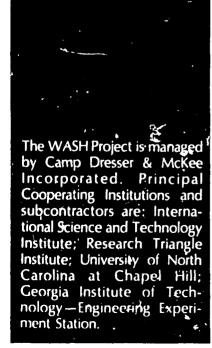


Operated by The CDM Associates Sponsored by the U.S. Agency for International Development

1611 N. Kent Street, Room 1002 Arlington, Virginia 22209 USA

Telephone: (703) 243-8200 Telex No. WUI 64552 Cable Address WASHAID



PD-AAP-500

WASH PROJECT

FORTY-FIVE MONTH CONTRACT SUMMARY

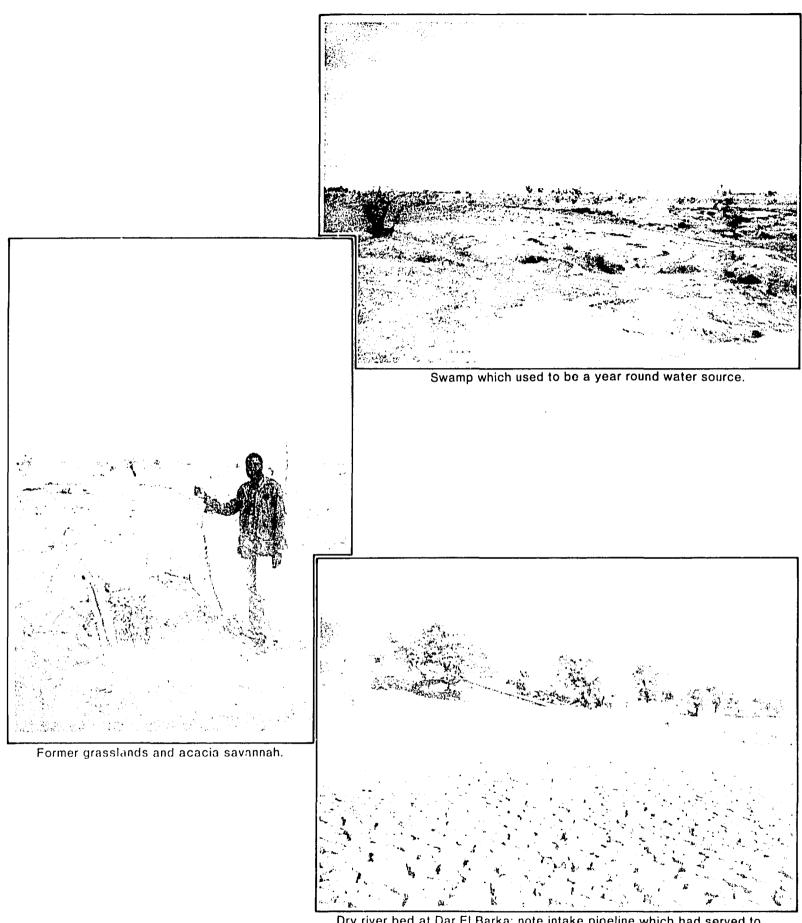
931 1176

WASH PROGRESS REPORT NO. 7

MAY 31, 1984

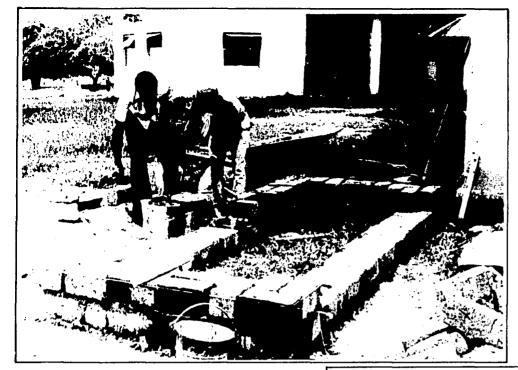
PRE-CDM CONTRACT ACTIVITIES
SUMMARY OF ASSIGNED TASKS
November 1, 1979 - May 31, 1984

CDM CONTRACT ACTIVITIES
SUMMARY OF ORDERS OF TECHNICAL DIRECTION
August 29, 1980 - May 31, 1984



Dry river bed at Dar El Barka; note intake pipeline which had served to irrigate extensive rice field in prior years.

DRAUGHT IN MAURITAINIA IN THE SAHEL OF AFRICA (See OTD No. 172 and WASH Field Report No. 112)



Starting sides of rainwater storage tank.



Lining up rainwater gutter with finished storage tank.

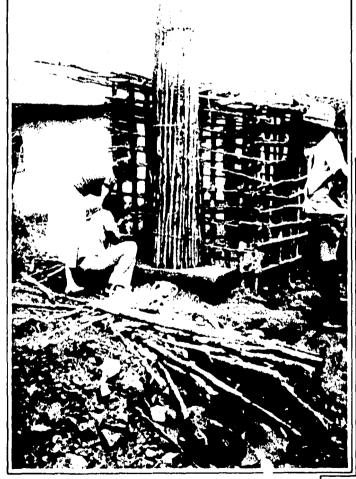
Digging overflow channel.



Placing the form for the concrete base.



Base block for innovative vent design.



Vent pipe during construction.



One of six latrines completed by participants.

WASH PROJECT

FORTY-FIVE MONTH CONTRACT SUMMARY

WASH PROGRESS REPORT NO. 7

MAY 31, 1984

PRE-CDM CONTRACT ACTIVITIES SUMMARY OF ASSIGNED TASKS November 1, 1979 - May 31, 1984

CDM CONTRACT ACTIVITIES
SUMMARY OF ORDERS OF TECHNICAL DIRECTION
August 29, 1980 - May 31, 1984

Prepared by James E. Beverly
Information Director
With an Introduction
by Fred Rosensweig
Associate Director
Human Resource Development

Water and Sanitation for Health Project
Contract No. AID/DSPE-C-0080, Project No. 931-1176
Is sponsored by the Office of Health, Bureau for Science and Technology
U.S. Agency for International Development
Washington, DC 20523

111



Use of the transparent
demonstration pump cylinder proved
to be a valuable aid in training
caretakers and promoters in
troubleshooting and repair
techniques.



Attaching Roboscreen filter to deep well cylinders.



Collecting water sample for chlorine residual testing and bacteriological analysis from completed well.

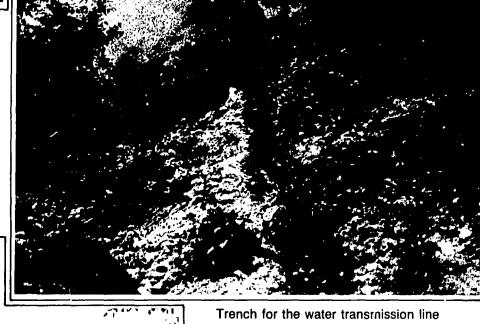
TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Introduction	1
Brief Description of WASH Project Services	5
Comments on Project Assignments	5
Table: Work Content of Pre-CDM Project Assignments and Orders of Technical Direction (OTDs) from the Office of Health/AID to the WASH Project August 29, 1980 - May 31, 1984	
Summaries of Pre-CDM WASH Project Assignments	31
Summaries of Orders of Technical Direction to the WASH Project Coordination and Information Center Numbers 1 to 184	33
Summaries of Selected CIC Tasks	68
Appendix: List of WASH Publications: Technical Reports and Field Reports	73





Spring cap under construction.



Trench for the water transmission line under construction. This can give an idea of the type of terrain the communities have to work with.



Typical water stand post serving four houses.

WASH PROJECT: FORTY-FIVE MONTH CONTRACT SUMMARY, MAY 31, 1984

INTRODUCTION

This Seventh Program Report presents a cumulative record of the first forty-five months of accomplishments of the WASH Project under the management of Camp Dresser & McKee Inc. (CDM) for the Office of Health. AID. The WASH Project under CDM includes a multidisciplinary core staff and an Associate team of back-up resources from the Georgia Institute of Technology, the International Science and Technology Institute, the Research Triangle Institute and the University of North Carolina. WASH was established to provide the Office of Health and AID Bureaus. Offices and Missions with highly qualified short-term technical assistance to support and improve all aspects of AID's water supply, sanitation and environmental health projects and programs, primarily in rural and semi-urban areas. In addition to creating a pool of experienced consultants, the WASH concept also included novel procedures that give WASH a field service response capability having a minimum of administrative effort and delay. WASH has had assistance teams in the field within 48 hours. although the usual period is several weeks.

The success of this model was attested to by the favorable assessment received by WASH last year when it was formally evaluated by AID. The Evaluation Board "concluded that the WASH Project is doing an extremely effective job, especially in providing quality technical assistance to Third World Countries in a timely manner. The Project should be continued without interruption in service throughout the Decade."

Regarding the future of the WASH Project, AID has announced a competitive procurement for a five-year continuation of WASH through September-October 1990. Camp Dresser & McKee will submit a proposal to continue its management of WASH for the next five years, and will also continue to provide WASH services to AID between now and the beginning of the five year contract for "WASH II", which should begin about September-October 1984.

Over the past forty-five months, WASH has undertaken 184 Orders of Technical Direction, or major tasks, for AID Missions, other AID units, and AID-assisted governments and private voluntary organizations (PVOs). This work was done in or for 56 AID-assisted countries and is documented in 23 WASH Technical Reports, 126 Field Reports, and the information request files. Some 450 less formal tasks were also initiated to support this work and related administrative requirements.

The bulk of this Progress Report summarizes these activities in four major areas of assistance to AID's water supply and sanitation efforts: general technical assistance, technology transfer, information support, and manpower development and training. This last area,

also referred to as Human Resource Development (HRD), is far from last on the priority list of the International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade (1981-1990). The UN Water Decade Steering Committee has recognized "that the lack of enough people with adequate skills has been a major constraint to better sectoral performance." In this Introduction we would like to highlight the HRD component of the WASH Project as a basic part of AID's water supply and sanitation program. The other major areas of WASH operations will be similarly highlighted in future editions of the Progress Report.

HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

Background

Both multilateral and bilateral agencies actively involved in the Water Decade have recognized the key role of human resources in expanding water supply and sanitation services in the developing world. Manpower shortages, inefficient utilization of existing human resources, irrelevant or inappropriate curricula, and severe shortages of managerial/supervisory skills have all been cited as basic problems facing Human Resource Development (HRD) efforts. Without adequately trained people at all levels, functioning in a supportive institutional environment, progress in achieving Decade goals will be limited.

The Water and Sanitation for Health (WASH) Project has stressed increasingly the importance of HRD in its activities. WASH staff have defined an approach to HRD that provides a framework for responding to requests for services. This approach is in accord with the service-oriented nature of the WASH Project. While the Project has purposely kept a broad view of HRD, the approach has been molded by the types of short term consulting services that WASH is asked to provide.

Overview of Human Resource Development

HRD should be looked at in the context of its institutional setting. Adequate numbers of trained personnel may not be sufficient to meet institutional goals if personnel are not utilized effectively and provided with the tools and work environment for effective performance. Without the support of a solid institution, well trained personnel cannot be expected to perform.

The World Health Organization (WHO) has estimated that during the Drinking Water and Sanitation Decade in Latin America alone, 385,000 new staff will have to be trained and 182,000 existing staff will require retraining, if countries are to meet their Decade targets of numbers of people served. This training task is so great that it is unlikely to be carried out through any international mechanism or funding source currently available. Only through building an institutional capability to manage,

utilize, and train its personnel, can this target be addressed.

Training, and HRD in general, must therefore be seen as more than a series of short courses and overseas fellowships. Training is generally recognized as important to an institution's performance, but unless it is linked directly to the other functions of the institution, its impact will continue to be limited.

Training needs should be determined on the basis of the performance needs of an institution. If these latter needs are analyzed, then in some instances training may not be the answer. What is needed might be the proper tools, materials and procedures, better supervision, incentives, or transportation. However, if the performance problem is due to a lack of skills and knowledge, then training is the probable solution. If the performance problems result from management, motivation, or work environment causes, then the institutional situation as a whole must be addressed.

Institutional performance can be improved only with an adequate work environment, appropriate management systems, a sound financial basis, and human resources motivated and possessing the skills and knowledge to carry out their jobs. The HRD function thus becomes one of the primary tools for strengthening the institution. The function can determine performance needs, estimate human resource demands, plan and carry out training activities, assist management in determining organizational goals, and develop human resource management and support systems. These efforts should take place in light of well defined institutional goals to avoid working at cross-purposes with those goals and to assure the backup support needed.

WASH Approach

The concept of HRD in the WASH Project has been evolving since WASH started. Initially, the focus was on training only and it was seen as a part of the job of every WASH Task manager. After one year of the project, a full-time Associate Director for HRD was hired. Subsequently, training began to be viewed as a part of a broader Human Resource Development process. In the last year and a half, HRD has been further seen as a basic part of institutional development. This important conceptual evolution has allowed WASH staff to place HRD interventions in the relevant water and sanitation context and to orient, to the extent possible, HRD activities to overall institutional performance.

As the project has matured, a well defined approach to HRD has developed. This approach recognizes the role of WASH as a provider of short term services and takes into account both the relationship of HRD to institutional development and a philosophy of development committed to capacity building and local involvement.

The principles of the WASH approach to HRD are as follows:

 Interventions are based on the principles of adult learning which stress the responsibility of the

- learner in the training/consulting process and the active nature of the learning process.
- 2. Training activities are focused on the mid and lower levels, especially field workers in rural areas.
- 3. HRD interventions are carried out in a collaborative manner with communities that will lead to local ownership and commitment.
- 4. HRD activities are conducted by competent HRD professionals working in collaboration with technically qualified people. A team approach consisting of HRD and technical subject experts is often used.
- Whenever possible, WASH collaborates with other bilateral and international agencies to achieve a better use of available resources and avoid overlap and duplication.
- Every attempt is made to carry out training interventions (i.e., workshops, training material preparation, etc.) in light of institutional goals. Similarly, all training interventions are designed to contribute to the development of an institutional training capacity.
- 7. All HRD interventions are planned to improve human and institutional performance.
- Models are developed which can be adapted to local conditions.

WASH HRD Activities

WASH HRD activities fall into six areas.

 Human Resource Planning WASH has developed general guidelines for human resource planning in the water and sanitation sector and has carried out major national planning efforts in Jordan and Tanzania.

2. Workshops and Conferences

The project has conducted fifteen workshops in eleven countries. These workshops have ranged from technical subjects, such as latrine construction and rainwater roof catchment, to training-of-trainers. WASH has also had a lead role in planning and organizing international conferences on various aspects of rural water supply and sanitation in Panama, Tunisia and Togo and has conducted national seminars for PVO's in Haiti and for national planners in the Central African Republic. In addition to providing technical expertise, WASH used training approaches to structuring the conference activities' format and presentation of individual sessions.

3. Development of Training Materials

WASH has developed a set of four training guides on latrine construction, hand pump installation and maintenance, spring-capping, and rainwater roof catchment. These training guides contain all the information a trainer needs to plan and conduct a comprehensive workshop for field workers. The guides include training designs, trainer guidelines, participant handouts, and trainer reference materials. WASH has also developed job aids for manufacturing quality control and for installation and

maintenance of the AID hand pump. These job aids are intended for the end users, namely, factory personnel and field installation and maintenance teams.

4. Project Development

In Thailand, Sri Lanka, and Jordan, WASH assisted the AID missions to develop projects with a major HRD and institutional development focus. In Haiti and Upper Volta, as part of project paper teams, WASH designed the training component of rural water supply projects.

5. General HRD Support

WASH has produced several documents of general support to Water Decade HRD efforts, including a program to train senior HRD managers, an HRD bibliography for the water and sanitation sector, and a directory of education and training institutions appropriate for overseas fellowships or study tours.

6. Institutional Development

Several activities have been carried out in this area. In Peru, a consultant assisted the National Rural Water Supply Agency (DISAR) to organize an inhouse training unit. In Sri Lanka and Thailand. workshops were conducted for top management to define institutional problems and develop solutions to overcome them. A report was written for the Near East Bureau that reviewed the WS&S institutional setting and assessed effectiveness in four Near Eastern countries. In Jordan, a study was conducted to assist the government in combining all water sector activities into one institutional entity. Finally, in the context of project development and evaluation activities, the effectiveness of several institutions has been assessed and recommendations to strengthen them have been made.

Collaboration

WASH staff attempts to collaborate regularly with other agencies active in Decade HRD efforts. The WASH Associate Director for Human Resource Development is a member of the HRD Core Group, a sub-group of the HRD Task Force which provides guidance on HRD to the Task Force and to the Steering Committee of the International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade (IDWSSD). WASH staff communicate regularly, exchange information, and on occasion, jointly produce documents with the World Bank, the World Health Organization, Pan American Health Organization, International Labor Organization, and the International Reference Center for Community Water Supply and Sanitation (The Hague). WASH also collaborates with the U.S. Peace Corps and with the International Development and Research Center of Canada.

Future Activities

In the future, WASH will continue to emphasize HRD as one of its major areas of activity. Likely efforts include the following:

- Complete the set of training guides, resulting in establishing the major elements of a comprehensive rural water supply and sanitation curriculum.
- Stimulate interest in and develop models for improving managerial and supervisory skills at all levels.
- Continue to pursue activities that develop institutional HRD capacities.
- Develop more effective tools for assessing institutional effectiveness.
- Pursue opportunities to build in sound HRD approaches at the project design stage.

WASH Human Resources Development activities and reports are summarized in the following Table.

WASH NRD Activities

WASH

OTD/C-Task **HRD** Activity Report No. Planning 1. HRD Planning Guidelines C-265 TR 20 Jordan: HRD Plan T-55 FR 34 T-75 FR 58 Tanzania: Master Plan 2. Workshops and Conferences Togo: Peace Corps Training Program in **Health Education** T-45 FR 51 Morocco: Peace Corps Training Program-Water Supply T-61/T-111 FR 43, 61 Guatemala: Pumping Technologies T-76 FR 56 Senegal: Training of Sanitarians T-78 FR 44 Training of Trainers--Technology Transfer Personnel T80/T-90 FR 45, 60 Zaire: Training of Trainers T-100 FR 62 Zaire: Spring Capping T-100 FR 73 Training of Trainers--Indian Health Service Engineers FR 70 T-121 Togo: Spring Capping and Rainwater Harvesting T-116 FR 87 Dominican Republic: Latrine Construction T-143 FR 98 Malawi: Community Participation T-144 FR 99 Senegal: Latrine Construction T-147 FR 91 Sierra Leone: Latrine Construction T-166 FR 114 Ecuador: Handpump Installation and Maintenance T-82 FR 110 Zaire: Rainwater Harvesting T-167 FR 115 Sri Lanka: Training of Trainers for Handpump Installation and Maintenance T-138 FR 122 PVO Conference with National Council for International Health (NCIH) T-57 TR 14 Togo: Health Officers Meeting T-53 TR 13 Panama: PAHO HRD Symposium T-87 Tunisia: Conference on Rural Water Supply and Sanitation T-92 FR 67 Central Africa Republic, National Seminar T-106 FR 97 Haiti: PVO Seminar T-129 FR 77 3. Development of Training Materials Latrine Construction T-122 in progress Handpump Installation and Maintenance T-122 in progress Rainwater Harvesting in progress T-153 Spring Capping T-154 in progress Job Aids for Handpunip Installation and Maintenance T-82 FR 125 Job Aids for Quality Control of Manufacturing of Handpumps T-82 FR 124

WASH HRD Activities

OTD/C-Task **HRD Activity** Report No. Project Development Jordan T-55 FR 34 T-139 Thailand Sri Lanka T-138 . . T-162 Haiti Upper Volta T-174 5. General HRD Support Participation in HRD Task Force T-86 HRD Manager Training Program C-273 Working Paper 24 TR 22 HRD Bibliography C-266 Directory of Training and Education Institutions T-160 FR 117 **Directory of Training Materials Sources** T-160 FR 118

*FR WASH Field Report; TR WASH Technical Report

The sections which follow include a capsule description of the WASH Project services and explanatory comments on the broad scope and nature of WASH Project assignments.

Institutional Development

Thailand: Team Building Workshop

Peru: Establishment of HRD Unit

Sri Lanka: Problem Solving Workshop

Near East Bureau: Review of Institutions

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF WASH PROJECT SERVICES

The areas of support available from WASH are primarily focussed on rural and urban-fringe water supply and sanitation improvement and include: general technical assistance, technology transfer, human resource development and training, and technical and cavelopment information.

WASH services are available to AID Missions, Regional Bureaus and central offices through the Office of Health. Missions and Regional Bureaus may request WASH assistance on behalf of:

- Mission programs
- Host government organizations
- Other host country organizations
- Peace Corps

- International/multilateral programs
- · Private voluntary organizations

T-123

T-138

T-175

T-159

All requests for technical assistance must be approved, requested and sponsored by AID organizations in the field or by AID/Washington.

WASH

FR 68

FR 94

FR 126

FR 119

Requests for information may be sent directly to the WASH Information Director. However, AID Missions and AID supported institutions will receive priority in responding to requests. For details see the WASH Brochure or contact WASH.

COMMENTS ON WASH PROJECT ASSIGNMENTS

WASH Project activities for AID have occurred in two phases. The first phase began in November, 1979, and was for the period before the WASH Project contract was awarded to Camp Dresser & McKee (CDM). The second, current phase, began on August 29, 1980, with the signing of the AID-CDM contract. The five tasks initiated by the Office of Health before the CDM contract are outlined in the table and section following. The scope and general procedural arrangements for the work done by The CDM Associates are outlined here.

^{*} Internal AID reports.

The CDM Associates consist of Camp, Dresser and McKee, the International Science and Technology Institute, the Research Triangle Institute, and the University of North Carolina.

Aside from routine office administrative activities, there are two major categories of work or tasks performed by the WASH Project Coordination and Information Center (CIC). The first is 'Orders of Technical Direction' (OTDs), which are formal, written specific statements of work to be done by the WASH Project CIC, CDM Associates, or other outside contractors or consultants to the WASH CIC. OTDs are issued to the WASH CIC by the AID Office of Health (S&T/H/WS) Project Manager in numbered sequence.

The second category of work is called a 'CIC Task.' These are smaller, less formal and usually short-term tasks that may be requested verbally or in writing by the Office of Health, Missions or Bureaus. Other CIC tasks may be initiated by the WASH Project Staff. CIC-type tasks also may be preliminary phases of work that later become Orders of Technical Direction.

The kinds of work done under CIC tasks have included: reproduction of documents for distribution to Missions and Bureaus; literature searches; preparation of bibliographies and assembly of information materials, catalogs, etc. for Missions and Bureaus, e.g., windmill data for Morocco; acquisition of specific sets of information: ASTM Design Standards, EPA Materials, National Water

Well Association documents, etc.; synthesis of evaluation methods and approaches to community water supply and sanitation; WASH Project planning in specific subjects: training, women's issues in water and sanitation, etc.

From August 29, 1980, through May 31, 1984, the WASH Project Coordination and Information Center received 184 Orders of Technical Direction from the Office of Health. The work content of these OTD's broadly falls into five categories: general technical assistance, training, transfer of appropriate technology, information and international coordination. Each OTD has involved work in two or more categories or subcategories. General technical assistance has been broken down into tour sub-categories: local manufacturing, water supply and sanitation (WS&S) engineering, health and community participation, and planning and procedures.

The number of OTD's having work done in the various categories follows:

General Technical Assistance		170
Local manufacturing	29	
WS&S engineering	139	
Health and community participation	114	
Planning and procedures	69	
Training		103
Transfer of Appropriate Technology		57
Information		89
International Coordination		23

The geographic breakdown of WASH Project Orders of Technical Direction by number and by country is as follows:

Latin America	Near East	Africa	Asia
Bolivia - 93, 151, 173,	Egypt - 62, 77, 177, 180	Benin - 45	Bangladesh - 28, 169
182	Jordan - 31, 55, 59, 183	Botswana - 95	India - 28
Brazil - 66	Lebanon - 20, 124, 134	Burundi - 36, 137	Indonesia - 25, 44, 73,
Costa Rica - 98	Morocco - 61, 111	Cameroon - 108, 118	79, 113, 117, 133, 136, 155
Dominican Republic	Tunisia - 15,63, 92,	Central African	Philippines - 11, 40,
1, 21, 48, 58, 84, 97,	120, 146, 158, 181	Republic - 106	43, 113, 119
99, 103, 113, 132, 143	Turkey - 171	Ivory Coast - 164	Sri Lanka-Pre-CDM,
Ecuador - 14, 24, 71,	Yemen - 39, 161	Kenya - 104, 157	113, 138, 156
82, 96, 102, 105, 178		Lesotho - 88	Thailand - 38, 123, 139
El Salvador - 17, 148		Mali - 64	
Guatemala - 30, 76, 150		Malawi - 144, 149	
Haiti - 9, 46, 129, 140, 162		Mauritania - 16, 172	
Honduras - 29, 85, 94,		Mozambique - 179	
101, 113, 115, 126, 135		Niger - 27	
Jamaica - 176		Senegal - 78, 127, 147	
Peru - 18, 74, 114, 152		Sierra Leone - 166	
175		Sudan - 60	
		Swaziland - 131, 168	
		Tanzania - 26, 75, 142	
		Togo - 45, 91, 116, 145, 170	
		Upper Volta - 174	

Zaire - 47, 100, 141, 167

In addition, CIC-type work has been done in Africa for Benin, Burundi, Cameroon, Gambia, Ghana, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Mali, Malawi, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Upper Volta, Zaire and Zambia; in Asia for Indonesia, Sri Lanka and Thailand; in Latin America for Dominican Republic, Chile and Peru; and in the Near East for Egypt, Morocco and Tunisia.

Thus far the WASH Project has worked for or in 56 of some 66 AID Missions or Offices, including responding to requests for information.

The table which follows indicates the work content of pre-CDM WASH assignments and WASH Orders of Technical Direction in support of AID requests for technical assistance by categories. It illustrates the complex and multidisciplinary aspects of WASH activities.

The remainder of the report includes summaries of the work listed in the table, summaries of selected CIC Tasks, and an Appendix which lists by title, subject and country the 23 Technical Reports and 126 Field Reports published to date by WASH.

8

WORK CONTENT OF PRE-CDM WASH PROJECT ASSIGNMENTS FROM THE OFFICE OF HEALTH-A.I.D. NOVEMBER 1, 1979 - MAY 31, 1984

General Technical Assistance

Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
Water Supply and Sanitation Planning (Work done by American Public Health Association)	С	USAID/Thailand		x	x	x	x	x	x	
Assistance in Development of National Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade Plan (Work done by American Public Health Association)	С	USAID/Sri Lanka	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Program Planning (Work done by American Public Health Association)	С	USAID/Ecuador		×	×	×	x	x	×	
Local Manufacture of AID Handpumps and Robo- Devices (see OTD 63) (Work done by Georgia Institute of Technology)	С	USAID/Tunisia	×	×	×	×	x	x	×	
Local Manufacture of AID Handpumps and Robo- Devices (see OTD 82 and Field Report No. 123) (Work done by Georgia Institute of Technology)	o	USAID/Ecuador	x	x	x	x	×	x	x	

General Technical Assistance

O.7 No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T1	Hand Pump Manufacturing (Field Report No.20)**	С	USAID / Dominican Republic	×					x		
T2	American Public Health Association Meeting - Exhibition of AID Appro- priate Technology WS&S	•	DS/HEA							v	V
	Devices	С	DS/HEA							X	X
тз	Project Design Manual References Development	С	NE/TECH/HN				×			×	
T4	Competency Based Training/ Planning for Agency	С	DS/HEA AID/W					x		×	
T5	UNICEF Pan American Health Organization WS&S Workshop and Discussion of WASH Services (Field Report No.30)**	С	PAHO DS/HEA							×	x
T6	Social Science Analysis for WS&S AID Administra- tor Bennett Project (Field Report No.1)**	С	PPC/E			x				x	
Т7	Oral Rehydration Therapy Review Discussion of Need for Using Potable Water ORT Solutions (Technical Report No.2)**	С	DS/HEA DS/POP			×				×	
Т8	Pan American Health Orga- nization/Caribbean Commu- nity WS&S Planning Meeting in Barbados	С	PAHO DS/HEA							×	x
T9	Rural Water Supply System Review (Field Report No.2)**	С	USAID/Haiti		x		×	×			
T10	Regional Health Officers Conference Participation for West Africa	*	REDSO/WA AFR/DR			×				x	

Work Status Key- C=completed O=ongoing *=cancelled

G

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTI No.		Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T11	Local Manufacture of WS&S Devices (Field Report No.3)**	С	USAID / Philippines	×	x		×		×		
T12	R&D - Prototype WS&S Devices	С	Inter-Regional DS/HEA	×	x				×		
T13	Italian Earthquake Relief Assistance (Field Report No.25)**	С	AID/OFDA		×	×			×	×	x
T14	Peri-Urban and Rural WS&S Program Review and Project Development (Field Report Nos.9 and 12)**	С	USA!D/Ecuador	x	×		×	x	: x		
ö T15	Well Drilling Equipment Specifications and Procedures (Field Report No.4)**	С	USAID/Tunisia		X				x	x	
T16	Water Supplies from Rural Land Reclamation (Field Report No. 11)**	С	USAID/Mauritania		×	×	×				
T17	Review of Appropriate Water Supply Technologies, Implementation Planning, Local Manufacturing & Training (Field Report No.26)**	С	USAID/EI Salvador	×	x	×	×	x	×	x	
T18	Design for Rural Water Project										
T19		С	USAID/Peru	x	X	x	×	x	x	×	
	Expert Panel Review (Technical Report No.12)**	С	PPC/E DS/HEA			×				×	

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T20	Small Wastewater Stabilization Pond Design and Analysis (Field Report No. 10)**	С	USAID/Lebanon		X			×	x	x	
T21	Latrine and Water Container Design Analysis, and Planning of Evaluations of Health Materials (Field Report Nos.5, 21		USAID/Dominican								
	& 23)**	С	Republic	×	×	x	x	×	X ·	×	
T22	Review of Testing Pre- diction Sanitation Model Project	*	DS/HEA		×		×				
式 T23	Preparation of Guidelines for WS&S Project Desigr. and Implementation-										
	Interregional	0	DS/HEA	x	X	X	X	x	X	x	
T24	Rural WS&S System Design for AID Project Paper (Field Report No. 13)**	С	USAID/Ecuador		x	x	x	x	x	x	
T25	Rural Sanitation Manpower Development (RSMD): Work- shop and Program Assistance										
	(Field Report No. 16)**	С	USAID/Indonesia		x	X	X	X	X	x	
T26	Project Design Assistance for Health and Environ- mental Monitoring Project (HEMP) and Water Supply and Sanitation Manpower Training										
T27	(Field Report Nos.7 & 8)**	С	USAID/Tanzania		X	X	X	X	X	X	
121	Evaluation of Rural Health Project	С	USAID/Niger		x	x	x	×			

^{**} If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T28	Representative of DS/HEA and WASH at Conference of World Federation of Public Health Associa- tions, Calcutta, India, 23-26 February 1981 (Field Report No.14)**	С	DS/HEA		x	×			×	×	×
T29	Development of Local Capability to Fabricate Hand Pumps and Well Screens (Field Report No. 85)**	С	USAID/Honduras	x	x	5	×	x	×	x	
T30	Participation in XII Central American Congress of Sanitary Engineering Meeting, 16-20 March 1981 (Field Report No.15)**	С	USAID/Guatemala ROCAP		x	×				×	x
T31	Wastewater Treatment Design Review and Guide- line Preparation (Field Report No. 17)**	С	USAID/Jordan		x		x		x	x	
T32	Coordination of WASH Information Activities and Exchange with Inter- national Information Centers (Field Report Nos. 18, 48 and 64)**	С	DS/HEA							x	x
Т33	Development of Testing Protocol for Mobile Water Treatment and Disinfec- tion Units in Disaster Situations	С	DS/HEA; OFDA		x	x	×				
T34	Coordination and Facilita- tion of Use of WASH Tech- nical Assistance Services in Africa	С	AFR/DR; DS/HEA	x	x	x	x	x	x	×	

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	information	International Coordination
T35	Participation in the AWWA meeting, St. Louis, 8-12 June, 1981 (Technical Report No.6)**	С	DS/ENGR; DS/HEA			x		x	×	×	x
T36	Evaluation of Rural Water Supply Project	6			v	v	v	v			
T37	(Field Report No.24)** Participation in Session on Water, Sanitation and Health Education, UNICEF New York 22-23 April, 1981	С	* USAID/Burundi		x	x	X	X			
T38	(Field Report No.31)** Further Development of	C	DS/HEA		x	x	×	×			x
13	Rural Water and Sanitation Project (Field Report No.19)**	С	USAID/Thailand		×	×	x				
T39	Evaluation of the Water Supply Systems Management Project for the National Water and Sewage Authority (NWSA)										
	(Field Report No.22)**	С	USAID/Yemen		x		x	×			
T40	AID Handpump Manufacture (Field Report No.54)**	С	USAID/Philippines	×	x		×	x	×	x	
T41	Technical Assistance of Cultural Anthropologist in Peace Corps Training Program in Areas of Com- munity Development and Participation in Water Supply and Sanitation	С	DS/HEA; Peace Corps		x	x	x	×	x	x	x
T42	Technical Assis to to AID Office of Fr gin Disaster Assistance (OFDA) (Field Report Nos. 25, 41, 66, 74, 79 and 112)**	0	OFDA; DS/HEA		x	x	x	×		x	
T43	Technical Assistance for the Barangay Water Program (Field Report No.57)**	С	USAID/Philippines Work	X : Status Key-	X C=completed	O=ongoing	X *=cancelled	x	x	×	

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T44	Training and Technical Assistance for Technical Development and Dissemina- tion in Water and Sanita- tion for Rural Sanitation Manpower Project (Field Report No.28)**	С	USAID/Indonesia	×	×	x	×	x	×	x	
T45	Village Health Education and Training: Program Planning, Implementation and Evaluation (Field Report Nos.27 &										
	51)**	С	USAID/Togo-Benin				X	x	×	x	
T46 ≟	AID Handpump Installation, Maintenance and Training Project	С	USAID/Haiti	x	x	×	x	x	x	x	
T47	Technical Assistance in Review of Rural Primary Health Care Project Paper	С	USAID / Zaire			×	x	x			
T48	Technical Assistance in Handpump Maintenance and Plastic Valve and Faucet Manufacture (Field Report No. 101)**	С	USAIDdominican Republic	×	x		x	x	x	×	
T49	Survey of Potential Subcontractors for Human Resources Development Support	С	S&T/HEA				x	x		×	
T50	•	С	S&T/HEA	x	x		•	x	x	x	
T51	Implementation of Work- shop on Excreta Disposal in Non-Sewered Areas	С	NE/TECH		×				×	×	

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T52	Participation in Work- shop on Primary Health Care, 31 August to 3 September, 1981 in Sousse, Tunisia (Technical Report No.8 and Field Report No.29)**	С	NE/TECH/HPN			x	×	x		x	
T53	Participation in AID Health Officers Workshop in Lome, Togo, 15-20 November, 1981 (Technical Report No.13)**	С	AFR/H		×	x	×	x		x	
T54	Participation in AID Health Officers Workshop in Chiang Mai, Thailand, 8-14 November, 1981	С	ASIA/TR		×	x	×	×		x	
T55	Analysis of Human Resources Development Needs for the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan (Field Report **: 34)**	С	USAID/Jordan		x	×	x	x		x	
T56	WASH Participation in International Reference Center (IRC) Advisory Group on Community Educa-										
T 57	tion and Participation Technical Assistance to national Council for International Health for the Development and Implementation of a Water and Sanitation Workshop for PVO's	С	S&T/HEA			X	x			x	x
	(Technical Report No.14)**	С	S&T/HEA		x	x	x	x	x	x	x
T58	Technical Assistance to Develop Scope of Work for Impact Evaluation of Health Sector		USAID/Dominican								
	(Field Report No.35)**	С	Republic		x	x	x	×		x	

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTE No.		Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T59	Technical Assistance for Water Conservation Seminar (Field Report No.36)**	С	USAID/Jordan		x		×	×		x	
T60	Technical Assistance in Water Supply and Sanitation Planning and Training (Field Report No.37)**	С	USAID/Sudan		x	×	x	x		x	
T61	Technical Assistance in Operation and Maintenance of Water Pumping Systems (Field Report No.43)**	С	USAID/Morocco		×		x	x		×	
T62	Technical Assistance with Health Sector Assessment (Field Report No.33)**	С	USAID/Egypt		x	x	×			x	
T63	Technical Assistance in Local Handpump Manufacture and Maintenance (Field Report No. 100)**	С	USAID/Tunisia	×	×	×	×	x	x	x	
T64	Technical Assistance for We'l Siting (Field Report No.32)**	С	USAID/Mali		×	×					
T65	Collaborative Technical Assistance with Inter national Reference Center (The Hague) on 'Directory of Resources for Community Participation in Water Supply and Sanitation for				^						
T66	Developing Countries' Technical Assistance in Well Drilling for PVO Fundacao Esperanca in	С	S&T/HEA; IRC			x				X	x
	Amazon Basin (Field Report No.40)**	С	USAID/Brazil		x		x		×		

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General	Technical Assistar	200

	OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	international Coordination
•	T67	Preparation of Manual on the Installation, Opera- tion and Maintenance of a Portable Packaged Water Treatment and Disinfection System	С	S&T/HEA, OFDA		×			x	• 1	x	
•	T 6 8	Analysis, Design, Proto- type Development, and Demonstration System Construction and Opera- tion of PAHO 'Pumpless Pump' (Technical	c	S&T/HEA		x				X	x	
	T69	Report No.23)** Design and Implementation for AID Handpump	0	CSTAICA	v	v					v	
17	T70	Testing Program Technical Assistance for Seminar on Handpumps for Community Water Supply	С	S&T/HEA	x	X				X :	X	
	T7 1	in Developing Countries Design and Implementation of Robovalve TestingS&T/HEA	С	S&T/HEA		×				X	X	
		Program (Field Report No. 102)**	С	USAID/Ecuador	x	· x				x	x	
•	T72	Laboratory Assessment and Testing of AID Handpump	С	S&T/HEA	×	×				: X	x	×
•	T73	Technical Assistance in Revision of CARE Water Supply and Sanitation Project										
		(Field Report No.39)**	С	USAID/Indonesia			X	×				
	T74	Evaluation, Planning and Training Assistance to Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Project										
		(Field Report No.38)**	С	USAID/Peru		X	×	×	×			
				Wo	rk Status Key-	C=completed	O=ongoing	* = cancelled				

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTD No.		Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T75	Development of The National Sanitation Environmental Education Master Plan (Field Report No.58)**	С	USAID∶Tanzanial			×	×	x			
T76	Small Water Supply Systems: Training Program Design and Implementation with Agua del Pueblo (Field Report No.56)**	С	USAID/Guatemala		×	x	x	×	x	x	
T77	Planning for Improved Excreta and Waste-Water Pilot Demonstrations										
T78	(Field Report No.52)** Training of Sanitarians (Field Report No.44)**	, C C	USAID/Egypt USAID/Senegal		x x	×	x x	x x	×	x x	
T79	Technical Assistance in Planning Diarrheal Disease Control Sub- project (Field Report No.42)**	С	USAID/Indonesia		×	x	×	x			
T80	Training of Trainers Workshop for AID Hand- pump Technology Transfer Personnel (Field Report No.45)**	С	S&T/HEA		×	×		x		x	
T81	Collection and Analysis of AID Program Data for Interregional Planning in Water Supply and				^	^		*	x		
T82	Sanitation Local Manufacture of AID Handpumps (Field Reports Nos. 110, 123, 124, and 125)**	С	S&T/HEA USAID/Ecuador	x	×	x	x	x	x :	x x	
T83											
	(Field Report No.41)**	С	OFDA; S&T/HEA		x					×	

18

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTD No.		Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T84	Technical Assistance in Project Identification for Water Supply, Sewage and Health Sector Loan Project	С	USAID/Dominican Republic		×	x	×	x			
T85	Technical Assistance in Field Installation, Training, Testing and Evaluation of Handpumps (Field Report No. 103)**	С	USAID/Honduras	x	×	x		x	x	×	
T86	Attendance of WASH Training Officer at Meeting of Interagency Task Force on Human Resources Development; U.N. Water Decade Geneva	С	S&T/HEA			×		x			x
5 T87	Participation in AIDIS/ PAHO Regional Symposiums on Human Resources for the Water Decade, Panama, July 26-August 3, 1982	С	S&T/HEA		×	^		x			×
T88	Feasibility Analysis and Design Study of Effluent Reuse and Night Soil Disposal for Maseru - Lesotho (Field Report No.55)**	С	USAID/Lesotho		x	x	x				
T89	Preparation of a Manual on "Practical Water Treatment for Communities in Developing Countries"	0	S&T/HEA		×	×	x	x	x	×	
T90	Second Trainer of Trainers Workshop for AID Handpump Technology Transfer Personnel, September 15-17, 1982 (Field Report No. 60)**	С	S&T/HEA		×	x		x	x	x	
T91	•	С	USAID/Togo		×	x	×	×			
			Wo	rk Status Key-	C=completed	O=ongoing	*=cancelled				

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T92	Technical Assistance for Workshop on Water Supply and Sanitation for Rural Dispersed Populations (Field Report No. 67)**	С	USAID/Tunisia		x	×	x	x	x	x	x
Т93	Technical Assistance in Administration of Rural Sanitation Project (Field Report No.47)**	С	USAID/Bolivia				×			×	
T94	Review of Design Standards, Specifications and Costs for Water Supply and Sani- tation Systems for Low Income Housing	_									
T95	(Field Report No.46)** Kanye Village Sewerage and Sanitation Feasibility Study (Field Report No. 95)**	c	USAID/Honduras USAID/Botswana		×	x	x x	×	x x	x x	
T96	Monitoring and Evalua- tion of Community Health Promoter Training Course (Field Report No.49)**	С	USAID/Ecuador			x	x	x			
T 97	Technical Assistance in Well Siting and Drilling (Field Report No.50)**	С	USAID / Dominican Republic		x		x			x	
T98	Training Assistance on Groundwater Contamination and Quality	•	USAID/Costa Rica		x			x		x	
T99	Health Information System Development: Micro- computer Demonstration (Field Report No. 111)**	С	USAID/Dominican Republic			x	x			x	
T100	Technical Assistance in Training of Trainers for Public Health Nurse Supervisors and in										
	Training for Spring Cappers (Field Report Nos. 62 and 73)**	С	USAID/Zaire		x	x		x		x	

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	international Coordination
T101	Evaluation Assistance for Rural Water and Sanitation Project (Field Report No. 69)**	С	USAID/Honduras		x	x	×				
T102	Technical Assistance on Appropriate Well Drilling Equipment (Field Report No. 59)**	с.	USAID/Ecuador	×	×	x	x	×	x	x	
T103	Health Information System Development: Assessment and System Design Study (Field Report No. 111)**	С	USAID/Dominican Republic			×	x			x	
T104	Investigation of Appro- priate Water and Sanita- tion Systems for Low Cost Housing	С	USAID/Kenya		x		x		x		
	Technical Assistance in Lecture Workshop on Sanitary Engineering Design for Developing Countries (Field Report No. 63)**	c	USAID/Ecuador		x			x	×		
T106	Technical Assistance in Developing a National Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Plan (Field Report Nos. 53, 72 and 97)**	o	USAID/Central African Republic	×	x	×	x	x	x		
T107	Technical Assistance in Development of Inter- Sectoral Water Supply and Sanitation Strategy Paper for the Africa Bureau (Technical Report No. 19)**	С	AFR/TR/HNP		x	×	x	x		×	
T108	Training Assistance to the Assistant Sanitary Technician Schools	*	USAID/Cameroon		x	×		x	· .	×	

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

	OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
	T109	Technical Assistance to Peace Corps Water Supply and Sanitation Sector (Field Report No. 86)**	С	S&T/H/WS		×	x	x	x			
	T110	Coordination/Collabora- tion on LDC Training with the International Water Supply Association (IWSA)	С	S&T/H/WS				×	×			
	T111	In-service Training for Peace Corps Volunteers in Rural Potable Water Supply Project (Field Report No. 61)**	С	USAID/Morocco		×	×	×	×			
22	T112	Participation in Practice of Management Seminar	С	S&T/H/WS				x	x			
	T113	Technical/Managerial Review of the AID Hand- pump Technology Transfer Program in Sri Lanka, Philippines, Indonesia, Honduras, and Dominican Republic (Field Report No. 76)**	С	S&T/H/WS	x	x	x	x	x	x		
	T114	Assessment and Evaluation of the Feasibility of Local Manufacturing of the AID Handpump (Field Report No. 89)**	С	USAID/Peru	x	×		×				
	T115	Technical Assistance in Design of Weli Drilling Programs (Field Report No. 65)**	С	USAID/Honduras		x		x				
	T116	Technical Assistance in Training Social Promotion Agents in Spring Capping and Rainwater Harvesting Field Report No. 87)**	С	USAID/Togo		x	x		x			

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T117	Technical Assistance in Evaluation of Foster Parents Plan Water Projects (Field Report No. 71)	С	USAID/Indonesia		×	x	x				
T118	Technical Assistance in Assessing and Planning CARE Water Supply and Sanitation Projects (Field report No. 75)	С	USAID/Cameroon		x	×	x				
T119	Technical Assistance in Planning the Evaluation of Water Supply, Sanita- tion and Health Projects		USAID/Philippines		x	x	x				
23 T120	Technical Assistance in Evaluation of Water Supply, Sanitation and Health Aspects of Spring- fed Irrigation Project (Field Report No. 84)**	o	USAID/Tunisia		x	x	x				
T121	Technical Assistance for Training-of-Trainers Workshop for Peace Corps (Field Report No. 70)**	С	S&T/H/WS		×			×			
T122	Development of Trainers' Guide on Handpump Installation and Maintenance, and Latrine Construction	С	Peace Corps S&T/H/WS		x	x		×		x	
T123	Technical Assistance in Design and Delivery of a Training Workshop on Management Team Building (Field Report No. 68)**	С	USAID/Thailand				×	x			

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

Concest	Tachaical	Assistance	
Generai	I ecnnicai	Assistance	

OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T124	Technical Assistance to Assess Solid Waste, Waste- water and Water Supply Situation and Requirements (Field Report No. 66)**	С	USAID/Lebanon		×		×				
T125	Technical Assistance in Staffing AID/WASH Exhibi- tion Booth at APHA Annual Meeting, Montreal, November 13-19, 1982	С	S&T/H/WS			x				x	×
T 126	Review of Water-Seal Latrine Field Acceptance and Possible Local Manufacture	c	USAID/Honduras	x	x	×			:	^	•
T127	Reconnaissance Visit in Preparation for Sanitation Workshop	С	USAID/Senegal		x	x		x			
T128	Coordination / Collaboration on Water and Sanitation in Asia	С	S&T/H/WS		x					×	x
T129	PVO Seminar on Rural Potable Water and Sanitation Sy: ms (Field Report No. 77)**	С	USAID/Haiti		x	×	×	×	x		
T130	Comparative Life Cycle Cost Analysis of AID and Moyno Design Handpumps (Field Report No. 80)**	С	LAC/DR S&T/H/WS	×	x				×		
T131	Technical Assistance to Improve Management Structure and Systems of Public Health Inspectorate (Field Report No. 108)**	С	USAID/Swaziland			x	x	x	:	×	
T132	Planning of Latrine Construction Workshop and Determination of Training Needs in Water Supply and Sanitation	С	USAID / Dominican Republic		x	x		x			
		-	•	k Status Key- (*=cancelled	, T			

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

A	 	 -	-	
General				

OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T133	Feasibility Study and Planning of Water Supply and Sanitation Systems for Private Volunteer USAID/ Organizations (Field Report No. 90)**	С	Indonesia		x	x	x				
T134	Development of Solid Waste Disposal Plan for Beirut and Other Areas in Lebanon (Field Report No. 79)	С	USAID/Lebanon		x	×	x				
T135	Revision of Plan for Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Project Field Report No. 81)**	С	USAID/Honduras		×	x	×		x		
T136	Preparation of Scope of Work for Evaluation of CARE Rural Water Project (Field Report No. 83)**	С	USAID/Indonesia		×	x	×				
T137	Development of Compre- hensive Training Plan for Rural Spring Capping Project (Field Report No. 78)**	С	USAID/Burundi		x	×	x	x			
T138	Technical, Training and Management Assistance to the National Water Supply and Drainage Board (Field Report Nos. 94 and 122)**	С	USAID/Sri Lanka		×	x	×	×			
T139	Technical Assistance with Design of a Rural Water Supply Project	С	USAID/Thailand		x		×	x			
T140	Engineering Evaluation of Foster Parents Plan Water Projects Field Report No. 96)**	С	USAID/Haiti		×	x	×				
T141	Rural Health Workers Training (Field Report No. 88)**	С	USAID/Zaire		×	×	×	x			
			Worl	z Status Key-	C=completed	U=ongoing	*=cancelled				

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTI No.		Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Partcipation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T142	Public Health Education for Low-cost Sanitation (Field Report No. 92)**	С	USAID/Tanzania		x	x	x	x			
T143	Design and Delivery of Two Workshops on Latrine Construction (Field Report No. 98)**	С	USAID / Dominican Republic		x	x		x			
T144	Design and Delivery of Three Training of-Trainers Workshops on Community Participation in Water Supply Projects (Field Report No. 99)**	С	USAID/Malawi		x	x	×	x			
T145	Assistance in Evaluation of Rural Supply Project (Field Report No. 82)**	С	USAID/Togo		x	x	x	x			
T 146	Design of Research/Action Demonstration Study on Community Participation	С	USAID/Tunisia		×	×	×				
T147	Design and Delivery of Workshop on Latrine Construction, Solid Wastes Disposal, and Wastewater Disposal for Rural Areas (Field Report No. 91)**	С	USAID/Senegal		x	x		x			
T148	Technical Assistance in Development of a Water Supply and Sanitation Project	С	USAID/EI Salvador		×	x	×		X		
T149	Rural Water Supply Evaluation (Field Report No. 105)**	С	USAID/Malawi		x	×	×				
T150	Evaluation of Construction Aspects of Integrated Rural Health Project (Field Report No. 104)**	С	USAID/Guatemala		×	×	x				
	(Field Report No. 104)		Worl	Status Key-	C=completed	0=ongoing	*=cancelled				

^{••}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T151	Technical Assistance for Private Sector Water Program	С	USAID / Bolivia		×		x				
T152	Preparation of Scopes of Work for Human Resources Development Programs	С	USAID/Peru		×	x		x			
T153	Development and Testing of Rainwater Harvesting Training Materials	0	S&T/H/WS Inter-Regional		x	x		x			
T154	Development and Testing of Spring-Capping Trainers Guide	0	S&ST/H/WS Inter-Regional		×	×		x	•		
27 T155	Technical Assistance in Evaluation of CARE Water Program (Field Report No. 107)**	С	USAID/Indonesia			x	x	x			
T156	Technical Assistance in Evaluationof National Institute of Health Science Project	0	USAID/Sri Lanka		x		x	×			
T 157	Technical Assistance in Evaluation of CARE/Kenya Rural Water Projects (Field Report No. 106)**	С	USAID/CARE/Kenya		x	x	x				
T158	Technical Assistance in Assessment of Sanitation Sector and Strategy Design (Field Report No. 109)**	С	USAID/Tunisia/RHUDO		x		x		:		
T159	Technical Assistance in Institution Building (Field Report No. 119)**	С	NE Bureau				×	x		x	

^{••}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

General Technical Assistance

OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T160	Technical Assistance in Human Resource Development (Field Report Nos. 117 and 118)**	С	NE Bureau				x	×		x	
T161	Technical Assistance in Evaluation of Small Rural Water Systems (Field Report No. 22)**	С	USAID/Yemen		x	x	x				
T162	Technical Assistance on Project Paper for Community Water Systems Development	С	USAID/Haiti	x	×	x	x	×	X	x	
T163	Technical Assistance in Staffing AID/WASH Exhibi- tion Booth at APHA Annual Meeting, Dallas, Texas, November 13-17, 1983	С	S&T/H/WS			x				x	x
T164	Technical Assistance in Reviswing Low-Cost Alter- native Water Supply and Sanitation Concepts and Designs (Field Report No. 113)**	С	USAID/Ivory Coast		x		x		:		
T165	Collection and Presenta- tion of Water and Sanita- tion Related Health Education Materials	0	S&T/H/WS			x		x		x	
T 166	Technical Assistance for Workshop on Sanitation and Latrine Construction (Field Report No. 114)**	С	USAID/Sierra Leone		x	×	x	×			
T167	Technical Assistance for Rainwater Harvesting Workshop Field Report No. 115)**	С	l'SAID / Zaire		x			×			

^{••}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

WORK CONTENT OF ORDERS OF TECHNICAL DIRECTION FROM THE OFFICE OF HEALTH-A.I.D. TO THE WASH PROJECT COORDINATION AND INFORMATION CENTER AUGUST 29, 1980 - May 31, 1984

General Technical Assistance

	OTD No.	Title	Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Participation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
	T168	Technical Assistance in Evaluation of Rural Water- Borne Disease Control Project (Field Report No. 120)**	С	USAID/Swaziland		x	x	x	x			
	T169	Participation in Inter- national Workshop on Measuring the Health Impacts of Water Supply and Sanitation Projects, November 21-25, 1983 Dhaka	С	S&T/H/WS USAID/Bangladesh			x	x			x	x
29	T170	Technical Assistance for Development of Project Paper Amendment for Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Project	•	USAID/Togo		x		x				
	T171	Disaster Assistance Follwing Earthquake	С	OFDA/Turkey		x	×	x				
	T172	Drought Emergency Assistance (Field Report No. 112)**	С	OFDA/Mauritania		×	x	×				
	T173	Technical Assistance in Well Drilling and Community Participation (Field Report Nos. 116 and 121)**	С	USAID/Bolivia		×	x					
	T174	Technical Assistance in Evaluation of Rural Water Supply Project	С	USAID/Upper Volta		×	x	×	x			
	T175	Technical Assistance in Organizing a Training Unit in The Directorate of Rural Sanitation (DISAR)	С	USAID/Peru		x	×	x	×			

Work Status Key- C=completed O=ongoing *=cancelled

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

WORK CONTENT OF ORDERS OF TECHNICAL DIRECTION FROM THE OFFICE OF HEALTH-A.I.D. TO THE WASH PROJECT COORDINATION AND INFORMATION CENTER AUGUST 29, 1980 - May 31, 1984

General Technical Assistance

0' N		Work Status	Requesting Agent	Local Manufacturing	WS&S Engineering	Health & Community Partcipation	Policy & Procedure	Training	Transfer of Appropriate Technology	Information	International Coordination
T17	6 Technical Assistance on Project Paper for Urban Development	С	RHUDO / Jamaica		×	x	x				
T17	7 Evaluation of Basic Village Services Project	С	USAID/Egypt		x		x	x			
T17	8 Evaluation of Integrated Health Delivery Project	o	USAID/Ecuador		×	×	×	×			
T17	9 Assessment of Water and Sanitation Emergency Situation	С	OFDA/Mozambique		×		×				
T18	O Technical Assistance in Evaluation of Provincial Cities Project	С	USAID/Egypt		×		×	x			
O T18	11 Technical Assistance on Project Paper for Housing/ Sanitation Program	С	RHUDO/Tunisia		×		×				
T18	2 Follow-up Technical Assistance for Private Sector Water Program	С	USAID/Boliva		×	×	x				
T18	3 Review of Wastewater Treatment Facilities	С	USAID/Jordan NE/PD/ENV		×		×				
T 11	Participation in Human Resource Development Core Group Meeting	С	S&T/H/WS					x		• x	×

Work Status Key- C=completed O=ongoing *=cancelled

^{**}If a WASH Technical Report (TR) or Field Report (FR) was published under an OTD, the number of the Report is indicated. All reports and their titles are printed in numerical sequence in the List of WASH Publications in the Appendix.

SUMMARIES OF PRE-CDM WASH PROJECT ASSIGNMENTS

November 2, 1979: Completed

WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION PLAN-NING - THAILAND

This task was assigned to the American Public Health Association (APHA) by the Office of Health. It had four major objectives:

- Assessment of AID experience in water supply and sanitation in poorer villages with populations of less than 1,000 in the 20 provinces included in the Primary Health Care Project in Thailand.
- 2. Assessment of the basic levels of social and economic development affected by improvements in water supply and sanitation.
- Development of rural water supply and sanitation strategy by identifying positive changes effected in the past and by making recommendations for future programs in those fields.
- 4. Identification of targets of opportunity for projects that can be considered for funding with special emphasis on USAID participation in the International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade.

February 28, 1980: Completed

ASSISTANCE IN DEVELOPMENT OF NATIONAL DRINKING WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION DECADE PLAN - SRI LANKA

In February 1980 USAID/Colombo requested, through the Office of Health, the expert services of an individual well versed in national planning of drinking water and sanitation programs to identify the number of individuals and disciplines needed to formulate a detailed Decade Water Supply and Sanitation Plan for the country, including annual investment programs.

These services were provided through an AID agreement with APHA. The assignment resulted in a report: 'Scope of Work for Assistance in Preparation of a Comprehensive Plan for the International Decade for Drinking Water and Sanitation in Sri Lanka, March 1980.' The report recommended a seven man team for a total of 40 person weeks to assist the Government of Sri Lanka in developing the Decade Plan.

A unique methodology was used in developing the Decade Plan. The APHA team worked exclusively with and under the guidance of the designated representative of the Government of Sri Lanka. Findings were based on extensive meetings and consultations with him and others of the government.

Team members visited 74 villages to observe on-theground conditions and needs with the villagers as background for developing the Decade Plan. The Plan was reviewed with appropriate authorities and representatives of USAID/Sri Lanka as work progressed, and the Final Decade Plan was issued in September, 1980.

The National Water Decade Plan of the Ministry of Local Government, Housing and Construction included the following topics:

- 1. Definition of the overall problems.
- 2. Statement of the Government of Sri Lanka policy.
- 3. Definition of Decade Plan goals, objectives and priorities.
- 4. Socio-economic analysis.
- 5. Selection criteria.
- 6. Statement of strategy.
 - a. Determination of input requirements
 - b. Technology selection including development of in-country manufacture of equipment required for the Plan
 - c. Methods of approach
 - d. Institutional framework
 - e. Resource analysis
 - f. Constraints analysis
- 7. Two year investment projections.
- 8. Projection of levels of activity and financing required for subsequent years to achieve Decade goal.

The Executive Summary of the Decade Plan was presented, by the two Sri Lankan officials with whom the team had worked in Sri Lanka, to the United Nations General Assembly in New York on November 10, 1980, as part of the official launching of the International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade.

April 11, 1980: Completed

RURAL WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION PROGRAM PLANNING - ECUADOR

Technical support for this task was supplied by the APHA. The Work included three tasks:

- To conceptualize a program of rural water supply and sanitation a appropriate to Ecuador's resources and needs.
- 2. To strategize how that program might be developed to identify targets of opportunity for the Ministry of Health and USAID/Ecuador to consider.
- 3. To develop a Project Identification Document for the Mission in rural water supply and sanitation.

August 26, 1980: Completed

LOCAL MANUFACTURE OF AID HANDPUMPS AND ROBO-DEVICES - TUNISIA

Prior to this contract, Georgia Tech had conducted a feasibility study for the local manufacture of AID handpumps and Robo-devices in Tunisia. Based on this study and with authorization to USAID/Tunisia from DS/HEA to obligate funds, a contract was signed by USAID with Georgia Tech for technical assistance for local manufacture and testing of this equipment.

The objectives of the contract were for Georgia Tech to provide technical assistance to the Government of Tunisia and USAID/Tunisia in: locally manufacturing handpumps and the larger Robovalves, in developing no less than ten sanitary wells and upper structures, installing handpumps, disinfecting the well water and performing chemical analysis on well water for chlorine residual and other tests as necessary, as well as monitoring and evaluating the performance of the hand pumps.

In the spring of 1981, 40 AID pumps, produced under contract with Les Fonderies Reunies, were installed in the field after pre-selected open wells had been capped. Installation was a joint effort of Georgia Tech, CARE and the Ministry of Agriculture (Genie Rural). Related work is being done by Georgia Tech under Order of Technical Direction No. 63 (See below).

September 12, 1980: Ongoing

LOCAL MANUFACTURE OF AID HANDPUMPS AND ROBO-DEVICES - ECUADOR

Under an earlier contract with Georgia Tech, a determination was made that is was feasible to manufacture the AID Handpump and Robo-devices in Ecuador, Subsequently a contract was signed with Georgia Tech and USAID/Ecuador under funding authorization from DS/HEA. The initial contract provides for technical assistance in local manufacturing of 110 AID Handpuinps, 2,000 Robovalves and 1,000 feet of Roboscreen as well as for assurance of their appropriateness for introduction into bilateral projects which include water supply components. The project will also train the recipient private and public organizations in proper sanitary preparation of wells, installation of handpumps and Robo-devices, disinfection of water where necessary, bacteriological analysis of water, and maintenance and repair of AID Handpumps.

Georgia Tech later signed a contract with the Escuela Politechnica Nacional for the manufacture of 110 AID Handpumps and with Industries IEPESA (Ecuadorian plastics manufacturer) for 2,000 Robovalves and 1,000 feet of Roboscreens with two inch inside diameter.

In the fall of 1981 AID Handpumps and the Robo-devices were installed in rural areas of Ecuador by Peace Corps, the Vozandes, and the Ecuadorian Institute of Sanitary Works (IEOS) of the Ministry of Health, with appropriate training by Georgia Tech personnel. This contract will be completed in September 1984. Related work is being done by Georgia Tech under Order of Technical Direction No. 82 (See below). (See also WASH Field Reports Nos. 110, 123, 124 and 125.)

SUMMARIES OF ORDERS OF TECHNICAL DIRECTIONS TO THE WASH PROJECT COORDINATION AND INFORMATION CENTER Numbers 1 - 184

OTD #1

September 23, 1980: Completed

HANDPUMP MANUFACTURING - DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

The AID Health Sector Loan Project for manufacturing AID handpumps in the Dominican Republic was having trouble with quality control, materials processing and testing in the foundry operation, in-shop techniques of assembly, and in the organization of larger scale production activities, hence the request for WASH Project Assistance from the Mission.

A consultant from the University of Maryland well versed in AID handpumps and in manufacturing was sent to the Dominican Republic in October and November 1980 to assess the situation. The consultant identified casting, design and dimensional errors in several materials which would make pump assembly and maintenance difficult, if not impossible. These problems have been solved and the possible use of locally manufactured PVC deep well cylinders is being considered. A summary of work under this OTD may be found in WASH Field Report No. 20.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

AMERICAN PUBLIC HEALTH ASSOCIATION MEETING - EXHIBIT OF AID APPROPRIATE

TECHNOLOGY WS&S DEVICES - DETROIT,
MICHIGAN - DS/HEA

The purpose of this exhibit, held 17-23 October 1980 in Detroit, was to show interested health professionals from the United States and foreign countries appropriate water supply technologies developed under AID auspices. The devices shown were: 1) the AID handpump; 2) the Robometer (a low-cost, household, user activated, CO2 cartridge powered device to release measured volumes of water); 3) the Robovalve (a PVC heavy duty, essentially leak proof, faucet/valve for use on public and private water hydrants); and 4) the Roboscreen (a low-cost PVC slotted pipe to screen out gravel and sand in well pipes). The booth was manned by two consultants who had participated in the design and field testing of the equipment--one from Georgia Tech and the other from the University of Maryland.

The AID booth was of special interest to health professionals concerned with developing countries and improving their water supplies. Over two hundred visitors stopped at the booth over the four-day period. Numerous inquiries have been followed up with technical information.

For further information, contact Mr. J. Beverly.

OTD #3

October 6, 1980: Completed

PROJECT DESIGN MANUAL REFERENCES DEVELOPMENT - NEAR EAST BUREAU

The Near East Bureau developed a manual to assist USAID staff in identifying and describing water supply and sanitation projects in the field. An important component of the WS&S PID Manual is its "reference library" consisting of seventeen texts, papers and reports, some unpublished, which was supplied by WASH under this OTD. Similar "library sets" and bibliographies on relevant water supply and sanitation themes will be developed on request from Missions and Bureaus.

For further information, contact Mr. J. Beverly.

OTD #4

October 16, 1980: Completed

COMPETENCY-BASED TRAINING/PLANNING FOR AGENCY - DS/HEA; AID/W

The purpose of this OTD was to coliect and analyze information about training in past and present AID projects involving water and sanitation components. The results of this analysis will be used by WASH in responding to training assistance requests from Missions and Bureaus and in planning training conferences, workshops and seminars. This process is aimed at developing appropriate strategies and guidelines for the training aspects of water supply and sanitation project design, implementation, and evaluation at all levels in developing countries.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #5

October 16, 1980: Completed

UNICEF/PAN AMERICAN HEALTH ORGANIZATION WS&S WORKSHOP AND DISCUSSION OF WASH SERVICES, LIMA, PERU - PAHO; DS/HEA

This meeting was one of six held by UNICEF in its several regions for the purpose of defining UNICEF's activities during the International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade, 1981-1990. It was held in Lima, Peru 17-22 November 1980.

The purposes of having a representative of the WASH Project present were: 1) to learn more about UNICEF's and PAHO's plans and programs for the Water Decade; 2) to explain the WASH Project and how its work could be coordinated with the others; and 3) to meet LDC people active in water supply and sanitation.

Sixty people participated in the Workshop from twelve countries. The program included "position papers" by

The International Reference Center for Community Water Supply of the Hague presented a description of its POETRI-Program on Exchange and Transfer of Information--which involved some sixteen countries as of June 1980 and is expected to include more in the future. PAHO also described its Latin American Information and Documentation Network in Sanitary Engineering and Environmental Sciences. The WASH Project will work closely with these networks on information generation and exchange. Mr. Chanlett, the WASH consultant, made a flip-chart presentation of the WASH Project objectives and procedures.

These presentations were followed by workshops to design check-lists for use in developing water supply and sanitation projects in slum and rural areas.

The workshop achieved its objectives and highlighted two pressing needs for water supplies in Latin Americatraining of water supply workers and maintenance of water supply systems. Participants learned about the WASH Project and the AID mission in Peru became especially well informed about WASH through Mr. Chanlett's several visits. See WASH Field Report No. 30.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #6

October 27, 1980: Completed

SUCIAL SCIENCE ANALYSIS FOR WS&S: AID ADMINISTRATOR BENNET PROJECT EVALUATION - PPC/EI

As part of its program of impact evaluation of rural projects, the Bureau for Program and Policy Coordination (PPC) requested social science expertise on Peru from the WASH Project.

A qualified social scientist was needed to do a document search and data analysis on health, socio-economic, institutional and demographic indicators for the provinces of Ancash and Libertad, Peru. Corresponding information was needed describing the broader characteristics of the sierra region and the nation.

The consultant reviewed documents made available by PPC and prepared summary briefs, tables, charts and graphs relating directly to the geographic and topical areas noted above. The information was submitted in draft form to PPC to be used as background information by the impact evaluation team.

See WASH Field Report No. 1.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #7

November 3, 1980: Completed

ORAL REHYDRATION THERAPY: REVIEW DISCUSSION OF NEED FOR USING POTABLE WATER IN ORT SOLUTIONS - DS/HEA; DS/POP

The purpose of this OTD was to obtain the professional counsel of Dr. Lincoln Chen of the Harvard University School of Public Health for a meeting held in AID on November 13, 1980. Major issues discussed were the effects of oral rehydration solutions made with contaminated water and how the provision of potable drinking water might improve health and have a desirable effect on morbidity, mortality and fertility rates, and on nutrition.

The major conclusion, given what is now known, was that there did not seem to be much support for including a disinfectant in oral rehydration solution packets, although a shift in this opinion might be warranted when further research has been done. It was suggested that further studies be conducted for the provision of safe household water supplies and for 'rethinking' the whole water supply and health model.

The results of this meeting, which includes a limited literature search on oral rehydration fluids and disinfection, may be found in WASH Technical Report No. 2.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #8

November 4, 1980: Completed

PAN AMERICAN HEALTH ORGANIZA-TION/CARIBBEAN COMMUNITY WS&S PLANNING MEETING IN BARBADOS - PAHO; DS/HEA

The purpose of this international meeting, sponsored by the Pan American Health Organization and the Caribbean community, was to discuss: 1) proposed national environmental health activities in the Caribbean to improve programming 2) the International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade; and 3) the new AID Water and Sanitation for Health Project (WASH) which began operating in September, 1980. Twenty senior environmental, health project and engineering officers from Caribbean countries and international agencies attended the meeting.

The wide-ranging discussions covered most of the water supply and sanitation spectrum of the Caribbean area with emphasis on accelerating implementation of funded projects being held up by paper work, on the need for technical training, sanitation education for the population, improved water quality control, and up-dated environmental legislation from its 1932 and prior year bases. A significant concern was for the necessity of national commitment for Water Decade goals by the entire cabinet of each country in addition to the Ministry of Health.

A major recommendation was that the concepts, manuals, guidelines and personnel of the Caribbean

Basin Water Management Project be replicated with appropriate modifications elsewhere in the world as a proven methodology to train the personnel so urgently needed for the success of Water Decade Programs.

The presentation of the WASH Project was made by consultant Mr. Charles Pineo, who emphasized that the principles, policies and programs of both the Water Decade and the WASH Project must be explained and reinforced by extensive person-to-person contact if their collective goals are to be reached.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #9 November 9, 1980: Completed

RURAL WATER SUPPLY REVIEW - HAITI

AID has supported the CARE and other PVO rural water supply projects in Haiti for several years with good results but with much room for improvement and expansion. The services of the WASH Project Director, James Arbuthnot, were made available to the AID Mission for two weeks to review the existing situation and make suggestions for improvements in WS&S planning, operations, maintenance and training.

Fourteen rural water systems were visited. Significant problems observed included use of PVC pipe in exposed, above ground placements with risk of damage and unauthorized diversion or water (metal pipe would minimize these hazards); lack of proper attention to the drainage requirements of new water fountains with consequent mosquito breeding; and absence of formal provision for system maintenance, including training. Equipment, such as portable kits for field testing of water for coliforms, and for laboratories, is also needed.

Since a dozen or more PVOs are active in Haiti's water supply and sanitation development, a major recommendation is that WASH support a practical workshop for all local PVO's and others concerned with water supply and sanitation in Haiti. The workshop could be built around case histories of local PVO successes and failures and would provide a basis for better planning, control and training. See WASH Field Report Nos. 2, 72, and 96, and OTD Nos. 129, 140, and 162.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD #10 November 21, 1980: Cancelled REGIONAL HEALTH OFFICERS CONFER-

ENCE PARTICIPATION FOR WEST AFRICA REDSO/WA: AFR/DR

After the WASH Project staff had spent several days organizing a presentation and procuring documents for distribution at this Conference, scheduled for 7-13 December 1980 at Abidjan, Ivory Coast, a decision was made by the Africa Bureau to delete the subject of water and sanitation from the agenda.

However, the documents on water supply and sanitation that were to have been distributed at the Conference were mailed to the participants at their missions.

For further information, contact Mr. J. Beverly.

OTD #11

November 21, 1980: Completed

LOCAL MANUFACTURING FOR WATER SUP-PLY AND SANITATION DEVICES -PHILIPPINES

The AID offices of Capital Development and Engineering in Manila have programmed the local manufacture of AID handpumps and Roboscreens, which are used in wells and infiltration galleries to screen out sand. They requested WASH Project assistance in laying out the scope of work for the procurement, supervision and production of this equipment and of complete wind-powered water pumping system/facilities.

A WASH consultant from Georgia Institute of Technology spent a week in the Philippines with the AID Mission, inspected local manufacturing facilities, and drafted a proposed scope of work for a local manufacturing program to produce 250 shallow-well handpumps, 250 deep-well handpumps, and spare parts over a 24 month period. The draft program also includes four pilot projects of communal water systems/facilities powered by wind energy to be designed, procured, installed and operated during an 18-month period.

The draft scope of work was reviewed by the Mission and has resulted in OTD No.40. See also OTDs Nos. 54 and 76 and WASH Field Report Nos. 3, 54, and 76.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD #12 November 21, 1980: Completed

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT: PROTO-TYPE WS&S DEVICES - DS/HEA

The purpose of this OTD was to review options, prepare recommendations to DS/HEA for discussion, and develop a subcontract with an organization having highly innovative, inventive industrial and mechanical engineering professionals with demonstrated expertise in going from concept to operational prototype in short periods of time. Subcontractor should have a well-fitted mechanical shop with equipment capable of working with a wide variety of metals and plastics. A suitable testing laboratory should also be available.

The selected subcontractor may be working on a variety of non-proprietary devices ranging from water meters to windmills over the next several years. Work on these devices would be initiated by OTD's.

Subcontractor could have more than one facility, but at least one facility in the Washington, D.C. area is necessary so that international donor personnel and WASH staff can participate in product development and trouble shooting/ design of devices. Georgia Tech Research Institute was selected to provide these R&D services. Georgia Tech in turn has a subcontract with the University of Maryland for joint use of the latter's International Rural Water Resources Development Laboratory at College Park, Maryland in addition to its own R&D facilities in Atlanta, Georgia.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

ITALIAN EARTHQUAKE RELIEF ASSISTANCE OFDA (OFFICE OF FOREIGN DISASTER ASSISTANCE)

Following a visit to the disaster areas near Naples by an AID representative in early December 1980, the WASH Project Staff was requested to identify and contact United States and European sources of suitable senitation equipment that was available for shipment to the disaster area. Estimates of the homeless population ranged from 50,000 to over 150,000 people.

In a four day period WASH staff, by telephone and cable, identified some 19 sources of commercial excreta disposal facilities, individual home water supply treatment equipment and chemicals, individual laundry and shower facilities and chlorine residual comparator test kits for public water supplies. A variety of alternative construction, installation and operational modes for communal facilities were described and rough cost estimates prepared. These ranged from locally constructed latrines and showers to the use of field-erected and prefabricated sanitary and laundry units from foreign suppliers.

A twenty-five page report (plus technical appendices) outlining twelve alternative solutions to the community water supply and sanitation situation was dispatched by courier to Naples on December 13, 1980, for use by the local U.S. Disaster Relief Team. See WASH Field Report No. 25 and OTD No. 42 below.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD #14 December 11, 1980: Completed PERI-URBAN AND RURAL WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION PROGRAM REVIEW AND PROJECT DEVELOPMENT - ECUADOR

This task for USAID/Ecuador had two distinct parts: peri-urban and rural The peri-urban review and assessment involves working with an Ecuadorian private volunteer organization (Fundacion Natura) and local municipal sewerage companies in Quito, Guayaquil and other cities. The work included analyzing environmental sanitation and sewerage problems, plans and constraints, suggesting alternative strategies, identifying high priority projects, and making over-all recommendations. Constraints of concern were high-cost inappropriate technologies, lack of trained manpower and funding, and absence of policy direction.

The technical analysis in selected rural towns is of integrated approaches that include low-cost housing, water, sewerage and related infrastructure, social services and employment generation/training activities. This task has provided AID with a unique opportunity for on-the-job training. Under the experienced guidance of Mr. Charles Pineo, a young U.S.-educated sanitary engineer gained hands-on exposure to developing country situations by assisting in data collection, interviewing and drafting reports. While developing

countries have shortages of trained water supply and sanitation personnel, developed countries like the United States have a shortage of professionals who are qualified by field experience to be effective in developing countries. The WASH Project is an effective mechanism for the United States and AID to increase the supply of water supply and sanitation professionals experienced in developing country work. See WASH Field Report Nos. 9 and 12.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

WELL DRILLING EQUIPMENT SPECIFICA-TIONS AND PROCEDURES - TUNISIA

As part of its rural potable water subproject, the AID Mission in Tunisia is examining the use of low-cost technology for drilling relatively shallow wells (maximum 200 meters) having low to moderate yields. The government of Tunisia is experienced in drilling larger and deeper wells for irrigation water and needed assistance in preparing a suitable invitation for bidders for the purchase of a smaller, less expensive drilling rig. The Mission was also interested in the use of PVC in well casing and screens.

An experienced well driller visited Tunisia in December 1980, conferred with AID and Tunisian officials, and drafted bid specifications and the personnel specifications for a well drilling adviser to train Tunisians in the use of top head drive rotary drills.

The consultant provided technical information and guidance on the use of PVC well casing and screens, but recommended that steel casing and screening be used initially. Later on PVC could be used in areas where drilling is relatively uncomplicated and straightforward and the crews are more experienced with the new drilling rig.

There are two Tunisian government agencies interested in using the proposed technology. One has had considerable experience with operating and maintaining heavy equipment. If the other agency is assigned the technology, an intensive training program will be required. See WASH Field Report No. 4.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD #16 December 15, 1980: Completed WATER SUPPLIES FOR RURAL LAND RECLAMATION -MAURITANIA

The AID Mission in Mauritania needed assistance with a Project paper for rural land reclamation intended to improve the traditional construction of "barrages" (dams). The dams retain rainwater runoff for recessional agriculture in the dry-land interior of the country, e.g., earth/rock dams are broken in October and the moist soil behind the dam (70-150 hectares) is used for agriculture. The dams are later patched up for the next rainy season.

OTD#18

December 24, 1980: Completed

The centuries old practice of recessional agriculture commonly induces water related diseases - schistosomiasis, malaria and parasitic infections especially when the communities around the temporary ponds use them for drinking water, watering livestock and bathing. Shallow wells dug nearby also become contaminated by human and animal wastes.

The Mission requested short-term technical assistance in sanitary engineering and tropical disease control to better identify key issues in this complex environment and to suggest alternative courses of action to deal with them. Ideas suggested to the Mission included establishing schistosomiasis surve'llance and control teams; a pilot project in one dam area to chemically control urinary schistosomiasis; to disturb snail growth and kill mosquito larvae by fluctuating the water level behind the dams; and to provide better wells for human and animal use. See WASH Field Report No. 11.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #17

December 23, 1980: Completed

REVIEW OF APPROPRIATE WATER SUPPLY TECHNOLOGIES, IMPLEMENTATION PLANNING, LOCAL MANUFACTURING AND TRAINING - EL SALVADOR

This OTD was to provide support for one component of a larger potable water supply and sanitation project in El Salvador. WASH consulting services were requested to provide guidance in: 1) field investigations to select sites; 2) review and selection of appropriate technologies; 3) development of manuals describing installation, operation, and maintenance of the technologies; and 4) training in same.

Technologies to be considered for use in five to ten localities included: solar, wind, or hydraulic energized pumps; storage tanks; homemade filters; utilization of rain water through dams or cisterns; and disinfecting systems. The technologies should be easily operated and maintained, low cost, durable and appropriate to the locality.

The WASH Project Manager in the Office of Health realized that it was difficult, if not impossible, to find one person having the necessary knowledge and skills and suggested that two people be used. One would be an internationally experienced rural water supply and sanitation engineer and the other would be well versed in the practices of appropriate technology adaptation, implantation, manufacturing and marketing. The mission concurred and the WASH project was prepared to send qualified people to El Salvador when the political situation shifted. The Mission requested that technical assistance support be temporarily postponed. A brief review and bibliography of appropriate technology for rural water supply and sanitation suitable for El Salvador was prepared as WASH Field Report No. 26.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

WS&S IMPLEMENTATION PLAN DESIGN FOR RURAL WATER PROJECT - PERU

The purpose of this AID Project in Peru was to provide potable water systems, latrines and health education to 420 communities of about 500 inhabitants each in selected regions of the sierra and high jungle over a five year period. The eight million dollar project (five million from AID) will integrate these activities into the primary health programs of those communities and simultaneously strengthen the administrative and technical capacity of the Peruvian Regional Health Office involved in the project.

As the Directorate of Sanitary Engineering of the Peruvian Ministry of Health was experiencing difficulties in getting the Project moving, the AID Mission requested the WASH Project to provide a highly qualified professional, Mr. Harold Shipman, to expedite matters and give general guidance for the Project.

After discussion and review of the Project with AID and Peruvian officials, the WASH consultant left a list of suggestions and recommended revision of the implementation plan, procedures and schedules. His review included observations that the price of locally produced PVC (polyvinyl chloride) plastic pipe and fittings might be higher than imported pipe, and that the foundry industry in Peru could probably manufacture handpumps, an AID supported activity underway in several other developing countries.

Follow-up support by the WASH consultant and other specialists continued after the Directorate of Sanitary Engineering carried out the first round of implementation recommendations. See WASH Field Report No. 6, OTD No. 74 below and WASH Field Report No. 38.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD#19

January 14, 1981: Completed

FOOD WASTAGE PROJECT: EXPERT PANEL REVIEW - PPC/E; DS/HEA

The purpose of this OTD was to coordinate the development of a comprehensive, in-depth review of the Food Wastage/Sanitation Cost-Benefit Methodology Project carried on from 1972-1976 by the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill and the Institute of Nutrition of Central America and Panama (INCAP). Many questions had been raised about the validity of the conclusions drawn from this project. The hypothetical underpinnings, research design, and statistical inferences, as well as other methodological aspects of the project, were examined in detail.

A panel of outstanding experts in relevant disciplines was assembled and met in February and May at the WASH Coordination and Information Center. Its final report is on file as WASH Technical Report No. 12.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

SMALL WASTEWATER STABILIZATION POND DESIGN AND ANALYSIS - LEBANON

Under an Environmental Sub-project, AID was supporting the American University in Beirut, Lebanon, and the Ministry of Public Health in the design, construction and testing of small wastewater stabilization ponds to treat sewage from small towns. The Mission requested technical advice on design alternatives to minimize construction costs.

After reviewing the situation, plans, sites, operation, budgets and schedules with AID and Lebanese officials, the WASH consultant developed recommendations on the most appropriate and acceptable approaches to small wastewater stabilization pond utilization. See WASH Field Report No. 10.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD#2

January 26, 1981: Completed

LATRINE AND WATER CONTAINER DESIGN ANALYSIS, AND PLANNING OF EVALUA-TIONS AND OF HEALTH MATERIALS -DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

Under Health Sector Loan II, AID is assisting the Secretariat of Health in the Dominican Republic to provide water supply, latrines and health education in 500 rural villages having 26,500 homes. The Mission requested technical assistance in: 1) designing and carrying out evaluation plans for Health Sector Loan II; 2) providing information on waterseal latrines; 3) preparing specifications for household water containers and water treatment; and 4) designing health education materials for potable water and sewage disposal activities.

As a result of an on-site visit and discussions with AID, government officials and several manufacturing firms, WASH Staff designed evaluation plans and educational materials and prepared alternative specifications for plastic container manufacture in Santo Domingo. See WASH Field Reports Nos. 5, 21 and 23.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD#22

January 26, 1981: Cancelled

REVIEW OF TESTING PREDICTION SANITATION MODEL PROJECT - DS/HEA

Cancelled due to conflict of schedule of consultant.

OTD#23

January 26, 1982: On-going

PREPARATION OF GUIDELINES FOR WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION PROJECT DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION, INTER-REGIONAL - DS/HEA

Many missions and several AID Bureau have expressed a need for guidelines of this kind. The WASH staff reviewed relevant AID work and reports on this subject and developed realistic and useful guidelines for water supply and sanitation project design and implementation to be used for and in developing countries. The WASH draft is under review by the Office of Health.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD#24

January 30, 1981: Completed

RURAL WS&S SYSTEM DESIGN FOR AID PROJECT PAPER - ECUADOR

Mission required technical assistance in two areas: rural sanitation delivery systems, and engineering analysis of proposed water supply systems. The IEOS (Ecuadorian Institute of Sanitation Work) needed guidance in determining specific numbers of persons to be trained, person-months and types of technical assistance to be provided, vehicle requirements, and inter-governmental agency organizational restructuring.

The engineering analysis was of preliminary water system designs for a dozen communities of 200-2,000 inhabitants. It included review of cost estimates and technical design appropriateness, handpump quantities, need for additional small systems and assessment of appropriate excreta disposal systems. Recommendations also contained suggestions for community involvement in planning, design, operation and maintenance of water and sanitation systems. See WASH Field Report No. 13.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD #25

February 12, 1981: Completed

RURAL SANITATION MANPOWER DEVELOP-MENT (RSMD): WORKSHOP AND PROGRAM ASSISTANCE--INDONESIA

The Government of Indonesia, with AID support, was in final planning stages of its Rural Sanitation Manpower Development (RSMD) Project, and requested WASH guidance on the project and for a training workshop starting February 24, 1981.

The scope of work for this OTD included:

- Presentation at the workshop of latest water supply and sanitation appropriate technology (AT) alternatives. Content of workshop was designed to guide AT development programs in ten Indonesian regional training centers.
- 2. Formulation and servicing of plans for technological research and development.
- Consultation with groups or individuals engaged in work related to development of systems and practices for effective wide-scale application of appropriate techniques and methods.
- 4. Consultation on incorporating recent techniques and methods into the training of sanitation personnel, specifically for the training of trainers.
- Consultation on curriculum development for inservice training and/or retraining of existing sanitation personnel.

 Review and comment on approximately 12 proposals for research already submitted by RSMD staff in Regional Centers.

See WASH Field Report No. 16.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #26

February 13, 1981: Completed

PROJECT DESIGN ASSISTANCE FOR HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROJECT (HEMP) AND WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION MANPOWER TRAINING-TANZANIA

USAID Missionanzania requested project design support for work with the Ministry of Lands, Housing and Urban Development (ARHDI) on training, and with the Muhimbili Medical Center (MMC) in the Department of Community Medicine, University of Dar es Salaam, on the Health and Environmental Monitoring Project (HEMP).

The work in training with ARHDI concerned development of a sanitation education master plan and the possible creation of new facilities. Facilitation will involve public health engineering curricula at the University, technician training at the ARDHI Institute, health officer training at three regional centers, health educator training at Muhimbili Hospital, and health assistant training. This work will provide background information for a Project Identification Document (PID).

A PID has been completed for the HEMP Project but specific assistance is needed to prepare the scope of work and identify design team composition for the HEMP Project Paper. As now envisaged, HEMP has four phases spread over a five year period: planning, baseline and environmental assessment (including sanitation education and construction of appropriate sanitation devices); follow-up monitoring and assessment of sanitation interventions; and final analysis of data and publication of results. See WASH Field Report Nos. 7 and 8.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD #27

February 13, 1981: Completed

EVALUATION OF RURAL HEALTH PROJECT - NIGER

USAID/Niger requested two French speaking consultants to participate in a four-man evaluation team and visit Niger 14 March or earlier. Desired skills provided were in development economics and rural water supply and sanitation. The Evaluation team was headed by Dr. Donald Ferguson, DS/HEA.

Components of the project to be evaluated included: public health administration (epidemiology, logistics, supplies distribution, cold chain, construction of dispensaries); training (curriculum development at the certified and state level nursing schools); supervision and management of rural health teams; rural sanitation and water supply; and cost control.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #28

February 19, 1981: Completed

REPRESENTATION OF DS/HEA AND WASH AT CONFERENCE OF WORLD FEDERATION OF PUBLIC HEALTH ASSOCIATIONS, CAL-CUTTA, INDIA, 23-26 FEBRUARY 1981 -DS/HEA

Dr. Isely's purpose in Calcutta was to set-up and man an AID/WASH display, participate in the conference as an international health expert, as appropriate and requested, and explain the WASH Project to all concerned. A folding graphic and photographic display of WASH functions was prepared and sample AID Robovalves and Roboscreens were taken for exhibition, along with relevant descriptive information for distribution. Dr. Isely also visited the National Environmental Engineering Research Institute (NEERI) at Nagpur, India, to discuss the WASH Project and possible modes of collaboration. See WASH Field Report No. 14.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #29

February 19, 1981: Completed

DEVELOPMENT OF LOCAL CAPABILITY TO FABRICATE HANDPUMPS AND WELL SCREENS - HONDURAS

USAID Mission/Honduras requested WASH assistance in local manufacture of the AID Handpump and Roboscreen. WASH sub-contractor, Georgia Institute of Technology, has worked with a local foundry to manufacture the AID Handpump. Frequent supervision of the foundry operation was provided by personnel of the Central American Research Institute for Industry (ICAITI) in nearby Guatamala, and, in March 1982, Georgia Tech personnel conducted final acceptance inspection of 150 Honduran/AID handpumps. Sites were selected for installing 30 of these pumps as well as 10 Dempster pumps, 10 Moyno pumps and 10 locally-manufactured SANDPAR pumps in order to compare their performance. Installation of the handpumps and assistance in developing a program and manuals for their operation and maintenance was conducted under WASH OTD No. 85. See WASH Field Report Nos. 85 and 103.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #30

March 2, 1981: Completed

PARTICIPATION IN XIII CENTRAL AMERICAN CONGRESS OF SANITARY ENGINEERING MEETING, 16-20 MARCH 1981, GUATEMALA CITY - GUATEMALA

USAID/Guatemala and ROCAP indicated that this meeting would be a good opportunity to present the WASH Project and its capabilities to Latin American engineers who were assembling to discuss Central American cooperation during the U.N. International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade.

The WASH consultant, Mr. Charles Pineo, briefed the AID Mission and ROCAP on WASH, and became part of

the program of the Congress. See WASH Field Report No. 15.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD #31 March 11, 1981: Completed

WASTEWATER TREATMENT DESIGN RE-VIEW AND GUIDELINE PREPARATION -JORDAN

USAID/Amman and the National Planning Commission had reviewed the need and value of the "standardization" of design, construction, operation and maintenance of wastewater treatment processes and plants in the cities and rural towns of Jordan. The number of projects and feasibility studies underway and planned (over a dozen) merited the development of a set of wastewater treatment guidelines for the use of all concerned, hence this Order of Technical Direction.

The WASH consultant 1) analyzed and evaluated the feasibility studies and designs for all wastewater treatment plants and processes under review in Jordan, including plant visits for consideration of appropriateness and of effluent quality, standards, and self-purification of receiving waters as a function of treatment; 2) participated in a round-table conference on design review and discussion of guideline scope and contents with Jordanian and AID officials and consultants; and 3) prepared an outline of guidelines and recommendations for the National Planning Commission. See WASH Field Report No. 17.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD #32

March 16, 1981: Completed

COORDINATION OF WASH INFORMATION ACTIVITIES AND EXCHANGE WITH INTERNATIONAL INFORMATION CENTERS - DS/HEA

The purpose of the WASH Project Information Center is to provide information gathering synthesis, reproduction, dissemination and follow-up services, including WS&S guideline development, to AID field Missions, Regional Geographic Bureaus and other offices of AID. The Information Center is a clearinghouse information retrieval facility which stores and disseminates WS&S information on request.

To further the development of WASH Project international information capabilities, the WASH Information Director was authorized to visit specified information organizations and centers in Europe, Asia, and Latin America. These organizations are cooperating with the International Reference Center for Community Water Supply and Sanitation (IRC), The Hague, and its Program on Exchange and Transfer of Information (POETRI) under WHO auspices for the UN Water Decade.

These visits established sound, long-term working relationships on WS&S matters concerning information exchange and various modes of collaboration on information development, acquisition, analysis and dis-

semination. In addition, possible cooperative interactions on WS&S training, technical assistance, and technology transfer/adaptation were explored. Coordinating visits were made to the IRC, the Intermediate Technology Development Group (London), the Appropriate Health Resources and Technologies Group (London), the Ross Institute (London), the Water Research Center (Stevenage, U.K.), the TOOL Foundation (Amsterdam), the Pan American Center for Sanitary Engineering and Environmental Science - CEPIS (Lima, Peru), the Asian Institute of Technology and its Environmental Sanitation Information Center (AIT-ENSIC) in Bangkok, and the World Health Organization (WHO) in Geneva. See WASH Field Reports Nos. 18, 48 and 64.

For further information, contact Mr. J. Beverly.

OTD #33

April 6, 1981: Completed

DEVELOPMENT OF TESTING PROTOCOL FOR MOBILE WATER TREATMENT AND DISINFECTION UNITS IN DISASTER SITUA-TIONS - DS/HEA; OFDA

A sanitary engineer with background in development and coordination of testing experimental design and protocols for water treatment and disinfection devices was supplied by WASH to act as facilitator between AID/Office of Disaster Assistance, the U.S. EPA (Office of Registration) and the U.S. Army Medical Research and Development Laboratory (Ft. Dietrick, MD) in development of chemical, biological and virological testing protocols for mobile water treatment and disinfection units.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

TD #34

April 6, 1981: Completed

COORDINATION AND FACILITATION OF USE OF WASH TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE SERVICE IN AFRICA - AFR/DR; DS/HEA

The Africa Bureau requested the services of a Technical Assistance coordinator to work with the AFR Bureau and the field missions for increased utilization and awareness of WASH technical services in water and sanitation. Mr. Craig Hafner, WASH Senior Project Officer, acting in this capacity, coordinated directly with DS/HEA and AFR/DR officials, desk officers and other personnel as necessary. He made three trips to Africa and has visited Botswana, Cameroon, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Lesotho, Malawi, Sierra Leone, Swaziland and Zaire. Fifteen OTDs resulted from these trips.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #35

April 6, 1981: Completed

PARTICIPATION IN THE AWWA MEETING, ST. LOUIS, 8-12 JUNE, 1981 DS/ENGR; DS/HEA

The American Waterworks Association International Affairs Committee/(AWWA) extended an invitation to Dr.

Mary Elmendorf, WASH consultant, to address the Conference on the general subject of "Acceptance of Public Water Supply in Developing Countries". This was also an opportunity to describe the WASH Project to that body.

Coordination was made through Mr. F. Montanari, DS/ENGR, the conference panel chairman. Copies of her paper were prepared for dissemination to interested parties and are available from WASH as Technical Report No. 6, "Women, Water and the Decade".

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #36

April 6, 1981: Completed

EVALUATION OF RURAL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT - BURUNDI

WASH assistance was sought through the AID Representative to evaluate an on-going rural water supply project in Burundi. The WASH team assessed the impact of this UNICEF project, investigated other opportunities to increase the accessibility of rural populations to safe water and suggested further means of fostering community health/sanitation education.

The request was for a rural water specialist with technical public health/sanitation background and a cultural anthropologist with background in rural water supply and sanitation. The team developed criteria for evaluating spring captation, conducted a brief evaluation by visiting representative cross sections of the communes, and reviewed other donor gravity fed water projects to assist in obtaining the most cost-effective systems. See WASH Field Report No. 24.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD #37

April 6, 1981: Completed

PARTICIPATION IN SESSION ON WATER, SANITATION AND HEALTH EDUCATION, UNICEF, NEW YORK, 22-23 APRIL 1981 - DS/HEA

A session involving UNICEF headquarters and field staff plus invited experts from other institutions addressed the complexities of water supply and sanitation, its impact upon health, and the critical mix of interventions which might assure or increase such benefits. Also on the agenda was a discussion of the role of sanitation/health education in water programs. Dr. R. Isely and Mr. C. Pineo were invited by UNICEF to attend the meeting. See WASH Field Report No. 31.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #38

April 8 & 21, 1981: Completed

FURTHER DEVELOPMENT OF RURAL WATER AND SANITATION PROJECT - THAILAND

WASH pre-project design work assistance was provided for preliminary assessment of technical and economic feasibility of providing clean water to small communities or rural population concentrations of 2,000 or less using

piped water systems. Appropriate non-piped alternative supply systems were identified and assessed for certain areas of northeast Thailand. Scopes of work for design and feasibility studies of the above and related matters were also prepared. See WASH Field Report No. 19.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD #39

May 5, 1981: Completed

EVALUATION OF THE WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT PROJECT FOR THE NATIONAL WATER AND SEWAGE AUTHORITY (NWSA) - YEMEN

WASH assistance was sought to evaluate the on-going Water Supply Systems Management project in the Yemen Arab Republic. The project evaluation included:

- 1. Evaluation of progress towards attainment of project objectives and goals.
- 2. Recommended revision of project objectives and goals as appropriate and recommended project modifications/reductions if appropriate.
- Identification and evaluation of problems or conditions which may impede progress towards those objectives.
- 4. Assessment of steps that can be taken to overcome or minimize those problems.

The request was for a two-person team consisting of a senior expert in water and sewage operations and administration in developing countries, and a training/personnel advisor with water and sewage experience. The team, among other tasks, reviewed all relevant projects, contracts and contractor documents; examined status, capabilities and effectiveness of NWSA's plans, policies, organization, procedures and operations; and made appropriate recommendations towards achievement of project objectives and its goal. See WASH Field Report No. 22 and OTD No. 161.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD #40

May 14, 1981: Completed

AID HANDPUMP MANUFACTURE - PHILIPPINES

As part of the Barangay Water Program (BWP), AID/Philippines requested technical assistance for local manufacture and installation of the AID handpump and training BWP engineers and technicians in well siting, construction and pump installation, operation and maintenance. The WASH sub-contractor (Georgia Institute of Technology) assisted a local foundry in manufacturing the AID handpump and conducted final acceptance inspection of the pumps in March 1982. Georgia Tech has prepared an extensive manual for use by the BWP engineers in well construction and pump installation, operation and maintenance. A week-long seminar was held in April 1982 to train BWP engineers and technicians in the content of and use of the manual. See WASH Field Report No. 54.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE OF CULTURAL ANTHROPOLOGIST IN PEACE CORPS TRAINING PROGRAM IN AREAS OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND PARTICIPATION IN WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION - PEACE CORPS; DS/HEA

June 1, 1981: Completed

The Peace Corps Water and Sanitation Sector organized an intensive "training-for-trainers" program in New Mexico for 30 "trainers-to-be" May 31 to July 3, 1981, in conjunction with the U.S. Indian Health Service. The trainers were preparing for work in Kenya, Guatemala, Togo, Yemen, Lesotho and Tonga.

The purpose of the training program was to prepare the trainees with basic skills and knowledge in the following areas: the role of the volunteer in development, construction skills, water systems (springs, wells, pumps, hydrology, surveying, system design, etc.), waste disposal, health education and group participation training techniques. In the training program, an emphasis was placed on the relationship of water and sanitation technologies to community development activities.

WASH provided a cultural anthropologist, Dr. Mary Elmendorf, who provided specific expertise and training capabilities in: 1) the role of the family (with an in-depth look at women's, men's, children's and old person's roles) in community based water/ sanitation projects; 2) community dynamics, that is, what is a community, how are decisions made, what are the leadership patterns, what constitutes group involvement in village projects, etc.; 3) present water/sanitation patterns and habits in the community; 4) individual attitudes, and taboos regarding water supply and waste disposal; and 5) the organization of operations and maintenance activities to support water/sanitation facilities.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #42

June 12, 1981: On-going

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO AID OFFICE OF FOREIGN DISASTER ASSISTANCE (OFDA) DS/HEA

WASH was requested by DS/HEA and OFDA to develop, and to maintain on a stand-by basis, a team of qualified disaster assistance personnel. The team includes experienced water supply and sanitation engineers to provide disaster assessment and coordination services plus technical personnel to operate emergency water purification plants in or near disaster areas. Team members have been selected and trained in advance and are available for short-term overseas assignments on short notice.

WASH disaster teams were deployed for emergency water supply duties in flooded areas of Tunisia in November, 1982, and in Ecuador in January, 1983. See WASH Field Reports Nos. 25, 41, 74, 79 and 112.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE BARAN-GAY WATER PROGRAM - PHILIPPINES

The Barangay Water Program (BWP) is designed to provide potable water via small systems of public faucets or individual house connections, including household storage facilities, to small rural farming and fishing communities.

AID/Manila requested technical assistance from WASH for the start-up, delivery, performance testing and post-completion training, as well as recommendations for improving, the SAPANAG BATO water system. Other assistance was desired in refining designs, revising the post-completion manual, and improving local manufacture of BWP system components. The consultant also inspected each operational BWP "Level II-A" system, made appropriate recommendations, and produced a set of 35mm color slides of these systems for training, orientation and debriefing purposes. See WASH Field Report No. 57.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD #44

June 26, 1981: Completed

TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND DISSEMINATION IN WATER AND SANITATION FOR RURAL SANITATION MANPOWER PROJECT - INDONESIA

The Center for Education and Training (PUSDIKLAT) of the Indonesian Ministry of Health is the implementing agency for the Rural Sanitation Manpower Development Project. It requested support from USAID/Jakarta in the design of a program of training and technical assistance in the development and dissemination of appropriate technology in water and sanitation. Specific assistance was needed to refine the proposed design and to identify required program inputs. This work was a follow-on to OTD #25, in which WASH consultants participated in a planning workshop in Batu-Malang, East Java, in March, 1981, on the Rural Sanitation and Manpower Development Project (RMSD). See WASH Field Report No. 28.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #45

July 2, 1981: Completed

VILLAGE HEALTH EDUCATION AND TRAIN-ING:PROGRAM PLANNING, IMPLEMENTA-TION AND EVALUATION - BENIN AND TOGO

AID Missions in Benin and Togo requested WASH assistance in village health education and training for program planning, implementation and evaluation. The initial work under this OTD was to assist in the development of a comprehensive three-and-a-half-year plan for providing health education and sanitation services to the Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Projects in Togo and Benin.

Specifically, this included developing the overall strat-

egy and sequencing of events; determining who needs to be trained to do what; designing and implementing training of trainer workshops; developing job aids; and developing management, evaluation and performance analysis procedures and instruments.

In addition, the WASH consultant developed procedures for coordination among groups in Togo and groups outside of Togo, through WASH; assisted in the training of Togo Peace Corps Volunteers and their co-workers; supported the Peace Corps Associate Director in various planning tasks; and assisted the Benin Peace Corps Director in designing health education training materials. See WASH Field Reports Nos. 27 and 51 and OTD No. 91 below.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #46

HANDPUMP INSTALLATION, OPERATION,
MAINTENANCE AND TRAINING PROJECT HAITI

AID/Port-au-Prince requested WASH technical assistance in securing and installing AID and other handpumps in training suitable public or private agencies, including PVOs, in installation, operation and maintenance of the pumps. The WASH sub-contractor, Georgia Institute of Technology, obtained AID handpumps from the Dominican Republic, selected sites and installed the handpumps at Camp Perrin and La Gonave. Georgia Tech also developed an operation and maintenance plan for the pumps being installed. In addition to the Dominican Republic/AID handpumps, some Moyno deep well handpumps and a prototype AID Hand pump manufactured at Fonderie Nationale in Haiti were being installed. Observation of the performance of the latter pumps provided useful information concerning the feasibility of manufacturing the AID handpump in Haiti.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #47 July 24, 1981: Completed
TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN REVIEW OF

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN REVIEW OF RURAL PRIMARY HEALTH CARE PROJECT PAPER - ZAIRE

AID/Zaire requested the services of WASH Associate Director, Dr. Ray Isely, to review the Rural Primary Health Care Project Paper with the Mission and Ministry of Health officials. Dr. Isely visited Kinshasa on his return trip to the U.S. from Burundi, where he had been working on OTD #36 - Evaluation of Rural Water Supply Project.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

PUBLIC

OTD #48

July 24, 1981: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN HANDPUMP

MAINTENANCE AND PLASTIC VALVE AND

FAUCET MANUFACTURE - DOMINICAN RE-

AID/Santo Domingo requested WASH technical assis-

tance in support of its Health Sector Loan II Project in two areas: handpump quality control and maintenance and local manufacture of a plastic foot valve and water container faucets. The WASH consultant made recommendations for a quality control program at the local foundry, the content and format of handpump service manuals being prepared by the Ministry of Health, planning and organizing handpump maintenance programs at regional and community levels, logistical planning for spare parts, and preventive maintenance guidelines and schedules. He also worked with a local firm on the manufacture of the plastic valves and faucets. See WASH Field Report No. 101.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #49

August 27, 1981: Completed

SURVEY OF POTENTIAL SUBCONTRACTORS

FOR HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT

SUPPORT - S&T/HEA

The Office of Health requested WASH to survey potential human resources development (HRD) subcontractors with demonstrated effectiveness and proficiency in innovative approaches to the analysis of human resource needs, training system development and implementation, and training system evaluation to support HRD activities.

Relevant selection criteria included knowledge of subject matter in key areas, e.g., operation and maintenance of small water supply systems; language capability in English, Arabic, French, and Spanish; LDC experience; availability; experience in use of performance based systems in solving problems in knowledge, skill and attitudinal areas of performance, demonstrated capability to work in human resource needs assessment and evaluation, personnel and training policy development of job descriptions, task analysis, performance problem solving, training material development, training of trainers, training system development, implementation of training and development of job aids.

Subcontractors should have competence in a variety of media (print, audio, slides, overhead transparencies, flip charts, etc.), and have production facilities or ready, timely access to such facilities.

For further information, contact Mr. Craig Hafner.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN TECHNOLOGY
TRANSFER INCLUDING DEVELOPMENT AND
TESTING (LAB AND FIELD) OF LOW COST
TECHNOLOGY FOR DEVELOPING COUN-

TRIES - S&T/HEA

WASH was requested to provide technical assistance and information to S&T/HEA in the development, adaptation and testing of certain low cost technologies in water supply and sanitation for developing countries. The scope of this work included six related sub-tasks:

- Collection and analysis of technical information on flow limiters, family water purification units, hydraulic rams, 'packaga' water treat ment plants, sewerless excreta disposal units, and alternatives to reciprocating handpumps.
- 2. Activation and preparation of product development, testing and demonstration facilities under contracts with Georgia Tech and the University of Maryland.
- Establishment of a steering committee of experts inside and outside AID, and the planning, organizing and conducting of a seminar on WS&S technology appropriate for manufacture in LDCs.
- Review and analysis of simple, low cost appropriate well drilling technologies.
- Review, analysis and conceptual modification or replacement of Moyno type deep well handpump design to substantially reduce costs and render suitable for LDC manufacture.
- Provision of professional services of additional consultants as required to perform above sub-tasks.

A Technology Transfer Workshop was held April 19-20, 1983

For further information, contact Mr. J. Beverly.

OTD #51

August 20, 1981: Completed

IMPLEMENTATION OF WORKSHOP ON EXCRETA DISPOSAL IN NON-SEWERED AREAS - NE/TECH

The Near East Bureau requested WASH assistance in developing and implementing the above workshop. This included:

- Contacting speakers and participants in consultation with NE/TECH.
- 2. Preparing workshop agenda.
- 3. Arranging for workshop site.
- 4. Arranging for instructional materials.
- 5. Taping workshop.
- 6. Preparing workshop proceedings.

The workshop was held on September 10, 1981, in the Conference room of the International Science and Technology Institute (ISTI), one of the CDM Associates.

For further information, contact Mr. Craig Hafner.

OTD #52

August 27, 1981: Completed

PARTICIPATION IN WORKSHOP ON PRIMARY HEALTH CARE, 31 AUGUST TO 3 SEPTEMBER, 1981 IN SOUSSE, TUNISIA - NE/TECH/HPN

WASH was requested to provide consultant services to NE/TECH/HPN for the above workshop. The purpose of this workshop was to bring together key health representatives of Near East nations, A.I.D. and other institutions to share their experience with primary health care programs and to discuss the technical, institutional and operational aspects of primary health care programs and their component parts.

The WASH consultant, Dr. Ray Isely, participated in the entire workshop and acted as a leader and resource person for a working session which addressed the role of water supply and sanitation in primary health care programs. Special attention was focussed on the need for water supply and sanitation facilities to serve as models in all health facilities, especially in peri-urban and rural areas. See WASH Technical Report No. 8 and Field Report No. 29.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #53

August 27, 1981: Completed

PARTICIPATION IN AID HEALTH OFFICERS WORKSHOP IN LOME, TOGO, 15-20 NOVEM-BER, 1981 - AFR/H

WASH design and implementation assistance for the above workshop was requested by the Africa Bureau. WASH prepared the agenda and educational materials for that portion of the workshop dealing with water supply and sanitation in relation to the proper planning and implementation of primary health care programs. The remainder of the agenda was planned by the American Public Health Association (APHA).

WASH worked closely with the APHA to ensure that the content of the WASH material met APHA standards for continuing education credits for physicians. Materials were prepared in both French and English. See WASH Technical Report No. 13.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #54

August 27, 1981: Completed

PARTICIPATION IN AID HEALTH OFFICERS WORKSHOP IN CHIANG MAI, THAILAND, 8-14 NOVEMBER, 1981 - ASIA/TR

WASH participation in the above workshop was requested by the Asia Bureau in order to plan and facilitate discussions of Bureau policy on water supply and sanitation. WASH had earlier provided a draft policy paper. The WASH consultant served as a resource person during workshop sessions and was available to participants for consultation. The American Public Health Association was responsible for the overall organization of the workshop.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #55

September 12, 1981: Completed

ANALYSIS OF HUMAN RESOURCES DEVEL-OPMENT NEEDS FOR THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN - JORDAN

The AID Mission in Amman, Jordan, requested two consultants to assist in developing a national water resources training program. Following intensive preparation in the U.S., the field work included review of human resources development (HRD) in Jordan with AID and relevant agencies, visiting agencies and facilities, reviewing documentation and preparing a preliminary HRD plan, program and schedule. These were dis-

cussed with Mission staff and government officials and modified appropriately before formal presentation to the concerned institutions. See WASH Field Report No. 34.

For further information, contact Mr. Craig ! lainer.

OTD #56

September 4, 1981: Completed

WASH PARTICIPATION IN INTERNATIONAL REFERENCE CENTER (IRC) ADVISORY GROUP ON COMMUNITY EDUCATION AND PARTICIPATION (CEP) - IRC; S&T/HEA

The International Reference Center for Community Water Supply and Sanitation, the Hague, requested, through AlD's Office of Health, that WASH provide a working member to serve on the above Advisory Group and to participate in the first meeting of the Group that fall.

The terms of reference of the Advisory Group were:

- To provide overall guidance to the CEP Programme and coordination with other relevant international activities.
- 2. To review and evaluate, from a scientific and technical standpoint, the content, scope and dimension of the programme.
- To recommend priorities for technical cooperation activities, atudies and services of the CEP Programme.
- 4. To provide the Steering Committee for Cooperation Action, donor organizations, banks, and Governments with a continuous independent assessment of the CEP Programme and related activities.
- To recommend joint plans and actions for the further development of the CEP Programme and other relevant international activities.

See OTD No. 65 below.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #57

September 14, 1981: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO THE NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR INTERNATIONAL
HEALTH (NCIH) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT
AND IMPLEMENTATION OF A WATER AND
SANITATION WORKSHOP FOR PVOs \$&T/HEA

WASH was requested to supply technical assistance to the Office of Health in the development, implementation, preparation of proceedings and evaluation of a Workshop on Water Supply and Sanitation for PVOs in collaboration with the National Council for International Health (NCIH). The activities included:

- Designing and formatting the workshop incorporating results of survey of PVOs,
- 2. Identifying and selecting speakers with survey input from the planning committee,
- Compiling bibliography and supplying selected materials for workshop participants,
- 4. Supervising the dress rehearsal of sessions that needed to be rehearsed,

- Identifying possible exhibitors for poster sessions, commodity or equipment displays.
- 6. Preparing background papers for the workshop,
- 7. Assisting with workshop implementation the first week of December 1981, and
- 8. Providing technical editing of the proceedings. See WASH Technical Report No. 14 and OTD No. 70 below.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #58

October 5, 1981: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO DEVELOP SCOPE OF WORK FOR IMPACT EVALUATION OF HEALTH SECTOR - DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

WASH was requested to assist USAID/Dominican Republic in preparing a cost estimate and scope of work for implementing the evaluation plan for Health Sector Loan II. The loan is to provide water, latrines and health education in 500 rural communities. Mortality and anthropometric data for the evaluation will be gathered by local health promoters in 100 communities. The evaluation plan includes sections on sample design; data collection, monitoring, processing and analysis; personnel requirements and qualifications; and a contract schedule with estimated costs by task. See WASH Field Report No. 35.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #59

October 5, 1981: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR WATER CON-SERVATION SEMINAR - JORDAN

WASH was requested to support USAID/Jordan in planning and conducting a day-and-a-half water conservation seminar for Jordan's water supply institutions. The work for this task included consultant preparation in the U.S.; discussions with relevant officials in Jordan; orientation visits to water supply/conservation areas in Jordan; planning and implementing the seminar; and preparing a report on the seminar and recommendations to improve water conservation practices in Jordan. See WASH Field Report No. 36.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #60

October 6, 1981: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION PLANNING AND TRAINING - SUDAN

WASH was requested to supply technical assistance in assessing and making recommendations in relation to USAID/Sudan planning efforts in water supply and sanitation in six project areas. These were:

- Northern Primary Health Care Project a regional project to construct new health centers in North and South Kordofan Provinces,
- 2. Rural Health Support a national dispensary and

- school construction project contracted to the African Medical Research Foundation of Nairobi,
- 3. Reafforestation Program provision of potable water to farmers in this program in conjunction with CARE,
- 4. Refugee camps on three borders of Sudan WS&S requirements,
- 5. Port Sudan Refugee Water Supply Project in conjunction with CARE, and
- Darfor Region study of allocation of water for domestic, livestock and agricultural uses.

See WASH Field Report No. 37.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #61

October 5, 1981: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF WATER PUMPING SYSTEMS - MOROCCO

WASH was requested to provide training for fifteen Peace Corps volunteers in Morocco in the installation, maintenance and repair of selected water pumping systems. The scope of work included collection and preparation of training materials; briefings with Peace Corps staff in the U.S. and Morocco; detailed planning of a four-week training course; conducting training; and preparing a final report. See WASH Field Report No. 43.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #62

October 6, 1981: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE WITH HEALTH SECTOR ASSESSMENT - EGYPT

WASH was requested to provide technical assistance with the health sector assessment in Egypt and preparation of an environmental health working paper. The scope of work included preparation and briefing of WASH consultants at AID/W: in-country travel and briefings with AID/Egypt and government officials; review and analysis of relevant available documents and data; and preparation of a final report. The report reviewed and summarized existing data on environmental determinants of health status in Egypt; identified important gaps in existing data; discussed priority problems, changes and trends; identified institutions and individuals to be involved in further work; discussed interrelationships between health status and AID's assistance to the water, sewage, housing, industrial and agricultural sectors; and concluded with a set of recommendations for AID action. See WASH Field Report No. 33.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD #63

October 19, 1981: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN LOCAL HAND-PUMP MANUFACTURE AND MAINTENANCE -TUNISIA

AID/Tunisia requested WASH technical assistance in local manufacture, field monitoring and adaptation of the

AID Handpump in support of an on-going program. The scope of work included improving quality control of pump manufacturing at the foundry, assuring that pump designs were properly adapted to conditions in rural Tunisia, and planning and managing an integrated field installation, reinstallation, repair, maintenance, monitoring and training program. WASH subcontractor Georgia Institute of Technology coordinated activities with AID/Tunis, government officials, manufacturing companies and suppliers, and the Ecole Nationale d'Ingenieurs de Tunis (ENIT) which installed the pumps. See WASH Field Report No. 100.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #64

October 20, 1981: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR WELL SITING - MALI

USAID/Mali requested technical assistance for recommending siting of twenty-nine wells in twenty-five villages of the First Region of Mali (Yalimane Circle). The WASH consultant was a hydrogeologist with experience in siting hand-dug and borehole wells using aerial photography, soil resistivity tests and investigative drilling. This work included reviewing aerial photographs in Bamako, working closely with regional and local government officials and technicians, visiting all well site areas, and consulting with the local water committee in Yelimane. See WASH Field Report No. 32.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #65

November 10, 1981: Completed

COLLABORATIVE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE WITH THE INTERNATIONAL REFERENCE CENTER (THE HAGUE) ON "DIRECTORY OF RESOURCES FOR COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION IN WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES" - IRC

The Office of Health requested WASH technical support in jointly developing, printing and disseminating a "Directory of Resources for Community Participation in Water Supply and Sanitation for Developing Countries". The Directory was based on existing descriptions of institutions in WASH and IRC files supplemented by information from a questionnaire sent to European and American NGOs, PVOs, bilateral agencies, and other organizations and researchers in community education and participation, and relevant LDC organizations. The Directory provides an essential tool for everyone involved in the Water Decade to facilitate the exchange and transfer of information and guidance on community education and participation. The Directory is not part of the WASH Technical and Field Report series. See OTD No. 56 above.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN WELL DRILLING FOR PVO FUNDACAO ESPERANCA IN AMA-ZON BASIN - BRAZIL

November 10, 1981: Completed

USAID/Brazil requested WASH technical assistance in preparing a proposal for the AID supported PVO Fundacao Esperanca, in Santarem, Para, Brazil. The Foundation needed technical advice in deep well drilling in the highland villages it serves. WASH consultant Dr. William Turner prepared a report which Esperanca will use to obtain funding for its program. See WASH Field Report No. 40.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #67

PREPARATION OF MANUAL ON THE INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF A PORTABLE PACKAGED WATER TREATMENT AND DISINFECTION SYSTEM - S&T/HEA; OFDA

WASH assistance was requested by S&T/HEA and the Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance (OFDA) to prepare a manual on the installation, operation and maintenance of a portable packaged water treatment and disinfection system. An instructional manual is needed for use anywhere in the world when the system is sent to disaster areas. The manual, prepared by Camp Dresser & McKee's Operation and Maintenance Group, is designed for ease of comprehension and use by people of diverse cultural backgrounds who may have little formal education or mechanical training. Simple graphics and photos that are culturally neutral are used where appropriate.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #68

November 17, 1981: Completed

ANALYSIS, DESIGN, PROTOTYPE DEVELOPMENT, AND DEMONSTRATION SYSTEM

CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF PAHO

"PUMPLESS PUMP" - S&T/HEA

WASH was requested to provide technical assistance to S&T/HEA in the design, testing and demonstration of the PAHO "pumpless pump' system. The scope of work included engineering analysis and mathematical modeling of the system, design and construction of prototype operational model and a field operable system capable of serving a community of 5,000 persons, and the preparation of a user application manual suitable for use in developing countries. Also required was the planning of an information dissemination and demonstration program to alert development officials throughout the world of the operational feasibility of this technology. See WASH Technical Report No. 23.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION FOR AID HANDPUMP TESTING PROGRAM DOMINICAN REPUBLIC, ECUADOR, HONDURAS, PHILIP-PINES AND TUNISIA - S&T/HEA

WASH was requested by S&T/HEA to design and implement a testing program for the AID Handpump being manufactured in the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Honduras, Philippines and Tunisia. The scope of work includes shipment of pumps from the countries to the Georgia Institute of Technology, design and execution of a time-stress component testing program, procurement of test equipment and material, documentation of test procedures and results, redesign and testing of components and systems as appropriate, and preparation of test reports and recommendations.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #70

November 19. 1981: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR SEMINAR ON

HANDPUMPS FOR COMMUNITY WATER SUPPLY IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES - S&T/HEA

WASH was requested to supply technical support and information materials for a half-day seminar on hand-pumps sponsored by S&T/HEA. The seminar was conducted on December 1, 1981, in conjunction with the National Council for International Health (NCIH) Workshop for Private Volunteer Organizations held December 2-4, 1981 (OTD 57).

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #71 November 19, 1981: Completed
DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION OF ROBOVALVE TESTING PROGRAM ECUADOR - S&T/HEA

WASH was requested to design and implement a testing program for the Robovalves being manufactured in Ecuador. The scope of work included acquisition and time-stress testing of seventy Ecuadorian-made Robovalves for a continuous day-in and day-out period of three months to determine design, material and fabrication flaws. The work was being done at the International Rural Water Resources Development Laboratory of the University of Maryland. See WASH Field Report No. 102.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #72 December 7, 1981: Completed
LABORATORY ASSESSMENT AND TESTING
OF AID HANDPUMP - S&T/HEA

WASH was requested by S&T/HEA to provide it with results of a laboratory assessment and testing of the AID Handpump. The results are based on the World Bank/UNDP approved testing protocol which was applied by the Consumers Association (CA) of the United Kingdom to some thirty different pumps from all over the world. WASH supplied two AID deep-well

handpumps manufactured in a developing country to the CA Harpenden Rise Laboratory in Hertfordshire, England, for testing over a twenty month period.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #73

December 7, 1981: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN REVISION OF CARE WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION PROJECT - INDONESIA

AID/Indonesia requested WASH technical assistance in reviewing and refining the scope of work of an AID-funded CARE water and sanitation project. Specific assistance was desired to integrate a health education component into the project including the assessment. Plans were formulated for training CARE field staff in health education methods including the use of supportive materials with an emphasis on community participation. See WASH Field Report No. 39.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #74

December 15, 1981: Completed

EVALUATION, PLANNING AND TRAINING ASSISTANCE TO RURAL WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION PROJECT (RWSS) - PERU

AID/Peru requested WASH technical assistance for the Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Project (RWSS) in several areas. The work included an evaluation of thirty gravity water system plans to assure that they are of the most appropriate design; assistance to the Ministry of Health's National Directorate of Sanitary Engineering (DSE) in developing a training seminar to encourage closer coordination of RWSS activities; assistance to the DSE in analyzing future technical assistance requirements and in drafting scopes of work; and reviewing DSE's local and international procurement plans. See WASH Field Report No. 38.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #75

December 23, 1981: Completed

DEVELOPMENT OF THE NATIONAL SANITATION ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION MASTER PLAN - TANZANIA

AID/Tanzania requested WASH technical assistance to develop the plan recommended in WASH Field Report No. 7 of March 9, 1981, "Tanzania - A National Environmental Sanitation Education Master Plan - A Preliminary Review." The scope of work includes collection of relevant information on training and on the status of sanitation programs and projects in Tanzania and the development of the Master Plan based on the Field Trip Report. The Plan will outline educational and training objectives, operational strategies, roles of participating institutions, implementation requirements and schedules, evaluation procedures and estimated financial needs. See WASH Field Report No. 58.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #76

December 29, 1981: Completed

SMALL WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS:TRAINING PROGRAM DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION WITH AGUA DEL PUEBLO - GUATEMALA

WASH was requested by AID/Guatemala and Agua del Pueblo, a PVO, to provide technical assistance in the design and implementation of a comprehensive workshop on small scale pumped water supply systems. The program was developed in close collaboration with participating organizations. Its objectives included training in technology and design selection; training in the planning, design, construction, operation and maintenance of small scale pumped water supply systems; and the development of organizational capacities to transfer technical knowledge from the engineer level to the paraprofessional level. The work had five phases: collection of background data, needs assessment, workshop development, workshop implementation, and adaptation of workshop for other program personnel. The workshop took place July 5-30, 1982, with ten Guatemalan engineers participating. See WASH Field Report No. 56.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #77

January 8, 1982: Completed

PLANNING FOR IMPROVED EXCRETA AND WASTEWATER PILOT DEMONSTRATIONS - EGYPT

AID/Egypt requested a WASH Advance Team to prepare an implementation plan for pilot demonstration projects for improved excreta and wastewater disposal methods in selected unsewered areas of Greater Cairo in the Giza Governorate. If approved, the subsequent implementation of this plan will be a component of the on-going Cairo Sewerage Project. The preparation of the overall implementation plan for pilot demonstration projects included establishing preliminary criteria for areas and site selection; developing a preliminary methodology for collection and analysis of information on proposed sites and of alternative waste handling and treatment methods; identifying and securing agreement on roles and responsibilities of organizations to be involved in demonstration activities; and developing preliminary schedules and estimates of levels of effort. In addition, a preliminary investigation was made of administrative requirements and of the availability of consultants, sub-contractors, local labor and facilities that could be used to implement the pilot demonstrations. See WASH Field Report No. 52.

For further information, contact Dr. D. Warner.

OTD #78

January 19, 1982: Completed

TRAINING OF SANITARIANS - SENEGAL

AID/Senegal requested WASH assistance in improving the sanitarian training school of the Senegal Rural Health project. The work included collecting relevant training materials in French and English; assisting in task analysis and performance objective development; suggesting training activities and appropriate evaluation techniques; designing and assisting delivery of a two week program emphasizing hands-on skills; making recommendations for improving the supervision and continuing education of sanitarians; and preparing a final report. The WASH consultant also assisted in preparation and supervision of the construction of latrines, composting sites, and well protection and deepening activities, which are part of the two week practical training program. See WASH Field Report Nos. 44 and 91 and OTD No. 147.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #79

January 25, 1982: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN PLANNING DI-ARRHEAL DISEASE CONTROL SUBPROJECT - INDONESIA

AID/Indonesia requested WASH to assist ACEH Province officials in planning a diarrheal disease control subproject that includes a water supply and sanitation component. This is part of CHIPPS - Comprehensive Health Improvement Project Province Specific. The work included assessing water supply and sanitation facilities in Kabupaten Pidie, reviewing existing training and supervision activities in water supply and sanitation and the community participation situation, and developing recommendations and appropriate interventionswhich might be used in the subproject. The team contributed to a work plan for the subproject which integrates water supply and sanitation activities with diarrheal disease control, surveillance, treatment, training, and community participation. See WASH Field Report No. 42.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #80

February 4, 1982: Completed

T AINING OF TRAINERS WORKSHOP FOR AID HANDPUMP TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER PERSONNEL - S&T/HEA

The Office of Health requested WASH assistance in the design and implementation of a six day Training of Trainers Workshop for selected personnel involved in the transfer of AID handpump technology. Participants in the training came from Georgia Institute of Technology, the University of Maryland, ISTI and S&T/HEA staff. The purpose of the workshop was to upgrade the training skills of the participants so they could more effectively implement the transfer and proper utilization of the AID handpump in their country. The workshop was held February 21-27, 1982, and covered basic principles of adult learning, needs assessment, writing objectives, and designing and delivering training. Participants were trained in task and performance oriented approaches. See WASH field Report No. 45.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #81

February 4, 1982: Completed

COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS OF AID PRO-GRAM DATA FOR INTERREGIONAL PLAN-NING IN WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION -S&T/HEA

The Office of Health requested WASH to provide consultant and consultant support services for management and analysis of AID water supply and sanitation data from 1973 to the present. The principal data management consultant analyst collected relevant AID programmatic and historic project data base materials and then entered, stored, processed and read out data in desired formats using standard or self-developed computer programs. Training of concultant analyst in set-up, operation, programming, error analysis and simple trouble-shooting of the computer system was completed. Basic AID waterrelated project data has been entered into an Apple Computer for tabular and graphic presentation and analysis which have been presented to a number of AID personnel. Instruction materials on use of the Apple and the data base have been prepared.

For further information, contact Mr. J. Beverly.

OTD #82

February 4, 1982: Completed

LOCAL MANUFACTURE OF AID HANDPUMPS - ECUADOR

USAID/Ecuador requested WASH to provide technical assistance to local manufacturers for the production of up to 30 AID Handpumps and required spare parts for testing at 20 different sites. The scope of work also included preparation of a quality control manual for production processes and an installation, operation and maintenance manual for field use. In addition, the WASH consultant, Georgia Institute of Technology, located well sites, installed handpumps and Roboscreens, trained local people, and set up a monitoring program for the twenty sites in areas readily accessible on a year round basis. A photographic record of the above activities was being prepared to supplement the final report. Production began in August 1982 following selection of local foundries. See WASH Field Report Nos. 110, 123, 124 and 125.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #83

February 18, 1982: Completed

TESTING OF OFFICE OF FOREIGN DISASTER ASSISTANCE PORTABLE WATER PURIFICATION UNITS - OFDA; S&T/HEA

WASH assistance was requested by the Office of Health and the Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance (OFDA) to evaluate the quality of the output of OFDA's portable water purification units. Testing consisted of taking the units to a naturally contaminated water source where water ran through the system for a minimum of ten minutes. Test samples were then taken of water from both the inlet and outlet lines. Samples were sent in

sterilized bottles to a commercial testing lab where total bacteria plate count readings were determined. See WASH Field Report No. 41.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OYD #84

February 22, 1982: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN PROJECT IDENTIFICATION FOR WATER SUPPLY, SEWAGE AND HEALTH SECTOR LOAN PROJECT - DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

AID/Santo Domingo requested WASH technical assistance in the development of data for a Project Identification Document for the water/sewage/health education element under Health Sector Loan III. The work included reviewing status of past and current projects, resource availabilities and existing plans, assisting in identifying the problem and in the determination of project purpose, scope, size, constraints, desired inputs and outputs, relationships with the government and local organizations, and estimated impacts on beneficiaries and the environment.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #85

February 22, 1982: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN FIELD INSTALLATION, TRAINING, TESTING AND EVALUATION OF HANDPUMPS - HONDURAS

AID/Honduras requested WASH assistance in implementing Stage II of the Honduras Handpump Project. The scope of work included installation of several types of handpumps in up to fifty sites selected under Stage I (WASH OTD No. 29), testing and evaluation of their performance, preparation and testing of a handpump manufacturer's quality control training manual and a handpump installation, operation and maintenance manual. Government health promoters were also trained in pump installation, operation and maintenance and in water quality testing and well disinfection. See WASH Field Report Nos. 85 and 103.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #86

March 2, 1982: Completed

ATTENDANCE OF WASH TRAINING OFFICER AT MEETING OF INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE ON HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT - U.N. WATER DECADE GENEVA - S&T/HEA

The Office of Health requested that the WASH Training Officer participate in the March 11 - 12, 1982, Geneva meeting of the U.N. Interagency Task Force on Human Resources Development. This was part of WHO coordination efforts for the International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade. The agenda of the meeting included a review of U.N. agency and donor countries' development plans, programs and proposals, a discussion of means to achieve a cooperative

approach to Decade HRD, and development of a shortand medium-term plan of action. The Training Officer also stopped in London in order to establish linkages with the Industrial Training Service.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #87

March 26, 1982: Completed

PARTICIPATION IN AIDIS/PAHO REGIONAL SYMPOSIUMS ON HUMAN RESOURCES FOR THE WATER DECADE, PANAMA JULY 26 - AUGUST 3, 1982 - S&T/HEA

The Office of Health requested WASH to participate in and prepare a workshop for two meetings in Panama City, Panama. The first meeting on human resource development aspects of water supply and sanitation, from July 26 - 30, was sponsored by PAHO. WASH worked with PAHO and the Office of Health in planning and implementing a session of "Training of Trainers" and in designing and coordinating the working group. Fred Rosensweig participated in both of these activities. The second meeting was the XVIII Congress of AIDIS - Interamerican Association of Sanitary Engineers - from August 1 - 7. Its theme was also human resource development aspects of the International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade in which David Donaldson participated.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #88

April 26, 1982: Completed

FEASIBILITY ANALYSIS AND DESIGN STUDY OF EFFLUENT REUSE AND NIGHT SOIL DISPOSAL FOR MASERU - LESOTHO

AID/Lesotho requested WASH technical assistance for feasibility analysis and preliminary design work on utilization and disposition of human wastes from the city of Maseru. The scope of work for the first task, effluent re-use from the sewage treatment plant for crop irrigation, includes a feasibility analysis; determination of rough design parameters, cost/benefits, and/or a preliminary pilot plant design; evaluation of health hazards and control requirements; and preparation of a report. The scope of work of the second task, night soil disposal, includes investigation of alternatives, their feasibility and costs, and recommending the most appropriate method of disposal. Consultants Drs. Okun and Briscoe of the University 1 North Carolina visited Lesotho in July. See WASE Field Report No. 55.

For further information, contact Mr. Craig Hafner.

OTD #89

April 27, 1982: On-going

PREPARATION OF A MANUAL ON "PRACTI-CAL WATER TREATMENT FOR COMMUNI-TIES IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES" -S&T/HEA

WASH was requested by the Office of Health to prepare a manual on "Practical Water Treatment for Communities in Developing Countries." In addition to the technical chapters, introductory chapters will discuss possible users of the manual, education and experience requirements of users, purposes and manners of use of the manual, procedures for up-dating the manual, and the kinds and numbers of human resources needed to operate and maintain the processes included in the manual. A draft manual has been prepared by the University of North Carolina and is under review.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #90

April 27, 1982: Completed

SECOND TRAINER OF TRAINERS WORKSHOP FOR AID HANDPUMP TECHNOLOGY
TRANSFER PERSONNEL, SEPTEMBER 1517, 1982 - S&T/HEA

The Office of Health requested WASH to plan and conduct the second "Trainer of Trainers Workshop for AID Handpump Technology Transfer Personnel," September 15-17, 1982. This workshop reinforced and expanded on the material covered in the February 1982 Workshop (OTD #80). Among other topics, it reviewed progress, identified training problems, reinforced training design and delivery skills, and provide practice in using training techniques and writing training materials. Participants were from the Georgia Institute of Technology, and staff from the WASH CIC who are involved in technology transfer operations. The participants also attended a one-and-a-half day, September 13-14 session to discuss administrative and technical aspects of AID handpump activities. See WASH Field Report No. 60.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #91 May

May 4, 1982: Completed

PLANNING ASSISTANCE FOR RURAL AND VILLAGE HEALTH ACTIVITIES - TOGO

AID/Togo requested WASH technical assistance for planning rural and village level health activities in plateaux and savane regions. The scope of work included review and revision, as appropriate, of baseline medical, hygiene and water usage surveys and procedures; assisting in the planning of management and implementation strategies to integrate current affaires sociales activities into the proposed water project health program; and exploration of technical possibilities for alternative water resource development strategies in villages where drilled wells have proven unfeasible. The consultant also worked with government officials to outline ways of increasing community participation in village health activities.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #92

May 4, 1982: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR WORKSHOP ON WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION FOR RURAL DISPERSED POPULATIONS - TUNISIA

AID/Tunisia requested WASH planning and implementa-

tion support for a Tunisian Workshop on Water Supply and Sanitation for Rural Dispersed Populations in Arid Countries. The purpose of the workshop was to exchange information and experience on rural water services, on technologies for disinfection at water points and in homes, on equipment and fittings for use at water points, including handpumps, and on related activities. Workshop outputs included recommendations for action and training in the format of an execution plan and the creation of a network of professionals in Tunisia and Francophone Africa. The workshop was held in November 1982 in Tunis. See WASH Field Report No. 67.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #93

May 5, 1982: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN ADMINISTRA-TION OF RURAL SANITATION PROJECT -BOLIVIA

AID/Bolivia requested WASH assistance in improving the administration of the Rural Sanitation Project which is being reprogrammed. The purpose of the project was to create an institutional capability within the Ministry of Social Welfare and Public Health and its Division of Environmental Sanitation to provide potable water and sanitation facilities to small Bolivian rural villages of 800 persons or less. In the past, administrative problems arose which indicated a need for a simplified information and accounting system that would control and report expenditure and would also include USAID, counterpart and community contributions. The WASH consultant assisted the Mission and the Division of Environmental Sanitation in establishing such a system and in related reprogramming activities. See WASH Field Report No. 47.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #94

May 6, 1982: Completed

REVIEW OF DESIGN STANDARDS, SPECIFICATION AND COSTS FOR WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION SYSTEMS FOR LOW INCOME HOUSING - HONDURAS

The Housing Office in AID/Honduras requested WASH technical assistance to develop mechanisms for accelerating the current process of project implementation, to review current design standards, specifications and costs of WS&S infrastructure systems for low income housing and upgrading programs, and to participate in a seminar on appropriate design standards for water and waste disposal in low income shelter projects in Latin America. The WASH consultant worked closely with the two Honduran water authorities and other public and private sector organizations in the course of review and evaluation activities. See WASH Field Report No. 46.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

May 7, 1982: Completed

KANYE VILLAGE SEWERAGE AND SANITA-TION FEASIBILITY STUDY - BOTSWANA

AID/Botswana requested WASH assistance to conduct a feasibility study for sanitation in Kanye Village, which has a population of about 22,000 people. The scope of work included analysis of the current situation, evaluation of relevant alternative technologies and preparation of an appropriate plan of action. See WASH Field Report No. 95

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #96

May 15, 1982: Completed

MONITORING AND EVALUATION OF COMMUNITY HEALTH PROMOTER TRAINING COURSE - ECUADOR

AID/Ecuador requested WASH assistance to observe and review a three week classroom and field demonstration training course being held for community health promoters from eighteen provinces in Ecuador. The course was given by the Ecuadorian Institute of Sanitary Works (IEOS) in conjunction with AID. The purpose of the review was to develop insights and recommendations to strengthen future training courses and the IEOS program in rural water supply, sanitation and community participation. See WASH Field Report No. 49.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #97

May 20, 1982: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN WELL SITING AND DRILLING - DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

AID/Dominican Republic requested WASH assistance in the well siting aspects of Health Sector Loan II. The well drilling program resulted in a high incidence of dry holes which required review. The WASH consultant analyzed the situation and made recommendations to improve the productivity of local well drilling companies. He also assisted in revising the well drilling contracting program to minimize the problem of reduced drilling capacity. See WASH Field Report No. 50.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #98

June 1, 1982: Cancelled

TRAINING ASSISTANCE ON GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION AND QUALITY - COSTA RICA

Training under this OTD may take place in late 1983. A new OTD is to be issued at the appropriate time.

OTD #99

June 5,1982: Completed

HEALTH INFORMATION SYSTEM DEVELOP-MENT:MICROCOMPUTER DEMONSTRATION-DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

AID/Dominican Republic requested WASH technical assistance to design and present a demonstration of

how information generated by the Secretariat of Health (SESPAS) could be processed, analyzed and displayed using a microcomputer system. Some 6,000 SESPAS primary health care workers, or promotores, are each collecting basic health and household data on 100 - 300 families. Methods of efficiently using this information for analytical, planning and management purposes were under consideration and the microcomputer may provide a cost effective method of processing and analysis. The scope of work included meeting with Mission and SESPAS personnel to determine the characteristics of the data and the data collection system and to determine appropriate uses of processed data. Based on these findings, a preliminary set of file structures, record formats and displays was established for demonstration to SESPAS and Mission officials. Suggestions were also made as to possible hardware/software combinations that might be appropriate for later assessment in a feasibility study (see OTD #103). The demonstration by the Research Triangle Institute team was given in September, 1982. See WASH Field Report No. 111.

For further info mation, contact Mr. J. Beverly.

OTD #100

June 29, 1982: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN TRAINING OF TRAINERS FOR PUBLIC HEALTH NURSE SUPERVISORS AND IN TRAINING FOR SPRING CAPPERS - ZAIRE

AID/Zaire requested technical assistance in two training tasks: training of trainers (TOT) for fifteen public health nurse supervisors who will work with village health committees, and training of Peace Corps Volunteers (PCVs) in spring capping techniques. The two week training-of-trainers course was conducted in July and August and emphasized adult learning processes, preparation of training objectives, planning of training sessions, and innovative health education approaches. The WASH training consultant drafted TOT instructional materials for the spring capping course. In the two week Peace Corps spring capping course, held in October, the sanitary engineering training consultant assisted the Peace Corps on-site trainer and emphasized practical site assessment, flow measurement, and physical design. This consultant also advised PCVs and Zairians of possible solutions to water flow, drainage and design problems of existing spring boxes in specific areas and prepared a draft spring capping instructional manual. See WASH Field Report Nos. 62 and 73.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #101

June 29, 1982: Completed

EVALUATION ASSISTANCE FOR RURAL WATER AND SANITATION PROJECT - HONDURAS

AID/Honduras requested WASH assistance in evaluating the status of a major rural water supply and sanitation project. The project is intended to provide 247,000 families with access to safe water and to adequate human waste disposal facilities primarily by means of a self-help construction program. Since there have been delays in implementing the project, an administrative evaluation was desired to assess the need for mid-course corrections. A detailed scope of work was prepared. See WASH Field Report No. 69.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE ON APPROPRIATE WELL DRILLING EQUIPMENT - ECUADOR

AID/Ecuador requested WASH assistance to provide Meals for Millions/Freedom from Hunger Foundation, a U.S. private voluntary organization operating in Ecuador, with technical advice on well drilling equipment appropriate for local use. Meals for Millions has a project to provide water for improvement of the nutritional and health status of the population of the Santa Elena peninsula in Southern Ecuador. The WASH consultant assessed the situation and capabilities of local organizations to procure, and/or manufacture, operate, and maintain various types of well drilling equipment and recommended the appropriate technology. See WASH Field Report No. 59.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig or Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #103

June 29, 1982: Completed

HEALTH INFORMATION SYSTEM DEVELOP-MENT: ASSESSMENT AND SYSTEM DESIGN STUDY - DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

AID/Dominican Republic requested WASH technical assistance to make an assessment and system design study of the data collection activities of the Secretariat of Health (SESPAS) under Health Sector Loan II. Data is being collected by about 6,000 SESPAS primary health care workers (promotores) on 100 - 300 families each. Methods of efficiently using the information for analytical, planning and management purposes were considered. Accordingly, the scope of work included review of forms and of data collection procedures, definition of information requirements, information system design, and preparation of manual and computerized system specifications, as appropriate. Two specific areas of information system design were selected for detailed analysis: inventory control and field operations management. Recommendations identified design assumptions and addressed trade-offs of manual vs. computerized systems with specific attention being given to accuracy, availability, accessibility, flexibility and possible external applications of data and analyses. Work in the Dominican Republic on this OTD by the Research Triangle Institute team began following its microcomputer demonstration in September under OTD #99. See WASH Field Report No. 111.

For further information, contact Mr. J. Beverly.

OTD #104

INVESTIGATION OF APPROPRIATE WATER AND SANITATION SYSTEMS FOR LOW COST HOUSING - KENYA

July 2, 1982: Completed

AID/Kenya and the Regional Housing Office, Nairobi, requested WASH technical assistance in investigating appropriate water supply and sanitation systems for low cost housing in Nairobi. Rising construction costs required that suitable alternative technologies be identified and their feasibility assessed on a preliminary basis. The scope of work included a review of technologies that might be technically, economically, socially and politically acceptable, discussion of these technologies with AID and Kenyan officials, and preparation of a preliminary report on potentially feasible alternatives for low cost housing.

For further information, contact Dr. Dennis Warner.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN LECTURE WORKSHOP ON SANITARY ENGINEERING

WORKSHOP ON SANITARY ENGINEERING DESIGN FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES - ECUADOR

AID/Ecuador requested WASH assistance in providing a consultant to participate in a week-long training seminar in August on cost efficiency in the design and implementation of sanitary engineering facilities in developing countries. The Mission was aware of the computerized Low-Cost System Planning Model developed at the University of North Carolina's Department of Environmental Science and Engineering and felt that a presentation of the model would be of interest and use to the Ecuadorian civil engineering society. In addition to demonstrating the model on a minicomputer, the WASH consultant conducted seminars on efficient sanitary engineering design and appropriate technology. See WASH Field Report No. 63.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #106

July 20, 1982: On-going
TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN DEVELOPING A
NATIONAL DRINKING WATER SUPPLY AND
SANITATION PLAN - CENTRAL AFRICAN

AID/Central African Republic (CAR) requested WASH assistance in developing a national drinking water supply and sanitation plan similar to that prepared for Sri Lanka. The WASH consultant provided preliminary coordination for plan formulation which included discussions with AID and CAR officials of the water supply and sanitation situation, needs and implementation capabilities; review of resources required to design a national plan; and an initial schedule of plan development activities. Recommendations regarding the preparation of a national plan were influenced by CAR efforts to establish an interministerial national Action Committee,

REPUBLIC

expected in August, and by the degree of cooperation available from the donor community. See WASH Field Report Nos. 53, 72, and 97.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #107

July 26, 1982: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN DEVELOPMENT OF INTER-SECTORAL WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION STRATEGY PAPER FOR THE AFRICA BUREAU - AFR/TR/HNP

The Africa Bureau Health/Nutrition/Population Division requested WASH assistance to develop an intersectoral water supply and sanitation (WS&S) strategy statement. WASH consultants had been drafting an Africa WS&S strategy paper primarily from the health sector viewpoint and with an emphasis on human and institutional resource development. In reviewing this paper, the Africa Bureau recognized the need for a broader, more comprehensive inter-sectoral perspective and requested an appropriate revision of the paper. The revision emphasized rural and peri-urban water supply and sanitation in sub-Sahara Africa.

For further information, contact Dr. Raymond Isely.

OTD #108

August 16, 1982: Cancelled

TRAINING ASSISTANCE TO THE ASSISTANT SANITARY TECHNICIAN SCHOOLS - CAMEROON

Cancelled at request of Mission.

OTD #109

August 20, 1982: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO PEACE CORPS WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION SECTOR - S&T/H/WS

WASH was requested to assist the Peace Corps in a review of its water supply and sanitation activities to serve as a basis for planning and implementing future operations in the water supply and sanitation sector. The scope of work included interviewing key Peace Corps staff, collecting and analyzing relevant documentation and data, identifying strategic opportunities, resource requirements, and possible deployments, and preparing a final report. In addition, the consultants updated the 1980-1981 Peace Corps Project Summary of Water and Sanitation Projects for 1982-1983. See WASH Field Report No. 86.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #110

August 23, 1982: Completed

COORDINATION/COLLABORATION ON LDC TRAINING WITH THE INTERNATIONAL WA-TER SUPPLY ASSOCIATION (IWSA) -S&T/H/WS

WASH was requested to have Dr. Daniel Okun of the University of North Carolina participate in a planning

meeting of the Committee on Waterworks Personnel of the IWSA in Zurich, Switzerland, on September 6, 1982. The agenda of the Committee included: reviewing the minutes of earlier Working Group meetings as well as reports of Regional Conference (1981-India, 1982-Africa); considering papers for the 1984 Tunis Congress; examining arrangements for Post-Congress Seminars in developing countries; and discussing a proposal for a training workshop to be held for developing countries in 1983. Dr. Okun, in addition to participating in discussions of the agenda items, also prepared a summary report of the meeting on how the IWSA intends to contribute to Water Decade activities.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #111

August 24, 1982: Completed

IN-SERVICE TRAINING FOR PEACE CORPS VOLUNTEERS IN RURAL POTABLE WATER SUPPLY PROJECT - MOROCCO

AID/Morocco requested WASH for in-service training of approximately 15 Peace Corps Volunteers (PCVs) in the operation and maintenance of water pumping systems for the rural potable water supply project. Since completing initial training under OTD No. 61 in February 1982, PCVs have identified unresolved problems and have expressed a need for technical assistance. The scope of work included reviewing the situation with PCVs, preparing a work plan and material requirements for in-service training of PCVs, conducting in-service training at selected field sites, and providing assistance in the design of a diesel repair trouble shooting course to be given by others. See WASH Field Report No. 61.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #112

September 1, 1982: Completed

PARTICIPATION IN PRACTICE OF MANAGE-MENT SEMINAR - S&T/H/WS

The Office of Health authorized the WASH Senior Training Officer to participate in a seminar on "The Practice of Management Principles," October 25-29, 1982, in Rosslyn, Virginia. The seminar was conducted by the Coverdale Organization, an internationally recognized consulting firm specializing in increasing awareness and skills in the human, non-technical "process" areas of management. Understanding and proficiency in these areas is vital to the achievement of quality organizational results and the personal satisfaction of those involved. It is anticipated that the approaches and techniques demonstrated in the seminar will be applied to future WASH activities in the area of management training.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

TECHNICAL/MANAGERIAL REVIEW OF THE AID HANDPUMP TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER PROGRAM IN SRI LANKA, PHILIPPINES, INDONESIA, HONDURAS, AND DOMINICAN REPUBLIC - S&T/H/WS

The Office of Health requested that WASH participate in a technical/ managerial review of the AID Handpump Technology Transfer Program in Sri Lanka, Philippines, Indonesia, Honduras and Dominican Republic. In their review visits and interviews in the countries, the WASH consultants considered the current and anticipated future status of: handpump manufacturing, handpump marketing, pricing, and distribution, and the supply and delivery of spare parts; field installation effectiveness; and training and community participation effectiveness. The consultants also ascertained AID Mission perceptions, involvement and posture concerning current and future handpump technology transfer activities within the context of overall development assistance with emphasis on health and human resource development. See WASH Field Report No. 76.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #114 Septembe: 8, 1982: Completed ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION OF THE FEASIBILITY OF LOCAL MANUFACTURING OF THE AID HANDPUMP - PERU

WASH was requested by USAID/Peru to make an assessment and evaluation of the feasibility of local manufacturing and marketing of the AID Handpump and Robodevices in Peru. The scope of work included assessment of need, effective demand and the competitive situation for handpumps and Robodevices in Peru; identifying and contacting enterprises experienced in foundry and plastic operations to determine their interest in these products; evaluating their manufacturing, marketing, logistic support and managerial experience and capabilities; and preparing a report of findings, conclusions and recommendations. Two Honduran made AID deepwell handpumps were made available to Peruvian manufacturers for cost estimating purposes. See WASH Field Report No. 89.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

WELL DRILLING PROGRAM - HONDURAS

OTD #115 September 15, 1982: Completed
TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN DESIGN OF

USAID/Honduras requested WASH assistance to design a well drilling program for western Honduras. An estimated 3,000 shallow wells--no deeper that 165 feetare to be drilled over the next two years as part of the rural water and sanitation project. The scope of work included inspecting the project area; recommending most likely well-sites; recommending appropriate well-drilling equipment--hand-portable or mountable on small vehicles; developing a welldrilling plan and schedule;

and preparing a final report. See WASH Field Report No. 65.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #116 September 15, 1982: Completed
TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN TRAINING SOCIAL PROMOTION AGENTS IN SPRING CAP-

PING AND RAINWATER HARVESTING - TOGO

USAID/Togo requested WASH assistance in the training of social promotion agents in village level water supply and sanitation system design and construction as part of on-going AID funded projects. The technical and training instruction given to these agents was to prepare them to assist village populations in developing local springs and rainwater harvesting systems. Field construction was to be included in the training program. The training-of-trainers training plan addressed preparation. coordination, training sequence, agenda, and types of performance demonstrations in the field. It also identified controls to insure that the training materials/methodology used for these efforts with the Togo trainees resulted in a package of field tested materials and methodology that can be translated and applied in other country/geographic situations. See WASH Field Report No. 87.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #117 September 25, 1982: Completed
TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN EVALUATION
OF FOSTER PARENTS PLAN WATER PROJECTS - INDONESIA

USAID/Indonesia requested WASH assistance with the technical aspects of evaluating the water projects of the private volunteer organization Foster Parents Plan. The social and health aspects were evaluated by the staff of Foster Parents Plan. To-date some 400-600 wells or spring sites have been developed as part of a 2,000 site water supply program. The scope of work included review of relevant project documents; interviews with staff of AID, Foster Parents Plan, and ministries and with village committees; inspection of existing and planned water source sites; and preparation of an evaluation report. The report considered suitability of location and effectiveness of existing wells and gravity systems, appropriateness of planned sites, construction program, technology selection and training, and the strengths and weaknesses of the overall program. See WASH Field Report No. 71.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #118 September 25, 1982: Completed
TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN ASSESSING
AND PLANNING CARE WATER SUPPLY AND
SANITATION PROJECTS - CAMEROON

USAID/Cameroon requested WASH assistance in assessing CARE water supply and sanitation programs and in preparing the CARE 1983-1987 Development

Plan. The scope of work had two major tasks. The first was to assess the current status of CARE-managed water supply and sanitation (WS&S) programs in the Northern and Eastern Regions. Research and data gathering from files and from Ministry and CARE personnel provided the basis for a 1982 status report of the CARE WS&S Program. The second task was to assist CARE in making reasonable and feasible projections of WS&S activities for the nest five years. Sub-tasks included the development of practical targets and reasonable "indicators" against which to measure progress and to prepare a draft of relevant sections of CARE's multi-year plan. See WASH Field Report No. 75.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #119

September 26, 1982: Cancelled

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN PLANNING THE EVALUATION OF WATER SUPPLY, SANITATION AND HEALTH PROJECTS - PHILIPPINES

Cancelled at request of the Mission.

OTD #120

September 25, 1982: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN EVALUATION OF WATER SUPPLY, SANITATION AND HEALTH ASPECTS OF SPRING-FED IRRIGATION PROJECT - TUNISIA

USAID/Tunisia requested WASH assistance in conducting an interim evaluation of the water supply, sanitation and health aspects of a spring-fed irrigation project. The evaluation was undertaken jointly with the Central Tunisia Development Authority and AID. The scope of work included reviewing relevant documentation, interviewing AID and government officials, visiting sites and preparing an evaluation report and recommendations. See WASH Field Report No. 84.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #121

September 26, 1982: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR TRAINING-OF-TRAINERS WORKSHOP FOR PEACE CORPS - S&T/H/WS

The Peace Corps requested WASH assistance in the design and delivery of a training-of-trainers (TOT) workshop for the Indian Health Service in Alaska. The Indian Health Service engineers and sanitarians who participated in the workshop will serve as technical trainers in the continental U.S. of Peace Corps Volunteers for water supply and sanitation projects. The scope of work encompassed the design and delivery of a three-day TOT workshop and the preparation of a final report which included an evaluation and recommendations. See WASH Field Report No. 70.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #122

September 26, 1982: Completed

DEVELOPMENT OF TRAINERS' GUIDES ON HANDPUMP INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE, AND LATRINE CONSTRUCTION - S& T/H/WS

The Peace Corps requested WASH to develop training materials and conduct workshops on handpumps and sanitation facilities for use by Peace Corps Volunteers (PCVs) and their counterparts. The focus was on planning, installation, operation and maintenance of these devices. The scope of work included identification of participating LDC institutions and relevant background data; design of workshop, training materials and delivery techniques; conducting two in-service workshops for PCVs on handpumps and two on latrines; revising training design, delivery and materials between workshops; and preparation of final training design suitable for replication elsewhere by the donor/user community.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #123

October 5, 1982: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN DESIGN AND DELIVERY OF A TRAINING WORKSHOP ON MANAGEMENT TEAM BUILDING - THAILAND

AID/Thailand requested WASH training assistance in designing and delivering a training workshop on management team building for the Provincial Waterwork Authority (PWA) of Thailand. The workshop is seen as a first step in future PWA activities to strengthen its management and its training capability. Most of the workshop was conducted in Thai. Consultant Dan Edwards assisted in the workshop November 1-5, 1982. See WASH Field Report No. 68.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #124

October 24, 1982: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO ASSESS SOLID WASTE, WASTEWATER AND WATER SUPPLY SITUATION AND REQUIREMENTS - LEBANON

USAID/Lebanon requested WASH assistance to assess the solid waste, wastewater and water supply situation and requirements in Lebanon with emphasis on Metropolitan Beirut. The scope of work included contacting public, private and foreign organizations active in these subsectors; reviewing their activities and plans; estimating the effectiveness of their individual and collective efforts; and determining areas of need and future resource requirements for the subsectors. From this data the WASH consultants prepared a suggested action plan, schedule and estimates of resource requirements, and other recommendations considered appropriate. See WASH Field Report No. 66.

For further information, contact Mr. David Donaldson.

COORDINATION/COLLABORATION ON WATER AND SANITATION IN ASIA - S&T/H/WS

OTD #128

WASH was requested by the Office of Health to support the service of Dr. Peter Bourne as keynote speaker at the International Seminar on Human Waste Management for Low-Income Settlements, in Bangkok, Thailand, January 16-22, 1983, sponsored by the Asian Institute of Technology and others. The seminar was attended by water supply, sanitation, health and housing officials from Asian, African, and Latin American Countries who had an excellent opportunity to learn about the WASH Project and how its services may be made available to them through AID Missions.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson

OTD #129 January 7, 1983: Completed

PVO SEMINAR ON RURAL POTABLE WATER AND SANITATION SYSTEMS - HAITI

AID/Haiti requested WASH technical services in the design and implementation of a seminal on rural potable water and sanitation systems for private volunteer organizations (PVOs). The seminar was held January 31 to February 4. Its purpose was to increase the knowledge of decision-makers in the PVOs regarding the alternatives that they should consider in rural water and sanitation programs. A seminar of this kind was recommended by WASH under OTD #9 in November 1981 in WASH Field Report No. 2. See WASH Field Report No. 77.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #130 January 13, 1983: Completed COMPARATIVE LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS OF AID AND MOYNO DESIGN HANDPUMPS LAC/DR: S&T/H/WS

WASH was requested by the Latin American Bureau, the Dominican Republic Mission, and the Office of Health to make a comparative life cycle cost analysis of the AID and Moyno design handpumps that are used in the Dominican Republic. The AID handpumps are manufactured in the Dominican Republic while the Moyno pumps are imported from the U.S. The cost analysis included annual operational and maintenance cost estimates, sensitivity analyses, and the use of several interest rates. Particular attention was directed towards identifying the vehicular, fuel and labor costs of the long-term maintenance plan. See WASH Field Report No. 80.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #131 January 27, 1983: Completed
TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO IMPROVE
MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE AND SYSTEMS
OF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTORATE SWAZILAND

AID/Swaziland requested WASH assistance to

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN STAFFING AID/WASH EXHIBITION BOOTH AT APHA ANNUAL MEETING, MONTREAL, NOVEMBER 13-19. 1982 - S&T/H/WS

WASH was requested by the Office of Health to provide professional staff for the AID/WASH exhibition booth at the annual meeting of the American Public Health Association in Montreal, Canada, November 13-19, 1982. WASH display panels with photographs was part of the AID exhibit. The WASH section also included an operational AID Handpump and a variety of WASH reports and publications for discussion and distribution to visitors to the booth. A register of visitors was kept and requests for WASH publications and further information were received and recorded for later handling at the WASH CIC.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #126

November 10, 1982: Completed

REVIEW OF WATER-SEAL LATRINE FIELD ACCEPTANCE AND POSSIBLE LOCAL MANUFACTURE - HONDURAS

USAID/Honduras requested WASH assistance in reviewing the current acceptance of recently installed waterseal latrines and in conducting a feasibility study of their possible local manufacture. The current rural water and sanitation project in Honduras has programmed the installation of 18,000 pit latrines and 14,000 water-seal latrines. 3,000 ceramic water-seal latrines made in Colombia have been installed and are apparently well received by the rural populace. If the acceptance can be validated, the feasibility of manufacturing cost-competitive ceramic water-seal latrines in Honduras will be investigated. A WASH consultant currently in Honduras on another task made a preliminary survey to determine what next steps should be taken.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #127

November 9, 1982: Completed

RECONNAISSANCE VISIT IN PREPARATION FOR SANITATION WORKSHOP - SENEGAL

USAID/Senegal requested WASH services to plan a workshop on latrine construction and solid waste disposal. The workshop will be for nurses working in the Bakel Health Component of the Irrigated Perimeters Project as well as for other participating institutions that provide health personnel for rural areas. The workshop will be held in April 1983 in Bakel, Senegal. The purposes of the planning visit were to review workshop planning to date, assess the proposed workshop site, and investigate the participation of other Senegalese institutions. See OTD No. 147 below.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

strengthen the management structure and systems of the Public Health Inspectorate in the Ministry of Health. The Inspectorate is responsible for latrine construction, spring protection, food inspection and the control of pest and communicable diseases. The scope of work included evaluation of present level of management skills, identification of key management skills to perform job duties, review of proposed organization structure of the Inspectorate, preparation and delivery of an inservice management training program for health inspectors, and development of a management information system and of other recommendations as appropriate. See WASH Field Report No. 108.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #132

February 7, 1983: Completed

PLANNING OF LATRINE CONSTRUCTION WORKSHOP AND DETERMINATION OF TRAINING NEEDS IN WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION - DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

AID/Dominican Republic requested WASH technical assistance in planning and implementing a latrine construction workshop for Peace Corps Volunteers and Dominican field personnel working under Health Sector Loan II. The scope of work included validation of workshop objectives, collecting information on participants and making all logistical arrangements. Additional assistance was requested to review and discuss short and long term trainings needs in water supply and sanitation within the scope of Health Sector Loan II.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #133

February 7, 1983: Completed

FEASIBILITY STUDY AND PLANNING OF WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION SYSTEMS FOR PRIVATE VOLUNTEER ORGANIZATIONS - INDONESIA

AID/Indonesia requested WASH to provide assistance to several private volunteer organizations (PVOs) operating in Irian Jaya, Indonesia. WASH assisted the Mission in making a feasibility study and plan for a PVO Operating Grant project involving 70-80 small scale water systems and the World Relief Corporation in the Minyambou area of Irian Jaya. WASH also assisted the PVO Development Information Service in planning a water supply and sanitation project in the Jaya Paura of Irian Jaya. See WASH Field Report No. 90.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #134 February 10, 1983: Completed DEVELOPMENT OF SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL PLAN FOR BEIRUT AND OTHER AREAS IN LEBANON - LEBANON

AID/Lebanon requested WASH technical assistance in developing, with Mission, Near East Bureau and Lebanon Government staff, an environmentally sound "Plan of Action" to stop the continuing pollution of the Mediterranean from improper solid waste dumping. The scope of work included consideration of closing the Normandie dump site, enclosing others, reassigning dump locations to maximize the use of environmentally safe disposal areas, and development of a comprehensive program for the collection and handling of solid waste from Beirut. The Plan incorporated a description of steps taken, identification of the organizations responsible and sources of funding for each step, and a proposed implementation time table. The Plan was required by AID under the recently authorized Potable Water and Environmental Sanitation Sector Project and will complement the existing National Waste Management Plan. See WASH Field Report No. 79.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #135 February 10, 1983: Completed REVISION OF PLAN FOR RURAL WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION PROJECT - HONDURAS

AID/Honduras requested WASH technical assistance to revise the work content and financial plan of the ongoing Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Project. Working with the Programa de Saneamiento y Aqua Rural (PRASAR), the WASH consultant reviewed relevant documentation, interviewed Mission, government and Private Volunteer Organization (PVO) officials, and prepared a revised plan consistent with the time frame of the loan agreement. The consultant also considered reducing the number of wells and changing their geographical distribution in order to expedite the installation of 1,200 handpumps within the project time frame. In addition, he reviewed the possible use of PVOs in pump installation and the merits of alternative well excavation techniques using available or procurable resources. See WASH Field Report No. 81.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson

PREPARATION OF SCOPE OF WORK FOR EVALUATION OF CARE RURAL WATER PROJECT - INDONESIA

AID/Indonesia requested WASH technical assistance in preparing the scope of work for the evaluation of the ongoing CARE Rural Water Project. Since 1980 CARE has constructed 70 small scale rural water supply systems of 500 wells and numerous gravity flow systems in over 100 villages at a cost of about \$2,500,000. The evaluation of progress to date enhanced future programming by assessing the cost-effectiveness and impact of completed works. The WASH consultant also assisted the Mission in considering a strategy for CARE to leverage its resources for greater impact on government water programs. See WASH Field Report No. 83 and OTD No. 155 below.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

Feburary 10, 1983: Completed

DEVELOPMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE TRAINING PLAN FOR RURAL SPRING CAP-PING PROJECT - BURUNDI

AID/Burundi requested WASH technical assistance to develop a comprehensive training plan for rural workers involved in the installation and maintenance of capped springs and in the promotion of domestic hygiene and sanitation. This is part of the spring capping program of the Community Water and Sanitation Project. The scope of work included reviewing current health and sanitation programs of the Ministries of Health and Social Affairs and of UNICEF's spring capping project and assessing the training resources of each Ministry and of the Ministry of Development, which is in charge of the Project. It also included developing a comprehensive training program aimed at maximizing the health and sanitation benefits of spring capping, providing a list of required equipment and materials, and furnishing guidelines for the Ministries to institutionalize this program in their long-term plans of operation. See WASH Field Report No. 78.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #138

February 22, 1983: Completed

TECHNICAL, TRAINING AND MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE TO THE NATIONAL WATER SUPPLY AND DRAINAGE BOARD - SRI LANKA

AID/Sri Lanka requested that WASH provide technical, training and management assistance to the National Water Supply and Drainage Board (NWSDB) and also to the Ministry of Local Government, Housing and Construction (MLGHCL). Areas needing improvement include training, operations and maintenance, rehabilitation, water quality monitoring, planning, technology evaluation, organizational development and community financing of water supply and sanitation systems. The specific tasks of the WASH consultants were to prepare and conduct a workshop on the management of operations and maintenance activities for the NWSDB and to develop procedures and methods for the maintenance of water supply and sanitation activities. See WASH Field Report Nos. 94 and 122.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #139

February 22, 1983: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE WITH DESIGN OF A RURAL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT - THAILAND

AID/Thailand requested WASH assistance in preparing materials for a project paper for a rural water supply project. The Provincial Water Authority (PWA), which operates some 700 rural piped water systems, seeks to improve its capacity to design, install, manage and maintain these systems. The proposed project is

intended to up-grade PWA's technical and management skills and identify measures to reduce capital and operating costs. The WASH consultants, working as members of the project design team, specifically addressed requirements for manpower training needs assessments, and the planning and implementation of training delivery systems.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #140

March 3, 1983: Completed

ENGINEERING EVALUATION OF FOSTER PARENTS PLAN WATER PROJECTS - HAITI

AID/Haiti requested that WASH provide technical assistance for an engineering evaluation of the private volunteer organization Foster Parents Plan (FPP) water projects. The scope of work included assessing existing water supply sources, distribution networks, and maintenance activities; examining the unused filter system and reservoirs near Croix-des-Bouquets to determine costs and feasibility of future use; designing simple drains for public fountain areas and a storage tank for spring water; and making recommendations as appropriate, e.g. rainwater catchments, etc. The WASH consultant coordinated activities and the draft report with the FPP evaluator in Haiti. See WASH Field Report No. 96.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #141

March 3, 1983: Completed

RURAL HEALTH WORKERS TRAINING - ZAIRE

AID/Zaire requested WASH participation in a village health workers workshop, which is part of the Annual Conference of the AID Basic Rural Health Project in Zaire. The scope of work included identifying and discussing needs for spring capping, rain water harvesting and well construction, development of training strategies to meet the needs, planning regional water-related seminars for 1983-84, and specific seminar planning on rainwater harvesting for two rural health zones seminars for 1983. See WASH Field Report No. 88 and OTD No. 167 below.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #142

March 3, 1983: Completed

PUBLIC HEALTH EDUCATION FOR LOW-COST SANITATION - TANZANIA

AID/Tanzania requested WASH to provide a public health educator to assist the Ministry of Lands, Housing and Urban Development (ARDHI) in preparing strategy outlines for health education and promotion in low-cost sanitation for peri-urban areas of Dar es Salaam. The consultant worked with the low-cost sanitation unit, the Institute of Adult Education, the City Council, and other organizations. The scope of work for the strategy outline included defining objectives; determining personnel and logistic requirements and methods of operation and promotion, identifying teaching/promotion aids

needed; designing the monitoring and evaluation process; and estimating program costs. See WASH Field Report No. 92.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #143

March 7, 1983: Completed

DESIGN AND DELIVERY OF TWO WORK-SHOPS ON LATRINE CONSTRUCTION -DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

AID/Dominican Republic requested WASH assistance in designing and delivering two workshops on latrine construction as part of AID Health Sector Loan II activities. The participants were Peace Corps Volunteers and Dominican Health Promoters, the latter being responsible for the latrine component and health education activity of Health Sector Loan II. The scope of work included preparing training materials, organizing the workshops, which included solid waste disposal and political political political properties. The workshops, and preparing an evaluation and final report. See WASH Field Report No. 98.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #144

March 7, 1983: Completed

DESIGN AND DELIVERY OF THREE TRAIN-ING-OF-TRAINERS WORKSHOPS ON COM-MUNITY PARTICIPATION IN WATER SUPPLY PROJECTS - MALAWI

AID/Malawi requested WASH technical assistance in the design and delivery of a training-of-trainers workshop and three three-week-long workshops on community participation in relation to the AID piped water project. Sixty-five Ministry of Health field staff needed to be trained in providing health education and sanitation improvements in rural piped water supply areas. Workshop topics included the communication process, adult learning theory, community motivation methods, shared approaches to developing problem-oriented learning programs, community education techniques and materials, and village health committee formation, functions, administration and supervision. See WASH Field Report No. 99.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #145

March 7, 1983: Completed

ASSISTANCE IN EVALUATION OF RURAL SUPPLY PROJECT - TOGO

AID/Togo requested WASH assistance as member of a team to evaluate the Rural Water Supply Project. The over-all evaluation assessed the effectiveness of the establishment and functioning of wells, village health committees, AID and Togo government project staff, and of pump maintenance systems; and the effectiveness of training village pump mechanics and of micro-project planning in the plateau region. The WASH consultant specifically addressed training effectiveness and rela-

tionships between villagers and field agents, identified problems encountered in carrying out project activities at the village level, and suggested possible solutions. See WASH Field Report No. 82.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #146

March 7, 1983: Completed

DESIGN OF RESEARCH/ACTION DEMON-STRATION STUDY ON COMMUNITY PARTICI-PATION - TUNISIA

AID/Tunisia requested WASH planning assistance for the Central Tunisia Development Authority (CTDA). The WASH consultant assisted CTDA in the detailed planning and budgeting of a study designed to demonstrate the impact of community participation on the attainment of water supply, sanitation, and primary health care program objectives. The initial study concept is to take three different groups of communities with varying degrees of historical community participation and assess relative costs, resource utilizations, effectiveness, and impact of community participation activities on program objectives.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD #147

March 7, 1983: Completed

DESIGN AND DELIVERY OF WORKSHOP ON LATRINE CONSTRUCTION, SOLID WASTES DISPOSAL, AND WASTEWATER DISPOSAL FOR RURAL AREAS - SENEGAL

AID/Senegal requested WASH assistance to design and deliver a sanitation workshop and to provide additional follow-up technical assistance with participants from the Bakel Project. The workshop covered latrine construction, solid waste disposal and wastewater disposal for rural areas. The scope of work included planning the workshop for twenty participants, developing the training materials and logistic requirements, conducting the workshop, evaluating the workshop and preparing a final report and recommendations. This follows-up OTD No. 127 above. See WASH Field Report No. 91.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD # 148

May 5, 1983: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN DEVELOPMENT OF A WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION PROJECT - EL SALVADOR

AID/EI Salvador requested WASH assistance to support a health systems project development team in EI Salvador. The WASH consultant identified targets of opportunity to be incorporated into the project paper related to improving the on-going Ministry of Health latrine program (design and construction) and assessed needs for the development of appropriate technology in household water systems. The consultant worked with the Ministry's Rural Water and Sanitation Progressi (PLANSBAR) and with the Project development team.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

RURAL WATER SUPPLY EVALUATION - MALAWI

AID/Malawi requested WASH assistance in designing and conducting a mid-project evaluation of the Self-Help Rural Water Supply Project. The purposes of this formative evaluation were to establish a baseline of evaluation data for the final evaluation and to measure current progress towards achieving project outputs, purposes, goals and end-of-project status. Five areas were investigated by the WASH evaluation team: project inputs by AID and the Government of Malawi; strengthening of the institutions involved in the project; project outputs; the construction and operational status of community water systems; the performance of the community water systems; and the economic, social and health impacts of the project. See WASH Field Report No. 105.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD # 150

July 11, 1983: Completed

EVALUATION OF CONSTRUCTON ASPECTS OF INTEGRATED RURAL HEALTH PROJECT - GUATEMALA

AID/Guatemala requested WASH assistance in evaluating the construction aspects of the Community-based Integrated Health and Nutrition System Project for rural health delivery. The project included construction of 114 small gravity fed potable water systems, 7,000 latrines, 1,500 housing improvements, 13 health posts, one regional service center and the renovation of 44 health posts. The WASH consultant reviewed Ministry of Health implementation plans and its logistic and administrative capabilities to monitor and meet project objectives, and made recommendations relevant to the timely and satisfactory completion of the project. The WASH consultant coordinated his activities with a primary health care evaluator who was working in Guatemala at the same time. See WASH Field Report No. 104.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD # 151

July 11, 1983: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR PRIVATE SECTOR WATER PROGRAM - BOLIVIA

AID/Bolivia requested WASH assistance in preparing a proposal for a private sector potable water and rural sanitation project. The WASH consultant assessed the technical feasibility of the proposed private sector initiative which involved Bolivian savings and loan institutional financing. If the project appears feasible, it will be funded by AID's Bureau of Private Enterprise (PRE). A representative of PRE developed the institutional financing aspects of the proposal.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

PREPARATION OF SCOPES OF WORK FOR HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS - PERU

AID/Peru requested WASH assistance in designing scopes of work for regional level rural water supply training programs for the Ministry of Health. The three training program subjects were 1) design and supervision of constructon of rural water systems, 2) operation and maintenance of rural water systems, and 3) health education programs which integrate primary health care with the construction of rural water systems and latrines.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD # 153

August 17, 1983: Ongoing

DEVELOPMENT AND TESTING OF RAINWATER HARVESTING TRAINING MATERIALS - INTER-REGIONAL; S&T/H/WS

The Office of Health requested that WASH continue development and testing of rainwater harvesting training materials on a more extensive basis than previously authorized. The scope of work includes a technical review of existing materials; review and revision following field pilot test which will be conducted under a separate OTD; development of a dissemination strategy for the final products to reach key people with operational program interests; and distribution of the training materials to these individuals.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #154

August 17, 1983: Ongoing

DEVELOPMENT AND TESTING OF SPRING-CAPPING TRAINERS GUIDE - INTERREGIONAL: S&T/H/WS

The Office of Health requested that WASH continue development and testing of the spring-capping trainers guide previously authorized. The scope of work includes a technical review of the first draft; review and revision following a second field pilot test which will be conducted under a separate OTD; development of a dissemination strategy for the final products to reach key people with operational program interests; and distribution of the training guide to these individuals.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD # 155

August 18, 1983: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN EVALUATION OF CARE WATER PROGRAM - INDONESIA

AID/Indonesia requested WASH assistance in conducting the second part of the evaluation of the CARE Water Project. The first part of the evaluation was completed by CARE in August and was concerned with technical aspects of the project. The second part analyzed the approach that CARE takes in planning, implementing, and maintaining its water projects, focusing on the

effectiveness and appropriateness of CARE's community involvement approach. The scope of work included evaluation of CARE's field staff, of CARE's community involvement approach, and the involvement of the Government of Indonesia in CARE water project activities. Recommendations addressed how the CARE approach and training program might be incorporated into Government operations, how it might be used by other development organizations and PVOs, and how alternative financing methods may be applicable to CARE water projects. See WASH Field Report No. 107.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD # 156

August 30, 1983: Ongoing
Technical Assistance in Evaluation of National Institute of Health Science Project a

tional Institute of Health Science Project - Sri Lanka

AID/Sri Lanka requested WASH assistance in the midproject evaluation of the National Institute of Health Science Project in the Ministry of Health, Sri Lanka. The WASH consultant will be a member of the evaluation team and will provide expertise in public health, water supply, sanitation and institutional training of community workers at the paraprofessional level in developing countries.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD # 157 August 31, 1983: Completed

Technical Assistance in Evaluation of
CARE/Kenya Rural Water Projects - Kenya

AID/Konya requested WASH assistance in the design and execution of an evaluation of several rural water supply projects that CARE had worked on over the past three years. The scope of work included determining what has worked well, the reasons therefore and the impact on recipient communities; recommending viable community-based maintenance systems for future CARE projects in Kenya; reviewing and recommending realistic project goals and an appropriate goal accomplishment indicator system; developing a practical evaluation methodology for future CARE projects; and informally training CARE staff in evaluation approaches and methodologies. See WASH Field Report No. 106.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD # 158 September 1, 1983: Completed

Technical Assistance in Assessment of Sanitation Sector and Strategy Design - Tunisia/RHUDO

AID/Tunisia, the AID Regional Housing Office (RHUDO) in Tunisia, and the AID Office of Housing and Urban Programs in the Bureau for Private Enterprise (PRE/H), requested WASH assistance in undertaking a preliminary assessment of the sanitation sector in Tunisia and in developing a strategy for meeting urban and periurban sanitation needs. The scope of work included reviewing selected current and planned sewerage and

drainage projects of other donors; assessing dimensions of sanitation sector needs, constraints, programs, policies and institutional managerial and financial capabilities; reviewing projects submitted for funding and identifying those eligible for AID/Housing financing; and assisting in an initial development of a strategy and options for undertaking AID financing of future programs and projects in the sanitation sector. See WASH Field Report No. 109.

For turther information contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD # 159 September 22, 1983: Completed

Technical Assistance in Institution Building - Near East Bureau

AID/NE requested WASH assistance in assessing the institution-building needs and plans of the water sector in the Near East region. WASH assisted the Near East Bureau Water Resources Subcommittee on Institutional Development in assessing the capabilities of Near East institutions based on literature reviews and interviews with experts. The assessment identified key institutional issues and problems on a country and regional basis. Future activities in the area of institutional development were also proposed. See WASH Field Report No. 119.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #160 September 22, 1983: Completed

Technical Assistance in Human Resource Development - Near East Bureau

AID/NE requested WASH assistance in assessing the human resource development needs of the water resources sector in the Near East Region. Personnel constraints and deficiencies are pervasive in the region and are a critical obstacle to the rapid and effective implementation, operation and maintenance of water and wastewater plants. WASH assisted the Near East Bureau in identifying training opportunities and courses in the U.S. and third world countries and assessing availability, quality and appropriateness of available training materials and sources. See WASH Field Report Nos. 117 and 118.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD # 161 September 21, 1983: Completed
Technical Assistance in Evaluation of Small
Rural Water Systems - Yemen

AID/Yemen requested WASH assistance in evaluation of the small rural water systems project and preparing the terms of reference for the water sector assessment planned for early 1984. The general scope of work included assessing activities and plans of the organization; staffing of the contractor and the rural water department; project replicability; the role and impact of Peace Corps and of women in the project; and the long range requirements for similar water supply projects in Yemen. Specific evaluation tasks were assigned, by discipline, to the evaluation team members in econom-

ics, rural sociology and water supply engineering. See OTD No. 39 and WASH Field Report No. 22.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD # 162

September 27, 1983: Completed

Technical Assistance on Project Paper for Community Water Systems Development - Haiti

AID/Haiti requested WASH assistance in preparing a Project Paper for Community Water Systems Development. Given the extensive background information supplied by the Project Identification Document, the WASH consulting team focused on some of the unresolved project issues. These included site and water supply technical alternatives, options for institutional arrangements with PVOs, baseline data acquisition for socio-economic and health impact evaluation, technology transfer opportunities and resources, and utilization of local experience in project design and development of financing schemes. The WASH team consisted of an institutional/financial specialist, a rural WS&S engineer, a technology transfer expert, a human resource development specialist and a social scientist supplemented by technical advisors on an as needed basis.

For further information, contact Mr. R. Isely.

OTD # 163

September 29, 1983: Completed

Technical Assistance in Staffing AID/WASH Exhibition Booth at APHA Annual Meeting, Dallas, Texas, November 13-17, 1983 - S&T/H/WS

WASH was "equested by the Office of Health to provide professional staff for the the AID/WASH exhibition booth at the annual meeting of the American Public Health Association. WASH display panels with photographs were part of the AID exhibit. The WASH section also included an operational AID Handpump and a variety of WASH reports and publications for discussion and distribution to visitors to the booth. A register of visitors were kept and requests for WASH publications and further information were recorded for later handling at the WASH CIC.

For further information, contact Mr. J. Beverly.

OTD # 164

October 3, 1983: Completed

Technical Assistance in Reviewing Low-Cost Alternative Water Supply and Sanitation Concepts and Designs - Ivory Coast

AID/RHUDO/Ivory Coast requested WASH assistance in reviewing low-cost alternative water supply and sanitation concepts and designs. The WASH team worked with the Housing Office in the Ivory Coast to identify and evaluate alternatives that were within the social, financial, and technical resources of the Ivory Coast for its low-cost housing projects. Key issues addressed included the social, technical, and financial range of

affordable solutions; capital costs per user; environmental impacts; local availability of materials and equipment; possible financing schemes, such as a revolving fund; and feasible changes in current technical standards. See WASH Field Report No. 113.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD # 165

October 3, 1983: Ongoing

Collection and Presentation of Water and Sanitation Related Health Education Materials - S&T/H/WS

The Office of Health requested that WASH prepare a collection of water and sanitation related health education materials produced in developing countries and especially descriptions of how they were developed and used. The materials and associated descriptions will be used as examples and as guidance and inspiration for the creation of new indigineously prepared materials by health educators and trainers in developing countries and by consultants. The scope of work includes obtaining copies and/or descriptions of materials and of their development and use; reviewing, cataloging and abstracting the materials; and preparing a health education resource bibliography.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD # 166

October 12, 1983: Completed

Technical Assistance for Workshop on Sanitaton and Latrine Construction - Sierra Leone

AID/Sierra Leone and the Peace Corps requested WASH assistance to design and deliver a two week sanitation and latrine construction workshop for Peace Corps Volunteers and staff from the Ministry of Energy and Power and the Ministry of Health. The workshop included hands-on experience in latrine construction and maintenance, as well as consideration of community participation, local beliefs and customs, health education strategies, and project development and planning skills. A trainers' guide was prepared for use in future training programs. See WASH Field Report No. 114.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #167

October 13, 1983: Completed

Technical Assistance for Rainwater Harvesting Workshop - Zairé

AID/Zaire requested WASH assistance to design and deliver a two-week workshop on rainwater harvesting for national rural health workers, missionary health staff and Peace Corps Volunteers. The workshop concentrated on the technical skills and practices applied in the construction, operation, and maintonance of gutters and above-and-below- ground cistern systems used for household, institutional and community water supply. Previously developed WASH training materials on rainwater harvesting were adapted to Zaire and

translated into French for use in the workshop. See WASH Field Report No. 115.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #168 October 19, 1983: Completed

Technical Assistance in Evaluation of Rural Water-Borne Disease Control Project - Swaziland

AID/Swaziland requested WASH assistance in conducting a mid-project evaluation of the Rural Waterborne Disease Control Project. The project has three major inter-related components--health education, environmental sanitation and public health engineering, and a survey of schistosomiasis and water-related diseases-aimed at expanding the capacity of the government to deliver effective preventive health services. In addition to assessing progress on eighteen specific aspects of the project, the WASH evaluation team reviewed the scope and content of the project, work plan priorities and time requirements and the appropriateness of the implementation strategy and of support received by the contracting team. The team also assessed the need for a post-project knowledge, attitudes and practices survey, and made appropriate recommendations. See WASH Field Report No. 120.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

OTD #169

October 21, 1983: Completed

PARTICIPATION IN INTERNATIONAL WORK-SHOP ON MEASURING THE HEALTH IM-PACTS OF WATER SUPPLY AND SANITAI-TON PROJECTS, NOVEMBER 21-25, 1983 DHAKA - BANGLADESH

The Office of Health authorized WASH participation in the International Workshop on Measuring the Health Impacts of Water Supply and Sanitation Projects. The workshop was organized by the International Centre for Diarrheal Disease Research, Bangladesh, and the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, and had some thirty invited participants plus observers. Dr. Raymond B. Isely, Associate Director for Health and Social Sciences of WASH, presented a paper entitled "Opportunities, Problems and Pitfalls in Using Health Status Measures to Evaluate Water Supply and Sanitation Projects in Togo, Malawi and Tunisia."

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

OTD # 170

October 21, 1983: Cancelled

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR DEVELOP-MENT OF PROJECT PAPER AMENDMENT FOR RURAL WATER SUPPLY AND SANITA-TION PROJECT - TOGO

Cancelled at Mission request.

OTD #171

November 2, 1983: Completed

DISASTER ASSISTANCE FOLLOWING EARTHQUAKE - TURKEY

The Office of Health and the Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance requested WASH technical assistance in evaluating the earthquake situation and its requirements in eastern Turkey. WASH provided a Turkish-speaking development specialist who is knowledgeable in the use of the OFDA mobile water purification equipment. In addition to assisting in the deployment of this equipment, the specialist served as a facilitator, analyst, coordinator, information channel, interpreter and assistant to the AID S&T/H/WS representative in Turkey. They analyzed water supply and sanitation conditions, requirement and copportunities resulting from the earthquake and coordinated water purification and planning activities in consort with U.S. and Turkish government officals.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #172

November 28, 1983: Completed

DROUGHT EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE - MAU-RITANIA

The Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance and AID/Mauritania requested WASH services in reviewing the drought situation in Mauritania and planning relief measures. The WASH team had two primary tasks: 1) to identify emergency disaster relief activities needed to assist the government to provide water and sanitation facilities to drought stricken areas, and 2) to identify targets of opportunity for long term health, water and sanitation actions arising out the drought emergency. The Adar, Trarza and Fagant regions are of specific concern. The three person team included a water resources/civil engineer, a public health/sanitary engineer and a hydrogeologist/well driller. The team worked closely with the Mauritania Commission for Food Security and served as liaison with the Ministry of Hydraulics and Energy.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #173

January 9, 1984: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN WELL DRILLING AND COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION - BOLIVIA

AID/Bolivia recently reactivated a rural water and sanitation project and requested WASH assistance in the well drilling and community participation aspects. The project calls for drilling 50-70 wells in areas where surface water systems are not possible. The well drilling consultant studied terrain, assessed proposed well sites, recommended types of well drilling rigs to be purchased and prepared specifications for international procurement. The project also called for community participation in construction, financing and maintenance

of water systems. The community involvement methodology used by the Ministry of Health was reviewed in the field and recommendations for improvement were made where appropriate. See WASH Field Reports Nos. 116 and 121.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #174

January 18, 1984: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN EVALUATION OF RURAL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT - UPPER VOLTA

AID/Upper Volta requested WASH assistance in conducting a benchmark assessment of the on-going rural water supply project. The services of a project development specialist, a water supply and sanitation/public health engineer, and a specialist in health education, health planning and training of health personnel were required. The assessment report reviewed the overall management of the project and its major components-health and well construction; choice of technology, well construction, and pump installation; pump and well maintenance organization and financing; host country management capability to continue well site identification and future well drilling; training of health assistants and village health workers; content of the health education component; and coordination of the component with well construction and use. In addition to including recommendations to better achieve stated project objectives, the report was used as a basis for a project paper supplement containing appropriate objectives and guidelines covering the next three years of project activities.

For further information, contact Mr. R. Isley.

OTD #175

January 30, 1984: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN ORGANIZING A TRAINING UNIT IN THE DIRECTORATE OF RURAL SANITATION (DISAR) - PERU

AID/Peru requested WASH assistance in organizing, and planning and implementing the initial operations of the central training unit recently established in the Directorate of Rural Sanitation (DISAR), The purpose of the training unit is to develop training programs that assure the ongoing rural water supply and sanitation project is properly implemented, that systems are properly installed, operated and maintained, and that users of water and sanitation systems are properly trained. The WASH consultants assisted DISAR in organizing the training unit; establishing objectives, functions, positions and procedures; in developing curricula for courses that DISAR will conduct and training DISAR staff in curricula preparation; and in coordinating DISAR's training delivery system with other AID projects, other donors, and other national agencies. See WASH Field Report No. 126.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #176

February 6, 1984: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE ON PROJECT PAPER FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT - JAMAICA

AID/Jamaica and the Regional Housing Office /Caribbean requested WASH assistance in reviewing and refining a scope of work for the preparation of the project paper for an urban development project. The WASH consultant was involved with the water supply, sanitation, solid waste disposal and environmental health components of the paper.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner,

OTD #177 February 7, 1984: Completed

EVALUATION OF BASIC VILLAGE SERVICES PROJECT - EGYPT

AID/Egypt requested WASH to provide an experienced rural public works engineer to assist in the third midproject evaluation of the Basic Village Services Project. The purpose of this Project is to improve and expand the capacity of villages and governates to plan, manage, finance, implement and maintain selected infrastructure projects. So far there have been 3,560 sub-projects encompassing 1,425 villages in 20 rural governates. Fifty-six percent of the sub-projects have involved potable water systems, 24 percent farm-tomarket roads and 12 percent include sanitation and drainage. Over 3.000 people have been given technical and managerial training, with 3,000 more in the training pipeline. The contribution of the rural public works engineer to the evaluation included assessment of the quality, quantity and effectiveness of sub-project engineering and of technical assistance and training, and the preparation of appropriate recommendations in these areas in order to bring the Project to a successful conclusion.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #178

February 10, 1984: Ongoing

EVALUATION OF THE INTEGRATED HEALTH DELIVERY PROJECT - ECUADOR

AID/Ecuador requested WASH assistance in evaluating the water supply and sanitation component of the ongoing Integrated Health Delivery Project which is being implemented by the Ecuadorian Institute of Sanitary Works (IEOS). The two person WASH evaluation team assessed IEOS' overall management capabilities and structure, cost/effectiveness in appropriate technology utilization, and its training programs, especially for paraprofessionals. The team also determined the status, quantitative results and effectiveness of IEOS' vehicle and equipment procurement, operations and maintenance program; the gravity water supply system construction program; the handpump and latrine installation program; and the community health education and participation program. Inter-institutional arrangements and the role of AID's sanitary engineer were considered

and appropriate recommendations made to improve over-all project performance.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #179 February 10, 1984: Completed

ASSESSMENT OF WATER AND SANITATION EMERGENCY SITUATION - MOZAMBIQUE

The AID Office of Disaster Assistance and the U.S. Embassy in Mozambique requested WASH Technical assistance following Typhoon Dominia's impact the first week of February. Torrential rains caused the worst flooding in recorded history. They disabled the waterworks in the capital city of Maputo, cut major roads and railways and destroyed irrigation pumps, crops and livestock. A Portuguese speaking engineer experienced in Africa was quickly located in the WASH consultant data base and dispatched to Mozambique. His tasks included reviewing the overall water supply and sanitation situation, the condition of the Maputo water treatment plant and distribution system, the need to replace irrigation pumps, the water supply and sanitation requirements of displaced persons, and making appropriate recommendations for actions in these areas.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #180

February 12, 1984: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN EVALUATION OF PROVINCIAL CITIES PROJECT - EGYPT

AID/Egypt requested WASH assistance as part of a team to evaluate the on-going Provincial Cities Project. Major inputs to the Project are technical asistance, capital assistance, and training. Principal issues addressed by the evaluation were whether inputs were being achieved in a timely and effective manner, had they resulted to date in the outputs envisaged in the project paper, and had the inputs/outputs contributed to the timely accomplishment of the project goal and purpose. Other topics considered were the role of the Egyptian private sector in project implementation; the effectiveness of coordinated action by the Egyptian government. AID and the AID contractor: the role of Provincial Cities in decentralization and Egyptian development; and the extent to which capacity building ("institutionalization") is occuring as a result of the project.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #181

February 21, 1984: Completed

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE ON PROJECT PAPER FOR HOUSING/SANITATION PROGRAM - TUNISIA

The AID Regional Housing Office (RHUDO) in Tunisia requested WASH technical assistance in preparing the project paper for a combined Housing/Sanitation Program. WASH provided a sanitary engineer and an economist who, as part of a five person team, prepared the sanitation/sewerage component. Their contribution

included criteria for beneficiary identification, technical project descriptions, review of standards, a program financing plan, and a cost/benefit analysis. The team also assisted in coordinating efforts with existing sanitation projects funded by the World Bank, Kuwaiti Fund, and Tunisian government agencies, and in identifying and negotiating specific sanitation/sewerage projects to be funded.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #182

February 22, 1984: Completed

FOLLOW-UP TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR PRIVATE WATER SECTOR WATER PROGRAM - BOLIVIA

AID/Bolivia requested WASH technical assistance for the private sector water program. This was a follow-up to work done under OTD #151 for the Bolivian Savings and Loan System (CACEN) and AID's Bureau for Private Enterprise. The scope of work included development of site selection criteria, advice on appropriate design and construction of water, wastewater and excreta disposal systems, counsel on community participation, promotion, operation and maintenance of systems, and a review of CACEN's proposed general project plan. Guidelines for project evaluation were also considered. This work was done by a WASH consultant who did related work under OTD #151 last year and who was available in Bolivia upon completing OTD #173 earlier in February.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

OTD #183

May 9, 1984: Completed

REVIEW OF WASTEWATER TREATMENT FA-CILITIES - JORDAN AND NE/PD/ENV

AID/Jordan requested WASH technical assistance to conduct a comparative review of two operational wastewater treatment facilities. Aspects covered included the methods being used to recover the wastewater for further economically productive use; design operation, and maintenance problems and procedures; the monitoring plan being used to protect public health and the environment; and the procedures undertaken to insure that there are no adverse public health or environmental impacts.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

OTD #184

May 21, 1984: Completed

PARTICIPATION IN HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT CORE GROUP MEETING - S&T/H/WS/

In February 1984 the World Health Organization invited WASH to participate in the work of a Core Group on Human Resources Development (HRD) for the UN Water Decade. Other members of the Core Group are AID, WHO, PAHO, and ILO and the World Bank. The Core Group is implementing the Basic Strategy Document on HRD which was endorsed by the Decade Steering Committee in April 1982. The meeting was held in May at the Pan American Health Organization, Washington,

D.C. Agenda topics included exchange of information on training activities; assessment of training needs in support of the Decade; the need to develop presentations illustrating the benefits of an integrated and systematic approach to HRD; the difficulty of mounting effective HRD programs where existing water and

sanitation programs are weak and rarely coordinate their programs; and preparation and publication of a series of guidance articles focusing on organizational development and HRD.

For Further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

SUMMARIES OF SELECTED CIC TASKS

As mentioned in the Introduction, CIC Tasks are usually shorter term assignment than Orders of Technical Direction and do not involve overseas travel of WASH staff or consultants. They may be administrative, technical or informational in nature, such as the work involved in preparing this report. Over four hundred and fifty CIC Tasks have been undertaken by WASH since the Project began. A number of these tasks will be continuous through the life of the project, i.e., certain types of administrative or repetitive activity. Others have or will result in WASH Reports, such as those summarized below.

CIC #2

September 29, 1980: Completed

A BRIEF REVIEW OF ORAL REHYDRATION THERAPY

The purpose of this task was to review the literature on the use of water disinfection in the preparation of oral rehydration solutions. This review was then incorporated into a discussion of related issues and subsequently into a report emanating from that discussion.

The review was performed by Glenn Whaley, a graduate student at UNC under the supervision of Dr. Isely. The discussion was led by Drs. Richard Cash and Lincoln Chen on November 13, 1980.

Several research issues have resulted from the literature search and discussions. Among there are

What is the effect of adding a disinfectant to ORS (oral rehydration solutions) from different water sources, e.g. with different degrees of contamination?

What is the effect of introducing new innocula of various organisms in individuals already infected?

What can be done to assure safe water in domestic containers and what is the effect on the safety of ORS?

These research issues should be pursued, some under WASH, others through separate funding. See WASH Technical Report No. 2.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

CIC #3

October 2, 1980: Completed

TRIOCIDE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This document reports the results of an investigation into the suitability of a potable water disinfectant called Triocide for use by the U.S. Agency for International Development in its overseas programs. The investigation was performed during the month of October 1980 by a WASH consultant. The work focussed upon the safety and effectiveness of the disinfectant itself, but did not examine or field-test entire water treatment

systems incorporating Triocide. The investigation involved interviews and correspondence with knowledgeable individuals and organizations as well as a literature review. It did not include additional laboratory field testing beyond that reported by others.

The major conclusions of this investigation are:

- Triocide disinfection providing a significant iodine residual in treated water appears a safe, simple and effective short-term emergency disinfection technology, with distinct operational advantages over other technologies currently available.
- 2. The operational advantages of Triocide also make the possibility of medium and long-term use attractive, but the presence of significant iodine residual in the treated water raises questions of possible iodine toxicity. These concerns can be reduced with a reduction in iodine residual but only with a corresponding increase in the risk of pathogen survival in treated water from subsequent recontamination.
- 3. The question of medium and long-term iodine toxicity is a controversial one with conflicting evidence and opinions as to the existence and magnitude of the risk. Continuous use of water with iodine residual for periods up to three weeks involves no significant hazard by any account, but continuous use for years appears unwise in the face of existing evidence and uncertainty. No exact dividing line currently exists between the above 'short-term' and 'long-term' periods, and decisions about 'medium-term' use should reflect local conditions and the feasibility of alternative means of disinfection.

See WASH Technical Report No. 1

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

CIC #47

December 10, 1980: Completed

SYNTHESIS OF EVALUATION METHODS AND APPROACHES TO THE EVALUATION OF COMMUNITY WATER SUPPLY PROGRAMS

The AID Mission in Malawi is assisting the Government in the design of an evaluation plan for community water supply programs. The Mission requested descriptive material on evaluation work done on developing countries that could be applied in Malawi. This information could also provide useful background for the Government in its selection of its own evaluation specialist.

A consultant from the Research Triangle Institute was contracted to review the literature, discuss the state-of-the-art with evaluation specialists in North Carolina and Washington, D.C., write a synthesis, and prepare a bibliography. See WASH Technical Report No. 4.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

PLANNING OF WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION DEMONSTRATION CENTERS IN LDCS

At the present time there is no organized facility or program where rural water supply and sanitation (WS&S) staff may observe in operation not only various appropriate technology devices, but also the organization, methodologies and delivery systems used by national, regional and community WS&S organizations. The latter includes the community participation aspects of planning, installing, operating, maintaining and financing WS&S systems.

Regional facilities would provide accessible and common language sites for 'hands-on' observation of operational WS&S systems by government officials, planners, contractors, PVO's, etc. Rural WS&S agencies in a number of developing countries have expressed an interest in a program to establish such sites for training and orientation purposes.

A draft project outline is under review by the Office of Health. Central America was chosen for study purposes as a likely area to benefit from this concept, which could be replicated elsewhere in Latin America and other regions.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

CIC #235

April 5, 1982: Completed

BIBLIOGRAPHY ON COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION AND WOMEN'S ROLES IN WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

The role of women in community participation and in water supply and sanitation has drawn increased attention as part of the UN Decade for Women (1975-1985) and the UN International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade (1981-1990). The literature has proliferated and is difficult to identify, hence this bibliography. The bibliography includes four hundred items selected from the WASH Liurary that contain important information of both a theoretical and practical nature on community and women's participation in water supply and sanitation in developing countries. This information should be of value to those planning and managing water supply and sanitation programs since experience has demonstrated the critical relationship of the participation of communities--and particularly that of women--to the success of these programs. This bibliography is intended primarily for use by AID project managers, their contractors, and their host country counterparts in project planning and monitoring. Others who may find it useful include those having similar responsibilities in other agencies, as well as teachers, researchers and students. See WASH Technical Report No. 18.

For further information, contact Mr. J. Beverly.

SYNTHESIS OF A RESOURCE DOCUMENT ON WATER AND SANITATION RELATED HEALTH EDUCATION MATERIALS PRO-POSED IN AND FOR DEVELOPING COUN-TRIES

Experience has shown that the installation of water and sanitation facilities alone does not necessarily lead to changes in health related behavior or to expected health benefits. As a result, water and sanitation project designers have begun to recognize the necessity of incorporating health education activities in order to facilitate the necessary individual, institutional and cultural changes. To some extent, however, the development of health education activities in water and sanitation projects has suffered from a lack of information about materials, techniques, and methods that have been developed within and across individual countries and projects. The purpose of this task is to address that deficiency by collecting relevant materials, especially those indigenously produced, and preparing a resource bibliography of available materials cross indexed by country, languages, media, content, and setting. The Research Triangle Institute (RTI) is carrying out this task. Work incorporated into OTD No. 165.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

CIC # 247

April 12, 1982: On-going

DEVELOPMENT OF PRACTICAL APPROACHES TO CONTROLLING THE DEFECATION OF SMALL CHILDREN

In developing countries, enteric (excreta-related) diseases are heavily implicated in the high rates of infant mortality and morbidity. Diarrheas are estimated to kill some six million children annually. Reduced exposure to enteric infectious agents in the household setting would reduce these diseases and improve children's health and survival rates. Since there has been no systematic effort to assess this culturally complex situation and possible control measures - behavioral training of mothers and children, child-sized latrines, etc., WASH is undertaking preliminary investigations into the subject.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

CIC #253

April 16, 1982: Completed

DEVELOPMENT OF HANDPUMP PROGRAM TRAINING MATERIALS

WASH has been active in assisting in the manufacture of the AID Handpump and in training local personnel in pump installation, operation and maintenance techniques and procedures in several developing countries -Ecuador, Honduras, and the Philippines among others. As demand for handpumps is increasing in developing countries in partial response to the UN Water Decade, the requirements for relevant training are also growing. In response to these needs, WASH has requested Georgia Institute of Technology to develop training aids (job aids) for the manufacture, installation, operation and maintenance of the AID Handpump. These aids will be for use on-the-job and are intended to eliminate or minimize the need for continued outside assistance. Work incorporated into OTD No. 82.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

CIC #265

May 10, 1982: Completed

DEVELOPMENT OF GUIDELINES FOR HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT PLANNING IN THE WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION SECTOR

Experience has demonstrated that favorable government policies and resource allocations can have little impact on water supply and sanitation (WS&S) programs unless effective measures exist to recruit, train, utilize and maintain the skilled labor necessary for successful operations. The purpose of this task is to develop a systematic approach to HRD planning needs assessments and preparing training plans for the water supply and sanitation sector in developing countries. The resulting guidelines can then be used by developing country governments, agencies, and consultants for HRD planning.

The basic structure of the approach is to:

- Understand as much about the country specific WS& S system as possible (data, people, agencies/organizations, resources, political priorities, etc.) before selecting a given planning approach,
- Conduct an assessment of HRD skills needs in the WS&S sector, through estimating current and projected employment by occupation and determining which occupations and job skill needs are high priority for pre-service or in-service education or training.
- Inventory the existing educational and training delivery system related to WS&S occupations, and identify problems or imbalances in program offerings,
- 4. Develop an HRD plan for correcting identified problems or imbalances.

See WASH Technical Report No. 20.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

CIC # 266

May 10, 1982: Completed

DEVELOPMENT OF A SELECTED, ANNOTATED HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT BIBLIOGRAPHY FOR THE WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION SECTOR

As a field of specialization, Human Resource Development (HRD) has emerged over the past 10-15 years as a recognized aspect of institutional management. The relevance and requirements for HRD activities in developing countries cannot be overemphasized, particularly in basic needs sectors such as water supply

and sanitation. As there is no suitable HRD bibliography available in this field, the Office of Health requested WASH to develop a selective annotated HRD bibliography for the water supply and sanitation sector. This bibliography is intended for use by national government institutions, donors and individual consultants.

The bibliography has three major categories:

- HRD references specifically in the water and sanitation sector.
- 2. Rural development.
- 3. Key general HRD references (not specifically for the water and sanitation sectors).

The overriding principle followed in developing the bibliography was usability. The items selected were considered to be the most important, readily obtainable, and easy-to-use. See WASH Technical Report No. 22.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

CIC #273

May 17, 1982: Completed

PREPARATION OF A PROPOSAL FOR DE-VELOPMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES DE-VELOPMENT OFFICERS IN NATIONAL WA-TER SUPPLY AND SANITATION AGENCIES

In March, 1982, the Interagency Task Force on Human Resources Development for the International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade made the following statment on Human Resources Policy:

The goal of the human resources policy for the decade is to have a labor force whose size, and technical, scientific, and managerial competence will ensure adequate provision of safe drinking water and sanitation facilities for all by 1990.

As one response to that policy goal, the Office of Health requested WASH to develop a concept paper for training HRD officers. HRD officers are senior managers in water supply and sanitation institutions. They would have overall responsibility in that institution for developing HRD program strategies and for influencing decision-makers to support such programs.

The paper discusses:

- A definition of the roles and responsibilities of an HRD officer.
- Minimum qualifications (i.e., skills and knowledge) for entry into an HRD officer training program,
- A detailing of the specific tasks necessary to design and deliver such a training program, and
- An estimation of the resources needed for planning and implementing the HRD officer training program.

A draft entitled "A Systematic Training Program for Potential Human Resource Development Managers for Water and Sanitation Institutions" has been prepared and circulated for comments.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

SPRING CAPPING TRAINING MATERIALS

After learning of interest in spring capping projects in several regions of Africa, WASH reviewed existing technical information on spring capping and compiled a draft document which surveys this under-emphasized activity. Then, recognizing the need for, and the low cost of spring improvement technology, WASH undertook the development of this training manual and training program design.

The intended users of this manual are individuals working as extension agents at the zone or regional level who can use this manual to conduct training programs for village extension workers on spring capping technologies. The manual presents a comprehensive training design, suggested procedures, and materials for conducting a workshop in the planning, construction, operation, maintenance and repair of spring capping structures. It includes sessions which develop skills for involving the community in the planning and implementation of spring capping projects and facilitating decision-making by the community leadership, as well as sessions for developing necessary design and construction skills. The training design incorporates a variety of active learning techniques and can be modified to fit the skills and needs of the participants in specific developing countries. The materials were used initially in a spring capping workshop in Togo in February 1983. See OTD No. 154.

For further information, contact Mr. F. Rosensweig.

CIC #308

August 4, 1982: Completed

DEVELOPMENT OF TRAINING MATERIALS FOR THE BAKEL, SENEGAL, SANITATION TRAINING WORKSHOP, MARCH 1983

The workshop design and the instructional materials being developed are for trainers to use in training midlevel nurses in technical skills related to latrine construction and solid waste disposal, as well as in communication and promotional skills related to the organization and support of village health committees. These mid-level nurses would then have to adapt the materials to use in training community-level workers (secouristes, matrones, and hygienistes). Also included will be a guide, interviewing instructions, and sample forms for conducting sanitation surveys. The materials will be prepared in French and translation should be useful for training programs in other developing countries. See OTD No. 147.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

CIC #314

August 12, 1982: Completed

RAINWATER HARVESTING REVIEW AND TRAINING MATERIAL DEVELOPMENT

Interest in rainwater harvesting (RWH) for water supply in developing countries has expanded as part of the growing interest in supporting locally organized and implemented efforts to meet basic human needs. RWH is an attractive way of increasing the quality of water available for household use in areas with water shortages. Catchments using existing roof structures and surfaces combined with self-built storage containers represent a particularly promising approach.

The WASH Project reviewed existing technical information on rainwater harvesting and has drafted a document which includes a survey of the literature, an annotated bibliography and a summary of useful construction ideas. From this effort the need for a specific training course design for rainwater harvesting was recognized. A course plan, instructor's guide and trainee materials have been developed. The intended users of these materials are individuals working as extension agents who will conduct training programs for village extension workers on rainwater harvesting system design, construction, operation and maintenance. The role of community participation is stressed and the materials are adaptable to differing local community settings. See OTD No. 153.

For further information, contact Mr. C. Hafner.

CIC # 339

November 18, 1982: Ongoing

DEVELOPMENT OF GUIDELINES FOR DE-SIGNING, SELECTING AND FIELD TESTING VISUAL AIDS

AID/Swaziland requested WASH assistance in developing an approach that could be used in pre-testing visual aids used in health education programs. The on-going Rural Water Borne Disease Control Project is developing visual aids and is concerned about their effectiveness and wishes to minimize mis-interpretation of the materials. The Research Triangle Institute is preparing a set of guidelines for designing, selecting and field testing visual aids. They will be for use by people with limited experience in the design of visual aids who wish to make sure the educational materials for which they are responsible are suitable for conveying the ideas they wish to transmit. The guidelines assume that the intended audience for the visual aids has little if any. experience in 'reading' visual aids, and that any assumptions regarding the experience level should be tested as a part of the design/selection process.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

CIC # 359

January 17, 1983: Ongoing

DEVELOPMENT OF GENERIC HEALTH EDU-CATION MESSAGES FOR WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION PROGRAMS

Behavior change in water and sanitation programs involves two components: helping people to make an initial modification in their existing practices and developing structures to support and facilitate these behavior changes over time. Behavioral models show that many factors influence the acceptance of an innovation or the initial decision to modify routine practices. Many changes require a series of decisions

while others require only one. For example, the decision to participate in a vaccination campaign requires only one major decision - to accept or reject the immunization. On the other hand, water and sanitation decisions necessitate the modification of a series of behaviors that form the daily patterns of individual, family and community life. Thus, when people decide to accept water and sanitation technology, it means that they have also decided to create new complexes of behaviors which will be sustained over time. The Research Triangle Institute is assisting WASH in developing a series of educational modules to address individual and community behavioral change aspects that are specific and generic for various water supply and sanitation activities. This format will allow potential users to select those modules which are most relevant to their needs.

For further information, contact Dr. R. Isely.

CIC # 383 March 18, 1983: Completed

SUPPORT OF NCIH DIRECTORY OF PVO'S IN INTERNATIONAL HEALTH ASSISTANCE

WASH has worked closely with private volunteer organizations (PVOs) involved in water supply and sanitation and with the NCIH - The National Council for International Health. The NCIH is an umbrella organization in the United States composed of individuals and organizations working together to promote more effective U.S. involvement - public and private - in international health programs. In December 1981 WASH co-sponsored with the NCIH a workshop at the Pan American Health Organization on "Water Supply and Sanitation in Rural Development." Its proceedings were published as WASH Technical Report No. 14. As one follow-on to the workshop, WASH also assisted the NCIH in preparing a "Guide to U.S. Based Organizations Involved in Water Supply and Sanitation in Developing Countries" which was published by the NCIH in July 1983. The Guide describes sixty-five organizations which have water and sanitation components in their overseas health programs.

For further information, contact Mr. J. Beverly.

CIC # 402 August 22, 1983: On-going

DEVELOPMENT MANUAL ON METHODOL-OGY TO ASSESS URBAN WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

AID's Office of Housing and Urban Programs in the Bureau for Private Enterprise (PRE/H) has requested

WASH assistance in preparing a manual on a methodology for assessing urban water supply and sanitation system requirements. The approach to preparing the manual will take into account that the water supply and sanitation infrastructures under consideration would be designed for use by residents of rapidly-growing lowincome areas within the cities. A team of visiting or resident professionals will conduct an assessment of current water supply and sanitation systems and immediate and future demands. They will also document the different levels of technology and concomitant investments required to provide services to urban residents within specific periods of time, offer guidelines on the manner in which AID resources should be applied, and suggest the policy implications of alternative technical systems and financial investments. In addition, World Bank assessments of shelter programs will be reviewed and special attention will be given to evaluating the impact of the Bertaud Model -- a "model for the analysis of alternatives for low-income shelter in the developing world" (World Bank, December 1981).

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

CIC # 403

August 22, 1983: Ongoing

MANUAL OUTLINING MECHANISMS FOR RE-COVERING COSTS OF URBAN WATER SUP-PLY AND SANITATION SYSTEMS

AID's Office of Housing and Urban Programs in the Bureau for Private Enterprise has requested WASH assistance in preparing a manual outlining mechanisms for recovering costs of urban water supply and sanitation systems. The manual will contain a methodology for recovering costs (capital and recurrent) associated with designing, installing and operating different -- in terms of level of technical sophistication and deviation form a given standard in the country ... water supply and sanitation systems in rapidly growing urban and peri-urban areas. Among other topics, the manual will outline approaches for assessing the cost implications and the impact on urban policy of different water supply and sanitation systems. It will analyze alternative service levels, unit costs and the number of beneficiaries who could be reached in an affordable manner for a given level of investment. Subsidy levels, if any, and whether internal or external to the system, will also be assessed, along with the manner in which new systems could be financed and old systems replaced.

For further information, contact Mr. D. Donaldson.

APPENDIX

LIST OF WASH PUBLICATIONS

SUBJECT CATEGORIES AND COUNTRIES OF WASH TECHNICAL REPORTS (TR) AND WASH FIELD REPORTS (FR)

(By Report Number - see numerical list of titles following)

Bibliographies and Synthesis Documents

FR: 26; 117; 118; 119; TR: 4; 15; 18; 21; 22;

Community Education and Participation (CEP)

TR: 7: 11: 15: 18: 19: FR: 2; 6; 13; 37; 39; 42; 59; 62; 69; 75; 77; 78; 83; 90; 91: 92: 93: 99: 107; 115;

121:

Evaluation

FR: 1; 2; 5; 22; 24; 27; 35; TR: 4: 5: 12: 14

44; 49; 57; 65; 71; 76; 82;

83: 84: 86: 96:

Disaster Assistance

FR: 25; 41; 66; 74; 79; 112;

Human Resource Development (HRD) (including training)

TR: 3: 13: 15: 19: 20:

22;

FR: 7: 8: 16: 21: 28: 31: 34: 38; 39; 42; 43; 44; 45; 49; 50: 51: 56: 58: 60: 61: 62; 67; 68; 69; 70; 73; 74; 87; 88: 91: 92: 93: 94: 95: 97; 99; 108; 110; 114; 115; 117; 118; 122; 124; 125; 126;

Housing

FR: 46; 109; 113;

Information

FR: 18; 26; 28; 48; 64; 80;

111: 117: 118:

Institutional Development

FR: 6; 8; 12; 13; 19; 21; 22; TR: 3; 4; 5; 7; 8; 15; 19;

23; 24; 27; 33; 34; 35; 38; 39; 47; 49; 50; 67; 68; 69; 72: 76: 79: 86: 94: 95: 105: 108: 109: 111: 117; 119;

126:

Planning

FR: 5; 7; 8; 9; 11; 14; 18; 27; TR: 9; 10; 14; 15;19; 33: 34: 35: 36: 40: 47: 52: 20:

53; 58; 63; 66; 72; 75; 79;

97; 105; 106;109; 111; 113; 116: 121:

80; 81; 86; 88; 89; 90; 95;

Private Volunteer Organizations (PVO's)

FR: 2; 9; 30; 37; 39; 40; 56; 59; 71; 75; 77;83; 90; 106;

107:

Public Health

TR: 1; 2; 5; 8; 12; 16; FR: 1; 7; 8; 11; 23; 29; 31;

17; 18; 19;

37; 39; 42; 44; 55; 66; 67; 69; 71; 72; 75; 77; 78; 79;

91; 99; 104; 110; 112; 120;

Sanitation

18: 19:

TR: 11; 14; 15; 16; 17; FR: 1; 9; 10; 17; 19; 25; 26;

28; 30; 33; 37; 38; 42; 44;

45; 46; 47; 51; 52; 53; 55; 58; 60; 66; 67; 69; 70; 71;

72; 75; 77; 78; 79; 86; 91; 92; 93; 95; 99; 104; 109;

112; 113; 114; 120; 121;

Technology Transfer (including local manufactur-

ing and R&D)

FR: 3; 5; 6; 16; 20; 26; 45; 54; 59; 60; 69; 76; 80; 85;

87; 89; 98; 100; 101; 102; 103; 110; 123; 124; 125;

WASH Contributions to Conference, Seminars, etc.

TR: 8: 13: 14: 16: 17: FR: 15; 48; 63; 64; 67; 77;

Water Supply (including hydrology)

TR: 1; 2; 14; 15; 16; 17; FR: 1; 2; 4; 6; 9; 11; 19; 22; 18; 23;

24; 25; 26; 30; 32; 36; 37; 38; 40; 41; 42; 43; 45; 46;

> 50; 51; 53; 54; 56; 57; 59; 60; 61; 62; 63; 65; 66; 67;

68; 69; 70; 71; 72; 73; 74; 75; 76; 77; 78; 80; 81; 82;

83; 84; 85; 86; 87; 88; 90;

94; 96; 99; 105; 106; 107; 110; 112; 113; 115; 116;

117; 118; 122; 123; 125;

Women in Develop TR: 6; 11; 15; 17; 19; 21; Workshops TR: 8; 13;	18; FR: 29; 56; 60;	30; 31; 36; 45; 54; 63; 67; 68; 70; 87; 94; 97; 99; 114; 115;	Mali Malawi Mauritania Morocco Peru Philippines Senegal Sierra Leone Sri Lanka	TR: 4;	FR: 32; FR: 99; 105; FR: 11; 112; FR: 43; 61 FR: 1; 6; 30; 38; 48; 89; 126; FR: 3; 54; 57; 76; FR: 44; 91; FR: 114; FR: 76; 94; 122;
WASH TECHNICAL I BY COUNTRY AND I Bolivia Botswana Brazil Burundi			Sudan Swaziland Tanzania Thailand Togo	TR: 13;	FR: 37; FR: 108; 120; FR: 7; 8; 58; 92; FR: 19; 68; FR: 27; 51; 82; 87;
Cameroon Central African Republic Dominican Republic	TR: 3; 5;	FR: 75; FR: 53; 72; 97; FR: 5; 20; 21; 23; 35; 50; 76; 80; 93; 98; 101; 111;	Tunisia Yemen Zaire	TR: 8;	FR: 4; 67; 84; 100; 109; FR: 22; FR: 62; 73; 88; 115;
El Salvador Ecuador Egypt		FR: 26; FR: 9; 12; 13; 49; 59; 63; 74; 110; 123; 125; FR: 33; 52;	AFRICA Bureau ASIA Bureau LAC Bureau NE Bureau	TR: 13; 19; TR: 9; TR: 8;	FR: 81; FR: 14; 64; FR: 15; 30 FR: 29; 117; 118; 119;
Guatemala Haiti Honduras	TR: 12;	FR: 56; 104; FR: 2; 77; 96; FR: 46; 65; 69; 76; 81; 85; 103;	Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance:		FR: 25; 41; 66; 74; 79; 112;
Indonesia Ivory Coast Jordan		FR: 16; 28; 39; 42; 71; 83; 90; 107; FR: 113; FR: 17; 34; 36;	Office of Health:	TR: 6; 12; 14; 20; 23;	FR: 1; 2; 14; 18; 30; 31; 41; 45; 48; 60; 64; 76;
Kenya Lebanon Lesotho		FR: 106; FR: 10; 66; 79; FR: 55;	Office of Housing:		FR: 46; 109; 113; 86; 102;

LIST OF WASH PUBLICATIONS: TECHNICAL AND FIELD REPORTS

TECHNICAL REPORTS

- 1. WASH Technical Report 1. *Triocide Questions and Answers*. November, 1980 by Peter Kolsky.
- WASH Technical Report 2. Possible Disinfection of Oral Rehydration Solutions. Notes from November 13, 1980 meeting with Richard Cash and Lincoln Chen, by Raymond B. Isely.
- WASH Technical Report 3. Training of Rural Community Development Workers in Health Education, with Special Reference to Water Supply Protection and Use Maintenance of Sanitation Facilities.
 March, 1981. Prepared for Mandara Mountains Water Resource Project, USAID Mission, Yaounde Cameroon by Guy Steuart and Carla Rull. C-Task No. 49.
- WASH Technical Report 4. Evaluation Methods for Community Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Projects in Developing Countries: A Synthesis of Available Information. March 31, 1981. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Malawi, by Robert Struba. C-Task No. 47.
- 5. WASH Technical Report 5. The Choice of Health Status Indicators to Evaluate Water and Sanitation Projects in North Cameroon: A Synthesis of Available Information. April 9, 1981. Prepared for Mandara Mountains Water Resource Project, USAID Mission to the United Republic of Cameroon, by Robert S. Struba and Raymond B. Isely. C-Task #49. (Also available in French.)
- WASH Technical Report 6. Women, Water and the Decade. Presented at the International Affairs Session of the American Water Works Association, St. Louis, Missouri, June 9, 1981 by Mary Elmendorf, OTD #35.
- 7. WASH Technical Report 7. Facilitation of Community Organization: An Approach to Water and Sanitation Programs in Developing Countries. June 17, 1981. Prepared by Raymond B. Isely. C-Task # 94.
- 8. WASH Technical Report 8. Integration de L'Approvisionnement en Eau et de L'Assainissement du Milieu dans les Programmes de Soin Primaires. Presented in Sousse, Tunisia, August 31, 1981 by Raymond B. Isely. OTD #52.
- WASH Technical Report 9. Toward an Asia Bureau Water and Sanitation Policy Statement. September, 1981. Prepared for the Office of Heaith, Population and Nutrition of the Asia Bureau, USAID by James Thomson. C-Task #98.

- WASH Technical Report 10. Social and Economic Preconditions for Water Supply and Sanitation Programs. Prepared for AID/PPC by Dennis B. Warner, September, 1981.
- WASH Technical Report 11. The Role of Women as Participants and Beneficiaries in Water Supply and Sanitation Programs. December, 1981. Prepared for the Office of Health by Mary L. Elmendorf and Raymond B. Isely. C-Task #51. (Also available in French and Spanish.)
- 12. WASH Technical Report 12. Measuring and Evaluating Diarrhea and Malabsorption in Association with Village Water Supply and Sanitation. A Review of the Food Wastage/ Sanitation Cost Benefit Methodology Project (Guatemala), Contract AID/csd-2959, by an External Panel of Experts. Prepared for the Office of i-lealth by Branko Cvjetanovic, Lincoln Chen, Richard Kronmal, Charles Rohde, Robert Suskind, Robert Struba and Kenneth McElroy. December, 1981. OTD #19.
- 13. WASH Technical Report 13. Participants Manual for Sessions on Water Supply and Sanitation: USAID Workshop on Primary Health Care in Africa, November 15-20, 1981. Lome, Togo. February, 1982. Prepared for the Africa Bureau, USAID by Raymond B. Isely, Craig R. Hafner, Daniel A. Okun, Morris A. Shiffman, Thomas Talbert and Marjorie L. Kupper. OTD #53. (Also available in French.)
- 14. WASH Technical Report 14. Water Supply and Sanitation in Rural Development: Proceedings of a Conference for Private and Voluntary Organizations, December 1-4, 1981. Sponsored by the National Council for International Health and the WASH Project. OTD #57.
- WASH Technical Report 15. Application of Health Education to Water Supply and Sanitation Projects in Africa: A Discussion Paper. October 1982. Prepared By Raymond B. Isely and Kathleen A. Parker. C-Task #176.
- WASH Technical Report 16. Relating Improvements in Water Supply and Sanitation to Nutritional Status. October 1982. Prepared by Raymond B. Isely. C-Task #309.
- 17. WASH Technical Report 17. Water and Sanitation-Related Health Constraints of Women's Contributions to the Economic Development of Communities. October 1982. Prepared by Mary Elmendorf and Raymond B. Isely. C-Task #310.

- 18. WASH Technical Report 18. Community Participation and Women's Role in Water Supply and Sanitation in Developing Countries: A Three-Part Bibliography by Author, Subject and Country. November 1982. Prepared by Ellen Kendall. CTask #235.
- 19. WASH Technical Report #19. Africa Bureau Domestic Water and Sanitation Strategy Statement. January, 1983. Prepared by James Thomson, OTD #107.
- WASH Technical Report 20. Guidelines for Human Resource Development Planning in the Water Supply and Sanitation Sector. October, 1983. Prepared by J.E.S. Lawrence and J.B. Tomaro. C-Task #265.
- 21. WASH Technical Report 21. Women's Roles in Water and Sanitation in Developing Countries: A Four-Part Bibliography by Author, Subject, Phase of Development, and Country. February 1984. Prepared by Alice J. Smith. C-Task #B410.
- 22. WASH Technical Report 22. Human Resource Development: A Selected and Annotated Bibliography for Use in the Water Supply and Sanitation Sector. February 1984. Prepared by Vernon Razak. C-Task #C266.
- 23. WASH Technical Report No. 23. Hydropneumatic Pump System Development. April 1984. Prepared by Yaron Sternberg and Jonathan French. OTD # 68.

FIELD REPORTS

- WASH Field Report 1. Socio-Cultural and Economic Characteristics of Conditions in Ancash and La Libertad, Peru with Special Emphasis on the Callejones de Huaylas and Conchucos: Questions to be Considered in an Evaluation of CARE-Sponsored Water, Sewage and Health Projects. November, 1980. Prepared by Charlotte D. Miller. OTD #6.
- WASH Field Report 2. Review of AID Rural Potable Water Programs - Haiti. November 16-29, 1980. Prepared by James Arbuthnot. OTD #9.
- 3. WASH Field Report 3. Feasibility of Local Manufacture of the AID Hand-Operated Water Pump, and other Technology Appropriate for Rural Water Supply Programs in the Philippines. Prepared for USAID by Phillip W. Potts, Robert Knight and Yaron M. Sternberg. April, 1979. OTD #11.
- 4. WASH Field Report 4. Tunisia, Aspects of Well Drilling Rural Potable Water Project Report on a Field Trip, December 20-27, 1980. Prepared for USAID by Michael Glaze. OTD #15.

- 5. WASH Field Report 5. Dominican Republic Consultations on the Health Sector Loan II. Report of a Field Trip, January 26-30, 1981. Prepared by Dennis B. Warner. OTD #21.
- WASH Field Report 6. Report on the Peru Rural Water Systems and Environmental Sanitation Project. January 31, 1981. Prepared for USAID by Harold Shipman. OTD #18.
- WASH Field Report 7. Tanzania A National Environmental Sanitation Education Master Plan, A Preliminary Review. February 22-March 13, 1981. Prepared for USAID by Dennis B. Warner and Kenneth Woolf. OTD #26.
- WASH Field Report 8. Tanzania Health and Environmental Monitoring Project (HEMP): Recommendations for Project Paper Design Team. February 22-March 13, 1981. Prepared for USAID by Dennis B. Warner and Kenneth Woolf. OTD #26.
- WASH Field Report 9. Contaminacion Ambiental en Ecuador. Prepared for USAID Mission, Ecuador by Paul C. Dreyer. OTD #14.
- WASH Field Report 10. Lebanon Technical Recommendations for Wastewater Treatment Demonstration (Pilot) Plants for Lebanon. March, 1981. Prepared for USAID Mission, Lebanon, by A.A. Kalinske. OTD #20.
- WASH Field Report 11. Mauritania Public Health Assessment of Proposed Dams, Water-Related Diseases and Community Water Supplies. March, 1981. Prepared for USAID by Emil Malek and David Goff. OTD #16.
- WASH Field Report 12. Ecuador Institutional Development for IEOS: Instituto Ecuadoriano de Obras Sanitarias. March, 1981. Prepared for USAID by Charles S. Pineo, Henry Van and Guillermo Orozco. OTD #14.
- WASH Field Report 13. Projecto de Sistema de Entrega de Salud Rural Integrado - Saneaminento Rural. March, 1981. Prepared for USAID Mission, Ecuador, by Gonzalo Medina. OTD #24.
- WASH Field Report 14. Targets of Opportunity for WASH: Report of a Reconnuissance Visit to India and Bangladesh, February 20-March 7, 1981. Prepared for USAID by Raymond B. Isely. OTD # 28.
- 15. WASH Field Report 15. Guatemala XIII Central American Congress of AIDIS, Guatemala City, March 15-20, 1981. Prepared for USAID by Charles S. Pineo, March, 1981. OTD #30.

- 16. WASH Field Report 16. Indonesia Rural Sanitation and Manpower Devlopment Project (RSMD). The Development of Appropriate Technology and the Improvement of Curricula for Training of Sanitarians. March, 1981. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Indonesia, by Clarence E. Calbert and Robert A. Gearheart. OTD #25.
- WASH Field Report 17. Jordan Recommended Wastewater Treatment Guidelines for the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan. April, 1981. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Jordan, by Harris F. Seidel. OTD #31.
- WASH Field Report 18. Coordination of WASH Information Activities and Exchange with International Information Centers, Holland and England. April 5-17, 1981. Prepared for USAID Washington by James E. Beverly. OTD #32.
- WASH Field Report 19. Village Water Supply and Sanitation in Northeastern Thailand. July, 1981.
 Prepared for the USAID Mission, Thailand, by James Arbuthnot and Robert H. Thomas. OTD #38.
- 20. WASH Field Report 20. Technical Assistance in the Manufacture and Quality Control of the AID/Battelle Handpump in the Dominican Republic. June, 1981. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Dominican Republic, by Robert Knight. OTD #1.
- WASH Field Report 21. Plan for a Yealth Education Component for the Health Sector II Bilateral Assistance Project in the Dominican Republic. July, 1981. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Dominican Republic, by Charles Llewellyn. OTD #21.
- WASH Field Report 22. Evaluation of Yemen Water Supply Systems Management Project. September, 1981. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Yemen Arab Republic, by Martin Lang and Clarence Calbert. OTD #39.
- 23. WASH Field Report 23. Plan for the Health Impact Evaluation of the Health Sector II Bilateral Assistance Project in the Dominican Republic. August, 1981. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Dominican Republic, by Paul Howard and Robert J. Struba. OTD #21.
- 24. WASH Field Report 24. Community Water Supply and Sanitation in Burundi: Report of an Evaluation Team. October, 1981. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Burundi, by Raymond Isely, David R. Goff and Herbert Blank. OTD #36.
- WASH Field Report 25. Water and Sanitation Alternatives for Southern Italy Disaster Relief. December, 1980. Prepared for USAID Washington by David R. Goff and Michael A. Kostu. OTD #13.

- 26. WASH Field Report 26. Appropriate Technology for Rural Water Supply and Sanitation in El Salvador: A Brief Review and Bibliography. September, 1981. Prepared for the USAID Mission, El Salvador, by Charles S. Pineo. OTD #17.
- 27. WASH Field Report 27. Strategy for Implementation and Evaluation of the Togo Rural Wells and Sanitation Project. October, 1981. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Togo, by Felix Awantang. OTD #45.
- 28. WASH Field Report 28. Rural Sanitation and Manpower Development Project: Appropriate Technology and Information Dissemination. October, 1981. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Indonesia, by Robert A. Gearheart. OTD #44.
- WASH Field Report 29. Participation in a Workshop on Primary Health Care, August 31-September 3, 1981, Sousse, Tunisia. October, 1981. Prepared for Bureau of the Near East, USAID, by Raymond B. Isely. OTD #52.
- 30. WASH Field Report 30. UNICEF/PAHO Joint Workshop on Drinking Water and Sanitation in Rural and Urban Slum Areas Lima. Foru, November 17-22, 1980. December, 1981. Report of Emil T. Chanlett. OTD #5.
- 31. WASH Field Report 31. Intensive Session on Water Sanitation and Health Education: A Workshop Hald at UNICEF Headquarters, New York, April 22-23, 1981. December, 1981. Prepared by Raymond B. Isely. OTD #37.
- 32. WASH Field Report 32. Hydrogeological Reconnaissance of the Yelimare-Tambacara Area of Maliwith Reference to the Village Wells Project. February, 1982. Prepared by George Taylor. OTD #C4.
- 33. WASH Field Report 33. Environmental Health in Egypt: A Sectoral Assessment and Recommendations. April, 1982. Prepared by Dennis B. Warner and David Donaldson. OTD #62.
- 34. WASH Field Report 34. A Proposed Action Plan for a National Training Program in the Water Sector for the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan. September, 1982. Ken Woolf, John Austi, Walter Pinto-Costa. OTD #55.
- 35. WASH Field Report 35. Scope of Work for the Health Outcome Evaluation of the Health Sector II Project in the Dominican Republic. February, 1982. Prepared by Kenneth McLeroy. OTD #58.
- 36. WASH Field Report 36. Municipal Water Conservation in Jordan: Report of a Seminar. February, 1982. Prepared by James L. Ogilvie. OTD #59.

- 37. WASH Field Report 37. Community Water Supply and Sanitation in Sudan. April, 1982. Prepared for the USAID Mission to the Democratic Republic of Sudan by Charles G. Chandler, Frank P. Araujo and Eddy K.C. Lo. OTD #60.
- 38. WASH Field Report 38. Recommendations for the Rural Water and Environmental Sanitation Project in Peru. April, 1982. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Peru by David Donaldson and Charles S. Pineo. OTD #74.
- 39. WASH Field Report 39. Integration of Health Education in the CARE Water and Sanitation Project in Indonesia. April, 1982. Prepared for the USAID Mission to the Republic of Indonesia by David Drucker. OTD #73.
- 40. WASH Field Report 40. Para Village Water Supply: Pre-Feasibility Report. April, 1982. Prepared for the Social Development Attache, U.S. Embassy, Brazil, by William M. Turner. OTD #66.
- 41. WASH Field Report 41. Testing of the Portable Water Purification and Disinfection Units of the Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance (OFDA). April, 1982. Prepared for the Office of Health, AID, by the WASH Project. OTD #83.
- 42. WASH Field Report 42. Water Supply and Sanitation and Diarrheal. Disease Control in the Comprehensive Health Improvement Project -- Province Specific (CHIPPS) in Indonesia. April, 1982. Prepared for the USAID Mission to the Republic of Indonesia by James Thomson. OTD # 79.
- 43. WASH Field Report 43. Technical Training of Peace Corps Volunteers in Rural Water Supply Systems in Morocco. May, 1982. Prepared for the USAID Mission to the Kingdom of Morocco by Keith Sherer. OTD #61.
- 44. WASH Field Report 44. Evaluation of Practical Training of Sanitation Agents: Sine-Saloum, Senegal Primary Health Care Project. June, 1982. Prepared for USAID Mission Senegal, by Thomas C. Leonhardt and Felix Awantang. OTD #78.
- 45. WASH Field Report 45. Training of Trainers Workshop for Technical Training in Water Supply and Sanitation. June, 1982. Prepared for the Office of Health, by James Carney and Louise McCoy. OTD #80.
- 46. WASH Field Report 46. Proposed Measures for Reducing Costs in Infra-structure and Urbanization Projects for Low Income Housing in Honduras. June, 1982. Prepared for the Regional Housing Office in Central America, USAID Mission, Honduras, by Octavio Cordon. OTD #94.

- 46. WASH Informe de Campo 46. Medidas Propuestas para Reducir Costos en Proyectos de Infrastructura y Urbanizaciones de Vivienda Minima. Junio, 1982. Preparado para de la Oficina Regional de Vivienda en Centro America y la Mision USAID, Honduras, Octavio Cordon. OTD #94.
- WASH Field Report 47. Reprogramming of the Rural Sanitation Project in Bolivia. August, 1982. Prepared by Charles Stevens for the USAID Mission to the Republic of Bolivia. OTD #93.
- 48. WASH Field Report 48. Coordination of WASH Information Activities and Exchange with International Information Centers. (PAHO/CEPIS-Peru) Trip Report #2. July, 1982. Prepared for USAID Office of Health, Bureau for Science and Technology, by James Beverly. OTD #32.
- WASH Field Report 49. An Assessment of the Method of Training Promotors. of the Ecuadorian Institute of Sanitary Works Ambato, Ecuador, May 17 to June 4, 1982. July, 1982. Prepared for USAID Mission, Ecuador, by Hortense Dicker. OTD #96.
- WASH Field Report 50. Well Drilling Assistance for the Health Sector Loan II Project in the Dominican Republic. July, 1982. Prepared for USAID Mission, Dominican Republic, by William M. Turner. OTD # 97
- WASH Field Report 51. A Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Training Course for Peace Corps Volunteers in Togo. July, 1982. Prepared for USAID Mission, Republic of Togo, by Yolande Mosseau-Gershman. OTD #45.
- 52. WASH Field Report 52. Implementation Plan for Unsewered Arees Demonstration Project in Greater Cairo. September, 1982. Prepared for USAID Mission, Republic of Egypt, by Dennis Warner, Leo St. Michael, Richard Sullivan and James Arbuthnot. OTD #77.
- 53. WASH Field Report 53. Recommendations for Initial Water and Sanitation Decade Planning Activities in the Central African Republic. September, 1982. Prepared by Dennis Warner. OTD #106. (Also available in French.)
- 54. WASH Field Report 54. Philippine Handpump Program. August, 1982. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Philippines, by P. Alan Pashkevitch and Tyler E. Gass. OTD #40.
- 55. WASH Field Report 55. Night Soil Disposal and Effluent Reuse in Maseru. September, 1982. Prepared for USAID Mission, Lesotho, by Daniel A. Okun and John Briscoe. OTD #88.

- 56. WASH Field Report 56. Selection of Alternatives to Gravity Flow Systems for Rural Communities: A Workshop to Train Guatemalan Engineers in Pumping Technology. September, 1982. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Republic of Guatemala, by Daniel A. Edwards. OTD #76.
- 57. WASH Field Report 57. Evaluation of Level III-A Pilot Water Systems in the Philippines. September, 1982. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Philippines, by Emmett F. Lowry. OTD #43.
- WASH Field Report 58. Environmental Sanitation Master Plan for Training and Education in Tanzania.
 September, 1982. Prepared for the USAID Mission, Tanzania, by Robert Gearheart, John Briscoe and Eugenia Eng. OTD #75.
- WASH Field Report 59. Implementacion al Proyecto. Santa Elena Meals for Millions Ecuador. November, 1982. Prepared by Victor E. Aguayo. OTD #102.
- WASH Field Report 60. Second Training of Trainers Workshop for Technology Transfer in Water Supply and Sanitation. November, 1982. Prepared by Fred Rosensweig and James Carney. OTD #90.
- 61. WASH Field Report 61. In-Service Technical Training and Program Review of Peace Corps Volunteers in Rural Water Supply Systems in Morocco. November, 1982. Prepared by Keith Sherer. OTD #111.
- WASH Field Report 62. Training of Trainers for SANRU-86 Health Project, Kinshasa, Zaire, July 13 - August 13, 1982. Prepared by Jocelyn Carlson. OTD #100.
- 63. WASH Field Report 63. A Workshop for the Design of Low Cost Water Systems in Ecuador. November, 1982. Prepared by Donald T. Lauria. OTD #105.
- 64. WASH Field Report 64. Coordination of WASH Information Activities and Exchange with International Information Centers, Trip Report #3, Asia. December, 1982. Prepared by James E. Beverly. OTD #32.
- 65. WASH Field Report 65. Feasibility of Rural Groundwater Development in Honduras. December, 1982. Prepared by William M. Turner. OTD #115.
- 66. WASH Field Report 66. Water and Waste Needs of Metropolitan Beirut and Surrounding Areas. December, 1982. Prepared by Robert H. Thomas, Robert J. Kachinsky and Max S. Clark, III. OTD # 124.

- 67. WASH Field Report 67. Organization of a Colloquium on Rural Water Supply and Sanitation, Kasserine, Tunisia, November 23-26, 1982. Prepared by Fred Rosensweig and Raymond B. Isely. January, 1983. OTD #92.
- 68. WASH Field Report 68. A Workshop for the Provincial Waterworks Authority of Thailand: Team Building for Management, November 1-5, 1982. January, 1983. Prepared by Daniel B. Edwards. OTD #123.
- 69. WASH Field Report 69. Diagnosis and Recommendations for Rural Water and Sanitation Systems in Honduras. January, 1983. Prepared by Charles S. Pineo and Henry Van. OTD #101.
- 70. WASH Field Report 70. Training of Indian Health Service Engineers and Sanitarians as Trainers for the Peace Corps: Workshop Report and Trainer Guidelines. February, 1983. Prepared by Wilma Gormley. OTD #121.
- 71. WASH Field Report 71. Evaluation of Foster Parents Plan's Water Supply and Sanitation Projects in Yogyakarta, Indonesia. February, 1983. Prepared by Shirley Buzzard and Robert A. Gearheart. OTD #117.
- 72. WASH Field Report 72. Formulation of National Water Supply and Sanitation Strategies in the Central African Republic. Prepared by Rifat Barokas, Pierre R. Leger and Dennis B. Warner. March, 1983. OTD#106.
- 73. WASH Field Report 73. Training in Spring Capping for Field Agents in Zaire. March, 1983. Prepared by David Goff. OTD #100.
- 74. WASH Field Report 74. Emergency Water Supply Assistance During Floods in Ecuador, December 1982 January 1983. March, 1983. Prepared by Fred Reiff. OTD #42.
- 75. WASH Field Report 75. Formulation of the CARE Multi-Year Plan for Water Supply and Sanitation in Cameroon. March, 1983. Prepared by John Tomaro and Elizabeth Heilman. OTD #118.
- 76. WASH Field Report 76. A Technical Managerial Review of AID Handpump Programs Including Those in Sri Lanka, the Philippines, the Dominican Republic and Honduras. March, 1983. Prepared by David Donaldson. OTD #113.
- 77. WASH Field Report 77. Seminar on Rural Water Supply and Sanitation for Private and Voluntary Agencies in Haiti. March, 1983. Prepared by David Yahalem. OTD #129.

- 78. WASH Field Report #78. Burundi Community Water Supply and Sanitation Project. March, 1983. Prepared by Felix Awantang. OTD #137.
- 79. WASH Field Report #79. Development of a Shortterm Plan for Solid Waste Management in Greater Beirut. March, 1983. Prepared by Max S. Clark. OTD #134.
- 80. WASH Field Report 80. Comparative Costs of the AID Type Pump Fabricated in the Dominican Republic and the U.S. Manufactured Moyno-Pump. April 1983. Prepared by Justin H. Whipple. OTD # 130.
- 81. Wash Field Report 81. Diagnostico y Plan de Trabajo Para La Construccion de Pozos E Instalacion de Bombas Manuales Para Aqua en Honduras. April, 1983. Prepared by Henry Van. OTD #85.
- 82. WASH Field Report 82. Evaluation of the Togo Rural Water Supply Project: Observations of a WASH Participant. May, 1983. Prepared by Ramond B. Isely. OTD #145.
- 83. WASH Field Report 83. Evaluation of CARE/Indonesia Water Supply Projects. May, 1983. Prepared by Robert A. Gearheart. OTD # 136.
- 84. WASH Field Report 84. Evaluation of health and Social Benefit of Springs Capped for Irrigation, Further Adapted for Domestic Use in Central Tunisia. May, 1983. Prepared by Raymond B. Isely. OTD #120
- 85. WASH Field Report 85. Technical Assistance to Manufacturers of AID Handpumps and Roboscreens in Honduras: Phase I. May, 1983. Prepared by Ben E. James, Jr. OTD #29.
- 86. WASH Field Report 86. An Assessment of the Water and Sanitation Sector in the Peace Corps Program: Role of the Office of Program Development. May, 1983. Prepared by John B. Tomaro. OTD #109.
- 87. WASH Field Report 87. Testing Training Manuals for Rainwater Roof Catchment and Spring Capping Systems in Workshop for Togolese Development Agents. June, 1983. Prepared by Henry L. Jennings. OTD #116.
- 88. WASH Field Report 88. Preliminary Planning for Rural Water Supply Alternatives in Zaire. June, 1983. Prepared by David Goff. OTD #141.
- 89. WASH Field Report 89. Evaluation of the Feasibility of Manufacturing and Marketing the AID-Design

- Handpump and Roboscreen in Peru. June, 1983. Prepared by the WASH Project. OTD #144.
- 90. WASH Field Report 90. The Minyambou Community Development Water Project and Water Supply in Irian Jaya. June, 1983. Prepared by Scott Faila. OTD. #133.
- 91. WASH Field Report 91. A Workshop on Sanitation in Bakel, Senegal, April 20 May 4, 1983 and an Assessment of Environmental Health Conditions. June, 1983. Prepared by Fred Rosensweig and Thomas Talbot. OTD #147.
- 92. WASH Field Report 92. Public Health Education for Low-Cost Sanitation in Tanizania. June, 1983. Prepared by John W. Hatch. OTD #142.
- 93. WASH Field Report 93. Latrine Construction Workshops, Las Mata de Forfan, Dominican Republic, April 4-15, 1983, April 25-May 6, 1983. June, 1983. Prepared by Winanne Kreger and Henry Van. OTD #143.
- 94. WASH Field Report 94. A Workshop for the National Water Supply and Drainage Board of Sri Lanka, June 6-10, 1983. August, 1983. Prepared by Daniel B. Edwards. OTD #138.
- 95. WASH Field Report 95. Sanitation Feasibility for Kanye Vallage, Botswana. July, 1983. Prepared by Joseph Gadek and Hildegard M. Vanlankveld. OTD #95.
- 96. WASH Field Report 96. Water Supply Program of Foster Parents Plan in Haiti. July, 1983. Prepared by Donald T. Lauria. OTD #140.
- 97. WASH Field Report 97. A Seminar on Water Supply and Sanitation Strategies in the Central African Republic. July, 1983. Prepared by Thomas C. Leonhardt. OTD. #106. (Also available in French).
- 98. WASH Field Report 98. Status of AID Type Handpumps in the Dominican Republic. July, I983. Prepared by Fernando Pareja-Gil and Henry Van. OTD. #143.
- 99. WASH Field Report 99. Training in Health Education and Sanitation Promotion for Rural Water Projects in Malawi. August, 1983. Prepared by Lousie McCoy. OTD #144.
- 100. WASH Field Report 100. USAID Handpump program in Tunisia. September, 1983. Prepared by Phillip W. Potts. OTD #63. (Also available in French).
- 101. WASH Field Report 101. Technical Assistance for Handpump Component of the Health Sector Loan II

- Project in the Dominican Republic.; January 1984. Prepared by Paul F. Howard and Robert Knight. OTD #48.
- 102. WASH Field Report 102. Endurance Tests of Robovalves. September, 1983. Prepared by Yaron M. Sternberg and Robert Knight. OTD #71.
- 103. WASH Field Report 103. Evaluation of Locally Available Handpumps in Honduras. October, 1983. Prepared by Terrence L. Moy. OTD #85.
- 104. WASH Field Report 104. Assessment of the Environmental Sanitation Construction Component: Integrated Health and System Project in Guatemala. November 1983. Prepared by Henry Van. OTD #150.
- 105. WASH Field Report 105. Malawi Self-Help Rural Water Supply Program: A Mid-Term Evaluation of the USAID Financed Project. November 1983. Prepared by Dennis Warner, Raymond Isely and John Briscoe. OTD #149.
- 106. WASH Field Report 106. Evaluation of the CARE Water Supply Program in Kenya. February 1984. Prepared by David Donaldson. OTD #157.
- 107. WASH Field Report 107. Evaluation of the Technical and Community Participation Approach of CARE-Assisted Rural Water Supply Project in Indonesia. February 1984. Prepared by Robert A. Gearheart and Subiarto Martono. OTD #155.
- 108. WASH Field Report 108. Strengthening the Management of the Public Health Inspectorate of Swaziland. December 1983. Prepared by Harry Phillips and Eva Salber. OTD #131.
- 109. WASH Field Report 109. An Assessment of the Office of Nationale de l'Assainissement (ONAS) Thirty Cities and Greater Tunis Complementary Project. February 1984. Prepared by John B. Tomaro, John H. Topik, and Thomas M. Zalla. OTD #158.
- 110. WASH Field Report 110. A Workshop on Handpump Installation and Maintenance in Riobamba, Ecuador, October 17-27, 1983. January 1984. Prepared by Andrea Jones and Alan Pashkevich. OTD #82.
- 111. WASH Field Report 111. Health Information System Development in the Dominican Republic. January 1984. Prepared by Kenneth R. McLeroy and Michael C. Connelly. OTD #99 and #103.
- 112. WASH Field Report 112. The Effect of Drought Conditions upon Village Water Supply and Public Health in Mauritania. January 1984. Prepared by Ralph E. Preble. OTD #172.

- 113. WASH Field Report 113. Evaluation of the Third Housing Guaranty Project in the Ivory Coast. February 1984. Prepared by Joseph Haratani and Harvel Sebastian. OTD #164.
- 114. WASH Field Report 114. Latrine Construction Workshop, Gerihun, Sierra Leone, 28 November 9 December 1983. January 1984. Prepared by Vernon Razak and Max Kroschel, OTD #166.
- 115. WASH Field Report 115. Training in Rainwater Catchment for SANFU-86 Village Health Workers and Peace Corps Volunteers. March 1984. Prepared by David Yohalem. OTD #167.
- 116. WASH Field Report 116. Evaluation of Well Drilling Equipment for Bolivia Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Program. May 1984. Prepared by William Turner. OTD #173.
- 117. WASH Field Report 117. Training in Water and Wastewater Institutional Programs: Long-Term, Short-Term and Study Tours. March 1984. Prepared by Wilma Gormley, Donna Anthony and Daniel Edwards. OTD #160.
- 118. WASH Field Report 118. Training in Water and Wastewater Operations and Maintenance: Sources of Training Materials. March 1984. Prepared by Wilma Gormley, Donna Anthony and Daniel Edwards. OTD #160.
- 119. WASH Field Report 119. Review of Institutions in the Water and Sanitation Sector in the Near East. 1984. Prepared by David Laredo and James A. McCaffery. OTD #159.
- 120. WASH Field Report 120. Swaziland Rural Waterborne Disease Control Project: A Mid-Term Evaluation. March 1984. Prepared by Jacques Faigenblum, Dennis Long and DeWolfe Miller. OTD #168.
- 121. WASH Field Report 121. A study of the Community Promotion Component of the Rural Sanitation Project in Bolivia. May 1984. Prepared by Joseph Haratani. OTD #173.
- 122. WASH Field Report 122. Training of Trainers Workshop for Handpump Installation and Maintenance in Sri Lanka, February 12-26, 1984. April 1984. Prepared by Wilma Gormley and Alan Pashkevich. OTD #138.
- 123. WASH Field Report 123. USAID Handpump Program in Ecuador. May 1984. Prepared by Ben E. James, Jr. OTD #82.
- 124. WASH Field Report 124. Job Aids for Quality Control in the Manufacturing of the AID Handpump. May 1984. Prepared for USAID by Alan Pashkevich. OTD #82.

- 125. WASH Field Report 125. Job Aids for the Installation, Maintenance and Repair of the AID Handpump. May 1984. Prepared by Alan Pashkevich. OTD #82.
- 126. WASH Field Report 126. Establishing a Human Resource Development Unit Within the Directorate of Sanitary Engineering (DISAR) in Peru. May 1984. Prepared by Hortense Dicker. OTD #175.