



USAID | DELIVER PROJECT

Tools and News, November-December 2012

TOOLS

Task Order 4: Public Health

Briefs and Success Stories

[El Sector Privado Comercial en el Comité DAIA en Honduras](#)

PDF

Estudio de Caso: El Comité Inter-Agencial para la Disponibilidad Asegurada de Insumos y Anticonceptivos (CIDAIA) de Honduras ha logrado integrar nuevos actores, como un esfuerzo nacional para lograr la DAIA con un enfoque de “mercado total”nLa Secretaría de Salud de Honduras convocó a un taller para preparar el Plan de Trabajo del CIDAIA en Agosto 2010. **(This publication is only available in Spanish.)**

[Supply Chain Management Newsletter, Quarter 3, 2012](#)

PDF

This issue includes articles on Innovative Solutions for Community Case Management Supply Chains, Supply Chain Costing in Mozambique, Sophisticated Supply Chain Design: Practical Implications, and more.

Country Reports

[Nigeria: Costing of the Contraceptive Logistics Management System](#)

PDF

In October 2010, the USAID | DELIVER PROJECT, Task Order 1, conducted an assessment of the cost of the contraceptive logistics management system (CLMS) in Nigeria. The main objective for the assessment was to provide cost information about the in-country public health supply chain system for contraceptives. This report presents the findings of the costing study for a sample of facilities, as well as the national cost estimates.

[Pakistan: Provincial and District Supply Chain Management Situation Assessment](#)

PDF

The provincial and districts supply chain management assessment is the first formal assessment of health supply chains in Pakistan. The situational assessment uses both quantitative and qualitative assessment tools to survey 24 selected districts and their 72 facilities.

[Paraguay: Avances y Retos. Informe Final](#)

PDF

El mandato de USAID | PROYECTO DELIVER en Paraguay desde Octubre 2005 fue fortalecer la DAIA y asegurar el abastecimiento oportuno y suficiente de anticonceptivos en todos los puntos

de entrega de servicios (PES). A través de estos años y hasta Mayo 2012, el proyecto ha contribuido a garantizar que lleguen al país las cantidades suficientes de anticonceptivos de manera sostenible y ha empoderando a recurso humano del Ministerio de Salud Pública y Bienestar Social (MSPBS) para realizar el cálculo de sus necesidades. **(This publication is only available in Spanish.)**

Task Orders 7: Malaria

Briefs

[Addressing In-Country Supply Shortages of Malaria Commodities](#)

PDF

Demand for artemisinin-based combination therapies (ACTs), the standard for malaria treatment, continues to grow. Given the lifesaving nature of ACTs, uninterrupted product availability must be a priority. This technical brief offers some options for managing in-country supply shortages.

[Exploring Supply Chain Augmentation for Malaria Commodities](#)

PDF

In some cases malaria supply chains require both long- and short-term supply chain augmentation measures that range from enhancing existing systems to implementing entire parallel systems. Supply chain augmentation includes enhancing logistics by providing extra resources to meet operational requirements, often beyond what the host government normally has available.

[Strengthening Accountability of In-Country Malaria Supply Chain](#)

PDF

Malaria control commodities—artemisinin-based combination therapies (ACTs), in particular—are highly susceptible to leakage. Leakage of life-saving commodities poses a significant risk to effectively implementing malaria control programs. Pre-emptively detecting weaknesses in the systems and identifying indications of potential leakage can help to both minimize and deter leakage.

Reports

Burundi: Assessment of Routine Long-Lasting Insecticide-Treated Bed Nets Distribution

[English](#) [Français](#)

PDF

In March and April 2012, the USAID | DELIVER PROJECT conducted an assessment of USAID-supported routine LLIN distribution in Burundi. The assessment examined the project's distribution systems and structures, and reviewed LLIN commodity needs for the national routine LLIN distribution program. This report outlines key recommendations to improve the functioning of the project's activities, as well as steps to improve coordination and LLIN commodity security for Burundi nationally.

[Madagascar: LLIN Recycling Pilot Project, Report on Phase II](#)

PDF

In November 2010, the USAID | DELIVER PROJECT, Task Order 3, commenced a long-lasting insecticide-treated bed net (LLIN) recycling pilot project that examines the viability of recycling as an option for LLINs that have been retired as bed nets. The study is divided into three phases; Phase I - Feasibility; Phase II – LLIN Collection; Phase III – Recycling and Final Analysis.

[Madagascar: LLIN Recycling Pilot Project, Report on Phase III](#)

PDF

In November 2010, the USAID | DELIVER PROJECT, Task Order 3, conducted an LLIN recycling pilot project in six districts in Madagascar. A total of 22,559 old nets were collected and subsequently shipped to the United States for testing and recycling by Trex, a plastics recycling company. This report details the results of Trex's initial recycling efforts, determines the viability (financial and otherwise) of recycling retired LLINs, and demonstrates the environmental benefits of recycling old LLINs.

NEWS

[New Online Tools Broaden Access to Reproductive Health Supplies Data](#)

December 18, 2012

[The Salud Mesoamérica 2015 Initiative and the USAID | DELIVER PROJECT present a proposal to help improve essential medicines logistics in Mesoamerica at the Council of Central American Health Ministers \(COMISCA\)](#)

December 10, 2012

[USAID | DELIVER PROJECT Supports Study on How To Use GIS and Family Planning Data for Enhanced Decisionmaking](#)

December 07, 2012

The USAID | DELIVER PROJECT, funded by the U.S. Agency for International Development under the terms of contract no. GPO-I-00-06-00007-00, designs, develops, strengthens, and, on request, operates safe, reliable, and sustainable supply systems that provide a wide range of affordable essential health commodities, including drugs, diagnostics, and supplies to clients in country programs. The project's technical support strengthens all aspects of in-country supply chains: forecasting, procurement, distribution, management information systems, quality assurance, storage and infrastructure, and medical waste disposal.

The authors' views expressed in this publication do not necessarily reflect the views of the United States Agency for International Development or the United States Government.

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