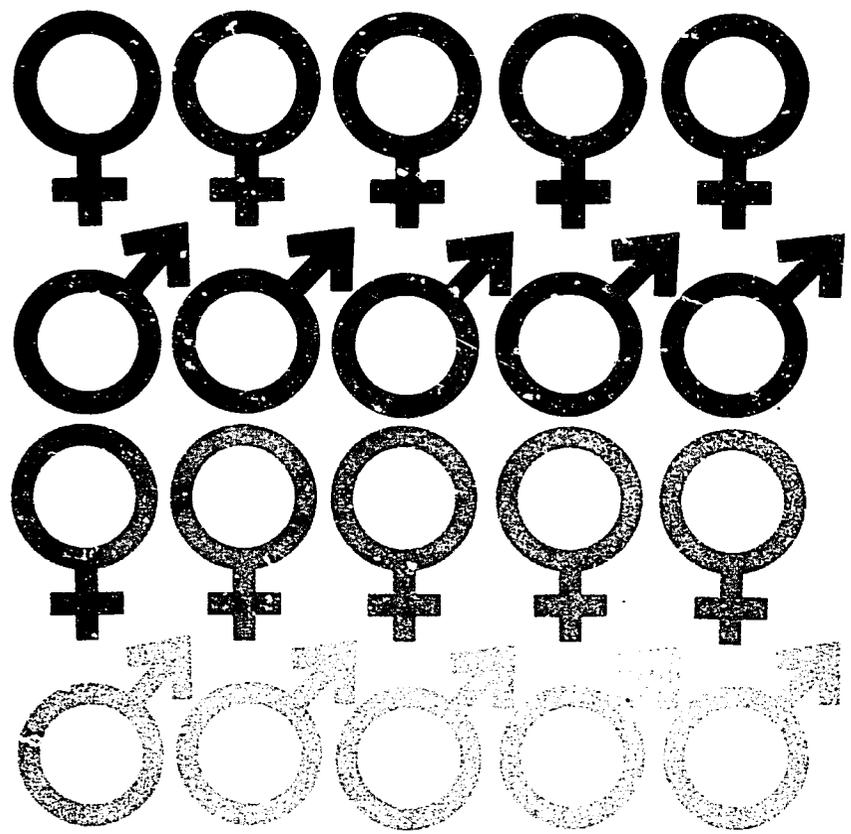

NEAR EAST/NORTH AFRICA

Turkey

Selected Statistical Data by Sex



Economic and Social Data Services Division
Development Information Utilization Service
Office of Evaluation
Bureau for Program and Policy Coordination
U.S. Agency for International Development
Washington, D.C. 20523

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INTRODUCTION TO THE DATA BASE IN THIS BOOKLET

The United States Bureau of the Census (BuCen) recently updated a data base project, sponsored by the AID Women in Development Office (PPC/WID), which, drawing on existing data sources, provides AID with data disaggregated by sex, age and urban-rural residence for a variety of variables including demographic, education, health, household, income and employment. The purpose of the project was to capture and make accessible, in a convenient single location, statistical data from existing sources relevant to a better understanding of the status and roles of women in AID-participating countries. The scope of work included a data search of 120 countries with a population of 5 million or more. A listing of the countries for which searches were conducted is provided in Appendix A. A listing of the variables searched is provided in Appendix B. Appendix C presents a summary of the table characteristics for the country under review. The most commonly used sources were national censuses and surveys, statistical abstracts, and international compendia (e.g., publications from the United Nations, the Latin American Demographic Center, the International Labor Organization, and so forth). Each table is in a format which permits the footnoting of sources and important definitions. Further annotation is often included to indicate instances where data availability deviates significantly from the standard table outline, or where concepts and definitions used in collection or tabulation differ from internationally recommended standards.

BuCen researchers were concerned with recording "hard", reliable data. Census data were generally accepted as valid. Survey data were used if they had been judged reliable by the country analysts in the BuCen Center for International Research. Projections were not used and estimates or questionable measures were generally avoided. If, of necessity, the latter were employed, caveats appear in the footnotes.

A major product of this effort is a computerized data file suitable for analysis using standard statistical packages, e.g., Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS) and Statistical Analysis System (SAS). Data for all 120 countries are available on a single tape. A standard tape file format was prepared for all 19 tables. Information concerning the record layouts (formats) for the various types of data as well as information regarding data-file specifications is available. Beyond the basic tabular data, the tapes indicate source references, concept definitions, and any qualifying information which should be considered by the user. The computerized data file is available for use by Agency personnel on the AID computer. Arrangements for Agency users should be made through the Economic and Social Data Services Division, Development Information Utilization Service, Office of Evaluation (PPC/E-DIU-ESDS). The data file is also available on magnetic tape from the BuCen. Requests should be addressed to Chief, Center For International Research, U. S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, D. C. 20233 (for order form see Appendix F).

The Economic and Social Data Services Division of PPC/E is making updated copies of the data available in hard copy booklet form, on a country-specific basis. Each country booklet contains a complete set of computer printout tables for the variables searched for that country. In those cases where the data search failed to uncover data for a variable, the table(s) appears blank in the country booklet. Copies of these country-specific booklets are available upon request from the AID Development Information Utilization Service, Office of Evaluation (PFC/E-DIU/ESDS).

Census data on women exhibit certain limitations and biases which must be taken into account if the statistics are to be interpreted appropriately. Some of these biases are noted in the FOREWORD which follows. Appendix E, "A Cautionary Note Regarding Use of Employment Statistics for Women," by Nadia Youssef, expands on the difficulties surrounding the use of women's statistics in the important area of employment.

Finally, several tear-out copies of Reader Comments forms have been bound into this volume for use in submitting user reactions and suggestions to the PFC/E-DIU/ESDS in AID/Washington. We would appreciate hearing from you. Every effort will be made to improve upon the present volume so that succeeding editions become progressively more useful.

FOREWORDBackground(a) The International Context

The decade of the seventies witnessed a growing international movement directed towards improvement in the status and roles of women worldwide. Increasingly, it became widely recognized and accepted that, while class or social ranking is a general or basic factor in all people's fate in life, women face a special problem in that there are two systems of stratification in operation. The second system concerns women's position vis-a-vis men in public and private life. It is in this sense that women are confronted with problems of discrimination peculiar to them, and it is this universal problem that lay behind the designation of the International Women's Year in 1975, followed by the current United Nations Decade for Women (1975-1985). A more recent milestone in this international women's movement was reached when, on 18 December 1979, the United Nations General Assembly adopted by a vote of 130 in favor, none against, with 11 abstentions and 11 Member States non-voting, The Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women. Eighty-one nations are now signatories to the Convention and ratification proceedings are underway in these countries.

(b) The Situation in AID

During this same time, within the Agency for International Development, awareness of women as they impacted on, and were affected by, the development process also grew. Reports depicting women as victims of the development process appeared with increasing frequency, as did reports that the contributions of women to the development process were being consistently overlooked.*

Special concern for the status and roles of women was initially provided explicit recognition in the Agency policy framework, in 1973, in Sec. 113 of the Foreign Assistance Act, otherwise known as the Percy Amendment.

*This perspective was also incorporated in the conceptual framework underlying the Programme of Action for the Second Half of the United Nations Decade for Women which states, in part: "It can be argued that the predominant economic analyses of labor and capital insufficiently trace the linkages between production systems in world economics and women's work as producers and reproducers; nor is the subject, exploitation, oppression and domination of women by men, sufficiently explained in history."
(UN: A/Conf. 94/34, 13 August 1980, p. 6)

That amendment mandated that Foreign Assistance "shall be administered so as to give particular attention to those programs, projects and activities which tend to integrate women into the national economies of developing countries, thus improving their status and assisting the total development effort."

While the Percy Amendment dealt specifically with women, other broader changes occurring within the Agency (as well as within the development community generally) indirectly spotlighted the situation of women. First, the AID "new directions" mandate of 1973 focussed attention on issues of distribution and equity in the growth process. Secondly, the "new directions" approach was supplemented mid-decade with the "basic human needs" emphasis. Both orientations pushed toward greater concern for women in the process of societal change. This is the case because (1) women make up a disproportionately large portion of the poorest of the poor, and (2) women commonly bear the major responsibility for supplying themselves and their families with food, water, fuel, health care, sanitation, education, and so forth. Women are, in effect, simultaneously the group most in need and the "front line" providers of basic human needs. Development projects that overlook or misconstrue their capabilities and contributions run the serious risk of being ineffective or, even worse, counterproductive.*

(c) Data Needs on Women

Planners and administrators who have recognized the need to take women into account, both as contributors to, and/or beneficiaries of, the development process, are often frustrated by the lack of solid, accessible statistical evidence of women's situations. In the absence of reliable data, decisions must be made on the basis of impressions, hunches, or even prejudices. At stake are substantial investments of both human and financial resources. Data bases which fail to address the unique situations of women provide little guidance for policy planning, and little basis for judging the results of initiatives taken to further women's integration in development. Hence the crucial need for a reliable, up-to-date, accessible data base on women in development.

Within the Agency, it is now generally recognized that beginning with the policy stage and continuing through the project programming, implementation and evaluation cycle, data must be obtained which reflect the differential conditions of men and women. The assumption that when benefits and costs accrue to production aggregates (ranging from nations to households), they will be felt in some comparable way by the various units (ranging from subgroup to individuals) of which they are comprised, has proven patently false. Many projects now require the gathering of baseline socioeconomic data pertinent to women's status, e.g., the sexual division of labor, decision-making in the household, the pattern of expenditure of household cash earnings and so forth. Project evaluations and impact assessments increasingly focus on

*See, for example, The Nemo Case, Case Studies of the Impact of Large Scale Development Projects on Women: A Series for Planners, Working Paper No. 7, September 1979, Agency for International Development, Washington,

changes in the differential access of men and women to both the means and fruits of production.*

(d) Problems and Prospects

Problems with the statistical data base on women and women's situations in society emerge from two theoretically distinct sources. One set of problems arises from the concepts and indicators which have been used in the construction of the data base. For example, there are intrinsic limitations to operational definitions of concepts and measurements designed to capture employment trends in census practices. These combine with cultural biases against women's employment, and together result in the underreporting and undercounting of women's participation in the market place.** Too often the economic value of what women do in the home and subsistence production is given short shrift in census and many survey data. Necessary changes in the concepts and the operations of data gatherers represent a challenge extending into the future, although some measure of improvement is possible in the short run in some areas.

A second set of problems with the statistical data base on women arises from the lack of availability of data at appropriate levels of aggregation; i.e., data are not disaggregated by sex. Although census and survey data have frequently been collected in such a way as to allow the tabulation of responses separately for men and women, because of the past insensitivity to questions concerning differing conditions and responses by sex, separate tabulations have either not been made or have not been reported. This is an area where improvements can be made within relatively short time periods.

One of the goals adopted by the Office of Women in Development (WID) in AID*** is improvements in the collection, reporting and analysis of data concerning the status of women in society and their role in national development. In order to further the goal of reliable information on women in development issues, the WID Office has been supporting a variety of efforts to develop a reliable and internationally comparable data base in these areas. One of these efforts has been to examine existing data sources, and, where possible, provide tabulations of the information separately by sex. The data presented in this series of country booklets represent the product of that effort.

*Assessing the Impact of Development Projects on Women, A.I.D. Program Evaluation Discussion Paper No. 8, Bureau for Program and Policy Coordination, Agency for International Development, May, 1980.

**Limitations and biases regarding employment statistics for women are discussed in Appendix E, "A Cautionary Note Regarding Use of Employment Statistics for Women."

***The Women in Development Office was established within the Agency to help meet the objectives of the Percy Amendment.

It is clearly recognized that the data captured in this project do not represent an ideal or complete set of information on the status and role of women necessary for project and/or program needs.* Rather they reflect to a substantial degree what is currently accessible to the research team members. We do feel, however, that it may be useful to publicize basic data available to AID missions, generalists in the development community, and program planners who may be interested in comparisons within regions and comparisons between men and women. In addition we hope this kind of presentation will help create a demand for more detailed and sophisticated information on women in the future, especially if future publications point out current gaps in information.

An assumption underlying the project was that the availability of data on women in developing countries might remind planners of the importance of incorporating women in their programs, help suggest programs and speed up the orientation of more development programs toward women. In other words, the project was expected to have a "consciousness-raising" function.

A more specific concern however, was to build up a solid set of data on characteristics of women in developing countries which could be updated when new information became available. The 1980 round of censuses will provide more information as will the country specific studies now being done in many countries. The data base does provide a solid benchmark of what was available from the 1970s and can serve as a source for future comparisons.

*Because of their lack of detail, the data would not be very useful for project planning. It is possible some AID field missions, especially those with smaller staffs, will use the information in their annual Country Development Strategy Statement (CDSS) although many missions may be closer to the data for their own country than the compilers in Washington could be. Regional comparisons might re-emphasize the continued existence of certain problems, e.g., the relatively low life expectancy of females in South Asia.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 1. UNADJUSTED POPULATION BY AGE, SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1970. TURKEY

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN TOTAL	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL TOTAL	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
TOTAL	35605176	18006986	17598190	12723622	6800943	5922679	22881554	11206043	11675511
UNDER 1	956489	470535	485954	304331	152000	152331	652158	318535	333623
1-4	4298647	2190565	2108082	1232987	648357	584630	3065660	1542208	1523452
5-9	5093452	2610278	2483174	1522845	791779	731066	3570607	1818499	1752108
10-14	4529599	2362928	2166671	1529600	821255	708345	2999999	1541673	1458326
15-19	3694500	1924259	1770241	1472974	841458	631516	2221526	1082801	1138725
20-24	2851471	1496314	1355157	1332089	807418	524671	1519382	688896	830486
25-29	2261612	1107968	1153644	942555	510441	432114	1319057	597527	721530
30-34	2184359	1013964	1165395	860715	436360	424355	1323644	582604	741040
35-39	2214126	1117152	1096974	850780	448755	402025	1363346	668397	694949
40-44	1821018	921299	899719	704668	374744	329924	1116350	546555	569795
45-49	1208634	644629	564005	471173	257573	213600	737461	387056	350405
50-54	973205	457007	516198	337360	167536	169824	635845	289471	346374
55-59	937460	496977	440483	335938	177792	158146	601522	319185	282337
60-64	1006179	476373	529806	309869	143492	166377	696310	332881	363429
65 AND OVER	1565696	707807	857889	512082	220360	291722	1053614	487447	566167
UNKNOWN	8729	3931	4798	3656	1623	2033	5073	2308	2765

01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1977, 25.10.1970
CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLE 8.

02 URBAN REFERS TO ALL PROVINCIAL AND DISTRICT CENTERS AND CITIES
WITH A POPULATION OF 10,000 OR MORE INHABITANTS. RURAL REFERS
TO ALL LOCALITIES WITH A POPULATION OF FEWER THAN 10,000
INHABITANTS.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 2. ESTIMATED CENSUS POPULATION BY AGE, SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1975. TURKEY

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN TOTAL	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL TOTAL	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
TOTAL	40348000	20745000	19603000	16707000	8899000	7807000	23641000	11846000	11796000
0-4	5438000	2810000	2629000	1826000	967000	859000	3612000	1842000	1770000
5-9	5482000	2840000	2642000	2030000	1070000	960000	3452000	1770000	1682000
10-14	5246000	2772000	2473000	1987000	1056000	931000	3259000	1716000	1542000
15-19	4492000	2351000	2141000	2086000	1153000	933000	2407000	1198000	1208000
20-24	3561000	1863000	1699000	1843000	1051000	792000	1718000	812000	906000
25-29	2857000	1476000	1382000	1456000	793000	663000	1402000	683000	719000
30-34	2199000	1110000	1089000	985000	526000	458000	1215000	584000	631000
35-39	2182000	1051000	1131000	983000	486000	497000	1199000	565000	634000
40-44	2169000	1113000	1056000	924000	499000	425000	1245000	614000	631000
45-49	1737000	918000	819000	783000	424000	359000	954000	494000	460000
50-54	1304000	665000	639000	513000	272000	241000	792000	393000	399000
55-59	784000	395000	389000	326000	165000	160000	458000	229000	229000
60-64	1073000	526000	547000	376000	177000	199000	697000	348000	348000
65 AND OVER	1823000	856000	967000	590000	257000	331000	1234000	598000	636000
UNKNOWN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

01 SOURCE: U. S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, 1982, DETAILED STATISTICS ON THE URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION OF TURKEY; 1950 TO 2000, UNPUBLISHED, APPENDIX A-2.

02 TOTAL COUNTRY ESTIMATED BY INFLATING THE AGE-SEX DISTRIBUTION FROM A 1-PERCENT SAMPLE OF CENSUS RETURNS TO THE FINAL ENUMERATED POPULATION, BY SEX. RURAL ESTIMATED BY INFLATING AN AGGREGATION OF RURAL DATA FROM 64 PROVINCES (REPRESENTING 95 PERCENT OF THE ENUMERATED RURAL POPULATION) TO THE FINAL ENUMERATED POPULATION, BY SEX. URBAN ESTIMATED AS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE TOTAL AND RURAL.

**U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE**

TABLE 3. ADJUSTED POPULATION BY AGE AND SEX, 1970. TURKEY

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE
TOTAL	3603000	1822700	1780300
0-4	5681000	2881000	2800000
5-9	5095000	2611000	2484000
10-14	4461000	2325000	2136000
15-19	3765000	1963000	1802000
20-24	2746000	1412000	1335000
25-29	2368000	1193000	1175000
30-34	2344000	1135000	1208000
35-39	2056000	1001000	1055000
40-44	1666000	858000	808000
45-49	1365000	708000	657000
50-54	1024000	516000	509000
55-59	887000	439000	448000
60-64	821000	400000	421000
65 AND OVER	1751000	785000	967000

01 SOURCE: U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, 1982, DETAILED STATISTICS ON THE URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION OF TURKEY: 1950 TO 2000, UNPUBLISHED, TABLE 5. IN THE SAME TABLE, SOURCE ALSO PRESENTS ADJUSTED URBAN AND RURAL POPULATIONS BY AGE AND SEX FOR THE OCTOBER 1970 CENSUS.

**U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE**

TABLE 4. ADJUSTED POPULATION BY AGE AND SEX, 1975. TURKEY

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE
TOTAL	41103000	21080000	20023000
0-4	6194000	3144000	3049000
5-9	5482000	2840000	2642000
10-14	5246000	2772000	2473000
15-19	4388000	2301000	2087000
20-24	3665000	1913000	1752000
25-29	2712000	1396000	1316000
30-34	2345000	1190000	1155000
35-39	2314000	1148000	1166000
40-44	2037000	1016000	1021000
45-49	1674000	871000	803000
50-54	1367000	712000	655000
55-59	1025000	513000	512000
60-64	831000	408000	423000
65 AND OVER	1823000	856000	967000

01 SOURCE: ADJUSTED OCTOBER 1975 CENSUS POPULATION BASED ON THE 1975 ESTIMATED CENSUS POPULATION (SEE TABLE 2), AS REPORTED IN U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, 1982, DETAILED STATISTICS ON THE URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION OF TURKEY: 1950 TO 2000, UNPUBLISHED, TABLE 5. IN THE SAME TABLE, SOURCE ALSO PRESENTS ADJUSTED URBAN AND RURAL POPULATIONS BY AGE AND SEX FOR THE OCTOBER 1975 CENSUS.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 5. POPULATION BY PROVINCE, SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE,
1975. TURKEY

PROVINCE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN TOTAL	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL TOTAL	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
TOTAL	40347719	20744730	19602989	16706528	8899139	7807389	23641191	11845591	11795600
ADANA	1240475	639034	601441	714745	374087	340658	525730	264947	260783
ADYAMAN	346892	178152	168740	90800	48429	42371	256092	129723	126369
AFYONKARAHISAR	579171	291388	287783	147806	77818	69988	431365	213570	217795
AGRI	330201	176676	153525	68814	41906	26908	261387	134770	126617
AMASYA	322806	165473	157333	106364	56568	49796	216442	108905	107537
ANKARA	2585293	1359373	1225920	1964987	1053460	911527	620306	305913	314393
ANTALYA	669357	342365	326992	194777	103003	91774	474580	239362	235218
ARTVIN	228026	113829	114197	13390	7758	5632	214636	106071	108565
AYDIN	609869	307516	300353	189538	99258	90280	420331	210258	210073
BALIKESIR	789255	408133	381122	232237	126155	106082	557018	281978	275040
BILECIK	137120	68686	68434	26466	14743	11723	110654	53943	56711
BINGOL	210804	110954	99850	22047	12254	9793	188757	98700	90057
BITLIS	218305	115955	102350	54325	30825	23500	163980	85130	78850
BOLU	428704	215800	212904	64941	35614	29327	363763	180186	183577
BURDUR	222896	112161	110735	51723	27961	23762	171173	84200	86973
BURSA	961639	490506	471133	492949	254338	238611	468690	236168	232522
CANAKKALE	369385	193590	175795	71239	39209	32030	298146	154381	143765
CANKIRI	265468	132240	133228	28512	15593	12919	236956	116647	120309
CORUM	547580	274050	273530	127554	67080	60474	420026	206970	213056
DENIZLI	560916	281186	279730	139649	73840	65809	421267	207346	213921
DIYARBAKIR	651233	343797	307436	233845	129128	104717	417388	214669	202719
EDIRNE	340732	182944	157788	117094	65335	51759	223638	117609	106029
ELAZIG	417924	216639	201285	146566	77783	68783	271358	138856	132502
ERZINCAN	283683	144959	138724	60351	33780	26571	223332	111179	112153
ERZURUM	746666	389557	357109	208376	116250	92126	538290	273307	264983
ESKISEHIR	495097	254173	240924	259952	136541	123411	235145	117632	117513
GAZIANTEP	715939	369748	346191	411810	217597	194213	304129	152151	151978
GIRESUN	463587	228967	234620	62603	32552	30051	400984	196415	204569
GUMUSHANE	293673	142353	151320	31322	17091	14231	262351	125262	137089
HAKKARI	126036	68264	57772	11735	6800	4935	114301	61464	52837
HATAY	744113	390908	353205	342492	185662	156830	401621	205246	196375
ISPARTA	322685	167062	155623	91191	51234	39957	231494	115828	115666
ICEL	714817	369269	345548	326556	173355	153201	388261	195914	192347
ISTANBUL	3904588	2064250	1840338	3632443	1914402	1718041	272145	149848	122297
IZMIR	1673966	868403	805563	1132840	593193	539647	541126	275210	265916
KARS	707398	369733	337665	133498	80279	53219	573900	289454	284446
KASTAMONA	438243	214148	224095	47508	26057	21451	390735	188091	202644
KAYSERI	676809	342613	334196	294001	152304	141697	382808	190309	192499
KIRKLARELI	268399	149178	119221	93279	58985	34294	175120	90193	84927
KIRSEHIR	232853	113990	118863	57931	30434	27497	174922	83556	91366
KOCAELI	477736	254643	223093	289201	158892	130309	188535	95751	92784
KONYA	1422461	714286	708175	525258	273445	251813	897203	440841	456362

TABLE 05 (CONTINUED)

KUTAHYA	470423	242340	228083	124267	68172	56095	346156	174168	171988
MALATYA	574558	294992	279566	197921	105635	92286	376637	189357	187280
MANISA	872375	440674	431701	334126	172376	161750	538249	268298	269951
MARAS	641480	330443	311037	206485	110259	96226	434995	220184	214811
MARDIN	519687	268675	250012	127598	68864	58734	392089	200811	191278
MUGLA	400796	201664	199132	54807	28431	26376	345989	173233	172756
MUS	267203	138880	128323	40855	23304	17551	226348	115576	110772
NEVSEHIR	249308	124927	124381	30203	16210	13993	219105	108717	110388
NIGDE	463121	230905	232216	104023	53144	51379	359098	177761	181337
ORDU	664290	332018	332272	113807	60108	53699	550483	271910	278573
RIZE	336278	165016	171262	49524	26310	23214	286754	138706	148048
SAKARYA	495649	253371	242278	176260	92642	83618	319389	160729	158660
SAMSUN	906381	454837	451544	279458	143829	135629	626923	311008	315915
SIIRT	381503	201023	180480	110625	60308	50317	270878	140715	130163
SINOP	267605	129447	138158	29237	15735	13502	238368	113712	124656
SIVAS	741713	375507	366206	195505	104403	91102	546208	271104	275104
TEKIRDAG	319987	170643	149344	108121	61102	47019	211866	109541	102325
TOKAT	599166	305071	294095	159386	83171	76215	439780	221900	217880
TRABZON	719008	354636	364372	154060	83915	70145	564948	270721	294227
TUNCELI	164591	82759	81832	11637	6801	4836	152954	75958	76996
URFA	597277	312415	284862	260838	139040	121798	336439	173375	163064
USAK	229679	116149	113530	58578	30486	28092	171101	85663	85438
VAN	386314	203229	183085	86014	46729	39285	300300	156500	143800
YOZGAT	500371	248490	251881	76838	40108	36730	423533	208382	215151
ZONGULDAK	836156	426668	409488	303640	167059	136581	532516	259609	272907

- 01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1979, 26.10.1975 CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF POPULATION, ANKARA, PROVINCE VOLUME NOS. 1-67, TABLE 4 OF EACH VOLUME; AND (FOR URBAN/RURAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION OF HAKKARI PROVINCE) 1977, 26.10, 1975 CENSUS OF POPULATION BY ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION, ANKARA, TABLES 3 AND 4.
- 02 PRELIMINARY DATA FOR BOTH SEXES FROM THE 1980 CENSUS ARE REPORTED IN STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1980, 12 EKIM 1980 GENEL NUFUS SAYIMI, TELGRAFLA ALINAN GECICI, SONUELAR, ANKARA, TABLE 3.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 6A. POPULATION BY ETHNIC GROUP, SEX AND URBAN/RURAL
RESIDENCE, 1975. TURKEY

01 SEARCH CONDUCTED BUT NO DATA FOUND.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 6B. POPULATION BY RELIGION, SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE,
1965. TURKEY

RELIGION	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN TOTAL	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL TOTAL	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
TOTAL	31391421	15996964	15394457	9382621	5054197	4328424	22008800	10942767	11066033
MOSLEM	31129854	15869114	15260740	9170493	4952656	4217837	21959361	10916458	11042903
CHRISTIAN	206825	101206	105619	168616	80617	87999	38209	20589	17620
CATHOLIC	25833	12892	12941	21254	10169	11085	4579	2723	1856
ORTHODOX	73725	33794	39931	56920	25372	31548	16805	8422	8383
PROTESTANT	22983	13762	9221	18418	10652	7766	4565	3110	1455
GREGORIAN	69526	32749	36777	66177	31124	35053	3349	1625	1724
OTHER CHRISTIAN	14758	8009	6749	5847	3300	2547	8911	4709	4202
JEWISH	38267	18210	20057	37716	17875	19841	551	335	216
OTHER RELIGIONS	14661	7408	7253	4563	2348	2215	10098	5060	5038
NO RELIGION	1212	739	473	776	501	275	436	238	198
UNKNOWN	602	287	315	457	200	257	145	87	58

01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1969, 24.10.1965
CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLE 21.

**U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE**

**TABLE 6C. POPULATION BY NATIONALITY, SEX AND
URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1970. TURKEY**

NATIONALITY	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN TOTAL	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL TOTAL	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
TOTAL	35695176	18006986	17598190	12723622	6300943	5922679	22881554	11206043	11675511
TURKEY	34713754	17557068	17156686	12113044	6492773	5620271	22600710	11064295	11536415
AFGHANISTAN	1964	948	1016	1090	574	516	874	374	500
ALBANIA	4852	2439	2413	3708	1883	1825	1144	556	588
ALGERIA	1045	491	554	424	225	199	621	266	355
ARGENTINA	3230	1606	1624	2006	1032	974	1224	574	650
BRAZIL	1304	600	704	603	295	308	701	305	396
BULGARIA	255147	127509	127638	151701	75857	75844	103446	51652	51794
CANADA	4253	2060	2193	1311	748	563	2942	1312	1630
CYPRUS	6378	3481	2897	5913	3232	2681	465	249	216
EGYPT	1768	827	941	1086	516	570	682	311	371
ENGLAND	3278	1702	1576	2212	1073	1139	1066	629	437
FRANCE	2416	1180	1236	1484	693	791	932	487	445
GERMANY FED. REP.	11107	5418	5689	9207	4432	4775	1900	986	914
GREECE	201123	99626	101497	122920	59796	63124	78203	39830	38373
IRAN	6283	3781	2502	3135	2096	1039	3148	1685	1663
IRAQ	2626	1503	1123	2146	1253	893	480	250	230
ISRAEL	3002	1528	1474	1925	1015	910	1077	513	564
ITALY	2230	1182	1048	1441	706	735	789	476	313
LEBANON	1046	539	507	770	420	350	276	119	157
MOROCCO	471	246	225	237	125	112	234	121	113
PAKISTAN	1737	1000	737	998	608	390	739	392	347
ROMANIA	60398	29933	30465	33268	16687	16581	27130	13246	13884
SAUDI ARABIA	7886	4092	3794	5515	2889	2626	2371	1203	1168
SOVIET UNION	17825	9688	8137	9187	5013	4174	8638	4675	3963
SYRIA	4866	2379	2487	3700	1819	1881	1166	560	606
TUNISIA	1257	586	671	950	456	494	307	130	177
UNITED STATES	17179	10127	7052	13458	7849	5609	3721	2278	1443
YUGOSLAVIA	254790	129370	125420	220231	111773	108458	34559	17597	16962
OTHER COUNTRIES	9709	5016	4693	8428	4377	4051	1281	639	642
UNKNOWN	2252	1061	1191	1524	728	796	728	333	395

01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1977, 25.10.1970
CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLE 14.
02 NATIONALITY REFERS TO COUNTRY OF BIRTH.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 6D. POPULATION BY LANGUAGE, SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE,
1965. TURKEY

LANGUAGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN TOTAL	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL TOTAL	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
TOTAL	31391421	15996964	15394457	9382621	5054197	4328424	22008800	10942767	11066033
TURKISH	28289680	14424223	13865457	9013092	4862031	4151061	19276588	9562192	9714396
KURDISH	2219502	1130672	1088830	99339	56929	42410	2120163	1073743	1046420
ARABIC	365340	186164	179176	111259	57812	53447	254081	128352	125729
ZAZA	150644	75716	74928	7525	3974	3551	143119	71742	71377
CIRCISSIAN	58339	29074	29265	3005	1477	1528	55334	27597	27737
GREEK	48096	21073	27023	36490	15648	20842	11606	5425	6181
GEORGIAN	34330	16806	17524	844	460	384	33486	16346	17140
ARMENIAN	33094	15373	17721	30772	14219	16553	2322	1154	1168
ENGLISH	27841	17902	9939	22220	13852	8368	5621	4050	1571
LAZ	26007	12014	13993	583	340	243	25424	11674	13750
POMAK	23138	11245	11893	499	248	251	22639	10997	11642
BOSNIAN	17627	8872	8755	5978	2981	2997	11649	5891	5758
ALBANIAN	12832	6115	6717	8360	3787	4571	4472	2326	2146
HEBREW	9981	4665	5316	9896	4619	5277	85	46	39
SERBIAN	6599	3204	3395	5063	2476	2587	1536	728	808
GERMAN	4901	2232	2669	4257	1845	2412	644	387	257
ABAZA	4563	2381	2182	275	109	166	4288	2272	2016
BULGARIAN	4088	2038	2050	1975	980	995	2113	1058	1055
FRENCH	3302	1315	1987	3224	1271	1953	78	44	34
ITALIAN	2926	1409	1517	2871	1365	1506	55	44	11
SPANISH	2791	1312	1479	2773	1301	1472	18	11	7
RUSSIAN	1088	495	593	1038	474	564	50	21	29
OTHERS	44712	22664	22048	11283	5997	5286	33429	16667	16762

01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1969, 24.10.1965
CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLES 18, 18A, AND 18B. SOURCE ALSO SHOWS
SUB-CLASSIFICATION OF POPULATION BY MOTHER TONGUE ACCORDING TO
SECOND LANGUAGE BEST SPOKEN.

02 LANGUAGE BASED ON MOTHER TONGUE.

**U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE**

TABLE 7. LIFE EXPECTANCY AT SELECTED AGES, BY SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1974-75. TURKEY

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN TOTAL	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL TOTAL	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
0	56.7	55.2	58.3	61.9	60.5	63.5	53.7	52.2	55.3
1	63.8	62.5	65.0	66.8	65.5	68.1	62.1	60.9	63.4
5	63.2	62.0	64.4	64.7	63.5	66.0	62.1	61.0	63.3
15	54.2	53.2	55.4	55.7	54.4	57.0	53.3	52.3	54.3
30	40.9	39.9	42.0	42.2	41.0	43.4	40.2	39.2	41.2
45	28.0	27.1	29.0	29.1	28.0	30.2	27.4	26.6	28.4
60	16.5	15.8	17.2	17.3	16.4	18.1	16.1	15.5	16.7

01 SOURCE: U. S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, 1982, DETAILED STATISTICS ON THE URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION OF TURKEY: 1950 TO 2000, UNPUBLISHED, TABLES 9-11.

02 DERIVED FROM LIFE TABLES CALCULATED AT THE U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS BASED ON SMOOTHED AGE-SEX SPECIFIC DEATH RATES, BY RESIDENCE, ESTIMATED FROM THE 1974-75 TURKISH DEMOGRAPHIC SURVEY. AGE-SEX SPECIFIC DEATH RATES FOR 1975-75 WERE BASED ON AN AVERAGE OF SURVEY AND REGISTERED DEATHS, BY AGE, SEX, AND RESIDENCE, FROM THE DUAL RECORD SYSTEM. DEATHS FOR THE TOTAL COUNTRY WERE INFLATED TO AN ESTIMATE BASED ON THE CHANDRASEKARAN-DEMING TECHNIQUE. ESTIMATED DEATHS FOR THE URBAN AND RURAL AREAS WERE ADJUSTED, BY AGE AND SEX, TO DEATHS FOR THE TOTAL COUNTRY.

**U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE**

TABLE 8. SELECTED MORTALITY MEASURES, BY SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, SELECTED PERIODS, 1974-1975. TURKEY

MEASURE AND YEAR	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN TOTAL	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL TOTAL	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
CDR (PER 1000 POP) 1975	12	A	A	9	A	A	15	A	A
IMR (PER 1000 LIVE BIRTHS) 1974-75	125	131	118	86	91	81	150	157	141

01 SOURCE: U. S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, 1982, DETAILED STATISTICS ON THE URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION OF TURKEY: 1950 TO 2000, UNPUBLISHED, TABLES 7 AND 8.

02 CRUDE DEATH RATES FOR 1975 ARE BASED ON THE APPLICATION OF AGE-SEX-SPECIFIC DEATH RATES, BY RESIDENCE, ESTIMATED FROM THE 1974-75 TURKISH DEMOGRAPHIC SURVEY, TO THE ADJUSTED 1975 MIDYEAR POPULATION.

03 INFANT MORTALITY RATES, BY RESIDENCE, WERE OBTAINED FROM 1974-75 LIFE TABLES FOR BOTH SEXES. MALE AND FEMALE IMR'S WERE CALCULATED AT THE U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS BASED ON DATA FROM THE 1974-75 TURKISH DEMOGRAPHIC SURVEY.

A DATA NOT AVAILABLE.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 9. PERCENT OF NATIVE-BORN POPULATION BORN OUTSIDE OF PROVINCE
OF CURRENT RESIDENCE, BY AGE AND SEX, 1975. TURKEY

CURRENT RESIDENCE	TOTAL
TOTAL COUNTRY	16.7
MALE	18.5
FEMALE	14.8
ADANA	21.7
MALE	23.4
FEMALE	20.0
ADYAMAN	3.1
MALE	3.6
FEMALE	2.7
AFYONKARAHISAR	4.3
MALE	5.1
FEMALE	3.5
AGRI	8.2
MALE	11.2
FEMALE	4.6
AMASYA	11.8
MALE	12.9
FEMALE	10.6
ANKARA	41.8
MALE	43.9
FEMALE	39.5
ANTALYA	9.0
MALE	9.8
FEMALE	8.0
ARTVIN	6.7
MALE	8.7
FEMALE	4.6
AYDIN	14.9
MALE	16.3
FEMALE	13.4
BALIKESIR	8.9
MALE	10.2
FEMALE	7.5
BILECIK	11.0
MALE	13.1
FEMALE	8.8
BINGOL	5.8
MALE	6.9
FEMALE	4.7
BITLIS	10.1
MALE	11.3
FEMALE	8.8
BOLU	8.1
MALE	9.7

TABLE 09 (CONTINUED)

FEMALE	6.5
BURDUR	6.4
MALE	7.7
FEMALE	5.1
BURSA	14.2
MALE	15.3
FEMALE	13.0
CAHAKKALE	9.0
MALE	12.3
FEMALE	5.3
CANKIRI	4.9
MALE	5.8
FEMALE	4.0
CORUM	3.3
MALE	3.8
FEMALE	2.8
DENIZLI	7.3
MALE	9.0
FEMALE	5.6
DIYARBAKIR	9.1
MALE	10.6
FEMALE	7.4
EDIRNE	14.5
MALE	19.7
FEMALE	8.5
ELAZIG	11.2
MALE	12.0
FEMALE	10.4
ERZINCAN	13.0
MALE	16.3
FEMALE	9.6
ERZURUM	8.9
MALE	11.6
FEMALE	6.1
ESKISEHIR	21.2
MALE	22.5
FEMALE	19.8
GAZIANTEP	11.1
MALE	12.3
FEMALE	9.9
GIRESUN	3.0
MALE	3.2
FEMALE	2.8
GUMUSHANE	3.8
MALE	5.0
FEMALE	2.7
HAKKARI	6.3
MALE	8.8
FEMALE	3.4
HATAY	15.1
MALE	17.0
FEMALE	13.0
ISPARTA	9.0

TABLE 09 (CONTINUED)

MALE	11.1
FEMALE	6.8
ICEL	14.2
MALE	16.1
FEMALE	12.2
ISTANBUL	54.5
MALE	56.9
FEMALE	51.7
IZMIR	29.8
MALE	32.1
FEMALE	27.3
KARS	6.1
MALE	9.1
FEMALE	2.8
KASTAMONA	4.1
MALE	5.1
FEMALE	3.2
KAYSERI	8.0
MALE	9.5
FEMALE	6.5
KIRKLARELI	14.9
MALE	20.0
FEMALE	8.6
KIRSEHIR	7.5
MALE	9.1
FEMALE	5.9
KOCAELI	35.5
MALE	38.4
FEMALE	32.2
KONYA	6.8
MALE	7.5
FEMALE	6.1
KUTAHYA	9.2
MALE	10.4
FEMALE	8.0
MALATYA	6.8
MALE	7.9
FEMALE	5.6
MANISA	15.3
MALE	16.2
FEMALE	14.3
MARAS	4.5
MALE	4.8
FEMALE	4.1
MARDIN	3.5
MALE	4.6
FEMALE	2.3
MUGLA	7.1
MALE	7.9
FEMALE	6.4
MUS	8.3
MALE	9.3
FEMALE	7.2

TABLE 09 (CONTINUED)

NEVSEHIR	6.1
MALE	7.3
FEMALE	5.0
NIGDE	4.7
MALE	5.0
FEMALE	4.3
ORDU	2.5
MALE	2.8
FEMALE	2.3
RIZE	5.0
MALE	6.1
FEMALE	4.0
SAKARYA	15.8
MALE	16.7
FEMALE	14.8
SAMSUN	10.7
MALE	11.2
FEMALE	10.2
SIIRT	9.6
MALE	10.7
FEMALE	8.3
SINCP	3.9
MALE	4.9
FEMALE	3.0
SIVAS	3.8
MALE	4.8
FEMALE	2.8
TEKIRDAG	14.7
MALE	19.9
FEMALE	8.8
TOKAT	4.5
MALE	4.9
FEMALE	4.2
TRABZON	4.1
MALE	4.9
FEMALE	3.4
TUNCELI	5.4
MALE	7.4
FEMALE	3.4
URFA	4.7
MALE	5.7
FEMALE	3.7
USAK	9.0
MALE	9.6
FEMALE	8.4
VAN	6.8
MALE	8.3
FEMALE	5.1
YOZGAT	4.3
MALE	4.8
FEMALE	3.8
ZONGULDAK	13.7
MALE	15.2

TABLE 09 (CONTINUED)

FEMALE	12.1
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01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS; 1979, 26.10.1975
CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
POPULATION, ANKARA, PROVINCE VOLUMES NOS. 1-67, TABLE 5 OF EACH
VOLUME.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
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TABLE 10A. TOTAL POPULATION 12 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY MARITAL STATUS, AGE, AND SEX, 1970. TURKEY

SEX AND AGE	TOTAL	SINGLE	MARRIED	CONSENSUAL	WIDOWED	DIVORCED	NOT STATED
TOTAL COUNTRY	23280116	7042942	14245338	0	1253275	138214	600347
TOTAL MALES	11712083	4193221	6949494	0	227747	57658	283963
12-14	1339403	1291939	9846	0	427	126	37065
15-19	1924259	1686810	190113	0	1916	1095	44325
20-24	1496314	840600	610391	0	2288	3802	39233
25-29	1107968	195861	881621	0	2885	5907	21694
30-34	1018964	63596	916107	0	4147	6769	28345
35-39	1117152	37233	1044183	0	6620	7616	21500
40-44	921299	24034	859959	0	8810	7111	21385
45-49	644629	13955	604940	0	9374	5605	10755
50-54	457007	9521	415951	0	13442	4230	13863
55-59	496977	8845	451234	0	22452	5183	9263
60-64	476373	7849	414227	0	37558	4291	12448
65 AND OVER	707807	11572	549466	0	117734	5908	23127
UNKNOWN	3931	1406	1456	0	94	15	960
TOTAL FEMALES	11568033	2849721	7295844	0	1025528	80556	316384
12-14	1213724	1149588	21321	0	587	244	41984
15-19	1770241	1281849	421976	0	3691	2860	59865
20-24	1355157	260498	1053419	0	5720	7667	27853
25-29	1153644	61526	1060541	0	9349	7966	14262
30-34	1165395	27053	1063109	0	16987	8009	50237
35-39	1096974	17136	1025137	0	30314	8564	15823
40-44	899719	13074	811780	0	50696	8722	15447
45-49	564005	8201	492129	0	53321	6446	3908
50-54	516198	6592	398284	0	83259	6051	22012
55-59	440483	5325	326382	0	94087	5783	8906
60-64	529806	6225	311859	0	190004	7137	14581
65 AND OVER	857889	11765	308100	0	486917	11085	40022
UNKNOWN	4798	889	1807	0	596	22	1484

01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1977, 25.10.1970
CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLE 16.

02 THE CONCEPT OF CONSENSUAL UNION IS NOT APPLICABLE IN TURKEY.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 10A. TOTAL POPULATION 12 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY MARITAL STATUS, AGE, AND SEX, 1975. TURKEY

SEX AND AGE	TOTAL	SINGLE	MARRIED	CONSENSUAL	WIDOWED	SEP/DIV.	NOT STATED
TOTAL COUNTRY	27150370	8921884	16525594	0	1409877	155008	138007
TOTAL MALES	13716241	5172379	8178042	0	252514	57603	55703
12-14	1563683	1535083	14101	0	1800	0	12699
15-19	2307425	2104014	191410	0	3700	500	7801
20-24	1827699	1070458	743740	0	3100	3500	6901
25-29	1447978	265914	1169063	0	3700	6601	2700
30-34	1089359	66904	1008954	0	3200	6601	3700
35-39	1031256	36702	979553	0	7200	5501	2300
40-44	1091359	25501	1045858	0	8700	9100	2800
45-49	900948	15900	865947	0	11801	5300	2000
50-54	652535	12401	619033	0	13301	5900	1900
55-59	397621	6300	364220	0	13401	3200	500
60-64	515928	8000	464925	0	37503	3800	1700
65 AND OVER	839645	14801	668336	0	144208	7500	4800
UNKNOWN	60205	10401	42902	0	900	100	5902
TOTAL FEMALES	13434129	3749505	8347552	0	1157363	97405	82304
12-14	1449279	1418076	16702	0	2101	99	12301
15-19	2155116	1683691	457525	0	3700	2500	7700
20-24	1709892	409722	1276269	0	7700	9301	6900
25-29	1391080	93709	1269969	0	11801	11801	3800
30-34	1096359	36802	1030556	0	17301	9000	2700
35-39	1138661	23801	1168957	0	34202	10001	1700
40-44	1063257	21901	968452	0	60503	9301	3100
45-49	824045	13901	721439	0	74804	12001	1900
50-54	643735	9801	528129	0	95805	7100	2900
55-59	391421	5900	290016	0	90705	3700	1100
60-64	550530	8400	337718	0	193911	7100	3401
65 AND OVER	974253	16301	372520	0	562730	15201	7501
UNKNOWN	46501	7500	9300	0	2100	300	27301

01 SOURCE: BASED ON A 1-PERCENT SAMPLE OF 1975 CENSUS RETURNS AS REPORTED IN STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1976, POPULATION CENSUS OF TURKEY, 26 OCTOBER 1975, 1% SAMPLE RESULTS, ANKARA, TABLE 2, SERIES B.

02 THE CONCEPT OF CONSENSUAL UNION IS NOT APPLICABLE IN TURKEY.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 10B. URBAN POPULATION 12 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY MARITAL STATUS, AGE, AND SEX, 1970. TURKEY

SEX AND AGE	TOTAL	SINGLE	MARRIED	CONSENSUAL	WIDOWED	DIVORCED	NOT STATED
TOTAL COUNTRY	9045758	3039190	5214600	0	451548	73586	266834
TOTAL MALES	4889451	1973862	2682258	0	64944	29366	139021
12-14	501899	481400	3588	0	158	58	16695
15-19	841458	764817	53973	0	706	408	21554
20-24	807418	514190	267131	0	958	1730	23409
25-29	510441	116527	378417	0	1022	2873	11602
30-34	436360	35531	381394	0	1373	3422	14640
35-39	448755	19950	412503	0	2125	3921	10256
40-44	374744	12777	344923	0	2744	3968	10332
45-49	257573	7724	238441	0	3012	3180	5216
50-54	167536	5124	150098	0	3860	2276	6178
55-59	177792	4919	159745	0	6600	2677	3851
60-64	143492	3868	123170	0	9214	2055	5185
65 AND OVER	220360	6403	168307	0	33151	2787	9712
UNKNOWN	1623	632	568	0	21	11	391
TOTAL FEMALES	4156307	1065328	2532342	0	386604	44220	127813
12-14	410000	382471	8043	0	217	127	19142
15-19	631516	464859	138887	0	1222	1120	25428
20-24	524671	127654	380592	0	2005	3393	11027
25-29	432114	34665	385696	0	3418	4288	4047
30-34	424355	15506	376424	0	6037	4634	21754
35-39	402025	10221	368459	0	11546	5314	6485
40-44	329924	7866	289648	0	19724	5728	6958
45-49	213600	5129	179378	0	22695	4360	2038
50-54	169824	3794	124136	0	30692	3582	7620
55-59	158146	3356	106967	0	41964	3492	2367
60-64	166377	3218	87399	0	66771	3308	5681
65 AND OVER	291722	6175	85967	0	180091	4866	14623
UNKNOWN	2033	414	746	0	222	8	643

01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1977, 25.10.1970
CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLE 16A.

02 THE CONCEPT OF CONSENSUAL UNION IS NOT APPLICABLE IN TURKEY.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 10C. RURAL POPULATION 12 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY MARITAL STATUS, AGE, AND SEX, 1970. TURKEY

SEX AND AGE	TOTAL	SINGLE	MARRIED	CONSENSUAL	WIDOWED	DIVORCED	NOT STATED
TOTAL RURAL	14234358	4003752	9030738	0	801727	64628	333513
TOTAL MALES	6822632	2219359	4267236	0	162803	28292	144942
12-14	837504	810539	6258	0	269	68	20370
15-19	1082801	921993	136140	0	1210	687	22771
20-24	688896	326410	343260	0	1330	2072	15824
25-29	597527	79334	503204	0	1863	3034	10092
30-34	582604	28065	534713	0	2774	3347	13705
35-39	668397	17283	631680	0	4495	3695	11244
40-44	546555	11257	515036	0	6066	5113	11053
45-49	387056	6231	366499	0	6362	2425	5539
50-54	289471	4397	265853	0	9582	1954	7685
55-59	319185	3926	291489	0	15852	2506	5412
60-64	332881	3981	291057	0	28344	2236	7263
65 AND OVER	487447	5169	381159	0	84583	3121	13415
UNKNOWN	2308	774	888	0	73	4	569
TOTAL FEMALES	7411726	1784393	4763502	0	638924	36336	188571
12-14	803724	767117	13278	0	370	117	22842
15-19	1138725	816990	283089	0	2469	1740	34437
20-24	830486	132844	672827	0	3715	4274	16826
25-29	721530	26861	674845	0	5931	3678	10215
30-34	741040	11547	686685	0	10950	3375	28483
35-39	694949	6915	656678	0	18768	3250	9338
40-44	569795	5208	522132	0	30972	2994	8489
45-49	350605	3072	312751	0	30626	2086	1870
50-54	346374	2798	274148	0	52567	2469	14392
55-59	282337	1969	219415	0	52123	2291	6539
60-64	363429	3007	224460	0	123233	3829	8900
65 AND OVER	566167	5590	222133	0	306826	6219	25399
UNKNOWN	2765	475	1061	0	374	14	841

01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1977, 25.10.1970
CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLES 16 AND 16A.
02 THE CONCEPT OF CONSENSUAL UNION IS NOT APPLICABLE IN TURKEY.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 11. MINIMUM LEGAL AGE AT MARRIAGE AND AGE AT WHICH SPECIFIED PERCENT ARE EVER MARRIED, BY SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1970. TURKEY

ITEM	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
MINIMUM LEGAL AGE	17	15	17	15	17	15
AGE 25% EVER MARR.	20	18	21	18	20	18
AGE 50% EVER MARR.	23	19	24	20	22	19
AGE 75% EVER MARR.	26	21	27	22	25	21

01 SOURCE: U. S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, 1982, DETAILED STATISTICS ON THE URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION OF TURKEY: 1950 TO 2000, UNPUBLISHED, TABLE 28. THE AGE AT WHICH THE SPECIFIED PERCENT OF THE POPULATION IS EVER MARRIED WAS DERIVED AT THE U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS BY FITTING A MAKEHAM CURVE TO DATA FROM THE 1970 CENSUS.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 11. MINIMUM LEGAL AGE AT MARRIED AND AGE AT WHICH SPECIFIED PERCENT ARE EVER MARRIED, BY SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1975. TURKEY

ITEM	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
MINIMUM LEGAL AGE	17	15	17	15	17	15
AGE 25% EVER MARR.	21	18	A	A	A	A
AGE 50% EVER MARR.	23	20	A	A	A	A
AGE 75% EVER MARR.	26	22	A	A	A	A

01 SOURCE: U. S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, 1982, DETAILED STATISTICS ON THE URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION OF TURKEY: 1950 TO 2000, UNPUBLISHED, TABLE 28. THE AGE AT WHICH THE SPECIFIED PERCENT OF THE POPULATION IS EVER MARRIED WAS DERIVED AT THE U.S BUREAU OF THE CENSUS BY FITTING A MAKEHAM CURVE TO DATA FROM A 1-PERCENT SAMPLE OF 1975 CENSUS RETURNS.

A DATA NOT AVAILABLE.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 12. NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE, MEAN SIZE AND MEDIAN SIZE,
BY URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1970. TURKEY

NO. OF PERSONS/HH.	TOTAL	URBAN	RURAL
1	182608	88868	93740
2	546878	275130	271748
3	642598	336281	306317
4	894344	453987	440357
5	970058	438686	531372
6	871637	335034	536603
7	671465	216889	454576
8	481985	135547	346438
9	309421	77325	232096
10 AND OVER	690955B	167329B	523626B
TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS	6261949	2525076	3736873
MEAN SIZE	5.7	5.0	6.1
MEDIAN SIZE	5.4	4.7	5.9

01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1977, 25.10.1970
CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLES 49, 49A, 49B, AND 49C.

02 A HOUSEHOLD IS DEFINED AS ONE PERSON OR A GROUP OF PERSONS, WITH
OR WITHOUT A FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, WHO LIVE IN THE SAME HOUSE OR
SAME PART OF A HOUSE, WHO SHARE THEIR MEALS, EARNINGS AND
EXPENDITURES, WHO TAKE PART IN THE MANAGEMENT OF THE HOUSEHOLD,
AND WHO RENDER SERVICES TO THE HOUSEHOLD (STATE INSTITUTE OF
STATISTICS, 1972, CENSUS OF POPULATION, 25 OCTOBER 1970,
SAMPLING RESULTS, ANKARA, PAGE IX.)

B INCLUDES PERSONS LIVING IN BARRACKS, DORMITORIES, INSTITUTIONS,
AND OTHER GROUP QUARTERS, AS WELL AS LIVE-IN SERVANTS ATTACHED TO
SUCH HOUSEHOLDS.

**U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE**

**TABLE 12. NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE, MEAN SIZE AND MEDIAN SIZE,
BY URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1975. TURKEY**

NO. OF PERSONS/HH.	TOTAL
1	271915
2	659636
3	793043
4	1127361
5	1094359
6	957952
7	724839
8	506527
9	332018
10 AND OVER	655435B
TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS	7123085
MEAN SIZE	5.6
MEDIAN SIZE	5.1

01 SOURCE: BASED ON A 1-PERCENT SAMPLE OF 1975 CENSUS RETURNS AS REPORTED IN STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1976, POPULATION CENSUS OF TURKEY, 26 OCTOBER 1975, 1% SAMPLE RESULTS, ANKARA, TABLE 9, SERIES B.

02 A HOUSEHOLD IS DEFINED AS ONE PERSON OR A GROUP OF PERSONS, WITH OR WITHOUT A FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, WHO LIVE IN THE SAME HOUSE OR IN THE SAME PART OF A HOUSE, WHO SHARE THEIR MEALS, EARNINGS AND EXPENDITURES, WHO TAKE PART IN THE MANAGEMENT OF THE HOUSEHOLD, AND WHO RENDER SERVICES TO THE HOUSEHOLD.

B INCLUDES PERSONS LIVING IN BARRACKS, DORMITORIES, INSTITUTIONS, AND OTHER GROUP QUARTERS, AS WELL AS LIVE-IN SERVANTS ATTACHED TO SUCH HOUSEHOLDS (SEE ABOVE SOURCE, P.X11).

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 13. HEADS OF HOUSEHOLDS 15 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY AGE, SEX,
AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1970. TURKEY

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE
TOTAL	6261949	5637332	624617
15-19	126137	77160	48977
20-24	219775	193005	26770
25-29	544807	507846	36961
30-34	732932	680163	52769
35-39	950794	888755	62039
40-44	857987	793736	64251
45-49	635599	587671	47928
50-54	472324	420093	52231
55-59	509762	463315	46447
60-64	504148	436611	67537
65 AND OVER	706095	587722	118373
UNKNOWN	1589	1255	334

01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1977, 25.10.1970
CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLE 44.
02 A DEFINITION OF 'HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD' IS NOT PRESENTLY AVAILABLE.

**U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE**

**TABLE 14A. AGE SPECIFIC FERTILITY RATES (PER 1,000 WOMEN), BY
URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1974-75. TURKEY**

RESIDENCE AND YEAR	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49
TOTAL 1974-75	112	304	259	180	117	47	14
URBAN 1974-75	120	287	210	137	82	24	10
RURAL 1974-75	106	319	301	215	143	63	18

01 SOURCE: U. S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, 1982, DETAILED STATISTICS ON THE URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION OF TURKEY: 1950 TO 2000, UNPUBLISHED, TABLE 13.

02 THE AGE-SPECIFIC FERTILITY RATES WERE DERIVED AT THE U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS USING A TECHNIQUE DEVELOPED BY ARRIAGA, BASED ON REPORTED CHILDREN EVER BORN AND BIRTHS IN THE 12 MONTHS PRECEDING THE 1974-75 TURKISH DEMOGRAPHIC SURVEY, BY RESIDENCE AND AGE OF MOTHER. AGE-SPECIFIC FERTILITY RATES WERE ADJUSTED FOR THE ONE-HALF-YEAR DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AGE AT THE TIME OF THE SURVEY AND AT THE TIME OF BIRTH.

**U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE**

**TABLE 14B. SELECTED FERTILITY MEASURES, BY URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE,
1974 TO 1975. TURKEY**

MEASURE AND YEAR	TOTAL	URBAN	RURAL
CBR (PER 1000) 1975	37	35	38
TFR (PER WOMAN) 1974-75	5.17	4.36	5.82
GRR (PER WOMAN) 1974-75	2.52	2.12	2.84
NRR (PER WOMAN) 1974-75	2.02	1.82	2.17

- 01 SOURCE: U. S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, 1982, DETAILED STATISTICS ON THE URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION OF TURKEY: 1950-2000, UNPUBLISHED, TABLES 7 AND 13.**
- 02 CRUDE BIRTH RATES FOR 1975 ARE BASED ON THE APPLICATION OF AGE-SPECIFIC FERTILITY RATES, BY RESIDENCE, ESTIMATED FROM THE 1974-75 TURKISH DEMOGRAPHIC SURVEY, TO THE ADJUSTED 1975 MIDYEAR POPULATION.**
- 03 THE TOTAL FERTILITY RATES (AND ASSOCIATED AGE-SPECIFIC FERTILITY RATES) WERE DERIVED USING A TECHNIQUE DEVELOPED BY ARRIAGA, BASED ON NUMBERS OF CHILDREN EVER BORN AND BIRTHS IN THE PRECEDING 12 MONTHS, BY AGE OF MOTHER, AS REPORTED IN THE 1974-75 TURKISH DEMOGRAPHIC SURVEY (SEE TABLE 14A).**
- 04 GROSS REPRODUCTION RATES ARE BASED ON TOTAL FERTILITY RATES AND AN ASSUMED SEX RATIO AT BIRTH OF 1.05.**
- 05 THE NET REPRODUCTION RATES WERE CALCULATED USING THE AGE-SPECIFIC FERTILITY RATES, THE SEX RATIO AT BIRTH, AND SURVIVAL VALUES FOR FEMALES FROM 1974-75 LIFE TABLES ESTIMATED AT THE U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS.**

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 15A. NUMBER OF LITERATE PERSONS 10 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY AGE, SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1970. TURKEY

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN TOTAL	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL TOTAL	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
TOTAL	14600021	9372890	5227131	7062752	4429372	2633380	7537269	4943518	2593751
10-14	3487289	2012360	1474929	1345897	757840	588057	2141392	1254520	886872
15-19	2782358	1671319	1111049	1291309	783248	508061	1491049	888061	602988
20-24	1998643	1306531	692112	1110468	744922	365546	888175	561609	326566
25-29	1398548	916408	482140	726072	462182	263890	672476	454226	218250
30-34	1214500	776870	437630	618042	376494	241548	596458	400376	196082
35-39	1118629	785897	332732	564915	367827	197088	553714	418070	135644
40-44	846365	610486	235879	453627	299831	153796	392738	310655	82083
45-49	550835	407778	143057	298898	201801	97097	251937	205977	45960
50-54	343378	245784	97594	185862	121471	64391	157516	124313	33203
55-59	323534	249916	73620	173188	120658	52530	150348	129258	21090
60-64	235661	180012	55649	123201	83506	39695	112460	96506	15954
65 AND OVER	297266	207564	89702	169577	108543	61034	127689	99021	28668
UNKNOWN	3013	1975	1038	1696	1049	647	1317	926	391

01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1977, 25.10.1970
CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLES 18, 18A, 19, AND 19A.

02 LITERACY IS DEFINED FOR TURKISH CITIZENS AS THE ABILITY TO READ
AND WRITE USING ROMAN LETTERS AND FOR NON-TURKISH CITIZENS AS THE
ABILITY TO READ AND WRITE USING ANY LANGUAGE (STATE INSTITUTE OF
STATISTICS, 1972, CENSUS OF POPULATION, 25 OCTOBER 1970, SAMPLING
RESULTS, ANKARA, PAGE X).

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 15A. NUMBER OF LITERATE PERSONS 10 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY AGE, SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1975. TURKEY

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE
TOTAL	18749645	11704834	7044811
10-14	4259728	2368227	1891501
15-19	3636196	2088513	1547683
20-24	2725651	1662391	1063260
25-29	2012114	1292870	719244
30-34	1385475	908449	477026
35-39	1208768	800444	408324
40-44	1101159	791243	309916
45-49	840047	616634	223413
50-54	558430	410522	147908
55-59	297416	219612	77804
60-64	318015	243413	74602
65 AND OVER	372120	282715	89405
UNKNOWN	34526	19801	14725

01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1976, POPULATION CENSUS OF TURKEY, 26 OCTOBER 1975, 1% SAMPLE RESULTS, ANKARA, TABLE 4, SERIES B.

02 LITERACY IS DEFINED FOR TURKISH CITIZENS AS THE ABILITY TO READ AND WRITE USING ROMAN LETTERS AND FOR NON-TURKISH CITIZENS AS THE ABILITY TO READ AND WRITE USING ANY LANGUAGE.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 15B. POPULATION BASES FOR PERCENTAGES IN TABLE 15C, 1970.
TURKEY

01 SOURCE: FOR POPULATION BASES SEE TABLE 1.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

**TABLE 15B. POPULATION BASES FOR PERCENTAGES IN TABLE 15C, 1975.
TURKEY**

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE
TOTAL	29270612	14821102	14449510
10-14	5207679	2718646	2489033
15-19	4459441	2305925	2153516
20-24	3532795	1824399	1708396
25-29	2834058	1444878	1389180
30-34	2180418	1085459	1094959
35-39	2166919	1028856	1138063
40-44	2153216	1090459	1062757
45-49	1723494	899849	823645
50-54	1294670	651535	643135
55-59	778342	387021	391321
60-64	1065456	515528	549928
65 AND OVER	1812498	838445	974053
UNKNOWN	61626	30102	31524

- 01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1976, POPULATION CENSUS OF TURKEY, 26 OCTOBER 1975, 1% SAMPLE RESULTS, ANKARA, TABLE 4, SERIES B.
02 EXCLUDES 52,104 MALES AND 25,172 FEMALES AGES 10 YEARS OLD AND OVER WHOSE LITERACY STATUS WAS UNKNOWN.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

**TABLE 15C. PERCENTAGE LITERATE 10 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY AGE, SEX,
AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1970. TURKEY**

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN TOTAL	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL TOTAL	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
TOTAL	57.8	73.6	41.7	73.1	85.0	59.1	48.3	65.7	32.2
10-14	77.0	85.2	68.1	88.0	92.3	83.0	71.4	81.4	60.8
15-19	75.3	86.9	62.8	87.7	93.1	80.5	67.1	82.0	53.0
20-24	70.1	87.3	51.1	83.4	92.3	69.7	58.5	81.5	39.3
25-29	61.8	82.7	41.8	77.0	90.5	61.1	51.0	76.0	30.2
30-34	55.6	76.2	37.6	71.8	86.3	56.9	45.1	68.7	26.5
35-39	50.5	70.3	30.3	66.4	82.0	49.0	40.6	62.5	19.5
40-44	46.5	66.3	26.2	64.4	80.0	46.6	35.2	56.8	14.4
45-49	45.6	63.3	25.4	63.4	78.3	45.5	34.2	53.2	13.1
50-54	35.3	53.8	18.9	55.1	72.5	37.9	24.8	42.9	9.6
55-59	34.5	50.3	16.7	51.6	67.9	33.2	25.0	40.5	7.5
60-64	23.4	37.8	10.5	39.8	58.2	23.9	16.2	29.0	4.4
65 AND OVER	19.0	29.3	10.5	33.1	49.3	20.9	12.1	20.3	5.1
UNKNOWN	34.5	50.2	21.6	46.4	64.6	31.8	26.0	40.1	14.1

01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1977, 25.10.1970
CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLES 8, 18, 18A, AND 19A.

02 LITERACY IS DEFINED FOR TURKISH CITIZENS AS THE ABILITY TO READ
AND WRITE ROMAN LETTERS, AND FOR THE NON-TURKISH CITIZENS AS THE
ABILITY TO READ AND WRITE USING ANY LANGUAGE.

**U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE**

**TABLE 15C. PERCENTAGE LITERATE 10 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY AGE, SEX,
AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1975. TURKEY**

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE
TOTAL	64.1	79.0	48.8
10-14	81.7	87.1	76.0
15-19	81.5	90.6	71.8
20-24	77.2	91.1	62.2
25-29	71.0	86.5	51.8
30-34	63.5	83.7	43.6
35-39	55.8	77.8	35.9
40-44	51.1	72.6	29.2
45-49	48.7	68.5	27.1
50-54	43.1	63.0	23.0
55-59	38.2	56.7	19.9
60-64	29.8	47.2	13.6
65 AND OVER	20.5	33.7	9.2
UNKNOWN	56.0	65.8	46.7

01 SOURCE: BASED ON A 1-PERCENT SAMPLE OF 1975 CENSUS RETURNS AS REPORTED IN STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1976, POPULATION CENSUS OF TURKEY, 26 OCTOBER 1975, 1% SAMPLE RESULTS, ANKARA, TABLE 4, SERIES B.

02 LITERACY IS DEFINED FOR TURKISH CITIZENS AS THE ABILITY TO READ AND WRITE USING ROMAN LETTERS, AND FOR NON-TURKISH CITIZENS AS THE ABILITY TO READ AND WRITE USING ANY LANGUAGE.

03 PERCENTAGE BASES EXCLUDE 52,104 MALES AND 25,172 FEMALES AGES 10 YEARS AND OVER WHOSE LITERACY STATUS WAS UNKNOWN.

**U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE**

**TABLE 16A. NUMBER OF PERSONS ENROLLED IN SCHOOL 5 TO 24 YEARS OLD,
BY AGE, SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1977-78.
TURKEY**

YEAR AND AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE
TOTAL	7795863	4629237	3166626

- 01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1979, 1979
STATISTICAL YEARBOOK OF TURKEY, ANKARA, TABLES 91-101 AND 104.**
- 02 ENROLLMENT DATA INCLUDE STUDENTS AT ALL EDUCATIONAL LEVELS
EXCEPT THOSE STUDENTS IN SPECIAL EDUCATION SCHOOLS FOR DISABLED
AND DEFORMED CHILDREN; THEREFORE, AN UNKNOWN NUMBER OF STUDENTS
COULD BE BELOW 5 YEARS OF AGE AND ABOVE 24 YEARS OF AGE.**

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 16B. POPULATION BASES FOR PERCENTAGES IN TABLE 16C, 1975.
TURKEY

01 SEARCH CONDUCTED BUT NO DATA FOUND.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 16C. PERCENTAGE ENROLLED IN SCHOOL 5 TO 24 YEARS OLD, BY AGE,
SEX, AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1975 TO 1978. TURKEY

01 SEARCH CONDUCTED BUT NO DATA FOUND.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 17A. NUMBER OF ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE PERSONS 12 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY AGE, SEX, AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1970. TURKEY

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN TOTAL	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL TOTAL	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
TOTAL	15118887	9306342	5812545	3885752	3435108	450644	11233135	5871234	5361901
12-14	1067678	521603	546075	93859	71453	22406	973819	450150	523669
15-19	2187544	1224440	963104	462947	381526	81421	1724597	842914	881683
20-24	1996378	1276954	719424	730406	644213	86193	1265972	632741	633231
25-29	1629861	1031668	598193	517525	457390	60135	1112336	574278	538058
30-34	1550248	961741	588507	447705	400505	47200	1102543	561236	541307
35-39	1636288	1066707	569581	460586	418197	42389	1175702	648510	527192
40-44	1354234	876744	477490	385709	347390	38319	968525	529354	439171
45-49	910125	611931	298194	260622	236210	24412	649503	375721	273782
50-54	696389	419919	276470	160091	143799	16292	536298	276120	260178
55-59	657946	437570	220376	149115	137541	11574	508831	300029	208802
60-64	647681	395320	252361	104494	95105	9389	543187	300215	242972
65 AND OVER	781109	479577	301532	111928	101110	10818	669181	378467	290714
UNKNOWN	3406	2168	1238	765	669	96	2641	1499	1142

- 01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1977,
25.10.1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC
CHARACTERISTICS OF POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLES 29 AND 29A.
- 02 THE ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION INCLUDES ALL PERSONS 12 YEARS
OF AGE AND OVER WHO, DURING THE WEEK PRECEDING THE CENSUS,
WORKED TO EARN INCOME IN MONEY OR IN KIND, HAD A JOB BUT DID
NOT WORK, OR WERE SEEKING WORK.

**U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE**

TABLE 17A. NUMBER OF ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE PERSONS 12 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY AGE, SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1975. TURKEY

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE
TOTAL	16349380	10436461	5912919
12-14	1146762	584032	562730
15-19	2377428	1371074	1006354
20-24	2253422	1486279	787143
25-29	1943705	1324171	619534
30-34	1506681	1010254	496427
35-39	1484880	961452	523428
40-44	1532983	1012555	520428
45-49	1226466	829445	397021
50-54	892848	577831	315017
55-59	501127	319717	181410
60-64	620433	396121	224312
65 AND OVER	816844	545229	271615
UNKNOWN	45801	38301	7500

01 SOURCE: BASED ON A 1-PERCENT SAMPLE OF 1975 CENSUS RETURNS AS REPORTED IN STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1976; POPULATION CENSUS OF TURKEY, 26 OCTOBER 1975, 1% SAMPLE RESULTS, ANKARA, TABLE 8, SERIES B.

02 THE ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION INCLUDES ALL PERSONS 12 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER WHO, DURING THE WEEK PRECEDING THE CENSUS, WORKED TO EARN INCOME IN MONEY OR IN KIND, HAD A JOB BUT DID NOT WORK, OR WERE SEEKING WORK.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 17B. POPULATION BASES FOR PERCENTAGES IN TABLE 17C, 1970.
TURKEY

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN TOTAL	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL TOTAL	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
TOTAL	23280116	11712033	11568033	9045758	4889451	4156307	14234358	6822632	7411726
12-14	2553127	1339403	1213724	911899	501899	410000	1641228	837504	803724
15-19	3694500	1924259	1770241	1472974	841458	631516	2221526	1082801	1138725
20-24	2851471	1496314	1355157	1332089	807418	524671	1519382	688896	830486
25-29	2261612	1107968	1153644	942555	510441	432114	1319057	597527	721530
30-34	2184359	1018964	1165395	860715	436360	424355	1323644	582604	741040
35-39	2214126	1117152	1096974	850780	448755	402025	1363346	668397	694949
40-44	1821018	921299	899719	704668	374744	329924	1116350	546555	569795
45-49	1208634	644629	564005	471173	257573	213600	737461	387056	350405
50-54	973205	457007	516198	337360	167536	169824	635845	289471	346374
55-59	937460	496977	440483	335938	177792	158146	601522	319185	282337
60-64	1006179	476373	529806	309869	143492	166377	696310	332881	363429
65 AND OVER	1565696	707807	857889	512082	220360	291722	1053614	487447	566167
UNKNOWN	8729	3931	4798	3656	1623	2033	5073	2308	2765

01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1977, 25.10.1970
CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLE 8.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

**TABLE 17B. POPULATION BASES FOR PERCENTAGES IN TABLE 17C, 1975.
TURKEY**

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE
TOTAL	27150370	13716241	13434129
12-14	3012962	1563684	1449278
15-19	4462541	2307425	2155116
20-24	3537591	1827699	1709892
25-29	2839058	1447978	1391080
30-34	2185718	1089359	1096359
35-39	2169917	1031256	1138661
40-44	2155216	1091959	1063257
45-49	1724993	900948	824045
50-54	1296270	652935	643735
55-59	779042	387621	391421
60-64	1066458	515927	550531
65 AND OVER	1813898	839645	974253
UNKNOWN	106706	60205	46501

01 SOURCE: BASED ON A 1-PERCENT SAMPLE OF 1975 CENSUS RETURNS AS REPORTED IN STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1976, POPULATION CENSUS OF TURKEY, 26 OCTOBER 1975, 1% SAMPLE RESULTS, ANAKRA, TABLE 8, SERIES B.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 17C. PERCENTAGE ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE 12 YEARS OLD AND OVER,
BY AGE, SEX, AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1970. TURKEY

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN TOTAL	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL TOTAL	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
TOTAL	64.9	79.5	50.2	43.0	70.3	10.8	78.9	86.1	72.3
12-14	41.8	38.9	45.0	10.3	14.2	5.5	59.3	53.7	65.2
15-19	59.2	63.6	54.4	31.4	45.3	12.9	77.6	77.8	77.4
20-24	70.0	85.3	53.1	54.8	79.8	16.4	83.3	91.8	76.2
25-29	72.1	93.1	51.9	54.9	89.6	13.9	84.3	96.1	74.6
30-34	71.0	94.4	50.5	52.0	91.8	11.1	83.3	96.3	73.0
35-39	73.9	95.5	51.9	54.1	93.2	10.5	86.2	97.0	75.9
40-44	74.4	95.2	53.1	54.7	92.7	11.6	86.8	96.9	77.1
45-49	75.3	94.9	52.9	55.3	91.7	11.4	88.1	97.1	78.1
50-54	71.6	91.9	53.6	47.5	85.8	9.6	84.3	95.4	75.1
55-59	70.2	88.0	50.0	44.4	77.4	7.3	84.6	94.0	74.0
60-64	64.4	83.0	47.6	33.7	66.3	5.6	78.0	90.2	66.9
65 AND OVER	49.9	67.8	35.1	21.9	45.9	3.7	63.5	77.6	51.3
UNKNOWN	39.0	55.2	25.8	20.9	41.2	4.7	52.1	64.9	41.3

- 01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1977,
25.10.1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC
CHARACTERISTICS OF POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLES 8, 29, AND 29A.
- 02 THE ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION INCLUDES ALL PERSONS 12 YEARS
OF AGE AND OVER WHO, DURING THE WEEK PRECEDING THE CENSUS, WORKED
TO EARN INCOME IN MONEY OR IN KIND, HAD A JOB BUT DID NOT WORK,
OR WERE SEEKING WORK.

**U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE**

**TABLE 17C. PERCENTAGE ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE 12 YEARS OLD AND OVER,
BY AGE, SEX, AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1975. TURKEY**

AGE	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE
TOTAL	60.2	76.1	44.0
12-14	38.1	37.3	38.8
15-19	53.3	59.4	46.7
20-24	63.7	80.2	46.0
25-29	68.4	91.4	44.5
30-34	68.9	92.7	45.3
35-39	68.4	93.2	46.0
40-44	71.1	92.7	48.9
45-49	71.1	92.1	48.2
50-54	68.9	88.6	48.9
55-59	64.3	82.5	46.3
60-64	58.2	76.8	40.7
65 AND OVER	45.0	64.9	27.9
UNKNOWN	42.9	63.6	16.1

01 SOURCE: BASED ON A 1-PERCENT SAMPLE OF 1975 CENSUS RETURNS AS REPORTED IN STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1976, POPULATION CENSUS OF TURKEY, 26 OCTOBER 1975, 1% SAMPLE RESULTS, ANKARA, TABLE 8, SERIES B.

02 THE ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION INCLUDES ALL PERSONS 12 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER WHO, DURING THE WEEK PRECEDING THE CENSUS, WORKED TO EARN INCOME IN MONEY OR IN KIND, HAD A JOB BUT DID NOT WORK, OR WERE SEEKING WORK.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 18. ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION BY STATUS IN EMPLOYMENT,
SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1970. TURKEY

STATUS	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE	URBAN TOTAL	URBAN MALE	URBAN FEMALE	RURAL TOTAL	RURAL MALE	RURAL FEMALE
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	1511887	9306342	5812545	3885752	3435108	450644	11233135	5871234	5361901
EMPLR. & SELF-EMP.	4141859	3744654	397205	1024200	947699	76501	3117659	2796955	320704
EMPLOYERS	105487	93701	11786	73312	69749	3563	32175	23952	8223
SELF EMPLOYED	4036372	3650953	385419	950888	877950	72938	3085484	2773003	312481
EMPLOYEES	4172699	3577596	595103	2711943	2398776	313167	1460756	1178820	281936
UNPD. FAM. WORKERS	6804329	1984092	4820237	149609	88633	60976	6654720	1895459	4759261
OTHERS AND UNKNOWN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

- 01 SOURCE: STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1977,
25.10.1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC
CHARACTERISTICS OF POPULATION, ANKARA, TABLES 39 AND 39A.
- 02 THE ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION INCLUDES ALL PERSONS 12 YEARS
OF AGE AND OVER WHO, DURING THE WEEK PRECEDING THE CENSUS, WORKED
TO EARN INCOME IN MONEY OR IN KIND, HAD A JOB BUT DID NOT WORK,
OR WERE SEEKING WORK.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

**TABLE 18. ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION BY STATUS IN EMPLOYMENT,
SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1975. TURKEY**

STATUS	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL MALE	TOTAL FEMALE
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	16349380	10436461	5912919
EMPLR. & SELF-EMP.	4317933	4102322	215611
EMPLOYERS	129307	123907	5400
SELF EMPLOYED	4188626	3978415	210211
EMPLOYEES	4529545	3973915	555630
UNPD. FAM. WORKERS	7388799	2268622	5120177
OTHERS AND UNKNOWN	113103	91602	21501

01 SOURCE: BASED ON A 1-PERCENT SAMPLE OF 1975 CENSUS RETURNS AS REPORTED IN STATE INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS, 1976, POPULATION CENSUS OF TURKEY, 26 OCTOBER 1975, 1% SAMPLE RESULTS, ANKARA, TABLE 14, SERIES B.

U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

TABLE 19. INCOME DISTRIBUTION AND MEDIAN INCOME (IN TURKISH LIRE),
BY SEX AND URBAN/RURAL RESIDENCE, 1973. TURKEY

01 SEARCH CONDUCTED BUT NO DATA FOUND ON PERSONAL INCOME. DATA FROM A 1973 SAMPLE SURVEY OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME ARE REPORTED IN UNITED NATIONS, DEPARTMENT OF INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL AFFAIRS, STATISTICAL OFFICE, 1981, A SURVEY OF NATIONAL SOURCES OF INCOME DISTRIBUTION STATISTICS (FIRST REPORT). THE SURVEY REPORTS A MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME OF 15,000 TURKISH LIRE.

APPENDIX A

"Women in Development" Countries

AFRICA

Angola
 Benin
 Botswana
 Burundi
 Cameroon
 Cape Verde
 Chad
 Djibouti
 Ethiopia
 The Gambia
 Ghana
 Guinea
 Guinea Bissau
 Ivory Coast
 Kenya
 Lesotho
 Liberia
 Madagascar
 Malawi
 Mali
 Mauritania
 Mauritius
 Mozambique
 Niger
 Nigeria
 Rwanda
 Sao Tome and Principe
 Senegal
 Seychelles
 Sierra Leone
 Somalia
 South Africa
 Sudan
 Swaziland
 Tanzania
 Togo
 Uganda
 Upper Volta
 Zaire
 Zambia
 Zimbabwe

ASIA/OCEANIA

Australia
 Bangladesh
 Burma
 People's Republic of China
 Republic of China - Taiwan
 Hong Kong
 India
 Indonesia
 Japan
 Kampuchea
 North Korea
 South Korea
 Malaysia
 Nepal
 Pakistan
 Philippines
 Sri Lanka
 Thailand
 Vietnam

EUROPE

Austria
 Belgium
 Bulgaria
 Czechoslovakia
 Denmark
 Finland
 France
 German Democratic Republic
 Federal Republic of Germany
 Greece
 Hungary
 Italy
 Netherlands
 Poland
 Portugal
 Romania
 Spain
 Sweden
 Switzerland
 United Kingdom
 Yugoslavia

APPENDIX A (countinued)

Latin America/Caribbean

Argentina
Bolivia
Brazil
Chile
Colombia
Costa Rica
Cuba
Dominican Republic
Ecuador
El Salvador
Guatemala
Guyana
Haiti
Honduras
Jamaica
Mexico
Nicaragua
Panama
Paraguay
Peru
Venezuela

Near East/North Africa

Afghanistan
Algeria
Cyprus
Egypt
Iran
Iraq
Israel
Jordan
Lebanon
Morocco
Saudi Arabia
Syria
Tunisia
Turkey
Yemen Arab Republic

North America

Canada
United States

Soviet Union

Soviet Union

APPENDIX B

A List of Variables Used in the "Women in Development" Tables

1. Unadjusted Population by Age, Sex and Urban/Rural Residence (earlier census), 19__
2. Unadjusted Population by Age, Sex and Urban/Rural Residence (latest census), 19__
3. Adjusted Population by Age and Sex (earlier census), 19__
4. Adjusted Population by Age and Sex (latest census), 19__
5. Population by Province, Sex and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
- 6a. Population by Ethnic Group, Sex and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
- 6b. Population by Religion, Sex and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
- 6c. Population by Nationality, Sex and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
- 6d. Population by Language, Sex and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
7. Life Expectancy at Selected Ages, by Sex and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
8. Selected Mortality Measures, by Sex and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__ to 19__
9. Percent of Native-born Population Born Outside of Province of Current Residence, by Age and Sex, 19__
- 10a. Total Population 10 Years Old and Over, by Marital Status, Age and Sex, 19__
- 10b. Urban Population 10 Years Old and Over, by Marital Status, Age and Sex, 19__
- 10c. Rural Population 10 Years Old and Over, by Marital Status, Age and Sex, 19__
11. Minimum Legal Age at Marriage and Age at which Specified Percent are Ever Married, by sex and, 19__
Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
12. Number of Households by Size, Mean Size and Median Size, by Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
13. Heads of Household 10 Years Old and Over, by Age, Sex and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
- 14a. Age-Specific Fertility Rates (per 1,000 women), by Urban/Rural Residence, 19__ to 19__
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- 15a. Number of Literate Persons 10 Years Old and Over, by Age, Sex and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
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- 16a. Number of Persons Enrolled in School 5 to 24 Years Old, by Age, Sex and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
- 16b. Population Bases for Percentages in Table 16c, 19__
- 16c. Percentage Enrolled in School 5 to 24 Years Old, by Age, Sex and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
- 17a. Number of Economically Active Persons 10 Years Old and Over, by Age, Sex and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
- 17b. Population Bases for Percentages in Table 17c, 19__
- 17c. Percentage Economically Active 10 Years Old and Over, by Age, Sex and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
18. Economically Active Population by Status in employment, Sex and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__
19. Income Distribution and Median Income (in _____), by Sex, and Urban/Rural Residence, 19__

APPENDIX C

TABLE CHARACTERISTICS

INTERNATIONAL DEMOGRAPHIC DATA CENTER, U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
WOMEN IN DEVELOPMENT DATA BASE

COUNTRY 277--TURKEY

MAY 4, 1983

-----TABLE CHARACTERISTICS-----						
	YEAR	ROWS	COLUMNS	STANDARD	NONSTANDARD	BLANK
TABLE 01	1970	17	9		X	
TABLE 02	1975	16	9		X	
TABLE 03	1970	15	3		X	
TABLE 04	1975	15	3		X	
TABLE 05	1975	68	9		X	
TABLE 06A	1975	8	8			X
TABLE 06B	1965	12	9		X	
TABLE 06C	1970	31	9		X	
TABLE 06D	1965	24	9		X	
TABLE 07	1975	7	9	X		
TABLE 08	1975	5	9		X	
TABLE 09	1975	204	1		X	
TABLE 10A	1970	29	7		X	
TABLE 10A	1975	29	7		X	
TABLE 10B	1970	29	7		X	
TABLE 10C	1970	29	7		X	
TABLE 11	1970	4	6	X		
TABLE 11	1975	4	6	X		
TABLE 12	1970	13	3		X	
TABLE 12	1975	13	1		X	
TABLE 13	1970	13	3		X	
TABLE 14A	1975	9	7		X	
TABLE 14B	1975	11	3		X	
TABLE 15A	1970	14	9	X		
TABLE 15A	1975	14	3	X		X
TABLE 15B	1970	0	0	X		
TABLE 15B	1975	14	3	X		
TABLE 15C	1970	14	9	X		
TABLE 15C	1975	14	3	X	X	
TABLE 16A	1975	1	0			X
TABLE 16B	1975	0	0			X
TABLE 16C	1975	0	0		X	
TABLE 17A	1970	14	9		X	
TABLE 17A	1975	14	3		X	
TABLE 17B	1970	14	9		X	
TABLE 17B	1975	14	3		X	
TABLE 17C	1970	14	9		X	
TABLE 17C	1975	14	3		X	
TABLE 18	1970	7	9	X		
TABLE 18	1975	7	3	X		X
TABLE 19	1975	0	0			

APPENDIX D

"A. OBJECTIVE

"The objective of this contract is two-fold: (1) to develop and make accessible a body of reliable and internationally comparable data which will facilitate better understanding of the statuses and roles of women worldwide, and their participation in national development, and (2) to promote institutionalization of WID issues and concerns in national and international census and survey activities. Our purpose is to update, expand and make more relevant and accessible, both now and in the future, the census and survey data available to the Agency and AID participating countries pertinent to Women in Development (WID) issues and concerns.

"B. SCOPE OF WORK

"The contractor will pursue this goal through the accomplishment of a number of basic tasks: (1) expansion of the data base of social, economic and demographic information related to the status and roles of women worldwide; (2) preparation of a hard copy publication(s) providing a worldwide statistical portrait of women, accompanied by interpretative text and an analytical critique of the indicators and the data base as they relate to an understanding of the conditions of women; (3) encouraging through consultation and coordination ongoing and contemplated BuCen programs for statistical training and technical assistance to take into consideration the needs for the conceptualization, design, collection, tabulation and analysis of data pertinent to women in development issues; (4) function as a repository for international WID data and provide dissemination of assembled international WID data base in response to user requests (U. S. and international) utilizing specific transportable medium (tape, card, diskette, etc.) as appropriate, and to include documentation; (5) preparation of special tabulations from census samples and surveys to provide data concerning WID issues which have not previously been available, e.g., micro data from censuses and surveys may be exploited to prepare data on women migrants, women-headed households, male/female income differentials; and (6) compilation of data on subject areas less frequently included in population censuses and general purpose household surveys, e.g., access to credit, political participation.

"Under this new contract agreement BuCen will (1) assess the variables included in the previous stage of work to determine whether new variables should be added to the data base, (2) extend the data capture activities to include, in addition to the 69 AID-participating countries, all countries of 5 million or more population, (3) update the data presented under the previous contract to reflect most recent information available, and (4) drawing on the information presented in this expanded data base, prepare for hard copy publication a worldwide statistical portrait of women using the most recent data available, to include interpretive text and an analytical critique of the data base.

Dissemination and utilization of these data is a primary objective. As indicated above, the data will be made available in two forms: (1) in machine-readable form according to agreed-upon file specifications; and (2) a world handbook, or regional handbooks, which select and display data from the automated file in a maximally useful analytic mode and provide(s) a critique of the data base and indicators. The BuCen will function as repository for these data, and will create a reproductive capacity and disseminate the data in response to user requests, both U. S. and international, in a form consistent with user capabilities.

"An additional priority focus in the contract effort is the institutionalization of an integrated concern and capability for assessing the roles and status of women, in a manner which accurately reflects women's real social and economic contributions and conditions in society, in national and international census and survey data collection, reporting and analysis activities. To this end, BuCen will consult and coordinate with ongoing Census Bureau programs. Examples of these programs are the Census Bureau's regular training programs for population analysis, POPSTAN workshops, assistance to the Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP) program of national surveys on internal migration and the Survey and Evaluation Unit (SEU) Resource Support Services Agreement (RSSA) agreement with AID to assist AID-participating countries in data collection, processing and compilation efforts and to provide on-the-job training for host country nationals in data collection and information management."

APPENDIX E

A Cautionary Note Regarding the Use of Employment Statistics for Women^{1/}

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The Agency's commitment to promoting productive employment as an integral component of its programmatic emphasis has important bearing on development efforts on behalf of women. The relationship between increasing the use of women's economic resources and improving the economic picture of underdevelopment is only now beginning to surface. AID projects have recently begun to address women in their productive role. However, fuller planning efforts are thwarted by the absence in the Third World of a system of statistics showing the reality of women's economic contribution. National censuses, which are the primary source of data for development planning, have up to now consistently undervalued the productive contribution of women to the national economy. Unless corrective action is introduced women will continue to be excluded from social and economic development planning.^{2/}

The perennial problem is that internationally adopted standards, the operational definitions of concepts, and measures of employment are grounded in a system of identification and evaluation of economic activity based on developed and industrialized economies. Methodologically, such an approach is inadequate for developing economies, because it focuses on stable wage-earners and thereby fails to capture the totality of men's and women's productive contributions. The census statistics for women, more than for men, are fraught with ambiguities and sex related biases. This tendency is due to the interaction between two factors: (a) the inappropriate conceptualization of female labor force activity and its underenumeration by means of censuses, and (b) the cultural bias against acknowledging the types and level of work that women perform that leads to distorted reporting and recording of women's contribution to total employment.

The following pages single out some of the limitations intrinsic to current operational definitions and measurement of work in standard census practices.

^{1/} This is a condensed version of a larger paper entitled "Sex-Related Biases in Census Counts" in the report Priorities in the Design of Development Programs: Women's Issues, Bureau of Development Support, AID, Washington, D. C.

^{2/} A basic critique of the situation can be found in the U.N. Secretariat "Sex Biases and National Data Systems," (ST/ESA/STAT/99), (June 1980).

MEASUREMENTS OF WORK: WOMEN'S PRODUCTIVITY

Standard census practices use the labor force approach in collecting data on economic characteristics and in classifying populations as economically "active" or "inactive". According to this approach, the economically active population is identified as 1) at work for pay or profit during a specified brief period, either one week or one day; 2) with a job but not at work, or 3) actively seeking employment. This measure, originally developed in the United States during the Depression to assess the extent of unemployment, fails to capture the reality of working conditions in developing economies for the following reasons: a) much of production is family-based and for home consumption; b) the agricultural cycle generates sharp seasonal variation in activity; c) the length of working days is not uniform; d) most wage work is for daily wages; and e) individuals engage in not one, but a variety of economic activities in the course of a single year.

The flaws intrinsic to this conventional measure are more acute for women than for men because of a deeply entrenched bias against female employment. This bias takes the form of failure to report on the productive contribution of women to economic life, not only through the self-reporting process (because women do not consider their work to be economically important), but also in instructing the interviewer to accept a married woman's designation of herself as a "housewife" (hence to be counted "economically inactive") without further probing into a possible distinction between the economic and non-economic value of the activities she performs.

THE LABOR FORCE APPROACH AND WOMEN WORKERS

A rigorous interpretation of the concept "economic activity", as utilized in the labor force approach, is disadvantageous to women because of the following:

Domestic Production: The concept excludes activities connected with family production which do not result in the actual production of market goods, such as personal services and home consumption goods.

Reference Periods: Women are more likely to be misclassified as economically inactive because the reference period or time frame in which women perform work is often not according to "standard" reference periods used in the census. To facilitate accurate recall, censuses and labor surveys inquire about work performed in the last week or month. Since most men work almost every week or month of the year, the short reference period will accurately reflect men's long-term labor force status. Many women however, work irregularly, since they either constitute a seasonal labor force used to meet agricultural peak labor demands, or in urban areas, they may engage intermittently in informal sector activities.

Subsistence Activities: Women who work in traditional subsistence activities tend to be excluded from the labor force count. Many agricultural societies are characterized by heavy reliance upon traditional subsistence activities, which remain outside the sphere of formal markets although supporting a high proportion of the rural population. Work activities in those traditional societies are family labor, in-kind exchange labor, and labor provided to meet social obligations at the village level. Such work is typically regarded by enumerators as having no economic significance, often because no form of cash is exchanged. Given that the subsistence economy is mostly in female hands, excluding such forms of labor operates to decrease further the number of women reported in the statistics as part of the labor force.

Unpaid Family Workers: The category of "unpaid family labor" is meant to exclude household work such as food preparation, childcare, and care of livestock used for family consumption, but may include any farm activities which result in the cash sale of products and services.

Follow ILO specifications, most surveys and censuses require that a person work at least one-third time during the short reference period (typically the past week or month) to qualify as an "unpaid family worker". This specification has proved to be disadvantageous to women, in that the uncertainty surrounding what constitutes "one-third" of cash producing work by "unpaid" female workers in particular, are misclassified by census enumerators as "economically inactive".

Informal Sector: Women's work in informal sectors of the economy is unrecognized in census statistics. A widespread phenomenon in Third World countries, particularly in the urban areas, is the build-up of an extensive shadow economy, developing as a necessary complement to the expanding formal sector wage labor. Most activities in the informal sector are on the periphery of the job market, and these jobs are not integrated into any industry coding, or detailed occupational breakdown, as exists for the formal sector.

Since informal sector jobs often fall outside taxation structures, lack a set location to transact business, or may even be quasi-legal, the tendency is to exclude informal sector activities from the labor force count. This has led to a considerable underestimation of the number of urban women who are actually economically active.

Multiple Roles: Multiple economic roles of women are not captured in census counts. According to the standard definitions, individuals are classified as economically active or inactive on the basis of a series of questions clustered around the concept of principal economic activity. In developing economies, however, the formulation of such a question does not reflect the totality of work involvement, for both sexes are engaged in a multiplicity of economic activities at different levels of productivity.

The rigidity of standard definitions leads to a distortion once more, and it is the women who go unreported, because their day--more so than that of men--is characterized by a constant and subtle alternation between numerous activities with both economic and non-economic significance. No statistical acknowledgement is made of women who intermittently engage in small-scale trade and in short duration income-earning activities, which are interspersed between housework.

The Underestimation of Unemployment: The standard labor force approach works to the disadvantage of including women in unemployment rates.

Many women who are unemployed are, in fact, not counted. First of all, there is a tendency among census takers to automatically attribute the status of "unemployed" housewife to a married woman who is not working at the time of the census, without probing whether or not she is currently in search of work. Further, the conventional practice of defining the actively unemployed as those who sought work in the previous week leaves out of the count the passively unemployed group of women: those wanting or needing work but who are discouraged, and the groups of women who wanted a job and would have accepted one had it been offered. Inclusion of the passively unemployed group (which may have more members among women than men) in the unemployment rate would reflect a more accurate measure of the proportion of women available for employment.

POLICY RELEVANCE OF SOUND STATISTICS ON WOMEN'S WORK

Women will continue to be dropped from the labor force count unless more categories of activity status (full-time, part-time, seasonal worker, and the like) are introduced, unless occupational classifications are set up to fit the specific types of work women pursue, and unless interviewers themselves are trained and sensitized to probe into the economic value and functions of the activities women perform.

Assigning a social and economic value to women's labor force participation has implications beyond the improvement of statistics. The development of sensitive measures which address the critical questions "What types of work do women perform?" and "What are the occupational characteristics and skill levels of women who are active in the labor force?" directly bears upon formulation of employment policies for women.

APPENDIX F

ORDER FORM FOR TAPE
(Includes 120 Countries)

SEND TO: Center for International Research
U. S. Bureau of the Census
Washington, D. C. 20233

Customer Services (Microfiche and Tapes)	Name _____		RETURN TO: Data User Services Division Customer Services Bureau of the Census Washington, D.C. 20233 Phone: 301/763-4100			Date _____		T
	Organization _____					CHECK ONE <input type="checkbox"/> Enclosed is check or money order, payable to "Commerce-Census" <input type="checkbox"/> Charge to Census Bureau Deposit Account No. _____		
	Address _____							
	City, State, ZIP _____							
	Telephone _____							
	Name of Data File, Documentation* or Microfiche		Order No.	No of Reels	No. of Microfiche	No. of Document copies	Cost	
*One copy of the Technical Documentation is sent at no extra charge. With tape orders additional copies are \$8.00 each.						TOTALS		
Characteristics of Tape (Check One): <input type="checkbox"/> 9 track, 1800 bpi, EBCDIC <input type="checkbox"/> 9 track, 6250 bpi, EBCDIC <input type="checkbox"/> 9 track, 1800 bpi, ASCII <input type="checkbox"/> 9 track, 6250 bpi, ASCII				Labeling (Check One): <input type="checkbox"/> Standard <input type="checkbox"/> Unlabeled				
Other characteristics are available by special arrangement.								

USER COMMENTS

If subsequent efforts in this data capture/dissemination activity are to be improved in a manner maximally responsive to user needs, the major ideas for such improvement must come from the persons who actually use the data to meet policy program and project needs. This tear-out form is placed here in multiple copies to make it easy for successive users to submit constructive comments.

It would be helpful if the reader would clearly identify on this form the features of the Data by Sex booklet considered particularly effective in contributing to its usefulness. Such supportive "feedback" is necessary to ensure that the strong points of this report will be retained in the future.

It is suggested that the Introduction and Foreword be read once more before this form is completed, in order that the reader may have a clear idea of just what the data base is meant to be, as well as what it is not meant to be.

AID field officers should air pouch the completed form to the address on the left, and others mail it to the address on the right:

Statistical Data by Sex
PPC/E-DIU/ESDS
AID/Washington

Statistical Data by Sex
PPC/E-DIU/ESDS
Agency for International Development
Washington, D. C. 20523
U. S. A.

Please record your comments below, on the reverse side, and if necessary, on additional sheet(s).

USER COMMENTS (continued)
