
Current Literature in Family Planning

A monthly classified review
of the literature in the field
of family planning

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E X P L A N A T I O N

CURRENT LITERATURE IN FAMILY PLANNING is a monthly classified list of books and articles recently received in the library in the field of family planning, U.S.A. (Other countries are included when content of article is considered to be of general interest.)

Books (Part I) in the various U.S.A. family planning subjects are selected from book reviews in the library's collection of scientific journals. Other sources are book review journals, specialized listing from the U.S. government, fellow voluntary agencies, universities and various bibliographic sources. Recommendations are also made by Planned Parenthood staff and other specialists in the field.

Each book is briefly described to assist the user in selection. The Library's call number is given before each title to save cataloging for those using our Family Planning Classification. Publishers' addresses are provided for ordering books. (The Library does not handle book ordering.)

Articles (Part II) are selected from the 175 journals to which the Library subscribes. To provide the widest coverage possible, other sources for relevant articles about family planning subjects in the U.S.A. are also monitored, such as indexes, abstracts and bibliographies in the field.

Each article is summarized or abstracted. All entries are classified according to the Library's Family Planning Classification. This subject arrangement provides quick and easy scanning, and leads the user to his or her particular area(s) of interest.

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Subject Bibliography: These monthly CURRENT LITERATURE issues, as they accumulate, form a comprehensive bibliography for each of the numerous subjects comprising the general overall subject of FAMILY PLANNING, U.S.A.

Reprints or Copies: Reprints or copies of articles are supplied at 10¢ per page. That represents the cost to the library. The cost of each article is provided on the ORDER BLANK on the last page, together with the order number for each article. This makes for ease in ordering and also for quick return service.

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IMPORTANT

CURRENT LITERATURE issues are to be saved and kept permanently in numerical order for easy future access to individual items and to subjects.

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PART I: BOOKS

REFERENCE

- 0.7 CLINICAL GUIDE TO LABORATORY TESTS, Norbert W. Tietz. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders Co., 1983. 695 p. \$29.00. 82-42512; ISBN 0-7216-8885-3.
In an attempt to enable the practicing physician and the laboratory technician easy access to information related to individual laboratory tests, this book provides reference ranges for most of the laboratory tests conducted in modern clinical laboratories. An effort was made to include information related to specimen type, stability of specimens, drug interferences, diagnostic information and biological variables affecting the test results.

VOLUNTEERS

- 1.43 AMERICA'S VOLUNTARY SPIRIT: A BOOK OF READINGS, Brian O'Connell, ed. New York: The Foundation Center, 1983. 461 p. \$19.95. 83-081223; ISBN 0-87954-079-6.
03 This collection is comprised of 45 selections by a wide variety of people, past
a and present, who have been or are active in American life. They analyze and
1983 celebrate the strengths, variety and general characteristics of the voluntary sector, indicating the enormous impact this sector has on American society.

INFERTILITY

- 2.2 MALE INFERTILITY, T.B. Hargreave. New York: Springer-Verlag, 1983. 326 p.
H3 \$48.00. 83-4703; ISBN 0-387-12055-6.
m This book is intended to help the clinician in dealing with the infertile couple
1983 with an emphasis on the male factors. The book is divided into two parts. The first is concerned with basic biological problems and investigations with a full evaluation of current knowledge and methods. This section also presents new techniques. In the second part, the author and practicing infertility clinicians present specific problems in which management and prognosis are discussed.

HUMAN REPRODUCTION

- 2.6 HUMAN REPRODUCTION AND SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, Richard E. Jones. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice-Hall, 1984. 545 p. \$24.95. 83-567; ISBN 0-13-447524-0.
J5.9 This work has two major components: human reproductive anatomy and physiology,
h and biomedical aspects of reproduction and human sexual behavior. The four main
1984 sections concern the male and female reproductive systems, procreation, medical aspects of human reproduction which includes contraception, abortion, infertility and sexually transmitted diseases, and human sexual behavior.

FAMILY

3. FAMILY STUDIES REVIEW YEARBOOK, VOL. 1, David H. Olson and Brent C. Miller, eds.
04 Beverly Hills: Sage Publications, 1983. 768 p. \$37.50. ISBN 0-8039-1924-7.
f The 53 articles included in this work provide a well-balanced picture of ten
1983 important topic areas in the family field. These areas are among the most visible, applied and sometimes controversial issues facing marriages and families today. The ten topic areas include the following: family policy, family stress and coping, divorce and child custody, marital and family violence, alcoholism and drug abuse, work and the family, family economics, marital enrichment and premarital preparation, marital therapy, and family therapy. Future volumes will provide reviews of other content areas, with each volume providing a variety of timely and significant topics.

WOMEN'S HEALTH

- 3.11 STEPS TO BETTER HEALTH: COMMON PROBLEMS AND WHAT TO DO ABOUT THEM, Carol E.
T7.8 Thompson et al. Reston, VA: Reston Publishing Co., 1983. 298 p. \$9.95.
s ISBN 0-8359-7077-9.
1983 Written by a team of nursing professionals, this book presents answers to common adult medical emergencies or problems. Accurate medical data and directions for treatment are given for a wide range of common problems involving all systems of the body. Each condition discussed is labeled with both medical and nonmedical terminology.

PARENTING

- 3.12.01 SENSITIVE PARENTING: FROM INFANCY TO ADULTHOOD, Katharine C. Kersey. Washington,
K4 DC: Acropolis Books, 1983. 237 p. \$8.95. 83-15600; ISBN 0-87491-713-1(pbk.)
s The author presents a ten-step program for successful child-rearing. Each of
1983 the ten steps in the program is illustrated with case studies of children of all ages, questions from parents and sensible solutions. This program can help guide parents to more productive interactions and relationships with children.

SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES

- 3.24 FACTS ABOUT STD, Sol Gordon. Fayetteville, NY: Ed-U Press, 1983. 49 p.
G6 \$5.95. 72-12089; ISBN 0-934978-04-2.
f This book presents young people with the most up-to-date, accurate information
1983 about sexually transmitted diseases. In clear and simple language, the author describes STD, how to recognize the symptoms, how and where to get medical treatment and how to prevent STD. A list of print and audiovisual materials for teenagers, children, young adults, professionals, group leaders and parents is included along with references to several professional organizations.

DRUGS AND DRUG ABUSE

- 3.28 ALCOHOL AND SEXUALITY: AN ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHY ON ALCOHOL USE, ALCOHOLISM,
A1 AND HUMAN SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, Timothy J. O'Farrell et al. Phoenix, AZ: Oryx
a Press, 1983. 131 p. \$37.50. 82-73732; ISBN 0-89774-040-8.
1983 This annotated bibliography on alcohol and human sexuality brings together materials on alcohol and sex published from 1900 to 1982 for easy access by researchers, clinicians and educators. The first chapter deals with alcohol's short-term effects on sexual behavior, the long-term effects of chronic alcohol abuse as it relates to sexual activity, and the aphrodisiac properties attributed to alcohol. The second chapter explores sexual dysfunction and sexual adjustment of male and female alcoholics. The third chapter focuses on the social and cultural issues surrounding sexual behaviors as related to alcohol. The concluding chapter presents broad-based literature reviews, positions papers and commentary.

POPULATION EDUCATION

- 5.9 POPULATION REFERENCE BUREAU'S POPULATION HANDBOOK, Arthur Haupt and Thomas T. Kane
H2 Washington, DC: Population Reference Bureau, 1982. 59 p. \$4.00 77-82142;
p ISBN 0-917136-02-0.
1982 In this update of the 1978 edition, basic concepts of demography are found -- age-sex structure, fertility, mortality, morbidity, marriage and divorce, urbanization, migration and population change. Definitions giving rates of different countries and examples are included in this handy reference. Discussion of the prospects for world population growth, a glossary and an appendix of information are provided.

RELIGIOUS AND ETHICAL VIEWS

6. SUMMING UP: FINAL REPORT ON STUDIES OF THE ETHICAL AND LEGAL PROBLEMS IN
P7 MEDICINE AND BIOMEDICAL AND BEHAVIORAL RESEARCH, President's Commission for the
s Study of Ethical Problems in Medicine and Biomedical and Behavioral Research.
1983 Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1983. 137 p. \$5.50.
This book provides an overview of the Commission's work. Some of the issues covered are: when, if ever, should life-sustaining treatment be foregone? Who should bear the costs of injuries to human subjects in research. Should society ensure that everyone gets health care and, if so, how much? Should physicians tell their patients the truth about their condition? What should be done about attempts to remake human genes? In this report, each project is reviewed along with the current status of the recommendations made.

SEXUAL BEHAVIOR AND HUMAN SEXUALITY

- 7.3 WOMAN'S EXPERIENCE OF SEX, Sheila Kitzinger. New York: G.P. Putnam's Sons,
K5.7 1983. 320 p. \$17.95. 83-3403; ISBN 0-399-12856-5.
w This book explores women's feelings about their bodies and discusses the many
1983 different dimensions and facets of sexual experience from a woman's point of view. The author draws upon the accounts of hundreds of women who have talked to her about their sexuality and their sexual needs. The range of interest covers adolescence to old age. A book for women, the author also examines sexuality in the midst of the crises some women face, including childbirth, menopause, mastectomy and hysterectomy.
- 7.3 THE SEXUAL DIMENSION: A GUIDE FOR THE HELPING PROFESSIONAL, Herbert S. Streaun.
S7.9 New York: The Free Press, 1983. 241 p. \$19.95. 83-47512; ISBN 0-02-932170-0.
s The author, a psychoanalyst and social worker, attempts to sort out the con-
1983 fusing array of new techniques and theories for diagnosing and treating sexual problems and presents the basic skills that practitioners need in order to recognize, assess and treat sexual disorders. His approach emphasizes the sexual growth and anxieties of all client groups -- children, teenagers, adults and the aged throughout the life cycle.

TEENAGERS AND SEXUALITY

- 7.31.2 TALKING WITH YOUR TEENAGER: A BOOK FOR PARENTS, Ruth Bell and Leni Zeiger
B4.2 Wildflower. New York: Random House, 1983. 127 p. \$8.95. 83-42770;
t ISBN 0-394-71605-1 (pbk.)
1983 Written by health educators who have taught and counseled adolescents and their families, this book gives detailed information about puberty, adolescent emotional health, sexuality, drug and alcohol use, and eating disorders so that parents can discuss these issues knowledgeably and sympathetically with their teenagers. The authors interviewed many parents and have included first person accounts of parent-teenage interaction. At the conclusion of most of the chapters, there is a bibliography and list of resources pertinent to the topic discussed in that section.
- 7.31.2 ADOLESCENT SEXUALITY: SPECIAL SUBJECT BIBLIOGRAPHY, January-December 1983. New
H4 York: Katharine Dexter McCormick Library, 1984. \$2.00. (PP affiliates receive a 15% discount; Emphasis Subscriber Service Subscribers receive a 10% discount.)
y All request/orders must be accompanied by a self-addressed label.
1983 Based on entries in CURRENT LITERATURE IN FAMILY PLANNING for January through December 1983, this bibliography provides a ready compilation of all those entries which dealt with adolescent sexuality. It is classified and divided according to subject.

PUBLISHERS' ADDRESSES

- Acropolis Books, 2400 17th Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20009
- Ed-U Press, PO Box 583, Fayetteville, NY 13066
- The Foundation Center, 888 Seventh Avenue, New York, NY 10019
- The Free Press, 866 Third Avenue, New York, NY 10022
- Katharine Dexter McCormick Library, Planned Parenthood Federation of America, Inc.,
810 Seventh Avenue, New York, NY 10019
- Onyx Press, 2214 N. Central Avenue, Phoenix, AZ 85004
- Population Reference Bureau, 1337 Connecticut Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20036
- Prentice-Hall, Box 500, Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632
- C.P. Putnam's Sons, 200 Madison Avenue, New York, NY 10016
- Random House, 201 East 50th Street, New York, NY 10022
- Reston Publishing Co., 11480 Sunset Hills Road, Reston, VA 22090
- Sage Publications, 275 South Beverly Drive, Beverly Hills, CA 90212
- W.B. Saunders Co., W. Washington Square, Philadelphia, PA 19105
- Springer-Verlag, 175 Fifth Avenue, New York, NY 10010
- U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402

PART II: ARTICLES

BIRTH CONTROL: METHODS

Orals

- 2.11 SPEIDEL, J. JOSEPH
Steroids Steroidal contraception in the '80s; the role of current and new products
Journal of Reproductive Medicine, November 1983, 28(11), 759-769

The future role of steroidal contraceptives in fertility management will be affected by rapid increases in population size in less-developed countries. Barring new serious risks or radical new technology that might replace this method, it is expected that this contraceptive method will continue its important role in family planning programs. Within a few years a variety of long-acting and alternative delivery systems is likely to become available, including injectables and implants in biodegradable carriers and vaginal rings. (6389)

Orals - Side Effects

- 2.11.12 ANDOLSEK, LIDIJA et al.
Cervical Oral contraceptives and cervical cancer
x2.88 Lancet, December 3, 1983, 2(8362), 1310
Pap Smear

In a letter to the editor, the authors describe briefly a study they conducted regarding oral contraceptives and cervical cancer and refer to Dr. Vessey's study. (See CLFP 185, acq. #6305) They agree with Vessey et al. that oral contraceptive users should have regular cervical smears and that rather than at five year intervals, cervical smears should be taken every year. (6390)

- 2.11.12 VESSEY, M. P. et al.
Oral contraceptives and cervical cancer
Lancet, December 10, 1983, 2(8363), 1358-1359

In a letter to the editor, Dr. Vessey and his associates respond to criticism of their study of oral contraceptives and cervical neoplasia. (See CLFP 185, acq. #6305.) They believe that the most important criticisms of their study are those which raise questions about the adequacy of their information on sexual factors. After addressing several points of objection, they conclude that their data support the view that long-term use of oral contraceptives may increase the risk of cervical neoplasia. They also reiterate that the results are not conclusive. (6391)

Intrauterine Devices (IUDs)

- 2.12.1 INTERNATIONAL FAMILY PLANNING PERSPECTIVES
Shield Dalkon shield users five time more likely than users of other IUDs to be hospitalized
(Dalkon) for PID
International Family Planning Perspectives, October 1983, 9(3), 88-89

Two recent studies provide evidence that use of the Dalkon Shield creates a considerably greater risk of pelvic inflammatory disease (PID) than does use of other types of intrauterine devices. These investigations, the Women's Health Study and the Boston Study, are discussed in this article. (6392)

- 2.12.1 SCHWAN, ANNA et al.
Rings Effects of contraceptive vaginal ring treatment on vaginal bacteriology and cytology
Contraception, October, 1983, 28(4), 341-347

This study indicates that use of the contraceptive vaginal ring does not affect the bacterial ecology of the vagina. The increase in leucocytes indicates a weak inflammatory reaction which might explain the increase in vaginal discharge often observed by women using the contraceptive vaginal ring. (6393)

Other Methods - Barrier

- 2.13.1 EDELMAN, DAVID A.
Sponge Comparative trial of the contraceptive sponge and diaphragm; a preliminary report
Journal of Reproductive Medicine, November 1983, 28(11), 781-784

This study, conducted in 1980, evaluated the results from an ongoing comparative trial of the VLI contraceptive sponge and the diaphragm used with a spermicide. Among women who were not using vaginal contraceptives when enrolled in the study, the cumulative 12 month pregnancy rates were similar for the two contraceptive methods. Among women who were using vaginal contraceptives (principally diaphragms) when they were enrolled in the study, the group of women assigned to the diaphragm had a significantly lower pregnancy rate. Rates of side effects and acceptability appeared to be similar for sponge and diaphragm users. (6394)

- 2.13.1 KAFKA, DENISE and GOLD, RACHEL BENSON
Sponge U.S. drug agency approves vaginal sponge
x2.5 International Family Planning Perspectives, October 1983, 9(3), 94-96

On April 1, 1983, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved a disposable vaginal sponge as a nonprescription contraceptive. This article presents an overview of the sponge -- its physical characteristics, FDA approval and effectiveness and safety. (6395)

Lactation

- 2.13.3 ELLIS, DONELDA J.
x3.61.2 Secondary school students' attitudes and beliefs about breastfeeding
Teens Journal of School Health, December 1983, 53(10), 600-604

A survey of the knowledge, beliefs and attitudes of 409 secondary school students in British Columbia, Canada revealed misconceptions about the nature of breastfeeding. A high percentage felt it was unacceptable in social situations. The findings point to a need for the integration of information about breastfeeding into school health programs, biology, home economics/nutrition and family life/sexuality courses. (6396)

BC: INFERTILITY

- 2.2 ROUSSEAU, SERGE et al.
The expectancy of pregnancy for "normal" infertile couples
Fertility and Sterility, December 1983, 40(6), 768-772

The prognosis of unexplained infertility was studied for 47 couples. The type and duration of infertility, the age of the woman, and the previous use of contraceptives did not significantly modify the results. This study indicates that a complete investigative program should include laparoscopy. It also suggests caution in the application of untried treatments to normal infertile couples. (6397)

In Vitro Fertilization

- 2.24 EDWARDS, R.G. and STEPTOE, F.C.
Current status of in-vitro fertilization and implantation of human embryos
 Lancet, December 3, 1983, 2(8362), 1265-1269

Between October, 1980 and April, 1983, embryos fertilized in vitro were replaced in the uteri of 1,200 women. Factors favorably affecting implantation rate were maternal age of under 40 years, priming with clomiphene alone, and the replacing of more than one embryo in the uterus. (6398)

- 2.24 MAHADEVAN, MAHA M. et al.
The relationship of tubal blockage, infertility of unknown cause, suspected male infertility, and endometriosis to success of in vitro fertilization and embryo transfer
 Fertility and Sterility, December 1983, 40(6), 755-762

The success of in vitro fertilization and embryo transfer has been examined with regard to five categories of infertility over a two-year period and the results are discussed. The study makes it clear that there is a reduction in the fertilization rate in patients with idiopathic infertility. (6399)

BC: ABORTION

Techniques

- 2.31 KENT, DERYCK R. et al.
 Prostaglandins Preoperative cervical dilatation with a single long-acting prostaglandin analog suppository; an alternative to traumatic mechanical dilatation before surgical evacuation
 Journal of Reproductive Medicine, November 1983, 28(11), 778-780

Forty-two percent of the patients who were given a single long-acting prostaglandin analog suppository required no further dilatation. Even when further dilatation was required, it was performed with considerable ease due to the softening effects of the prostaglandin on the cervix. The use of this agent may be of value in preventing complications resulting from mechanical dilatation of the cervix. (6400)

BC: STERILIZATION

Male

- 2.41 INTERNATIONAL FAMILY PLANNING PERSPECTIVES
 Vasectomy Rise in atherosclerosis not evident among men 15 years postvasectomy
 International Family Planning Perspectives, October 1983, 9(3), 87-88

A study of almost 1,600 men who had vasectomies 10 or more years earlier has found no support for the hypothesis that vasectomy accelerates atherosclerosis in men. While some studies have shown that vasectomized monkeys experience increased rates of atherosclerosis, most research with humans has shown no such association. The investigators conclude that their data do not support the hypothesis that vasectomy induced atherosclerosis in humans, at least not at five years after the operation. (6401)

- 2.41 JOHNSON, JEANETTE H.
 Vasectomy Vasectomy -- an international appraisal
International Family Planning Perspectives, October 1983, 9(3), 96-99

In an attempt to stimulate new interest in male sterilization as a form of birth control, the first international meeting to focus on vasectomy was held October 4-7, 1982 in Sri Lanka. This article describes the discussions which took place at that conference. Some topics explored are vasectomies versus tubal ligation, vasectomy versus machismo in Latin America, use of paramedics, popularizing vasectomy and the need for a greater information and education effort regarding vasectomy. (6402)

Female

- 2.42 FAMILY PLANNING PERSPECTIVES
 Post- WHO: Mini-incision is fast, simple postpartum sterilization technique
 partum Family Planning Perspectives, July/August 1983, 15(4), 202

A recent multi-country World Health Organization study has shown that postpartum tubal sterilization can be performed quickly and safely through a very small abdominal incision. Fewer than five percent of the more than 1,000 women sterilized by this procedure reported any major or minor complications, a rate that is comparable with those found in most other studies of tubal sterilization. In addition, when performed under local anesthesia, mini-incision requires less than 13 minutes to complete, on average. (6403)

BC: HUMAN REPRODUCTION

- 2.6 FRASER, IAN S.
 Menstru- A survey of different approaches to management of menstrual disturbances in
 ation women using injectable contraceptives
 x2.61 Contraception, October 1983, 28(4), 385-397

Inject- This report summarizes a survey of the management of menstrual disturbances
 ables occurring during injectable progestogen use. A wide range of approaches is
 described. Estrogens in various forms are widely used for the treatment of pro-
 longed, frequent or heavy episodes of bleeding. It is clear that the bleeding
 disturbances associated with injectable contraceptives are poorly understood and
 that urgent research is necessary to clarify pathophysiological mechanisms and
 improve management. (6404)

- 2.6 PORRECO, RICHARD P. and MEIER, PAUL R.
 Child- Trial of labor in patients with multiple previous cesarean sections
 birth Journal of Reproductive Medicine, November 1983, 28(11), 770-772

Trial of labor (TOL) in patients with multiple previous low transverse cesarean sections has not been investigated extensively, and information regarding the risks and benefits of this kind of management is largely unavailable. Although the data presented in this article are insufficient to firmly justify a TOL in patients with two or more previous cesarean deliveries, it is apparent that to exclude such patients from a TOL is a purely arbitrary decision. (6405)

- 2.6 SHANGOLD, MONA W.
Menstruation Concerns of athletic women about reproductive function
Medical Aspects of Human Sexuality, December 1983, 17(12), 146+ (3p.)

Most athletic women are concerned about the effects of strenuous exercise on reproductive function. Although many would prefer to avoid heavy menstruation during athletic competition, few would choose amenorrhea as an alternative. For most athletic women, both exercise and menstruation are essential to their overall existence. (6406)

- 2.6 WHITESIDE, DONALD C. et al.
Child-birth Factors associated with successful vaginal delivery after cesarean section
Journal of Reproductive Medicine, November 1983, 28(11), 785-788

To assess obstetric guidelines that would predict successful vaginal delivery in patients with prior cesarean sections, the perinatal records of 579 such patients were reviewed. Significant factors associated with success included: nonrecurrent indication for cesarean section, vaginal delivery either prior or subsequent to cesarean section, duration of labor less than 24 hours prior to cesarean section, infant's birth weight less than 4,000 gm and cervical dilatation more than 4 cm on admission for attempted vaginal delivery. (6407)

Contraception - Research

- 2.61 INTERNATIONAL FAMILY PLANNING PERSPECTIVES
Development of six new birth control methods among 1989 goals of WHO special programme
International Family Planning Perspectives, October 1983, 9(3), 90-92

This article describes the work of the World Health Organization's Special Programme of Research, Development and Research Training in Reproduction, the world's second largest institution involved in developing new contraceptives and testing the safety and efficacy of existing methods. In 1982, its \$14 million budget was spent on the development of new methods, the testing of existing contraceptives, infertility research and psychosocial and family planning service research. In addition, the institution built research centers in developing countries and trained research scientists. (6408)

FAMILY AND FAMILY PLANNING: HEALTH AND HEALTH SERVICES

Pregnancy and Prenatal Care

- 3.11.2 PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS
Pregnancy and infant health; summary of the problem
Public Health Reports Supplement, September/October 1983, 24-40

From 1950 to 1977, infant mortality has dropped significantly. The factors underlying improvements in infant mortality are complex, but include increased access to prenatal services, increased availability of regionalized intensive care units, and improvements in maternal nutritional status. Goals for pregnancy and infant health are discussed. (6409)

High-Risk Pregnancies

- 3.11.22 ABUELO, DIANNE N. and BARSEL-BOWERS, GAIL
 Spontaneous Prognosis for couples who have experienced repeated pregnancy loss
 Abortions Fertility and Sterility, December 1983, 40(6), 844-845

To determine whether amniocentesis should be recommended to couples who have had multiple spontaneous abortions, information was obtained on the subsequent pregnancy outcome for 70 couples who had had two or more pregnancy losses. Fifty-two (74 percent) had one or more successful pregnancies, resulting in 64 newborns, all but one of whom were normal; the abnormal infant had a normal chromosome analysis. (6410)

Ectopic Pregnancies

- 3.11.23 SCHENKER, JOSEPH G. and SHMUEL, EVRON
 Ectopic New concepts in the surgical management of tubal pregnancy and the consequent postoperative results
Fertility and Sterility, December 1983, 40(6), 709-723

Reviews some of the causes of the rising incidence of tubal pregnancy and the methods for early diagnosis. The authors also discuss various surgical procedures for management and the consequent postoperative results with regard to fertility.

Vaginal Health

- 3.11.13 SOHN, CATHERINE A. et al.
Treatment of vaginal infections: trichomoniasis, Gardnerella, Chlamydia, atrophic vaginitis
 Female Patient, December 1983, 8(12), 33+ (5 p.)

Vaginitis is one of the most frequently encountered diseases and can be frustrating for both physician and patient. Common infections include trichomoniasis, Gardnerella, Chlamydia, and atrophic vaginitis. Most can be managed by medical and topical treatments; special consideration must be given to the pregnant patient. (6412)

FAMILY AND FP: CHILD CARE AND HEALTH

- 3.12 HESS, HENRY
Circumcision: an obstetric decision
 Female Patient, December 1983, 8(12), 18/32+ (3p.)

Circumcision is one of the few operations on males normally performed by obstetricians, but it receives minimal attention in medical school or obstetric textbooks. The question should be raised during prenatal visits and appropriate informed consent obtained. (6413)

FAMILY AND FP: THE DISABLED

Mentally Retarded/Disabled

- 3.13.11 GREEN, DENISE THALER
A human sexuality program for developmentally disabled women in a sheltered workshop setting
Sexuality and Disability, Spring 1983, 6(1), 20-24

This article describes a human sexuality program at a sheltered workshop involving primarily emotionally and mentally disabled women. The program was designed to respond to the need of these women to learn about their sexuality and discuss such feelings openly. Small discussion groups take place as well as larger group seminars of both men and women which focus on adult relationships, myths, misinformation and values clarification. (6414)

Emotional, Psychological, Psychiatric Aspects

- 3.14 MURPHY, JANE G. et al.
Abortion Pregnancy-resolution decisions; what if abortions were banned?
Journal of Reproductive Medicine, November 1983, 28(11), 789-797

This study addressed two related questions. The first concerned what sets of psychosocial characteristics distinguish women who have had an abortion from those who have not; the second involved the sets of characteristics which distinguish women who, given their present situations, predict they would terminate an unplanned pregnancy from those who predict they would carry such a pregnancy to term. Findings indicate that many of the women in this cohort will both deliver and abort pregnancies over the course of their reproductive lives and that the elimination of legal, medically controlled abortions would affect virtually every member of that group. (6415)

FAMILY AND FP: SOCIAL PROBLEMS

Sexually Transmitted Diseases

- 3.24 LANCET
AIDS WHO meeting on AIDS
Lancet, December 3, 1983, 2(8362), 1297

After a WHO meeting on AIDS, a statement was issued which highlighted the key issues involving the disease. Two points in the statement were that AIDS is a public health problem with international implications and that the epidemiological pattern is consistent with transmission by an agent which is most probably a virus. WHO is requested to support and coordinate research in different epidemiological settings. (6416)

- 3.24 PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS
Sexually transmitted disease control: summary of the problem
Public Health Reports Supplement, September/October 1983, 49-55

There is clear evidence that both the quality of the services and the attitudes with which they are delivered are important in attracting those who need STD services. Many vulnerable groups are still not being served. To approach them effectively will require not only the efforts of STD clinics and investigators but also those of family planning clinics, private physicians, diagnostic and public health laboratories, and schools and other educational institutions. Some of the national goals related to STDs are set forth here. (6417)

Child Abuse

- 3.25 TURBETT, J. PATRICK and O'TOOLE, RICHARD
Teachers' recognition and reporting of child abuse
 Journal of School Health, December 1983, 53(10), 605-609

The research described in this paper employs an experimental design using brief descriptions of potential abuse to manipulate the affect of parents' socioeconomic status, ethnic status and the child's level of injury on teachers' recognition and reporting of abuse. Results indicate that teachers' and nurses' judgments were not affected by these variables. Implications for the teachers' role in recognition and reporting of child abuse are discussed. (6418)

FAMILY AND FP: SOCIOLOGICAL RESEARCH

Knowledge, attitudes, practice

- 3.61 FAMILY PLANNING PERSPECTIVES
 x7.31.21 Majority oppose laws restricting teen access to birth control services
 Services Family Planning Perspectives, July/August 1983, 15(4), 197

A poll conducted last spring by Louis Harris and Associates shows that the majority of Americans are opposed to laws that would prohibit birth control services to teenagers who do not have permission from their parents. As a further indication of their attitudes, 85 percent of the poll's respondents said they agreed with the statement that "teenage girls need all the help they can get...to protect themselves from getting pregnant, including birth control assistance from family planning clinics." Describes many of the questions and answers on the survey. (6419)

- 3.61 FORREST, JACQUELINE DARROCH and HENSHAW, STANLEY K.
What U.S. women think and do about contraception
 Family Planning Perspectives, July/August 1983, 15(4), 157+ (9p.)

This article reports findings from a recent national survey of married and unmarried women age 18-44. The survey, which asked the women about their contraceptive use and attitudes, was conducted in the spring of 1982 by a New York research firm, Market Facts. Of the 33.4 million U.S. women practicing contraception today, 11.6 million rely on sterilization, 10 million use the pill, and 3 million women exposed to the risk of unintended pregnancy do not use any method. (6420)

Knowledge, Attitudes and Practice

- 3.61.2 PIETROPINTO, ANTHONY (Commentator)
 Physicians Survey: family size
 x3.62 Medical Aspects of Human Sexuality, December 1983, 17(12), 175-180
 Family
 Size

The results of a survey of 400 psychiatrists' responses to questions relating to current considerations in determining the size of a family and the psychosocial effects of family size are presented. The commentary provides an interpretative text to accompany the tabulations displayed in graph form. (6421)

Family Structure

- 3.62 FAMILY PLANNING PERSPECTIVES
 Birth Women having fewer children before age 25, more after the age of 30
 Planning Family Planning Perspectives, July/August 1983, 15(4), 193-194

The data on the childbearing experiences and expectations of U.S. women indicates that there has been a significant change since 1980 in the timing of births. Fertility rates are going down for women under age 25 and increasing for those over age 30. This information was collected in the June 1982 Current Population Survey. (6422)

FAMILY AND FP: SERVICES

Training and Utilization

- 3.75 DONOVAN, PATRICIA
 Nurse- Medical societies vs. nurse practitioners
 Practi- Family Planning Perspectives, July/August 1983, 15(4), 166-171
 tioners

A growing trend on the part of the state medical societies to challenge the legal authority of nurse practitioners to provide services beyond traditional nursing is discussed. Some of the services in question are the insertion of IUDs, the dispensing of birth control pills and the performance of breast and pelvic examinations. The attempts to limit the role of nurse practitioners seem to be directed primarily at nurses who provide outpatient services, particularly fertility related health services. Many observers believe that medical boards are concerned about the economic threat posed by nurse practitioners. (6423)

FAMILY AND FP: PROGRAMS - U.S.

- 3.9 PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS
Family planning: summary of the problem
Public Health Reports Supplement, September/October 1983, 16-24

Despite the success of family planning in the U.S., serious problems remain. Of the slightly more than three and one half million births, an estimated one million are unplanned. More than one million pregnancies are terminated by legal abortion. Certain subgroups of the population have disproportionately high risks of unintended pregnancy. Also describes national objectives that have been established to attempt to improve the situation. (6424)

Funding U.S. Family Planning

- 3.94 ORR, MARGARET TERRY
Impact on state management of family planning funds
Family Planning Perspectives, July/August 1983, 15(4), 176+ (5p.)

The FY 1982 federal budget dramatically changed the way that the U.S. government funded a number of medical and social programs, including the four major sources of federal support for family planning services. Discusses how service delivery might have changed as a result of these cuts and alterations. (6425)

- 3.94 TORRES, AIDA
Initial effects on the provision of services
 Family Planning Perspectives, July/August 1983, 15(4), 184+ (6p.)

Examines data from a sample survey of agencies providing family planning services in order to identify changes between 1980 and 1982 in the ways that these services were offered. Of particular interest is the impact of the budget cuts contained in the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981. It was concluded that if the cuts in funding are fully implemented, there may be widespread declines in the number of clinic sites and special programs available, as well as in clinic staffing. In addition, it is likely that more family planning program clients will be charged fees for services. (6426)

- 3.94 URBAN INSTITUTE
Serving community needs: the nonprofit sector in an era of governmental retrenchment
 Urban Institute, September 1983, The Nonprofit Sector Project, Progress Report No. 3

This report charts the progress of a major, three year project launched in 1982 to examine the scope and operations of the private, nonprofit sector in the United States, and to assess the impact on nonprofit organizations and those they serve of recent changes in public policy. Presents an overview of the early findings from one of the major project activities -- a survey of over 8,000 nonprofit organizations in 16 localities across the country. A summary of progress on other project activities is also included.

(Available from: The Urban Institute, 2100 M Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20036)

POPULATION: WORLD

Projections

- 5.12 BOUVIER, LECN F.
Planet earth 1984-2034: a demographic vision
 Population Reference Bureau, February 1984, 39(1)

Examines the present demographic situation of planet Earth and speculates what it might be 50 years from now. This work does not rely primarily on standard demographic techniques and data sources; it reflects the views and vision of one demographer.

(Available from: Population Reference Bureau, Inc., 2213 M Street N.W., Washington, DC 20037; single copy, \$4.00)

POPULATION: U.S.

Vital Statistics

- 5.21 AHLBURG, DENNIS A.
 Fertility Good times, bad times: a study of the future path of U.S. fertility
 Social Biology, Spring 1983, 30(1), 17-23

A simple version of Easterlin's relative-cohort-size model of fertility is presented and used to forecast fertility. The model tracks postwar U.S. experience closely and predicts an upturn in fertility in the 1980s. To illustrate the model's long-run properties, births are forecast to the year 2070. The forecast shows pronounced every-other generation cycles in births suggesting that, unless conditions change, concern with the economic consequences of declining population growth and crises in education and the youth labor market may be recurring features of the U.S. system. (6427)

SEXUALITY AND SEXUAL RELATIONSHIPS: SEXUAL BEHAVIOR

Female

- 7.31.13 SLOAN, DON and BING, ELIZABETH
Sex in pregnancy
Female Patient, December 1983, 8(12), 18/24+ (2p.)

This article discusses the advisability of sex during pregnancy. Various points of view are explored. In the experience of the authors, no deleterious effects as a result of coitus during pregnancy have been seen. Despite the anticipated incidence of amnionitis and prematurity in the group of couples interviewed over the past decade, no correlation was established between sexual activity and those events. Whether or not to participate in sexual activity during pregnancy is a decision that should be left to the man and woman involved. (6428)

SEX: TEENAGERS

- 7.31.21 NAMEROW, PEARILA BRICKNER et al.
Services Follow-up of adolescent family planning clinic users
Family Planning Perspectives, July/August 1983, 15(4), 172-176

A well planned follow-up system for adolescents attending a hospital-based contraceptive clinic in New York City is discussed. There is also documentation of the utility of such a system in improving the delivery of contraceptive services to young people. It is concluded that in spite of the need for confidentiality, clinic efforts seem to demonstrate the feasibility of a vigorous follow-up system for contacting those who have missed a contraceptive appointment. (6429)

SEXUALITY EDUCATION

- 7.32.2 CENTER FOR EARLY ADOLESCENCE
Resources on parenting young adolescents
Center for Early Adolescence, 1983.

This booklet is a bibliography of print materials in the following areas concerning early adolescence: general parenting, early adolescent development, sexuality and substance abuse. A list of organizations is appended.

(Available from: The Center for Early Adolescence, School of Public Health, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Suite 223, Carr Mill Mall, Carrboro, NC 27510; \$3.50)

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