



Working with others to support MVC; Happy faces after receiving ITNs at Mtongani street, Kunduchi ward

FAMILY HEALTH INTERNATIONAL

PAMOJA TUWALEE PROGRAM

Cooperative Agreement No. 621-A-00-10-00027-00

Quarterly Performance Narrative Report

July to September 2011

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ACRONYMS

ABCT	AIDS Business Coalition of Tanzania
AIDS	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
AOTR	Agreement Officer's Technical Representative
CCHP	Comprehensive Council Health Planning Guidelines
CDO	Community Development Officer
CPWG	Child Protection Working Group
CSO	Civil Society Organization
DAI	Development Alternative Incorporation
DC	District Council
DED	District Executive Director
DMS	Data Management System
DSM	Dar es Salaam
DSW	Department of Social Welfare
DSWOs	District Social Welfare Officers
FHI360	Family Health International
FY	Financial Year
GoT	Government of Tanzania
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
IPG	Implementing Partners Group
ITN	Insecticide Treated Net
LGA	Local Government Authority
MC	Municipal Council
M&E	Monitoring and Evaluation
MOHSW	Ministry of Health and Social Welfare
MVC	Most Vulnerable Children
MVCC	Most Vulnerable Children Committee
NCPA	National Costed Plan of Action for Most Vulnerable Children
NGO	Non-Governmental Organization
OVC	Orphans and Vulnerable Children
PASADA	Pastoral Activities and Services for people with HIV and AIDS DSM Archdiocese
PEPFAR	President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief
PT	Pamoja Tuwalee
REPSSI	Regional Psychosocial Support Initiative
RITA	Registration, Insolvency and Trusteeship Agency
SILC	Saving and Internal Lending Community
SWO	Social Welfare Officer
SWOT	Strength Weakness Opportunity Threat
URC	University Research Company
USAID	United States Agency for International Development
USG	United States Government
UNCRC	United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child
UNICEF	United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund
WAMA	Wanawake na Maendeleo
WAMATA	Walio katika Mapambano ya Ukimwi Tanzania (Meaning organization in fight against HIV and AIDS)
WEO	Ward Executive Officer
YAM	Youth Alive Movement

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Pamoja Tuwalee is a five year program beginning June 2010 to May 2015. The program is funded by the President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR) through the United States Agency for International development (USAID), and is implemented by four partners in five zones namely Coast, Central, Lake, Northern and Southern. FHI360 covers the Coast zone which includes Dar Es Salaam, Morogoro and Coast regions in the mainland, Unguja and Pemba in Zanzibar. The broad goal of the program is to improve the quality of life and well-being of Most Vulnerable Children (MVC) and their households by empowering households and communities to provide comprehensive and sustainable care, support and protection.

This first year of implementation, the program executed her planned activities in Dar es Salaam region, focusing in two municipal councils. Scale up to the other regions where TUNAJALI was being implemented has begun during this reporting quarter. Temeke is left to be served by PASADA who receive direct funding from USAID.

During the previous quarter, the program succeeded in identifying MVC, assessing both their needs and that of their household in 20 wards of Ilala and Kinondoni Municipal councils. During the process, 92 Most Vulnerable Children Committees (MVCCs) were formed in all mitaa involved in the identification in both councils. The MVCCs are expected to work in collaboration with CSOs, district councils and other government leaders and communities in coordinating and providing services to MVC in their localities.

This reporting quarter, the focus has been in building the capacity of communities at different levels to enable provision of care, support and protection services to MVC. This included establishing trainers' teams with 114 trained brains in various areas specifically on quality improvement, entrepreneurship skills, SILC, Gender Based Violence and MVCC capacity building. Already few of the trainings have been cascaded to lower levels which have enabled to reach 190 households with entrepreneurship skills, 271 MVCC members (127M, 144F) with understanding of their roles and skills on improving coordination and resource mobilization for MVC support. Direct support of at least one core service was provided to 25,198 MVC (12727M, 12471F) in the whole coast zone during the year; of these 5,001 MVC (2546M, 2455F) were in DSM and 4,531MVC in Morogoro (2213M, 2318F), 9649MVC (4804M, 4841F) in Coast, 3662MVC (1946M, 1716F) in Zanzibar served by the ended TUNAJALI program.

8 new children clubs were formed in DSM region during the quarter, raising the total number to 23 children clubs. These have been able to reach 891 children (417M, 474F) with psychosocial support and life skills information.

REGIONAL IMPLEMENTATION REPORT BACKGROUND

During this quarter and begun the scaled up to Morogoro, Coast and Zanzibar as it took over from TUNAJALI program. The Coast zone is bordered by Indian Ocean on the East Coast and regions of Iringa, Dodoma, Tanga and Lindi on the other sides in mainland Tanzania. Unguja and Pemba are islands, surrounded by the Indian Ocean. The program is now serving 15 administrative districts in the mainland Tanzania and 10 districts of Pemba and Unguja.

Projected population in 2011 in the whole coast zone is estimated at 7,759,310¹. Dar es Salaam has the highest number of people (3,194,903) followed by Morogoro (2,162,197), Zanzibar islands (1,315,522) and lastly Coast region (1,086,658). With the estimated proportion of children (0-18years) being 51%² of the general population, this equate to an estimate of 3,957,248 children in the Coast zone. HIV and AIDS prevalence is highest in Dar es Salaam, estimated at 9%³ the adverse effects of which have left many households economically unstable and many orphaned children. This is followed by Coast region with a prevalence of 7%, Morogoro 5% and lastly Zanzibar with a prevalence of 1%.

Taking over TUNAJALI meant inheriting 38,282 MVC from 162 ward in Morogoro and Coast regions and 182 Shehias in Zanzibar. Details of the total wards in the regions, the proportion of wards being served by the program and the summary of MVC inherited is shown in Table 1 and Table 2 below

Table 1: Distribution of geographical coverage in the regions served by the program³

REGIONS	TOTAL NO. DISTRICTS	TOTAL WARDS	TOTAL VILLAGES	WARDS COVERED	WARD % COVERAGE	VILLAGE COVERED	VILLAGE % COVERAGE
Morogoro	6	177	864	96	54%	561	65%
Coast	7	85	449	66	78%	329	73%
Dar es Salaam	3	60	273	20	33%	92	34%
Zanzibar ⁴	10	509	NA	182	36%	NA	NA
Total	16	831	1586	364	44%	982	62%

¹ Regional and Districts Projections. National Bureau of Statistics, Ministry of Planning, economy and empowerment. December 2006, DSM.

² National Bureau of Statistics (NBS) [Tanzania] and ICF Macro. 2011. Tanzania Demographic and Health Survey 2010. DSM, Tanzania: NBS and ICF Macro

³ Coverage data from TUNAJALI OVC hand over reports

⁴ For Zanzibar, Shehias stands for wards

Table 2: Regional and district distribution of MVC inherited from TUNAJALI

REGION	DISTRICT	NO. OF CURRENT MVC BEING INHERITED		
		MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Morogoro	Morogoro rural	393	301	694
	Morogoro Municipal	206	198	404
	Mvomero	733	773	1506
	Kilosa	186	249	435
	Kilombero	904	857	1761
	Ulanga	740	732	1472
	TOTAL	3162	3110	6272
Coast	Kibaha rural	2302	2272	4574
	Kibaha town council	3453	3408	6861
	Bagamoyo	2742	2323	5065
	Mkuranga	3384	3073	6457
	Rufiji	1044	1028	2072
	Kisarawe	1743	1480	3223
	Mafia	76	77	153
	TOTAL	14744	13661	28405
Zanzibar	Unguja	1537	1385	2922
	Pemba	391	292	683
	TOTAL	1928	1677	3605
TOTAL MVC FROM TUNAJALI PROGRAM		19834	18448	38282

This year, the program has worked with WAMA and PASADA, technical partners in advocacy and child protection for gender based victims and disabled children respectively to create an environment for supporting service provision to MVC in the respective areas. During this quarter the program provided direct support to MVC after having identified them in the previous quarter, and worked to build the capacity of local government and CSO in coordinating and providing comprehensive care, support and protection to MVC.

ACTIVITIES ACCOMPLISHED

1. INCREASING THE CAPACITY OF COMMUNITIES AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT TO MEET THE NEEDS OF MVC AND THEIR HOUSEHOLDS

During the reporting period, the program continued to build on its activities of the previous quarters to meet its objective of enhancing ownership of the program and its sustainable effect in addressing the needs of MVC and their households. The following are the key achievements during this quarter:

1.1: Mobilizing support for MVC

In the previous quarters, the program had focused on working with WAMA in preparing for the upcoming advocacy campaign targeting local government, private companies, local and national business partners and the community at large to contribute to the care, support and protection of MVC. This included activities like presenting the program to the Tanzanian first lady and obtaining her support in advocating for the implementation of the NCPA during her regular visits to the regions, conducting the formative research and establishing stakeholders' advisory committees which will inform the design of the advocacy campaign. The public meetings during identification of MVC and the established MVCC also facilitated community mobilization activities for MVC support.

This quarter, our local implementing partners in Ilala and Kinondoni municipal councils have initiated community awareness and mobilization activities for MVC support using various community organized social events: - In Kinondoni municipal council, during the universal campaign of Insecticide Treated Nets (ITNs) distribution, volunteers worked to ensure that MVC being served are not denied their right to free ITNs. In two streets of Kunduchi ward (Mtongani and Kilongawima), volunteers saw the possibility of MVC not included in the initial list of eligible ITN beneficiaries, being forgotten in the distribution. They took the initiative to involve the Ward and street leaders to ensure that all MVC in their streets get these mosquito nets.



Happy faces after receiving ITNs; MVC from Mtongani primary school in Kunduchi ward with their volunteer

In Ilala Municipal Council, Youth Alive Movement (YAM) volunteers in Ukonga ward utilized the event of Standard Seven graduation ceremony at Mzambarauni Primary School to showcase the need for supporting MVC using a role play organized by MVC through their children club sessions. Ukonga ward has 160 MVC being supported through the program. As a result, the guest of honor for the event who is the MP for the Ukonga constituency; Honorable Mwaiposa, promised to provide school fees to 11 MVC from the ward, who will be joining secondary schools in the coming academic year.

1.2: Strengthen Local Government Authorities to implement NCPA

Over the year, the program has worked to build the capacity of Municipal councils in Dar es Salaam to oversee, coordinate and supervise MVC services in their local areas in line with the National Costed Plan of Action for MVC (NCPA). This was achieved through orientation of the DSWO on the NCPA, Law of the Child Act, the national guideline on MVC identification and guideline on quality improvement. Lobbying for increased allocation of budgets for MVC support within the district Mid Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF) was also addressed through various meetings. In this quarter, various capacity building activities aiming to strengthen LGAs' capacity in implementing NCPA were accomplished as detailed below;

Review and development of MVCC handbook and training guide:

The MVCC handbook and training guide has been developed, with the leadership of DSW and in collaboration with FHI360 System Strengthening program. Pamoja Tuwalee/FHI360 provided technical support to DSW in organizing and coordinating the review process. A working session was organized in Bagamoyo where various stakeholders including Acting Commissioner and other SWOs from DSW, MVC ID national facilitators, MVCC members, DSWOs and program staff were involved to review and develop the content of initial draft of the handbook. Findings of the earlier assessment of MVCCs conducted by the program in Temeke MC in DSM contributed to the content of the handbook. The handbook was then piloted in Morogoro and is in final review stages.



Training as an initial step to capacity building of LGA (in-service trainings):

Training district officials on the key support areas for MVC is an essential initial step in increasing their understanding of MVC issues, involving them in the implementation of programs activities and thus strengthening their capacity to sustainably plan, coordinate, monitor and evaluate MVC support interventions in their councils. Trainings conducted that involved District officers from Ilala and Kinondoni councils as facilitators or as participants were:-

- **MVCC capacity building:** - This training was conducted in collaboration with DSW and FHI360 System Strengthening Program, as a follow on to the developed MVCC handbook and training guide. 20 district facilitators (3M, 17F) were trained and included SWOs, Community Development Officers (CDO), Health Officers (HO) and OVC focal persons from SGs in Ilala and Kinondoni Municipal councils. These then trained 271 MVCC members (127M, 144 F) from 91 MVCCs in Dar es Salaam region.

The training was aimed at building the capacity of MVCCs in overseeing, coordinating and leveraging resources for care, support and protection of MVC at the village/ mtaa levels. As an output of the training, each MVCC drafted a community participatory action plan which included three main areas of focus to be accomplished by end of October:- mentor other MVCC members who did not attend the training, establishing MVC fund and opening a bank account for the same and conducting community resource mapping in their respective areas.



- **Small Business Management Training:** - This was conducted in collaboration with PASADA, aiming to equip district facilitators and MVC households with skills on establishing and managing small businesses. Key topics included business planning, SWOT analysis, source of capital find, pricing, marketing and record keeping. A team 30 trainers was created (9M, 21F) including district officers, program staff and selected community volunteers. The trained personnel then mentored 190 MVC households on entrepreneurship skills and small business management. Out of these 6 households were child headed households, of

whom the program will provide start up kits for establishing small business based on the business plan developed. The trainers and program staff continues to provide technical support to MVC households to translate the knowledge acquired to actual livelihood enhancing activities.

- Training on Quality Improvement for MVC care, support and protection: A 5 day training was conducted in collaboration with University Research Company (URC) in accordance with the national quality improvement guideline. 24 participants (7M, 17F) from Ilala and Kinondoni municipal councils were trained as district facilitators in quality improvement (8 DSWOs, 4 CDOs, 2 CHACCs, 4 OVC focal persons, 4 volunteers from SGs and 4 regional program staff). As a scale up plan, each district will form two ward QI teams which will include MVCC members and other key stakeholders within the wards. The ward QI teams will ensure provision of better services to MVC. They will also use existing community forums to scale up the QI knowledge to a much wider community. Respective districts have also responded with the urge to establish district QI teams with members from various district departments, to coordinate QI initiatives within the district.

Table 3: Summary of training conducted, numbers of TOT trained and follow on capacity building

Type of training	District council	District facilitation teams (Trained as TOT)			Community implementers trained by the district TOT		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
MVCC capacity building	Ilala	0	8	8	49	60	109
	Kinondoni	3	9	12	78	84	162
	Total	3	17	20	127	144	271
Small Business management	Ilala	7	8	15	44	51	95
	Kinondoni	2	13	15	43	52	95
	Total	9	21	30	87	103	190
Quality Improvement for MVC care, support	Ilala	3	8	11	To be done in FY2		
	Kinondoni	2	9	11			
	Total	5	17	22			
Addressing Gender Based violence	Ilala	1	6	7	To be done in FY2		
	Kinondoni	2	6	8			
	Temeke	6	9	15			
	Total	9	21	30			
Electronic DMS ⁵	Ilala	1	5	6	Not Applicable		
	Kinondoni	1	5	6			
	Total	2	10	12			

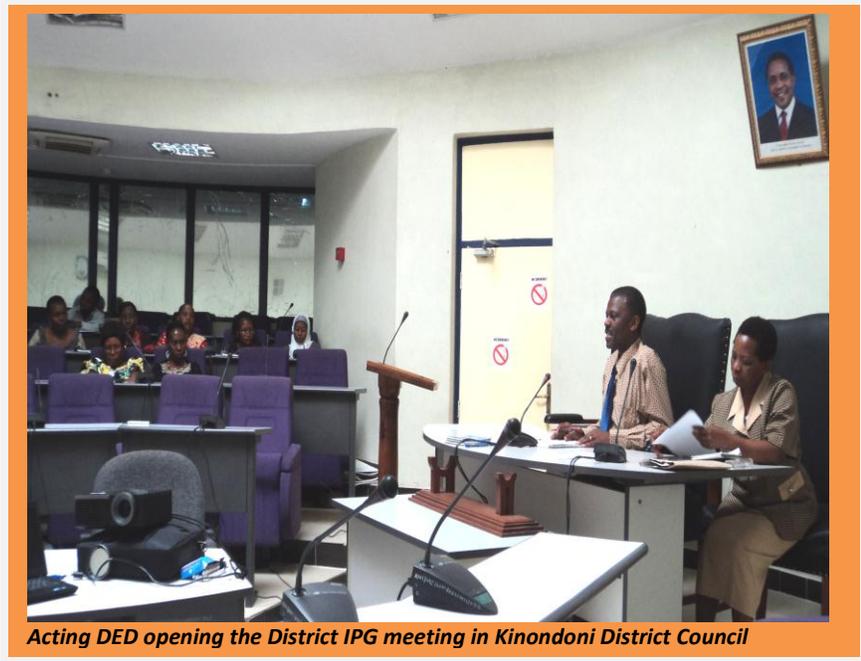
⁵ Done during the April-June quarter

To date the program has established 114 trained personnel as district facilitators in various areas of care, support and protection of MVC. These have either cascaded the knowledge to other implementers as summarized in Table 3 above or plan to do so in the immediate future.

Facilitating coordination and networking among OVC implementing partners at the district level:

Learning from TUNAJALI's experience and the national IPG on the usefulness of coordination and networking group at the district level, the program has invested in establishing district IPG in Ilala and Kinondoni municipal councils. The IPGs will be responsible for coordinating referral and networking among MVC service providers within the district and therefore enhancing the provision of comprehensive services to MVC. The first two IPG meetings have been conducted by each district during this reporting quarter, with members identified from the results of mapping of service providers conducted earlier in the year.

These initial meetings aimed at creating common understanding among implementing partners and setting agenda for subsequent meetings and how



partners can best benefit from participation. The meetings attended by 30 participants in each municipal council were opened by the respective Municipal Directors which instilled a sense of ownership of the IPG by the respective municipal councils. FHI360 System strengthening program was also involved to share experience from the National MVC IPG. The next District IPG meeting is expected to set an annual action plan for the group, select leadership and establish a child protection committee within the IPG

Conduct joint supervisory visits with DSWOs:

WAMATA and YAM, the local implementing partners in Kinondoni and Ilala Municipal councils respectively, conducted quarterly joint supportive supervision visits with DSWOs to volunteers and MVCCs. These visits were aimed at supervising and supporting delivery of quality services to MVC, clear misunderstanding between MVCC and volunteers where they were reported to exist and provided follow on mentorship to the initial trainings to improve on their performance. 39 streets from 16 of the 20 wards were covered in the supervision, 7 from Ilala and 9 from Kinondoni municipal councils. The supportive visits have also helped in building the linkage between CSOs and local government authorities at ward and mtaa levels.

1.3: Strengthen MVCCs to lead community support for MVC

During the MVC identification conducted in March and April this year, established MVCC were encouraged to mobilize community resources to establish village fund that can be used to support MVC. As an agenda in the MVCC training, members were equipped with skills on how to plan for and conduct community mobilization and to properly manage resources obtained from such mobilization activities. As a result, 50 out of 92 streets being supported in Dar es Salaam (27 in Ilala and 23 in Kinondoni) have managed to establish village MVC support fund. Out of these 28 streets (17 in Ilala, 11 in Kinondoni) have already opened savings bank accounts for the fund, and the remaining 22 (10 Ilala, 12 Kinondoni) are in the process of doing the same. The opening of bank accounts is a crucial step in ensuring trust and safety for the funds. MVCCs plan to continue sensitizing their respective communities through existing gathering structures, such as spiritual worship congregations, local government meetings and other community social events.

1.4: Strengthening local CSOs partners to support MVC services

Our local implementing partners in Ilala and Kinondoni councils in Dar es Salaam have continued to use the 125 community volunteers (42M, 83F) trained on care taking skills in June this year, to implement planned activities at the grass roots. These volunteers have continued to receive support through other in service training to enhance their capacity and through on job trainings and mentoring by focal persons (CSO staff) and DSWOs during supportive supervision visits and volunteer monthly feedback meetings.

Volunteers’ monthly feedback meetings:

Three monthly volunteers’ feedback meetings were conducted during this reporting quarter, providing a platform for discussing challenges faced during field work, reviewing reports and exchange successes stories among volunteers. Among the commonly shared challenge is the mistrust between some of the MVCC and volunteers. However shared success by some volunteers in their collaboration with MVCC have encouraged others facing challenges. For example, in Kondo Street, collaborative efforts of volunteer and MVCC have resulted in exemption of 2 MVC (1M, 1F) studying at Kondo Secondary school from paying other school requirements beside the school fees, which amount to TShs 47,000 per MVC.

Selection of Sub grantees to implement Pamoja Tuwalee in Coast, Morogoro and Zanzibar:

During the reporting period, the program reviewed performance assessment of the ex-TUNAJALI sub grantees to identify the ones that have the capacity to implementing Pamoja Tuwalee. This was necessary given that less number of sub grantees will be serving all the children in all the districts that were covered by TUNAJALI, requiring sub grantee with more capacity and commitment to do so. Three sub grantees were selected in each of the regions of Morogoro and Coast and two in Zanzibar as detailed in Table 4 below. This totals the local implementing partner in the whole coast zone to ten.

Table 4: Summary of the coverage by new SGs

	Region	Name of Sub grantee	Districts to cover
1.	Morogoro	Faraja Trust Fund	Morogoro Urban & Morogoro Rural
2.		Huruma AIDS Concern And Care (HACOCA)	Mvomero and Kilosa
3.		Roman Catholic Mahenge (RC Mahenge)	Kilombero and Ulanga
4.	Coast	Kifaru Community Development in Tanzania (KICODET)	Kibaha Urban, Kibaha Rural & Bagamoyo
5.		Jipeni Moyo Women And Community Organization (JIMOWACO)	Mkuranga and Rufiji
6.		Baraza la Misikiti Tanzania (BAMITA)	Kisarawe
7.	Zanzibar	Zanzibar Muslim Women AIDS Support Organization (ZAMWASO)	All districts in Unguja
8.		Walio Katika Mapambano ya Ukimwi Tanzania - WAMATA Pemba	All districts in Pemba

2. INCREASE CAPACITY OF HOUSEHOLDS TO PROTECT, CARE FOR AND MEET BASIC NEEDS OF MVC IN A SUSTAINABLE WAY.

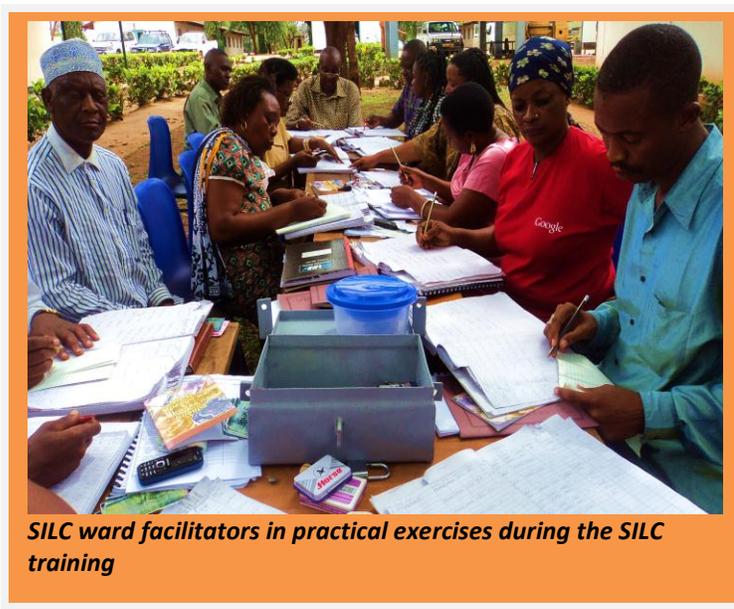
One of the program's objectives is to increasing the capacity of the MVC households, enabling them to care, support and protect identified MVC within their households. Following on the identification of 9591 MVC early in the year and assessment of status and needs of 5038 MVC households (2379 in Ilala and 2659 in Kinondoni), the program has begun addressing some of the identified priority needs of both MVC and their households. While the program continues to provide direct support to meet some of the priority needs particularly educational support, there has also been activities aimed at improving households' livelihood which was one of the major priority need of households identified during the earlier assessment.

As reported in the earlier part of this report, during this quarter the program managed to train 190 MVC household members (87M, 103F) from 190 MVC households in entrepreneurship skills and small business management. The trained household members developed individual business plans which are currently under review. Afterward, the trained household members will be provided with feedback and more technical support for improving and implementing their business plans. The best business plans of older OVC will be supported with startup kits to enable them start their proposed business. WAMATA and YAM focal persons through supportive supervision will technically help volunteers follow up with their respective street household members on the implementation of their business plans.

SILC training to Ward level Facilitators

Despite building entrepreneurship and business management skills among MVC household members, accessing seed money to establish small business has remained a challenge for most of them. Learning from the TUNAJALI experience, SILC groups have proven to be a good initiative for increasing household savings, providing self-funded loans for income generating activities as well as supporting MVC. Therefore, this quarter in collaboration with DAI/Imarisha project, the program has trained 30 ward level facilitators on technical skills for establishing and managing Savings and Internal Lending Communities (SILC) in Dar es Salaam.

Participants for this five days training included focal persons and volunteers from both Ilala and Kinondoni municipal councils. Participants developed district based action plans in which each district is to start with establishing five SILC groups. Together with the 248 SILC groups inherited from regions of Coast, Morogoro and Zanzibar where TUNAJALI was being implemented, the program will have 258 SILC groups in the whole Coast zone. It is expected that access to low interest loans through these SILC groups will assist in establishing small business that will improve livelihoods of MVC households.



3. INCREASE MVC HOUSEHOLD ACCESS TO COMPREHENSIVE CARE FOR MVC

While the selected number of MVC to receive services from the program is less than the total number of MVC identified in the two district councils, volunteers have continued to work with MVCCs to mobilize community resources for supporting more children. In the previous quarters, the main focus in service provision was in building relationships with MVC and families, identifying needs and providing psychosocial support and counseling to MVC through children clubs and home visit respectively. This quarter service provision has extended to economic strengthening, child protection and referrals to food support and medical care.

3.1: Provision of core, age appropriate service package to MVC

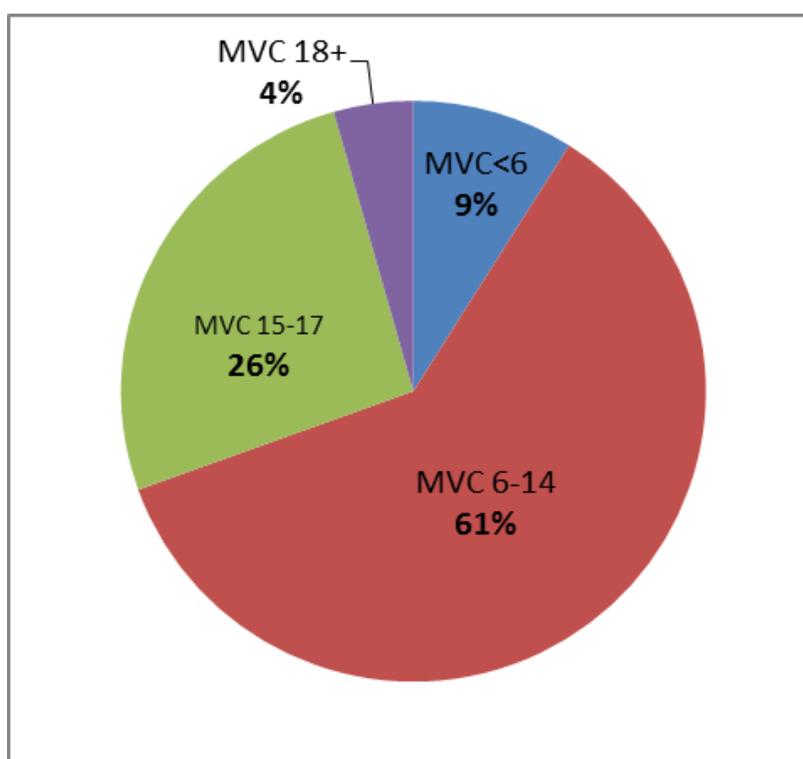
In Dar es Salaam, this quarter 4846 MVC (2450M, 2396F) have been provided with at least one core service. This totals to 5001 MVC (2546M, 2455F) having been provided with a minimum of one core service throughout the year which is 100% achievement of program's set target for this year. Summing up with children inherited from the outgoing TUNAJALI program; 25,198 MVC (12727M, 12471F) have been provided with at least one core service during the whole year in the coast zone. Table 5 summarizes MVC served per region during the whole year and

Figure 1 shows the age group distribution of MVC receiving at least one core service, with less proportion of children aged less than 6 years obtaining support. Details of the children served per ward can be found in appendix A and B.

Table 5: MVC provided with at least one service, disaggregated by age, sex and region

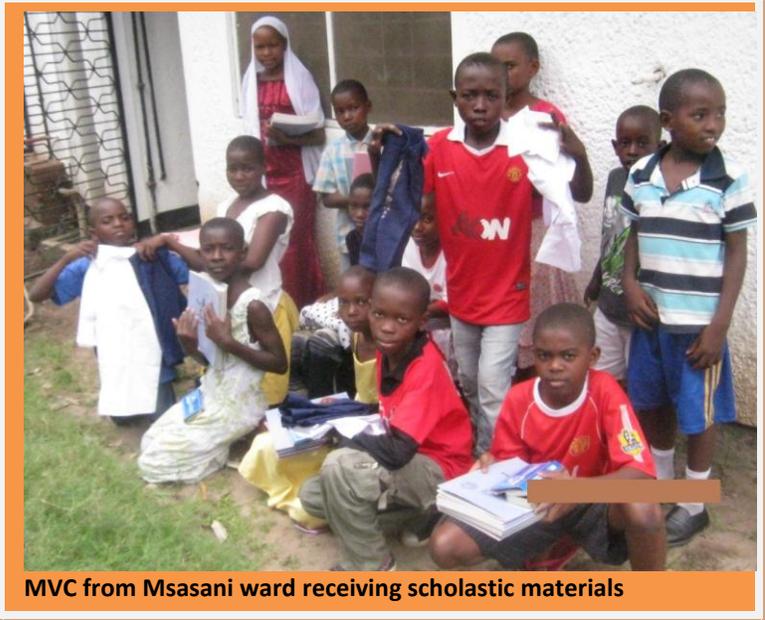
Region	Male <6	Female <6	Male 6-14	Female 6-14	Male 15-17	Female 15-17	Male 18+	Female 18+	TOTAL
DSM	393	334	1,598	1,616	472	443	83	62	5,001
Morogoro	183	217	1,092	1,289	856	717	82	95	4531
Coast	288	289	3,616	3,755	1,754	1,664	364	274	12,004
Zanzibar ⁶	300	249	1,202	1,089	366	309	78	69	3662
TOTAL	1,164	1,089	7,508	7,749	3,448	3,133	607	500	25,198

Figure 1: Age group distribution of MVC receiving at least one core service during FY1



⁶ Not a region but the whole island

Educational support: 400 MVC (200M, 200F) from Ilala and Kinondoni Municipal councils were provided with school uniforms and another 400 MVC (200M, 200F) provided with scholastic materials, these being mainly in primary schools and a few in secondary schools. The program has also paid school fees for 236 MVC (123M, 113F) in secondary schools during this quarter. Adding 23 MVC (13M, 10F) supported in the previous quarter, a total of 259 MVC (136M, 123F) have been provided with school fees in Dar es Salaam this year.



MVC from Msasani ward receiving scholastic materials

Vocational training: Enrolling MVC at VETA for vocational training has faced some difficulties. While most of the identified MVC that need vocational courses are standard seven leavers, VETA enrolls only form four leavers. Negotiation with VETA to consider these MVC has taken longer and do not seem fruitful. Hence exploring other local vocational institutes is seen as another cost effective option. WAMATA has managed to enrol 30 MVC interested in learning tailoring in their tailoring centre. Based on the market demand and children interest, the program continues to look for other private institutions where more MVC can be enrolled.

Nutritional support: Through referrals and linkages by our local implementing partners and MVCCs, 53 MVC (24M, 29F) were provided with food support. In Kilongawima Street of Kunduchi ward in Kinondoni, MVCC linked 40 MVC (18M, 22F) with Catholic church parish of Tegeta that provided each child with 2.5kg of rice and 1 kg of sugar. In Ilala, YAM linked 13 MVC (6M, 7F) with the Catholic Church Parish of Kariakoo, where they were provided with food support of 2kgs of flour and 2kgs of beans each. Although this support is not much compared to the large number of MVC in need, it shows community willingness to support MVC, a spirit that the program will continue to promote. In FY2012, the program will be working with COUNSENUETH to build capacity of implementing partners in offering other nutritional services like nutritional assessment, nutritional counselling and education.

Provision of birth certificates: 1000 MVC (500 in each municipal council) were provided with birth certificates. This is only 12% of the 7956 MVC reported to need birth certificate in the earlier assessment. Because efforts to get a subsidy and/or exemption from RITA this year have not been fruitful, normal procedures and the full cost for obtaining the birth certificates have been incurred. However, the program is on on-going discussion with RITA to obtain the exemption in FY 2012 as they promised to include this activity in their annual plans.

Health care: Health care provision to MVC has been through referrals to health facilities when required. However, program has continued to put effort to secure a health insurance scheme for MVC in Dar es Salaam where the Community Health Fund scheme does not exist. Through negotiations of YAM management with the Director of the National Health Insurance and the District Social Welfare office, the program has got an opportunity to pioneer use of TIKA Card in Dar es Salaam. TIKA which stands Tiba kwa Kadi (Medical care through a card) is a national plan to offer health insurance to low earning people. Under this program one card for MVC will be used by 5 household members. District Medical Officers (DMOs) will be required to select hospitals or health center's at different locations where the use of TIKA will be applicable. A specific attendant will be assigned to take care of MVC in each of the selected health centers. The scheme is yet to start, as it await on districts' agreement on the recommended rates for the card and the health facilities to implement the scheme.

Psychosocial support: This has been provided through home visits and children club attendance. As a result of the earlier training on gender based violence, volunteers have been able to identify 12 MVC (3M, 9F) who are either victims of child abuse or sexual harassment in Dar es Salaam. Apart from the initial counselling support provided by the volunteer in coordination with the focal person, efforts are on-going that involves the District social welfare office to refer these children for further care at other relevant service providers and define long term solution to protect these children.

4. EMPOWER MVC, PARTICULARLY FEMALES, TO CONTRIBUTE TO THEIR OWN WELL-BEING BY IMPROVING THEIR RESILIENCE, AS WELL AS THEIR LIVELIHOOD AND SELF-CARE SKILLS

4.1 Establishing and managing children’s clubs

Addressing the psychological wellbeing of MVC and building their self-esteem is one of the expected outcomes of children club attendance. Both MVC and non MVC are reported to enjoy attending children club to play, make friends and learn life skills. Because it is well known that clubs provide a forum for MVC to release their childhood stress, it was seen essential to build the capacity of children club attendants mainly being volunteers and interested school teachers in managing the children clubs.

In collaboration with REPPSI and FHI360 UJANA program, the program begun by reviewing the children club guide book to enrich it with topics on age and sex appropriate reproductive



health and psychosocial support sessions. Then, the program trained 30 children club attendants (11M, 19F) from her local implementing partners in Dar es Salaam. The training provided the club attendants with a wider understanding on how to deal with emotionally disturbed children, how to deliver reproductive health education and HIV/AIDS prevention to youths and how to deal with harmful gender norms that affect MVC.

Following the training, 8 new clubs have been established during the quarter (3 in Kinondoni, 5 in Ilala). This makes a total of 23 clubs established during Year 1 (10 in Kinondoni, 13 in Ilala). The clubs which meet at least once in a month convene on weekends and are mainly hosted within primary schools’ premises. Through these children clubs the program has been able to meet psychosocial wellbeing of 891 MVC (417M, 474F) in Dar es Salaam.

The program has also inherited 251 children clubs (68 in Morogoro, 157 in Coast and 26 in Zanzibar) from the outgoing TUNAJALI program which have served 9,614 children (4,831M, 4,783F) over the year. Hence, children clubs in the whole coast zone totals 274, being attended by 10,505 children over the year- for details of the participation of children clubs in Dar es Salaam, see appendix C.

5. MEETINGS WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The program participated in various meetings with other stakeholders during the quarter as detailed below:-

- **Participation in the monthly MVC Implementing Partners Group (IPG), Child Protection Working Group (CPWG) and Social Protection/Social Welfare Working Group (SP/SW WG) meetings:** The program has continued to participate in the monthly MVC IPG and CPWGs meetings sharing updates of program progress and contribute to common agendas to improve service provision to MVC. This also included program's participation in meeting to review the MVCC handbook and handbook guide, in collaboration with DSW and other MVC implementing partners.
- **Visit to Save the Children:** In FY2012, Pamoja Tuwalee plans to pilot 'One Stop Centre' child protection model. Since Saves the Children have been implementing the model in Zanzibar, the program visited their centre to learn from them as we prepare for the same. The staffs were very cooperative and they shared on how they established and run the One Stop Centre, achievements thus far and challenges encountered.
- **Child Helpline Initiative Meeting:** This was a meeting organized by Child Helpline International in collaboration with DSW. The meeting was aimed at introducing the child helpline initiative which is a communication and outreach service for children and young people, focusing on children's rights as prescribed in the UNCRC, particularly right to protection. As a result of participation in the meeting, there is a possibility of the program been involved in piloting the child helpline intervention in Dar es Salaam. This will form a vital part of the National Child Protection Response System, linking children to appropriate resources and emergency assistance.
- **FHI Global Strategic Information stakeholders meeting:** This workshop aimed at updating and building capacity of global FHI360 Strategic Information technical staffs on data quality and program quality, integrating and using cost data in line with the USAID evaluation policy, improving the data use and evaluation culture within FHI supported programs, orientation to the new USAID evaluation policy. Useful practices and tools learnt during the workshop will be adopted for use to improve implementation and documentation of planned activities.

6. SUCCESSES STORIES

Increased and fruitful collaboration between volunteers and MVCC members

In the previous quarter there had been reports from various streets of the friction between MVCC members and volunteers resulting to some MVCC not willing to work with the volunteers. Lack of clear understanding of the roles of each was the main reason for the misunderstandings. Through supervision visits, respective focal persons and DSWO worked to resolve such conflicts where they existed. The MVCC training has also provided clarifications on the roles and expectations of each. This quarter, there are three evidence of the results of good collaboration between volunteers and MVCCs:-

- ***Advocating for MVC support using community social event:*** Volunteers and MVCC members joined efforts to advocate for MVC support during the standard seven graduation ceremony at Mzambarau primary school in Ukonga ward. Volunteers organized 6 MVC studying at the school and participating in children club to prepare a role play that portrayed the mistreatment and difficulties MVC face including lack of school fees and other school materials. The guest of honour, Hon. Mwaiposa who is the Member of Parliament for Ukonga constituency, responded to the call for “*Pamoja Tuwalee*” with a pledge to support school fees for 11 MVC from Ukonga ward. These are MVC that will be joining secondary schools in the coming academic year. YAM management which was also present during the graduation will follow up with making the pledge a reality.
- ***Ensuring MVC do not miss ITNs during the national distribution of mosquito nets.*** In the two streets of Kunduchi ward (Mtongani and Kilongawima streets) in Kinondoni council, volunteers saw the possibility of their MVC being forgotten in the distribution, because some had not been registered during the listing of eligible beneficiaries. Working with MVCC members, they took the initiative to have the list of all their MVC and presented it to the Ward Executive Officer, asking him to provide them with written note for respective Mtaa Executive Officers to ensure that all MVC in the street get ITNs. This effort paid off, with all MVC in the two streets been provided with mosquito nets.
- ***Facilitating obtaining food support for MVCs through a link to a private community member.*** 40 MVC (18M, 22F) of Kilongawima Street in Kunduchin ward were linked with Tegeta Catholic Church Parish, who provided them with food (each 2.5kg of rice and 1 kg of sugar). The linkage was a result of collaborative efforts between MVCC and respective volunteer.

Mobilizing MVC support from Individuals: The Program’s plan in mobilizing increased OVC support from private and public sector includes individuals at all levels of income. As the saying goes, “charity starts at home”, this quarter the program initiated internal fund raising activities. To-date, a total of TZS 4,822,000.00 has being committed by 8 staff to support 14 MVC with school fees, stationaries and school uniforms for the secondary school academic year starting in Jan 2012. With the promised support from the parliamentary member for 11 MVC in Ukonga ward, at least 25 MVC will be supported in FY2012 through program’s mobilization efforts. Efforts are underway to reach more people, including encouraging the rest of FHI360 staff through Staff Advisory Committee to contribute for the same. The program is also working on a system that will ensure accountability and child protection in the process.

7. CHALLENGE

Working with WAMA; Wanawake na Maendeleo Foundation, who is program’s leading technical partner for the wide spread community advocacy campaign has been unable to deliver the expected results for this year. Despite WAMA having other key staff, they could not set aside enough time and commitment to see Pamoja Tuwalee achieve its objectives. Hiring a project manager was accomplished at the end of the year, despite vigorous follow up by the program. This has greatly affected the timely implementation of planned activities. Having recruited the project manager for this specific program, WAMA has promised to put extra efforts to bring up the implementation schedule which is far behind.

8. KEY PLANNED ACTIVITIES FOR THE NEXT QUARTER.

- Sub-contracting the selected local implementing partners in Coast, Morogoro and Zanzibar.
- Finalize the design of the advocacy campaign strategy for mobilizing MVC support.
- Facilitate meaningful participation of business community in MVC support
- Scale up household status and needs assessment to the rest of the program areas
- Complete the GIS database and develop programs’ internal use database
- Improve coordination among service providers in the respective district councils.
- Finalize on the use of the TIKa insurance scheme in Dar es Salaam.

Appendix A: MVC served with a minimum of one core service per ward during July to September 2011

Municipal council	Name of ward	M<6	F <6	M 6-14	F 6-14	M 15-17	F 15-17	M 18+	F 18+	TOTAL
Kinondoni	Ubungo	15	14	45	62	7	17	0	0	160
	Mabibo	21	14	101	81	33	29	1	0	280
	Kunduchi	74	64	132	147	27	35	0	1	480
	Manzese	21	12	149	122	47	46	2	1	400
	Kibamba	17	15	80	107	25	33	2	1	280
	Msasani	7	2	26	30	10	5	0	0	80
	Tandale	20	14	74	62	16	14	0	0	200
	Bunju	58	44	121	125	22	27	1	2	400
	Mnyamal	24	24	134	123	22	31	1	1	360
	Kinondoni	5	5	29	20	12	8	1	0	80
	TOTAL	262	208	891	879	221	245	8	6	2720
Ilala	Gerezani	0	0	13	16	6	3	1	1	40
	Vingunguti	8	5	69	71	22	15	1	0	191
	Buguruni	29	27	80	109	30	24	0	1	300
	Kariakoo	17	19	45	53	7	9	3	7	160
	Jangwani	5	10	30	35	12	13	0	0	105
	Ilala	7	3	37	40	37	25	5	2	156
	Kitunda	5	7	33	23	6	4	0	0	78
	Glamboto	13	9	122	125	39	24	2	3	337
	Ukongga	1	1	50	57	23	24	2	2	160
	Chanika	46	45	211	208	48	36	3	2	599
	TOTAL	131	126	690	737	230	177	17	18	2126
DAR	GRAND TOTAL	393	334	1581	1616	451	422	25	24	4846

**Appendix B: MVC served with a minimum of one core service per ward during the FY1
October 2010 to September 2011**

Region	District	Ward	M <6	F <6	M 6-14	F 6-14	M 15-17	F 15-17	M 18+	Female 18+	TOTAL
Morogoro	Mvomero	Mzumbe	0	0	42	59	29	34	0	2	166
Morogoro	Mvomero	Mlali	0	0	13	62	23	27	2	1	128
Morogoro	Mvomero	Melema	0	0	15	21	23	24	4	2	89
Morogoro	Mvomero	Mvomero	0	0	18	17	40	32	6	7	120
Morogoro	Mvomero	Diongoya	0	0	50	22	20	32	6	2	132
Morogoro	Mvomero	Mtibwa	0	0	73	40	150	142	14	4	423
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Kisemu	2	1	8	6	3	0	0	24	44
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Lundi	0	4	10	5	2	1	0	0	22
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Mtombozi	1	0	9	11	2	2	3	2	30
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Konde	0	1	9	11	1	1	0	2	25
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Tawa	2	2	11	13	2	6	0	1	37
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Mvuha	0	5	9	17	11	5	1	2	50
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Mkuyuni	0	2	9	11	1	2	1	0	26
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Kibuko	0	0	12	15	2	0	0	0	29
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Kiroka	1	3	17	16	1	1	2	1	42
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Kinole	2	1	18	15	4	3	1	1	45
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Tegetero	0	1	11	10	5	4	2	1	34
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Mikese	2	3	13	7	5	8	0	3	41
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Mkambarani	1	3	15	9	12	11	4	3	58
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Gwata	0	3	4	2	1	3	2	0	15
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Ngerengere	0	3	6	13	8	7	5	3	45
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Kidugalo	3	2	25	16	5	7	3	0	61
Morogoro	Morogoro Rural	Matuli	0	0	8	13	1	2	0	0	24
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Bigwa	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Boma	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	5
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Chamwino	0	0	8	6	0	0	0	0	14
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Kichangani	0	1	18	6	5	6	1	3	40
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Kiwanja cha ndege	0	0	9	8	8	2	0	0	27
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Kihonda	0	0	1	6	5	6	0	0	18

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Region	District	Ward	M <6	F <6	M 6-14	F 6-14	M 15-17	F 15-17	M 18+	Female 18+	TOTAL
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Kilakala	0	2	1	7	4	3	0	0	17
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Kingo	0	0	0	1	5	5	0	0	11
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Kingolwira	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Mafiga	0	0	7	6	0	1	1	0	15
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Mazimbu	0	1	8	9	7	9	1	0	35
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Mbuyuni	0	0	4	3	8	12	1	0	28
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Mji Mkuu	0	0	4	4	4	5	0	0	17
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Mji Mpya	0	2	3	4	2	2	2	1	16
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Mlimani	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	6
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Mwembesongo	1	3	10	12	6	7	1	1	41
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Mzinga	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Sabasaba	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Sultani area	0	0	8	5	0	5	0	0	18
Morogoro	Morogoro Urban	Uwanja wa Taifa	0	0	0	2	7	0	0	0	9
Morogoro	Kilosa	Kidodi	2	2	20	15	3	5	0	0	47
Morogoro	Kilosa	Kisanga	0	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	7
Morogoro	Kilosa	Mikumi	6	9	29	18	0	0	0	0	62
Morogoro	Kilosa	Mkwatani	0	0	7	5	0	0	0	0	12
Morogoro	Kilosa	Ruhembe	2	2	0	12	10	0	0	0	26
Morogoro	Kilosa	Kasiki	2	0	5	3	0	0	0	0	10
Morogoro	Kilosa	Kimamba	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	6
Morogoro	Kilosa	Chanzuru	2	2	5	6	0	0	0	0	15
Morogoro	Kilosa	Mbumi	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
Morogoro	Kilosa	Zombo	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	5
Morogoro	Kilosa	Mambwelebwele	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	6
Morogoro	Kilosa	Magomeni	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	5
Morogoro	Ulanga	Isongo	5	3	50	68	40	16	2	3	187
Morogoro	Ulanga	Vigoi	13	9	62	82	38	20	3	4	231

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Region	District	Ward	M <6	F <6	M 6-14	F 6-14	M 15-17	F 15-17	M 18+	Female 18+	TOTAL
Morogoro	Ulanga	Nawenge	9	7	45	75	35	24	1	2	198
Morogoro	Ulanga	Mahenge Town	15	5	67	85	42	29	1	3	247
Morogoro	Ulanga	Malinyi	11	6	56	65	29	15	4	2	188
Morogoro	Ulanga	Mtimbira	5	11	49	73	49	18	1	5	211
Morogoro	Ulanga	Itete	3	4	63	78	39	20	1	2	210
Morogoro	Kilombero	Kibaoni	13	18	14	21	24	19	1	2	112
Morogoro	Kilombero	Ifakara	23	21	22	32	25	21	2	3	149
Morogoro	Kilombero	Lumemo	9	9	14	27	16	16	1	1	93
Morogoro	Kilombero	Idete	11	12	15	18	13	19	0	1	89
Morogoro	Kilombero	Mbingu	3	15	13	18	18	15	1	0	83
Morogoro	Kilombero	Mchombe	5	6	9	17	14	10	0	0	61
Morogoro	Kilombero	Chita	9	9	12	19	12	13	0	0	74
Morogoro	Kilombero	Mlimba	15	17	20	29	21	25	1	1	129
Morogoro	Kilombero	Chisano	2	5	10	17	10	12	0	0	56
TOTAL FOR MOROGORO REGION			183	217	1092	1289	856	717	82	95	4531
Mjini Magharibi	Mjini	Mjini	60	40	132	149	31	31	5	5	453
Mjini Magharibi	Magharibi	Magharibi	104	87	312	251	56	66	5	6	887
Kusini Unguja	Kati	Kati	43	41	233	206	53	46	2	2	626
Kusini Unguja	Kusini	Kusini	35	29	69	74	24	13	8	4	256
Kaskazini Unguja	Kaskazini A	Kaskazini A	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Kaskazini Unguja	Kaskazini B	Kaskazini B	51	42	222	231	85	68	11	16	726
Kaskazini Pemba	Wete	Wete	0	3	64	55	42	23	9	6	202
Kaskazini Pemba	Micheweni	Micheweni	3	1	76	41	37	32	21	11	222
Kusini Pemba	Mkoani	Mkoani	0	0	16	20	4	5	5	2	52
Kusini Pemba	Chake Chake	Chakechake	3	4	78	62	34	25	12	17	235
TOTAL FOR ZANZIBAR (UNGUJA & PEMBA)			300	249	1202	1089	366	309	78	69	3662
Dar es Salaam	Kinondoni	Ubungo	15	14	45	62	7	17	1	1	162
Dar es Salaam	Kinondoni	Mabibo	21	14	101	81	33	29	5	2	286
Dar es Salaam	Kinondoni	Kunduchi	74	64	132	147	27	35	2	3	484
Dar es Salaam	Kinondoni	Manzese	21	12	149	122	47	46	4	4	405
Dar es Salaam	Kinondoni	Kibamba	17	15	82	107	25	33	3	1	283
Dar es Salaam	Kinondoni	Msasani	7	2	26	30	10	5	0	0	80

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Region	District	Ward	M <6	F <6	M 6-14	F 6-14	M 15-17	F 15-17	M 18+	Female 18+	TOTAL
Dar es Salaam	Kinondoni	Tandale	20	14	74	62	20	14	2	0	206
Dar es Salaam	Kinondoni	Bunju	58	44	121	125	22	27	1	2	400
Dar es Salaam	Kinondoni	Mwananyamala	24	24	134	123	22	31	8	5	371
Dar es Salaam	Kinondoni	Kinondoni	5	5	29	20	12	8	2	1	82
Dar es Salaam	Ilala	Gerezani	0	0	13	16	6	8	2	1	46
Dar es Salaam	Ilala	Vingunguti	8	5	69	71	22	24	4	5	208
Dar es Salaam	Ilala	Buguruni	29	27	80	109	41	24	10	4	324
Dar es Salaam	Ilala	Kariakoo	17	19	45	53	7	9	3	7	160
Dar es Salaam	Ilala	Jangwani	5	10	45	35	12	13	3	4	127
Dar es Salaam	Ilala	Ilala	7	3	37	40	37	25	5	2	156
Dar es Salaam	Ilala	Kitunda	5	7	33	23	12	10	7	6	103
Dar es Salaam	Ilala	Gongo la Mboto	13	9	122	125	39	25	6	4	343
Dar es Salaam	Ilala	Ukongu	1	1	50	57	23	24	6	4	166
Dar es Salaam	Ilala	Chanika	46	45	211	208	48	36	9	6	609
TOTAL FOR DAR ES SALAAM			393	334	1598	1616	472	443	83	62	5001
Pwani	Bagamoyo	Dunda	1	1	4	1	3	4	1	0	15
Pwani	Bagamoyo	Kiromo	0	0	6	7	2	1	0	0	16
Pwani	Bagamoyo	Kiwangwa	0	0	7	8	2	1	0	0	18
Pwani	Bagamoyo	Lugoba	0	0	6	2	3	3	0	0	14
Pwani	Bagamoyo	Magomeni	3	6	44	50	17	28	1	4	153
Pwani	Bagamoyo	Mbwewe	10	11	37	50	25	22	8	10	173
Pwani	Bagamoyo	Miono	9	6	44	43	18	17	7	6	150
Pwani	Bagamoyo	Msata	11	10	79	122	36	51	8	13	330
Pwani	Bagamoyo	Ubena	1	3	8	9	2	3	0	0	26
Pwani	Bagamoyo	Vigwaza	0	0	5	5	2	3	0	0	15
Pwani	Bagamoyo	Yombo	0	1	5	6	3	0	0	0	15
Pwani	Bagamoyo	Zinga	1	1	2	5	1	4	0	0	14
Pwani	Kibaha	Tumbi	16	20	120	219	69	85	44	54	627
Pwani	Kibaha	Mkuza	19	7	258	251	88	130	25	17	795
Pwani	Kibaha	Mailimoja	6	4	156	126	127	103	20	16	558
Pwani	Kibaha	Pangani	15	13	174	172	59	57	8	2	500
Pwani	Kibaha	Kongowe	4	5	93	77	61	59	21	10	330
Pwani	Kibaha	Kibaha	27	27	343	318	213	174	55	32	1,189
Pwani	Kibaha	Visiga	5	6	346	354	105	72	16	13	917
Pwani	Kibaha	Misugusugu	6	3	164	150	40	45	2	2	412

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Region	District	Ward	M <6	F <6	M 6-14	F 6-14	M 15-17	F 15-17	M 18+	Female 18+	TOTAL
Pwani	Kibaha	Ruvu	0	0	70	78	59	32	8	5	252
Pwani	Kibaha	Magindu	0	0	49	47	19	20	12	1	148
Pwani	Kibaha	Mlandizi	0	0	163	193	84	83	23	13	559
Pwani	Kibaha	Kwala	0	0	42	66	26	27	3	2	166
Pwani	Kibaha	Soga	0	0	152	138	51	48	7	6	402
Pwani	Kisarawe	Chole	0	0	6	6	0	0	0	0	12
Pwani	Kisarawe	Kibuta	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	4
Pwani	Kisarawe	Kiluvya	2	2	48	66	21	36	18	11	204
Pwani	Kisarawe	Kisarawe	1	6	83	73	37	20	6	6	232
Pwani	Kisarawe	Kurui	0	0	49	36	8	7	1	1	102
Pwani	Kisarawe	Mafizi	2	3	39	45	23	18	3	2	135
Pwani	Kisarawe	Mango	0	0	16	5	0	0	0	0	21
Pwani	Kisarawe	Marui	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Pwani	Kisarawe	Marumbo	1	0	85	72	48	26	22	9	263
Pwani	Kisarawe	Masaki	0	0	10	14	0	0	0	0	24
Pwani	Kisarawe	Msanga	7	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	12
Pwani	Kisarawe	Msimbu	1	0	38	43	33	28	4	3	150
Pwani	Kisarawe	Mzenga	1	1	43	39	20	17	4	4	129
Pwani	Kisarawe	Vihingo	0	2	14	28	12	1	1	0	58
Pwani	Kisarawe	Vikumburu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pwani	Mafia	Baleni	2	3	2	5	7	8	1	0	28
Pwani	Mafia	Kanga	0	0	0	1	4	5	0	0	10
Pwani	Mafia	Kiegani	0	0	0	1	4	7	0	0	12
Pwani	Mafia	Kilindoni	6	3	7	4	7	4	1	1	33
Pwani	Mafia	Kilongwe	1	0	0	1	6	7	0	0	15
Pwani	Mafia	Mibulani	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	4
Pwani	Mkuranga	Bupu	1	2	31	37	10	12	1	0	94
Pwani	Mkuranga	Kimanzichana	4	6	40	36	35	37	8	6	172
Pwani	Mkuranga	Kisiju	5	3	34	30	7	11	1	1	92
Pwani	Mkuranga	Kitomondo	3	1	34	31	13	12	0	1	95
Pwani	Mkuranga	Lukanga	7	4	31	35	32	28	5	3	145
Pwani	Mkuranga	Magawa	3	5	24	29	37	33	5	3	139
Pwani	Mkuranga	Mbezi	2	1	27	33	9	11	0	0	83
Pwani	Mkuranga	Mkamba	7	5	36	33	40	30	6	5	162
Pwani	Mkuranga	Mkuranga	8	11	78	72	23	23	0	2	217

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Region	District	Ward	M <6	F <6	M 6-14	F 6-14	M 15-17	F 15-17	M 18+	Female 18+	TOTAL
Pwani	Mkuranga	Mwarusembe	4	6	30	27	27	30	5	4	133
Pwani	Mkuranga	Nyamato	2	1	23	21	29	25	1	3	105
Pwani	Mkuranga	Panzuo	1	1	19	17	22	19	2	3	84
Pwani	Mkuranga	Shungubweni	3	2	16	13	1	1	0	0	36
Pwani	Mkuranga	Tambani	2	3	19	21	4	7	0	0	56
Pwani	Mkuranga	Vikindu	5	7	39	41	14	14	0	0	120
Pwani	Rufiji	Bungu	7	13	48	56	24	19	0	0	167
Pwani	Rufiji	Ikwiriri	6	11	48	57	20	29	0	0	171
Pwani	Rufiji	Kibiti	9	21	84	103	18	26	0	0	261
Pwani	Rufiji	Mbwara	10	16	17	20	11	13	0	0	87
Pwani	Rufiji	Mchukwi	11	7	14	31	8	4	0	0	75
Pwani	Rufiji	Mgomba	14	4	66	37	13	7	0	0	141
Pwani	Rufiji	Ruaruke	4	3	8	7	4	6	0	0	32
Pwani	Rufiji	Umwe	12	11	26	31	6	8	0	0	94
TOTAL FOR COAST REGION			288	289	2910	3002	1372	1359	238	191	9649
TOTAL			1,164	1,089	7,508	7,749	3,448	3,133	607	500	25,198

Appendix C: Children participating in children clubs by ward in Dar es Salaam.

Municipal council	Ward/ Mtaa Name	Name of the children club	# of children participating in the clubs during the reporting period		
			Male	Female	Total
Kinondoni	Mabibo/ Farasi	Upendo	26	14	40
Kinondoni	Mabibo/ Kanuni	Hope	8	32	40
Kinondoni	Kibamba/ Kibamba	Upendo	17	23	40
Kinondoni	Kibamba/ Kiluvya	KG	24	16	40
Kinondoni	Kibamba/ Kibwegere	Mshikamano	18	22	40
Kinondoni	Kunduchi/ Mtongani	Tuwalee	21	19	40
Kinondoni	Kunduchi/ Kondo	Faraja	26	14	40
Kinondoni	Bunju/ Bunju A	Amani	20	20	40
Kinondoni	Bunju/ Kllungule	Upendo	17	23	40
Kinondoni	Tandale	Amani	20	20	40
Ilala	Buguruni		17	21	38
Ilala	Vingunguti		18	20	38
Ilala	Kariakoo		15	18	33
Ilala	Gerezani		18	16	34
Ilala	Ilala		15	17	32
Ilala	Ukonga		16	24	40
Ilala	Vikongoro		19	21	40
Ilala	Tungini		15	25	40
Ilala	Gongolamboto		18	22	40
Ilala	Gulukakwala		18	22	40
Ilala	Ulongoni		17	19	36
Ilala	Mzinga		13	27	40
Ilala	Kitundakati		21	19	40
Ilala	Buguruni		17	21	38
Total		23 clubs	417	474	891