



FEED THE FUTURE

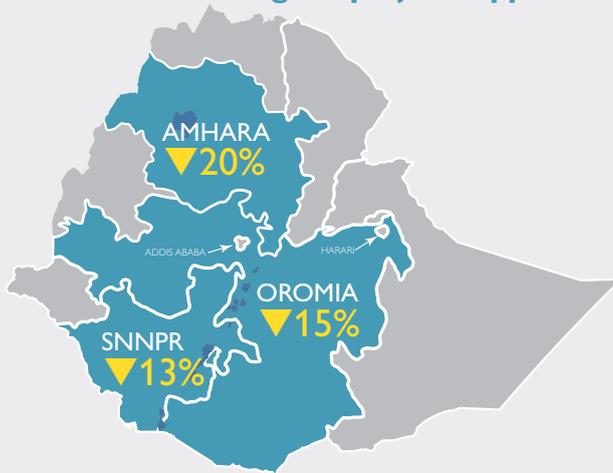
The U.S. Government's Global Hunger & Food Security Initiative

ENGINE PERFORMANCE SNAPSHOT*

*AS OF SEP 2016

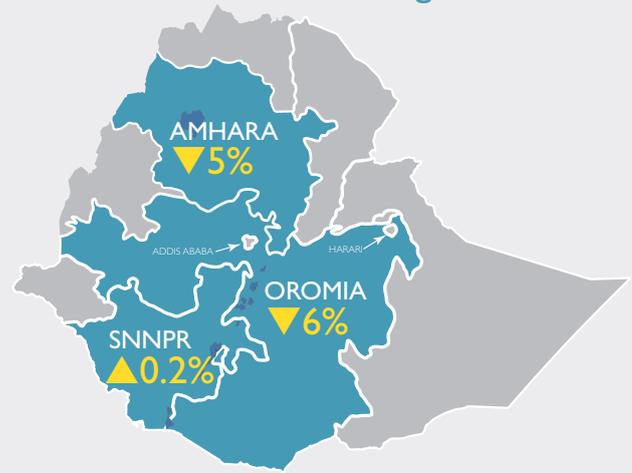
FOR CHILDREN

Significant reductions in stunting of children 3–36 months of age in project-supported regions

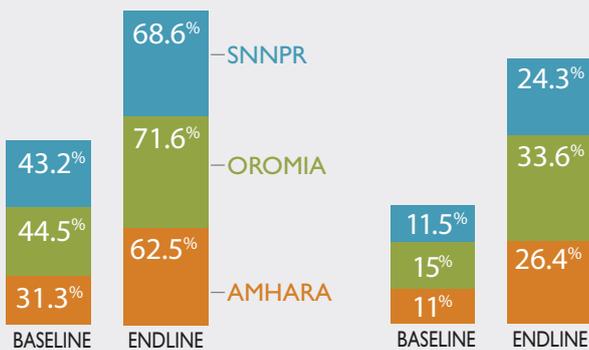


FOR MOTHERS

Significant reduction in prevalence of malnourished women in two regions



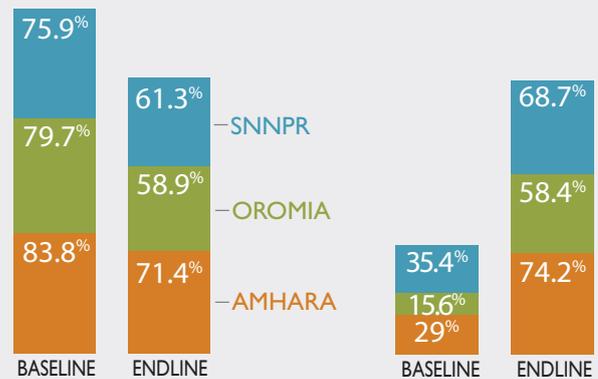
Significant increases in breastfeeding and dietary diversity



Percentage of children 6–23 months with breastfeeding initiated in the first hour after birth
▲ by 58.7% average in project-supported areas

Percentage of children 6–23 months with minimum dietary diversity (consumed four food groups or more)
▲ by 32.9% average in project-supported areas

Significant decreases in low dietary diversity and increases in iron/folate intake



Percentage of women with low dietary diversity
▼ by 33.5% average in project-supported areas

Percentage of women who took iron/folate supplements during their last pregnancy
▲ by 85.1% average in project-supported areas

EMPOWERING NEW GENERATIONS WITH IMPROVED NUTRITION AND ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITIES



USAID
FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE



Save the Children

ENGINE BY THE NUMBERS

NUTRITION SERVICES

QUALITY



26,337

people trained in child health and nutrition



224

health centers with nutrition quality improvement services strengthened

5,672,411

children under 5 reached by ENGINE-supported programs

ACCESS

NUTRITION SERVICES

KNOWLEDGE AND PRACTICES

MIYCN

40,684

mothers, fathers, and mother-in-laws reached through community dialogue



793,629

mothers or caregivers counselled on MIYCN

107,036

individuals receiving short-term agricultural productivity training



15,070

most vulnerable households benefiting directly from USG assistance

NUTRITION-SENSITIVE AGRICULTURE

ECONOMIC STRENGTHENING OPPORTUNITIES