl. Land)		c. Water. About 800,000 gais.
	Principal Items. Pin drafters (3), cone rovers (2), 100 spindle frames.		4. TRANSPORTATION
	spinning frames (o) 240 spindles, twisting frames (3) 240 spindles,		a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
	winding - 1 double frame, winding - 1 cone frame, humidifiers, boiler.		b. External Transport Facilities. In and out shipments less than 50 tons a month. No special requirements.
b.	WORKING CAPITAL		
	No. of Day Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) 60 Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	\$132,700	5. MANPOWER a. Direct Labor Number Annual Cost
	gencies, Sales Costs (c) 30 Training Costs	6,200 18,000	Skilled 12 \$ 60,000 Semi-skilled 18 72,000
	Total Working Capital	\$156,900	Unskilled 5 18,000 Total 36 \$150,000
c.	TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND)	\$465,900	b. indirect Labor Manager & supervisor 2 \$ 18,000
2.	MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES		Office 2 8,000
	Annual Requints.	Annual Cost	Other 2 8,000 Total 6 3 34,000
	Direct Materials Wool 534,000 lbs. Packaging Total	\$590,000 5,000 \$595,000	c. Training Needs. Manager & supervisor should be fully c rerienced. With 3 skilled workers they should be able to train all workers. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.
	Supplies Lubricants & hand tools Maintenance & repair parts	s 200	6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE
	Office supplies Total	4,000 300 8 4,500	a. Annual Costs Direct Materials Direct Labor Manufacturing Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts Depreciation on Fixed Capital Total Annual Costs 8595,000 150,000 30,000 44,000 25,500 3895,800
			1. A

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commission, Freight Out, Travel.

b. Annual Sales Revenue

WORSTED YARN: S.I.C. 2283

\$1,000,000

WORSTED 1 PLANT LAYOUT ARR STORAGE AND OFFICE SHIPPING PACKING WOMEN MEN WINDING 110' TWISTING WINDING SPINNING

287

WORSTED YARN: S. I. C. 2283

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Wool Handbook. 3rd Edition. W. von Berger and H. R. Mauersberger. 1963. \$22.00.

Interscience Publishers, Inc.

250 Fifth Avenue

New York, New York 10001

Deals with the raw materials and with manufacturing and processing.

B. Wool: Its Chemistry and Physics. P. Alexander and R. F. Hudson. 1954. 412 p. \$8.50.

Textile Book Service

257 Park Avenue South

New York, New York 10010

Comprehensive treatment of the chemical, physical and biological characteristics of wool.

II. PERIODICALS

A. American Textile Reporter. Weekly. \$4.00/year.

Frank P. Bennett and Company, Inc.

286 Congress Street

Boston, Massachusetts

Devoted exclusively to the textile industry.

B. World Wool Guide. Annually. \$10.00/year.

World Wool Guide, Inc.

138 North 7th Street

Philadelphia 6. Pennsylvania

Devoted exclusively to the wool industry.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Practical Textile Chemistry. J. W. Bell. 1956. 259 p. \$4.75.

Chemical Publishing Company

212 Fifth Avenue

New York, New York

Covers textile processing, identification, and testing techniques with emphasis on wool.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Quality Control. TB-66. March 1960. Gratis.

Office of Technical Cooperation and Research

Agency for International Development

Washington, D. C. 20523

Manual for training of personnel in the subject of quality control in industry.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 S.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 1,978,001. 1934. 6 p. Spinning and twisting machinery for fibers such as wool.
- B. Patent No. 1,939,525. 1932. 8 p. Method of producing yarn rovings.
- C. Patent No. 1,514,253. 1924. 11 p. Spinning and doubling machine for worsted yarn.
- D. Patent No. 874,714. 1907. 7 p. Method of making worsted yarns.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. National Association of Wool Manufacturers 386 Fourth Avenue New York, New York 10016

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Proctor and Schwartz, Inc.
 7th Street and Tabor Road
 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
 Manufacturers of machinery and equipment for the wool industry.
- Riggs and Lombard, Inc.
 Suffolk Street
 Lowell, Massachusetts
 Manufacturers of machinery and equipment for the wool industry.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. World Wool Trade. Annual. \$10.00.
 World Wool Guide, Inc.
 1505 Race Street
 Philadelphia 2, Pennsylvania
 World-wide coverage of the wool industry.

WORSTED YARN: S.I.C. 2283

251

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 Industry Profiles published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 Industry Profiles to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "Profiles" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

JUTE YARN I.P. No. 66036

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

JUTE YARN: Standard Industrial Classification 2299

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Spun 14-pound jute yarn (14,400 yards weigh 14 pounds), commonly known as carpet yarn and used primarily for carpet backing.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Jute is primarily used in industrial textiles, for rug backing, twine, furniture webbing, electric cable covering, knit tubing, linoleum backing, sugar bags, cotton bale covering and the like. The over-all consumption of jute has declined since the war, partly because paper has been substituted for some of its uses, such as sugar and feed bags; partly because jute was not readily available during the war to many western industrialized nations, and substitute fibers, such as kenaf, were developed and have continued in use. The machinery here described could spin such other soft fibers. Capital requirements are small. While the labor force required is not large, the degree of skill needed is relatively high. Local consumption in less industrialized areas would depend primarily upon the need for bags for such items as coffee, rice, etc. Some local consumption might also come from such users as the hooked rug industry. But all of these local uses would require weaving facilities in addition to the spinning plant.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Jute weaving plants.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales direct to textile industry.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. Plant should be located close to source of raw material, which is bulky. Finished product is easily transported. Nationwide distribution as well as entrance into the international market is feasible.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Competition in the domestic market would come primarily from other wrapping materials, such as paper, although jute burlap still has price advantages. b. Export Market. Competition of paper for wrapping materials is serious in the international market. Some other industrial uses, such as backing for linoleum, have declined because the consumption of linoleum has been limited by the use of substitutes. In other industrial uses, such as twine, upholstery supports, etc., it is still used widely. The plant could normally compete in the international market only if raw materials are produced locally.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Jute is not used directly by the final consumer. The amount required will vary largely with the harvest of foodstuffs, such as rice, coffee and sugar and requirements of the industries using jute as one of their materials, such as the rug industry.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - THREE-SHIFT OPERATION: 420,000 Pounds of 14-pound Jute Yarn

I. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS	OLLK	3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER
a. FIXED CAPITAL Land. About 8,000 sq. ft. Building. One story, 50'x80'. Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures. Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$40,000 Other tools & equipmt. 1,300 Furniture & fixtures 700 Total (excl. Land) Principal Items. Oil tank, pump & sprayer, bale breaker, softening machine, breaker cards, finishing cards, drawing frames, spinning frames, winders.	\$\frac{\text{Cost}}{24,000}\$ \[\frac{42,000}{866,000}\$	a. Electric Power. Connected load about 25 hp. b. Fuel. About 3,000 gals. oil annually. c. Water. For production, sanitation and fire protection. 4. TRANSPORTATION a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary. b. External Transport Facilities. Total in and out slipments about 50 tons a month. Good
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies, Sales Costs(c) 30 Training Costs Total Working Capital c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) 8 2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES Annual Requints. a. Direct Materials Jute 500,000 lbs. 9 Packaging Total b. Supplies Lubricants & hand tools Maintenance & repair parts Office supplies	\$ 19,500 1,500 3,000 \$ 24,000 \$ 90,000 Annual Cost \$ 75,000 1,000 \$ 76,000 \$ 1,000 200 \$ 1,300	highway desirable. 5. MANPOWER Number Annual Cost a. Direct Labor Skilled 2 8,000 Unskilled 1 3,000 Total 5 8 21,000 b. Indirect Labor Manager 1 \$8,000 Office 1 4,000 Other 1 4,000 Total 3 8 16,000 c. Shift Operation. Manager and 1 semi-skilled worker set up work during the day for other shifts. d. Training Needs. Manager must be experienced, With aid of 1 skilled worker, he should be able to do all labor training. Plant should reach full production in 2 months. 6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE
		a. Annual Costs Direct Materials Direct Labor Manufacturing Overhead(a) Admin. Costs (b). Contingencies Sales Costs (c). Bad Debts Depreciation on Fixed Capital Total Annual Costs \$ 76,000 21,000 19,900 9,000 8,900 7,200 7,200

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

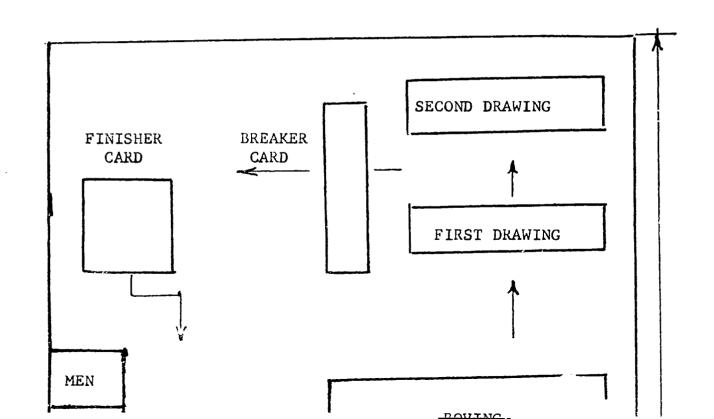
b. Annual Sales Revenue

JUTE YARN: S.I.C. 2299

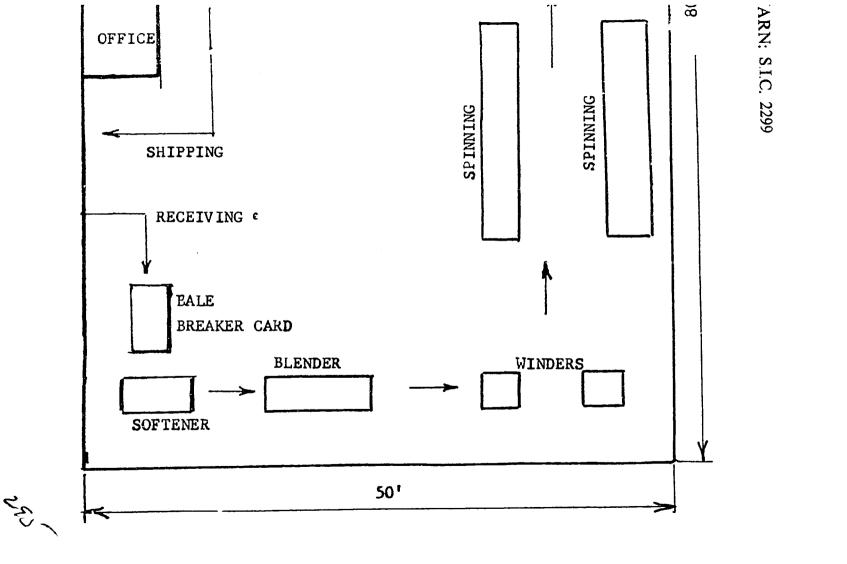
\$178,000

PLANT LAYOUT

ARROWS INDICATE FLOW OF WORK







JUTE YARN: S. I. C. 2299

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Fiber to Fabric. M. D. Potter and B. P. Corbman. 1959. 342 p. Illus. \$4.20.

McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York, New York 10036

Discusses all fibers, their properties, finishing, and weaving.

B. Long Vegetable Fibers. L. Weindling. 1947. 311 p. Illus. \$5.00. Columbia University Press 2960 Broadway

New York, New York 10027

Standard text on jute cultivation, manufacturing, and the jute industry.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Daily Mill Stock Reporter. Daily. \$26.00/year.

National Business Press, Inc.

425 West 25th Street

New York, New York 10001

Includes information on jute stock, prices, markets.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Matthews Textile Fibers. H. R. Mauersberger, editor. 1954. 1283 p. Illus. \$18.50.

John Wiley and Sons, Inc.

440 Fourth Avenue

New York, New York 10016

Covers properties, processing, and commercial products of the various fibers, including jute.

The Modern Textile Dictionary. G. E. Linton. 1954. 772 p. Illus. В. \$12,50.

Duell, Stoan and Pierce, Inc.

124 East 30th Street

New York, New York 10016

Terms pertaining to fibers and operations in their processing.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Accessibility of Various Cellulose Preparations from Jute. D. K. R. Choudhury. Textile Research Journal. May 1959. Vol. 29, p. 396-7. \$2.50.

Textile Research Institute

P. O. Box 625

Princeton, New Jersey

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,972,856. 1961. 4 p. Process for twining vegetable fibers into yarns.
- B. Patent No. 2,910,733. 1959. 22 p. Carding apparatus and method.
- C. Patent No. 2,879,549. 1959. 8 p. Process for manufacturing carding apparatus.
- D. Patent No. 2,808,697. 1957. 4 p. Method for spinning various fibers into yarns.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Burlap and Jute Association 160 Broadway
 New York, New York 10038
- B. Twisted Jute Packing and Oakum Institute
 P. O. Box 52
 Scarsdale, New York

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

Alsop Engineering and Manufacturing Corp.
 1947 Norton Street
 Milldale, Connecticut
 Design, engineer, development, and manufacturing.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Davison's Textile Catalogues and Buyer's Guide. Annual. \$12.00. Davison Publishing Company Ridgeway, New Jersey Covers complete textile field, listing some 15,000 textile firms under leading buyers' guide.

JUTE YARN : S. I. C. 2299

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 Industry Profiles published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 Industry Profiles to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "Profiles" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U.S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

COTTON DRESSES

I.P. No. 66037

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

to a

COTTON DRESSES: Standard Classification 2361

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Cotton dresses of simple design. Equipment listed can produce style effects such as shirring, ruffles, zigzag stitching. Differing style demands may necessitate slightly different balance of machines. Plant can also produce cotton blouses. Capacity required for five blouses is roughly equivalent to that for three dresses.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Technically this industry presents no serious problems. Little skilled labor is required, materials are easily procurable, where necessary by import, demand for utilities and transport is minimal. Capital requirements are modest. In most areas demand for ready-made dresses is increasing. For these reasons, this industry appears suited to conditions of many developing areas. It should be noted, however, that, if costs are to be kept within reasonable limits, any one plant is restricted to comparatively few basic styles, and therefore market required, in terms of total population, may be quite large.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Women.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales mainly to wholesalers, sometimes direct to large stores. Brand names are sometimes used. Good salesmen with ability to judge trend of demand for different styles of dresses are necessary.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Transport costs are low in relation to value of product and handling is easy. Market may be nation-wide. b. Export. World-wide. However, dress materials rather than finished dresses are much commoner in international trade, because of differences in style preferences in different markets. Finished dresses go mostly from low-wage countries to those where wages are relatively much higher and where total demand is very large.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. In low-wage areas competition from imports is not generally very formidable in the case of finished dresses. In areas where labor costs are very low, small dressmaking establishments can often compete in price with factory-made article and may provide major competition. b. Export Market. Plant of this size could not normally compete with large producers located in major textile exporting countries, who can supply wider range of styles and sizes. Some exports to neighboring countries might be possible in a few cases.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Factors influencing demand for cotton dresses are climate and income levels. Where climate permits year-round use demand will of course be higher. As to income levels, where incomes are very low demand will be limited by lack of purchasing power. At higher levels of income, on the other hand, purchasers become increasingly selective about styles, and since style range of any one plant making cheap dresses is necessarily restricted no manufacturer can expect to have predominant share of total market. Assuming that (a) Western-style dress is commonly worn, (b) cotton dresses are wearable throughout the year, (c) incomes are about average, plant described could probably find outlet for its full production in a total population of the order of a million people.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY: ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 7,000 DOZEN DRESSES

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS		3. POWER, FUEL A	ND WATER	Annual Cost
a. FIXED CAPITAL Land. About 6,000 sq. ft.	\$	a. Electric Power. Co about 20 hp.	nnected load	\$ 800
Building. One story, 30'x80'. Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.	14,400	b. Fuel. For heating,	if necessary.	\$ 300
Prodn. equipment. \$ 7,000 Other tools & equipmt. 800		c. Water. For genera	l purposes.	\$ 100
Furniture & fixtures 1,000 Total (excl. Land)	8,800 \$ 23,200	4. TRANSPORTATI a. Own Transport Eq		ne necessary.
Principal Items. Cloth spreader, cutting table, cutting machine, marking drill, 18 sewing machines, steam iron, work tables, stands,		b. External Transpor and out shipments No special require	about 12 tons	Combined in a month.
racks.		5. MANPOWER	Number	Annual Cost
b. WORKING CAPITAL No. of Days Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead (a) 60 Admin. & Sales Costs (b) Contingencies, 30	\$ 27,100 2,100	a. Direct Labor Skilled Semi-skilled Unskilled Total	2 2 11 15	\$ 10,000 8,000 33,000 \$ 51,000
Training Costs Total Working Capital	7,500 \$ 36,700	b. Indirect Labor Manager Office	1 2	\$ 8,000 8,000
c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND)	\$ 59,900	Other Total	$\frac{1}{4}$	\$ 20,000
2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES Annual	Annual	c. Training Needs.	Manager show	ald be fully
a. Direct Materials Piece goods Piece goods Piece goods Requirements 275,000 yds.	Cost \$ 82,500	experienced. He should be able to should reach full	train all work	ers, Plant

500

500

250

1,250

1,250 1,250

200

800

400

300

1,000

2,700

\$ 87,500

2,500,000 yds.

125,000

250,000

25,000

7,000

Thread

Buttons

Slide fasteners

Lubricants & tools

Maintenance

Office supplies

Patterns

Total

Needles & repair parts

Trimmings

Total

Snaps

Boxes

). Supplies

should be able to train all workers. should reach full production in 3 months.

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

ь.	Annual Sales Revenue	\$252,000
	Total Annual Costs	\$189,100
	Depreciation on Fixed Capital	1,500
	Bad Debts, Contingencies	25,200
	Admin. & Sales Costs (b),	
	Manufacturing Overhead (a)	23,900
	Direct Labor	51,000
	Direct Materials	\$ 87,500
a.	Annual Costs	

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Transportation, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges, Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

COTTON DRESSES: S.I.C. 2361

COTTON

A Piece goods	storage shelv
В	Cutting room
С	
В	
D D D	Sewing Room 820 square feet D D D D

A - A. Piece goods

C - C.

E.

F.

G.

H.

ī.

B - B. Cloth sprea

cloth spl
D - D. Sewing mac

Cutting take

Steam iron, Finishing

Finished go Packing

Storage

ID WORK FLOW

ES: S.I.C. 2361

(200	square feet)	<u>A</u>	1
uare f	eet		1	
table			С	
				et Et
	Teressing (75 square feet)	REST ROOMS	OFFICE	30 feet
	F Finishing C Finished goods	H - Packing I - Storage		

king, cutting and assembly

dresses

g

COTTON DRESSES: S.I.C. 2361

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. The Progressive Sewing Room. B. Frank. 1957. \$6.00.

7 East 12th Street

New York, New York 10003

Progressive sewing techniques in the garment industry.

B. Progressive Apparel Production. B. Frank. 1953. \$4.50. Fairchild Publications. Inc.

7 East 12th Street

New York, New York 10003

Progressive techniques in the garment industry.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Women's Wear Daily. \$12.00 (U.S.A.). \$21.00 (Foreign). Fairchild Publications. Inc.

7 East 12th Street

New York, New York 10003

News and information concerning styles, markets, sources of supply, management in the women's wear industry.

B. NAWCAS News

Women's and Children's Apparel Salesmen, Inc.

704 Bona Allen Building

Atlanta, 3 Georgia

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U. S.

A. Clothing Industry. SSS-2.
Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
Agency for International Development
Washington, D.C. 20523

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Textiles and Microscope. E. R. Schwartz. 329 p. \$6.75.

McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York, New York 10036

Manual on the use of the microscope in analyzing textiles.

B. Textile Calculations Simplified. J. H. Strong. 194 p. \$5.50 Transatlantic Arts, Inc.

Hollywood-by-the-Sea, Florida

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. The Application of Resin Finishes to Cotton Garments Using Drycleaning Plant Equipment. R.T. Graham, F. Loibl, and J. R. Wiebush. p. 252.

Textile Reasearch Journal. March 1958. \$1.00

Textile Research Institute

Princeton, New Jersey

Study of the feasibility of application of crease retentive, wrinkle resistent finishes to cotton fabrics and garments.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,790,974. May 7, 1957. 3 p. One piece circle dress garment.
- B. Patent No. 2,582,643. Jan. 15, 1952. 4 p. Improvements in a garment known as a house dress.
- C. Patent No. 2,498,332. Feb. 21, 1950. 5 p. Reversible dress which may be worn with either the normally front or normally rear portion presented forwardly.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Textile Research Institute P.O. Box 625 Princeton, New Jersey
- B. Southern Textile Association
 P.O. Box 1225
 218 West Morehead Street
 Charlotte 6, North Carolina

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Lamports Company Industrial Textile Division
 1403 West Sixth Street
 Cleveland 13, Ohio
 Textiles engineered for industry and commerce. Simulate plant conditions.
 Make recommendations.
- U.S. Cloth Cutting Machine Co., Inc.
 241 West 39th Street
 New York, New York 10018
 Complete assortment of cutters. Will design for unusual demands.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Annual Buyers' Guide. \$1.00.
W. R. C. Smith Publishing Company
806 Peachtree Street
Atlanta, Georgia
Annual review of all new products and services and all new literature in the textile industry.

COTTON DRESSES: S.I.C. 2361

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125,00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

HARDWOOD PARQUET FLOORING

I.P. No. 66038

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

307

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Wooden blocks, 12" x 12", made of kiln-dried hardwood boards joined to make a variety of patterns, and tongued and grooved at the ends.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Hardwood flooring is in use in many areas where hardwood is available domestically. However, this type of flooring is expensive and its use is confined to the more costly types of dwelling units, offices and institutions. Its use is also limited by some technical factors, e.g. it is not suitable for installation on ground-contacting concrete floors. The development of relatively cheap new types of floor-coverings, such as the newer and more attractive types of plastic tiles, may also limit the market for parquet flooring in some areas. However, since the investment as well as the degree of labor skill required is moderate, a plant of this rather small size appears appropriate to areas where hardwood is readily available. The plant does not include a kiln; it is assumed that it will purchase properly seasoned lumber. Such facilities must therefore be available in the area.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Homes, offices, institutions.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to wholesalers and direct to building contractors.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. The product is relatively easy to transport. Distribution may be nation-wide. Because there are so many types of flooring available and adequate substitutes for this particular type commonly exist locally, there is little international trade in this product.
- 4. COMPETITION, a. Domestic Market Competition from imports is unlikely to be significant. Other expensive types of floor covering, such as mosaic tiles, might compete. Competition might also come from some of the more attractive, cheaper type floor coverings. b. Export Market. An area with cheap locally produced hardwood and facilities for seasoning it properly might conceivably develop sizable exports of hardwood parquet flooring to high income countries. However, the plant under consideration is on too small a scale for general export business.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. This plant could provide annually flooring for about 250 houses of the type and size that would be likely to use this material. Business premises and public buildings of various kinds might also use it. It would generally be necessary to have a large and developing urban area with a good deal of building going on to provide this plant with a market.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 150,000 Blocks, 12" x 12"

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

ı.	FIXED CAPITAL		Cost
	Land. About 10,000 sq. ft.	8	
	Building. One story, 40'x60',		
	plus lumber shed.		15,000
	Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures		
	Prodn. 100ls & equipment. \$18,00 Other tools & equipment. 3,50)0)0)0	22,000 37,000
	saw, jointer, planer, trim saw, boiler, tongue & groove machine, block press, table sander, compressor, spray booth & spray equipment, saw filer, grinder.		

b. WORKING CAPITAL

No.	of Days		
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a)	60	\$	15,500
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs	30		1,300 3,000
Total Working Capital		S	19,800

e. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) 8 56,800

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

		Annual Requiits.	Annual Cost
a.	Direct Materials Lumber (seasoned) Glue Total	200,000 bd. ft.	\$ 50,000 2,000 \$ 52,000

5. Supplies		
Lubricants & hand tools	ŝ	100
Cutting tools		300
Maintenance & repair parts		600
Office supplies		200
Total	\$ 1	,200

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

	Annual	Cost
a. Electric Power. Connected load about 30 hp.	\$	900
b. Fuel. Scrap wood.		

- c. Water. For glue pots, sanitation 100 and fire protection.

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- b. External Transport Facilities. Lumber will be purchased delivered at plant. Good highway desirable.

5. MANPOWER

a.	Direct Labor		
•••	Skilled	2	\$ 10,000
	Semi-skilled	2	8,000
	Unskilled	3	9,000
	Total	<u>7</u>	\$ 27,000
ъ.	Indirect Labor		
	Manager - buys, sells	, ,	š 8.000
	& supervises Office	1	4,000
	Total	. 2	\$ 12,000

Number

Annual Cost

- c. Training Needs. Manager should be well experienced With 2 skilled workers, he should be able to carry out all necessary labor training. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.
- 6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

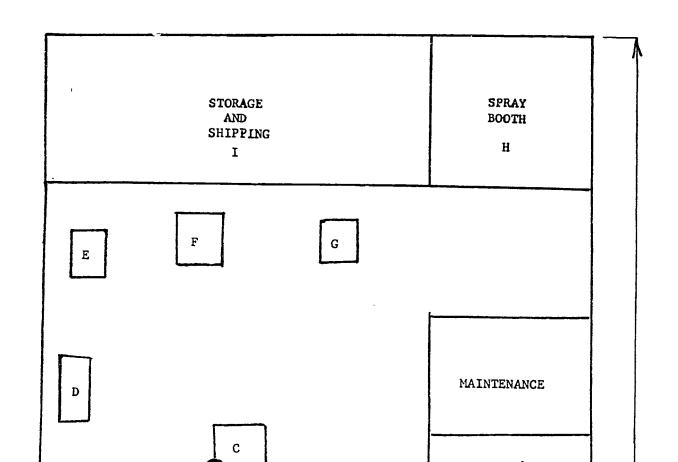
a.F	Annua	Costs
-----	-------	-------

8 52,000
27,000
14,200
5,000
10,000
3.300
\$111,500
8150,000

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

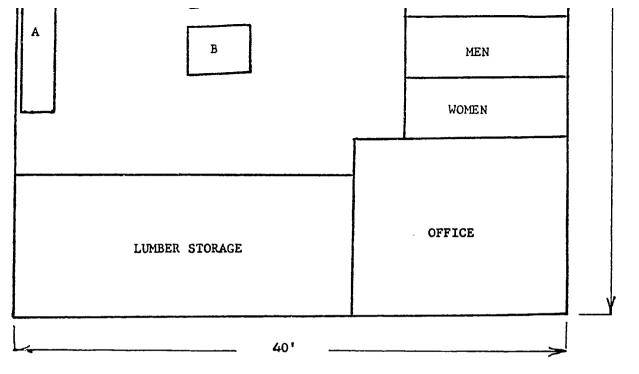
HARDWOOD PARQUET FLOORING: S.I.C. 2426_

PLANT LAYOUT AND WORK FLOW



HARDWOOD PARQUE

ખું જ



Production continuous from A to G

- A. Cut off sawB. Planer
 - C. Rip Saw
- D. Trim Saw
 - Tongue and groove

- F. Block press
- G. Table sander
- H. Spray booth
- I. Storage and shipping

ING: S.I.C. 2426

ري

C.

HARDWOOD PARQUET FLOORING: S.I.C. 2426

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. General Woodworking. C. H. Groneman. 1959. 256 p. Illus. \$6.75 McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York, New York 10036

General information on processes of woodworking, covering both hand tool and power tool operations.

B. Cutting Techniques and Woodworkers. T. D. Perry. 1959. 54 p. Illus. 5 50

Hitchcock Publishing Company

Wheaton, Illinois

Woodworking digest that provides valuable data on wood cutting techniques.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Wood-working. Monthly. \$5.00/year.

Hitchcock Publishing Company

Wheaton, Illinois

All branches of woodworking, machinery, equipment, techniques, finishes, products.

B. The Wood-Worker. Monthly. \$3.00/year.

S. H. Smith Company

2232 North Meridian Street

Indianapolis, Indiana

Wood fabrication techniques, machines and maintenance, product development, and reporting of wood working industry news.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. General Shop Woodworking. V. C. Fryklund and A. J. LaBerge. 1964. \$4.80.

McKnight and McKnight Publishing Company

Market and Center Streets

Bloomington, Illinois

Practical woodworking guide.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Developments in New Flooring Blocks. 1954. Gratis.

U. S. Forestry Products Laboratory

Madison, Wisconsin

Brief description of the preparation of hardwood flooring including parquet

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,914,815. 1959. 7 p. Interlocked parquet flooring and method of making.
- B. Patent No. 2,906,049. 1959. 4 p. Method of making parquet floors.
- C. Patent No. 2,653,358. 1953. 4 p. Flooring of the parquet type and its production.
- Patent No. 2,491,498. 1949. 3 p.
 Means of making wooden floors of parquet and other kinds.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. National Hardwood Lumber Association 59 East Van Buren Street Chicago 5, Illinois
- B. Woodworking Machinery Manufacturers Association 1900 Arch Street Philadelphia 3, Pennsylvania

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. United States Machinery Company, Inc.
 90 Broad Street
 New York, New York 10004
 Industrial woodworking machinery. Designs and installs woodworking plants.
- Yates American Machine Company
 701 4th Street
 Beloit, Wisconsin
 Complete line of woodworking machinery.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Hitchcock's Woodworking Directory. Biennial. \$10.00.
 Hitchcock Publishing Company
 Wheaton, Illinois
 Lists manufacturers and suppliers of over 800 products used in the woodworking industry.

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U.S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

FLUSH DOORS

I.P. No. 66039

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

All grades of flush doors, both interior and exterior, up to 3 feet wide and 7 feet long. Costs given are based on an annual output of 12,500 doors of average size and quality, but no additional equipment would be needed to expand production up to as many as 100,000 doors annually.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

It is assumed that this industry will be established only as an adjunct to a woodworking plant, and the cost figures given are based on that assumption. If the basic woodworking facilities exist, the fixed capital needed to expand into the manufacture of flush doors is comparatively modest. Also, if there is a sizable woodworking industry already in existence, no great difficulty should normally be experienced in finding the type of skilled labor needed. Assuming that the production prerequisites are met, the economic feasibility of establishing this industry will turn on whether there is a sufficiently large demand for flush doors within the area that the plant is able to serve.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Building contractors, houseowners.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to building contractors and building supplies houses.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. Transport costs will almost certainly restrict market area to internal market and normally to an area not very distant from the plant.
- 4. COMPETITION. Competition is likely to come mainly from small woodworking establishments, which in their own immediate neighborhoods will often be able to compete with factory-made product if the latter has to bear any appreciable amount of transport costs.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Use of this type of door varies greatly from area to area. Where such doors are commonly used in dwellings and buildings of all types, an urban community of about two million people, with an average growth rate and new building construction keeping pace, might provide an outlet for the production of this plant.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 12,500 Doors

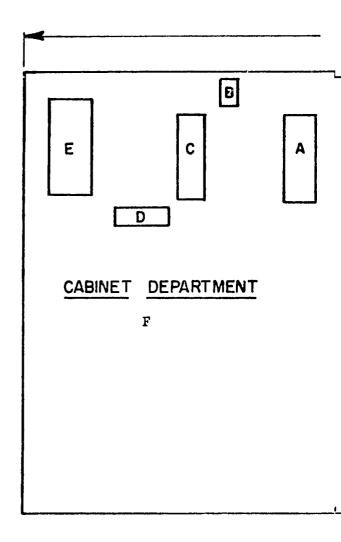
1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS		3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER
a. FIXED CAPITAL Land. About 5,000 sq. ft.	g Cost	a. Electric Power. Connected load 8 500
Building. One story, 40'x60', attached to wood-working plant. Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.	14,500	b. Fuel. Wood scrap.
Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$13,500 Total (excl. Land) Principal Items. Door frame forms	\$ 28,000	c. Water. Water for glue, sanitation and fire protection. \$ 100
(made at plant), wood cauls (made at plant), glue mixer, glue spreader, cold press air operated, door edger		4. TRANSPORTATION
and trimmer.		a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
b. WORKING CAPITAL Direct Materials, Direct		b. External Transport Facilities. Desirable that plant should be located on good highway.
Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) 60 Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	\$ 15,300	5. MANPOWER
gencies, Sales Costs(c) 30 Total Working Capital	500 8 15.800	Number Annual Cost
		a. Direct Labor Skilled 5 8 25,000
c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND)	s 43,800	h. Indirect Labor
2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES Annual Regumts.	Annual Cost	Supervision provided by existing woodworking plant.
a. Direct Materials		c. Training Needs. Three skilled workers in existing wood-working plant will machine
Plywood panels 25,000 Stiles 25,000 Rails 25,000 Lock blocks 25,000	\$ 51,200 4,500 1,500 1,500	door parts. Two skilled operators will assemble doors. No training time required.
Lock blocks 25,000 Long mesh strips 137,500 Cross mesh strips 225,000 Dowels, glue	2,900 2,200 1,300	6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE
Total	8 65,100	a. Annual Costs
b. Supplies Sandpaper Hand tools & lubricants Spare parts	\$ 300 200 300	Direct Materials 8 65,100 Direct Labor 25,000 Manufacturing Overhead(a) 1,500 Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies 2,800 Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts 3,000
Office supplies Total	\$ 900	Depreciation on Fixed Capital 2,100 Total Annual Costs \$99,500
		b. Annual Sales Revenue \$125,000

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Water. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

FLUSH DOORS: S.I.C. 2431

PLANT

FLU



- A. Form for frame and core assembly
- B. Glue mixer
- C. Glue spreader

The flow of production is straight. This is an addition to an exceed

RS: S.I.C. 2431

AND WORK FLOW

r			
ISTING	MILL	DEPARTMENT	60 FEET

D. Stacking table

E. Cold press for flush doors

F. Storage and shipping

to E with no back-tracking. working mill.

FLUSH DOORS: S. I. C. 2431

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Cutting Techniques for Woodworkers. Thomas D. Perry. 1959. 54 p.

Hitchcock Publishing Company

Wheaton, Illinois

A woodworking digest report that provides valuable data on wood cutting and techniques.

II. PERIODICALS

A. The Wood Worker. Monthly. \$2.00/year.

S. H. Smith Company

2232 North Meridian Street

Indianapolis 7, Indiana

Wood fabrication techniques, machines and maintenance, product development, and reporting of woodworking industry news.

B. Wood Working. Monthly \$5.00/year.

Hitchcock Publishing Company

Wheaton, Illinois

Covers all major branches of wood products industry.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Principles of Woodworking. H. Hjorth. Revised Edition 1961. Illus. \$5.40.
 Bruce Publishing Company

 400 North Broadway
 Milwaukee 1, Wisconsin
 Machines, tools and planning in forming articles of wood.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Federal Specifications. LLL-D-581.
Doors, Exterior and Interior, Wood, Flush Type, Veneered. \$.10.
General Services Administration
7th and D Streets, S. W.
Washington, D. C. 20405

B. Commercial Standards. CS 200-55. Hardwood, Vencered, Hollow-Core, Flush Doors. \$.10.
Superintendent of Documents
U. S. Government Printing Office
Washington, D. C. 20401
A voluntary standard of the trade.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each

- A. Patent No. 2,924,861. 1960. 6 p. Flush type door having formed plastic or other filler, and method of construction.
- B. Patent No. 2,893,076. 1959. 4 p. Method of manufacturing flush doors.
- C. Patent No. 2,869,598. 1959. 4 p. Process for making solid core flush doors.
- D. Patent No. 2,860,388. 1958. 5 p. Making hollow core flush doors.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

 A. National Woodwork Manufacturers Association 400 West Madison Street Chicago, Illinois 60606

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

A. U. S. Machinery Company, Inc
 90 Broad Street
 New York, New York 10004
 Industrial woodworking machinery. Designs and Installs woodworking plants.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Hitchcock's Woodworking Directory. Biennially. \$.10.00 Hitchcocks Publishing Company Wheaton, Illinois Lists manufacturers and suppliers of over 800 products of the woodworking industry.

FLUSH DOORS: S. I. C. 2431

321

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U.S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

PLYWOOD

I.P. No. 66040

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

PLYWOOD: Standard Industrial Classification 2432

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Capacity of plant is given in terms of three-ply, hot-pressed, hardwood plywood, made into 4 feet by 8 feet panels, made from purchased logs. However, plant can manufacture all grades of veneer and plywood, including marine plywood, and can operate with hard or soft wood.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Capital requirements for this industry are fairly large, even for a plant of this size, which by the general standards of the plywood industry is small. Skilled labor requirements are rather low. The industry will be appropriate to those developing areas that have steady supplies of suitable lumber. Where this is the case, manufacture for export as well as for domestic consumption is a possibility. If production conditions are favorable, the prospects for this industry are generally good, as demand for plywood and veneer has shown a rising trend in recent years. Many areas are deficient in lumber supply relative to their requirements and therefore offer a ready market, if specifications are met. The plant here described can be expanded easily, where demand warrants it.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Building contractors, furniture makers, large variety of industries, individuals,
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to lumber yards, building contractors, building supplies houses, large industrial users.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. This product is easily handled, and transport charges are not especially burdensome. The potential domestic market, where the transport network is reasonably good, may extend over a large area. b. Export. This product is exported world-wide.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Competition in some uses may come from alternative products, such as ordinary wood, particle board, wallboard, or plastics. The market position of plywood will to some degree depend on its price relative to such alternatives. b. Export Market. Though this plant is small, provided a high-standard product is produced, there should be opportunities for doing some export business where overseas trading facilities are reasonably well organized.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. The size of the domestic market needed to support this plant will depend on activity in the building and furniture industries, and how far plywood-using industries have been developed. It will also, of course, be necessary to take into account the opportunities that may exist for export business. A developing urban community containing about a million people should in most cases be able to absorb the production of this plant.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

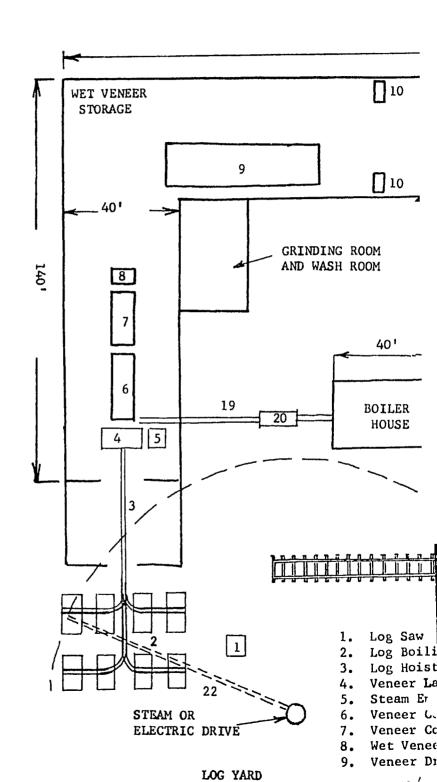
ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 5 Million Square Feet

1.	CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS		3.	POWER, FUEL AND WATE	
a.	FIXED CAPITAL Land. About 5 acres. Building. One story, U-shaped 40'	8 <u>Cost</u>	a.	Electric Power. Connected los about 150 hp.	Annual Cost 8 3,000
	wide, front 300', wings 40' and 60' long. Boiler house 20'x40'. Two lean-to buildings 20'x40' each.		b.	Fuel. Scrap wood may be use purchased fuel necessary.	d. No
	Total area 24,450 sq. ft. Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures. Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$250,000	172,000	c.	Water. About 2 million gals. annually for production & general purposes.	<u>\$ 500</u>
	Furniture & fixtures 1,600 Transportation equipmt. 2,400 Total (excl. Land)	254,000 8426,000	4.	TRANSPORTATION	Annual Operating Cost
	Principal Items. Crane, chain saw, monorail & electric hoist, lathe- 109" knife, steam engine for lathe.		a.	Own Transport Equipment. One-ton pick-up truck for general purposes.	\$ 1,200
	infeed table motorized, wet veneer clipper, dryer, sizing clippers, veneer jointer, veneer splicers, glue mixer, glue spreader, hot press, 3-		b.	External Transport Facilities purchased delivered at plant. essential, and railroad facilitie possible.	Good highway
	drum sander, 100 skids, hand block table belt sander, 7 hydraulic hand		5.	MANPOWER Number	Annual Cost
b.	lift trucks, knife grinder, waste hog and blower, waste conveyor, steam be cutting tools, pick-up truck. WORKING CAPITAL No. of Days		a.	Direct Labor Skilled 4 Semi-skilled 24 Unskilled 16 Total 44	\$ 20,000 96,000 48,000 \$164,000
	Direct Materials, Direct		h	Indirect Labor	0.00,000
	Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) 60 Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies, Sales Costs(c) 30 Training Costs Total Working Capital	5,800 16,000 8 89,900	•	Manager & supervisor 2 Office staff 3 Other 3 Total 8	\$ 18,000 14,000 10,000 \$ 42,000
c.	TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND)	8515.900	c.	Training Needs. Manager &	
2.	MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES Annual	Annual		have long experience. Togetl skilled workers, they should be all necessary labor training, reach full production in 2 m	e able to do Plant should
a.	Direct Materials Logs for 5 million sq. ft. plywood	S150,000	6.	TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS A	ND SALES
	Glue Packaging materials Total	40,000 2,200 8192,200	a.	Annual Costs Direct Materials Direct Labor	\$192,200 164,000
	Supplies Lubricants & hand tools Cutting tools Sandpaper Maintenance & repair parts	\$ 300 2,500 1,000		Manufacturing Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contingenci Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts Depreciation on Fixed Capita Total Annual Costs	30,000
	Office supplies Total	1,700 300 \$ 5,800	ь.	Annual Sales Revenue	\$625,000

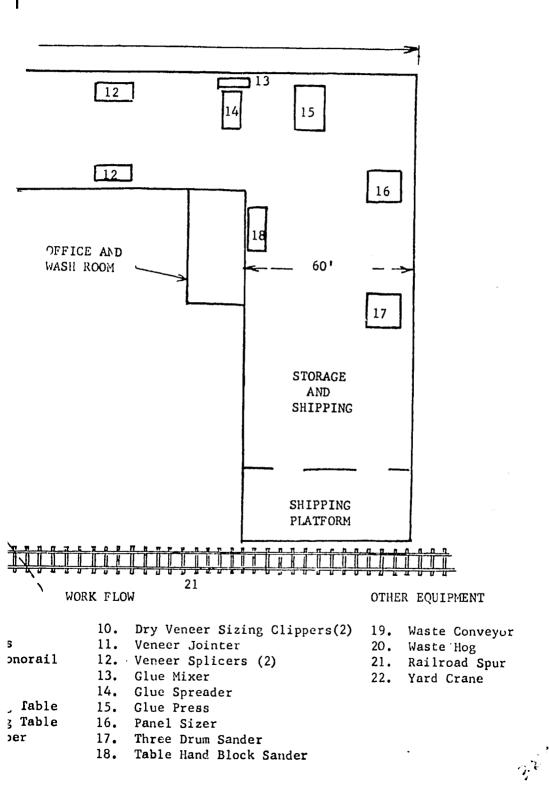
NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Water, Transportation, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

PLYWOOD: S.I.C. 2432

32/



T AND WORK FLOW



PLYWOOD: S. I. C. 2432

SELECTED REFERENCES

TEXTBOOKS I.

Modern Plywood. 2nd Edition. T. D. Perry. 1958. 458 p. \$7.00 Α. Pitman Publishing Corporation 2 - 6 West 45th Street

New York, New York 10016

Standard treatise on the manufacturing, properties, and uses of plywood.

II. PERIODICALS

Veneers and Plywood. Monthly. \$5.00/year.

The S. H. Smith Co., Inc.

2232 North Meridian

Indianapolis, Indiana

Plywood components, manufacturing, utilization and marketing.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U. S.

Industry Information Sheet: Plywood. Malaysia. 1962. Identification No. 4/10/01653.

U. S. Department of Commerce

Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information

Springfield, Virginia 22151 A study of the feasibility of establishing a plywood plant in Singapore.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

Types of Plywood. Wood Working Digest Technical Series Reprint No. 104. Thomas D. Perry. 1955. 84 p. \$1.00 Hitchcock Publishing Company Wheaton, Illinois Descriptions of various types of plywood now in use and their manufacture and use.

V. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office

Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

Patent No. 6,635,976. April 21, 1953. 7 p. Method of making synthetic constructional boards and products thereof.

Patent No. 2,635,066. April 14, 1953. 5 p. Method of producing plywood.

Patent No. 2,616.824. Nov. 4, 1952. 5 p. Method of edge gluing wood veneer sheets and edge glued product,

Patent No. 2,581,654. Jan. 8, 1952. 3 p. Dry process for making composite, consolidated products with controlled pre-steaming of the raw materials.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. Plywood Research Foundation
620 East 26th Street
Tacoma 2, Washington
Aims to improve production and properties, and to develop now products
of Douglas fir plywood.

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Forest Products Engineering Company
 431 South Dearborn Street
 Chicago, Illinois
 Industrial lumber producing and consuming industries, drying consultants
 and engineers.
- B. J. Turnbull, Inc.
 1735 East 23rd Street
 Cleveland, Ohio
 Engineer various manufacturing establishments such as cement plants,
 hydroelectric plants, and plywood plants.
- C. Rust Engineering Company 930 Fort Duquesne Boulevard Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Design, engineer, construct, provide initial operation of manufacturing plants.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Hitchcock's Wood Working Directory. 1959. 250 p. \$10.00.
 Hitchcock Publishing Company
 Wheaton, Illinois
 Lists producers of furniture, plywood, veneer and other wood products, and machinery manufacturers for the industry, trade associations.

PLYWOOD: S. I. C. 2432

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

PARTICLE BOARD

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

PARTICLE BOARD: Standard Industrial Classification 2499

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Boards made from pulpwood converted into shavings in the plant. Process is designed to convert wood into a form in which it is virtually free from liability to swell or shrink, while retaining best qualities of ordinary wood. Standard size boards produced by plant described are 4 feet by 8 feet by $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick. Other sizes and thicknesses can, however, be produced.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

This plant requires a large capital investment and expert advice on selection of site and installation of equipment. Where particle board plants have been established in industrially less developed areas it is usually with the cooperation of outside experts. Though manufacturing operations are automatic, skilled management and maintenance personnel are essential. This industry is generally appropriate only where suitable pulpwood is locally produced. Where this condition is fulfilled, and where a convenient site, with sufficient water and electric power is available, this industry has much promise. Demand for particle board is increasing as familiarity with it spreads. Plant described is small by U. S. standards, but finding a market for its output may not be easy in initial stages and active sales promotion will generally be needed. In some cases it may be possible to sell to neighboring countries.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Building contractors, furniture, vehicle body and shipbuilding industries, individuals for small jobs.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS Sales are made direct to building contractors and user industries, and to building supply houses for small scale distribution. Product is new in some areas, and active salesmen and advertising in appropriate publications will generally be necessary.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Product is easy to handle and normally transport costs will not be unduly burdensome. If there is a good railroad and/or inland waterways network, market area may be fairly extensive, even country-wide. b Export. Particle board is widely exported.
- 4. COMPETITION a. Domestic Market. Assuming that locally produced pulpwood is available, industry should be able to meet competition from imports without difficulty. Account most be taken of relative cost of alternative materials, but generally particle board, considering its superior qualities for many uses, seems likely to be competitive in price. b. Export Market. International competition is active, but, in view of expanding demand, plant described might be able to sell regionally.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Demand will depend on amount of building construction, type of buildings common in the country, extent of development of user industries. In an area where construction is fairly active and where woodworking industries are important in the economy, the plant described could probably meet the needs of a total population of the order of 4 million people.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - THREE-SHIFT OPERATION: 23 Million Square Feet

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a.	FIXED CAPITAL			Cost
	Land.	\$;	
	Building. One story, 300'x60',			
	with basement under area housi pulp equipment. Equipment, Furniture & Fixture	-		144,000
	Other tools & equipmt. Furniture & fixtures Transport equipment	,500 ,800 700 ,000		770,000 914,000
	Total (excl. Land)	\$	٠_	914,000
	Principal Items Wood shaver.			

Principal Items. Wood shaver, hammer mill & screen, double quick pulper, centrifugal pumps, screw press, digester pulp refiner, pulp washer thickener, consistency regulator, storage tank, agitator, cylinder board machine, presses, wet saw, trimming saw, 400 hp. boiler.

b. WORKING CAPITAL

WORKING CALLIAL				
No	No. of Days			
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	60	\$	82,200	
gencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs	30		12,500 16,000	
Total Working Capital		8	110,700	

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$1,024.700

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

a. Direct Materials	
Pulp wood	\$ 162,000
Chemicals & adhesives	138,000
	\$ 300,000
Total	\$ _300,000
b. Supplies	
Welding rods	\$ 200
Welding gas	200
Lubricants	200
Maintenance materials	1,800
	1,200
Spare parts	
Hand tools	200
Office supplies	200
Total	\$ 4,000
10tai	

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

	Zilli	uai Cost
a. Electric Power. Connected load about 500 hp.	8	15,000
b. Fuel. 400 hp. boiler, 250 p.s.i. is needed.	\$	12,000
c. Water. About 1,600 gals. of water per minute. Plant should be located near river or lake if possible, so that only cost for water will be pumping. Re-		

Annual Cost

quirements about 12 mn. gals.
annually of make-up water.
4. TRANSPORTATION
Annual
Operating Cost

a. Own Transport Equipment.
5-ton delivery truck.

\$ 1,200

b. External Transport Facilities. Both materials & finished product are bulky & heavy. Plant should be located in area of good all-weather highways and, if possible, on rail siding.

5. MANPOWER	Number	Ann	ual Cost
a. Direct Labor			
Skilled	6	\$	30,000
Semi-skilled	12		48,000
Unskilled	9		27,000
Total	2 7	\$	105,000
b. Indirect Labor		_	
Manager	1	\$	10,000
Foremen	3		18,000
Office	1		4,000
Other	6		21,000
Total	นิ	\$	53,000

c. Training Needs. Mfg. operations are automatic. Manager, foremen & wet machine operators should be fully experienced & able to train other workers. Plant should reach full production in 1 month.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES

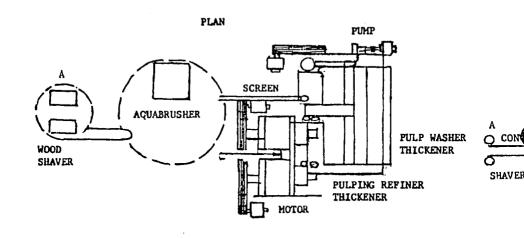
\$	300,000
	105,000
	88,200
	60,000
	90,000
	82,000
\$	725,200
\$ 1	,200,000
	-\$

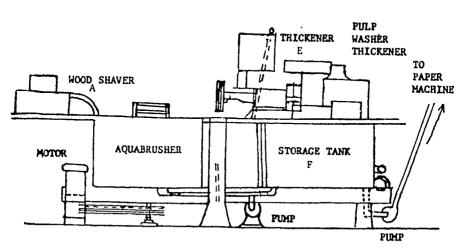
NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Transportation, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

Annual Cost

PARTICLE

PLANT LAY

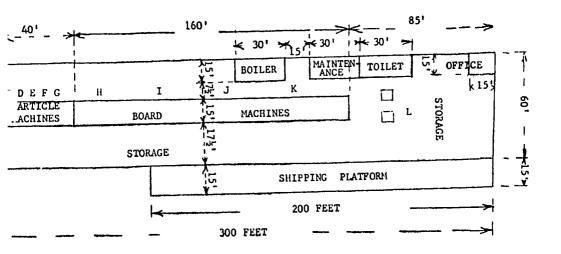




ELEVATION

D: S.I.C. 2499

D WORK FLOW



N ORDER TO SAVE SPACE AND TO USE GRAVITY FEED AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE, NE-HALF OF THE PUMP EQUIPMENT IS LOCATED IN A BASEMENT. THE FLOW S CONTINUOUS FROM THE WOOD SHAVERS TO THE FINISHED BOARD.

aps.

PARTICLE BOARD: S. I. C. 2499

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Chemical Processing of Wood. A. J. Stamm and E. E. Harris, 1953, 595 p. Illus. \$12.00.

Tudor Publishing Company

221 Park Avenue South

New York, New York 10003

Has sections on products manufactured from converted pulp wood.

B. Forest Products. N. C. Brown. 1950. 399 p. Illus. \$6.50.

John Wiley and Sons, Inc.

440 Park Avenue South

New York, New York 10016

Includes information on the various materials produced from wood pulp, such as composition boards, and methods of manufacturing.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Official Board Markets. Weekly. \$38.00/year.

Board Products Publishing Company

228 North La Salle Street

Chicago 1, Illinois

Current market information on pulp boards and related products.

B. Pulp and Paper. Monthly. \$5.00/year.

Miller Freeman Publications

1791 Howard Street

Chicago 26, Illinois

Latest reports on products, by-products, and markets in the pulp and paper field.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Mat-Formed Wood Particle Board (Interior Use). CS 236-61. June 1, 1961. 9 p. Gratis.

Department of Commerce

Washington, D. C. 20230

Standards and specifications for particle board for interiors.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Fibreboard and Particle Board. Food and Agriculture Organization. 1958. 188 p. \$2.00.

Columbia University Press

2960 Broadway

New York, New York 10027

Proceedings of a technical conference on the manufacture and uses of fibreboard and particle board.

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Problems Relating to the Fabrication of Building Boards. M. E. Barker. 1954.

36 p. Price not given. University of Arkansas

Fayetville, Arkansas

Includes data regarding the manufacture of particle board.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. U.S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,924,548. 1960. 4 p.
 Process for making particle board and other products from wood pulp.
- B. Patent No. 2,805,946. 1957. 6 p. Making consolidated lignocellulose particle board.
- C. Patent No. 2,759,837. 1956. 6 p.
 Process for forming board products from pulp.
- D. Patent No. 2.757,113. 1956. 7 p. Production of hot-pressed particle board.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

 A. National Particleboard Association 601 Association Building Washington, D. C.

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Alvin H. Johnson and Company, Inc.
 415 Lexington Avenue
 New York, New York 10017
 Pulp and paper industry consulting services.
- B. Apmew, Inc.P. O. Box 1Glen Falls, New YorkPulp mill equipment.
- C. The Sandy Hill Iron and Brass Works
 Hudson Falls, New York.
 Designers and builders of pulp and paper machinery.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Official Board Mill Directory. Annual. \$1.50.
 Board Products Publishing Company
 228 North La Salle Street
 Chicago 1, Illinois
 Shows companies, equipment, capacities, and grades of board manufactured.

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

7,7

INDUSTRY PROFILES

WOODEN ICE CREAM SPOONS AND STICKS

I.P. No. 66042

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

C 3,9

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Wooden ice cream spoons and sticks stamped from rotary cut veneer.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Capital requirements are moderately high. Little technical skill is needed. The products are highly specialized and it would, of course, be necessary to make a careful determination of market potential before embarking on this project. If costs are low enough, some exports might be feasible. With increasing sales of packaged ice cream products, the plant might have good possibilities in some developing areas.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Manufacturers of ice cream and related products.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales direct to ice cream manufacturers.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Transport cost will not normally limit market area. b. Export. Products have an international sale.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Imports will compete only if domestic production costs are unduly high. b. Export Market. If the price is competitive exports, particularly to countries which do not produce themselves, are a possibility.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Consumption of the products with which these wooden spoons and sticks are used varies greatly with climate, income level, eating habits, etc. Information on demand should be sought from ice cream manufacturers and export agents.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

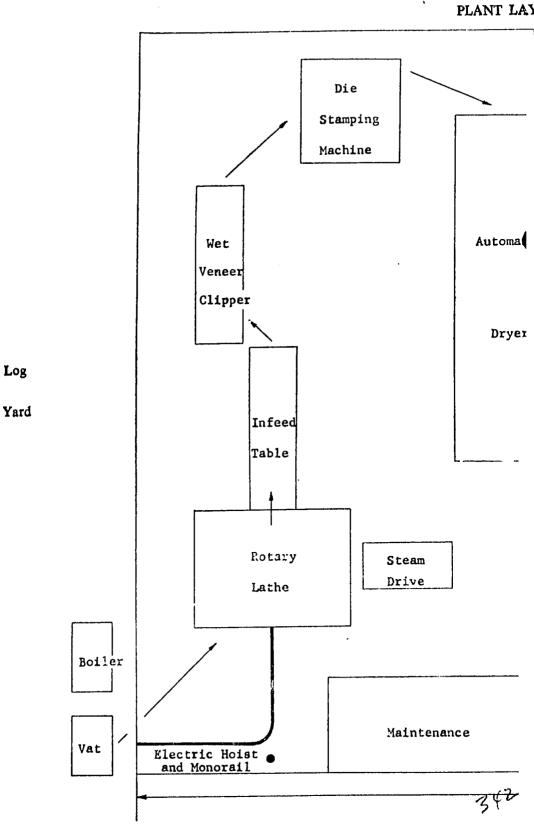
ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 160 Million Pieces

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS		3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER
a. FIXED CAPITAL Land. 16,000 sq. ft. Buitding. One story, 40'x50', and boiler room.	<u>Cost</u> s 14,000	a. Electric Power. Connected load about 60 hp. Scrap wood. Annual Cost 8 900
Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures. Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$59,400 Other tools & equipmt. 3,500	•,	c. Water. Vat and general purposes. \$ 100
Furniture & fixtures 700 Transportation equipmt. 2,400 Total (excl. Land)	66,000 \$ 80,000	4. TRANSPORTATION Annual Operating Cost
Principal Items. Vat, monorail & electric hoist, rotary lathe,		a. Own Transport Equipment. Truck for yard and delivery. \$ 1,000
steam engine drive for lathe, infeed table motorized, wet veneer elipper, die stamping machine, automatie dryer, sanding		b. External Transport Facilities. Logs usually delivered at plant. No special requirements.
machine, packaging machine, scale, packing tables, factory trucks.		5. MANPOWER Number Annual Cost
b. WORKING CAPITAL No. of Days		a. Direct Labor Skilled Semi-skilled Diskilled 12,000 12,000
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) 60 Admin. Costs(b), Contin-	\$ 12,700	Unskilled 4 12,000 Total 9 \$ 34,000
gencies, Sales Costs(c) 30 Training Costs Total Working Capital	2,200 1,200 \$ 16 100	b. Indirect Labor Manager & supervisor 2 \$ 15,000 Office 1 4,000 Truck drivers 2 8,000
c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND)	\$ 96.100	Truck drivers $\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{8,000}{8,27,000}$
2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES	Annual	e. Training Needs. Manager & supervisor must be fully experienced. With 2 skilled workers they should be able to train the others and reach full production in 30 days.
a. Direct Materials Logs for veneer Packaging material Total	\$ 6,000 4,000 \$ 10,000	6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE
b. Supplies Lubricants & hand tools Cutting tools & abrasives Maintenance & spare parts Office supplies Total	\$ 100 1,000 2,000 200 \$ 3,300	a. Annual Costs Direct Materials Direct Labor Manufacturing Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts Depreciation on Fixed Capital Total Annual Costs b. Annual Sales Revenue 8 10,000 34,000 32,300 12,000 14,000 8,000 8110,300

NOTES. (a) Includes Suppl'es, Power, Water, Transportation, Indirec Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions. Freight Out, Travel.

WOODEN ICE CREAM SPOONS AND STICKS: S.I.C. 2499

WOODEN ICE CREAM



IS AND STICKS: S.I.C. 2499 ID WORKFLOW Storage Packaging Scale Sanding Machine Shipping 40 Feet Women Office Men eet

WOODEN ICE CREAM SPOONS AND STICKS: S. I. C. 2499

SELECTED REFERENCES

I TEXTBOOKS

A. General Woodworking. 2nd Edition. C. H. Groneman. 1959. 256 p. Illus. \$6.75

McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York, New York 10036

Hand tool processes, machine tool processes, and portable tool processes.

B. Timbers and Woodwork. Revised Edition. J. C. S. Brough. 1955. 232 p. \$2.75
 J. B. Lippincott Company East Washington Square Philadelphia 5, Pennsylvania Includes veneers, plywood, and crosscutting in sawing.

II. PERIODICALS

A. The Wood-Worker. Monthly. \$2.00/year. S. H. Smith Company 2232 North Meridian Street Indianapolis 7, Indiana Devoted to the woodworking industry.

B. Hitchcock's Woodworking. Monthly. \$4.00/year. Hitchcock Publishing Company Wheaton, Illinois Covers the woodworking field.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U. S.

A. Lumber Seasoning PO-15. July 1961. Gratis. Office of Technical Cooperation and Research Agency for International Development Washington, D. C. 20523

Devoted to the seasoning of lumber

B. Production Planning and Control. TB-82. May 1960. Gratis.
 Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
 Agency for International Development
 Washington, D. C. 20523
 Manual for training personnel in the subject of production planning and control in industry.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Cutting Techniques for Woodworkers. T. D. Perry. 1955. 52 p. \$.50. Hitchcock Publishing Company Wheaton, Illinois Cutting tools and techniques for woodworking industries.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,942,342. 1960. 2 p. Infant feeding spoon.
- B. Patent No. 2,401,534. 1946. 3 p. Spoon, flat, preferably of wood.
- C. Patent No. 2,346,040. 1944. 6 p. Wooden spoon and methods of making same.
- D. Patent No. 1,907,737, 1933. 2p. Spoon of paper or like material.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Flat Veneer Products Association 630 Third Avenue New York, New York 10017
- B. Woodworking Machinery Manufacturers Association 1900 Arch Street Philadelphia 3, Pennsylvania

VIJ. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. United States Machinery Company, Inc.
 90 Broad Street
 New York, New York 10004
 Designs and installs woodworking plants.
- B. Mattison Machine Works
 200 Blackhawk Park Avenue
 Rockford, Illinois
 Designs and builds large line of woodworking machinery.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Hitchcock's Woodworking Directory. Biennial. \$10.00
Hitchcock Publishing Company
Wheaton, Illinois
Lists manufacturers of woodworking machinery and equipment.

WOODEN ICE CREAM SPOONS AND STICKS: S I. C. 2499

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 Industry Profiles published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 Industry Profiles to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "Profiles" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

-2,46

INDUSTRY PROFILES

BEDROOM AND DINING ROOM FURNITURE

I.P. No. 66043

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

BEDROOM AND DINING ROOM FURNITURE: Standard Industrial Classification 2511/2

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Bedroom sets have 6 pieces—2 twin beds, dresser, chest of drawers, and 2 chairs. Dining room sets have 9 pieces—table, buffet, china closet, and 6 chairs. Chair seats are upholstered, and dresser has full-sized mirror. Pieces are finished in lacquer. Any furniture wood may be used, according to availability and customers' preferences.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Capital requirements are moderately large. The degree of labor skill needed is not very high and is of a type that is common, but good management and supervision are essential in order to maintain high standards of workmanship and to keep up with style changes, which are important even for moderately-priced furniture of this kind. In low-wage areas small furniture makers, who manufacture to customers' special requirements may offer competition, but a well-equipped plant such as this should be able to produce a better product at the price than the small maker.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Households, hotels, etc.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS hotels and large purchasers.

 Sales to furniture stores and direct to
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. These articles are somewhat bulky and transport costs will tend to localize the market to some extent. Furniture export is normally limited to high-priced items of special design, and there would be no foreign demand for the kind of furniture produced by this plant.
- 4. COMPETITION. Small furniture makers might be able to compete in their own localities. Furniture made of metal and other materials offers some competition in low-price range.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. The size of the market needed in terms of to all population will vary greatly with the level of income in the area. A population of the order of half a million, with a strong middle class element, would probably in most cases offer a large enough market outlet.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

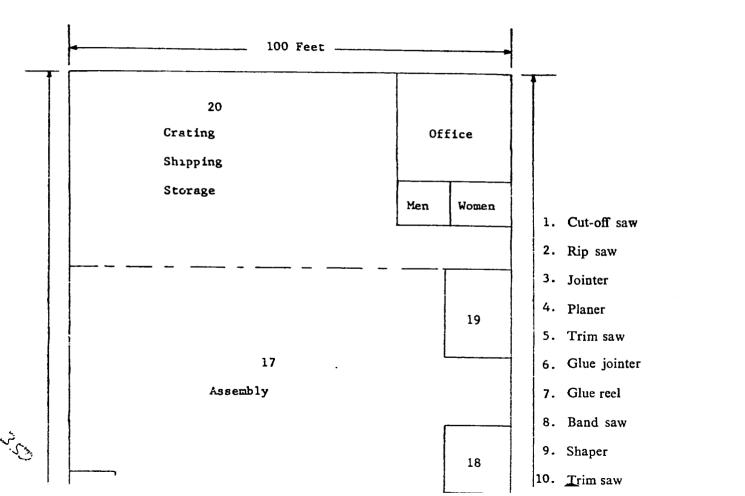
ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 1500 9-pc. Dining Room Sets, 1500 6-pc. Bedroom Sets

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS		3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER Annual Cost
a. FIXED CAPITAL Land. About 4 acres. Building. 100'x200', one story,	\$ Cost	a. Electric Power. Connected load about 100 hp. \$ 3,000
and drying kiln.	120,000	b. Fuel. Scrap wood.
Prodn. tools & equipmt. \$55,000 Other tools & equipmt. 5,000	41.000	c. Water. For glue & general purposes. \$ 100
Furniture & fixtures 1,000 Total (excl. Land)	61,000 \$181,000	4. TRANSPORTATION
Principal Items. Kiln trucks, cut-off saw, up saw, jointer,		a. Own Transport Equipment. None
planer, glue jointer, glue reel, band saw, 2 trim saws, double end		necessary.
tenon machine, shaper, 3 drum sanders, horizontal boring machine,		b. External Transport Facilities. Crated furniture is fairly bulky.
upright boring machine, 2 chair mortisers, dish grinder, 5 assembly		Good highway and easy access to railroad desirable.
presses, complete spray booth, glue pot, factory trucks.		5. MANPOWER
b. WORKING CAPITAL No. of Days		a. Direct Labor Number Annual Cost Skilled 6 \$ 30,000
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) 60	\$ 35,000	Skilled 6 \$ 30,000 Semi-skilled 10 40,000 Unskilled 10 30,000
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies, Sales Costs(c) 30	3,800	Total 26 \$100,000
Training Costs Total Working Capital	9 000 \$ 47,800	b. Indirect Labor Manager & supervisors 4 \$ 30,000
c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND)	\$228,800	Manager & supervisors 4 \$ 30,000 Office 2 8,000 Other 2 8,000 Total 8 \$ 46,000
2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES		Total 8 \$ 46,000
Annual Requirts.	Annual Cost	c, Training Needs. Manager & supervisors must
a. Direct Materials		be fully experienced. With 2 skilled workers, they should be able to train all employees and reach full production in 2
Lumber 337,000 ft. Glass 9,000 sq. Upholstery material 2,400 yds	ft. 4,500	months.
Hardware Glue	5,000 900	6 TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE
Finishing material Cotton Padding	3,000 800	a. Annual Costs
Packaging materials Total	2,900 \$ 55,300	Direct Marcrials \$ 55,300 Direct Labor 100,000
b. Supplies		Manufacturing Overhead(a) 54,400 Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies 18,000
Lubricants & hand tools Cutting tools & abrasives	\$ 100 600	Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts 27,000 Depreciation on Fixed Capital 10,900
Sandpaper Maintenance & spare parts	1,800 2,500	Total Annual Costs \$265,600
Office supplies Total	300 \$ 5,300	b. Annual Sales Revenue 8360,000

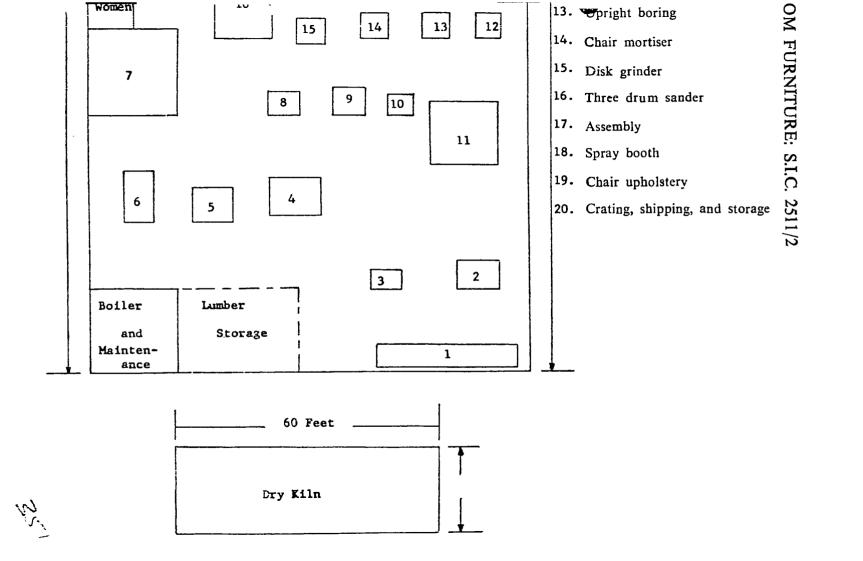
NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal and Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

BEDROOM AND DINING ROOM FURNITURE: S.I.C. 2511/2

PLANT LAYOUT AND WORKFLOW



BEDROOM AND DINI



BEDROOM AND DINING ROOM FURNITURE: S.I.C. 2511/2

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

- A. Cutting Techniques for Woodworkers. Thomas D. Perry. 1955. 60 p. \$.50. Hitchcock Publishing Company Wheaton, Illinois Descriptions of cutting techniques in wood working and the tools used therein.
- B. Furniture Joinery. W.W. Klenke. 1943. 144 p. \$2.25.
 Charles A. Bennet Co., Inc.
 237 North Monroe Street
 Peoria 3, Illinois
 A picturized treatment of procedures and methods used to make the right joint, the wood to use, the service to be expected from the finished article.

II. PERIODICALS

- A. Furniture Manufacturer. Monthly. \$3.00/year.
 Vincent Edwards, Inc.
 342 Madison Avenue
 New York, New York
 Furniture components, manufacturing processes, marketing.
- B. The Wood-Worker. Monthly. \$2.00/year.
 S. H. Smith Co., Inc.
 2232 North Meridian Street
 Indianapolis, Indiana
 News and technical information in all phases of wood working.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Wood Furniture Industry. TB-118.
Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
Agency for International Development
Washington, D.C. 20523

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Furniture Finishing. Harold B. Gatslick. 1956. 82 p. \$1.00. Hitchcock Publishing Company Wheaton, Illinois

Descriptions of finishing techniques in wood working and the materials and tools used to implement them.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. D-178,851. Sept. 25, 1956. 1 p. Design for bedstead.
- B. Patent No. D-178,095. June 19, 1956. 1 p. Design for side chair.
- C. Patent No. D-178,096. June 19,1956. 1 p. Design for arm chair.
- D. Patent No. D-178,094. June 19, 1956. 1 p. Design for drop leaf extension table.
- E. Patent No. D-165,074. Nov. 6, 1951. 2 p. Design for a bed.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. National Association of Furniture Manufacturers
666 Lake Shore Drive
Chicago 11, Illinois
Keeps members informed of latest developments in machinery, materials,
processes, and market opportunities.

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Rust Engineering Company
 930 Fort Duquesne Boulevard
 Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
 Design, engineer, construct, provide initial operation of manufacturing plants.
- B. Mechanical Designers and Builders, Inc.
 17 South Essex Avenue
 Orange, New Jersey
 Engineering counsel, plant layout, production methods.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Hitchcock's Wood Working Directory. 1959. 250 p. \$10.00. Hitchcock Publishing Company Wheaton, Illinois Lists producers of furniture and other wood products, machinery, manufacturers for the industry, and trade associations.

BEDROOM AND DINING ROOM FURNITURE: S.I.C. 2511/2

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

ENDUSTRY PROFILES

UPHOLSTERED OCCASIONAL CHAIRS

I.P. No. 66044

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Moderately-priced occasional chairs of simple design, with upholstered seats.

B GENERAL EVALUATION

Capital requirements for this industry are moderate, and not very much skilled labor is needed. From the production point of view, this industry might be suited to a fair number of economically less developed areas, particularly if low-priced locally-produced lumber is available. The market for this product is predominantly local, however, and many less developed areas might be unable to assure a market for the plant described, particularly in view of the probable competition from small workshops. In some areas humidity and heat may restrict demand.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Households, hotels, institutions.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. stores, though large users may buy direct. Most sales will be made to furniture
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. This product is rather clumsy and heavy, and costly to transport. The market is normally localized. This product is very rare in international trade.
- 4. COMPETITION. The principal direct competition will come from small workshops, which in low wage areas may provide strong competition with factory products. Chairs of alternative materials, e.g. with rattan or metal frames, may be competitive in some places.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Demand for this product will depend on income levels, living habits, climate, etc. In average conditions this plant could probably meet the needs of upwards of a million people.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 12,000 Chairs

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS		3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER
		Annual Cost
a. FIXED CAPITAL	Cost	a. Electric Power. Connected load
Land. About I acre.	\$ 60,000	about 60 hp. \$ 1,800
Building. One story, 100'x100'. Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.	60,000	b. Fuel. Scrap wood and sawdust.
Produ. tools & equipmt. \$25,000		c. Water. Small amount for glue,
Other tools & equipm . 5,000		sanitation and fire protection. \$ 100
Furniture & fixtures 700	30,700	
Total (excl. Land) Principal Items. Cutoff saw, rip	\$ 90,700	4. TRANSPORTATION
saw, jointer, planer, band saw,		a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
trim saw, shaper, 3 drum sanders,		White the state of
horizontal boring machine, upright boring machine, table belt sander,		b. External Transport Facilities. Crated
chain mortizer, tenon machine, disk		farniture is bulky. Good highway & easy access to railroad desirable.
sander, glue reel, assembly presses,		access to rantona destratore.
spray booth complete, glue pots.		5. MANPOWER
b. WORKING CAPITAL		Number Annual Cost
No. of Days	3	a. Direct Labor
Direct Materials, Direct		Skilled 4 \$ 20,000 Semi-skilled 7 28,000
Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) 60	\$ 28,200	Unskilled 6 18,000
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies, Sales Costs(c) 30	2,800	Total 17 \$ 66,000
Training Costs	6,000	b. Indirect Labor
Total Working Capital	\$ 37,000	Manager & supervisors 3 \$ 22,000
TOTAL CLOSE TOTAL STATE TOTAL STATE OF THE S	0127 700	Office 1 4,000
c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND)	\$127,700	Other 2 6,000 Total 6 8 32,000
2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES		<u>Total</u> 6 8 32,000
2. MATERIALS AND SOTTEES	Annual	c. Training Needs. Manager & supervisors
a. Direct Materials	Cost	should be fully experienced. They should
Lumber	\$ 40,000	be able to train all workers. Plant should
Upholstery materials	20,000	reach full production in 2 months.
Finishing materials	2,500 1,000	6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES
Nails, wood screws, glue Thread & tacks	200	REVENUE
Crating materials	3,000	
Total	\$ 65,700	a. Annual Costs Direct Materials \$ 66,700
		Direct Materials \$ 66,700 Direct Labor 66,000
b. Supplies	0 200	Manufacturing Overhead(a) 36,700
Lubricants & hand tools	8 300 500	Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies 13,000
Cutting tools Sandpaper	200	Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts 20,000 Depreciation on Fixed Capital 6,600
Maintenance & spare parts	1,500	Depreciation on Fixed Capital 6,600 Total Annual Costs \$209,000
Office supplies	300	Total Almuai Costs 9207,000

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

2,800

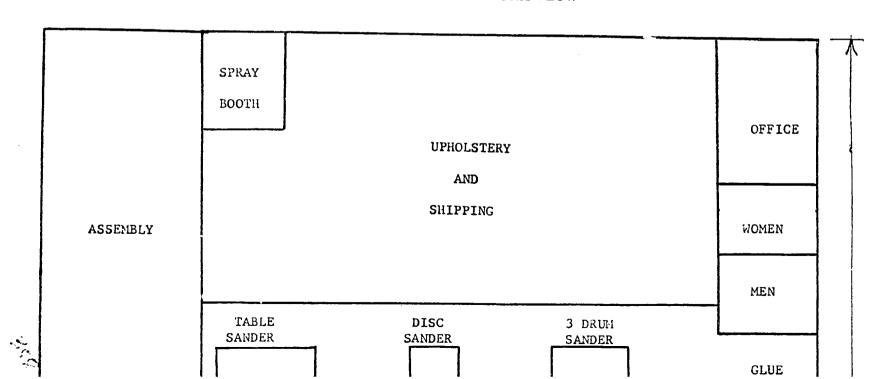
Total

UPHOLSTERED OCCASIONAL CHAIRS: S.I.C. 2512

b. Annual Sales Revenue

\$250,000

UPHOLSTERED OCCASIONAL CHAIRS: S.I.C. 2512 PLANT LAYOUT AND WORK FLOW



HORIZONTAL BORING	UPRIGHT BORING	TENON MACHINE	CHAIN MORTISER	
SHAPER	BANDSAW	TRIM SAW	PLANER	CUTOFF
BOILER	MAINTENANCE	JOINTER	RIPSAW	DFF SAW
		- 100'		

Work flows from cutoff saw through to upholstery. However, most parts do not stop at all machines since the operations vary.

UPHOLSTERED OCCASIONAL CHAIRS: S.I.C. 2512

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. General Woodworking. 3rd Edition. C.H. Groneman, 1964.
 McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.
 330 West 42nd Street
 New York, New York 10036
 Machine tool processes, portable tool processes, and hand tools processes.

B. How to Build Modern Furniture. 2nd Edition. M.D. Fabbro. 1957. 214 p. \$4.95.
F.W. Dodge Corporation 119 West 40th Street New York, New York Covers design, machinery, construction, and upholstering of furniture.

II. PERIODICALS

A. The Wood-Worker. Monthly. \$2.00/year. S.H. Smith Company 2232 North Meridian Street Indianapolis 7, Indiana Devoted to the woodworking industry.

B. Hitchcock's Wood Working. Monthly. \$4.00/year. Hitchcock Publishing Company, Inc. Wheaton, Illinois Covers the woodworking field.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Lumber Seasoning. PO-15. July 1961. Gratis.
 Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
 Agency for International Development
 Washington, D.C. 20523
 Devoted to the seasoning of lumber.

B. Production Planning and Control. TB-82. May 1960. Gratis.
 Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
 Agency for International Development
 Washington, D.C. 20523
 Manual for training of personnel in the subject of production planning and control in industry.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Cutting Techniques for Woodworkers. T.D. Perry. 1955. 52 p. \$.50.
 Hitchcock Publishing Company, Inc.
 Wheaton, Illinois
 Wood cutting tools and techniques.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,913,041. 1959. 4 p. Upholstered furniture and method of construction.
- B. Patent No. 2,754,893. 1956. 4 p. Overstuffed furniture.
- C. Patent No. 2,705,995. 1955. 5 p. Method of manufacturing upholstered furniture.
- D. Patent No. 2,628,667. 1953. 5 p. Method of forming edge for overstuffed furniture.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Upholstered Furniture Manufacturers Association 276 Fifth Avenue New York, New York 10001
- B. Woodworking Machinery Manufacturers Association 1900 Arch Street Philadelphia 3, Pennsylvania

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. United States Machinery Company, Inc.
 90 Broad Street
 New York, New York 10004
 Designs and installs woodworking plants.
- B. Mattison Machine Works
 200 Blackhawk Park Avenue
 Rockford, Illinois
 Designs and builds large line of woodworking machinery.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Hitchcock's Woodworking Directory. Biennial. \$10.00.
 Hitchcock Publishing Company, Inc.
 Wheaton, Illinois
 Lists manufacturers of woodworking machinery and equipment.

UPHOLSTERED OCCASIONAL CHAIRS: S.I.C. 2512

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five cf any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 *Industry Profiles* published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 *Industry Profiles* to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "*Profiles*" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This *Industry Profile* was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

FOAM RUBBER AND POLYURETHANE FOAM

I.P. No. 66045

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

· Park

FOAM RUBBER AND POLYURETHANE FOAM: Standard Industrial Classification 2515

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Foam rubber in various widths and thicknesses according to specification.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Capital and skilled labor requirements are modest. The use of foam rubber for mattresses, cushions, etc. is increasing and a plant of this type should have good prospects in many developing areas.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Mainly industries manufacturing mattresses, pillows, cushions, etc.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. with some sales to wholesalers possible. Sales chiefly to user industries direct,
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. The product is light and easy to transport, and the domestic market may be nation-wide. There is a substantial international market in this product but large-scale manufacturers generally have a distinct advantage in it.
- 4. COMPETITION. Foam rubber has become increasingly competitive with other materials used for the same purpose, as quality and durability has been improved. In the international market a plant of this size could generally not compete with large-scale producers.
- MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. A complex of user industries in the area where it would be feasible for this comparatively small plant to deliver at a competitive price is necessary.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - THREE-SHIFT OPERATION: 160,000 Pounds

ſ.	CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS
_	FIVED CADITAL

a.	FIXED CAPITAL		Cost
	Land. 1 acre.		
	Building. One-story, 50'	x100'.	30,000
	Equipment, Furniture & 1	Fixtures.	,
	Produ. tools & equipme	\$36,000	
	Other tools & equipme.	3,000	
	Furniture & fixtures	1,000	40 000
	Total (excl. Land)		\$ 70,000
	Principal itame: 2 hall m	sille.	

Principal items: 2 ball mills, 2 tanks, 2 blowers, 2 stirrers, 2 emulsifiers, mixer, 10 molds, oven, 8 small tanks and stirrers, 2 refrigeration units, air compressor, washing tank, boiler, 1 set squeeze rolls, pipes, valves, pumps, conveyors, motors, switches, cutters and related equipment, laboratory equipment, maintenance tools, supply tanks, scales, work tables.

b. WORKING CAPITAL	No. of day	/S
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead (a) Admin. Costs (b), Contin-	60	\$ 21,100
gencies, Sales Costs (c) Training Costs	30	1,600 1,000
Total Working Capital		\$ 23,700

- c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$ 93,700
- 2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

		Annua	1	Annual
a.	Direct Materials	Requiren	ients	Cost
	Latex	124,000	lbs.	\$62,000
	Soap & anti-oxidant	900	,,	320
	Curing agent	1,800	,,	1,000
	Accelerator	500		300
	Sulfur	1,800	, ,	20
	Light oil	3,600	,,	360
	Casein & zinc oxide	4,500	**	1,050
	Potassium hydroxide	500		50
	Chemical additives	4.300	••	9,450
	Clay & other additives	22,100	••	1,550
	Packaging materials			500
	Total		S	76 600
b.	Supplies		•	
	Lubricants & hand tools		8	200
	Cutting tools, abrasives,	welding		150
	Maintenance & spare pa	rts		900
	Office supplies			150
	Total		S	1,400

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

a. Electric Power. Connected load	Annual	Cost
12 hp.	\$	300
b. Fuel. Any local fuel.	\$	500
c. Water. 2.5 million gallons.	<u>\$</u>	600

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- b. External Transport Facilities. No special requirements.

5. MANPOWER

	Number	Annual Cost
Direct Labor		
Skilled	į	\$ 5,000
Semi-skilled	2	8,000
Unskilled	6	18,000
Total	9	\$ 31,000
Indirect Labor		
Manager	i	\$ 8,000
	1	4,000
Maintenance	1	4.000
Total	3	\$ 16.000
	Skilled Semi-skilled Unskilled Total Indirect Labor Manager Office Maintenance	Direct Labor Skilled 1 Semi-skilled 2 Unskilled 6 Total 9 Indirect Labor Manager 1 Office 1 Maintenance 1

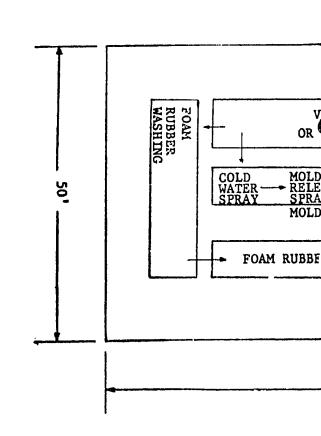
c. Training Needs. Manager should be experienced. With 1 skilled worker he should be able to train other employees and reach full production in 30 days.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs	
Direct Materials	\$ 76,600
Direct Labor	31,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)	18,800
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	9,000
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	9,600
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	5.000
Total Annual Costs	\$150,000
b. Annual Sales Revenue	\$192,000

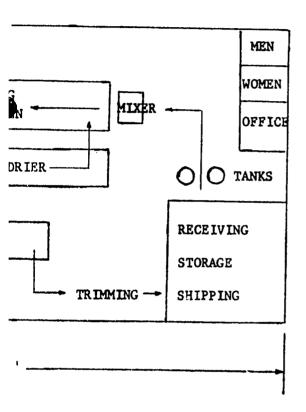
NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

FOAM RUBBER AND PO



THANE FOAM: S.I.C. 2515

WORKFLOW



FOAM RUBBER AND POLYURETHANE FOAM: S. I.C. 2515

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Polythene. A. Renfrew. 1960. \$25.75.

Interscience Publishers, Inc.

250 Fifth Avenue

New York, New York 10001

The history of polythene manufacturing process, the structure of polythene, oxidation and aging, general mechanical properties, testing and specification and processing techniques.

B. Chemistry of Natural and Synthetic Rubber H. L. Fisher. 1957. 216 p.

\$6.50.

Reinhold Publishing Corporation

430 Park Avenue

New York, New York 10022

Complete discussion of many rubbers, both natural and synthetic.

C. Modern Rubber Chemistry. H. Barron. 1948. \$10.00.

D. Van Nostrand Company, Inc.

120 Alexander Street

Princeton, New Jersey

Explains in detail scientific principles underlying present day rubber manufacturing and the chemical and physical properties of rubber.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Rubber Age. Monthly. \$5.00/year. Palmerton Publishing Company 101 West 31st Street New York, New York 10001

B. Rubber World, Monthly. \$5.00/year.
 Bill Brothers Publishing Corporation
 386 Fourth Avenue
 New York, New York 10016

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Processing Foam Rubber. 1R-17093.
Office of Technical Cooperation and Research
Agency for International Development
Washington, D. C. 20523

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

A. Introduction to Rubber Technology. M. Morton. 1959. 553 p. \$11.50. Reinhold Publishing Corporation

430 Park Avenue South

New York, New York 10002

Summary of rubber technology. Rubber plastics, softeners, and extenders. Carbon black, non-black compounding ingredients. Latex sponge and foam physical testing processing equipment for the rubber industry.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

 A. The New Approach to Quality Control. Gratis. McGraw-Hill Publishing Company
 330 West 42nd Street
 New York, New York 10036

VI. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,979,775. 1961. 4 p.
 Method used in the manufacture of products from foam rubber.
- B. Patent No. 2,933,768. 1960. 2 p.
 Manufacturing foam and sponge rubber sheeting.
- C. Patent No. 2,910,724. 1959. 7 p. Apparatus and process for making foam rubber sheeting.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. National Association of Plastic Fabricators 1108 Standard Building Cleveland 13, Ohio
- B. Society of the Plastics Industry 250 Park Avenue New York, New York 10017

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Winner Manufacturing Company, Inc. 100 Sullivan Way Trenton, New Jersey Plastic.
- B. DeBell and Richardson, Inc.
 10 Water Street
 Hazardville, Connecticut
 Research laboratories on plastics and polythene.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Rubber Red Book. Biannually. \$12.50.
 Palmerton Publishing Company, Inc.
 101 West 31st Street
 New York, New York 10001
 Rubber industry, rubber manufactures, and suppliers of equipment and materials.

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 Industry Profiles published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 Industry Profiles to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "Profiles" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U.S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

FOLDING CHAIRS LP. No. 66047

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

' این

FOLDING CHAIRS: Standard Industrial Classification 2531

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Wood slat seat folding chairs, of the type used commonly in assembly halls as temporary seating.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Capital requirements for this industry are modest. Little skilled labor is needed. The major use for this product is in meeting places of various kinds, but it is also usable in the more modest kinds of public eating places, as well as in households as an occasional or outdoor chair. It has many possible uses. This is an industry particularly suited to areas which have suitable locally produced wood. The prospects for this industry should be good in many economically less developed areas.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Assembly halls, schools, sports arenas, eating places, households, etc.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to retail stores, wholesale distributors, large users. Chairs of this type are often bought by establishments that hire out equipment for meetings.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. This product is easily portable and may be distributed over a fairly wide area. However, as with other such simple products, small-scale workshops can often produce sufficiently good alternaives to the factory product and in their immediate vicinity can provide competition if the factory product has to be transported very far. The ability to produce local substitutes almost anywhere at a low price means that this product does not often figure in international trade.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Markt. Competition from imports is unlikely.

 There is some competition from metal furniture with plastic seats. Locally produced rattan furniture may also compete Competition from small-scale producers is discussed in paragraph 3 above. b. Export Market. Plant would be unlikely to find any export outlets.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. In view of the great differences that exist in the living and social habits of different peoples, it is difficult to generalize on the size of the market required for this plant. However, it should generally be possible to find an outlet for the production of a plant such as this in an urban area with a total population of about a million people and an average rate of growth and new construction.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 20,000 Chairs

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

ล.	FIXED CAPITAL Land. About 5.000 sq. ft.	s	Cost
	Building. One story, 40'x50'.	Ĭ	12,000
	Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures. Prodn. tools & equipmt. 88,000 Other tools & equipmt. 2.000		
	Furnitures & fixtures 700 Total (excl. Land)	_	10,700
	Principal Items. Radial cutoff saw,	·	22,700
	jointer, planer, drill press, band saw trim saw, table belt sander, single end tenoner, chain mortiser, paint spraying equipment, assembling presses.		

b. WORKING CAPITAL

of Day	S	
60	\$	8,300
30		800 2,400
	\$	11,500
	60	30

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$ 34,200

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

		Annual	Ä	Annual
a.	Direct Materials	Regumts.	-	Cost
	Lumber	100,000 bd. ft.	S	10,000
	Hardware			500
	Glue			800
	Total		8	11,300

υ.	aupplies		
	Lubricants &	hand	tools
	Cutting tools		

h Cumpline

200
500
500
200
\$ 1.500

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

		Amma	ii Cost
 etric Power. our 30 hp.	Connected load	8	900
•			

- b. Fuel. Scrap wood.
- c. Water. For glue in production process, & for general purposes. 100

4. TRANSPORTATION

- a. Own Transport Equipment. None necessary.
- b. External Transport Facilities. No special requirements.

5. MANPOWER

	Number	Annual Cost
 a. Direct Labor 		
Skilled	2	\$ 10,000
Semi-skilled	2	8,000
Unskilled	2	6,000
Total	6	\$ 24,000
h tataa tahaa	_	

N. I. . . 1.

h.

Indirect Labor		
Manager - buys, sells,		
and supervises	1	\$ 8,000
Office	1	4,000
Total	2	\$ 12,000
A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A -		

c. Training Needs. Manager must have experience. With aid of 1 skilled worker, he should be able to do all necessary labor training. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs

Direct Materials	8 11,300
Direct Labor	24,000
Manufacturing overhead(a)	14,500
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies	4,000
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts	6,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital	1,600
Total Annual Costs	\$ 61,400

b. Annual Sales Revenue \$ 80,000

NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Water, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

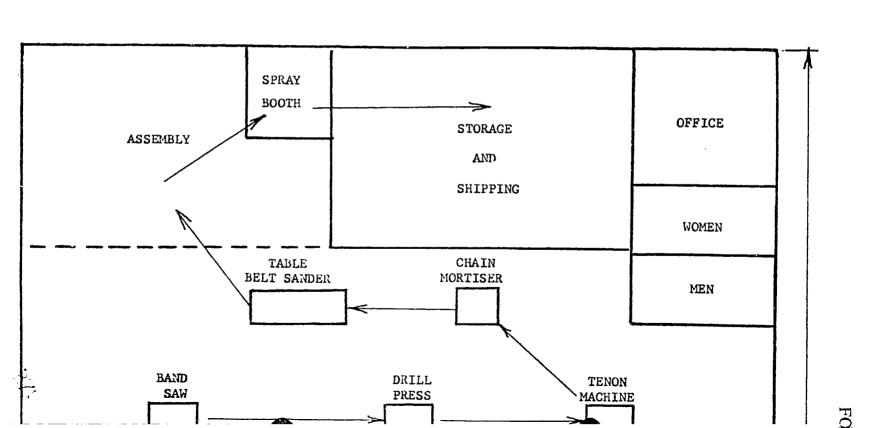
8

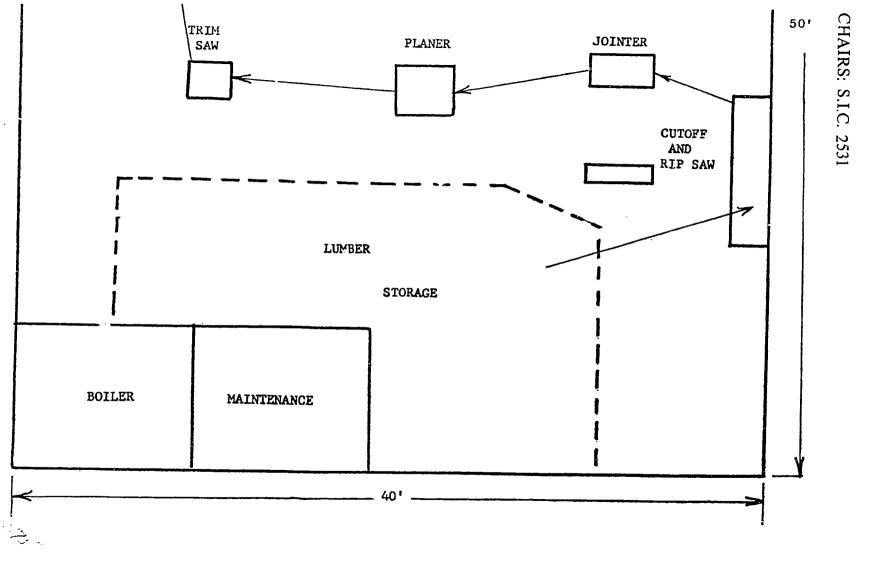
100

FOLDING CHAIRS: S.I.C. 2531



PLANT LAYOUT
ARROWS INDICATE WORK FLOW





FOLDING CHAIRS: S. I. C. 2531

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Furniture Making and Cabinet Work. B. W. Pelton. 1949. 602 p. Illus. \$7.95.

D. Van Nostrand Company, Inc.

120 Alexander Street

Princeton, New Jersey

Outdoor and indoor furniture construction and finishing.

II. PERIODICALS

The Wood Worker. Monthly. \$2.00/year.

S. H. Smith Company

2232 North Meridan Street

Indianapolis, Indiana

News and technical information on all phases of wood working.

Monthly. \$5.00/year Furniture Manufacturer.

Vincent Edwards, Inc.

342 Madison Avenue

New York, New York

Furniture components, manufacturing processes, construction and finishing.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

Wood Furniture Industry. TB-118.

Office of Technical Cooperation and Research

Agency for International Development

Washington, D. C. 20523

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Furniture Joinery. W. W. Klenke. 1943. 144 p. Illus. \$2.25.

Charles A. Bennet Company, Inc.

237 North Monroe Street

Peoria 2, Illinois

A picturized treatment of procedures and methods used to make the right joint, the wood to use, and the services to be expected from the finished articles.

TECHNICAL PAPERS

\$1.00. A Wood Furniture Finishing. H. B. Gatslick. 1956. 82 p. Working Digest. Technical Series Reprint No. 108.

Hitchcock Publishing Company

Wheaton, Illinois

Description of finishing techniques in wood working and the materials and tools used.

Cutting Techniques for woodworkers, T. D. Perry, 1955, 60 p. \$.50, A Woodworking D. gest. Technical Series Reprint No. 107.

Hitchcock Publishing Company

Wheaton, Illinois

Descriptions of cutting techniques in wood working and of the tools used therein.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

VI. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each

- A. Patent No. 2,767,776. 1956. 5 p. Material and method of making folding chairs.
- B. Patent No. 2,705,043. 1955. 4 p. Process for manufacturing folding chairs.
- C. Patent No. 2,567,111. 1951. 8 p. Manufacture of folding chairs.
- D. Patent No. 2,541,131. 1951. 6 p. Manufacturing folding chairs.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. National Association of Furniture Manufacturers

 666 Lake Shore Drive
 Chicago 11, Illinois
 Keeps members informed of the latest developmnets in machinery, materials, processes, and market opportunities.

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. United States Machinery Company, Inc.
 90 Broad Street
 New York, New York 10004
 Industrial woodworking machinery. Designs and installs woodworking plants.
- B. Fay and Egan Company
 2024 Eastern Avenue
 Cincinnati, Ohio
 A broad line of woodworking machinery and equipment.

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Hitchcock's Woodworking Directory. Biennial. \$.10.00. Hitchcock Publishing Company Wheaton, Illinois Lists manufacturers and suppliers of over 800 products used in the woodworking industry, as well as listing trade names, trade associations and other data.

FOLDING CHAIRS: S.I.C. 2531

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 Industry Profiles published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 Industry Profiles to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "Profiles" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

CORRUGATED FIBER BOXES

I. P. No. 66048

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or medium-scale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

CORRUGATED FIBER BOXES: Standard Industrial Classification 2653

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Corrugated boxes made from purchased paperboard. Plant can also make corrugated fiberboard for interior packing of fragile articles and for other uses. To save shipping space boxes are almost always shipped knocked down flat, ready to be made up by users. Production capacity of plant is given in terms of boxes requiring an average of 13.2 square feet of board each, which after allowance for folding and waste makes a box approximately 1 foot square by 2 feet long.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Corrugated boxes are strong, resilient, light in weight and inexpensive. In the United States about 90% of all packaged freight is shipped in corrugated containers, and they are now often used for quite heavy articles. This industry is developing steadily and appears to have possibilities of further substantial growth. The manufacturing operations are simple and call for little skilled labor. On the other hand, from the viewpoint of underdeveloped areas, the industry has the disadvantage that even the smallest economically and technically feasible mechanized plant necessitates a rather high investment, with correspondingly high production capacity. The economic feasibility of this plant is tied in with the development of secondary industries in general. When an extensive enough complex of them has been built up, this industry would appear to have a promising future.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. <u>USERS.</u> Industries producing packaged foodstuffs, articles of metal, glass, ceramics, rubber, plastics, etc. Also firms engaged in packing and forwarding.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Almost all sales are made direct to user industries.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. The boxes, shipped flat, and the corrugated board for interior packing and other purposes are easy to handle and transport costs are not burdensome. Potential market may be nation wide. b. Export. These products are exported all over the world by countries producing paper products on a large scale.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Unless costs are abnormally high, this industry should be able to compete effectively with imports. As regards alternative materials, corrugated fiber boxes successfully compete with wooden boxes for an increasing number of uses. b. Export Market. Plant under consideration might be able to export to nearby areas of neighboring countries not possessing similar manufacturing facilities, but it would not be in a position to compete in general export business with countries producing on a large scale.
- MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. In the United States per capita utilization of corrugated boxes is close to 40 boxes of average size per annum. Such a high rate of utilization is due to the great variety of manufactured articles of all types produced in the U.S., widespread use of packaged foodstuffs, and fact that goods are often shipped long distances within the country. In some less developed areas few manufactured articles requiring such packaging may be produced, demand for such articles often being met very largely by imports: packaged foodstuffs are usually uncommon; and markets for articles of daily consumption tend to be local and therefore elaborate packaging is less Where such industries as paint, soap, rubber-soled shoes, light bulbs, toys, canned fruit, etc. have been started, demand for corrugated boxes will arise. Where export trade in manufactured products has been developed, demand will be correspondingly more active. A survey of consumer industries, actual and potential, should usually be feasible. In some cases it will probably be found that wooden boxes are being used, e.g. for paint, where corrugated boxes would A study of the potential, as well as the actual, market is be as good or better. therefore of special importance.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - ONE-SHIFT OPERATION: 5.4 MILLION BOXES

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a. FIXED CAPITAL	Cost
Land. 2-1/2 acres.	s
Building. One story, 120'x240'.	175,000
Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.	
Prodn. tools & equipment \$255,000	
Other tools & equipment 5,000	
Furniture & fixtures 2 000	
Transportation equipmt. 2,500	264,500
Total (excl. Land)	\$439,500
Principal Items 68" single facer	

Principal Items. 68" single facer with rolls, mill roll stands, single preheating unit, duplex preheating unit, bridge & conveyor, glue machine, double facer, duplex slitter scorer, single sheet cut-off, sheet stacker & delivery, 2-ton electric hoists, 38"x 78" 2-color printer slotter, creaser & trimmer 50"x106" 2-color printer-slotter, creaser & trimmer, 82" slitting & scoring machine, single operator automatic taper, steam boiler 200 p.s.i., starch equipment, pick-up truck.

b. WORKING CAPITAL No. of Days

Direct Materials, Direct		
Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a)	60	\$113,500
Admin. & Sales Costs(b),		
Contingencies	30	8,000
Training Costs		12,000
Total Working Capital		\$133,500

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$573,000

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

	Annuai Cost
a. Direct Materials	
Inner linings	\$184,300
Corrugated medium	118,500
Outer liner	183,800
Starch	14,000
Finishing	22.000
Total	\$522,300
b. Supplies	
Lubricants & hand tools	\$ 100
Maintenance	1,000
Spare parts	4,500
Hand tools	200
Office supplies	300
Total	\$ 6,100

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER

	Annual Cost
a. Electric Power. Connected load 120 hp.	\$ 7,400
b. Fuel. 114,000 gals. bunker C oil annually.	\$ 8,000
e. Water. For boiler, sanitation, fire protection.	\$ 700

4. TRANSPORTATION	Annual	
	Operating	Cost
a. Own Transport Equipment. 1-ton truck for pickups &		
local deliveries.	8	900

b. External Transport Facilities. 'Total in and out shipments about 625 tons a month. Plant should be located on good highway and, if possible, on railroad siding.

5. MANPOWER

	Number	Annual Cost
a. Direct Labor		
Skilled	3	\$ 15,000
S mi skilled	7	28,000
Unskilled	20	60 000
Total	30	\$103,000
b. Indirect Labor		
Manager	1	8 10 000
Office staff	3	12,000
Other	3	\$ 10,500
<u>Total</u>	7	\$ 32,500

c. Training Needs. Manager should be fully experienced. With 3 skilled workers, he should be able to do all necessary labor training. Plant should reach full production in 2 months.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

-	22,300	a. Annual Costs	
	22,300	Direct Materials	\$522,300
		Direct Labor	103,000
		Manufacturing Overhead(a)	55,600
8	100	Admin. & Sales Costs(b), Bad	
	1,000	Debts, Contingencies	94,500
	4,500	Depreciation on Fixed Capital	33,700
	200 300	Total Annual Costs	\$809,100
S	6,100	b. Annual Sales Revenue	894 5 ,000

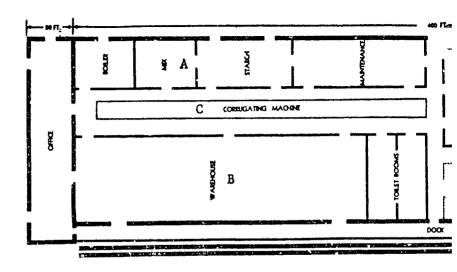
NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Transportation, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges, Sales Commissions, Freight Out, Travel.

Annual Cast

CORRUGATED FIBER BOXES S.LC. 2653

CORRUGATED FI

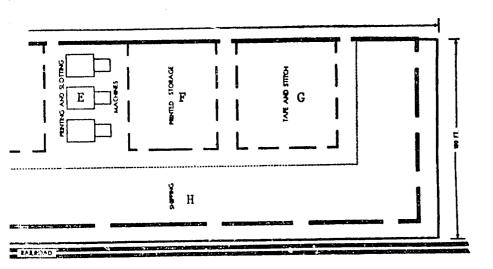
PLANT LAYOU



- A. Mix adhesive
- B. Board stock
- C. Corrugating machine
- D. Corrugated storage

BOXES: S.I.C. 2653

D WORKFLOW



- E. Printing and slotting
- F. Printed storage
- G. Tape and stitch
- H. Storage and shipping

CORRUGATED FIBER BOXES: S.I.C. 2653

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

A. Mechanical Properties of Wood and Paper. R. Merideth. 300 p. \$7.25 Interscience Publishers, Inc.

250 Fifth Avenue

New York, New York 10001

Elastic and plastic properties; swelling and shrinking; papermaking; testing; tensile studies; compressibility and folding endurance.

B. Packaging Engineering. D. C. Barail. 1954. 414 p. \$9.50.
 Avi Publishing Company, Inc.
 P. O. Box 388
 Westport, Connecticut

Design and porduction of fiber boxes, management and engineering.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Box Board Containers. Monthly. \$7.00/year.
 Haywood Publishing Company
 North Michigan Avenue
 Chicago 2, Illinois
 Manufacturing practices, production methods.

B. Fiber Containers. Monthly. \$9.00/year.
 Board Products Publishing Company
 228 North La Salle
 Chicago I, Illinois
 Serving the over-all paperboard field, with economic analyses, technical articles on paperboard containers, their application and trade notes.

III. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Modern Packaging. pp. 77-78. June 1960. Gratis. World Report Editor
 Modern Packaging
 575 Madison Avenue
 New York, New York 10022
 Abstracts from foreign packaging magazines.

IV. TECHNICAL PAPERS

A. Military and Government Packaging. 40 p. \$2.00.
 Peacock Business Press, Inc.
 200 South Prospect Avenue
 Park Ridge, Illinois
 Reprinted from Paper, Film and Foil Converter and American Paper Merchant.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,835,432. May 20, 1958. 4 p. Ventilated box or carton made from fibrous materials
- B. Patent No. 2,510,004. May 30, 1950. 4 p. Telescopic shipping carton made of corrugated board, fiberboard, or other bendable material.
- C. Patent No. 2,362,181. Nov. 7,1944. 3 p. This patent applies to an improved construction for shipping or mailing boxes.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

- A. Fiber Box Association
 224 South Michigan Avenue
 Chicago 4, Illinois
 Keeps members informed of developments and progress in technology and products in the fiber box industry.
- B. National Paperboard Association
 224 South Michigan Avenue
 Chicago, Illinois 60604
 Association for development and promotion of paperboard, for major direct material used in the production of corrugated fiber boxes.

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

A. Rust Engineering Company
930 Fort Duquesne Boulevard
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Complete service in consultation, engineering, procurement, and construction.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Source of Supply Directory. 1268 p. \$6.00.
 Peacock Business Press, Inc.
 200 South Prospect Avenue
 Park Ridge, Illinois
 20,000 listings. Paper mills, converters, classified products, geographical directory, manufacturers' representatives, importers, exporters, supplies manufacturers, and trade associations.

CORRUGATED FIBER BOXES: S.I.C. 2653

270

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 Industry Profiles published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 Industry Profiles to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "Profiles" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, V:rginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

FIBERBOARD

I. P. No. 66049

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basis information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

This fiberboard is made from wood fibers or wood pulp. It is produced in sections four feet by eight feet by one-half inch thick. Other lengths widths and thicknesses can be produced, if desired.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

Capital requirements are rather large but not much skilled labor is needed. Prospects for the plant depend on the volume and kind of building construction in the area and to a less extent on the existence of user industries, as well as on the relative cost of alternative materials. In general the utilization of fiberboard is increasing, and the prospects for such a plant are good in many developing areas.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Builders, furniture makers who use it as a core for veneered wood.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales to builders, building materials supply houses, and to furniture makers. Active sales promotion may be necessary in areas where fiberboard is not yet commonly used.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. The product is easily transported and the domestic market may be very extensive. There is an international market for it, but large manufacturers who can produce cheaply and have the resources to organize an export business have the bulk of the trade.
- 4. COMPETITION. a. Domestic Market. Competition may come both from other materials and from imports. Careful attention must be paid to keeping down costs, so as to be able to sell profitably at a competitive price, and also to quality maintenance. b. Export Market. Some exports to nearby foreign areas may be possible, but the plant is not large enough to compete generally in the international market.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Since there will be great differences between different communities in the amount of construction going on and in the extent to which fiberboard is used in construction, the market needed cannot be estimated in terms of total population. A careful study of the market potential is needed to ascertain whether there is sufficient demand for the product in the area in which it is feasible to market it.

PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

ANNUAL CAPACITY - THREE-SHIFT OPERATION: 23 Million Square Feet

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

a. FIXED CAPITAL		Cost
Land, About 2 acres.	Ş	
Building, 60'x300', with 60'x150'		
basement.		144,000
Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures.		
Produ. tools & equipmt. \$764,000		
Other tools & equipmt. 2,000		
Furniture & fixtures 1,000		
Transportation equipme. 4,000		771,000
Total (excl. Land)	ï	915,000
Principal Items. Wood shaver, hamr		
and screen, double quick pulper, 6"	ce	n-
trifugal pumps (5), screw presses (2),		
digester pulp refiners (2), pulp washe	r	
thickener, consistency regulator, stor		
tank, agitator, cylinder board machir	ıc,	
presses, wet saw and trimming saw, b	ooi	ler
400 hp250 p. s. i., starters, valves,		
 piping and spare parts, welding equip 	p-	
ment, compressor, hand tools, deliver	ry	
trucks.		

b. WORKING CAPITAL

No.	of Da	ıys	
Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a)	60	 \$	83,400
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs	30		12,800 4 000
Total Working Capital		8	100,200

c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$1,015,200

2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES Annual Cost

a.	Direct Materials		
	Logs for pulp wood	8	162,000
	Chemical adhesives	•	120,000
	Chemical insecticides		15,000
	Packaging materials		3,000
	Total	<u>\$</u> _	300,000
b.	Supplies		
	Lubricants & hand tools	S	400
	Cutting tools & abrasives		200
	Maintenance & spare parts		3,000
	Welding gas and rods		200
	Office supplies		200
	Total	S	4,000

3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER Annual Cost

a. Electric Power. Connected	l load \$ 15,000
b. Fuel.	s 12,000
c. Water. 16,000 gals. a minu	te. <u>\$</u> 3,000

4. TRANSPORTATION

Five-ton truck.

5. MANPOWER

Annual Operating Cost a. Own Transport Equipment. 1,200

Annual Cost

b. External Transport Facilities. In and out shipments average 60 tons a day. Good highways essential, and railroad facilities, if possible.

6	S	30 000
9		36,000
12		36,000
27	Š	102.000
_	_	
•		
4	S	34,000
3		13,000
river 4		16,000
ΙÏ	s	63,000
	9 12 27 27	9 12 27 8

Number

c. Training Needs. Manager and 3 supervisors must be experienced. With 6 skilled workers they should be able to train other employees and reach full production in 30 days.

6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE

a. Annual Costs		
Direct Materials	\$	300,000
Direct Labor		102,000
Manufacturing Overhead(a)		98,200
Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies		78,000
Sales Costs(c), Bad Debts		75,000
Depreciation on Fixed Capital		82,800
<u>Total</u>	\$	736,000
b. Annual Sales Revenue	81	,000,000

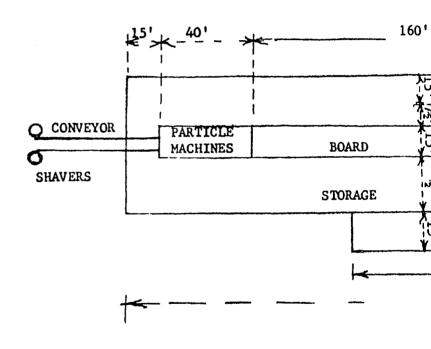
NOTES: (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water, Transportation, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight out, Travel.

FIBER BOARD: S.I.C. 2661

FIBER BOA

PLANT

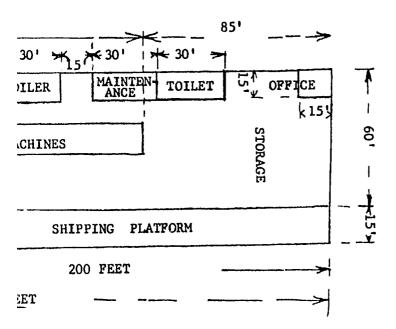
Workflow continuous from s



I.C. 2661

JT

rough board machines.



FIBER BOARD: S.I.C. 2661

SELECTED REFERENCES

TEXTBOOKS I.

A. Modern Pulp and Paper Making. J.B. Calkin. 1957. 558 p. \$10.00. Reinhold Publishing Corporation 430 Park Avenue New York, New York 10022 Encompasses the modern methods of wood pulp manufacture.

11. PER ODICALS

Fiber Containers and Paperboard Mills. Monthly. \$9.00/year. Board Products Publishing Company 228 North La Salle Street Chicago I, Illinois New developments in industry.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

A. Dry Method Pressborad Panels. 1R-26941. January 1961. Office of Technical Cooperation and Research Agency for International Development Washington, D.C. 20523 Presents information on dry methods for the manufacture of pressboard panels.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

945 p. Illus. \$12.00. McGraw-Hill-Book Company, Inc. 330 West 42nd Street New York, New York 10036 Preparation and treatment of wood pulp. Manufacture and testing of paper and board.

Pulp and Paper Manufacture Series. J.N. Stephenson. Vol. III. 1953.

B. Insulating Board, Hardboard, and Other Structural Fiberboards. Lewis and Schwartz. 1959. 16 p. Gratis.

Forest Products Laboratory Forest Service

U.S. Department of Agriculture

Madison, Wisconsin

Technical data on fiber board and fiber board manufacture.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. U.S. PATENTS

Available U.S. Patent Office Washington, D.C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,987,122. 1961 9 p. Apparatus for producing fiber board.
- B. Patent No. 2,924, 548. 1960. 4 p. Process for making fiber board product.
- C. Patent No. 2,918, 398. 1959. 4 p. Process for making artificial board from fiber.
- D. Patent No. 2,881,669. 1959. 6 p. Fiber board production and product.
- E. Patent No. 2,821,120. 1958. 14 p. Machine for making fiber board.

VI. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. National Particle Board Association 711 14th Street, N.W. Washington, D.C.

VII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Apmew, Inc.
 P.O. Box 1
 Glens Falls, New York
 Complete plants for pulp, paper and fiber board.
- B. Alven H. Johnson and Company, Inc.
 417 Lexington Avenue
 New York, New York 10017
 Complete plants for pulp, paper, and fiber board.
- C. Sandy Hill Iron and Brass Works
 Hudson Falls, New York
 Designers and builders of pulp, paper, and fiber board plants.

VIII. DIRECTORIES

A. Official Board Mill Directory. Annual. \$7.00.
 Board Products Publishing Company
 228 North La Salle Street
 Chicago 1, Illinois
 Lists over 450 manufacturers with production capacities and grades of products produced.

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 Industry Profiles published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 Industry Profiles to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "Profiles" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12 Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

INDUSTRY PROFILES

CAUSTIC SODA

I. P. No. 66050

Industry Profiles are intended to promote the development of private industry in the developing countries by assembling economic and technical information in a professional analysis to support basic decisions in the establishment of small or mediumscale plants in a specific industry. The information contained in a profile is selected and organized for the guidance of the entrepreneur in the less developed country.

Industry Profiles contain basic information on market aspects, production rates, capital requirements, materials and supplies, utilities, manpower operating costs and sales revenues. Work-flow diagrams and, in some instances, machinery layouts are included along with references to sources of technical information, professional services, patents, materials and equipment.

The profiles adopt as a benchmark, productivity rates and costs which could be anticipated under conditions prevailing in the United States. Anticipated profits are before taxes. Since conditions vary widely from country to country, the entrepreneur using this profile must make suitable adjustments to conditions prevailing in his country. This profile should help in reaching correct assumptions.

CAUSTIC SODA: Standard Industrial Classification 2812

A. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Caustic soda, NaOH, is a water soluble white solid. It is made by the electrolysis of salt and in other ways. Chlorine and hydrogen are by-products of the electrolysis method. Chlorine gas can be converted to liquid by low pressure method. In that form it can be shipped in cylinders and tank cars. Hydrogen can be combined with chlorine to make hydrochloric acid.

B. GENERAL EVALUATION

This plant requires a large amount of capital. Manufacturing operations necessitate an ample and regular supply of electric power. A major problem in this industry often is to find markets for the chlorine produced as a by-product. It is very important to survey the market for chlorine as well as for caustic soda, as inability to market sufficient quantities of the former may determine the profitability or otherwise of the operation.

C. MARKET ASPECTS

- 1. USERS. Caustic soda is used by soap factories and some chemical industries.

 Chlorine is used for water purification, bleaching, and other purposes. Hydrogen is used in some chemical processes.
- 2. SALES CHANNELS AND METHODS. Sales direct to user industries, water works, etc.
- 3. GEOGRAPHICAL EXTENT OF MARKET. a. Domestic. Transport cost is an important factor in limiting the market area, and users will normally make their purchases from the supplier who can give them the lowest delivered price, though exceptionally they may pay higher prices for speed of delivery. The market area is conditioned by the same factors as operate in the case of other bulk standardized commodities. b. Export. Caustic soda is widely exported.
- 4. COMPETITION. a Domestic Market. Generally there should be no difficulty in competing with imports if the plant is well located in relation to user industries. b. Export Market. Some exports to nearby countries might be possible, but the plant is too small to engage in general export trade.
- 5. MARKET NEEDED FOR PLANT DESCRIBED. Normally it is necessary to have a sizable complex of user industries located in the vicinity of the plant, or at points to which the products can be easily and cheaply delivered.

D. PRODUCTION REQUIREMENTS

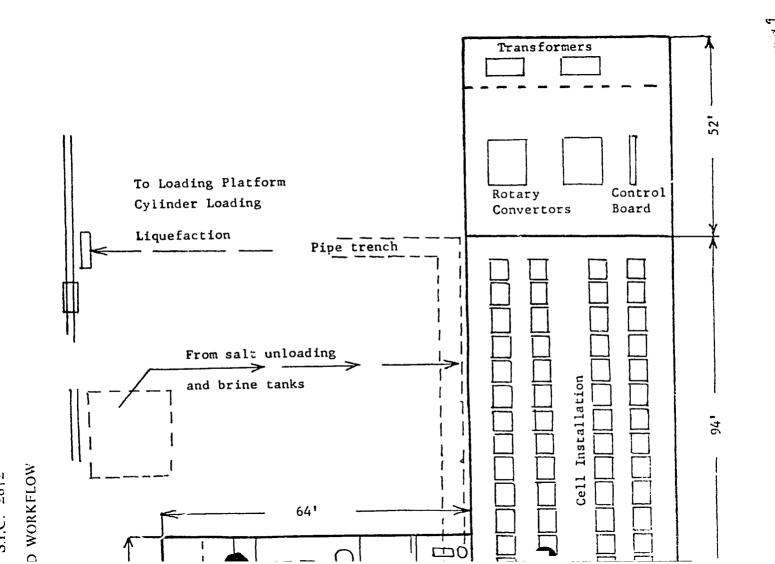
ANNUAL CAPACITY - THREE-SHIFT OPERATION: 7,000 Tons Caustic Soda, 6,230 Tons Chlorine

1. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS	3. POWER, FUEL AND WATER Annual Cost
a. FIXED CAPITAL Land. About 2 acres. Building. Main bldg. 44.5'x252'; office 1st floor 49'x64'; 2nd floor 49'x54'. Equipment, Furniture & Fixtures. Prodn. tools &	a. Electric Power. About 13,650,000 kw-hr annually. b. Fuel. About 850 tons bunker C oil c. Water. About 110 million gals. 8 12,800 8 27,500
equipment \$1,120,600 Other tools & equipmt. 150,000 Furniture & fixtures 1,000 Transportation eqpint. 4,000 Toal (excl. Land) Principal Items. Brine treatment tanks and conveyor, electrolytic	4. TRANSPORTATION a. Own Transport Equipment. Five-ton truck for pickup and delivery. b. External Transport Facilities. External Transport Facilities. Payloged
cells, transformers, switches, converters, evaporators, tanks, pipes, valves, pumps, fans and boiler.	freight totals 40 tons per day. Railroad facilities and good highways are necessary. 5. MANPOWER Number Annual Cost a. Direct Labor
b. WORKING CAPITAL Direct Materials, Direct Labor, Mfg. Overhead(a) Admin. Costs(b), Contingencies, Sales Costs(c) Training Costs Total Working Capital No. of Days 60 \$ 73,700 11,500 6,000 8 91,200	Skilled 3 \$ 18,000 Semi-skilled 6 30,000 Unskilled 9 36,000 Total 18 \$ 84,000 b. Indirect Labor
c. TOTAL CAPITAL (EXCL. LAND) \$1,521,600 2. MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES	Manager & supervisors 3 \$ 32,000 Office workers 4 16,000 Others 6 30,000
Annual Requires Annual Requires Annual Requires	c. Training Needs. Manager should be fully experienced. With 3 supervisors he should be able to train employees and reach full production in 60 days. 6. TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS AND SALES REVENUE a. Annual Costs
Total S 75,000	Direct Materials \$ 75.000 84,000 84,000 84,000 84,000 84,000 84,000 84,000 84,000 84,000 86,000 86,000 86,000 8728.000 872

NOTES. (a) Includes Supplies, Power, Fuel, Water Transportation, Indirect Labor. (b) Includes Interest, Insurance, Legal & Audit Charges. (c) Includes Sales Commissions, Freight Out Travel.

CAUSTIC SODA: S.I C. 2812

44.51



CAUSTIC SODA: S. I. C. 2812

SELECTED REFERENCES

I. TEXTBOOKS

Industrial Electrochemistry. C. L. Mantell. 1950. 781 p. Illus. \$12.50 McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York, New York 10036

A comprehensive treatment of electrochemistry.

Plant Design and Economics for Chemical Engineers. Max S. Peters. 511p. Illus. \$12.00

McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York, New York 10036

Design principles, methods and major plant factors in the design of plants.

II. PERIODICALS

A. Chemical Engineering. Weekly. \$3.00/year.

McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.

330 West 42nd Street

New York, New York 10036

Chemical and Engineering News. Weekly. \$6.00/year.

Industrial and Engineering Chemistry

American Chemical Society

1155 16th Street, N. W.

Washington, D. C.

III. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS, U.S.

Combination of Diaphragm and Mercury Cells for Production of Caustic Soda and Chlorine. IR-27658-W

Office of Technical Cooperation and Research

Agency for International Development

Washington, D. C. 20523

This report provides a description of the plant and principal methods of making caustic soda and chlorine and a description of the plant and operation required for such manufacture.

IV. OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Inorgantic Process Industries. K. A. Kobe. 371 p. \$6.50

Macmillan Company

60 Fifth Avenue

New York, New York

Explains the theory of industrial processes for such as those involving natural soduim salts.

Encyclopedia of Chemical Technology. R. E. Kirk and D. Pothmer.

15 vols. \$400.

Interscience Publishers, Inc.

250 Fifth Avenue

New York, New York 1001

Thorough coverage of the fields of chemical engineering and industrial chemistry.

SELECTED REFERENCES (Continued)

V. TECHNICAL PAPERS

 A. The New Approach to Quality Control. Gratis. McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. 330 West 42nd Street New York, New York 10036

VI. U. S. PATENTS

Available U. S. Patent Office Washington, D. C. 20231 \$.25 each.

- A. Patent No. 2,967,807. 1961. 6 p. Electrolytic decomposition of sodium chloride in the manufacture of caustic soda.
- B. Patent No. 2,909,412. 1959. 4 p. Process for production of caustic soda by electrolysis.
- C. Patent No. 2,829,095. 1958. 5 p. Method of production of caustic soda and other compounds by multicompartment electrolysis.

VII. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS

A. American Institute of Chemical Engineers
 345 East 47th Street
 New York, New York 10017

VIII. ENGINEERING COMPANIES

- A. Hooker Chemical Corporation Niagara Falls, New York
- B. Diamond Alkali Company Union Commerce Building Cleveland 14, Ohio

IX. DIRECTORIES

A. Library Guide for the Chemist. Byron A. Soule. 285 p. \$5.75.
 McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.
 330 West 42nd Street
 New York, New York 10036

PRE-INVESTMENT FEASIBILITY STUDY SUGGESTED

The foregoing information must be necessarily presented in concise form. Before an investment is made in a plant a feasibility study is suggested. The investor, for his planning, should have more information dealing with the specific locality contemplated. For obvious reasons, such information cannot be included in *Industry Profiles*. Such a study, therefore, should explore local factors and conditions, including costs, sources of raw materials and supplies, availability of utilities and fuel, manpower, transportation, etc.

The investor will need reasonably accurate information on Government and legal requirements, banking and financing, potential demand, competition, construction services, and manpower training requirements. Further, he should consider developing plans for management and production controls, operating procedures, and sales promotion.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

The price of *Industry Profiles* is a minimum of \$3.00 for from one to five "Profiles." The purchaser may select up to five of any "Profiles" available.

Complete sets of the 250 Industry Profiles published in 1966, I. P. No. 66001 through I. P. No. 66250 consecutively, may be purchased for \$125.00 per set. Complete sets of the 150 Industry Profiles to be published in 1967, I. P. No. 67251 through I. P. No. 67400 consecutively, may be purchased for \$75.00 per set. The latter "Profiles" will automatically be shipped to full set purchasers upon release.

Address orders to: U.S. Department of Commerce Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, 410.12
Springfield, Virginia 22151

Prepayment is required. Make check or money order payable to National Bureau of Standards — CFSTI. Clearinghouse deposit account holders may charge purchases to their accounts.

GENERAL INFORMATION

An Index of Industry Profiles is available on request from the Agency for International Development, AA/PRR, Washington, D. C. 20523.

This Industry Profile was prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by International Development Services, Inc., Washington, D. C.

 V_{a_L}