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FISHERIES STOCK ASSESSMENT

TITLE XII

Collaborative Research Support Program



**Fisheries Stock Assessment CRSP Management Office
International Programs, College of Agriculture
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In cooperation with the United States Agency for International Development (Grant No. DAN-4146-G-SS-5071-00) the Fisheries Stock Assessment CRSP involves the following participating institutions:

The University of Maryland—Center for Environmental and Estuarine Studies

The University of Rhode Island—International Center for Marine Resource Development

The University of Washington—Center for Quantitative Sciences

The University of Costa Rica—Centro de Investigación en Ciencias del Mar y Limnología

The University of the Philippines—Marine Science Institute (Diliman)—College of Fisheries (Visayas)

In collaboration with The University of Delaware; The University of Maryland—College of Business and Management; The University of Miami; and The International Center for Living Aquatic Resources Management (ICLARM).

WORKING PAPER SERIES

Working Paper No. 36

"User's Guide to
MCON
(Multiple COhort N-dimensional model)"
Modern Fisheries Economics"

by
Jerald S. Ault and William W. Fox, Jr.
University of Miami

March, 1988

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The Fisheries Stock Assessment CRSP (sponsored in part by USAID Grant No. DAN-4146-G-SS-5071-00) is intended to support collaborative research between the U.S. and developing countries' universities and research institutions on fisheries stock assessment and management strategies.

This Working Paper was produced by the University of Maryland-Center for Environmental and Estuarine Studies and the University of Costa Rica-Centro de Investigacion en Ciencias del Mar y Limnologia (CIMAR) in association with the University of Delaware and the University of Miami. Additional copies are available from the CRSP Management Office and from:

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Fisheries Stock Assessment CRSP

**USER'S GUIDE To
MCON (Multiple COhort N-dimensional model)**

by

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February 1988

MCON - Multiple COhort N-dimensional

I. Identification

Program Name: MCON Version 1.0
Language: FORTRAN
Reference: Ault, J.S. 1988. *Nonlinear Numerical Simulation Models for Assessing Tropical Fisheries with Continuously Breeding Multicohort Populations*. Ph.D. Dissertation. University of Miami, Florida. 242p.

MCON is a generalized dynamic differenced second-order numerical model designed to compute the coupled nonlinear abundance/density second-order differential equations to simulate continuous N-cohort age-structured multicohort population behavior. The present version is coded in VAX FORTRAN V4.5-219 for the Digital mainframe, and FORTRAN 77 for the COMPAQ 286 and IBM-PC/AT compatible microcomputers.

II. Introduction

MCON is a widely applicable second-order nonlinear differential equation multicohort population simulation model. The model incorporates salient population features through continuous nonlinear age-structured effects. The model uses coupled abundance-density equations for tropical multicohort populations. The system of equations is n -dimensional. The numerical running scheme employed is a second order finite differenced system. The time-step is resolved in terms of the highest changing rate parameter. The model was developed to understand the time evolution of tropical multicohort fishery systems. Component mechanisms programmed into the present model which affect each cohort life stage are: (i) resource assimilation rate, (ii) environmental carrying capacities for each age strata, (iii) basal metabolic rate, (iv) optimal weights at age strata, (v) density-dependent instantaneous natural mortality rate, (vi) density -dependent intraspecific competition coefficients, (vii) density-dependent net fecundity and birth rates.

III. Input File → MCON.DAT

FORMAT 2(8F10.0): Variable type: *REAL* ≡ two rows per cohort.

- R(J) ≡ resource assimilation or intrinsic growth rate.
- A(J) ≡ environmental carrying capacity for ensemble cohort.
- B(I,J) ≡ competition coefficient between ensemble cohort i and the specific j cohort abundances (n-1 values required per cohort where n equals the total number of cohorts simulated).
- F(J) ≡ fishing and/or predatory pressure for the ith aged individual of the jth cohort.
- AL(J) ≡ intrinsic basal metabolic costs rate for the ensemble cohort.
- XMU(J) ≡ instantaneous natural mortality rate for the ensemble individual of the jth cohort.
- XN(J,DT) ≡ system starting population abundance for cohort j during time-step Δt (four time-stepped values are required as initial guesses).
- FJ(J) ≡ ensemble fecundity for the jth age class.
- RIJ(J) ≡ instantaneous rate of recruitment from the jth to the ith population region.

FORMAT (4F10.0) Variable type: *REAL*

- DT ≡ time-step.
- WINF(J) ≡ optimal weight for the ith ensemble individual of the jth aged cohort (one value per cohort).

FORMAT (5I10) Variable type: *INTEGER*

- NOC ≡ number of cohorts used in simulation.
- MIN ≡ maximum number of time steps used in the forward differencing calculations.
- MAX ≡ maximum number of time steps used in the centered differencing calculations.
- INC ≡
- NPINC ≡ number of time steps incremented for each print step in the output data files.

IV. Output Data Files for MCON

Unit files 3-9 are written as ASCII data files so that they may be plotted by the graphics routine PLT on the Digital VAX. Each record is dimensioned (F15.0, F15.0, I5), \equiv (X-field, Y-field, Plot Number).

<u>Unit</u>	<u>File Name</u>	<u>Contents</u>
1	MCOHN	Parameter file as specified (MCON.DAT)
3	POPN	XX, XN(K,I), K
4	PHASEMC	BIOM(1,III), BIOM(2,III), 1
5	BIOPHA	BIOM(K,I), BDT(K,I), K
6	→Monitor Screen	
7	NLWT	XX, WT(K,I), K
8	SUMBIO	SUMBIO(I), SUMBDT(I), K
9	RECRUITS	XX, RIJ(1), 1

$$\text{BIOM}(K, \text{II}) = \text{XN}(K, \text{I}) \cdot \text{WT}(K, \text{I}) \quad \forall K$$

$$\text{BDT}(K) = \frac{\text{BIOM}(K, t+\Delta t) - \text{BIOM}(K, t-\Delta t)}{2\Delta t} \quad \forall K$$

$$\text{SUMBIO}(K) = \sum \text{BIOM}(K, \text{I}) \quad K = 1, \dots, n$$

$$\text{SUMBDT}(K) = \frac{\text{SUMBIO}(K, t+\Delta t) - \text{SUMBIO}(K, t-\Delta t)}{2\Delta t} \quad K = 1, \dots, n$$

V. Acknowledgements

This work was partially supported by a subcontract from the University of Maryland under U.S. Agency for International Development Contract No. DAN-4146-G-SS-5071-00 for the Fisheries Stock Assessment Collaborative Research Support Program.

VI. Literature Cited

- Ault, J.S. 1988. *Nonlinear Numerical Simulation Models for Assessing Tropical Fisheries with Continuously Breeding Multicohort Populations*. Ph.D. Dissertation. Univ. of Miami, Florida. 242p.
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- Caddy, J.F. and G.D. Sharp. 1986. An ecological framework for marine fishery investigations. FAO Fish. Tech. Pap., (283):152p.
- Hunter, J.R. and S.R. Goldberg. 1980. Spawning incidence and batch fecundity in northern anchovy, *Engraulis mordax*. Fish. Bull. 77(3):641-652.
- Hunter, J. R. and R. Leong. 1981. The spawning energetics of female northern anchovy, *Engraulis mordax*. Fish. Bull. 79(2):215-230.
- Parrish, R.H., D.L. Mallicoate and R.A. Klingbeil. 1986. Age independent fecundity, number of spawnings per year, sex ratio, and maturation stages in northern anchovy, *Engraulis mordax*. Fishery Bull. 84(3):503-517.
- Tillman, M.F. and D. Stadelman. 1976. Development and example application of a simulation model of the northern anchovy fishery. Fish. Bull. 74(1):118-130.

Table 1: Engrauloid annual rate parameters used in the continuous simulations of the second order nonlinear multicohort population model. Data from Tillman & Stadelman (1976), Hunter & Goldberg (1980), Hunter & Leong (1981), Parrish et al. (1986), Caddy & Sharp (1986).

<i>Cohort</i>	$r(i)$	$a(i)$	$\mu(i)$	$W^\infty(i)$	$f(j)$	$\alpha(i)$
I	1.023	.0003500	1.1	11.81	1.00	0.077
II	1.012	.0007500	1.1	18.41	1.93	0.088
III	1.001	.0003913	1.1	24.50	2.93	0.099
IV	0.990	.0004444	1.1	29.68	3.88	0.110
V	0.985	.0004667	1.1	33.86	4.72	0.116
VI	0.979	.0005455	1.1	37.14	5.42	0.121
VII	0.974	.0006250	1.1	39.46	5.98	0.127

Table 2: Matrix of interaction $b(i,j)$ coefficients. Rows are the cohorts affected while the columns are the cohorts who are causing the interaction.

AFFECTS							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	X X X	.00025	.000005	.000001	.000001	.0000001	1.0E-8
2	.000125	X X X	.000125	.000125	.000125	1.0E-6	1.0E-7
3	.000225	.00035	X X X	.000125	.000025	1.0E-5	1.0E-6
4	.000	.00001	.001	X X X	.0001	.00005	1.0E-7
5	.000	.001	.001	.001	X X X	.00001	1.0E-5
6	.000	.00000	.00001	.0001	.0005	X X X	1.0E-4
7	.000	.00000	.00001	.0001	.0002	.00001	X X X

PROGRAM MCOHN

```
C*****
C
C PROGRAM TO COMPUTE THE COUPLED SECOND-ORDER
C NONLINEAR WEIGHT/DENSITY DIFFERENTIAL
C EQUATIONS FOR AN N-COHORT POPULATION.
C
C*****
```

```
DIMENSION XN(3,600),DAMP(3),BINJ(3),A2(3),A3(3),A4(3),A5(3),
$A6(3),A7(3),FOR(3),RIJ(3),DRIJ(3),XNDT(3,600),BIOM(3,600),
$WT(3,600),R(3),A(3),B(3,5),F(3),XK(3),DF(3),FJ(3),AL(3),
$D(3),XMU(3),BDT(3,600)
```

```
OPEN(UNIT=1,FILE='MCOHN.DAT',STATUS='OLD')
OPEN(UNIT=3,FILE='MCOHPLOT.DAT',STATUS='NEW')
OPEN(UNIT=4,FILE='PHASEMC.DAT',STATUS='NEW')
OPEN(UNIT=5,FILE='BIOPHA.DAT',STATUS='NEW')
WRITE(*,1)
```

```
1 FORMAT(7X,'EXECUTING READ ON DATA FILE MCOHN.DAT...'/)
READ(1,10)
```

```
$R(1),A(1),B(1,2),B(1,3),B(1,4),B(1,5),F(1),AL(1),
$XMU(1),XN(1,1),XN(1,2),XN(1,3),XN(1,4),FJ(1),RIJ(1),RIJ(1),
$R(2),A(2),B(2,1),B(2,3),B(2,4),B(2,5),F(2),AL(2),
$XMU(2),XN(2,1),XN(2,2),XN(2,3),XN(2,4),FJ(2),RIJ(2),RIJ(2),
$R(3),A(3),B(3,1),B(3,2),B(3,4),B(3,5),F(3),AL(3),
$XMU(3),XN(3,1),XN(3,2),XN(3,3),XN(3,4),FJ(3),RIJ(3),RIJ(3)
```

```
READ(1,13)DT,WINF
READ(1,11)NOC,MIN,MAX,INC
```

```
10 FORMAT(8F10.0)
```

```
13 FORMAT(2F10.0)
```

```
11 FORMAT(4I10)
```

```
DO 5 I=1,NOC
```

```
XK(I)=R(I)/A(I)
```

```
WRITE(*,6)XK(I),R(I),A(I),XMU(I),AL(I),I
```

```
WRITE(*,6)B(1,2),B(1,3),B(1,4),B(1,5),F(I),I
```

```
5 CONTINUE
```

```
6 FORMAT(7X,F13.5,2X,F8.5,2X,F8.5,2X,F8.5,2X,F8.5,2X,I3)
```

```
MMIN=MIN+1
```

```
WRITE(*,2)NOC
```

```
2 FORMAT(7X,'CALCULATING ',I3,'-COHORT WEIGHT DENSITY PHASE PLANE
$ RELATIONSHIP'/)
```

```
C*****ESTABLISH CONSTANT TERMS FOR FIRST TIME STEP
```

```
DC 12 J=1,NOC
```

```
DAMP(J)=0.
```

```
BINJ(J)=0.
```

```
FOR(J)=0.
```

```
A2(J)=0.
```

```
A3(J)=0.
```

```
A4(J)=0.
```

```
A5(J)=0.
```

```
A6(J)=0.
```

```
A7(J)=0.
```

```
12 CONTINUE
```

```
DO 20 I=1,NOC
```

```
DO 18 J=1,NOC
```

```
IF(I.EQ.J) GOTO 18
```

```

      DAMP(I)=DAMP(I)+(B(I,J)*XN(J,4))
18  CONTINUE
      BINJ(I)=DAMP(I)/A(I)
20  CONTINUE
C*****DEVELOPING POPULATION EQUATION TERMS FOR THE J-COHORTS
      DO 30 J=1,NOC
      FOR(J)=((1/XMU(J))*((F(J))*((R(J)*(1-(BINJ(J)/XK(J))))-AL(J)))+
$          ((R(J)*RIJ(J))/XK(J))-DF(J)))+
$          (WINF*((R(J)*(1-(BINJ(J)/XK(J))))-AL(J)))
      A2(J)=1/XMU(J)
      A3(J)=(R(J)*(1-(BINJ(J)/XK(J))))-AL(J)
      A4(J)=R(J)/(XK(J)*XMU(J))
      A5(J)=(R(J)/XK(J))*(WINF+(F(J)/XMU(J)))
      A6(J)=(RIJ(J)*A3(J))-DRIJ(J)
      A7(J)=RIJ(J)
30  CONTINUE
C*****
C
C      POPULATION DERIVATIVES - FORWARD IN TIME
C
C*****
      DO 1000 II=3,MIN
      RIJ(1)=0.
      IF(II.EQ.3) GOTO 950
      DO 990 JJ=1,NOC
      DAMP(JJ)=0.
      BINJ(JJ)=0.
990  CONTINUE
C*****ACCUMULATE NEW CONSTANTS
      DO 100 I=1,NOC
      DO 99 J=1,NOC
      IF(I.EQ.J) GOTO 99
      DAMP(I)=DAMP(I)+(B(I,J)*XN(J,II+1))
99  CONTINUE
      BINJ(I)=DAMP(I)/A(I)
100 CONTINUE
C*****CALCULATING FORWARD DERIVATIVES
950 DO 900 J=1,NOC
      RIJ(J)=0.
      FOR(J)=0.
      A3(J)=0.
      A6(J)=0.
      A7(J)=0.
      XN(J,II+2)=0.
      XK(J)=0.
      XK(J)=R(J)/A(J)
      FOR(J)=((1/XMU(J))*((F(J))*((R(J)*(1-(BINJ(J)/XK(J))))-AL(J)))+
$          ((R(J)*RIJ(J))/XK(J))-DF(J)))+
$          (WINF*((R(J)*(1-(BINJ(J)/XK(J))))-AL(J)))
      A3(J)=(R(J)*(1-(BINJ(J)/XK(J))))-AL(J)
      A6(J)=(RIJ(J)*A3(J))-DRIJ(J)
      A7(J)=RIJ(J)
      XN(J,II+2)=((DT**2)*(XN(J,II)*(FOR(J)/A2(J)))-
$          ((DT*(XN(J,II+1)-XN(J,II))*A7(J))/XN(J,II))+
$          (((XN(J,II+1)-XN(J,II))**2)/XN(J,II))+

```

```

$          (DT*(XN(J,II+1)-XN(J,II))*
$          (A3(J)-(XN(J,II)*(A4(J)/A2(J)))))-
$          ((XN(J,II)**2)*((DT**2)*A5(J))/A2(J))-
$          ((DT**2)*A6(J))-
$          (2*XN(J,II+1))+XN(J,II))
      IF(XN(J,II+2))200,200,200
C 150 XN(J,II+2)=0.01
C      GOTO 200
C 200 XNDT(J,II+1)=0.
      DRIJ(J)=0.
      WT(J,II+2)=0.
      DF(J)=0.
      RIJ(J)=0.
C      RIJ(1)=RIJ(1)+(FJ(J)*XN(J,II+2))
C      RIJ(1)=RIJ(1)+(FJ(J)*(WT(J,II+1)-WINF))
      XNDT(J,II+1)=(XN(J,II+2)-XN(J,II+1))/DT
      WT(J,II+2)=WINF+((1/XMU(J))*(F(I)+((1/XN(J,II+1))*(XNDT(J,II+1)-
$          RIJ(J))))))
      BIOM(J,II+1)=XN(J,II+1)*WT(J,II+1)
      BDT(J,II)=(BIOM(J,II+1)-BIOM(J,II))/DT
C      WRITE(*,197)
C 197 FORMAT(7X,'DERIVATIVES AND WEIGHTS')
C      WRITE(*,192)XNDT(J,II+1),DRIJ(J,II+2),DF(J),
C      $          WT(J,II+2),RIJ(J,II+2)
C 900 CONTINUE
C*****TIME STEP PRINT TO DATA FILE
      III=II+2
      WRITE(4,199)XN(1,III),XN(2,III),XN(3,III),III
      WRITE(5,199)BIOM(1,II),BDT(1,II),WT(1,II),II
C 192 FORMAT(7X,E12.4,3X,E12.4,3X,F5.1,3X,E12.4,3X,E10.4)
C 190 FORMAT(E15.4,E15.4,I5)
C 199 FORMAT(E15.4,E15.4,E15.4,I5)
C 191 FORMAT(7X,E12.4,5X,E12.4,3X,E12.4,3X,E12.4,I5)
C      WRITE(*,193)
C 193 FORMAT(7X,'POPULATION VALUES')
C      WRITE(*,191)XN(1,III),XN(2,III),XN(3,III),XN(4,III),III
C 1000 CONTINUE
C*****
C      POPULATION DERIVATIVES - CENTERED IN TIME
C*****
      DO 2000 II=MMIN,MAX
      RIJ(1)=0.
      IF(II.EQ.3) GOTO 1950
      DO 1990 JJ=1,NOC
      DAMP(JJ)=0.
      BINJ(JJ)=0.
C 1990 CONTINUE
C*****ACCUMULATE NEW CONSTANTS
      DO 1100 I=1,NOC
      DO 1099 J=1,NOC
      IF(I.EQ.J) GOTO 1099
      DAMP(I)=DAMP(I)+(B(I,J)*XN(J,II+1))
C 1099 CONTINUE

```

```

      BINJ(I)=DAMP(I)/A(I)
1100 CONTINUE
C*****CALCULATING CENTERED DERIVATIVES
1950 DO 1900 J=1,NOC
      XK(J)=0.
      FOR(J)=0.
      A3(J)=0.
      A6(J)=0.
      A7(J)=0.
      XN(J,II+2)=0.
      XK(J)=R(J)/A(J)
      FOR(J)=((1/XMU(J))*((F(J)*(R(J)*(1-(BINJ(J)/XK(J))))-AL(J)))+
$          ((R(J)*RIJ(J))/XK(J))-DF(J)))+
$          (WINF*((R(J)*(1-(BINJ(J)/XK(J))))-AL(J)))
      A3(J)=(R(J)*(1-(BINJ(J)/XK(J))))-AL(J)
      A6(J)=(RIJ(J)*A3(J))-DRIJ(J)
      A7(J)=RIJ(J)
      IF(XN(J,II+1).EQ.0) GOTO 1150
      XN(J,II+2)=((4*(DT**2))*(XN(J,II)*(FOR(J)/A2(J)))-
$          (((2*DT)*(XN(J,II+1)-XN(J,II-1))*A7(J))/XN(J,II))+
$          (((XN(J,II+1)-XN(J,II-1))**2)/XN(J,II))+
$          ((2*DT)*(XN(J,II+1)-XN(J,II-1))*
$          (A3(J)-(XN(J,II)*(A4(J)/A2(J)))))-
$          ((XN(J,II)**2)*(((4*(DT**2))*A5(J))/A2(J)))-
$          ((4*(DT**2))*A6(J))+
$          (2*XN(J,II))-(XN(J,II-2)))
      IF(XN(J,II+2)) 1150,1150,1200
1150 XN(J,II+2)=.0
      GOTO 1200
1200 XNDT(J,II+1)=0.
      DRIJ(J)=0.
      WT(J,II+2)=0.
      RIJ(J)=0.
      DF(J)=0.
      XNDT(J,II+1)=(XN(J,II+2)-XN(J,II))/(2*DT)
      RIJ(J,II+2)=RIJ(1,II+2)+(FJ(J)*XN(J,II+2))
      RIJ(1,II+2)=RIJ(1,II+2)+(FJ(J)*(WT(J,II+1)-WINF))
      IF(XN(J,II+1).EQ.0) GOTO 1202
      WT(J,II+2)=WINF+((1/XMU(J))*(F(I)+((1/XN(J,II+1)-
$          RIJ(J))))))
1202 BIOM(J,II+1)=XN(J,II+1)*WT(J,II+1)
      BDT(J,II)=(BIOM(J,II+1)-BIOM(J,II))/(2*DT)
C 297 FORMAT(7X,'DERIVATIVES AND WEIGHTS')
C      WRITE(*,192)XNDT(J,II+1),DRIJ(J),DF(J),
C      $          WT(J,II+2),RIJ(J)
C      WRITE(*,101)II+2
C 101 FORMAT(7X,I5)
1900 CONTINUE
C*****TIME STEP PRINT TO DATA FILE
      III=II+2
      WRITE(4,1191)XN(1,III),XN(2,III),XN(3,III),III
      WRITE(5,1191)BIOM(1,II),BDT(1,II),WT(1,II),II
1190 FORMAT(E15.4,E15.5,I5)
1191 FORMAT(E15.4,E15.4,E15.4,I5)
C      WRITE(*,293)

```

```
C 293 FORMAT(7X,'POPULATION VALUES')
C      WRITE(*,191)XN(1,III),XN(2,III),XN(3,III),XN(4,III),III
C      WRITE(*,297)
2000 CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,2010)
2010 FORMAT(7X,'PHASE PLANE CALCULATIONS COMPLETED.....',/,
$         7X,'NOW FILLING PLOTTING ARRAYS!')
      DO 2050 K=1,NOC
      DO 2020 I=1,MAX,INC
      XX=I
      WRITE(3,1190)XX,XN(K,I),K
2020 CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,2030)K
2030 FORMAT(7X,'ARRAY ',I3,' FILLED...')
2050 CONTINUE
      END
```

```

0005 C NONLINEAR WEIGHT/DENSITY DIFFERENTIAL
0006 C EQUATIONS FOR AN N-COHORT POPULATION.
0007 C
0008 C*****
0009 REAL*8 XM(R,10000),DAMP(R),BINJ(R),A2(R),A3(R),A4(R),A5(R),
0010 S A6(R),A7(R),FIR(R),R1J(R),DR1J(R),
0011 S XMUT(R,10000),WTR(R,10000),BIUM(R,10000),BDT(B,10000),
0012 S SUMBIN(10000),SUMBOT(10000)
0013 DIMENSION R(R),A(R),R(R,R),F(B),XK(B),DF(B),FJ(B),
0014 S AL(B),D(B),XMU(B),WINF(R)
0015 OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='MCOHN.DAT',TYPE='OLD',READONLY)
0016 OPEN(UNIT=3,NAME='PUPN.DAT',TYPE='NEW',DISP='KEEP')
0017 OPEN(UNIT=4,NAME='PHASE.MC.DAT',TYPE='NEW',DISP='KEEP')
0018 OPEN(UNIT=5,NAME='RIOPHA.DAT',TYPE='NEW',DISP='KEEP')
0019 C OPEN(UNIT=7,NAME='MLWT.DAT',STATUS='NEW',DISP='KEEP')
0020 OPEN(UNIT=8,NAME='SUMBIO.DAT',STATUS='NEW',DISP='KEEP')
0021 OPEN(UNIT=9,NAME='RECRUITS.DAT',STATUS='NEW',DISP='KEEP')
0022 WRITE(A,1)
0023 1 FORMAT(7X,'EXECUTING READ ON DATA FILE MCOHN.DAT...')
0024 READ(1,10)
0025 S R(1),A(1),R(1,2),B(1,3),R(1,4),B(1,5),F(1),AL(1),
0026 S XMU(1),XN(1,1),XN(1,2),XN(1,3),XN(1,4),FJ(1),RTJ(1),RIJ(1),
0027 S P(2),A(2),R(2,1),B(2,3),R(2,4),B(2,5),F(2),AL(2),
0028 S XMU(2),XN(2,1),XN(2,2),XN(2,3),XN(2,4),FJ(2),RTJ(2),RIJ(2),
0029 S R(3),A(3),R(3,1),B(3,2),R(3,4),B(3,5),F(3),AL(3),
0030 S XMU(3),XN(3,1),XN(3,2),XN(3,3),XN(3,4),FJ(3),RTJ(3),RIJ(3)
0031 READ(1,13) DT,WINF(1),WINF(2),WINF(3)
0032 READ(1,11) MNC,MTN,MAX,INC,NF,INC
0033 10 FORMAT(8F10.0)
0034 13 FORMAT(4F10.0)
0035 11 FORMAT(5T10)
0036 DO 5 I=1,NUC
0037 YK(I)=P(I)/A(I)
0038 WRITE(6,6)XK(I),R(I),A(I),XMU(I),AL(I),I
0039 5 CONTINUE
0040 6 FORMAT(7X,F13.5,2X,F8.5,2X,F8.5,2X,F8.5,2X,F8.5,2X,13)
0041 MTN=MTN+1
0042 WRITE(A,2)NUC
0043 2 FORMAT(7X,'CALCULATING ',13,'-COHORT WEIGHT DENSITY PHASE PLANE
0044 S RELATIONSHIP')
0045 C*****ESTABLISH CONSTANT TERMS FOR FIRST TIME STEP
0046 DO 12 J=1,NUC
0047 DAMP(J)=0.
0048 R1NJ(J)=0.
0049 FIR(J)=0.
0050 A2(J)=0.
0051 A3(J)=0.
0052 A4(J)=0.
0053 A5(J)=0.
0054 A6(J)=0.
0055 A7(J)=0.
0056 12 CONTINUE
0057 DO 20 I=1,NUC
0058 DO 18 J=1,NUC
0059 IF(1.FD.J)GOTO 18
0060 DAMP(I)=DAMP(I)+(B(1,J)*XN(J,4))
0061 18 CONTINUE
0062 R1NJ(I)=DAMP(I)
0063 20 CONTINUE
0064 C*****DEVELOPING POPULATION EQUATION TERMS FOR J-COHORTS
0065 DO 30 J=1,NUC
0066 FIR(J)=((1/XMU(J))*((F(J)*(R(J)-R1NJ(J)-AL(J)))+
0067 (A(J)*RTJ(J))-DF(J)))+
0068 S (WINF(J)*(R(J)-R1NJ(J)-AL(J)))
0069 A2(J)=1/XMU(J)
0070 A3(J)=R(1)-BINJ(J)-AL(J)
0071 A4(J)=A(J)/XMU(J)
0072 A5(J)=A(J)*(WINF(J)+(F(J)/XMU(J)))
0073 A6(J)=(RTJ(J)*A3(J))-DR1J(J)
0074 A7(J)=R1J(J)
0075 30 CONTINUE
0076 C*****
0077 C
0078 C POPULATION DERIVATIVES - FORWARD IN TIME
0079 C

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0083 IF(I1.E0.3) GOTU 550
0084 DO 990 J=1,NOC
0085 DAMP(J)=0.
0086 RINJ(J)=0.
0087 990 CONTINUE
0088 C****ACCUMULATE NEW CONSTANTS
0089 DO 100 I=1,NOC
0090 DO 99 J=1,NOC
0091 IF(1.E0.J) GOTU 99
0092 DAMP(I)=DAMP(I)+(B(I,J)*XN(J,I+1))
0093 99 CONTINUE
0094 RINJ(I)=DAMP(I)
0095 100 CONTINUE
0096 C****CALCULATING FORWARD DERIVATIVES
0097 950 DO 900 J=1,NOC
0098 R1(J)=0.
0099 FOR(J)=0.
0100 A3(J)=0.
0101 A6(J)=0.
0102 A7(J)=0.
0103 XN(J,I+2)=0.
0104 XK(J)=0.
0105 XN(J)=P(J)/A(J)
0106 FOR(J)=((1/XMU(J))*((F(J)*K(J)-RINJ(J)-AL(J))+
0107 (A(J)*R1J(J))-DF(J))+
0108 (WINF(J)*K(J)-RINJ(J)-AL(J)))
0109 A3(J)=P(J)-RINJ(J)-AL(J)
0110 A6(J)=(R1J(J)*A3(J))-DR1J(J)
0111 A7(J)=P1J(J)
0112 XN(J,I+2)=((DT**2)*(XN(J,I)*(FOR(J)/A2(J)))-
0113 (DT*(XN(J,I+1)-XN(J,I))*A7(J))/XN(J,I))+
0114 ((XN(J,I+1)-XN(J,I))*2)/X4(J,I))+
0115 (DT*(XN(J,I+1)-XN(J,I))*
0116 (A3(J)-(XN(J,I)*(A4(J)/A2(J))))-
0117 ((XN(J,I)**2)*((DT**2)*A5(J)/A2(J)))-
0118 (DT**2)*A6(J))+
0119 (2*XN(J,I+1))-XN(J,I))
0120 IF(XN(J,I+2) 200,200,200)
0121 C 150 XN(J,I+2)=0.01
0122 C GOTU 200
0123 200 XNDT(J,I+1)=0.
0124 DR1J(J)=0.
0125 WT(J,I+2)=0.
0126 DF(J)=0.
0127 R1J(J)=0.
0128 R1J(1,I+2)=WTJ(1,I+2)+(FJ(J)*XN(J,I+2))
0129 R1J(J)=R1J(1)+FJ(J)*(WT(J,I+1)-WINF(J))
0130 XNDT(J,I+1)=(XN(J,I+2)-XN(J,I+1))/DT
0131 WT(J,I+2)=WINF(J)+((1/XMU(J))*F(J)+((1/XN(J,I+1))*
0132 (XNDT(J,I+1)-R1J(J))))
0133 BTM(J,I+1)=XN(J,I+1)*WT(J,I+1)
0134 RDT(J,I)=(BTM(J,I+1)-R1M(J,I))/DT
0135 WRITE(6,197)
0136 197 FORMAT(7X,'DERIVATIVES AND WEIGHTS')
0137 WRITE(6,192)XNDT(J,I+1),DR1J(J,I+2),DF(J),
0138 WT(J,I+2),R1J(J,I+2)
0139 900 CONTINUE
0140 C****TIME STEP PRINT-TO DATA FILE
0141 I1=I+2
0142 C WRITE(4,190)XN(1,I1),XN(2,I1),I1
0143 192 FORMAT(7X,E12.4,3X,E12.4,3X,F5.1,3X,F12.4,3X,E10.4)
0144 190 FORMAT(E15.4,E15.4,I5)
0145 191 FORMAT(7X,E12.4,5X,E12.4,3X,E12.4,3X,E12.4,I5)
0146 WRITE(6,193)
0147 193 FORMAT(7X,'POPULATION VALUES')
0148 WRITE(6,191)XN(1,I1),XN(2,I1),I1
0149 1000 CONTINUE
0150 C*****
0151 C*****
0152 C*****POPULATION DERIVATIVES - CENTERED IN TIME*****
0153 C*****
0154 C*****
0155 DO 2000 I1=MMIN,MAX
0156 R1J(I)=0.
0157 SUMDI(I+1)=0.
0158 SUMDPI(I)=0.

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0162 RINJ(J)=0.
0163 1990 CONTINUE
0164 C**** ACCUMULATE NEW CONSTANTS
0165 DO 1100 I=1,NUC
0166 DO 1099 J=1,NUC
0167 I=(1.E0,J) GOTO 1099
0168 DAMP(I)=DAMP(I)+(B(I,J)*XN(J,I+1))
0169 1099 CONTINUE
0170 RINJ(I)=DAMP(I)
0171 1100 CONTINUE
0172 C**** CALCULATING CENTERED DERIVATIVES
0173 1950 DO 1900 J=1,NUC
0174 XK(J)=0.
0175 FUP(J)=0.
0176 A3(J)=0.
0177 A6(J)=0.
0178 A7(J)=0.
0179 XN(J,I+2)=0.
0180 XK(J)=P(J)/A(J)
0181 FUP(J)=((1/XMU(J))*((F(J)*R(J)-RINJ(J)-AL(J)))+
0182 S ((A(J)*RTJ(J))-DF(J)))+
0183 S ((WTF(J)*R(J)-RINJ(J)-AL(J)))
0184 A3(J)=P(J)-RINJ(J)-AL(J)
0185 A6(J)=(RTJ(J)*A3(J))-DPIJ(J)
0186 A7(J)=PIJ(J)
0187 IF(XN(J,I+1).EQ.0) GOTO 1150
0188 XN(J,I+2)=((4*(DT**2))*XN(J,I)*(F(J)/A2(J)))-
0189 S (((2*DT)*XN(J,I+1)-XN(J,I-1))*A7(J))/XN(J,I)+
0190 S (((XN(J,I+1)-XN(J,I-1))*2)/XN(J,I))+
0191 S ((2*DT)*XN(J,I+1)-XN(J,I-1))*
0192 S (A3(J)-(XN(J,I)*(A4(J)/A2(J))))-
0193 S ((XN(J,I)**2)*((4*(DT**2))*A5(J)/A2(J)))-
0194 S ((4*(DT**2))*A6(J))+
0195 S (2*XN(J,I))-(XN(J,I-2))
0196 IF(XN(J,I+2)) 1150,1150,1200
0197 XN(J,I+2)=0.0
0198 GOTO 1200
0199 1200 XNDT(J,I+1)=0.
0200 DRJ(J)=0.
0201 WT(J,I+2)=0.
0202 PIJ(J)=0.
0203 DF(J)=0.
0204 XNDT(J,I+1)=(XN(J,I+2)-XN(J,I))/(2*DT)
0205 PIJ(I)=RIJ(I)+F(J)*(WT(J,I)-WTF(J))
0206 IF(XN(J,I+1).EQ.0) GOTO 1202
0207 WT(J,I+1)=WTF(J)+((1/XMU(J))*(F(J)+((1/XH(J,I+1))*
0208 S (XNDT(J,I+1)-RTJ(J))))
0209 1202 RINJ(J,I+1)=XN(J,I+1)*WT(J,I+1)
0210 RDT(J,I)=(BIUM(J,I+1)-BIUM(J,I-1))/(2*DT)
0211 C 297- FORMAT(7X,'DERIVATIVES AND WEIGHTS')
0212 C WRITE(6,192)XNDT(J,I+1),DRJ(J,I+1),DF(J),
0213 C WT(J,I+2),RIJ(J,I+2)
0214 C WRITE(6,101)I+2
0215 C 101 FORMAT(7X,I5)
0216 C 1900 CONTINUE
0217 C IF(PIJ(I).GT.0) GOTO 1201
0218 C RTJ(I)=0.
0219 1201 SUMBTO(I+1)=0.
0220 SUMBDT(I)=0.
0221 DO 1901 J=1,NUC
0222 SUMBTO(I+1)=SUMBTO(I+1)+RINJ(J,I+1)
0223 1901 CONTINUE
0224 IF(I.LT.MMIN+2) GOTO 1902
0225 SUMBDT(I)=(SUMBTO(I+1)-SUMBTO(I-1))/(2*DT)
0226 C**** TIME STEP PRINT TO DATA FILE
0227 1902 II=II+1
0228 XX=II
0229 WRITE(4,1190)BIUM(1,II),BIUM(2,II),1
0230 WRITE(9,1190)XX,RIJ(1),1
0231 1190 FORMAT(2I5.4,E15.4,I5)
0232 C WRITE(6,293)
0233 C 293 FORMAT(7X,'POPULATION VALUES')
0234 C WRITE(6,191)XN(1,II),XN(2,II),XN(3,II),II
0235 C WRITE(6,297)
0236 2000 CONTINUE
0237 WRITE(6,2010)

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0241      DO 2020 I=1,MAX,MPINC
0242      XX=1
0243      WRITE(3,1190)XX,XN(K,1),K
0244      IF(I.LE.MAIN+2) GOTO 2020
0245      WRITE(5,1190)BTUM(K,I),BDI(K,1),K
0246      C      WRITE(7,1190)XX,WT(K,I),K
0247      IF(K.NE.NOC) GOTO 2020
0248      WRITE(9,1190)SUMRIO(I),SUMRDT(I),K
0249      CONTINUE
0250      WRITE(6,2030)K
0251      2030  FORMAT(7X,'ARRAY ',I3,' FILLED...')
0252      2050  CONTINUE
0253      END

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PROGRAM SECTIONS

NAME	BYTES	ATTRIBUTES
0 SCODE	3572	PIC CON REL LCL SHK EXE RD NOWKT LONG
1 SPDATA	343	PIC CON REL LCL SHK NOEXE RD NOWPT LONG
2 SLOCAL	3361536	PIC CON REL LCL NDSHK NOEXE RD WRT QUAD
TOTAL SPACE ALLOCATED		3365451

ENTRY POINTS

ADDRESS	TYPE	NAME
0-00000000		MCUHN

VARIABLES

ADDRESS	TYPE	NAME	ADDRESS	TYPE	NAME	ADDRESS	TYPE	NAME	ADDRESS	TYPE	NAME
2-00334A00	P*4	DT	**	I*4	I	2-00334A1C	I*4	IJ	**	I*4	IJJ
2-00334A10	I*4	INC	**	I*4	J	**	I*4	JJ	**	I*4	K
2-00334A0C	I*4	MAX	2-00334A08	I*4	MIN	2-00334A18	I*4	MMIN	2-00334A04	I*4	NOC
2-00334A14	I*4	NPINC	**	R*4	XX						

ARRAYS

ADDRESS	TYPE	NAME	BYTES	DIMENSIONS
2-003347E0	R*4	A	32	(8)
2-0009C480	R*8	A2	64	(8)
2-0009C4C0	R*8	A3	64	(8)
2-0009C500	R*8	A4	64	(8)
2-0009C540	R*8	A5	64	(8)
2-0009C580	R*8	A6	64	(8)
2-0009C5C0	R*8	A7	64	(8)
2-00334990	R*4	AL	32	(8)
2-00334B00	R*4	B	256	(8, 8)
2-002712C0	R*8	BDT	640000	(8, 10000)
2-0009C440	R*8	BTNJ	64	(8)
2-00104E00	R*8	BTUM	640000	(8, 10000)
2-000001F0	R*4	D	32	(8)
2-0009C400	R*8	DAMP	64	(8)
2-00334940	R*4	DF	32	(8)
2-0009C680	R*8	DRIJ	64	(8)
2-00334900	R*4	F	32	(8)
2-00334960	R*4	FJ	32	(8)
2-0009C600	R*8	FDR	64	(8)
2-003347C0	R*4	K	32	(8)
2-0009C640	R*8	KTJ	64	(8)
2-00320F40	R*8	SUMRDT	800000	(10000)
2-0030D6C0	R*8	SUMRIO	800000	(10000)
2-00334950	R*4	WTF	32	(8)
2-00138AC0	R*8	WT	640000	(8, 10000)
2-00334920	R*4	XK	32	(8)
2-003349C0	R*4	XMU	32	(8)

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LABELS

ADDRESS	LABEL										
1-00000046	11	1-00000044	21	**	5	1-00000086	61	1-00000075	101	1-00000081	111
**	12	1-0000007B	131	0-00000522	18	**	20	**	30	0-0000068E	99
**	100	**	1901	**	1511	**	1921	**	200	**	900
0-0000069C	950	**	590	**	1000	0-0000090E	1099	**	1100	0-00000AF4	1150
1-000000E9	11901	0-00000AFF	1200	**	1201	0-000008BF	1202	**	1900	**	1901
0-00000C22	1902	0-0000091C	1950	**	1990	**	2000	1-000000F2	20101	0-00000DBE	2020
1-0000013E	20301	**	2050								

FUNCTIONS AND SUBROUTINES REFERENCED

TYPE NAME

FORSOPEN

COMMAND QUALIFIERS

FORMLIST MCOHN

/CHECK=(NOBOUNDS,OVERFLOW,NOUNDERFLOW)
 /DEBUG=(NOSYMBOLS,TRACFBACK)
 /STANDARD=(NOSYNTAX,NOSOURCE_FORM)
 /SHOW=(NOPREPROCESSOR,NOINCLUDE,MAP,NOdictionary,SINGLE)
 /WARNINGS=(GENERAL,NODECLARATIONS,NOULTRIX)
 /CONTINUATIONS=19 /NOCHASS_REFERENCE /NO_LINES /NOEXTEND_SOURCE /F77
 /NO_FLOATING /I4 /NOMACHINE_CODE /OPTIMIZE /NOANALYSIS

COMPILATION STATISTICS

RUN TIME: 8.29 SECONDS
 ELAPSED TIME: 9.94 SECONDS
 PAGE FAULTS: 1329
 DYNAMIC MEMORY: 614 PAGES