



Community-Oriented Reintegration of Ex-combatants

Thirteenth Quarterly Report
July-September 2009



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IOM International Organization for Migration
OIM Organisation Internationale pour les Migrations
OIM Organización Internacional para las Migraciones

Photograph captions

Top Right: Training on land entitlement and reestablishment of the property right. Pilot Project in Turbo, Antioquia

Bottom left: Project beneficiary trained to perform preventive and corrective maintenance in electronic injection area. FORMAMOS, Medellin.

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2. Summary Table – This Quarter

Organization: International Organization for Migration – Colombia

Reporting Period:	July 1 st to September 30 th , 2009
New Projects Approved:	48
New Project IOM Financial Obligations:	██████████
Total Expenses for Reporting Period:	██████████

Table 1. Projects Approved this Quarter - by Component, Beneficiaries

Component		Projects Approved	Number of Beneficiaries *
A.	Tracking and Monitoring	0	0
B.	Support to GOC Reintegration Program	0	0
C.	Oversight Ombudsman/IG	0	0
D.	Support to the Demobilized Population	22	1.753
E.	Verification to the Process	-	-
F.	National Commission for Reparation and Reconciliation	26	4.540
G.	Support to the Attorney General's office	-	-
TOTAL		48	6.293

*The total refers to all program beneficiaries. (For beneficiary breakdown by type, see Annex 4).

** US dollar amount calculated at exchange rates indicated in Annex 6.

3. Summary Table – Year to Date

Organization: International Organization for Migration – Colombia

Total Projects Approved:	251
Total Project IOM Financial Obligations:	
Total Expenses Year to Date (YTD):	

Table 2. Projects Approved Year-to-Date (YTD) - by Component, Beneficiaries

Component		Projects Approved	Number of Beneficiaries*
A.	Tracking and Monitoring	4	351
B.	Support to GOC Reintegration Program	10	3.791
C.	Oversight Ombudsman/IG	2	86
D.	Support to the Demobilized Population	153	38.086
E.	Verification to the process (OAS)	4	0
F.	Reparation and Reconciliation	73	40.349
G.	Support to the Attorney General's Office	5	184
TOTAL		251	82.847

*The total refers to all program beneficiaries. (For beneficiary breakdown by type, see Annex 4).

**US dollar amount calculated at exchange rates indicated in Annex 6.

***One project sheets was included in the component (F) Reparation and reconciliation and also in (G) Support to the Attorney General Office.

4. Executive Summary

General Analysis

During the past quarter forty eight (48) new projects were approved, for a total of USD [REDACTED]. Up to date, 251 total projects have provided 82,847 services to beneficiaries². Additionally, as shown on table 2, a total of USD [REDACTED], has been obligated by IOM to date. The year-to-date breakdown of projects per component is: Tracking and Monitoring, 2%; Support to GOC Reintegration Program, 4%; Oversight Ombudsman/IG, 1%; Support to the Demobilized Population, 61%; Verification to the Process, 2%; National Commission for Reparation and Reconciliation, 29%; and Support to the Attorney General's office, 2%.

Component Summary

Tracking and Monitoring

The work with the ACR and the TMES teams continued. The information regarding individual ex-combatants is currently being systematized in the TMES.

Support to GOC Reintegration Program

As part of the technical assistance to the ACR for the implementation of their communication's strategy, the contract to produce the ACR's television program was signed during this period.

Oversight Ombudsman/IG

During this quarter the activities that have been developed jointly between the Ombudsman Office and IOM continued.

Support to the Demobilized Population

A total of twenty two (22) new projects were signed for a value of [REDACTED] (IOM's Contribution) and with the objective of assisting 1,753 beneficiaries. The projects focus in socio-economic reintegration activities such as vocational training, employment, productive projects and human development assistance.

Verification to the Process

During this period MAPP/OEA continued with an active presence in different regions of the country through their regional offices.

National Commission for Reparation and Reconciliation (CNRR)

During this period, twenty six (26) new projects were signed. The Institutional strengthening program to the CNRR continued with the technical and financial support. Likewise the support to the payment of the Commission's President continued, as well as the support to a series of Reconciliation, Historical Memory, and Land restitution projects. The "minimos vitales" projects

² Attention can be provided to repeated individual beneficiaries and therefore the total number of services can surpass the total number of demobilized individuals. Additionally, this number includes not only ex-combatants, but also related family members, victims, staff members, institutions, and other types of beneficiaries.

of Collective Reparation continued and the integral attention to victims in several regions of the country.

Support to the Attorney General's Office

During this period support was provided to the Attorney General's Office continued with the organization of 2 identification gatherings with relatives of missing persons. The consortium DB System – Soft management has developed the Inter-institutional Information System for Justice and Peace SIIJYP according to the requests made by the Inter-institutional committee.

National Context

SEMANA MAGAZINE. September 1st 2009. “That War Was not Ours”

All the massacres are not the same. All are cruel and seek to place terror. The Historical Memory Commission’s group just published its second report. This time about El Salado massacre, - the first one was about Trujillo-, one of the most dreadful that has been known, and paradigmatic in the paramilitary violence.

El Salado, a small county (*corregimiento*) of Carmen de Bolivar, was besieged since the 80’s by different armed groups such as guerrillas, killers hired by the landowners, paramilitaries and, sometimes, the public force. However, the climax of this violence was lived in 2000, when a paramilitary group sent by Carlos Castaño, attacked by land and air, occupied all the territory and massacred 60 people during several days.

El Salado has become a reparation pilot area. The Historical Memory Commission recommends the Government to rebuild the town. The aim should not only be to cover its basic needs, but to provide a future. It is also necessary to restitute its name, its dignity. The future requires reparation in two symbolic matters rather than material: impunity and oblivion. Justice and memory are vital needs today for El Salado. In this sense, Gonzalo Sanchez’s call is to develop pedagogy towards the country: “to make comprehensible the pain that results of social and political identifiable processes”.

LA VANGUARDIA. July 14th 2009. Ex “Paramilitaries” Confess Twenty one Thousand Murders.

Ex paramilitaries confessed twenty one thousand homicides, revealed yesterday the Attorney General’s Office that investigates a total of 246.000 criminal actions of those groups. “Twenty one thousand murders carried out between 1987 and 2005 have been confessed by the paramilitaries that participated in those crimes”, stated the Unit’s Chief of the Attorney General’s Office of Justice and Peace, Luis González. This number corresponds to 3 years of confessions to this entity as the result of the demobilization of 31.000 AUC members between 2003 and 2006, as part of the peace agreement with the government.

In exchange for their testimonies and the victims’ reparation, ex combatants accused of crimes against humanity, obtain legal benefits such as maximum sentences of 8 years in jail.

Gonzalez, said that “the horror could be bigger because many murders have not been confessed yet”, and also said that from the 26.000 facts admitted by the demobilized, 22.000 are forced disappearances (1.800 admitted), underage recruitment, local farmers’ displacement, torture, kidnapping, extortion, sexual violence and robbery, among others.

In the process, were found 2.329 corpses in 1.906 mass graves, “the important matter is that we are getting to know the truth, who participated, who benefited with the murders”, said Gonzalez.

6. Program Components

Tracking and Monitoring

ADVANCES THIS QUARTER

- The TMES is working in the design and elaboration of a series of reports regarding the reintegration process of ex combatants. One of them are quantitative reports and tools that allow for the development of the graduation profile (requirements needed to complete the reintegration process) of the participants being served by the Peace and Reconciliation Program of Medellin Mayor's Office. As well as regional reports for ACR's education and psychosocial areas in the Service Centers (CS). A report regarding the provision of services granted to ex combatants is being designed as a way to develop warnings the ACR may confront.
- Support was provided to elaborate the lists of the people that could get the labor profiles. During this period **14.375** registers of the profiles were included in the data base.
- The information of 9.872 individual³ participants was updated in the TMES data base.
- **3.368** new files were created for individually demobilized ex combatants.
- During this quarter three (3) RAP⁴ (Psychosocial Assistance Reports) were systematized, consolidated and reported. Additionally, the RAP sheet was created in the TMES data base.
- The consolidated information for the education registration formats was collected, systematized, and reported. These formats are the base to calculate the beneficiaries' transportation and reintegration stipends.
- During this period **56.371** registers about new activities were updated in the database.
- A series of visits to the regional teams took place as a way to evaluate the flow and quality of the information being entered in the database

The following reports were produced during this period:

- ❖ 2 monthly reports on the program's achievements and access to the benefits received by the people served by the CS.
- ❖ 3 monthly reports on issues that should raise alert in the CS.
- ❖ 3 monthly reports submitted to the ACR
- ❖ 3 consolidated education registration formats
- ❖ 3 consolidated psychosocial registration formats
- ❖ New individual participants located report.
- ❖ 1 Education report.

These reports were prepared with the aim of determining the evolution of the beneficiaries within the program and the service provision by the Reintegration Program. The information was organized both by service centers (CS) and by blocs.

³ Individual ex combatants are the persons who desert from the active armed groups e.g. FARC.

⁴ The RAP is the matrix in which the assistance to psychosocial activities is reported by the ACR tutors.

Support to GOC Reintegration Program

ADVANCES THIS QUARTER

The contract to produce the ACR's television program was signed during this period. Additionally, the ACR worked on planning the contents and stories that will be part of the upcoming season of the program.

As part of the communications' strategy the ACR has been using the television production facilities hired by IOM for their use. This has enabled them to produce videos for the institutional web page and other communication pieces.

Oversight Ombudsman/IG

ADVANCES THIS QUARTER

A. Defensoría del Pueblo or National Ombudsman's Office

During this quarter the selection process of the technicians required by the project in Cordoba, Antioquia, Urabá and Santander finished. No progress has been registered so far in the training and systematization of the information of the SIG (Sistema de Información Georreferenciado).

Table 3. Transactions completed by region

Region	No. Complaints	No. Cases Advised	No. Requests
Antioquia - Urabá	7	3	0
Cesar	44	13	20
Magdalena	30	6	8
Norte de Santander - Santander	0	11	0
Sucre	2	11	5
TOTAL	83	44	33

B. Procuraduría (Inspector General's Office)

ADVANCES

During this quarter the following achievements must be highlighted regarding the administrative benefits:

- Four training workshops took place regarding the service provision and indicators' package. The audience was the regional entities in the departments of Cesar, Magdalena and Santander. While the entities visited during this quarter included: Regional ACR offices, Education and health departmental and local secretaries, Police Offices, Regional ICBF offices, Military forces, Ombudsman's regional offices, Attorney's regional offices and General Inspector's offices. The period evaluated in these workshops was October 2008 – March 2009.
- During this quarter performance indicators were designed in each of 5 departments.

For the component of judicial benefits, the results for this quarter are:

- Follow up and sensitization of Peace and Justice special cases sentences (P.ej Case of a.k.a “El Loro”)
- Information of each demobilized in the Justice and Peace process and every ‘versión libre’ gathered during this period.
- 3 workshops about the Justice and Peace Law with 40 new regional inspectors were designed and structured
- Information submitted by judicial inspectors has been gathered and submitted to the information system as follows:
 - Victims registered: 30.417
 - Assets registered in the Reparations Fund: 168
 - Comprehensive reparations requests: 404
 - Beneficiaries of the Justice and Peace Law registered (Demobilized): 1.852
 - Lawsuits against public servants and military force members: 543

A presentation of the project and the ‘Mandate 13th’ was made to the new General Inspector and the new delegated inspectors for the Justice and Peace process.

Support to the Demobilized Population

ADVANCES THIS QUARTER

During this period twenty two (22) new agreements were signed. Framed under the employment sub-component two (2) projects were signed with *Lexcom de Colombia Corporation* in order to provide technical training in the cultivation of palm oil and then provide temporary employment. The projects will benefit 30 demobilized persons in the Meta and 50 participants in Magdalena.

Concerning Labor Training projects, seven (7) agreements were approved: a) *Centro técnico Formamos*: 107 demobilized will be trained to perform preventive and corrective maintenance in electronic injection area, b) *Caja de Compensación Familiar – CAFAM* through the methodology of “learning by doing”, it is expected that 125 participants would be trained in food preparation with an emphasis in bakery and cooking, c) *Fundación de Estudios Superiores de Urabá – FESU* will provide basic skills in order to prepare 104 participants for starting technical and technology careers, d) *Congregación Mariana Claver* will deliver a leveling module to 25 participants from Bucaramanga, Santander e) *Universidad del Magdalena* seeks to strengthen communication skills, logical and mathematical knowledge for 170 participants, f) *Colsubsidio* will benefit 53 participants to guide their education process based on their life plan and h) *Agrotropical Colombia SA* will train 120 demobilized in techniques for cocoa cultivation.

Regarding Integral Assistance Projects to support the economic and social reintegration of demobilized population, seven (7) agreements were signed during to benefit 375 participants of the reintegration process in Antioquia, Meta, Magdalena, Cundinamarca and Valle del Cauca. The operators of the projects are: *Centro Integral de Servicios Empresariales -CREAME*, *Asociación de municipios del Alto Ariari - AMA*, *Unión Temporal Escala - Fenix*, *Bolsas Gigantes Ltda*, *Fundación para el desarrollo agrícola, social y tecnológico - Fundaset* and *Carvajal Foundation*. All of these projects have at least two components to accomplish socio-economic reintegration through vocational training, employment, productive projects and psychosocial assistance and will benefit 226 demobilized persons and 149 members of their families.

Framed under the rural productive project subcomponent, five (5) agreements were signed with: *Sociedad Agroindustrial Colombiana - Indacol SAT*, *Agrotropical Colombia SA* y *CI Potosí*. *Indacol*; *SAT* will develop three projects in the municipalities of Valencia and Tierralta (Department of Córdoba). In Tierralta they will implement a productive project to grow plantain that will benefit to 40 demobilized persons and in Valencia and two productive projects of fruits and vegetable that will benefit 87 demobilized persons. *Agrotropical Colombia SA* will coordinate the establishment of a cocoa farming in the municipality of San Martín, Meta which will benefit 120 demobilized persons. Finally, *CI Potosí* will develop a horticultural productive project in community plots to benefit 140 demobilized persons.

A project with *Minuto de Dios* tailoring will benefit 55 demobilized persons through the assembly of a production model of clothing through associations that will allow participants to acquire technical, human and business knowledge.

ADVANCES

Vocational training scholarships: This agreement was granted an extension until the 31st of December to enable the use of all the available funds and to allow for the enrollment of all the beneficiaries interested in different training programs.

Formal education scholarships: This agreement was also extended until the end of December.

Scholarships for the Medellín Mayor's Office beneficiaries: This agreement concluded during this period. The students who have not concluded their programs may apply for the scholarship programs established by IOM and ACR.

Human Development

- **Ventajas Kompetitivas:** Human development activities have been aimed at designing healthier life styles as well as developing the assembly as a regulatory institution and a source of information for each of the members of the association.
- **COMFACESAR:** Human development activities developed for the pepper projects in Cesar are being implemented to foster reconciliation and strength institutions.
- **Colectivo Aquí y Ahora:** The *Colectivo* implements human development activities in the “hogares de paz” ran by the Ministry of Defense. In average an ex combatant spends three months in the Hogar. In average 534 people have been served by the *Colectivo* each month during this reporting period. They have activities in the 17 “hogares” in Bogotá.

Urban Productive Projects

- The liquidation of the following projects started: MOVER of CHF, Corporación Industrial Minuto de Dios Tailoring in Bogotá and Medellín, ECOTURES, BIPROCOL and Colgalletas in Medellín.

- In the employment component framework, the agreement with ACOPI CENTRO OCCIDENTE has been developed the coverage in the Coffee-growers axis (*Eje Cafetero*) in Caldas, Quindío and Risaralda Departments
- Finally, the tracking and control phase started for 184 productive projects implemented by CHF in the framework of MOVER program (113 in Montería and 71 in Valledupar). December 31st is the deadline for this contract.

Rural Productive Projects

- **Palm Tree- El Retén, Magdalena:** The project has a budget deficit of COP\$ 308.220.000, due to the land preparation activities done in anticipation to the bank's disbursements of the credit, which were not carried out in the stipulated dates. In consequence, the allies of the project decided to fund the land preparation activities and therefore advance in the tasks demanded by the bank, as a requirement to continue with the disbursements of the approved credit. Thus, IOM is working in the agreement's amendment in order to add [REDACTED]
- **Chili pepper Codazzi and Copey, Cesar:** The projects in the social - corporate component are being developed. A technological visit is being programmed in October and an expert firm is being contracted to consolidate the organizations around the projects. The disbursements needed to start the required investment for cultivation, by the ACR, Governor's Office of Cesar and IOM, are in process.
- **Monomacho- Turbo, Antioquia:** The cultivation of 180 hectares of plantain and 50 of cacao were completed. In this quarter the goal of beneficiaries was reached. (146). It is expected that in the next quarter the credit will be approved to complete the cacao harvest.
- **Procaucho- Cimitarra, Santander:** There have been problems in finding the final beneficiaries for the project due to the process in Incoder.
- **Chili pepper Ariari- San Martin, Meta:** During this period all the operative labors finished as well as the definitions concerning the constructing of a deep well and the irrigation system. The planting is expected to start next quarter.
- **CTA Humanitas- Tibú, Norte de Santander:** In this quarter the cooperative has advanced in its process of consolidation. It is expected that in the next quarter a field will be obtained to help in cooperative's support.
- **Program of reintegration and community development in Sucre and Antioquia Departments – Argos.** Tabasco chili pepper is being cultivated. The planting plan has been adjusted according to the revenues and results achieved in each zone.
 - The harvesting activities started in the field of Palmira (San Onofre) and Puerto Nare. These same activities continued in Puerto Triunfo and Aguas Negras (San Onofre).
 - The planting phase finished in the Hacienda Napoles's plot 2- Puerto Triunfo, completing about 11 hectares in this plot. Once the participants' revenues were evaluated, it was decided to postpone harvesting in plot 3.
 - The planting plan continued in Puerto Triunfo with 2 hectares every 45 days.

- The irrigation system designs were carried out and the nursery was installed in the *Escuela Agropecuaria* (IETA)'s plot for the association of Pueblito in San Onofre.
- The group of women from the clothing manufacture project located in the *Corregimiento* of La Sierra- Puerto Nare-, finished two additional orders of uniforms for "Invesa".
- An external operator started a new psychological and business intervention to strengthen the associations in Puerto Triunfo.

BUDGET

Table 4. Support to the Demobilized Population Budget

Projects Approved for Support to the Demobilized Population		Number of Beneficiaries
A.	Minuto de Dios Confecciones	55
B.	Formamos	107
C.	Creame	40
D.	Indacol Sat	55
E.	Indacol Sat	32
F.	Indacol Sat	40
G.	AMA	40
H.	Lexcom	30
I.	Lexcom	50
J.	Bolsas Gigantes	15
K.	Fundación Carvajal	84
L.	Fundación Carvajal	39
M.	Cafam	125
N.	Fundaset	90
O.	FESU	104
P.	Congregación Mariana Claver	27
Q.	Escala Fenix	67
R.	Universidad del Magdalena	170
S.	Colsubsidio	53
T.	Agrotropical	120
U.	Agrotropical	120
V.	CI Potosi	290
TOTAL		1.753

Verification to the Process

ADVANCES THIS QUARTER

- During the quarter, MAPP/OEA visited 140 municipalities aiming at verifying the post demobilization stage.

- A high level meeting with MAPP/OEA and ACR managers was carried out, in order to provide recommendations and findings from the field. MAPP/OEA elaborated a psychosocial attention document where ex-combatants expressed their opinion about this specific benefit.
- Support was provided to 11 DDR workshops, promoted by ACR and CNRR.
- 20 of the 50 municipalities with high concentration of demobilized population were visited during this period
- 3 reports about the reintegration status were made by the Analysis Unit.
- MAPP/OEA made presence in 30 victims' gatherings during this quarter, achieving a total of 89 for 2009.
- 24 versions libres and 9 judicial processes were monitored during this quarter.
- Psychosocial support and strengthening of victim's networks has been given to 'La Libertad' (Sucre).
- Workshops on the Justice and Peace Law were implemented in Bogotá, Medellín and Barranquilla, in order to approach several issues of this Law. More than 70 persons from CNRR, General Attorney's Office, Ombudsman, Inspector General's office and civil society organizations took part.
- Orientation to more than 500 victims was provided during the quarter.
- 15 visits to Norte de Santander, Nariño, Urabá, Libertad (Sucre), Medellín y San Carlos in Antioquia, Cauca, Buenaventura, Florida and Pradera, in Valle del Cauca, were made by the MAPP/OEA verification team.
- 22 meetings with ACR, regional CNRR offices, Governors, community radio stations, local inspectors, national police, attorney's offices, Inspector's offices, and other strategic actors for the verification process.

MAPP/OEA has also given support to several local peace initiatives in the municipalities of el Rosario (Nariño); Montes de María, Bajo Cauca, Norte de Santander and Sur del Cesar. Within this component, several gatherings, inter-institutional meetings and workshops have taken place, providing close diagnoses of these zones, promoting leaderships among the communities and providing assistance for the strengthening of grassroots organizations.

The work carried out by the MAPP/OEA has allowed the organization to consolidate the institutional relationship with the ACR and provide recommendations regarding the reintegration process.

National Commission for Reparation and Reconciliation (CNRR)

ADVANCES THIS QUARTER

During this period twenty six (26) new agreements were approved in order to support and strengthen processes, initiatives and institutions for victims' assistance and orientation. The projects were signed with: *Asociación de apicultores Colosó – ASOAPICOL, Fundación de Red Desarrollo y Paz de los Montes de María, Comfenalco Cartagena, Indufrial, Corporación PBA, Indacol SAT, Cámara de Comercio de Cartagena, Organización indígena Wiwa, Organización indígena Kankuama, Centro de capacitación Don Bosco, Asochinulito, Fundación para el progreso y desarrollo familiar, social y humana – FDH, Comité departamental de Cafeteros del Tolima, Pastoral Social Atlántico, Asociación solidarios por la vida - Solivida, MAPP - OEA y Escuela Taller Cartagena de Indias.*

Comfenalco Cartagena project has been designed to provide integral assistance to 150 victims of Cartagena. Likewise *Indufrial, Asochinulito, Centro de Capacitación Don Bosco, Corporación PBA, Pastoral Social y Solivida* are projects that tend to provide assistance in various components such as vocational training, employment, productive projects and psychosocial assistance and will benefit a total of 1.820 victims. In coordination with IOM's - infrastructure unit a community hall in El Tigre (Valle del Guamez, Putumayo) is being built. This area will allow carrying out community activities aimed at developing a collective reparation scheme.

Concerning technical assistance in the implementation and operation of productive initiatives, *Asociación de apicultores Colosó – ASOAPICOL* will support the establishment of cocoa crops to benefit 40 victims of Sucre. *Fundación de Red Desarrollo y Paz de los Montes de María* will offer technical, financial and administrative support and supervision to eight productive initiatives in order to benefit the 644 victims in the region of Montes de Maria.

The Project with *PBA Corporation* will contribute to strengthen the commercialization process of victims' associations in the municipalities of Ovejas (Sucre) and San Jacinto (Bolívar). *Indacol SAT* will coordinate the establishment of a cassava crop to benefit 25 victims' families. Finally, *Comité departamental de Cafeteros del Tolima*, will carry out three projects associated with the establishment of coffee plantations and improving quality in manufacturing processes that will benefit to 231 victims in Tolima Department. .

A total of three (3) new projects were signed to continue providing technical and financial support to the National Commission for Reparation and Reconciliation – CNRR. The first project is developed to provide administrative support to the management level of the institution. In order to create a space for discussion, analysis and learning through the first international meeting of Reconciliation: “*Colombia Todos los Actores, Todas las visiones, la Misma Esperanza*” in which IOM - USAID provided funding for the assistance of an international expert in the issue of reconciliation and the development, design and printing of a written memoir of the event. Similarly, provided support to “*II semana de la Memoria*” in which a case report of the massacre of El Salado was presented.

Reparation (Funds):

Objective: Support the process of collective reparation pilots as inputs and models for the formulation of a National Collective Reparation Plan.

Activities:

- The progress and achievements for each pilot are referred underneath.

Libertad (San Onofre-Sucre): As a closure for the basic needs project stage, carried out in this pilot project from the beginning of the year, and as a complement for the water treatment project IOM and CNRR members turned in from August 19 to August the 22nd 850 Acción Social food baskets to the population that assisted the water treatment and healthy habits training sessions.

El Salado (Carmen de Bolívar-Bolívar): at the end of this quarter, the refurbishing of the health center was completed. The renovation of the three medical offices, which make part of el Salado's health center, concluded. This process included the total replacement of the center's ceiling and floor.

The construction of the Computer class room will start at the beginning of this coming quarter and is expected to take 60 days. This classroom has been designed to accommodate at least 30 students with their required hardware equipments. Currently el Salado has 12 computers to install in this facility.

ATCC-La India (Cimitarra/Landázuri-Santander): During this quarter several activities were either completed or had a considerable advance. 1) The two (2) canoes have already been made out of wood by a local contractor. The engines will be bought once the Waiver is approved by USAID. 2) Equipment and supplies for three health centers in La India, La Pedregosa and Santa Rosa were delivered in June and are currently being used by the community. 3) Equipment such as computers, printers, cameras and desks were also bought. These articles were sent and are being used by the community, as well as by the professionals hired to support them in the formulation of their collective reparation plan. 4) After the identification, along with the ATCC leaders, of the equipment needed for the proper functioning of the community radio station, these articles were bought by IOM. They were installed by a proper technician in order to guarantee a good use. 5) Technical studies were hired as a requirement by IOM's infrastructure unit, for the completion of the ATCC headquarters in La India. The first visit to La India by the contractors was made in September. The works will last approximately one month. 6) The three (3) professionals responsible for helping the ATCC to formulate their collective reparation plan were hired (an architect, economist, and education expert). They have been working with the community, traveling to nearby villages in order to gather information and opinions. This work has shown interesting products and valuable experiences for other pilots.

La Gabarra (Tibú-Norte de Santander): During this quarter the construction works began in La Gabarra regarding the classroom and adjacent improvements. Security conditions around La Gabarra slowed this process. However, work began some weeks ago, reporting a 30% progress. This work will last approximately 45 days.

Buenos Aires (Cauca): At the beginning of the quarter, this pilot project initiated the implementation of the food security activities chosen by the community, which will benefit 77 families from the localities of San Miguel, Cascajero, Palo Blanco and Munchique.

The activities to be carried out in this project include among others: i) beans, plantain, corn and vegetables harvesting; and ii) breeding of chickens and pigs.

During this period, the 77 project beneficiaries were selected. However, due to the environmental problems the country is currently going through, as a consequence of global warming, and specifically due to the strong drought the Cauca Department is experiencing, it was impossible to start the plantation activities in September. According to a diagnosis carried out by IOM, it is very likely that these activities will have to be delayed until March of 2010.

The execution of the infrastructure activities to be carried out in this pilot project is programmed to start at the beginning of the next quarter. These activities will include: i) the construction of a school dining facility and ii) remodeling of a school classroom and its sanitation facilities.

Madres de la Candelaria (Medellín-Antioquia): 1) Regarding the publication of edicts in cases of disappearance, the process has been marked by a slow pace due to two main factors: low

number of beneficiaries and poor assistant by their lawyers and counselors. So far only \$750.000 pesos has been spent in edicts. In order to speed up the process, the following decisions were made jointly with the NCCR Antioquia and Madres de la Candelaria: a) flexibilization of the initial criteria to access the benefit; b) financial recognition to those beneficiaries who paid the edicts with their own money; c) hiring of a lawyer for two or three months responsible of advancing the processes. 2) The psychosocial project implemented by UT Corpindes-Presencia ended the 30th of September with excellent results. 89 beneficiaries completed the process out of a total of 100, marking an excellent assistance and permanence rate. 160 workshops were performed, 100 psychotherapeutic sessions, 10 domiciliary visits and more that 30 individual sessions. The beneficiaries were so glad with the project that asked for another phase. This was approved for a period of two months until the 30th of November.

El Tigre (Valle del Guamez-Putumayo): The technical land studies required to implement the following infrastructure projects were carried out during this quarter: i) the construction of a community gathering facility and a ii) rice processing productive project. The construction works for both projects started at the end of July.

Movimiento Sindical: After the Plenary of NCCR chose the Union Movement of Cordoba's University as the representative of the Unions, a meeting with some of its representatives was held in Monteria. However, due to some internal difficulties in the Union, there has not been significant progress in this pilot.

Reconciliation:

Objective: Analyze and support different reconciliation initiatives throughout the country in order to establish guidelines and successful models.

Activities and Progress:

- In this quarter consultive workshops were held in Riohacha, Guajira and Quibdó, Chocó Department. The objective was to inquire into the reconciliation imaginaries present in the indigenous and afro Colombian population victim of the armed conflict, as a way to gather all the proposals that recognize their particular worldview. This activity allows the construction of a No repetition Guide in their communities, as a key element in reconciliation.
- Support to the “*First International Conference on Reconciliation. Colombia: All actors, all visions, same hope*”, took place in Bogotá, September 1st and 2nd 2009, under the framework of United Nations’ Resolution for the International Reconciliation Year, 2009. This event showed in the public scene different perceptions on reconciliation from actors such as victims and demobilized population, who need their rights guaranteed in order to work towards peace.
- During this quarter the project implemented by Fundación Social, in support of the Bogotá Mayor’s Office and the Reconciliation Area of the NCCR, ended with an important product and a positive balance. Five local initiatives of reconciliation were strengthened through different activities aimed at promoting social bonds within the communities. Lastly, as a result of the process, Fundación Social wrote a booklet about the reconciliation initiatives in Bogotá, and how to foster these types of experiences.

Attention to Victims and Socioeconomic Stabilization

Objective: To support and strengthen processes, initiatives and institutions for victims integral assistance and orientation.

Activities:

- The work process on victims' attention project continued in Cauca (ACIN), with the support and counseling to the victims and their organizations. (Attended beneficiaries: ACIN: 150).
- The Historical Memory Group was supported in the logistics of the commemoration activities of *La Semana por la Memoria* (Week for the Memory), that this year remembers the victims of El Salado, with the report publication of the Historical Memory Commission's group which includes recommendations for collective reparation aimed at exhorting the National Ombudsman's Office and Inspector General's Office to adopt these suggestions.
- With the National Ombudsman's Office, during this quarter the lawyers and psychologists teams have continued with the individual orientation to victims and the development of legal and psychosocial workshops. The main achievements of the project to date are: 1) Inter-institutional coordination with other entities involved in the Justice and Peace process, 2) wider coverage of the National Ombudsman's Office psychosocial and legal strategy in the 11 regions as result of the mobilization of the teams to communities located away from urban centers and 3) the beginning of joint actions with ethnic communities and organizations, specifically indigenous and afro Colombians.
- Reintegration program and integral development for Coffee grower families victimized in Nariño: The field activities were postponed because of the lack of a positive result in the procedure of the agreement's signature by the private partner of the alliance "Empresas de Nariño, even though the authorization document of the Fundación Carcafe board of directors was presented. The advances this quarter were:
 - The process of gathering the survey finishes in the selected zones.
 - The process and methodology for the association's conformation was defined.

Land restitution projects

Objective: Implement pilot projects to develop direct restitution of land between victims and perpetrators under the Justice and Peace Law, and provide lessons learned and best practices to the National Restitution Plan.

Activities:

- The pilot project in Turbo, achieved the land entitlement and the reestablishment of the property right, as well as a Non repetition guarantees provided in favor of 105 families, equivalent to 177 landowners that used to be victims of forced displacement and /or land dispossession. Moreover, 77 applications for vacant lots were lodged before the Incoder, and are in process. Also, an application for the recovering of vacant lots that were occupied improperly will beneficiate 24 families. The guide of land formalization for 65 landowners was planned; for this guide, there is a cooperation agreement with the Antioquia Governor's office aimed at excluding the payment of the Department's tax.

- The documentation and the evidence of the current dispossession of 34 families, due to illegal armed groups, was presented before the Attorney's General Office for Justice and Peace. About this matter, *versions libres* of paramilitary chiefs have started.
- On September 10th, IOM, the regional office of the CNRR and the Cartagena's Chamber of Commerce installed the operative committee of the Land Restitution Project in Mampuján in order to officially start the project activities, define the work plan, present IOM's administrative procedures, among others.
- On September 11th, the CRRB of Cartagena was installed with the purpose of providing orientation to the victims in the claiming process in order to favor the land restitution, among others. This event also served as the launching platform for the Mampujan Land restitution Pilot Project, which is expected to benefit 280 families in Bolívar's Department. This project is being operated by Sincelejo's Chamber of Commerce and is currently carrying out the selection process of the personnel that will be in charge of executing the project's activities.

In order to achieve the project's results, inter-institutional alliances are planned to be implemented with Agricultural Minister, Bolívar's Governors Office and the Maria La Baja municipality, local IGAC, Acción Social and the designated regional Attorney General's Office.

- Work with the Agriculture Minister continues. During this period the first draft of the land restitution rights and procedures booklet was produced. This booklet will be distributed to rural vulnerable population, IDPs and victims.

BUDGET

Table 6. CNRR Budget

Projects Approved for CNRR: Sub-Components		Number of Beneficiaries
A.	Comisión Nacional de Reparación y Reconciliación	730
B.	Comisión Nacional de Reparación y Reconciliación	40
C.	Comisión Nacional de Reparación y Reconciliación	0
D.	Asoapicol	40
E.	Fundación Red Desarrollo y Paz de los Montes de Maria	644
F.	Comfenalco	150
G.	Comisión Nacional de Reparación y Reconciliación	140
H.	Indufrial	200
I.	CNRR - Area de Reconciliación	70
J.	OIM/DDR	0
K.	Corporación PBA	250
L.	Corporación PBA	100
M.	Indacol Sat	25
N.	Camara de Comercio de Cartagena	280
O.	Organización Indigena Kankuama	70
P.	Organización Indigena Wiwa	60
Q.	Don Bosco	80
R.	Asochinulito	20
S.	FDH Fundación para el Progreso y Desarrollo Familiar, Social y Humano	30
T.	Comité Nacional de Cafeteros del Tolima	159
U.	Comité Nacional de Cafeteros del Tolima	54
V.	Comité Nacional de Cafeteros del Tolima	18
W.	Pastoral Social Atlantico	520
X.	Solivida	650
Y.	OEA	150
Z.	Escuela Taller Cartagena de Indias	60
TOTAL		4.540

Support to the Attorney General's Office

ADVANCES THIS QUARTER

National Attorney General –Support to Victims:

The victims' assistants handled **180 persons in Bogotá offices**. Support was given to call center where **9.080** calls were received by the team.

Three engineers and 4 typists continued scanning the information obtained in the *versiones libres*. Priority was given to the unification of the missing person data base (SIRDEC). The database

was updated with a total of **24.811** registers as a result of the identification gathers, funded by IOM/USAID during this quarter.

The group of psychologists supported the Attorneys office by attending victims during **215 versiones libres**. One person is in charge of the website and the updating of the Justice and Peace Unit website, giving special attention to the exhumation Subunit. The website was fed with news, hearings notices and lists of personal belongings found in mass graves in order to help the identification of bodies by relatives. During this quarter, **5,371** items were uploaded into the website.

During this period support was provided to the Attorney General’s Office with the organization of 2 identification gatherings with relatives of missing persons. A total of **363** persons were served in Santa Marta and Guachaca, where **254** DNA samples were taken.

Support was given to the return of **68** remains in the municipalities of Ibagué, Barrancabermeja, Medellin and Santa Marta, benefiting **300** persons with travel and lodging allowances, besides the psychosocial support provided prior and during the journey.

RETURN OF REMAINS				
Municipality	Date	No. of remains	Symbolic return	Families
Ibague	July 3rd, 2009	11		40
Barrancabermeja	July 9th and 10 th , 2009	6		30
Medellin	July 17, 2009	21	4	110
Santa Marta	July 20 th - 23rd 2009	30		120
TOTAL		68	4	300

Inter-institutional Information System for Justice and Peace (SIIJYP):

The consortium DB System – Soft management has developed the SIIJYP according to the requests made by the Inter-institutional committee.

During this quarter, the contractor initiated the development of the first module of the system (persons, armed groups, goods inventory, acts and nominees to the Justice and Peace Law), which will be tested and launched during the next quarter.

Planning of several strategic activities has been done during this quarter, specifically those related to the migration of the information from entities of the inter-institutional committee, and to the transfer and sustainability of the system to GOC.

7. Next Quarter Priorities

In the upcoming quarter, the project intends to focus on the following actions and strategies within each component:

Tracking and Monitoring

- Continue supporting the education, financial and psychosocial areas of ACR through RAP's.
- Implementation of the Productive Projects information in the weekly matrix.
- Implementation of the Labor Profiles information in the weekly matrix.
- Design of the base line for individually demobilized persons in the TMES database.
- Support to the ACR technology area in the partial transfer of the TMES database to the Information System for Reintegration (SIR) of the ACR.
- Develop strategies for the information verification once the new information system of the ACR starts to operate.
- The following reports will be produced the next quarter:
 - 1 Regional characterization report from the Integral Profiles.
 - 3 monthly reports to the ACR
 - 3 consolidated registration reports on academic and vocational training
 - 1 report on education.
 - 1 report on deaths and detainees
 - Weekly and monthly reports

Support to GOC Reintegration Program

Develop an agreement with Fundación Zigma to establish the Edupaz Fund with Coltabaco, as a strategy to lend resources to the demobilized population interested in continuing their university degrees.

Oversight Ombudsman/IG

National Ombudsman (NO)

- During the next quarter monitoring of the activities will be a priority.
- Systematize the information relative to the SIG in order to have the information in real time.
- Continue with the field visits in order to have a follow-up of the complaints and requests received, as well as to verify the situation of the communities.

Inspector General (IG)

- Continue with the balance of the second year of the Project, in order to establish priorities for the next phase for each component.
- Training workshops for the verification of the Justice and Peace process will be implemented with delegated inspectors at a national wide level.
- Presentation of the final results of the project will be made during next quarter.

Support to the Demobilized Population

Human Development

- To include in the human development intervention a module of occupational health.
- To articulate to the human development strategy the entrepreneurship module.

Urban Productive Projects

- To finish the liquidation of the following projects and agreements: MOVER of CHF, Corporación Industrial Minuto de Dios Tailoring in Bogotá and Medellín, ECOTURES, BIPROCOL and Colgalletas in Medellín.
- Continue tracking and control phase of the new projects.
- Accomplish the goals in the agreements and contracts.
- Design a tracking and control strategy to the productive units that would be formed in the integral project's framework.

Rural Productive Projects

- Create the means needed to start the operation of the three party agreement among Banco Agrario, IOM and ACR, and begin the credit planning for those projects that require it.
- Start the implementation of the productive projects which don't need USAID's approval.

Verification to the Process

- Continue with the identification of the new lines of interest of MAPP/OEA in case of a new phase of the project.

National Commission for Reparation and Reconciliation

- Continue and advance in the process of technical support to the pilot projects of collective reparation and agree with CNRR the continuity of the support aimed at consolidating recommendations for the National Plan for Collective Reparations.
- Broadcast the partial results of the pilot project on Land Reinstitution in Turbo and support, with this knowledge, the training of the hired teams for the projects in Mapujan y Chengue respectively.
- Publish and broadcast the booklet on land reinstatement rights that has been worked with the Agriculture Minister.
- With the National Ombudsman's Office the main goal is to analyze and evaluate the results and impacts of the project in order to identify gaps and failures of the activities that could be corrected in an extension scenario, aimed to strengthen the strategy implementation in the country.
- In the project of Coffee grower families' victim of the armed conflict in Nariño Department:
 - Execute the agreement with the presentation of the authorization document of the Fundación Carcafe board of directors, in order to start the programmed activities.
 - Choose the 400 beneficiaries of the project.
 - Start technical assistance activities.
 - Start the awareness process for the association in the selected territories.
 - Start the conformation process of the producer associations and coffee retailers.

Support to the Attorney General's Office

- Launching of the first module of SIIJYP
- Continue with gatherings of identification of relative of missing persons, according to the Attorney General Office's schedule.
- Continue with ceremonies of return of remains.
- Continue the psychological support to victims during the *versiones libres*.
- Continue the development of the Justice and Peace matrix.

8. Annex 1. Financial Reports

9. Annex 2. Services Summary Table

SERVICES SUMMARY TABLE

Table 6. Services Provided to Demobilized Individuals, Family Members, and Victims by Department and Type

Department		Labor Training	Human Development & Psychological Attention	Formal Education	Profiles & Vocational Orientation	Employability & Productive Projects	TOTAL * DEPARTMENT
National Coverage	Projected	1.072	0	198	0	850	2.120
	Actual	489	0	124	0	0	613
Antioquia	Projected	2.912	1.905	380	4.150	1.393	10.740
	Actual	709	218	228	0	271	1.426
Atlántico	Projected	125	0	0	0	0	125
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bogotá	Projected	685	2.760	0	1.000	378	4.823
	Actual	77	842	0	0	74	993
Bolívar	Projected	150	985	0	200	200	1.535
	Actual	246	812	0	0	122	1.180
Boyacá	Projected	0	0	0	500	0	500
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Casanare	Projected	0	0	0	0	50	50
	Actual	0	0	0	0	50	50
Cesar	Projected	656	505	0	1.825	815	3.801
	Actual	0	165	0	0	62	227
Córdoba	Projected	439	646	0	2.025	680	3.790
	Actual	0	20	0	0	57	77
Guajira	Projected	0	0	0	0	34	34
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Magdalena	Projected	495	672	0	1.000	532	2.699
	Actual	53	130	0	0	162	345
Meta	Projected	220	240	0	500	430	1.390
	Actual	0	145	0	0	145	290
Norte de Santander	Projected	50	520	0	500	240	1.310
	Actual	0	230	0	0	252	482
Risaralda	Projected	430	430	0	150	585	1.595
	Actual	0	139	0	0	97	236
Santander	Projected	64	211	0	400	252	927
	Actual	0	159	0	0	168	327
Sucre	Projected	230	251	100	500	277	1.358
	Actual	45	94	79	0	162	380
Tolima	Projected	0	50	0	400	50	500
	Actual	0	30	0	0	31	61
Valle de Cauca	Projected	60	127	0	1.000	123	1.310
	Actual	25	25	0	0	25	75
TOTAL PROJECTED		7.463	9.302	678	14.150	6.805	38.398
TOTAL ACTUAL		1.644	3.009	431	0	1.678	6.762
TOTAL CONCLUDED		2.172	1.348	149	14.150	686	18.505

10. Annex 3. Services Summary Table – Demobilized Individuals

SERVICES SUMMARY TABLE – DEMOBILIZED INDIVIDUALS

Table 7. Services Provided to Demobilized Individuals by Department and Type

Department		Labor Training	Human Development & Psychological Attention	Formal Education	Profiles & Vocational Orientation	Employability & Productive Projects	TOTAL PER DEPARTMENT
National Coverage	Population	489	0	124	0	0	613
	Demobilized	0	0	613	0	0	613
Antioquia	Population	709	218	228	0	271	1.426
	Demobilized	558	209	190	0	109	1.066
Atlantico	Population	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Demobilized	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bogotá	Population	77	842	0	0	74	993
	Demobilized	49	335	0	0	46	430
Bolívar	Population	246	812	0	0	122	1.180
	Demobilized	246	375	0	0	122	743
Boyaca	Population	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Demobilized	0	0	0	0	0	0
Casanare	Population	0	0	0	0	50	50
	Demobilized	0	0	0	0	50	50
Cesar	Population	0	165	0	0	62	227
	Demobilized	0	165	0	0	62	227
Córdoba	Population	0	20	0	0	57	77
	Demobilized	0	20	0	0	57	77
Guajira	Population	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Demobilized	0	0	0	0	0	0
Magdalena	Population	53	130	0	0	162	345
	Demobilized	53	100	0	0	141	294
Meta	Population	0	145	0	0	145	290
	Demobilized	0	145	0	0	145	290
Norte de Santander	Population	0	230	0	0	252	482
	Demobilized	0	24	0	0	29	53
Risaralda	Population	0	139	0	0	97	236
	Demobilized	0	139	0	0	97	236
Santander	Population	0	159	0	0	168	327
	Demobilized	0	106	0	0	113	219
Sucre	Population	45	94	79	0	162	380
	Demobilized	45	94	79	0	151	369
Tolima	Population	0	30	0	0	31	61
	Demobilized	0	30	0	0	31	61
Valle del Cauca	Population	25	25	0	0	25	75
	Demobilized	25	25	0	0	25	75
TOTAL POPULATION		1.155	3.009	143	0	1.628	6.762
TOTAL DEMOBILIZED		976	1.767	882	0	1.178	4.803

Note: Only departments with services currently provided to demobilized individuals are detailed in this table. Additionally, the row “Total Population” represents the same “Total Actual” reported in Annex 2.

11. Annex 3. Services Summary Table – Victims

Department		Labor Training	Human Development & Psychological Attention	Formal Education	Employability & Productive Projects	Other services	TOTAL * DEPARTMENT
National Coverage	Projected	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Antioquia	Projected	0	0	0	0	290	290
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Atlantico	Projected	520	520	0	520	0	1.560
	Actual	0	130	0	0	0	130
Bogotá	Projected	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bolívar	Projected	660	350	0	1.404	280	2.694
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Boyacá	Projected	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Casanare	Projected	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cesar	Projected	70	0	0	70	0	140
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Córdoba	Projected	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Choco	Projected	0	0	0	0	70	70
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Guajira	Projected	0	0	0	60	70	130
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Magdalena	Projected	0	100	0	0	0	100
	Actual	0	111	0	0	0	111
Meta	Projected	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Norte de Santander	Projected	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Risaralda	Projected	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Santander	Projected	0	0	0	110	0	110
	Actual	0	0	0	110	0	110
Sucre	Projected	250	20	0	1.109	0	1.379
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tolima	Projected	0	0	0	231	0	231
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
Valle de Cauca	Projected	80	730	0	80	0	890
	Actual	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL PROJECTED		1.580	1.720	0	3.584	710	7.594
TOTAL ACTUAL		0	241	0	110	0	351
TOTAL CONCLUDED							

* The projects included in **Other Services** can not be classified in any of descriptions.

12. Annex 4. Glossary

ACR	<i>Alta Consejería para la Reintegración</i> High Commission for Reintegration
AG	<i>Fiscalía General de la Nación</i> Attorney General
AUC	<i>Autodefensas Unidas de Colombia</i> United Self-Defense Forces of Colombia
<i>Autos Inhibitorios</i> (AI)	Judicial decision to not prosecute an individual on the basis of proceedings and hearings related to crimes different from those committed against humanity.
CNRR	<i>Comisión Nacional de Reparación y Reconciliación</i> National Commission for Reparation and Reconciliation
CORE	Community-Oriented Reintegration of Ex-combatants
DAS	<i>Departamento Administrativo de Seguridad</i> Security Administration Department
DI	Demobilized Individuals
DDR	Disarmament, Demobilization, and Reintegration
GOC	Government of Colombia
IG	Inspector General
MAPP/OEA	<i>Misión de Apoyo al Proceso de Paz de la OEA</i> Mission to Support the Peace Process by the OAS
NO	<i>Defensoría del Pueblo</i> National Ombudsman
OAS	Organization of American States
ICFES / PREICFES	A standardized test given by the Colombian Institute for the Encouragement of Higher Education, similar to the American SAT that all high school students must take before graduating. The grade helps universities rank the students for admissions. Its preparatory course is known as PREICFES.
SENA	<i>Servicio Nacional de Aprendizaje</i> National Learning Service
SIG	<i>Sistema de Información Georeferenciada</i> Geo-referenced Information System

SIJUF	Inter-institutional Information System of the Justice and Peace Unit of the AG's Office
SIR	<i>Sistema de Información de Reintegración</i> Reintegration Information System
TMES	Tracking, Monitoring, and Evaluation System
Versión Libre RAP	Process of individuals registered and heard by prosecutors Psychosocial Assistance Report

13. Annex 5. Exchange Rates

Exchange Rates

Table 8. Exchange Rates

Month	Year	Exchange Rate
July	2007	1.935
August	2007	1.976
September	2007	2.133
October	2007	2.038
November	2007	2.008
December	2007	2.075
January	2008	1.990
February	2008	1.990
March	2008	1.892
April	2008	1.834
May	2008	1.170
June	2008	1.172
July	2008	1.780
August	2008	1.771
September	2008	1.873
October	2008	2.147
November	2008	2.348
December	2008	2.355
January	2009	2.213
February	2009	2.300
March	2009	2.586
April	2009	2.355
May	2009	2.321
June	2009	2.208
July	2009	2.108
August	2009	2.006
September	2009	2.011

In-Country Training Data

Name of Implementing Partner: International Organization for Migration

Prepared By: Luis Caicedo

Date Prepared: October 27/ 09

Please complete the following fields for each training event and forward to your SO Representative at the Mission. NOTE: THIS IS MANDATORY UNDER USAID REGULATIONS.

Name of Training Program: Job training

Project / Activity Name: Labor training of demobilized persons in process of social and economic reintegration in Medellin, Antioquia Department.

Technical Office: Hospital's general services assistant

Start Date: 05/04/09 End Date: 09/30/2009 (MM/DD/YYYY Format)

Method of Training (circle the one that applies): •Traditional•

Training Type (circle the one that applies):

•Seminar •Workshop • Conference • On-the-job Training • Study Tour • Short Course

Training Provider Name: Centro de Educación en Salud CEDES.

Address: Calle 54 No.45- 06

City: Medellin

Country: Colombia

Field of Study (enter a general subject area): Hospital's general services assistant

USAID Funding (in US Dollars):

Instruction: [REDACTED]

Trainee: _____

Travel: _____

Non-USAID Funding (in US Dollars):

Host Country Instruction: _____

Host Country Trainee: _____

Host Country Travel: _____

Private Instruction: [REDACTED]

Private Trainee: _____

Private Travel: _____

Other Instruction: _____
Other Trainee: _____
Other Travel: _____

Group Name: Ex-combatants_____

Males: 58 **# Females:** 19

Afro Colombian:	Females	_____	Males	_____
Indigenous:	Females	_____	Males	_____
Disabled:	Females	_____	Males	_____
Other:	Females	<u>19</u>	Males	<u>58</u>

Residence Country: Colombia_____

Host Country Travel: _____
Private Instruction: _____
Private Trainee: _____
Private Travel: _____
Other Instruction: _____
Other Trainee: _____
Other Travel: _____

Group Name: Ex-combatants_____

Males: 142 # Females: 50

Afro Colombian:	Females	_____	Males	_____
Indigenous:	Females	_____	Males	_____
Disabled:	Females	_____	Males	_____
Other:	Females	<u>50</u>	Males	<u>142</u>

Residence Country: Colombia_____

Private Travel: _____
Other Instruction: _____
Other Trainee: _____
Other Travel: _____

Group Name: Ex-combatants_____

Males: 214 **# Females: 50**

Afro Colombian:	Females	_____	Males	_____
Indigenous:	Females	_____	Males	_____
Disabled:	Females	_____	Males	_____
Other:	Females	<u>50</u>	Males	<u>214</u>

Residence Country: Colombia_____

Private Instruction: _____
Private Trainee: _____
Private Travel: _____
Other Instruction: _____
Other Trainee: _____
Other Travel: _____

Group Name: Ex-combatants

Males: 69 # Females: 19

Afro Colombian:	Females	_____	Males	_____
Indigenous:	Females	_____	Males	_____
Disabled:	Females	_____	Males	_____
Other:	Females	<u>19</u>	Males	<u>69</u>

Residence Country: Colombia



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SUCCESS STORY

Education: A Dream Come True

From the arms to the classroom



demobilized from a paramilitary group on 2004. Since he was young he dreamed of being able to study. He had given up schooling at the age of twelve because of a lack of resources. Rafael is currently validating his secondary school studies, while he simultaneously assists to technical courses in order to become a diesel mechanic in a USAID funded project. The project aims to improve the level of formal education of demobilized persons.

At the age of eighteen, [REDACTED] traveled half the Atlantic coast looking for his mum. Since the age of twelve he had lived a nomadic life in the Caribbean region of Colombia, because when his grandmother died he was cast adrift. He had lived with her since he was six after the death of his father.

[REDACTED] left the Caribbean because the guerrillas were looking to kill him. He had been an informant for the army. He had to give up schooling and work as a day laborer but he earned little money.

His first contact with the paramilitaries was working on the farm of one of the Commanders. [REDACTED] asked if he could join them because the guerrillas were still looking for him. The Commander said the only condition for letting him join was if he did his military service in order to receive some education and training. But [REDACTED] needed the signature of his mother on the civil register and without his papers in order he could not do his military service. He had to find his mother.

When he finally found her, thanks to information from relatives, [REDACTED] just asked her to register him with his surnames and went to enlist. [REDACTED] was just 20 years old and since that day he hasn't been back to see his mother.

The farm where [REDACTED] had worked belonged to one of the paramilitary leaders from the Atlantic coast region: "I started as his personal body guard. I only worked for about four months because I found the job boring.". At that time demobilization talks were taking place and there were lots of rumors among the paramilitary troops. There was fear and uncertainty. "The fear of all of us was that as soon as we handed over our arms we would have to pay with a prison sentence", says [REDACTED].



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██████ was not fulfilling his potential, and he wanted to make use of the opportunities that had opened up with demobilization.

In 2006 ██████ started his first training course in SENA: "the biggest change was moving from struggling to be able to study and not being able to and then to arrive here to find lots of opportunities. I started to validate my secondary school studies. I have already finished tenth grade and I am now finishing eleventh grade. I have enrolled in a technical course and I have found lots of support", says ██████, whose big smile reveals the years of struggle that lie behind his achievement.

The career that ██████ is following is as a diesel mechanic as he is familiar with machinery. What has helped him to project the things he has learned on the courses that he has received as part of an integral project implemented by the International Organization for Migration in coordination with the Presidential High Council for Reintegration funded by the United States Agency for International Development (USAID). The project aims to improve the level of formal education of demobilized persons, generate productive opportunities for the vulnerable population, support the establishment of work organizations associated with the beneficiaries and promote personal, family and community development.

"I already knew a little about diesel engines because of what I did on the farm. To mount a project I would have to link with other demobilized men but there were none that met the requirements," said ██████ "Then I took the decision to join forces with a mechanical engineer who is actually teacher". He is the only person to start a productive project with one of the teachers. His entrepreneurship and advanced training has made him stand out among his peers. He is thinking of setting up a workshop for vehicles and machinery with diesel engines.

This reintegration process has also had a profound impact on the emotional life of ██████ "the psychosocial work has been fundamental in helping with the processes of forgiveness and reconciliation.



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These workshops have helped a lot in giving value to the family, increasing self-esteem and recovering the values that had been lost". The home that he has made with his wife and his daughter has given [REDACTED] another perspective on life. Has learned to value life, both his own and that of others.

The neighborhood where [REDACTED] lives is a real example of reconciliation: "I am very grateful to the people of the neighborhood where I live because it is full of pure people displaced by violence."

Life itself has taught [REDACTED] where the foundations to a peaceful life can be found: "I think that here in Colombia something that must be appreciated is respect for the peace process. When my daughter has grown up, she will realize what her dad used to be but she'll see that I'm honest now. I think that everyone deserves a second chance."