

932 472244

PROGRAM: CENTRALLY FUNDED

ACTIVITY DATA SHEET

CP 79-05

TITLE International Humanitarian Assistance Programs (IHAP) Development Program Grant		FUNDS Selected Development Activities	PROPOSED OBLIGATION (In thousands of dollars)		
NUMBER 932-0102		PRIOR REFERENCE FY 78 Interregional Programs, p. 230	FY 79 220	LIFE OF PROJECT 616	
GRANT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LOAN <input type="checkbox"/>	NEW <input type="checkbox"/>	CONTINUING <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	INITIAL OBLIGATION FY 77	ESTIMATED FINAL OBLIGATION FY 79
					ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE OF PROJECT FY 80

Purpose: To develop IHAP's capability to design, implement and evaluate development programs to assist the poor majority in LDCs.

Background and Progress to Date: As the American Kor-Asian Foundation, the organization's initial objectives were to aid in the reconstruction and rehabilitation of all phases of life in post-war Korea and to establish health, agricultural, educational, cultural, general welfare and related programs in South-east Asia. In mid-1977, the Foundation changed its name to the International Humanitarian Assistance Programs, reflecting its intention to expand its activities throughout the Far East and eventually to LDCs in Africa and Latin America. IHAP is organizing and staffing its new Department of Program Planning and Evaluation. This new department is intended to initiate a system of program research, needs assessment, feasibility studies, project design, analysis and evaluation and will institutionalize the IHAP's capacity to provide better development assistance to LDCs. The IHAP concentrates upon projects in agricultural development, rural health, education and rehabilitation. Field offices are now operational in Seoul and Manila.

Host Country and Major Donors: During FY 1977, the IHAP received \$2,998,590 in money and goods from nongovernment sources, such as The Sulzburger Foundation, Northwest Airlines, Johnson and Johnson, Kiwanis International, Searle Laboratories and the Universities of Stanford, Wisconsin and Pittsburgh. Host governments frequently contribute services and facilities, such as agricultural extension services and office space and equipment, to IHAP projects.

FY 1979 Program: The IHAP will utilize its new Department of Program Planning, Development and Evaluation to initiate evaluations of its existing development programs. Project designs formulated in the first and second years will be completed and a minimum of five new development assistance programs implemented in LDCs. In addition to the Seoul and Manila offices, IHAP plans to open additional field offices in Bangkok and Jakarta.

Beneficiaries: IHAP benefits from this grant by improving its capability to design, implement and evaluate its programs. The rural poor will benefit from improved programs in those countries where IHAP projects are implemented.

Major Outputs:

	All Years
Project planning and evaluation unit	1
Project feasibility studies	4
New development projects initiated	7
Projects evaluated	4
Field offices opened	4

A.I.P. Finance Inputs:

	(\$ thousands)
	FY 79
Program administration	100
Program development	80
Program implementation	40
Total	220

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U.S. FINANCING (In thousands of dollars)				PRINCIPAL CONTRACTORS OR AGENCIES
	Obligations	Expenditures	Unliquidated	
Through September 30, 1977	188	-	188	International Humanitarian Assistance Programs
Estimated Fiscal Year 1978	208	200		
Estimated through September 30, 1978	396	200	188	
		Future Year Obligations	Estimated Total Cost	
Proposed Fiscal Year 1979	220	-	616	

TABLE IV A.

International Human Assistance Programs (IHAP) - 932-0102

1. Purpose: To develop IHAP's capability to design, implement and evaluate development programs to assist the poor majority in LDCs.
2. Background: As the American Kor-Asian Foundation, the organization's initial objectives were to aid in the reconstruction and rehabilitation of all phases of life in post-war Korea and to establish health, agricultural, educational, cultural, general welfare and related programs in Southeast Asia. In mid-1977, the Foundation changed its name to the International Human Assistance Programs, reflecting its intention to expand its activities throughout the Far East and eventually to LDCs in Africa and Latin America. IHAP is organizing and staffing its new Department of Program Planning and Evaluation. This new department is intended to initiate a system of program research, needs assessment, feasibility studies, project design, analysis and evaluation and will institutionalize the IHAP's capacity to provide better development assistance to LDCs. The IHAP concentrates upon projects in agricultural development, rural health, education and rehabilitation.

Progress to Date: The IHAP's new Department of Program Planning and Evaluation has been fully staffed and is operating effectively. A review and analysis of the organization's structure and functions is underway. New technical criteria and procedures for development project design, management and evaluation have been established. Contacts with government agencies and private agencies are being developed in LDCs worldwide. Five feasibility studies have been completed. Field offices are operative in Seoul and Manila.

3. Beneficiaries: IHAP benefits from this grant by improving its capability to design, implement and evaluate its programs. The rural poor will benefit from improved programs in those countries where IHAP projects are implemented.
4. Current Year Program: The IHAP will utilize its new Department of Program Planning, Development and Evaluation to initiate evaluations of its existing development programs. Project designs formulated in the first and second years will be completed and a minimum of five new development assistance programs implemented in LDCs. In addition to the Seoul and Manila offices, IHAP plans to open additional field offices in Bangkok and Jakarta.
5. Budget Year Program: No FY 1980 funding is planned for this Development Program Grant.
6. Major Outputs:

	<u>All years</u>
Project planning and evaluation unit	1
Project feasibility studies	20
New development projects initiated	10
Projects evaluated	8
Field offices opened	4