



Population and Health Conditions

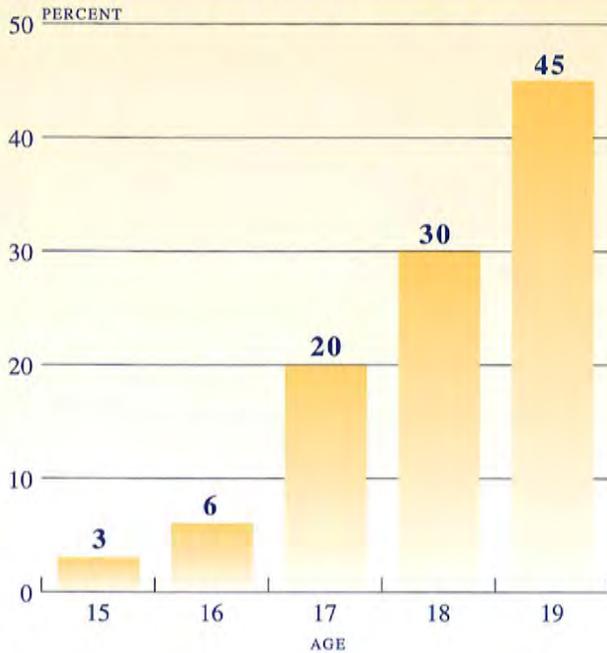
Kenya Demographic &
Health Survey: Findings
from Selected Districts

National Council for
Population and Development

Central Bureau of Statistics
Nairobi, Kenya

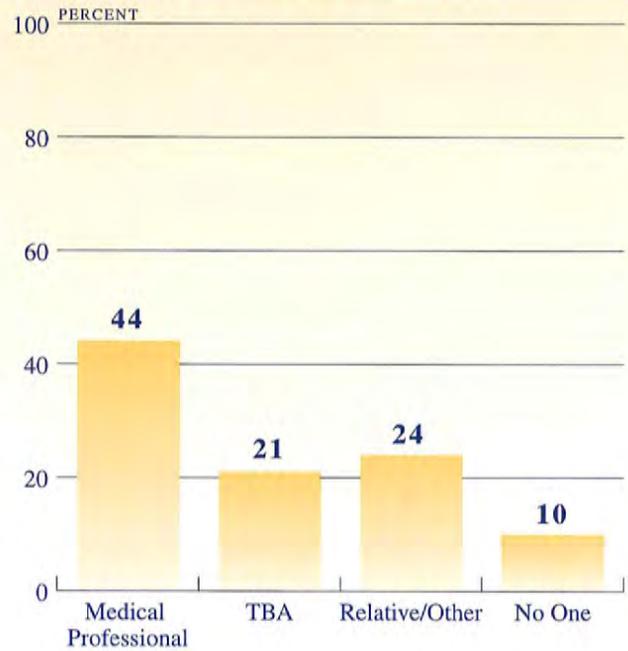
Kenya

ADOLESCENT PREGNANCY AND MOTHERHOOD



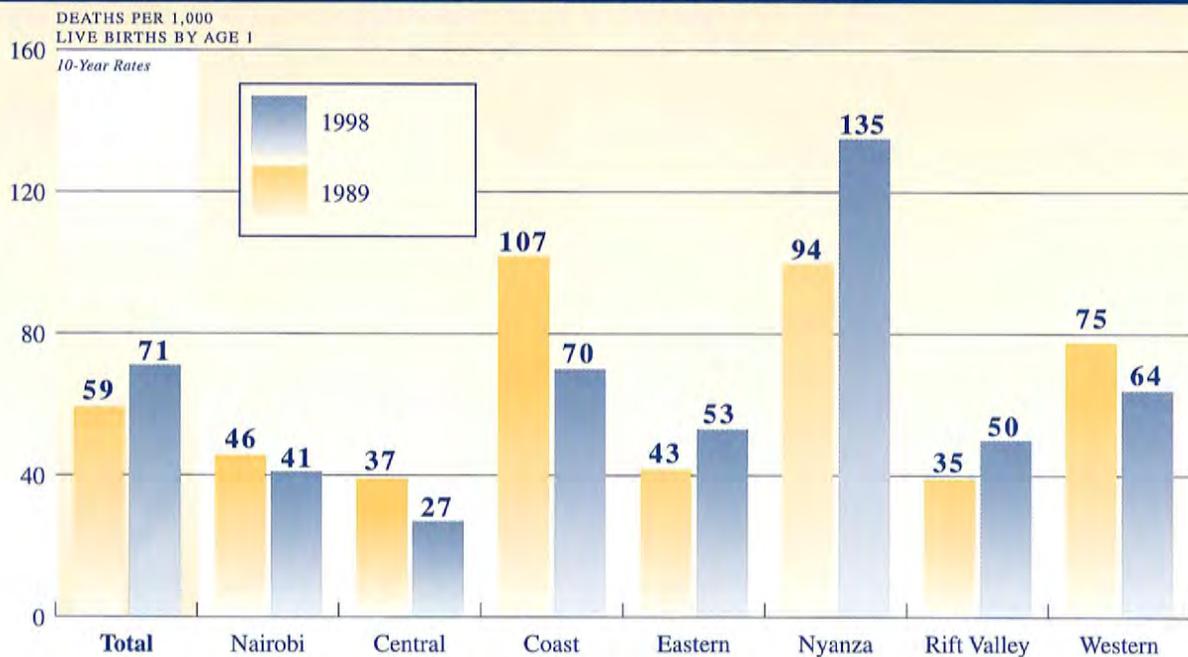
Adolescent childbearing is common in Kenya. Nearly half of 19-year-olds are pregnant or are already mothers.

ASSISTANCE DURING DELIVERY FOR RECENT BIRTHS



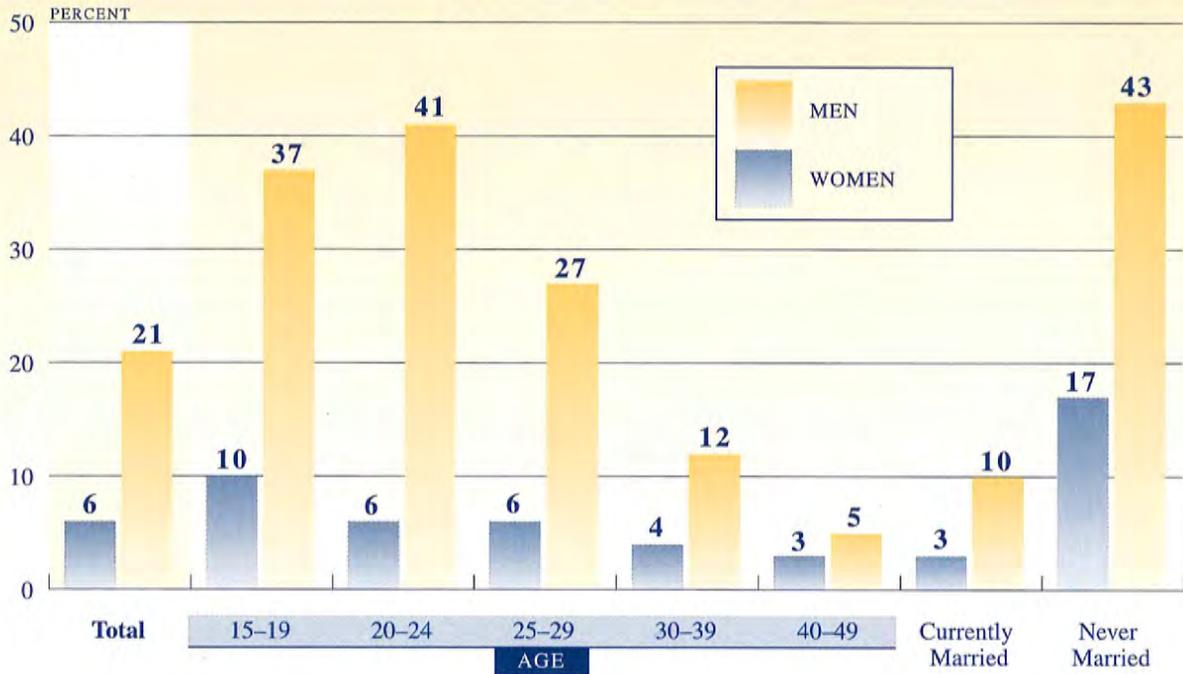
Trained medical attendance during delivery can help ensure a healthy and safe birth for both mother and child.

INFANT MORTALITY RATES



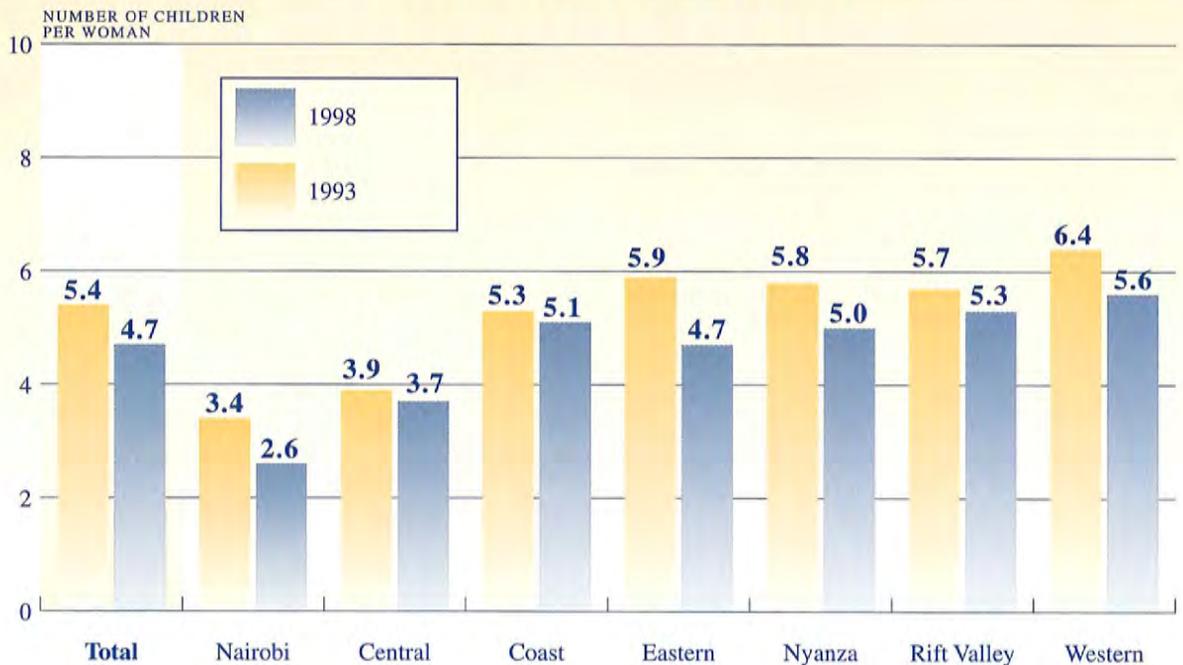
Infant deaths have increased in some parts of Kenya.

RECENT CONDOM USE



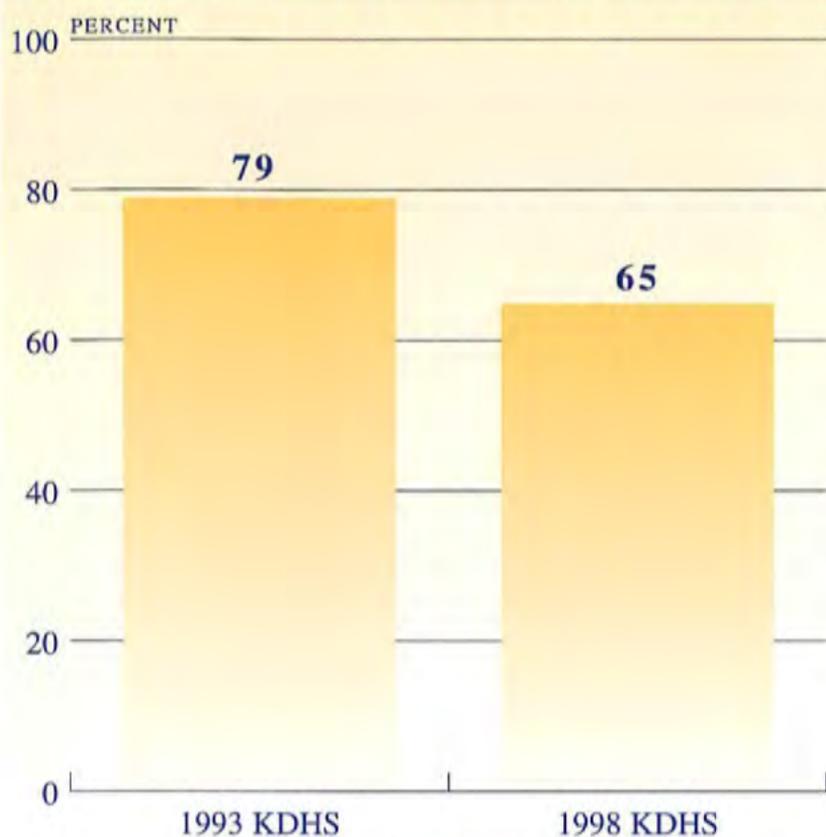
*Condom use can help prevent the spread of HIV/AIDS.
Recent condom use is higher among young and unmarried men than other groups.*

TOTAL FERTILITY RATES



Kenya has achieved success in reducing family size. On average, couples are now having 4 or 5 children when in the 1970s they had about 8 children.

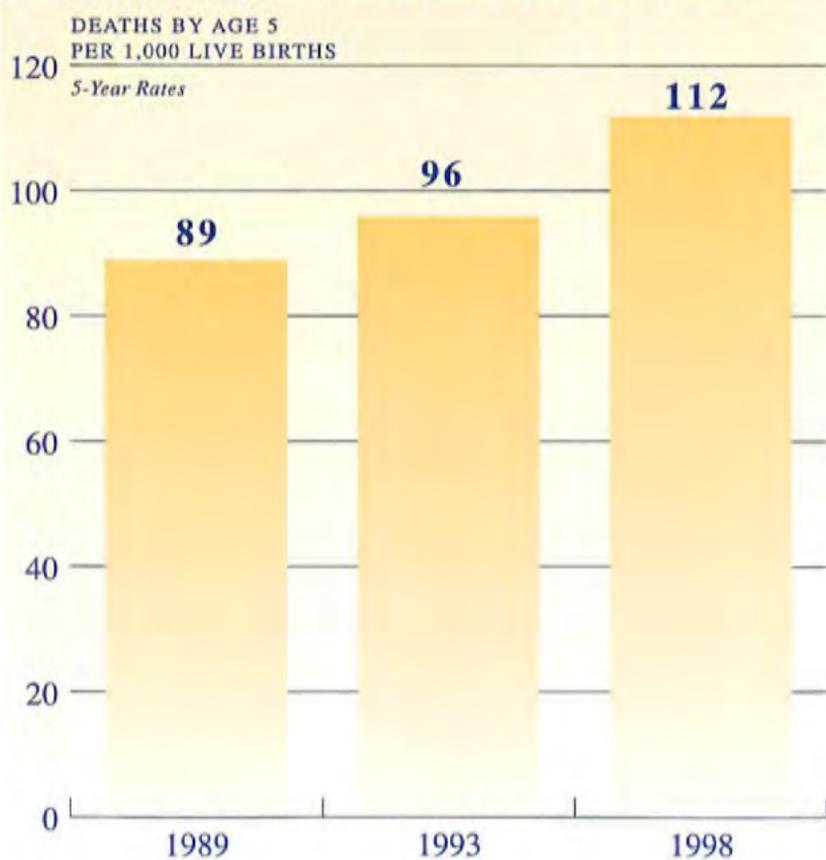
CHILDREN WHO ARE FULLY VACCINATED



Children 12 to 23 months who have received BCG, measles, and 3 doses of DPT and polio

Only 65 percent of children have received all of the recommended immunisations. Vaccination can help prevent many potentially fatal childhood diseases.

CHILDHOOD MORTALITY



Deaths among children under age 5 have increased since the late 1980s. Currently, one in nine children dies before the age of 5.



About the Kenya Demographic & Health Survey (KDHS)

Dates of fieldwork: February–July 1998

Sample: Nationally representative

Households interviewed: 8,380

Women 15–49: 7,881

Men 15–54: 3,407

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

The National Council for Population and Development (NCPD)

The Chancery, 4th Floor

Valley Road

Nairobi, Kenya

Tel.: 711-600/1

Fax.: 716-508

Email: ncpd@africaonline.co.ke



The 1998 Kenya Demographic and Health Survey (KDHS) was implemented by the National Council for Population and Development and the Central Bureau of Statistics, in collaboration with the United Nations Fund for Population Activities, the Division of Primary Health Care, and the National AIDS Control Programme. The KDHS was funded by the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) and the Department for International Development (DIFD). The USAID-funded MEASURE program provided technical assistance for the implementation of the KDHS and the development of this brochure.