



FOOD FOR PEACE FACT SHEET

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CONTACT INFORMATION

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Food Security Situation*

- Food insecurity remains high during Nepal's post-conflict phase following the end of its civil war in 2006.
- Continued civil unrest, poverty, natural disasters, high commodity and fuel prices and inadequate infrastructure and markets are among the issues heightening Nepal's food insecurity.
- Approximately 40 percent of the population is undernourished, while in some areas, chronic malnutrition rates for children under age 5 are as high as 80 percent.
- Bhutanese refugees are not allowed to engage in economic activities outside their camps and lack access to land for agricultural production. Over the next five years, 15,000 to 20,000 refugees per year are expected to be resettled in a third country.



Total Food for Peace Contributions

Fiscal Year 2009 (to date)	\$ 4 million	3,050 MT
Fiscal Year 2008	\$18.8 million	15,830 MT
Fiscal Year 2007	\$ 6.1 million	6,470 MT
Fiscal Year 2006	\$ 1.2 million	1,280 MT

Food for Peace Contribution Breakdown

Partner	FY09		FY08	
	Emergency		Emergency	
	USD in millions	metric tons	USD in millions	metric tons
WFP* PRRO 10676.0	----	----	\$13.2	9,810
WFP* PRRO 10058.6	\$4	3,050	\$5.6	6,020

Food for Peace Program Details

Implementing Partners: World Food Program

Targeted Beneficiaries: PRRO 10676.0 – 1.27 million conflict-affected Nepalis
PRRO 10058.6 – 102,000 Bhutanese refugees

Projects: Response to natural disaster, especially flooding; safeguarding lives and livelihoods; contributing to peace in an immediate post-conflict period; providing food assistance to Bhutanese refugees

Project Locations: PRRO 10676.0 – Countrywide
PRRO 10058.6 – Eastern Nepal

* FY: fiscal year; MT: metric tons; USD: United States Dollar; WFP: World Food Program; PRRO: Protracted Relief and Recovery Operation

*Food Security Situation information is provided by the World Food Program as of May 20, 2009