

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

memorandum

DATE: August 30, 1-83

REPLY TO
ATTN OF: Ms. Helen Vaitaitis, PkmSUBJECT: Cooperative Development Project 653-0002
Equatorial Guinea**OFFICIAL PROJECT
DOCUMENT**

TO: Distribution

A Cooperative Agreement for the subject project was signed August 29, 1983 with the Cooperative League of the USA (CLUSA).

The purpose of this project is to improve the performance of existing coffee and cocoa cooperatives by assisting them to better organize, by improving the services they offer to their membership and to prepare them to enter the credit system. Primary objectives will be to establish two cooperative service centers, one on Bioko and the second on Rio Muni, and an adequate functioning transportation system operating out of each center for farm inputs and produce.

The project will terminate on August 28, 1987. Funding will be provided incrementally for a total of \$3,000,000. With the signing of the agreement, \$1,000,000 has been provided to CLUSA for first year implementation.

Copies of the Cooperative Agreement are distributed herewith.

DISTRIBUTIONCLUSA - . original , plus 3Equatorial Guinea: a/
Ambassador HardyUSAID/Yaounde

C & R - 1

PRM

CONT - 3

ARD - 2

Project Officer - 2

SMD

AID/Washington

AFR/CCWA

✓ AFR/PD/IPS

FM/PAD

ST/DIU

AFR/PD/CCWAP

CM/SD/SUP (W/Data Sheets) - 2

REDSO/WCA

KLA

RCO

a/ Copies will be provided to the GREG by CLUSA



Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Yaounde

UNITED STATES ADDRESS:
YAOUNDE (AID)
DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20520

INTERNATIONAL ADDRESS
USAID
B. P. 817
YAOUNDE, CAMEROUN

August 29, 1983

Mr. Lyle Brenneman
Cooperative League of the USA
1828 L Street, N.W., Suite 1100
Washington, D.C. 20036.

Subject: Agreement No. 653-0002-A-00-3018-00
Cooperative Development

Dear Mr. Brenneman:

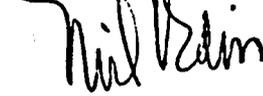
Pursuant to the authority contained in the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, the Agency for International Development (hereinafter referred to as "AID") hereby grants to the Cooperative League of the USA (hereby referred to as "CLUSA" or "Recipient"), the sum of \$1,000,000 to provide support for a program in Cooperative Development, as described in the Schedule of this agreement and the Attachment 2, entitled "Program Description".

This agreement is effective and obligation is made as of the date of this letter and shall apply to commitments made by the Cooperative Agreement in furtherance of program objectives during the period beginning with the effective date and ending August 28, 1987. Pre-agreement expenses up to \$3,500 to cover roundtrip ticket from the USA to Yaounde and return, ground transportation, plus per diem are hereby authorized.

This agreement is made to CLUSA, on condition that the funds will be administered in accordance with the terms and conditions as set forth in Attachment 1, the Schedule, Attachment 2, entitled "Program Description", and Attachment 3 entitled "Standard Provisions", together with July 1982 alterations as Attachment 4 and Attachment 5, Recipient Proposal, which have been agreed to by your organization.

Please sign the original and seven (7) copies of this letter to acknowledge your receipt of the agreement, and return the original and six (6) copies to USAID/Cameroon.

Sincerely yours,



Neil Edin
Agreement Officer

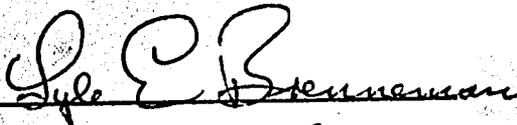
Attachments:

1. Schedule
2. Program Description
3. Standard Provisions dated 2-82 non Profit
4. Alterations in Grant dated 7-82
5. Recipient proposal

ACKNOWLEDGED:

CLUSA

BY:



Title: International Program Officer

Date:

AUG 29 1983

FISCAL DATA

Appropriation : 72-1131021.0
Budget Plan Code : GDAA-83-21653-AG13
PIO/T No. : 653-0002-3-30031
Project No. : 653-0002
Total Estimated Amount : \$3,000,000
Total Obligated Amount : \$1,000,000
Funding Source : USAID
IRS Employer Identification Number : 36-2007-48

COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT SCHEDULE

- A. Purpose of Cooperative Agreement
- B. Period of Agreement
- C. Amount of Agreement and Payment
- D. Financial Plan
- E. Substantial Involvement by AID
- F. Reports and Operating Plan
- G. Special Provisions
- H. Overhead Rate
- I. Title to Property
- J. Authorized Geographic Code

SCHEDULE

Cooperative Agreement No. 653-0002-A-00-3018-00

A. Purpose of Cooperative Agreement

The purpose of this Cooperative Agreement is to provide support for the Cooperative Development project as more specifically described in Attachment 2 to this Agreement entitled "Program Description".

B. Period of Agreement

1. The effective date of this Agreement is August 29, 1983. The expiration date of this Agreement is August 28, 1987.

2. Funds obligated hereunder are available for program expenditures for the estimated period August 29, 1983 to September 30, 1984 as shown in the Financial Plan below.

C. Amount of Agreement and Payment

1. The total estimated amount of this Agreement for the period shown in B 1 above is \$3,000,000.

2. AID hereby obligates the amount of \$1,000,000 for program expenditures during the period set forth in B.2 above and as shown in the Financial Plan below.

3. Payment shall be made to the Recipient in accordance with procedures set forth in Attachment 3, Standard Provisions, in the section entitled "Payment-Federal Reserve Letter of Credit (FRLC) Advance".

4. Additional funds up to the total amount of the Agreement shown in C.1 above may be obligated by AID subject to the availability of funds, to the requirements of the Standard Provision of the Agreement, entitled "Revision of Financial Plans" and satisfaction of the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

D. Financial Plan

The following is the Financial Plan for this Agreement. Revisions to this Plan shall be made in accordance with the Standard Provision of this Agreement entitled "Revision of Financial Plans".

The following is the Financial Plan for this Agreement including local cost items if authorized. Revisions to this Plan shall be made in accordance with Standard Provision of this Agreement, entitled "Revision of Financial Plan".

<u>Cost Element</u>	<u>Obligation (Year 1) 8/29/83 - 9/30/84</u>	<u>Estimated Additional 10/1/84 - 8/28/87</u>	<u>Total Estimated</u>
1. Personnel	\$154,500	\$494,176	\$648,676
2. Fringes	35,008	113,607	148,615
3. Consultants	11,310	104,880	116,190
4. Travel	121,905	183,715	305,620
5. Allowances	54,993	175,824	230,817
6. Training	8,300	147,980	156,280
7. Commodities & Equipment	154,343	33,209	187,552
8. Other Direct Costs	16,120	48,360	64,480
9. Contingencies	-0-	26,000	26,000
10. Construction	<u>294,731</u>	<u>193,269</u>	<u>488,000</u>
	\$851,210	\$1,521,020	\$2,372,230
Indirect Cost (37% prov.)	<u>148,790^x</u>	<u>478,980</u>	<u>627,770</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$1,000,000</u>	<u>\$2,000,000</u>	<u>\$3,000,000</u>

Recipient shall send copies of all financial forms to USAID/Cameroon which are also submitted to FM/PAD in AID/W as part of regular Letter of Credit procedure. A monthly breakdown of costs by line item as above showing expenditures to date, balance, and total for \$1 million budget shall be prepared and submitted to USAID/Cameroon only.

Pre-Agreement expenses up to \$3,500 to cover one roundtrip ticket, from the USA to Yaounde and return, ground transportation, plus per diem are hereby authorized.

^x Figured on total direct cost minus Construction and Commodities.

E. Substantial Involvement by AID in Agreement

Part II of the project will be initiated only after a review of USAID and CLUSA of Part I and a determination has been made as to what modifications, if any, may be necessary in the Project Design.

One year following the initiation of activities under Part II, a major evaluation will be performed by USAID, CLUSA and GREG. This will focus on project accomplishments, future planning, feasibility of Part III credit component, alternatives to a credit component, and additional and future year funding requirements. If funds for the follow-on phase are available and if USAID/Cameroon is agreeable, a Part III credit component will be initiated.

If the evaluation team decides that the project should logically terminate at the end of four years and no further phases will be undertaken, the project will not enter into a credit phase.

USAID/Cameroon's substantial involvement, including above, will be to monitor the progress of project activities and to consult with CLUSA when it is apparent that a change in emphasis or direction is needed in project implementation. USAID/Cameroon will be responsible for the provision of inputs from E.G. Agriculture Development Project which are coordinated with the Cooperative Development Project and are detailed in Attachment 2, Program Description, Section E. USAID/Cameroon will have final responsibility for determining if the project is to develop a credit component in its Part III implementation, as is discussed Attachment 2, Section D.

The American Ambassador/Equatorial Guinea maintains the right to ask for briefings or progress reports of project activities from CLUSA or USAID.

F. Reports

1. Progress Reports

Project progress will be prepared by CLUSA and submitted to USAID on a quarterly basis. The first reporting period will begin with the signature of the OPG. The reports will discuss the progress CLUSA has made during the reporting period in meeting project objectives, what difficulties were encountered during the reporting period, what actions were taken to resolve these difficulties, and what actions are planned during the next reporting period. Summaries of the reports will be translated into Spanish and included with reports sent to MINAGRI. Three copies of all reports will be submitted to USAID/Yaounde, one to the American Embassy/Malabo, one copy to FVA/PVC, and five copies to MINAGRI.

2. Evaluation Plan

CLUSA will perform an assessment of project progress at the completion of Part I of the project, but no later than 18 months following signature of the Cooperative Agreement. USAID will assist in this assessment. A mid-term evaluation will be conducted at the end of Part II of the project, but no later than 30 months following signature of the Cooperative Agreement. The evaluation team will consist of members of USAID, CLUSA and the GREG. The results of this evaluation and the approval of USAID will determine the course of action to be taken in Part III of the project (see Section D). A final evaluation will be conducted during the final two months of the project. All evaluation reports will be made available to USAID, CLUSA and the GREG.

Part II of the project will be initiated only after a review by USAID and CLUSA of Part I and a determination has been made as to what modifications, if any, may be necessary in the project design. Part II is designed to accomplish the establishment of a cooperative technical assistance and training program for selected cooperatives (five during the first year of this phase) as well as training to MINAGRI extension agents in cooperative principles and operations. Following a period of cooperative promotion and orientation for members (member education), basic level management training is to be provided to key leaders of the participating cooperatives. These programs are to be followed with progressively more advanced training that, in combination with assistance in setting up cooperative operational and administrative systems, will prepare selected cooperative societies to participate in the credit component which will be the primary thrust of Part III.

An additional activity of Part II will be an analysis of how the cooperatives can improve productivity of both cash and food crops and reduce the amount of labor required to produce, process and market them. To assist with improving production the CLUSA team may be able to obtain expertise from other donor programs or may decide to bring in a short-term production and processing expert.

The training and technical assistance activities initiated in Part II will continue throughout the life of the project. However, one year following the initiation of activities under Part II, a major evaluation will be performed by USAID, CLUSA and GREG. This will focus on project accomplishments, future planning, feasibility of the Part III credit component, alternatives to a credit component, and additional and future year funding requirements.

This will be a critical period for the project and will give both USAID and CLUSA an opportunity to take another close look at Equatorial Guinea and determine whether continued assistance is justified. If the evaluation recommends that a follow-on project be designed, if funds for the follow-on phase are available and if USAID is agreeable, Part III credit component will be initiated. This credit component will follow the procedures outlined in the CLUSA OPG proposal. The E.G. Agriculture Development Project will provide inputs for the credit component for the remainder of the four-year life of the project as outlined in Section E.

If the evaluation team decides that the project should logically terminate at the end of four years and no further phases will be undertaken, the project will not enter into a credit phase. CLUSA will devise a system where by the agricultural inputs provided under the Agricultural Development Project will be donated to cooperatives. Funds designated for a revolving credit fund will be used to purchase agricultural inputs as recommended by CLUSA and their distribution will be the same as the other inputs.

3. Operating Plan Report

No later than one year following signing of the agreement, CLUSA will furnish an operating plan for implementation of the agreement (OPPLAN), based on investigation, discussions with concerned public and private sector officials and leaders and field experience, acceptable to USAID/Cameroon. The OPPLAN shall include the following elements:

- a. recruiting of cooperative service center staff;
- b. organization of governing committees for the two cooperative service centers;
- c. training of cooperative staff and membership;
- d. administration of the national cooperative system and of individual cooperatives; and
- e. capitalization of the national cooperative system and of individual cooperatives.

The OPPLAN shall have due regard for Equaguinean traditional formal and informal forms of organizations, educational level, modes of communication of the target population, a phased scheme for privatization of the cooperative system and the ownership, control and management of project resources, including administration of revolving fund.

G. Special Provisions

1. The following Standard Provisions are hereby deleted:

- 5A Negotiated Overhead Rates - Pre-determined
- 7B Payment - Periodic Advance
- 7C Payment - Reimbursement
- 10A Procurement of Goods and Services Under \$250,000
- 13A Title to and Use of Property (Grantee title)
- 13B Title to and Care of Property (U.S. Government title).

2. CLUSA will provide USAID/Cameroon with a copy of its agreement with the GREG.

H. Overhead Rate

Provisional 37% on total direct costs minus procurement and construction costs. Period of rate is based on AID/W negotiated agreement.

I. Title to Property

Title to all commodities and equipment procured or otherwise acquired and all buildings constructed under the project shall in the first instance be vested in GREG. Reference is made to Agreement Attachment 3, paragraph 13C.

Anything in this Agreement, including attachments thereto to the contrary notwithstanding, at any time while AID has a program in Equatorial Guinea, AID shall have the right to take custody and control of buildings constructed under the project.

J. Authorized Geographic Code

The authorized geographic code for procurement of goods and services under this Cooperative Agreement is 935.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

A. GOAL OF GRANT/PROJECT

Since independence from Spain, Equatorial Guinea has regressed from a prosperous former colony to an economic ruin under the leadership of a treacherous dictator. In its prosperous years, its economy was based upon the production and export of cocoa, coffee, timber and palm oil. The colony's economy was carefully controlled by the Spanish and little was done to integrate Equaguineans into the colony's administration. When the United Nations began to force European nations to release their colonies in Africa, Spain was ill prepared and hastily readied Equatorial Guinea for independence. During the colonial era, many Equaguineans served as tenant farmers feeding into a much larger complex of Spanish plantation farms. In the three-year preparatory period to independence, known as the "autonomous period", this relationship was formalized into cooperatives. Although the rule of the country was to be transferred to the Equaguineans, the Spanish were promised the right to continue their economic enterprises such as had existed during the colonial period. While the Spanish remained, the cooperatives prospered. Members enjoyed the fruits of good production while benefiting from the marketing services, input provision services, domestic services, and management of the cooperative headquarters. Within a few years, drastic changes occurred in Government leadership and within a short time all Spanish and foreign workers were forced to leave the country. This was followed by mismanagement and plundering of the central government which brought the nation to its knees by the time a successful coup d'etat was mounted. The new government decided to attempt a revival of its agricultural economy. Although Spanish private farmers were invited to return to Equatorial Guinea, none were interested. At the same time, the GREG decided to help the Equaguinean small farmer, but realized it was ill equipped to reach the individual farmer. As a result, it decided to extend its assistance through farmer groups and revive the cooperatives.

This attempt has met with limited success given the collapse of the country's infrastructure and its dire economic conditions. The Cooperative Development Project will assist the GREG in rectifying this situation and will have the expressed goal of contributing to the process of:

- Enabling the small farmer of Equatorial Guinea to progress from a subsistence level of agriculture to one of economic viability within an economy that provides him with adequate incentives for increasing production in both qualitative and quantitative increase in the production of coffee and cocoa, and the introduction and/or improvement of the production of food crops.

B. PROJECT PURPOSE

To improve the performance of existing coffee and cocoa cooperatives by assisting them to better organize, by increasing the services they offer to their membership, and to prepare the cooperatives to enter the credit system.

C. PROJECT OBJECTIVES

1. The establishment of two cooperative service centers, one on Bioko and the second on Rio Muni, providing services to cooperatives to include vehicle maintenance and control, training, and eventually input provision.

2. The establishment of an adequate functioning transportation system, operating out of each of the two cooperative service centers, for farm inputs and produce. This will be available to all of the country's sixty-nine cooperatives and utilized by at least 75 percent. At least 6 trucks will be made operational.

3. Baseline data on membership, area and type of crops under cultivation, production and marketing statistics, member services and business volume collected and aggregated on 12 to 15 selected cooperatives, reported semi-annually to USAID/Yaounde and utilized in planning future directions of the project.

4. Analysis of the members of the cooperatives can improve productivity and reduce the amount of labor required for the production of both cash and food crops. Increased food crop production techniques demonstrated at 10 cooperatives, 5 on Bioko and 5 in Rio Muni.

5. Member education programs, including cooperative principles, cooperative operations, and how members can govern and benefit from their cooperative, provided to 30 cooperatives. Curriculum materials developed for these programs will be provided to USAID/Yaounde.

6. Specialized training in cooperative principles, promotion and operations provided to 16 MINAGRI agents through formal and on-the-job training to enable them to provide technical assistance to cooperatives.

7. Leadership training including cooperative business management, cooperative organization, the roles of board members and managers, production technology and marketing principles provided to sixty cooperative leaders from 30 cooperatives.

8. Technical assistance provided to 30 cooperatives in the setting up of adequate management and administrative systems.

9. Appropriate administrative systems in place and functioning in 20 cooperatives.

10. The Equaguinean counterparts and employees of the cooperative service centers trained in all aspects of the transportation system and able to take over and continue its operation.

11. The establishment of the credit worthiness of at least five cooperatives and the beginning of a credit system if and when, in the judgement of USAID and CLUSA, a follow-on project to the initial four-year project will be initiated. CLUSA, however, may extend USAID-financed commodity inputs at any

time to cooperatives it feels deserving if it has USAID/Yaounde's approval. Inputs for the credit system will be provided by the existing Equatorial Guinea Agriculture Development Project (653-0001) and by the E.G. Bank for Credit and Development (BCD). If a credit system is not established, the recipient will organize the distribution of USAID inputs on an in-kind basis during the last two years of the project.

USAID and CLUSA may from time to time mutually agree in writing, to modifications of, deletions of and/or additions to the foregoing objectives within the scope of the project.

D. SCOPE OF WORK

Successful implementation of development projects in Equatorial Guinea is very difficult. USAID's experience from two years' work in this country shows that development projects must have flexibility and very good technical assistance teams if they are to succeed. This Operational Program Cooperative Agreement to CLUSA is made in the context of their OPG Proposal to USAID. The proposal discusses the long term commitment of CLUSA to cooperative development in Equatorial Guinea and the need for a carefully orchestrated and interrelated set of programs and projects stretching over a period of fifteen or more years if the long range goal of moving the small farmer from subsistence level to economic viability is to be achieved. While USAID shares this opinion, the political and economic situation in Equatorial Guinea dictates a progressive program where each stage within itself maintains its own end objectives. While CLUSA has recognized this by providing in their proposal an elaborate system of reviews, evaluations and alternative courses of action, USAID emphasizes the four-year scope of this project and the necessity of CLUSA to conduct project activities within this time framework until such future time as USAID, CLUSA and the GREG should decide to continue to a follow-on project beyond the initial four-year period.

In summary, CLUSA is to proceed with the four-year objectives of the project outlined in the OPG proposal and reiterated in paragraph C. Within this four-year period, three distinctive progressions are to occur. In Part I, CLUSA is to conclude its agreement with the GREG. The American Ambassador in Equatorial Guinea has asked that he be closely identified with this Agreement. CLUSA is to set up its logistical support system. It is to lease or build housing for its technical assistance team members and physically establish the Cooperative Service Centers (CSC's) both in Bioko and Rio Muni. Working with the existing USAID-financed E.G. Agriculture Development Project, it is to arrange the retrieval of project vehicles provided to cooperatives under this project and rehabilitate as many of them as possible (Agriculture Development Project resources to be made available are defined in Section E). It is to train mechanics and drivers and establish a transportation system which can be used by cooperatives for the transport of farm inputs and produce. Finally, it is to gather baseline data and make initial contacts with the cooperatives to orient them to the project. As CLUSA advises, this part may take from 12 to 18 months and activities initiated during this phase will continue throughout the life of the project and run concurrently with subsequent parts.

E. INPUTS AVAILABLE TO THE COOPERATIVE DEVELOPMENT PROJECT FROM THE ON-GOING E.G. AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECT:

The E.G. Agricultural Development provided the GREG with 14 stake body trucks and 9 pickups to be sold to the coffee and cocoa cooperatives for the purpose of removing the transportation constraint to increased agricultural production. In the two years since these trucks were delivered to the cooperatives most are unoperational because of major mechanical failures, lack of maintenance and lack of spare parts and tires. Several of these vehicles are repairable and will form the basis of transportation service to be provided by the Cooperative Service Centers. Since no formal sales agreement between MINAGRI and the cooperatives was concluded, USAID suggested and MINAGRI agreed to eliminate this debt burden to the cooperatives if the vehicles were to be regrouped and put under a central control (see Attachment No. 5). The E.G. Agricultural Development project is funding a three-month short-term technical assistance contract to perform an inventory of these vehicles to establish their ability to be driven or towed. The surveyor, working with a GREG counterpart, will discuss the retrieval program with the cooperative leaders and, time and resources permitting, begin the retrieval process. This effort will begin O/A November 1, 1983. Currently there is an extensive order of spare parts en route to Equatorial Guinea. These parts can be augmented by future orders as the need arises. In summary, the following is a list of the inputs to be made available to the Cooperative Development Project:*

1. Commodities already in Equatorial Guinea:

- 14 each 1981 model C7D042 GMC Stake Body Trucks
- 2 each 1981 model W150 Dodge Pick-ups
- 4 each 1981 model W200 Dodge Pick-ups
- 3 each 1981 model F150 Ford Pick-ups

2. Commodities and services to be provided:

- T.A. vehicle surveyor	\$ 25,000
- Vehicle spare parts	125,000
- Garage and mechanic's tools	75,000
- 2 T.A. mechanic/trainers for one year each	250,000
- Agricultural hand tools, fungicides, processing equipment, etc.	125,000
- Revolving credit fund	<u>50,000</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$650,000</u>

F. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PERSONNEL TO BE ASSIGNED TO THE PROJECT

(1) Chief of Party (COP) -- A cooperative development specialist with prior LDC experience who is conversant in all aspects of cooperative operations with particular emphasis on administration and management. This person will

* This budget is a modification of the Project Agreement signed by the GREG and will require their approval before it can be implemented.

need to be able to negotiate and communicate effectively with high-level government officials. His duties will also include management of the Bioko CSC. The team leader's background should also include experience in some aspect of training. Four years.

(2) Cooperative Service Center-Manager -- One junior-level specialist with strong management ability and some experience with cooperatives will be assigned to operate the Rio Muni CSC. He will be responsible, with guidance from the COP, for all center operations, including transportation, training schedules and training, and personnel supervision. Four years.

(3) Administrative and Training Assistant -- Given the lack of qualified administrative and office personnel in Equatorial Guinea, the team should include an administrative assistant who will supervise the day to day activities of the office, provide basic administrative services, assist with data collection and train the local office staff. In the absence of the team leader, this person will have primary responsibility for the operations of the headquarters office and CSC. Four years are budgeted for this position; however, it may be reduced to two if conditions permit.

(4) Short-Term Staff -- The expatriate team will be assisted by short-term specialists for a proposed total of 21 person/months. The listing provided here is only suggestive as the project team will need to make the final determinations on the consulting needs.

Year One or early Year Two

- audiovisual and training aids specialist, 3 months.
- nonformal adult education specialist, 3 months.

Years Three and Four

- coffee/cocoa production and processing specialist, 3 months
- horticultural specialist, 3 months
- credit specialist, 6 months
- marketing specialist, 3 months

If the project evaluation at the end of Year Two indicates that the credit specialist is required on a full-time basis, the project agreement and budget will need to be amended accordingly.

G. RESPONSIBILITIES OR ORGANIZATIONS INVOLVED

1. CLUSA

CLUSA primary responsibility is to successfully achieve the project's eleven primary objectives. CLUSA will have complete responsibility for the implementation of the project to include project logistics, fielding and supporting its personnel, and concluding its arrangements and agreements with the GREG. CLUSA will provide representative(s) for the mid-project and final project evaluations.

2. USAID/Cameroon

USAID/Cameroon's primary responsibility will be to monitor the progress of project activities and to consult with CLUSA when it is apparent that a change in emphasis or direction is needed in project implementation. USAID/Cameroon will be responsible for the provision of inputs from E.G. Agriculture Development Project which are to be coordinated with the Cooperative Development Project and are detailed in Section E. USAID/Yaounde will be responsible for assisting in the mid-term and final evaluation of the project. USAID Yaounde will have final responsibility for determining if the project is to develop a credit component in its Part III implementation as is discussed in Section D.

3. AMERICAN EMBASSY/EQUATORIAL GUINEA

The American Embassy's responsibility in the project will be limited to those services extended to any unofficial American working in Equatorial Guinea. Because of the limited American presence in Equatorial Guinea and the limited size of the U.S. program in Equatorial Guinea, the American Ambassador takes a special interest in the implementation and progress of the USAID program.

For this reason, the American Ambassador shall have the right to be present and give an oral statement at the signing of the CLUSA/GREG agreement and at other significant events during the implementation of the agreement and to cause to be issued from time to time public relations releases identifying the United States Government and himself as its representative with the project. He may at his option sign as a witness to the CLUSA/GREG agreement.

4. GREG (to be included in the CLUSA/GREG Agreement)

The Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Rural Development (MINAGRI) should be responsible agency in the Government of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea. Although MINAGRI should not have any project management responsibilities, it should assist CLUSA with implementation problems which arise with the GREG. Extension agents of MINAGRI should be made available for training and should work on project activities in the context of their normal assignments and responsibilities with MINAGRI. MINAGRI should assist CLUSA in locating sites for the Cooperative Service Centers and should facilitate the duty-free entry of vehicles, furniture and equipment called for in the project, as well as the resident advisor's personal effects, and should obtain agreement of GREG that personnel entering Equatorial Guinea under the project shall be entitled to the privileges and immunities normally accorded to diplomatic representatives accredited to Equatorial Guinea, including freedom from subjection to civil or criminal jurisdiction of the courts of Equatorial Guinea or by any of its political subdivisions and freedom from obligation for military service.

U.S. Grantees and U.S. Subgrantees
NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS—OTHER THAN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS
INDEX OF
STANDARD PROVISIONS

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">1. Allowable Costs and Contributions (Nonprofit Organizations—Other Than Educational Institutions)2. Accounting, Audit and Records3. Refunds4. Nondiscrimination in Federally Assisted Programs5A. Negotiated Overhead Rates—Predetermined5B. Negotiated Overhead Rates—Nonprofit Organizations Other Than Educational Institutions6. Revision of Financial Plans7A. Payment—Federal Reserve Letter of Credit (FRLC) Advance7B. Payment—Periodic Advances7C. Payment—Reimbursement8. Travel and Transportation9. Ocean Shipment of Goods10A. Procurement of Goods and Services Under \$250,000.10B. Procurement of Goods and Services Over \$250,00011. Local Cost Financing With U.S. Dollars12.. Government Furnished Excess Personal Property13A. Title to and Use of Property (Grantee Title)13B. Title to and Care of Property (U.S. Government Title) | <ul style="list-style-type: none">13C. Title to and Care of Property (Cooperating Country Title)14. Conversion of United States Dollars to Local Currency15. Termination16. Voluntary Participation17. Prohibition on Abortion—Related Activities18. Voluntary Participation Requirements For Sterilization Programs19. Publications20. Patents21. Regulations Governing Employees Outside The United States22. Subordinate Agreements23. Salaries24. Ineligible Countries25. Disputes26. Participant Training27. Health and Accident Coverage for AID Participant Trainees28. Use of Pouch Facilities29. U.S. Officials Not To Benefit30. Covenant Against Contingent Fees31. Nonliability32. Amendment33. The Grant34. Notices |
|--|---|

—SEE FOOTNOTE ON PAGE 22—

If the institution is not on a predetermined rate basis, omit 5A; otherwise use both provisions.

Select only 1 payment provision from Group 7.

Select only 1 procurement provision from Group 10.

Select only 1 title provision from Group 13, if title to all property is vested in one entity; however, if title is to be split by categories among two or more entities, select the appropriate provisions from Group 13 and identify the categories and entities in the Schedule of the Grant.

1. ALLOWABLE COSTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS (NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS—OTHER THAN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS)

(This provision is applicable to nonprofit organizations other than educational institutions)

(a) The Grantee shall be reimbursed for costs incurred in carrying out the purposes of this grant which are determined by the Grant Officer to be reasonable, allocable, and allowable in accordance with the terms of (1) this grant, (2) any negotiated advance understanding on particular cost items, and

(3) cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-122 entitled "Cost Principles for Nonprofit Organizations" in effect on the date of this grant (hereinafter referred to as "applicable cost principles").

(b) If Grantee contributions in the form of cost sharing/matching are required under this grant, the allowability of costs applied to the grant for such contributions shall be determined by the Grant Officer in accordance with the terms of paragraph 1K, "Cost Sharing and Matching" of Handbook 13 in effect on the date of this Grant.

(c) The requirements set forth in this provision are only applicable to costs incurred with funds provided by AID under this grant. Except for paragraph (b) above, the requirements set forth in this provision are not applicable to costs incurred by the Grantee from non-Federal funds. Such costs will be considered allowable to the extent they conform to the requirements of paragraph (b) above and are incurred for purposes of the grant.

2. ACCOUNTING, AUDIT AND RECORDS

(a) With respect to accounting, records and audit, the Grantee shall comply with the requirements set forth in paragraphs 1I, 1J, 1L, and 1M of Handbook 13.

(b) The AID Inspector General and the Comptroller General of the United States or their duly authorized representatives (see paragraph 1I6 of Chapter 1 of Handbook 13) reserve the right to conduct an audit of the Grantee's books and records to determine whether the Grantee has expended AID's funds in accordance with the terms and conditions of this grant. The Grantee agrees to make available any further information requested by AID with respect to any questions arising as a result of the audit.

3. REFUNDS

(a) If use of the AID funds provided hereunder results in accrual of interest to the Grantee or to any other person to whom Grantee makes such funds available in carrying out the purposes of the grant, the Grantee shall refund to AID an amount equivalent to the amount of interest accrued.

(b) Funds obligated by AID hereunder, but not disbursed to the Grantee at the time the grant expires or is terminated, shall revert to AID, except for such funds encumbered by the Grantee by a legally binding transaction applicable to this grant. Any funds disbursed to but not expended by the Grantee at the time of expiration or termination of the Grant shall be refunded to AID.

(c) If, at any time during the life of the grant, or as a result of final audit, it is determined by AID that funds it provided under this Grant have been expended for purposes not in accordance with the terms of this grant, the Grantee shall refund such amount to AID.

4. NONDISCRIMINATION IN FEDERALLY ASSISTED PROGRAMS

(a) No person in the United States shall be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits

of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving financial assistance from AID in accordance with:

(1) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Pub. L. 88-352, 42 U.S.C. 2000-d) which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color or national origin, in programs and activities receiving Federal financial assistance.

(2) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) which prohibits discrimination on the basis of handicap in programs and activities receiving Federal financial assistance.

(3) The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (Pub. L. 95-478), which prohibits discrimination based on age in the delivery of services and benefits supported with Federal funds.

(4) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681, *et seq.*) which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in education programs and activities receiving Federal financial assistance (whether or not the programs or activities are offered or sponsored by an educational institution); and

(b) In accordance with its written assurance, the Grantee agrees to comply with AID regulations implementing the above nondiscrimination laws, set forth in Chapter II of Title 22 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

5A. NEGOTIATED OVERHEAD RATES—PREDETERMINED

(This provision is applicable to educational or other nonprofit organizations or institutions that are on a predetermined overhead rate basis)

(a) Notwithstanding the provision of this grant entitled "Allowable Costs and Contributions," the allowable indirect costs under this grant shall be obtained by applying predetermined overhead rates to the base(s) agreed upon by the parties, as specified in the Schedule of this grant.

(b) The Grantee, except for educational institutions covered by OMB Circular A-88, as soon as possible but not later than 3 months after the close of each of its accounting periods during the term of this grant, shall submit to the AID Grant Officer with copies to the cognizant audit activity, the AID Inspector General, and the AID Overhead and Special Costs Branch, Services Operations Division, Office of Contract Management, AID/Washington, D.C. 20523, a proposed predetermined overhead rate or rates based on the Grantee's actual cost experience during that fiscal year, together with supporting cost data. Negotiation of predetermined overhead rates by the Grantee and the AID Grant Officer shall be

undertaken as promptly as practicable after receipt of the Grantee's proposal.

(c) Allowability of costs and acceptability of cost allocation methods shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the applicable cost principles in effect on the date of this grant.

(d) Predetermined rates appropriate for the work under this grant in effect on the effective date of this grant shall be incorporated into the grant. Rates for subsequent periods shall be negotiated and the results set forth in a written overhead rate agreement executed by both parties. Such agreement shall be automatically incorporated into this grant upon execution and shall specify (1) the agreed predetermined overhead rates, (2) the base(s) to which the rates apply, (3) the fiscal year unless the parties agree to a different period for which the rates apply, and (4) the specific items treated as direct costs or any changes in the items previously agreed to be direct costs. The overhead rate agreement shall not change any monetary ceiling, grant obligation, or specific cost allowance or disallowance provided for in this grant.

(e) Pending establishment of predetermined overhead rates for any fiscal year or different period agreed to by the parties, the Grantee shall be reimbursed either at the rates fixed for the previous fiscal year or other period or at billing rates acceptable to the AID Grant Officer subject to appropriate adjustment when the final rates for the fiscal year or other period are established.

(f) Any failure by the parties to agree on any predetermined overhead rate or rates under this provision shall not be considered a dispute within the meaning of the "Disputes" provision of this grant. If for any fiscal year or other period specified in the grant the parties fail to agree to a predetermined overhead rate or rates, it is agreed that the allowable overhead costs under this grant shall be obtained by applying negotiated final overhead rates in accordance with the terms of the applicable "Negotiated Overhead Rates" provision of this grant.

5B. NEGOTIATED OVERHEAD RATES— NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS— OTHER THAN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

(This provision is applicable to nonprofit organizations which do not have predetermined rates; however, it shall also be included when the NEGOTIATED OVERHEAD RATES—PREDETERMINED provision is used, under the conditions set forth therein)

(a) Pursuant to this provision, an overhead rate shall be established for each of the Grantee's accounting periods during the term of this Grant. Pen-

ding establishment of a final rate, the parties have agreed that provisional payments on account of allowable indirect costs shall be at the rate(s), on the base(s), and for the period shown in the Schedule of this grant.

(b) The Grantee, as soon as possible but not later than 90 days after the close of each of its accounting periods during the term of this grant shall submit to the Grant Officer with copies to the Overhead and Special Cost Branch, Services Operations Division, Office of Contract Management, AID Washington, D.C. 20523, and to the Office of the Inspector General, AID/Washington, D.C. 20523, a proposed final rate or rates for the period, together with supporting cost data. Negotiation of final overhead rates by the Grantee and the Grant Officer shall be undertaken as promptly as practicable after receipt of the Grantee's proposal.

(c) Allowability of costs and acceptability of cost allocation methods shall be determined in accordance with OMB Circular A-122 (Cost Principles for Non-profit Organizations) as in effect on the date of this grant.

(d) The results of each negotiation shall be set forth in a written overhead rate agreement executed by both parties. Such agreement shall specify (1) the agreed final rates, (2) the bases to which the rates apply, and (3) the periods for which the rates apply. The overhead rate agreement shall not change any monetary ceiling, grant obligation, or specific cost allowance or disallowance provided for in this grant.

(e) Pending establishment of final overhead rates for any period, the Grantee shall be reimbursed either at negotiated provisional rates as provided above or at billing rates acceptable to the Grant Officer, subject to appropriate adjustment when the final rates for that period are established. To prevent substantial over or under payment, the provisional or billing rates may, at the request of either party, be revised by mutual agreement, either retroactively or prospectively. Any such revision of negotiated provisional rates provided in this provision shall be set forth in a modification to this grant.

(f) Any failure by the parties to agree on any final rate or rates under this provision shall be considered a dispute within the meaning of the Standard Provision of this Grant, entitled "Disputes," and shall be disposed of in accordance therewith.

6. REVISION OF FINANCIAL PLANS

(a) The Financial Plan, i.e., grant budget, is the financial expression of the project or program as approved during the application and/or award process.

(b) The Grantee shall immediately request approval from the Grant Officer when there is reason to

believe that within the next 30 calendar days a revision of the approved Financial Plan will be necessary for any of the following reasons:

1. To change the scope or the objectives of the project or program.
2. Additional funding is needed.
3. The Grantee expects the amount of AID authorized funds will exceed its needs by more than \$5,000 or five percent of the AID award, whichever is greater.
4. The Grantee plans to transfer amounts budgeted for indirect costs to absorb increases in direct costs or vice versa.
5. The Grantee plans to transfer funds budgeted for training allowances (direct payments to trainees) to other categories of expense.
6. The Grantee plans to incur an expenditure which would require approval under the terms of this grant, and was not included in the approved Financial Plan.
7. The Grantee intends to subcontract or subgrant any of the substantive programmatic work under this grant, and such subcontracts or subgrants were not included in the approved Financial Plan.

(c) When requesting approval for budget revisions, the Grantee shall use the budget forms that were used in the application unless a letter request will suffice.

(d) Within 30 calendar days from the date of the receipt of the request for budget revisions, the Grant Officer shall review the request and notify the Grantee whether the budget revisions have been approved. If the revisions are still under consideration at the end of 30 calendar days, the Grant Officer shall inform the Grantee in writing of the date when the Grantee may expect the decision. The Grant Officer shall obtain the Project Officer's clearance on all such requests prior to communication with the Grantee.

(e) If the requested budget revision requires the obligation of additional funding, and, if after notification pursuant to this Standard Provision, AID determines not to provide additional funds, the AID Grant Officer will, upon written request of the Grantee, terminate this grant pursuant to the Standard Provision of this grant, entitled "Termination."

(f) Except as required by other provisions of this grant specifically citing and stated to be an exception from this provision, the Government shall not be obligated to reimburse the Grantee for costs incurred in excess of the total amount obligated under the grant, and the Grantee shall not be obligated to continue performance under the grant (including actions

under the "Termination" provision) or otherwise to incur costs in excess of the amount obligated under the grant, unless and until the Grant Officer has notified the Grantee in writing that such obligated amount has been increased and has specified in such notice an increased amount constituting the total amount then obligated under the Grant.

7A. PAYMENT—FEDERAL RESERVE LETTER OF CREDIT (FRLC) ADVANCE

(This provision is applicable when the following conditions are met: (i) the total advances under all the Grantee's cost-reimbursement contracts and assistance instruments with AID exceed \$120,000 per annum, (ii) AID has, or expects to have, a continuing relationship with the Grantee of at least one year; (iii) the Grantee has the ability to maintain procedures that will minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of funds and the disbursement thereof, (iv) the Grantee's financial management system meets the standard for fund control and accountability required under the standard provision of this grant, entitled "Accounting, Audit and Records"; and, *either* (v) the foreign currency portion of the total advance under this grant is less than 50%; or (vi) the foreign currency portion of the total advance under this grant is more than 50%, *but* more than one foreign currency country is involved.)

(a) AID shall open a Federal Reserve Letter of Credit (hereinafter referred to as "FRLC") in the amount of funding obligated by this grant, against which the Grantee may draw cash only for immediate disbursing needs. The term "immediate disbursing needs" when applied to FRLC's is defined as the cash requirements for a three-day period. Any subgrantee funded by the Grantee from funds provided by this grant, shall obtain such funds from the Grantee only as needed for disbursement. The financial management system of the Grantee shall provide for effective control over and accountability for Federal funds as stated in paragraph 1L of Handbook 13.

(b) FRLC Operational Requirements

(1) The Grantee will select a commercial bank that agrees to receive payment vouchers, TFS Form 5401, "Payment Voucher on Letter of Credit," drawn on the U.S. Treasury and to forward such payment vouchers to the applicable Federal Reserve Bank or branch. The Grantee shall select a commercial bank that will credit the account of the Grantee at the time of presentation of the completed payment voucher. Immediate credit by the commercial bank will enable the Grantee to meet its responsibilities to

draw cash only when actually needed for disbursements.

(2) After arranging with a commercial bank for operations under the FRLC and obtaining the name and address of the Federal Reserve Bank or branch serving the commercial bank, the Grantee shall deliver to the AID Controller, three originals of Standard Form 1194, "Authorized Signature Card for Payment Vouchers on Letters of Credit," signed by those officials authorized to sign payment vouchers against the FRLC and by the designated official of the Grantee who has authority to specify individuals to sign payment vouchers. Only those officials whose signatures appear on the SF-1194 can sign the TFS Form 5401. New signature cards must be submitted whenever there is a change in the persons authorized to sign payment vouchers.

(3) The Grantee shall subsequently receive one certified copy of the Letter of Credit, SF-1193. No payment vouchers shall be presented to the commercial bank before the FRLC is opened. The SF-1193 indicates the effective date the FRLC is opened.

(4) As funds are required for immediate disbursement needs, the Grantee will submit a properly completed payment voucher (Form TFS 5401) to the commercial bank for transmission to the Federal Reserve Bank or branch. The commercial bank may at this time credit the account of the Grantee with the amount of funds being drawn down. Payment vouchers shall not ordinarily be submitted more frequently than daily and shall not be less than \$5,000 or more than \$5,000,000. In no event shall the accumulated total of all such payment vouchers exceed the amount of the FRLC.

(5) In preparing the payment voucher, the Grantee shall assign a voucher number in numerical sequence beginning with 1 and continuing in sequence on all subsequent payment vouchers submitted under the FRLC.

(6) After the first payment voucher (Form TFS 5401) has been processed, succeeding payment vouchers shall not be presented until the existing balance of previous drawdowns has been expended or is insufficient to meet current needs.

(c) FRLC Reporting

(1) A "Financial Status Report" SF-269, shall be prepared on an accrual basis and submitted quarterly no later than 30 days after the end of the period, in an original and two copies. If the Grantee's accounting records are not normally kept on the accrual basis, the grantee shall not be required to convert its accounting system, but shall develop such accrual information through best estimates

based on an analysis of the documentation on hand. The final report must be submitted within 90 days after the conclusion of the grant. This report shall be submitted to the addresses specified by AID in the Schedule of this grant. In cases where grants are Mission funded, the Grantee will forward an information copy to the AID Mission accounting station at the same time the original and one copy are mailed to AID/Washington.

(2) The Grantee shall submit an original and two copies of SF-272, "Federal Cash Transactions Report", 15 working days following the end of each quarter to the address specified in the Schedule. Grantees receiving advances totaling more than \$1 million per year shall submit SF-272 on a monthly basis within 15 working days following the close of the month. Grantees shall report in the Remarks section of SF-272 all cash advances. Those cash advances in excess of immediate disbursement requirements in the hands of subrecipients or the Grantee's field organizations shall be supported by short narrative explanations of action taken by the Grantee to reduce the excess balances.

(d) Suspension of FRLC

(1) If at any time, the AID Controller determines that the Grantee has failed to comply with the terms and conditions of the FRLC, the AID Controller shall advise the Grant Officer who may cause the FRLC to be suspended or revoked.

(2) The Controller may recommend suspension or revocation to the Grant Officer on the grounds of an unwillingness or inability of the Grantee to: (A) establish procedures that will minimize the time elapsing between cash drawdowns and the disbursement thereof, (B) timely report cash disbursements and balances as required by the terms of the grant and (C) impose the same standards of timing of advances and reporting on any subrecipient or any of the Grantee's overseas field organizations.

7B. PAYMENT—PERIODIC ADVANCES

(This provision is applicable when the conditions for use of an FRLC cannot be met (including those pertaining to mixed dollar and local currency advances) and when: (i) the Grantee has the ability to maintain procedures that will minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of funds and the disbursement thereof, and (ii) the Grantee's financial management system meets the standards for fund control and accountability required under the standard provision of this grant entitled: "Accounting, Audit and Records")

(a) Periodic advances shall be limited to the minimum amounts needed to meet current disbursement needs and shall be scheduled so that the funds are available to the Grantee as close as is administratively feasible to the actual disbursements by the Grantee for program costs. Cash advances made by the Grantee to secondary recipient organizations or the Grantee's field organizations shall conform substantially to the same standards of timing and amount as apply to cash advances by AID to the Grantee.

(b) Grantees shall submit requests for advances at least monthly on SF-270, "Request for Advances or Reimbursement," in an original and two copies, to the address specified in the Schedule of this grant.

(c) The Grantee shall submit an original and two copies of SF-272 "Federal Cash Transactions Report", 15 working days following the end of each quarter to the address specified in the Schedule. Grantees receiving advances totaling more than \$1 million per year shall submit SF-272 on a monthly basis within 15 working days following the close of the month. Grantees shall report in the Remarks section of SF-272 the amount of cash advances in excess of thirty days requirement in the hands of subrecipients or the Grantee's overseas field organizations and shall provide short narrative explanations of actions taken by the grantee to reduce the excess balances.

(d) A "Financial Status Report," SF-269, shall be prepared on an accrual basis by the Grantee and submitted quarterly no later than 30 days after the end of the period in an original and two copies. If the Grantee's accounting records are not normally kept on the accrual basis, the Grantee shall not be required to convert its accounting system, but shall develop such accrual information through best estimates based on an analysis of the documentation on hand. The final "Financial Status Report" must be submitted within 90 days after the conclusion of the grant.

(e) If at any time, the AID Controller determines that the Grantee has demonstrated an unwillingness or inability to: (1) establish procedures that will minimize the time elapsing between cash advances and the disbursement thereof, (2) timely report cash disbursements and balances as required by the terms of the grant, and (3) impose the same standards of timing of advances and reporting on any subrecipient or any of the Grantee's overseas field organizations; the AID Controller shall advise the Grant Officer who may suspend or revoke the advance payment procedure.

7C. PAYMENT—REIMBURSEMENT

(This provision is applicable to grants for construction, or to grants where Grantees do not meet the conditions for either an FRLC or periodic advance payment)

(a) Each month, the Grantee shall submit an original and two copies of SF-270, "Request for Advance or Reimbursement," to the address specified in the Schedule of this grant.

(b) A "Financial Status Report," SF-269, shall be submitted quarterly no later than 30 days after the end of the period in an original and two copies. The final "Financial Status Report" must be submitted within 90 days after the conclusion of the grant.

(c) Both reports will be prepared on a cash basis, however if the Grantee's accounting records are not normally kept on a cash basis, the Grantee shall not be required to convert its accounting system to meet this requirement.

8. TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION

(This provision is applicable when domestic or international air travel or shipment costs are reimbursable under the grant)

(a) The Grant Officer hereby approves international travel to be reimbursed under this grant provided that the Grantee shall obtain written concurrence from the cognizant Project Officer in AID prior to sending any individual outside the United States to perform work under the grant. For this purpose the Grantee shall advise the Project Officer at least 30 days in advance of any travel to be undertaken outside the United States. After concurrence is received the Grantee shall provide the cognizant Mission or U.S. Embassy advance notification (with a copy to the Project Officer) of the arrival date and flight identification of grant-financed travelers.

(b) Travel to certain countries shall, at AID's option, be funded from U.S.-owned local currency. When AID intends to exercise this option, it will so notify the Grantee after receipt of advice of intent to travel, required above. AID will issue a Government Transportation Request (GTR) which the Grantee may exchange for tickets, or AID will issue the tickets directly. Use of such U.S.-owned currencies will constitute a dollar charge to this grant.

(c) All international air travel and all international air shipments funded under this grant shall be made on United States flag air carriers (hereinafter referred to as "certificated air carriers"), to the extent service by such carriers is available in accordance with paragraphs (d) and (e) below:

The terms used in this provision have the following meanings:

(1) "International air transportation" means transportation of persons (and their personal effects) or property by air between a place in the United States and a place outside thereof or between two places both of which are outside the United States.

(2) "U.S. flag air carriers" means one of a class of air carriers holding a certificate of public convenience and necessity issued by the Civil Aeronautics Board, approved by the President, authorizing operations between the United States and/or its territories and one or more foreign countries.

(3) The term "United States" includes the fifty states, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, possessions of the United States, and the District of Columbia.

(d) Passenger or freight service by a certificated air carrier is considered "available" even though:

(1) Service by noncertificated air carrier can be paid for in excess foreign currency, or

(2) Service by a noncertificated air carrier is preferred by the agency or traveler needing air transportation, or

(3) Service by a noncertificated air carrier is more convenient for the agency or traveler needing air transportation.

(e) Passenger service by a certificated air carrier will be considered to be "unavailable":

(1) When certificated air carriers offer only first class service, and less than first class service is available from noncertificated air carriers, or

(2) When the traveler, while en route, has to wait 6 hours or more to transfer to a certificated air carrier to proceed to the intended destination, or

(3) When any flight by a certificated air carrier is interrupted by a stop anticipated to be 6 hours or more for refueling, reloading, repairs, etc., and no other flight by a certificated air carrier is available during the 6 hour period, or

(4) When by itself or in combination with other certificated or noncertificated air carriers (if certificated air carriers are "unavailable") it takes 12 or more hours longer from the original airport to the destination airport to accomplish the agency's mission than would service by a noncertificated air carrier or carriers.

(5) When the elapsed travel time on a scheduled flight from origin to destination airports by noncertificated air carrier(s) is 3 hours or less, and service by certificated air carrier(s) would involve twice such scheduled travel time.

(f) Freight service by a certificated air carrier will be considered to be unavailable when:

(1) No certificated air carrier provides scheduled air freight service from the airport serving the

shipment's point of origin, and a noncertificated air carrier does.

(2) The certificated air carrier(s) serving the shipment's point of origin decline to issue a through airway bill for transportation to the shipment's final destination airport.

(3) Use of a certificated air carrier would result in delivery to final destination at least 7 days later than delivery by means of a noncertificated air carrier.

(4) The total weight of the consignment exceeds the maximum weight per shipment which a certificated air carrier will accept and transport as a single shipment, and a noncertificated air carrier will accept and transport the entire consignment as a single shipment.

(5) The dimensions (length, width, or height) of one or more of the items of a consignment exceed the limitation of the certificated aircraft's cargo door openings, but do not exceed the acceptable dimensions for shipment on an available noncertificated air carrier.

(g) Where U.S. Government funds are used to reimburse the Grantee's use of other than U.S. flag carriers for international transportation, the Grantee will include a certification on vouchers involving such transportation which is essentially as follows:

CERTIFICATION OF UNAVAILABILITY OF U.S. FLAG AIR CARRIERS

I hereby certify that the transportation service for personnel (and their personal effects) or property by certificated air carrier was unavailable for the following reason(s): (State appropriate reason(s) as set forth in (e) or (f) above; see 41 CFR 1-1.323-3 for further guidance.)

(h) *Travel Costs and Overseas Maintenance Allowances*

(1) *Travel Within the United States*

(i) As used herein, the term "travel within the United States" includes the 50 states, District of Columbia, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, and all the U.S. Territories except the Trust Territories of the Pacific Islands.

(ii) Subsistence allowances paid to Grantee employees traveling within the United States will be reimbursed in accordance with the established policies and practices of the Grantee which are uniformly applied to both federally financed and other activities of the Grantee.

(2) *International Travel*

(i) As used herein, the term "international travel" includes travel to the U.S. Trust Territories of the Pacific Islands.

(ii) The Grantee will be reimbursed for international travel, subsistence, and post differentials and other allowances paid to employees in an international travel status, or assigned overseas, in accordance with the Grantee's established policies and practices which are uniformly applied to federally financed and other activities of the Grantee, but only to the extent that such reimbursement does not exceed the applicable amounts or rates established in the Standardized Regulations (Government Civilians, Foreign Areas), published by the U.S. Department of State, as from time to time amended.

9. OCEAN SHIPMENT OF GOODS

(This provision is applicable when goods purchased with funds provided under this grant are transported to the Cooperating Country on ocean vessels)

(a) At least 50% of the gross tonnage of all goods purchased under this grant and transported to the Cooperating Country on ocean vessels shall be transported on privately owned U.S. flag commercial vessels, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for such vessels; and

(b) At least 50% of the gross freight revenue generated by shipments of goods purchased under this grant and transported to the Cooperating Country on dry cargo liners shall be paid to or for the benefit of privately owned U.S. flag commercial vessels to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for such vessels.

(c) When U.S. flag vessels are not available, or their use would result in a significant delay, the Grantee may request a certificate of nonavailability from the AID Transportation Support Division, Office of Commodity Management, Washington, D.C. 20523, giving the basis for the request. Such a determination of nonavailability will relieve the Grantee of the requirement to use U.S. flag vessels for the tonnage of goods included in the determination.

(d) Vouchers submitted for reimbursement which include ocean shipment costs shall contain a certification essentially as follows: "I hereby certify that a copy of each ocean bill of lading concerned has been submitted to the Maritime Administration Cargo Preference Control Center, Commerce Building, Washington, D.C. 20235, and that such bills of lading state all of the carrier's charges including the basis for calculations such as weight or cubic measurement."

(e) Shipments by voluntary nonprofit relief agencies (i.e., PVO's) shall be governed by this Standard provision and by AID Regulation 2, "Overseas

Shipments of Supplies by Voluntary Nonprofit Relief Agencies" (22 CFR 202).

10A. PROCUREMENT OF GOODS AND SERVICES UNDER \$250,000

(This provision is applicable when the total procurement element (i.e., the sum of all purchase orders and contracts for goods and services) of this grant does not exceed \$250,000)

(a) *Ineligible Goods and Services*

Under no circumstances shall the Grantee procure any of the following under this grant:

- (1) military equipment,
- (2) surveillance equipment,
- (3) commodities and services for support of police or other law enforcement activities,
- (4) abortion equipment and services,
- (5) luxury goods and gambling equipment, or
- (6) weather modification equipment.

If AID determines that the Grantee has procured any of the ineligible goods and services specified above under this grant, and has received reimbursement for such purposes, the Grantee agrees to refund to AID the entire amount of the reimbursement.

(b) *Restricted Goods*

The Grantee shall not procure any of the following goods and services without the prior written authorization of the Grant Officer:

- (1) agricultural commodities,
- (2) motor vehicles,
- (3) pharmaceuticals,
- (4) pesticides,
- (5) rubber compounding chemicals and plasticizers,
- (6) used equipment,
- (7) U.S. Government-owned excess property, or
- (8) fertilizer.

If AID determines that the Grantee has procured any of the restricted goods specified above under this grant, without the prior written authorization of the Grant Officer, and has received reimbursement for such purpose, the Grantee agrees to refund to AID the entire amount of the reimbursement.

(c) *Geographic Source and Order of Preference*

All goods (e.g., equipment, materials, and supplies) and services, the costs of which are to be reimbursed under this grant, and which will be financed with United States dollars, shall be purchased in and shipped from only "Special Free World" countries (i.e., AID Geographic Code 935) in accordance with the following order of preference:

- (1) the United States (AID Geographic Code 000),

(2) "Selected Free World" countries (AID Geographic Code 941),

(3) the cooperating country,

(4) "Special Free World" countries (AID Geographic Code 935).

(d) Application of Order of Preference

When the Grantee procures goods and services from other than U.S. sources, under the order of preference in paragraph (c) above, it shall document its files to justify each such instance. The documentation shall set forth the circumstances surrounding the procurement and shall be based on one or more of the following reasons, which will be set forth in the Grantee's documentation:

(1) the procurement was of an emergency nature, which would not allow for the delay attendant to soliciting U.S. sources,

(2) the price differential for procurement from U.S. sources exceeded by 50% or more the delivered price from the non-U.S. source,

(3) impelling local political considerations precluded consideration of U.S. sources,

(4) the goods or services were not available from U.S. sources, or

(5) procurement of locally available goods or services, as opposed to procurement of U.S. goods and services, would best promote the objectives of the Foreign Assistance program under the grant.

(e) The Grantee's Procurement System

The Grantee may use its own procurement policies and procedures provided they conform to the geographic source and order of preference requirements of this provision and the standards set forth in paragraph 1U of AID Handbook 13, "Grants."

(f) Small Business

To permit AID, in accordance with the small business provisions of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, to give United States small business firms an opportunity to participate in supplying commodities and services procured under this grant, the Grantee shall to maximum extent possible, provide the following information to the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization, AID/Washington, D.C. 20523, at least 45 days prior (except where a shorter time is requested of, and granted by, the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization) to placing any order or contract in excess of \$25,000:

(1) Brief general description and quantity of goods or services;

(2) Closing date for receiving quotations, proposals, or bids; and

(3) Address where invitations or specifications can be obtained.

(g) Ineligible Suppliers

Funds provided under this grant shall not be used to procure any commodity or commodity-related services furnished by any supplier whose name appears on the List of Ineligible Suppliers under AID Regulation 8, "Suppliers of Commodities and Commodity-Related Services Ineligible for AID Financing" (22 CFR 208). The Grantee agrees to review said list prior to undertaking any procurement the cost of which is to be reimbursable under this grant. AID will provide the Grantee with this list.

(h) Ocean and Air Transportation

For requirements relating to transportation by ocean vessel of commodities purchased under this grant, see the Standard Provision entitled "Ocean Shipment of Goods." For requirements relating to transportation of commodities by air, see the Standard Provision entitled "Travel and Transportation."

10B. PROCUREMENT OF GOODS AND SERVICES OVER \$250,000

(This provision is applicable when the total procurement element, i.e., the sum of all purchase orders and contracts for goods and services, of this grant will be greater than \$250,000 over the life of the grant)

(a) *General.* Except as may be specifically approved or directed in advance by the Grant Officer, all goods (e.g., equipment, vehicles, materials, and supplies) and services which will be financed under this grant with United States dollars shall be procured in and shipped from the United States (Code 000) and from any other countries within the authorized geographic code specified in the Schedule of this grant.

(b) *Procurement of goods.* In order to be eligible under this grant, goods purchased under this grant must be of eligible source and origin, and must satisfy AID's componentry requirements set forth below. In addition, the supplier of commodities must meet the nationality requirements specified in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision.

(1) *Source.* Source means the country from which a commodity is shipped to the Cooperating Country or the Cooperating Country itself if the commodity is located therein at the time of purchase. However, where a commodity is shipped from a free port or bonded warehouse in the form in which received therein, source means the country from which the commodity was shipped to the free port or bonded warehouse.

(2) *Origin.* The origin of a commodity is the country or area in which a commodity is mined, grown, or produced. A commodity is produced when through manufacturing, processing, or substantial and major assembling of components, a commercially recognized new commodity results that is substantially different in basic characteristics, or in purpose or utility, from its components.

(3) *Componentry.* Components are the goods that go directly into the production of a produced commodity. AID componentry rules are as follows:

(i) If a commodity produced in an eligible source country contains no imported component, it is eligible for AID financing.

(ii) Unless otherwise specified by the Grant Officer, components from the United States, the Cooperating Country, and any other countries included in Geographic Code 941 may always be utilized in unlimited amounts regardless of the geographic code authorized.

(iii) Unless procurement is authorized from countries included in Code 899, components from free world countries not included in Code 941 are limited according to the following rules:

(A) They are limited only if they are acquired by the producer in the form in which they were imported.

(B) The total costs to the producer of such components (delivered at the point of production) may not exceed 50 percent of the lowest price (excluding the cost of ocean transportation and marine insurance) at which the supplier makes the commodity available for export sale (whether or not financed by AID).

(C) AID may prescribe percentages other than 50 percent for specific commodities.

(iv) Any component from a non-free world country makes the commodity ineligible for AID financing.

(4) *Supplier Nationality.* (See paragraph (d) of this provision)

(c) *Eligibility of commodity-related services*

(1) *Incidental services.* Nationality rules are applied to the contractor supplying equipment under this grant and not separately to any contractor that may supply commodity-related incidental services. Such services, defined as the installation or erection of AID-financed equipment, or the training of personnel in the maintenance, operation, and use of such equipment, are eligible if specified in the equipment contract and performed by citizens of countries included in AID Geographic Code 935, or non-United States citizens lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States.

(2) *Ocean and air transportation*

(i) Except as otherwise approved in writing by the Grant Officer, AID will finance only those ocean transportation costs:

(A) Incurred on vessels under U.S. flag registry when Geographic Code 000 is authorized for procurement of goods or services;

(B) Incurred on vessels under U.S. Cooperating Country, or other countries included in Geographic Code 941 flag registry, when Geographic Code 941 is authorized for procurement of goods or services; or

(C) Incurred on vessels under flag registry of any free world country, if the costs are part of the total cost on a through bill of lading paid to a carrier for initial carriage on a vessel which is authorized in accordance with paragraphs (c)(2)(i)(A) and (B), above.

(ii) Any ocean or air charter, covering full or part cargo, for the transportation of goods purchased under this grant must be approved by the AID Transportation Support Division, Office of Commodity Management, Washington, D.C. 20523, prior to shipment.

(iii) When use of non-U.S. flag vessels has been authorized, the following requirements still apply:

(A) At least 50% of the gross tonnage of all goods purchased under this grant and transported to the Cooperating Country on ocean vessels, shall be transported on privately owned U.S. flag commercial vessels, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for such vessels; and

(B) At least 50% of the gross freight revenue generated by shipments of goods purchased under this grant and transported to the Cooperating Country on dry cargo liners shall be paid to or for the benefit of privately owned U.S. flag commercial vessels to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for such vessels.

(iv) When U.S. flag vessels are not available, or their use would result in a significant delay, the Grantee may request a certificate of nonavailability from the AID Transportation Support Division, Office of Commodity Management, Washington, D.C. 20523, giving the basis for the request. Such a determination of nonavailability will relieve the Grantee of the requirement to use U.S. flag vessels for the tonnage of goods included in the determination.

(v) Vouchers submitted for reimbursement which include ocean shipment costs shall contain a certification essentially as follows: "I hereby certify that a copy of each ocean bill of lading concerned has been submitted to the Maritime Administration,

Cargo Preference Control Center, Commerce Building, Washington, D.C. 20235, and that such bills of lading state all of the carrier's charges including the basis for calculation such as weight or cubic measurement."

(vi) For use of U.S. flag air carriers, see the Standard Provision, entitled "Travel and Transportation."

(3) *Marine insurance.* The eligibility of marine insurance is determined by the country in which it is "placed." Insurance is "placed" in a country if payment of the insurance premium is made to, and the insurance policy is issued by, an insurance company located in that country. Eligible countries for placement are governed by the authorized geographic code, except that if Code 941 is authorized, the Cooperating Country is also eligible. Section 604(d) of the Foreign Assistance Act requires that if a recipient country discriminates by statute, decree, rule, or practice with respect to AID-financed procurement against any marine insurance company authorized to do business in any State of the United States, then any AID-financed commodity shipped to that country shall be insured against marine risk and the insurance shall be placed in the United States with a company or companies authorized to do a marine insurance business in any State of the United States.

(d) *Nationality.* Except as specified in paragraph (c) above, in order to be eligible for AID financing under this grant, contractors, subcontractors, or suppliers must fit one of the following categories:

(1) *Suppliers of commodities.* A supplier providing goods must fit one of the following categories for the costs of such goods to be eligible for AID financing under this grant:

(i) An individual who is a citizen or legal resident of a country or area included in the authorized geographic code; or

(ii) A corporation or partnership organized under the laws of a country or area included in the authorized geographic code; or

(iii) A controlled foreign corporation; i.e., any foreign corporation of which more than 50 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock is owned by the United States shareholders within the meaning of Section 957 et seq., of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 957; or

(iv) A joint venture or unincorporated association consisting entirely of individuals, corporations, or partnerships which fit any of the foregoing categories.

(2) *Suppliers of services.* A contractor or subcontractor thereunder providing services under an AID-financed grant must fit one of the following

categories for the costs of such contracts or subcontracts to be eligible for AID financing under this grant. (NOTE: the term contractor includes personal services contractors):

(i) An individual who is a citizen of and whose principal place of business is a country included in the authorized geographic code or a non-U.S. citizen lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States whose principal place of business is in the United States; or

(ii) A corporation or partnership that is incorporated or legally organized under the laws of a country or area included in the authorized geographic code, has its principal place of business in a country or area included in the authorized geographic code, and meets the criteria set forth in either subparagraph (A) or (B), below:

(A) The corporation or partnership is more than 50% beneficially owned by individuals who are citizens of a country or area included in the authorized geographic code. In the case of corporations, "more than 50% beneficially owned" means that more than 50% of each class of stock is owned by such individuals; in the case of partnerships, "more than 50% beneficially owned" means that more than 50% of each category of partnership interest (e.g., general, limited) is owned by such individuals. (With respect to stock or interests held by companies, funds or institutions, the ultimate beneficial ownership by individuals in controlling.)

(B) The corporation or partnership:

(1) has been incorporated or legally organized in the United States for more than three years prior to the issuance date of the invitation for bids or request for proposals, and

(2) has performed within the United States administrative and technical, professional or construction services under a contract or contracts for services and derived revenue therefrom in each of the three years prior to the date described in the preceding paragraph, and

(3) employs United States citizens in more than half its permanent full-time positions in the United States, and

(4) has the existing capability in the United States to perform the contract; or

(iii) A joint venture or unincorporated association consisting entirely of individuals, corporations, or partnerships which fit categories (d)(2)(i) and (d)(2)(ii) above. However, joint ventures with firms wholly or partially owned by the host government are ineligible.

(iv) A duly authorized officer of the firm shall certify that the participating firm meets either the requirements or subparagraphs (d)(ii)(A) or (d)(ii)(B) above. In the case of corporations, the certifying officer shall be the corporate secretary. With respect to the requirements of subparagraph (d)(ii)(A), of this provision, the certifying officer may presume citizenship on the basis of the stockholder's record address, provided the certifying officer certifies, regarding any stockholder (including any corporate funds or institutional stockholder) whose holdings are material to the corporation's eligibility, that the certifying officer knows of no fact which might rebut that presumption.

(3) *Ineligible suppliers of commodities and services.* Citizens of firms of any country not included in AID Geographic Code 935 are ineligible as suppliers, contractors, subcontractors, or agents, for goods and services; the costs of which will be reimbursed under this grant. However, non-U.S. citizens lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States are eligible.

(e) *Nationality of employees under contracts and subcontracts for services.* The nationality policy of subparagraph (d)(2) of this provision does not apply to the employees of contractors or subcontractors whose services will be reimbursed under this grant, but all contractor and subcontractor employees engaged in providing services under AID-financed grants must be citizens of countries included in AID Geographic Code 935 or non-U.S. citizens lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States.

(f) *The Cooperating Country as a source.* With certain exceptions, the Cooperating Country is not normally an eligible source for procurement to be paid in U.S. dollars. The exceptions are for ocean freight and marine insurance (see paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this provision). The Cooperating Country may be an eligible source if local cost financing is approved either by specific action of the Grant Officer or in the Schedule of the grant. In such cases, the Standard Provision entitled "Local Cost Financing with U.S. Dollars," will apply.

(g) *Ineligible goods and services.* Under no circumstances shall the Grantee procure any of the following under this grant:

- (1) military equipment,
- (2) surveillance equipment,
- (3) commodities and services for support of police or other law enforcement activities,
- (4) abortion equipment and services,
- (5) luxury goods and gambling equipment, or
- (6) weather modification equipment.

If AID determines that the Grantee has procured any of the ineligible goods and services specified above under this grant, and has received reimbursement for such purpose, the Grantee agrees to refund to AID the entire amount of the reimbursement.

(h) *Restricted goods.* The Grantee shall not procure any of the following goods or services without the prior written authorization of the Grant Officer:

- (1) agricultural commodities,
- (2) motor vehicles,
- (3) pharmaceuticals,
- (4) pesticides,
- (5) rubber compounding chemicals and plasticizers,
- (6) used equipment,
- (7) U.S. Government-owned excess property, or
- (8) fertilizer.

If AID determines that the Grantee has procured any of the restricted goods specified above under this grant, without the prior written authorization of the Grant Officer, and has received reimbursement for such purpose, the Grantee agrees to refund to AID the entire amount of the reimbursement.

(i) *Printed or audio-visual teaching materials.* If the effective use of printed or audio-visual teaching materials depends upon their being in the local language and if such materials are intended for technical assistance projects or activities financed by AID in whole or in part and if other funds including U.S.-owned or U.S.-controlled local currencies are not readily available to finance the procurement of such materials, local language versions may be procured from the following sources, in order of preference:

- (1) Code 000, United States,
- (2) the Cooperating Country,
- (3) Code 941, Selected Free World,
- (4) Code 899, Free World.

(j) *Ineligible suppliers:* Funds provided under this grant shall not be used to procure any commodity or commodity-related services furnished by any supplier whose name appears on the List of Ineligible Suppliers under AID Regulation 8, "Suppliers of Commodities and Commodity-Related Services Ineligible for AID Financing (22 CFR 208). The Grantee agrees to review said list prior to undertaking any procurement the cost of which is to be reimbursable under this grant. AID will provide the Grantee with this list.

(k) *The Grantee's procurement system.* The Grantee may use its own procurement policies and procedures provided they conform to the geographic source and nationality requirements of this provision and the standards set forth in paragraph 1U of AID Handbook 13, "Grants".

11. LOCAL COST FINANCING WITH U.S. DOLLARS

(This provision is applicable whenever local cost financing has been specifically authorized in the Schedule of this grant regardless of dollar amount)

(a) Local cost financing is the use of U.S. dollars to obtain local currency for the procurement of goods and services in the Cooperating Country in furtherance of the purpose of the grant. Local cost financing must be specifically authorized in the Schedule of the grant. The amount of U.S. dollars which may be used must be specified in the authorization, together with any special restrictions on their use.

(b) Procurement of goods and services under local cost financing is subject to the following restrictions:

(1) *Ineligible goods and services*

Under no circumstances shall the Grantee procure any of the following under this grant:

- (i) military equipment,
- (ii) surveillance equipment,
- (iii) commodities and services for support of police or other law enforcement activities,
- (iv) abortion equipment and services,
- (v) luxury goods and gambling equipment, or
- (vi) weather modification equipment.

If AID determines that the Grantee has procured any of the ineligible goods and services specified above under this grant, and has received reimbursement for such purpose, the Grantee agrees to refund to AID the entire amount of the reimbursement.

(2) *Restricted goods*

The Grantee shall not procure any of the following goods or services without the prior written authorization of the Grant Officer:

- (i) agricultural commodities,
- (ii) motor vehicles,
- (iii) pharmaceuticals,
- (iv) pesticides,
- (v) rubber compounding chemicals and plasticizers,
- (vi) used equipment,
- (vii) U.S. Government-owned excess property, or
- (viii) fertilizer.

If AID determines that the Grantee has procured any of the restricted goods specified above under this grant, without the prior written authorization of the Grant Officer, and has received reimbursement for such purpose, the Grantee agrees to refund to AID the entire amount of the reimbursement.

(3) Any component from a non-free world country makes a commodity ineligible for AID financing.

(4) *Nationality*

(i) Citizens or firms of any country not included in AID Geographic Code 935 are ineligible as suppliers, contractors, subcontractors, or agents for goods and services the costs of which will be reimbursed under this grant.

(ii) Local cost financing is the use of appropriated U.S. dollars to obtain local currency for the payment for goods and services purchased in the Cooperating Country. Authorization of local cost financing makes the Cooperating Country, in addition to the United States and any other country included in the authorized geographic code for the project, an eligible source for the purchase of goods or services in the Cooperating Country. Goods or services purchased under local cost financing must be located in the Cooperating Country at the time they are purchased; they cannot be imported specifically for the project being implemented by this grant. The supplier from which goods or services are purchased under local cost financing must also be in the Cooperating Country. Suppliers of goods or services under local cost financing must meet the nationality eligibility tests prescribed in paragraph (d) of the provision of this grant entitled "Procurement of Goods and Services over \$250,000." When local cost financing has been authorized, the Cooperating Country is deemed to be included in the "authorized geographic code" for purposes of determining nationality eligibility pursuant to paragraph (d) of the provision, entitled "Procurement of Goods and Services over \$250,000."

(c) *General principles.* Under local cost financing, the Grantee shall follow sound procurement policies, utilizing competition to the maximum practical extent, obtaining the lowest available price, and documenting such procurements to justify the method used and the price established.

(d) *Procurement of goods.* In order to be eligible under local cost financing, goods are subject to the following specific requirements:

(1) *Indigenous goods.* Goods which have been mined, grown, or produced in the Cooperating Country through manufacture, processing, or assembly are eligible for local cost financing under this grant. Goods produced with imported components must result in a commercially recognized new commodity that is substantially different in basic characteristics or in purpose or utility from its components in order to qualify as indigenous; such goods may not contain components from any nonfree world country.

(2) *Imported shelf items.* Imported shelf items are goods that are normally imported and kept in

stock, in the form in which imported, for sale to meet a general demand in the country for the item; they are not goods which have been specifically imported for use in an AID-financed project.

(i) Shelf items are eligible for local cost financing in unlimited quantities up to the total amount available for local cost financing if they have their source in the Cooperating Country and their origin in a country included in AID Geographic Code 941.

(ii) Shelf items having their origin in any country included in Code 899 but not in Code 941 are eligible if the price of one unit does not exceed \$5,000. For goods sold by units of quantity; e.g., tons, barrels, etc., the unit to which the local currency equivalent of \$5,000 is applied is that which is customarily used in quoting prices. The total amount of imported shelf item purchases from countries included in Code 899 but not in Code 941 may not exceed \$25,000 or 10% of the total local costs financed by AID for the project whichever is higher; however, in no case may the total amount of such purchases exceed \$250,000 without first obtaining a specific geographic source waiver.

(3) *Goods imported specifically for the project.* Goods imported specifically for the project being implemented by this grant are not eligible for local cost financing; they are subject to the requirements of the provision entitled "Procurement of Goods and Services over \$250,000."

12. GOVERNMENT FURNISHED EXCESS PERSONAL PROPERTY

(This provision applies when personal property is furnished under the grant)

The policies and procedures of Handbook 16, "Excess Property," and the appropriate provisions of 41 CFR 101-43 apply to the Government furnished excess property under this grant.

13A. TITLE TO AND USE OF PROPERTY (GRANTEE TITLE)

(This provision is applicable when the Government vests title in the Grantee only)

Title to all property financed under this grant shall vest in the Grantee, subject to the following conditions:

(1) The Grantee shall not charge for any depreciation, amortization, or use of any property, title to which remains in the Grantee under this provision under this grant or any other U.S. Government grant, subgrant, contract or subcontract.

(b) The Grantee agrees to use and maintain the property for the purpose of the grant in accordance with the requirements of paragraph 1T of Chapter 1, Handbook 13.

(c) With respect to nonexpendable property having an acquisition cost of \$1,000 or more, title to which vests in the Grantee, the Grantee agrees:

(1) To report such items to the Grant Officer from time to time as they are acquired and to maintain a control system which will permit their ready identification and location.

(2) To transfer title to any such items to the Government in accordance with any written request therefore issued by the Grant Officer at any time prior to final payment under this grant.

13B. TITLE TO AND CARE OF PROPERTY (U.S. GOVERNMENT TITLE)

(This provision is applicable when title to property is vested in the U.S. Government)

(a) Property, title to which vests in the Government under this grant, whether furnished by the Government or acquired by the Grantee, is subject to this provision and is hereinafter collectively referred to as "Government property." Title to Government property shall not be affected by the incorporation or attachment thereof to any property not owned by the Government, nor shall such Government property, or any part thereof, be or become a fixture or lose its identity as personalty by reason of affixation to any realty.

(b) Use of Government Property

Government property shall, unless otherwise provided herein or approved by the Grant Officer, be used only for the performance of this grant.

(c) Control, Maintenance and Repair of Government Property

The Grantee shall maintain and administer in accordance with sound business practice a program for the maintenance, repair, protection, and preservation of Government property so as to assure its full availability and usefulness for the performance of this grant. The Grantee shall take all reasonable steps to comply with all appropriate directions or instructions which the Grant Officer may prescribe as reasonably necessary for the protection of the Government property.

The Grantee shall submit, for review and written approval of the Grant Officer, a records systems for property control and a program for orderly maintenance of Government property; however, if the Grantee's property control and maintenance system has been reviewed and approved by another

Federal department or agency pursuant to Attachment N of OMB Circular No. A-110 (see paragraph 1T of Chapter 1 Handbook 13), the Grantee shall furnish the Grant Officer proof of such approval in lieu of another approval submission.

(1) *Property Control*

The property control system shall include but not be limited to the following:

(A) Identification of each item of Government property acquired or furnished under the grant by a serially controlled identification number and by description of item. Each item must be clearly marked "Property of U.S. Government."

(B) The price of each item of property acquired or furnished under the grant.

(C) The location of each item of property acquired or furnished under the grant.

(D) A record of any usable components which are permanently removed from items of Government property as a result of modification or otherwise.

(E) A record of disposition of each item acquired or furnished under the grant.

(F) Date of order and receipt of any item acquired or furnished under the grant.

The official property control records shall be kept in such condition that at any stage of completion of the work under this grant, the status of property acquired or furnished under this grant may be readily ascertained. A report of current status of all items of property acquired or furnished under the grant shall be submitted yearly concurrently with the annual report.

(2) *Maintenance Program*

The Grantee's maintenance program shall be such as to provide for, consistent with sound business practice and the terms of the Grant:

(i) disclosure of need for and the performance of preventive maintenance,

(ii) disclosure and reporting of need for capital type rehabilitation, and

(iii) recording of work accomplished under the program.

(A) Preventive maintenance—Preventive maintenance is maintenance generally performed on a regularly scheduled basis to prevent the occurrence of defects and to detect and correct minor defects before they result in serious consequences.

(B) Records of maintenance—The Grantee's maintenance program shall provide for records sufficient to disclose the maintenance actions performed and deficiencies discovered as a result of inspections.

A report of status of maintenance of Government property shall be submitted annually concurrently with the annual report.

(d) *Risk of Loss*

(1) The Grantee shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to the Government property, or for expenses incidental to such loss or damage except that the Grantee shall be responsible for any such loss or damage (including expenses incidental thereto):

(i) Which results from willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of any of the Grantee's directors or officers, or on the part of any of its managers, superintendents, or other equivalent representatives, who have supervision or direction of all or substantially all of the Grantee's business, or all or substantially all of the Grantee's operation at any one plant, laboratory, or separate location in which this grant is being performed.

(ii) Which results from a failure on the part of the Grantee, due to the willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of any of its directors, officers, or other representatives mentioned in (i) above,

(A) to maintain and administer, in accordance with sound business practice, the program for maintenance, repair, protection, and preservation of Government property as required by (i) above or (B) to take all reasonable steps to comply with any appropriate written directions of the Grant Officer under (c) above;

(iii) For which the Grantee is otherwise responsible under the express terms of the article or articles designated in the Schedule of this grant.

(iv) Which results from a risk expressly required to be insured under some other provision of this grant, but only to the extent of the insurance so required to be procured and maintained, or to the extent of insurance actually procured and maintained, whichever is greater; or

(v) Which results from a risk which is in fact covered by insurance or for which the Grantee is otherwise reimbursed, but only to the extent of such insurance or reimbursement;

Provided, that, if more than one of the above exceptions shall be applicable in any case, the Grantee's liability under any one exception shall not be limited by any other exception.

(2) The Grantee shall not be reimbursed for, and shall not include as an item of overhead, the cost of insurance, or any provision for a reserve, covering the risk of loss of or damage to the Government property, except to the extent that the Government

may have required the Grantee to carry such insurance under any other provision of this grant.

(3) Upon the happening of loss or destruction of or damage to the Government property, the Grantee shall notify the Grant Officer thereof, shall take all reasonable steps to protect the Government property from further damage, separate the damaged and undamaged Government property, put all the Government property in the best possible order, and furnish to the Grant Officer a statement of:

(i) The lost, destroyed, and damaged Government property;

(ii) The time and origin of the loss, destruction, or damage;

(iii) All known interests in commingled property of which the Government property is a part; and

(iv) The insurance, if any, covering any part of or interest in such commingled property.

The Grantee shall make repairs and renovations of the damaged Government property or take such other action as the Grant Officer directs.

(4) In the event the Grantee is indemnified, reimbursed, or otherwise compensated for any loss or destruction of or damage to the Government property, it shall use the proceeds to repair, renovate or replace the Government property involved, or shall credit such proceeds against the cost of the work covered by the grant, or shall otherwise reimburse the Government, as directed by the Grant Officer. The Grantee shall do nothing to prejudice the Government's right to recover against third parties for any such loss, destruction, or damage, and upon the request of the Grant Officer, shall, at the Government's expense, furnish to the Government all reasonable assistance and cooperation (including assistance in the prosecution of suit and the execution of instruments of assignments in favor of the Government) in obtaining recovery.

(e) *Access*

The Government, and any persons designated by it, shall at all reasonable times have access to the premises wherein any Government property is located, for the purpose of inspecting the Government property.

(f) *Final Accounting and Disposition of Government Property*

Upon completion of this grant, or at such earlier dates as may be fixed by the Grant Officer, the Grantee shall submit, in a form acceptable to the Grant Officer, inventory schedules covering all items of Government property not consumed in the performance of this grant or not theretofore delivered to the Government, and shall prepare, deliver, or make such other disposal of the Government property as

may be directed or authorized by the Grant Officer.

(g) *Communications*

All communications issued pursuant to this provision shall be in writing.

13C. TITLE TO AND CARE OF PROPERTY (COOPERATING COUNTRY TITLE)

(This provision is applicable to property titled in the name of the Cooperating Country or such public or private agency as the cooperating government may designate)

(a) Except as modified by the Schedule of this grant, title to all equipment, materials and supplies, the cost of which is reimbursed to the Grantee by AID or by the Cooperating Government, shall at all times be in the name of the Cooperating Government or such public or private agency as the Cooperating Government may designate, unless title to specified types or classes of equipment is reserved to AID under provisions set forth in the Schedule of this grant; but all such property shall be under the custody and control of Grantee until the owner of title directs otherwise or completion of work under this grant or its termination, at which time custody and control shall be turned over to the owner of title or disposed of in accordance with its instructions. All performance guarantees and warranties obtained from suppliers shall be taken in the name of the title owner.

(b) The Grantee shall prepare and establish a program, to be approved by the Mission, for the receipt, use, maintenance, protection, custody and care of equipment, materials and supplies for which it has custodial responsibility, including the establishment of reasonable controls to enforce such program. The Grantee shall be guided by the requirements of paragraph 1T of Chapter 1, of Handbook 13.

(c) Within 90 days after completion of this grant, or at such other date as may be fixed by the Grant Officer, the Grantee shall submit an inventory schedule covering all items of equipment, materials and supplies under his/her custody, title to which is in the Cooperating Government or public or private agency designated by the Cooperating Government, which have not been consumed in the performance of this grant. The Grantee shall also indicate what disposition has been made of such property.

14. CONVERSION OF UNITED STATES DOLLARS TO LOCAL CURRENCY

Upon arrival in the Cooperating Country, and from time to time as appropriate, the Grantee's Chief of Party shall consult with the Mission Director who

shall provide, in writing, the procedure the Grantee and its employees shall follow in the conversion of United States dollars to local currency. This may include, but is not limited to, the conversion of said currency through the cognizant United States Disbursing Officer or Mission Controller, as appropriate.

15. TERMINATION

(a) *For cause.* This grant may be terminated for cause at any time, in whole or in part, by the Grant Officer upon written notice to the Grantee, whenever it is determined that the Grantee has failed to comply with the conditions of the grant.

(b) *For Convenience.* This grant may be terminated for convenience at any time by either party, in whole or in part, if both parties agree that the continuation of the grant would not produce beneficial results commensurate with the further expenditure of funds. Both parties shall agree upon termination conditions, including the effective date and, in the case of partial terminations, the portion to be terminated. The agreement to terminate shall be set forth in a letter from the Grant Officer to the Grantee.

(c) *Termination Procedures.* Upon receipt of and in accordance with a termination notice as specified in either paragraph (a) or (b) above, the Grantee shall forthwith take immediate action to minimize all expenditures and obligations financed by this grant, and shall cancel such unliquidated obligations whenever possible. Except as provided below, no further reimbursement shall be made after the effective date of termination, and the Grantee shall within 30 calendar days after the effective date of such termination repay to the Government all unexpended portions of funds theretofore paid by the Government to the Grantee which are not otherwise obligated by a legally binding transaction applicable to this grant. Should the funds paid by the Government to the Grantee prior to effective date of the termination of this grant, be insufficient to cover the Grantee's obligations pursuant to the aforementioned legally binding transaction, the Grantee may submit to the Government within 90 calendar days after the effective date of such termination a written claim covering such obligations, and, subject to the limitations contained in this grant, the Grant Officer shall determine the amount or amounts to be paid by the Government to the Grantee under such claim in accordance with the applicable Federal cost principles.

16. VOLUNTARY PARTICIPATION

(This provision is applicable to all grants involving any aspect of family planning or population assistance activities, and all Title X grants in particular)

(a) The Grantee agrees to take any steps necessary to ensure that funds made available under this grant will not be used to coerce any individual to practice methods of family planning inconsistent with such individuals' moral, philosophical, or religious beliefs. Further, the Grantee agrees to conduct its activities in a manner which safeguards the rights, health and welfare of all individuals who take part in the program.

(b) The Grantee shall insert paragraphs (a) and (b) of this provision in all subgrants, subcontracts, purchase orders, and any other subordinate agreements hereunder.

17. PROHIBITION ON ABORTION-RELATED ACTIVITIES

(This provision is applicable to all grants involving any aspect of family planning or population assistance activities, and all Title X grants in particular)

(a) No funds made available under this grant will be used to finance, support, or be attributed to the following activities: (1) procurement or distribution of equipment intended to be used for the purpose of inducing abortions as a method of family planning; (2) special fees or incentives to women to coerce or motivate them to have abortions; (3) payments to persons to perform abortions or to solicit persons to undergo abortions; (4) information, education, training, or communication programs that seek to promote abortion as a method of family planning.

(b) The Grantee shall insert paragraphs (a) and (b) of this provision in all subgrants, subcontracts, purchase orders, and any other subordinate agreements hereunder.

18. VOLUNTARY PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS FOR STERILIZATION PROGRAMS

(This provision is applicable when any surgical sterilization will be supported in whole or in part from funds under this grant)

(a) None of the funds made available under this grant shall be used to pay for the performance of involuntary sterilization as a method of family planning or to coerce or provide any financial incentive to any person to practice sterilization.

(b) The Grantee shall insure that any surgical sterilization procedures supported in whole or in part

by funds from this grant are performed only after the individual has voluntarily presented himself or herself at the treatment facility and has given his or her informed consent to the sterilization procedure. Informed consent means the voluntary, knowing assent from the individual after he or she has been advised of the surgical procedures to be followed, the attendant discomforts and risks, the benefits to be expected, the availability of alternative methods of family planning, the purpose of the operation and its irreversibility; and his or her option to withdraw consent anytime prior to the operation. An individual's consent is considered voluntary if it is based upon the exercise of free choice and is not obtained by any special inducement or any element of force, fraud, deceit, duress, or other forms of coercion or misrepresentation.

(c) Further, the Grantee shall document the patient's informed consent by (1) a written consent document in a language the patient understands and speaks, which explains the basic elements of informed consent, as set out above, and which is signed by the individual and by the attending physician or by the authorized assistant of the attending physician; or (2) when a patient is unable to read adequately a written certification by the attending physician or by the authorized assistant of the attending physician that the basic elements of informed consent above were orally presented to the patient, and that the patient thereafter consented to the performance of the operation. The receipt of the oral explanation shall be acknowledged by the patient's mark on the certification and by the signature or mark of a witness who shall be of the same sex and speak the same language as the patient.

(d) Copies of informed consent forms and certification documents for each voluntary sterilization (VS) procedure must be retained by the Grantee for a period of three years after performance of the sterilization procedure.

(e) The Grantee shall insert paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of this provision in all subgrants, subcontracts, purchase orders, and any other subordinate agreements hereunder involving the performance of any sterilization which will be supported in whole or in part from funds under this grant.

19. PUBLICATIONS

(This provision is applicable to any grant which produces any book, publication, or other copyrightable materials)

(a) If it is the Grantee's intention to identify AID's contribution to any publication resulting from this

grant, the Grantee shall consult with AID on the nature of the acknowledgement prior to publication.

(b) The Grantee shall provide the Project Manager with one copy of all published works developed under the grant. The Grantee shall provide the Project Manager with lists of other written work produced under the grant.

(c) In the event grant funds are used to underwrite the cost of publishing, in lieu of the publisher assuming this cost as is the normal practice, any profits or royalties up to the amount of such cost shall be credited to the grant.

(d) The Grantee is permitted to secure copyright to any publication produced or composed under the grant in accordance with paragraph 1T8.b. of Chapter 1, Handbook 13. Provided, the Grantee agrees to and does hereby grant to the Government a royalty-free, nonexclusive, and irrevocable license throughout the world to use, duplicate, disclose, or dispose of such publications in any manner and for any purpose and to permit others to do so.

20. PATENTS

(This provision is applicable to any grant which produces patentable items, patent rights, processes, or inventions)

(a) Grantee agrees to notify the Grant Officer, in writing, of any invention or discovery conceived or first actually reduced to practice in the course of or under this grant. The Grant Officer will determine the patent rights to be afforded the Grantee in accordance with the Presidential Memorandum and Statement of Government Patent Policy (36 FR 16889) and paragraph 1T8.a. of Chapter 1, Handbook 13.

(b) Nothing contained in this provision shall imply a license to the Government under any patent or be construed as affecting the scope of any license or other right otherwise granted to the Government under any patent.

21. REGULATIONS GOVERNING EMPLOYEES OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

(This provision is applicable only to the Grantee's U.S. and third country national employees; it is not applicable to the Grantee's Cooperating Country national employees)

(a) The Grantee's employees, when employed in work overseas, shall maintain private status and may not rely on local U.S. Government Offices or facilities for support while so engaged.

(b) The sale of personal property or automobiles by Grantee employees and their dependents in the

foreign country to which they are assigned shall be subject to the same limitations and prohibitions which apply to direct-hire AID personnel employed by the Mission, except as this may conflict with host government regulations.

(c) Other than work to be performed under this grant for which an employee or consultant is assigned by the Grantee, no regular or short term employee or consultant of the Grantee shall engage directly or indirectly, either in his/her own name or in the name or through an agency of another person, in any business, profession, or occupation in the foreign countries to which he/she is assigned, nor shall he/she make loans or investments to or in any business, profession or occupation in the foreign countries to which he/she is assigned.

(d) The Grantee's employees, while in a foreign country, are expected to show respect for its conventions, customs, and institutions, to abide by its applicable laws and regulations, and not to interfere in its internal political affairs.

(e) In the event the conduct of any Grantee employee is not in accordance with the preceding paragraphs, the Grantee's chief of party shall consult with the Mission Director and the employee involved and shall recommend to the Grantee a course of action with regard to such employee.

(f) The parties recognize the right of the U.S. Ambassador to direct the removal from a country of any U.S. citizen or the discharge from this grant of any third country national when, in the discretion of the Ambassador, the interests of the United States so require.

(g) If it is determined, under either (e) or (f) above, that the services of such employee shall be terminated, the Grantee shall use its best efforts to cause the return of such employee to the United States, or point of origin, as appropriate.

22. SUBORDINATE AGREEMENTS

(a) The placement of subordinate agreements (i.e., grants or contracts) with other organizations, firms or institutions, and the provisions of such subordinate agreements are subject to prior written consent of the Grant Officer unless such subordinate agreements were identified in the approved Financial Plan, in accordance with paragraph (b)(7) of the Standard Provision of this grant entitled "Revision of Financial Plans."

(b) The use of the Standard Provisions of this grant is mandatory for subgrants to U.S. institutions. For subgrants to foreign institutions the Grantee shall use the Standard Provisions set forth in Appendix 4D of Handbook 13.

(c) Contracts awarded with funds provided by the grant shall be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the Standard Provision of this grant entitled "Procurement of Goods and Services over \$250,000" or "Procurement of Goods and Services under \$250,000" (whichever is applicable), and paragraph 1U3 of Handbook 13. Contracts awarded with funds provided by this grant to U.S. organizations shall set forth the provisions of paragraph 1U4 of Handbook 13. Paragraph 1U4 does not apply to foreign organizations.

23. SALARIES

All salaries, wages, fees, and stipends, which will be reimbursable by AID under this grant, shall be in accordance with both the Grantee's usual policy and practice and the applicable cost principles. To the extent that the Grantee's policy and practice conflict with the applicable cost principles, the latter shall prevail.

24. INELIGIBLE COUNTRIES

Unless otherwise approved by the AID Grant Officer, no AID funds will be expended for costs incurred in countries ineligible for assistance under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, or under acts appropriating funds for foreign assistance.

25. DISPUTES

(a) Any dispute arising under this grant, which is not disposed of by agreement, shall be decided by the AID Grant Officer who shall reduce his/her decision to writing and mail or otherwise furnish a copy thereof to the Grantee.

(b) Decisions of the AID Grant Officer shall be final and conclusive unless, within 30 days of receipt of the decision of the Grant Officer, the Grantee appeals the decision to the Administrator, AID. Any appeal made under this provision shall be in writing and addressed to the Administrator, Agency for International Development, Washington, D.C. 20523; a copy of any such appeal shall be concurrently furnished to the Grant Officer.

(c) In connection with any appeal proceeding under this provision, the Grantee shall be afforded an opportunity to be heard and to offer evidence in support of its appeal.

(d) A decision under this provision by the Administrator or his duly authorized representative shall be final and conclusive, unless determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be fraudulent, capricious, arbitrary, an abuse of discretion, or

based on clearly erroneous findings of facts or conclusions of law.

26. PARTICIPANT TRAINING

(This provision is applicable if AID funds provided hereunder will be used to finance participant training)

(a) Definitions

(1) Participant training is the training of any foreign national outside of his or her home country, using AID funds.

(2) A participant is any foreign national being trained under this grant outside of his or her home country.

(b) Applicable regulations

Participant training is to be conducted according to the policies established in AID Handbook 10—Participant Training, except to the extent that specific exceptions to AID Handbook 10 have been provided in this grant (Handbook 10 may be obtained by submitting a request to the Office of International Training, at the address specified in paragraph (c) below).

(c) Reporting requirement

Once each month the Grantee shall submit three copies of form AID 1380-9, "Monthly Report of Participants Under Grant, Loan, or Contract Programs," to the Office of International Training, Bureau for Science and Technology (S&T/IT), AID/Washington, D.C. 20523.

27. HEALTH AND ACCIDENT COVERAGE FOR AID PARTICIPANT TRAINEES

(This provision is applicable if AID funds provided hereunder will be used to finance the training of non-U.S. participants in the United States)

(a) The Grantee shall enroll all non-U.S. participants (hereinafter referred to as "participants"), whose training in the United States is financed by AID under this grant, in the Agency for International Development's Health and Accident Coverage (HAC) program.

(b) The Grantee shall, prior to the initiation of travel by each participant financed by AID under this grant, fill out and mail to AID a self-addressed, postage prepaid, HAC Program Participant Enrollment Card (form AID 1380-98). The Grantee can obtain a supply of these cards and instructions for completing them from the Office of International Training, AID/Washington, D.C. 20523.

(c) The Grantee shall assure that enrollment shall begin immediately upon the participant's departure for the United States for the purpose of participating in a training program financed by AID and that

enrollment shall continue in full force and effect until the participant returns to his/her country of origin, or is released from AID's responsibility, whichever is the sooner. The Grantee shall continue enrollment coverage for participants whose departure is delayed due to medical or other compelling reasons, with the written concurrence of the AID Project Manager and subject to the requirements of paragraph (d).

(d) The Grantee shall submit the HAC Program Participant Enrollment Card to AID, as specified in paragraph (b), above, to enable the participant(s), or the provider of medical services, to submit bills for medical costs resulting from illness or accident to the HAC Administrator, Trust Fund Administrators, Inc., 1030 15th Street, NW, Suite 500, Washington, D.C. 20005. The HAC Administrator, not the Grantee, shall be responsible for paying all reasonable and necessary medical charges, not otherwise covered by student health service or other insurance programs (see paragraphs (e) and (f)), subject to the availability of funds for such purposes, in accordance with the standards of coverage established by AID under the HAC program, and subject to the payment of the fee specified in paragraph (d) (1), below.

(1) Within thirty (30) days after enrollment, the Grantee shall send an enrollment fee computed on the basis of the fixed rate per participant per month* (the minimum period for calculation of fee is one month—that is, one participant month, 30 days, not one calendar month—premiums may not be prorated for fractional periods of less than 30 days), to: Agency for International Development, Office of Financial Management, Program Accounting Division, Nonproject Assistance, Washington, D.C. 20523.

The enrollment fee should cover a minimum period of up to one year or the current training period for which funds are obligated under this grant, whichever is less. As applicable, payments for additional periods of enrollment shall be made 30 days prior to the beginning of each new enrollment period or new period of funding of this grant (the monthly enrollment fee for succeeding fiscal years may be obtained by calling the AID Office of International Training). All such fee payments shall be made by check, payable to the "Agency for International Development (HAC)." If payments are not made within 30 days, a late payment charge shall apply at a percentage rate based on the current value of

*The rate is \$25.00 per participant-month for Fiscal Year 1982.

runds to the Treasury for each 30-day period; the full charge shall also be applicable to periods of less than 30 days. The percentage rate will be calculated by the Treasury as an average of the current value of funds to the Treasury for a recent three-month period and will be transmitted to AID in TFRM Bulletins.

The late payment charge shall be applied to any portion of the fees in arrears and be remitted together with the fees as a separately identified item on the covering memorandum.

(2) Whenever possible, fee payments for groups of several participants entering the HAC Program within the 30-day reporting period shall be consolidated and covered by a single check. Participants covered by the fee payment shall be listed individually in the covering letter, identifying each participant (the name reported must be identical to that on the HAC enrollment card), showing period of enrollment (or period of coverage for which payment is remitted if this is different from the enrollment period), fee amount paid, grant number, and U.S. Government appropriation number (as shown under the "Fiscal Data" section of the grant cover letter).

(e) The Grantee, to the extent that it is an educational institution with a student health service program, shall also enroll all participants in their institution's student health service program. Medical costs which are covered under the institution's student health service shall not be eligible for payment under AID's HAC program. The Grantee shall provide the HAC Administrator with a copy of information showing what medical costs are covered by the institution's student health service program; medical costs that are not covered by the institution's student health service program shall be submitted to the HAC Administrator.

(f) If the Grantee has a mandatory, nonwaivable health and accident insurance program for students, the costs of such insurance will be allowable under this grant. Any claims eligible under such insurance will not be payable under AID's HAC plan or under this grant. Even though the participant is covered by the Grantee's mandatory, nonwaivable health and accident insurance program, the participant MUST be enrolled in AID's more comprehensive HAC program, and HAC payments MUST be made to AID as provided above. In addition, a copy of the mandatory insurance policy must be forwarded to the HAC Administrator.

(g) Any payments for medical costs not covered by the Grantee's student health service program, or mandatory, nonwaivable health and accident insurance program, or AID's HAC program shall be reimbursable under this grant only with specific writ-

ten approval of the Grant Officer and subject to the availability of funds.

(h) The HAC Administrator, for the period February 1, 1980 through January 31, 1983, is:

Trust Fund Administrators, Inc.
1030 15th Street, NW, Suite 500
Washington, D.C. 20005.

28. USE OF POUCH FACILITIES

(a) Use of diplomatic pouch is controlled by the Department of State. The Department of State has authorized the use of pouch facilities for AID Grantees and their employees as a general policy, as detailed in items (1) through (7) below; however, the final decision regarding use of pouch facilities rests with the Embassy or AID Mission. In consideration of the use of pouch facilities as hereinafter stated, the Grantee and its employees agree to indemnify and hold harmless the Department of State and AID for loss or damage occurring in pouch transmission.

(1) Grantees and their employees are authorized use of the pouch for transmission and receipt of up to a maximum of two pounds per shipment of correspondence and documents needed in the administration of assistance programs.

(2) U.S. citizen employees are authorized use of the pouch for personal mail up to a maximum of one pound per shipment (but see (a)(3) below).

(3) Merchandise, parcels, magazines, or newspapers, are not considered to be personal mail for purposes of this clause, and are not authorized to be sent or received by pouch.

(4) Official mail pursuant to (a)(1) above, sent by pouch should be addressed as follows:

Name of individual or organization
(followed by letter symbol "C")
Name of post (USAID/_____)
Agency for International Development
Washington, D.C. 20523

(5) Personal mail pursuant to (a)(2) above should be to the address specified in (a)(4) above, but without the name of the organization.

(6) Mail sent via the diplomatic pouch may not be in violation of U.S. Postal laws and may not contain material ineligible for pouch transmission.

(7) AID Grantee personnel are *not* authorized use of military postal facilities (APO/FPO). This is an Adjutant General's decision based on existing laws and regulations governing military postal facilities and is being enforced worldwide. Posts having access to APO/FPO facilities and using such for diplomatic pouch dispatch may, however, accept official mail from Grantees and letter mail from their

21

employees for the pouch, provided of course, adequate postage is affixed.

(b) The Grantee shall be responsible for advising its employees of this authorization and these guidelines and limitations on use of pouch facilities.

(c) Specific additional guidance on Grantee use of pouch facilities in accordance with this clause is available from the Post Communication Center at the Embassy or AID Mission.

29. U.S. OFFICIALS NOT TO BENEFIT

No member of or delegate to the U.S. Congress or resident U.S. Commissioner shall be admitted to any share or part of this grant or to any benefit that may arise therefrom; but this provision shall not be construed to extend to this grant if made with a corporation for its general benefit.

30. COVENANT AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES

The Grantee warrants that no person or selling agency has been employed or retained to solicit or secure this grant upon an agreement or understanding for a commission, percentage, brokerage, or contingent fee except bona fide employees or bona fide established commercial or selling agencies maintained by the Grantee for the purpose of securing business. For breach or violation of this warranty, AID shall have the right to cancel this grant without liability or, in its discretion, to deduct from the grant amount, or otherwise recover, the full amount of each commission, percentage, brokerage, or contingent fee.

31. NONLIABILITY

AID does not assume liability with respect to any third party claims for damages arising out of work supported by this Grant.

32. AMENDMENT

The grant may be amended by formal modifications to the basic grant document or by means of an exchange of letters between the Grant Officer and an appropriate official of the Grantee.

33. THE GRANT

The letter to the Grantee signed by the Grant Officer, the Schedule, the Program Description and the Standard Provisions which have been reviewed and agreed to by the Grantee, constitute the grant.

34. NOTICES

Any notice given by any of the parties hereunder, shall be sufficient only if in writing and delivered in person or sent by telegraph, cable, registered or regular mail as follows:

To the AID Grant Officer, at the address specified in the grant,

To Grantee, at Grantee's address shown in the grant,

or to such other address as either or such parties shall designate by notice given as herein required. Notices hereunder shall be effective when delivered in accordance with this provision, or on the effective date of the notice, whichever is later.

FOOTNOTE:

When the Standard Provisions are used for Cooperative Agreements, the following terms apply:

"Grantee" means "Recipient,"

"Grant" means "Cooperative Agreement."

"AID Grant Officer" means "AID Agreement Officer,"

"Subgrant" means "Subcooperative Agreement," and

"Subgrantee" means "Subrecipient."

ALTERATIONS IN GRANT

The following alterations have been made in the provisions of this grant:

1. Change the title of Standard Provision 15*, dated "2-82, to read:

"TERMINATION AND SUSPENSION".

2. Insert a new paragraph "(d)" in Standard Provision 15* as follows:

(d) Suspension: Termination for Changed Circumstances. It at any time AID determines (1) that disbursement by AID would be in violation of applicable law, or (2) that continuation of funding for a program should be suspended or terminated because such assistance is not in the national interest of the United States, then AID may, following notice to the Grantee, suspend this Grant and prohibit the Grantee from incurring additional obligations chargeable to this Grant other than necessary and proper costs in accordance with the terms of this Grant during the period of suspension. If the situation causing the suspension continues to pertain for 60 days or more, then AID may terminate this Grant on written notice to the Grantee and cancel that portion of this Grant which has not been disbursed or irrevocably committed to third parties. Financial settlement of this Grant shall be governed by the termination procedures specified in paragraph (c) above.

3. Delete the applicability statement in Standard Provision 16, Voluntary Participation, and substitute the following therefor:

"(This provision is applicable to all grants involving any aspect of family planning or population assistance activities.)"

4. Delete the applicability statement in Standard Provision 17, Prohibition on Abortion-Related Activities, and substitute the following therefor:

*This is Standard Provision 5 for AID Forms 1420-53, and -54

"(This provision is applicable to all grants involving any aspect of family planning or population activities.)".

5. Add the following to the last line of paragraph (a) of Standard Provision 17: "; (5) lobbying for abortion."

6. Delete paragraph (b) of Standard Provision 17 and substitute the following therefor:

" (b) No funds made available under this Grant will be used to pay for any biomedical research which relates, in whole or in part, to methods of, or the performance of, abortions or involuntary sterilizations as a means of family planning. Epidemiologic or descriptive research to assess the incidence, extent or consequences of abortion is not precluded.

(c) The Grantee shall insert paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this provision in all subgrants, subcontracts, purchase orders, and any other subordinate agreements hereunder."

7. *Delete Paragraph (c) of Standard Provision 10A entitled "Procurement of Goods and Services Under \$250,000" and substitute the following therefore:

"(c) Geographic Source and Order of Preference

All goods (e.g., equipment, materials, and supplies) and services, the costs of which are to be reimbursed under this grant, and which will be financed with United States dollars, shall be purchased in and shipped from only "Special Free World" countries (i.e., AID Geographic Code 935) in accordance with the following order of preference:

- (1) the United States (AID Geographic Code 000),
- (2) the cooperating country,
- (3) "Selected Free World" countries (AID Geographic Code 941),
- (4) "Special Free World" countries (AID Geographic Code 935)."

8. **Delete Paragraph (d) of Standard Provision 10B entitled "Procurement of Goods and Services Over \$250,000," and substitute the following therefore:

*This is Standard Provision 12A for AID Forms 1420-53 and -54
**This is Standard Provision 12B for AID Forms 1420-53 and -54

"(d) Nationality. Except as specified in paragraph (c) of this provision, in order to be eligible for AID financing under this grant, suppliers, contractors, or subcontractors must fit one of the following categories:

(1) Suppliers of commodities. A supplier providing goods under this grant must fit one of the following categories for the costs of such goods to be eligible for AID financing:

(i) An individual who is a citizen or, except as provided in paragraph (d)(7) of this clause, a legal resident of a country or area included in the authorized geographic code;

(ii) A corporation or partnership organized under the laws of a country or area included in the authorized geographic code;

(iii) A controlled foreign corporation, i.e., any foreign corporation of which more than 50 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock is owned by United States shareholders within the meaning of Section 957 et seq. of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 957; or

(iv) A joint venture or unincorporated association consisting entirely of individuals, corporations, or partnerships which are eligible under any of the foregoing categories.

(2) Privately owned commercial suppliers of services. An individual or a privately owned commercial firm is eligible for financing by AID under this grant as a contractor providing services only if the criteria in paragraphs (d)(2)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this provision are met and, in the case of the categories described in paragraphs (d)(2)(ii) and (iii), the certification requirements in paragraph (d)(2)(iv) are met.

(i) The supplier is an individual who is a citizen of and whose principal place of business is in a country or area included in the authorized geographic code or a non-U.S. citizen lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States whose principal place of business is in the United States;

(ii) The supplier is a privately owned commercial (i.e., for profit) corporation or partnership that is incorporated or legally organized under the laws of a country or area included in the authorized geographic code, has its principal place of business in a country or area included in the authorized geographic code, and meets the criteria set forth in either subparagraph (A) or (B) below:

(A) The corporation or partnership is more than 50% beneficially owned by individuals who are citizens of a country or area included in the authorized geographic code. In the case of corporations, "more than 50% beneficially owned" means that more than 50% of each class of stock is owned by such individuals; in the case of partnerships, "more than 50% beneficially owned" means that more than 50% of each category of partnership interest (e.g., general, limited) is owned by such individuals. (With respect to stock or interest held by companies, funds or institutions, the ultimate beneficial ownership by individuals is controlling.)

(B) The corporation or partnership:

(1) has been incorporated or legally organized in the United States for more than 3 years prior to the issuance date of the invitation for bids or request for proposals, and

(2) has performed within the United States similar administrative and technical, professional, or construction services under a contract or contracts for services and derived revenue therefrom in each of the 3 years prior to the issuance date of the invitation for bids or request for proposals, and

(3) employs United States citizens in more than half its permanent full-time positions in the United States, and

(4) has the existing capability in the United States to perform the contract.

(iii) The supplier is a joint venture or unincorporated association consisting entirely of individuals, corporations, partnerships, or nonprofit organizations which are eligible under paragraphs (d)(2)(i), (d)(2)(ii), or (d)(3) of this provision.

(iv) A duly authorized officer of a firm or nonprofit organization shall certify that the participating firm or nonprofit organization meets either the requirements of paragraphs (d)(2)(ii)(A), (d)(2)(ii)(B), or (d)(3) of this clause. In the case of corporations, the certifying officer shall be the corporate secretary. With respect to the requirements of paragraph (d)(2)(ii)(A), the certifying officer may presume citizenship on the basis of the stockholder's record address, provided the certifying officer certifies, regarding any stockholder (including any corporate fund or institutional stockholder) whose holdings are material to the corporation's eligibility, that the certifying officer knows of no fact which might rebut that presumption.

(3) Nonprofit organizations. Nonprofit organizations, such as educational institutions, foundations, and associations, are eligible for financing by AID under this grant as contractors for services if they meet all of the criteria listed in paragraphs (d)(3)(i), (ii), and (iii) below, and the certification requirement in paragraph (d)(2)(iv) of this clause is met. (International agricultural research centers and such other international research centers as may be, from time to time, formally listed as such by the Senior Assistant Administrator, Bureau for Science and Technology, are considered to be of U.S. nationality for purposes of this provision.) Any such organizations must:

(1) Be organized under the laws of a country or area included in the authorized geographic code; and

(ii) Be controlled and managed by a governing body, a majority of whose members are citizens of countries or areas included in the authorized geographic code; and

(iii) Have its principal facilities and offices in a country or area included in the authorized geographic code.

(4) Government-owned organizations. Except as may be specifically approved in advance by the Grant Officer firms operated as commercial companies or other organizations (including nonprofit organizations other than public educational institutions) which are wholly or partially owned by governments or agencies thereof are not eligible for financing by AID under this grant as contractors.

(5) Joint ventures. A joint venture or unincorporated association is eligible only if each of its members is eligible in accordance with paragraphs (d)(2), (3), or (4) of this clause.

(6) Construction services from local firms. When the host country is an authorized source for services, and the estimated cost of the construction services is \$5 million or less, a corporation or partnership may be determined by AID to be an integral part of the local economy in accordance with AID Handbook 1B, Chapter 5, Paragraph 5D5, is eligible.

(7) Ineligible suppliers. Citizens of any country or area, and firms and organizations located in or organized under the laws of any country or area, which is not included in Geographic Code 935 are ineligible for financing by AID as suppliers of services or of commodities, or as agents acting in connection with the supply of services or of commodities, except that non-U.S. citizens lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States are eligible regardless of such citizenship.

(8) Special restrictions on procurement of construction or engineering services. Section 604(g) of the Foreign Assistance Act provides that AID funds may not be used for "procurement of construction or engineering services from advanced developing countries, eligible under the Geographic Code 941, which have attained a competitive capability in international markets for construction services or engineering services." In order to insure eligibility of a Code 941 contractor for construction or engineering services, obtain the AID Grant Officer's approval for any such contract."

OPERATIONAL PROGRAM GRANT PROPOSAL

PROJECT TITLE: Equatorial Guinea Cooperative Development Project

PROJECT LOCATION: Equatorial Guinea

PVO NAME AND LOCATION: Cooperative League of the USA
1828 L Street, N.W., Suite 1100
Washington, D.C. 20036

Telephone: (202) 872-0550
Telex: 440344 UI
Cable: CLUSA

CONTACT PERSON: Lyle Brenneman, International Program Officer, or
John Sandbach, Director of International Programs

EQUATORIAL GUINEA SPONSORING AGENCY: Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Rural
Development

DATE OF SUBMISSION OF ORIGINAL CONCEPT PAPER TO U.S.AID: March 10, 1983

DATE OF SUBMISSION OF PROPOSAL TO USAID/YAOUNDE: August 1, 1983

TOTAL GRANT REQUEST: \$3,000,000

COPIES available: AFR/PD/IPS
USAID/Yaounde