



# **“Local Capacity Building for Disaster Risk Reduction and Urban Response” Project**

**AID-OFDA-G-14-00097**

**World Vision, Inc. Honduras**

**Final Project Report**

**July 1, 2014 – October 3, 2015**

**WORLD VISION, INC.**

**Project title:**

**Local Capacity-building for Disaster Risk Reduction and Urban Response**

Project Duration: July 1, 2014 to October 2015

Dollar Amount from OFDA: \$ 149,998

Dollar Amount from Other Sources: \$ 20,002

Total Dollar Amount of Program: \$ 170,000

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**TIN: 95-1922279**

**DUNS: 07-190-3322**

**LOC: HHS-05BOP**

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## Abbreviations and Acronyms

ADP	Area Development Program
SAN	Food Security and Nutrition Panel
AGRACC	Environment, Risk Management and Climate Change Adaptation Panel
CODELES	Local Emergency Committees
CODEM	Municipal Emergency Committees
CODECES	Education Center Emergency Committees
CODECEL	Emergency Committees in Workplaces
COPECO	Permanent Commission on Contingencies
CURLP	Pacific Region University Center
DECOAS	Directorate for Environmental Evaluation and Communication
DRR	Disaster Risk Reduction
MNIGR RS	National Risk Management Advocacy Panel- Southern Region
NGO	Non-Governmental Organization
CBO	Community Based Organization
OUOT	Land Ordaining University Observatory/FACES
FACES	Space Sciences Department (UNAH)
OFDA	Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance
UNAH	National Autonomous University of Honduras
UNDP	United Nations Development Program
SINAGER	National Risk Management Act
USAID	United States Agency for International Development
WV	World Vision
WVUS	World Vision United States

## SUMMARY

The contribution of the USAID-OFDA Complementary Project to strengthen local capacities for risk reduction and urban response to emergencies in the city of Choluteca corresponds to the goals set to achieve the reduction of vulnerability of the target population by providing the necessary knowledge not only to reduce the current risk, but to bring about a positive impact when emergencies or disasters occur. The project was implemented in Choluteca's urban and semi urban areas, specifically in the following neighborhoods: Buenos Aires, La Cruz, Santa Rosa de Sampire, San Francisco del Palomar, Gracias a Dios, Las Arenas, Brisas del Rio, Morazán and Los Mangos.

Most of the actions carried out from July 2014 to October 2015 were aimed at strengthening capacities to reduce disaster risk and response to emergencies, workshops to develop the ability to design risk reduction project profiles, and implementing at least three mitigation projects in three neighborhoods within the project's implementation area. Of the three mitigation projects selected, one was concluded, and implemented by the CODEL of the San Francisco del Palomar neighborhood; and two are still under construction at the end of this project's period due to rains in the south during September and October. The CODELs from La Cruz and Las Arenas are committed to resume them as soon as the rains pass. The Municipal Emergency Committee has given support to the CODEL.

Two risk management knowledge fairs were supported by this project; the first in October 2014 during the annual celebration instituted because of the Decade for Natural Disaster Reduction whose theme was Drought in the Dry Corridor of Honduras and Sustainable Livelihoods, and the second fair in April 2015, whose central theme was Water Use and Conservation under the motto EVERY DROP OF WATER, A DROP OF LIFE, thus, covering the priority problems of the Southern Region. In collaboration with the MINGR-RS and the Pacific Coast Regional University Center (CURLP) of the UNAH, which participated through five departments showed the people of Choluteca and students the scientific knowledge of water issues and risks the southern region faces, and project proposals that can reduce vulnerability.

The nine districts within the project's intervention area have acquired basic knowledge for emergency response and disaster risk reduction in their communities. However, technical support for a longer period is required in order to consolidate risk mitigation efforts that have been initiated with the support of the project in its implementation phase.

The project developed training workshops at different levels of intervention such as local emergency committees, workplace committees, Municipal Emergency Committee, members of the Risk Management Panel of the Southern Region, volunteers of the Pacific

Coast University Center (CURLP) of the UNAH, the Our Lady of Peace Catholic University, Campus Choluteca and volunteers from communities in the area of influence. It is important to highlight the organization and training of local emergency committees in workplaces in the Concepción Market and the Rainbow Children's Center of Choluteca, an organization that established for the first time in Choluteca and that is part of the National Risk Management System structure. The structure will require further strengthening of its capacities since the situation in such workplace (Market Concepción) is very complex and the building's design does not allow quick and timely actions in case of an emergency.

The workshops ended with the carrying out of a Community drill with participation of seven neighborhoods and three schools and the support of the Fire Department, Red Cross, Green Cross, CODEMs and some members of the MINGR-RS.

The nine CODELS, the CODEM, two CODECELS, the Fire Department, and the Green Cross of Choluteca were delivered basic emergency response equipment (shovels, handcars, axes, gloves, helmets, reflective vests, a backpack with first aid equipment, a stretcher, megaphone, peaks and pickaxes, among others). Training workshops conducted with private company representatives formed the basis of knowledge on risk management issues, which is necessary for companies to know for empowering and participating in disaster risk reduction activities as part of social responsibility actions they owe to their counterparts in the city of Choluteca and the southern region.

The Municipality Corporation of Choluteca has been a key factor in project implementation as it has provided support and assistance in various activities through the Municipal Emergency Committee. However the continuous changing of the CODEM Coordinator (three in less than a year) was a challenge for attaining continuity in the implementation of joint activities. Coordination with the CODEM, the Municipal Government and the Municipal Corporation was constant throughout the life of the project; they were kept informed on the progress, as well involved in the activities throughout the project period. Thus the project contributed, together with the MINGR-RS, to the development of the Contingency Drought Plan 2015 and the updating of the Emergency Prevention and Response of Choluteca.

The project supported the coordination of and joint collaboration with the National Disaster Risk Management Advocacy Panel -South Region (MINGR-RS), which is comprised of civil society members, relief agencies, and regional government bodies, and the Chamber of Commerce of Choluteca representing private enterprise. One of the key factors was the National Risk Management Advocacy Panel- South Region (MINGR-RS), which supported the project and gave the opportunity to support and strengthen advocacy processes on the subject. It allowed positioning disaster risk reduction in urban areas where risk has increased due to the mobilization of populations from rural communities to the city, thus populating areas on the banks of the Choluteca River and Sampile River, where there are few public

services and employment opportunities, thus increasing their vulnerability. This is how the support provided by the MINGR-RS in the carrying out of two exhibitions of knowledge in risk management on two important issues in the south such as drought and livelihood and Water Use and Conservation, was important for their success.

Six schools located in the area of the nine districts were part of the project implementation through the training of 60 teachers and 358 Children. The schools also strengthened the relationship with the CODEL for the development of different activities and participation in practical evacuation exercises and the drill conducted. One of the proposed outcomes for the design, validation and printing of the Risk Management Guide for secondary education could not be achieved because the guide is still under development by the Ministry of Education and requires financial and technical support, at least for another year, in order to be validated and then printed. This situation was previously informed to USAID-OFDA.

Three people of the CODEL of La Cruz participated in formal training processes. Two people participated in the Risk Management Diploma Course offered by the UNAH with financial support from the WFP and one person concluded the course taught by simultaneously from April to June 2015 (See Appendices). Two more youths from the Las Arenas and Gracias a Dios's CODEL sent their applications, but could not attend because when the course was about to start, they were employed.

Two research studies were developed under the coordination of the University Land Management Observatory (OUOT) with support from the USAID-OFDA project within the Memorandum of Understanding signed between World Vision and the National Autonomous University of Honduras (UNAH) on the following topics:

- a) An Integral Multi-dimension and Assessment and Prospective for year 2034 of the city of Choluteca; and
- b) Risk reduction and emergency response, an analysis from gender perspective

Together with COPECO and the MINGR-RS, the USAID-OFDA Project contributed to updating COPECO'S database to September 2015, providing the database file to the Deputy Commissioner of the Southern Region, Ivan Campos.

A virtual platform was created with the support of the UNDP's RED-HUM for MINGR-RS, and another one for private business sector during the development of two workshops on Information Systems in Emergency Events taught by the representative of the RED-HUM Honduras, Erlin Palma.

**OBJECTIVE:** To strengthen local capacities for urban disaster reduction and response in the city of Choluteca

**IMPLEMENTATION:**

Actions and training processes conducted in different intervention levels such as:

- 9 Local Emergency Committees (CODEL)
- 2 Workplace Committees (CODECEL)
- 1 Municipal Emergency Committee (CODEM)
- 20 organizations and volunteers of the National Risk Management Advocacy Panel –South Region (MINGR-RS)
- 120 volunteers of the Pacific Coast Regional University Center (CURLP) of the UNAH and the Our Lady of Peace Catholic University campus Choluteca; as well as community volunteers in the Shalom OC’s area of influence and Scout Organization in Choluteca.
- 47 companies that are members of the Chamber of Commerce of Choluteca
- 6 School Committees (CODECES) and 60 teachers.

Total Number of Beneficiaries Reached	Cumulative
Program Goal:	
Total Direct: 9,527	Total Direct: 2,879
Total Indirect: 32,420	Total Indirect: 12,427

**A. Indicator Tracking Tables:**

**Sector: I. Risk Management Policy and Practice**

**Objective:** Promote the institutionalization of risk management in the academic and private sector

**Sub-Sector – I.1 Building Community Awareness/Mobilization**

Source of Indicator	Indicator	Program Target	Achieved Cumulatively
OFDA	1. Number of people participating in training, disaggregated by sex	410 Total 150 M, 260F	2,879 Total 1,179M, 1,700F
OFDA	2. Percentage of people trained who retain skills and knowledge after two months	85%	64%
OFDA	3. Percentage of attendees at joint planning meetings who are from the local community	90%	100%

OFDA	4. Early warning system in targeted community is in place for all major hazards with appropriate outreach to communities (Y/N)		
OFDA	5. Percentage of community members who received at least one early warning message from at least one source prior to a disaster occurring		

2,879 people, 1,700 women and 1,179 men participated in training workshops throughout the project's lifetime exceeding the programmed goal. This represents the different workshops conducted in which teachers of six schools, businesses belonging to the Chamber of Commerce of Cholulteca, National Risk Management Advocacy Panel. Municipal Emergency Committee, students from two colleges, and population of the nine neighborhoods who attended the workshop replicas on risk management taught by each neighborhood's CODEL.

Sixty-four percent (64%) of participants of the Local Emergency Committees (CODEL) have managed to retain the knowledge gained after 2 months. It is important to note that during the community flood response exercise conducted with participation of 220 people of 7 neighborhoods and 3 schools within the project's implementation area, the participants were able to use the knowledge acquired on emergency response.

During the lessons learned exercise it was determined that there was a high percentage of illiteracy among the community participants which was not fully taken into account with the trainings. In the future, other methods should be used that are not heavily reliant on reading and writing skills. It was observed that during the emergency response practice exercise most of the participants knew the steps to follow in a response. Another issue to highlight is that the participants were not consistent in their attendance of the workshops due to their work schedules. The final tests were also not attended by all the participants so the measuring of this indicator is an inference based on the group that received the test. Future trainings will utilize different methodologies such as practical exercises to determine the community's knowledge and gain more accurate data.

One hundred percent (100%) of trained participants of Local Emergency Committees attended various planning and coordination meetings held during the life of the project exceeding the target of 90%.

## Sub-Sector – I.2 Capacity Building and Training

Source of Indicator	Indicator	Program Target	Achieved Cumulatively
OFDA	1. Number of people trained in disaster preparedness, mitigation, and management, disaggregated by sex	455 Total 275F, 182M	2,879 Total 1,179M, 1,700F
OFDA	2. Number of trainings conducted	11	65
OFDA	3. Number of people passing final exams or receiving certificates, disaggregated by sex	387 Total	174 52M 122F
OFDA	4. Percentage of people trained who retain skills and knowledge after two months	85%	64%

Sixty-five (65) workshops on various risk management topics were conducted throughout the project lifetime for capacity building at community level in nine (9) districts within the project's area of influence with participation of the Local Emergency Committees (CODEL), which have been restructured and trained. Replicas of the workshops were conducted in their communities achieving knowledge sharing with neighboring communities. Workshops were conducted with participation of other stakeholders of Choluteca and local universities. The workshops for businesses belonging to the Chamber of Commerce of Choluteca, although not shown in the initial proposal, were conducted in order to provide a risk management knowledge foundation in them and raising awareness on the need to implement joint actions among the municipality, communities and the private sector to reduce vulnerability of the population of Choluteca.

Other workshops on information management in emergencies, and business continuity in emergencies were conducted with the participation of members of the National Risk Management Advocacy Panel -South Region and representatives of the Municipal Emergency Committee. Risk management education workshops were conducted for teachers of six (6) urban schools, and children, with the support of the Fire Department of Choluteca, Green Cross, and Red Cross.

A second evaluation was applied to community leaders of local emergency committees of the nine neighborhoods within the project intervention area. Eighty-six (64%) of the total of 135 people participating in training workshops for community leaders who are members of local emergency committees retained the knowledge acquired after 2 months. It is important to highlight that the evaluation was only applied to leaders of local emergency committees. With this indicator it is important to note that not all the leaders completed the test. The high rate of illiteracy among the leaders was also a factor in the final outcome.

**Sub-Sector – 1.3 Integration/Enhancement within Education Systems and Research**

Source of Indicator	Indicator	Program Target	Achieved Cumulatively
OFDA	1. Number of DRR curricula developed by educational level (e.g. primary, secondary, post-secondary)	1	---
OFDA	2. Number of students educated on DRR, disaggregated by sex	300 Total 120M, 180F	358 Total 163M, 195F
OFDA	3. Number of DRR-related programs established within educational institutions	4	5

Indicator 1 is related to the design and reproduction of the Risk Management Methodological Guide for Secondary Education in collaboration with the Ministry of Education; the document is not ready yet for the design and reproduction, which is why USAID-OFDA was requested authorization to reallocate funds budgeted to the cost of the two research studies conducted by the UNAH.

Three hundred fifty-eight children (358 total, 195 girls and 163 boys) from six (6) primary education schools participated in the training workshops in September 2015.

Established programs in schools are: Use and Management of the Risk Management Methodology Guide for Primary Education, and School Safety Plans and Prevention of Family and Community Violence. They have also strengthened coordination with the Local Emergency Committee of the Community for disaster risk reduction at school.

**Sub-Sector – 1.4 Policy and Planning**

Source of Indicator	Indicator	Program Target	Achieved Cumulatively
OFDA	1. Number of hazard risk reduction plans, strategies, policies, disaster preparedness and contingency plans developed and in place	3	11

OFDA	2. Number of people participating in discussions regarding national risk reduction strategies as a result of the program, by sex	250 Total	75Total 52M 23F
OFDA	3. Number of communities and stakeholders involved in the development of plans, policies, and strategies	23	39
OFDA	4. National and local risk assessment, hazards data and vulnerability information is available within targeted areas (Y/N)	Yes	Yes

In the Policy and Planning Sector, the project implemented actions for the development of nine (9) local prevention and response plans in the nine (9) neighborhoods within its area of influence, as well as support in the coordination of the National Risk Management Advocacy Panel -South Region for developing a Drought Contingency Plan and updating the Municipal Prevention and Response Plan of Choluteca, which were drafted with the Municipal Emergency Committee (CODEMs).

With regards to Indicator 2, seventy-five (75) people from different community groups participated; they were fifty-two (52) men, and twenty-three (23) women of Local Emergency Committees, private companies, organizations part of the MINGR-RS, regional university centers, schools, and children of the schools.

Thirty-nine (39) different organizations that make up regional platforms such as the National Risk Management Advocacy Panel –South Region (MINGR\_RS) and the Food Security and Nutrition Panel (SAN) were involved in the development of policies, and strategic actions related to Risk Management and Emergency Response.

With the support of the RED-HUM Honduras a virtual platform management was created in Google to manage information, which is managed by the MINGR\_RS. This platform makes information available on risk management actions to local, regional and national stakeholders.

### Sub-Sector – I.5 Public-Private Partnerships

Source of Indicator	Indicator	Program Target	Achieved Cumulatively
OFDA	1. Number of private sector businesses engaged in response or DRR-related activities as a result of the program	2	47

OFDA	2. Targeted total number of individuals indirectly benefiting from DRR-related activities as a result of the program	9,527	12,947
OFDA	3. Percentage of business in the target business category in the program area incorporated into project activities	20%	21%
OFDA	4. Percentage of government disaster contingency plans that incorporate private-sector aspects	50%	50%

During project implementation three (3) workshops on topics directly related to disaster risk reduction and emergency response were conducted with the participation of forty-seven (47) companies in the private sector. The fundamental purpose of starting with capacity building on the issue was to raise awareness on them getting involved in response actions and reduction of vulnerability of people who are their clients and beneficiaries. This indicator managed to obtain funds from the Municipal Corporation of Choluteca for the implementation of two (2) mitigation projects in two neighborhoods, but funds from the private sector were not obtained. This reflects the need to increase awareness on disaster risk management, even if they are impacted by damage caused by disasters.

Ten (10) of the total of companies trained have become more involved in DRR actions through the Chamber of Commerce; however a win-win intervention is necessary since a large number of companies are damaged by adverse events, and their current and potential customers living in high-risk areas and who could benefit from specific risk mitigation through social responsibility actions.

As a result of the project, 12,947 people were indirectly benefited from disaster risk reduction activities involving population of the nine districts within the project's area of influence, student population of universities, municipal market vendors, and population of companies participating in the training process, implementation of mitigation projects, and updating of plans to prevent and respond to disasters.

The Chamber of Commerce of Choluteca has registered 220 private companies; thus it was possible to engage 21% of them in training workshops, which represent 47 participating companies at the end of the project.

The Disaster Prevention and Response Plan was updated in October 2015 with the support of the USAID-OFDA Project, the MINGR-RS coordinators, and the Municipal Emergency Committee Team. This plan needs to be submitted for approval by the Municipal Corporation for it to be official and be socialized and implemented, actions that will occur after project completion.

This plan includes the private sector for the first time, at different times and in disaster risk reduction actions based on Art. 31 of the SINAGER Act stating that “All public and private institutions are required to allocate available resources to support emergency preparedness and response actions in terms of protecting their own resources and to support municipal, departmental and national authorities.” Furthermore, Art. 45 mentions the following “The private sector is obliged to collaborate with the public sector in risk prevention and reduction, particularly in case of emergency, disaster or calamity.”

## Sector: 2. Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management

**Objective:** Increased local capacity for coordinated disaster management

### Sub-Sector – 2.1 Coordination

Source of Indicator	Indicator	Program Target	Achieved Cumulatively
OFDA	1. Number of humanitarian organizations actively coordinating	16	21
OFDA	2. Number of humanitarian organizations actively participating in the Inter-Agency coordination mechanisms (e.g., Humanitarian Country Team, clusters, etc.)	3	3
OFDA	3. Number and percentage of humanitarian agencies participating in joint inter-agency assessments	8 (50%)	10 (63%)
OFDA	4. Number of other key humanitarian actors (e.g., private sector, military) actively participating in humanitarian coordination mechanisms	2	3

Twenty-one organizations related to risk management actions in the Southern Region, belonging to the National Risk Management Advocacy Panel - South Region are actively coordinating actions. This project provided technical and financial support for holding monthly coordination meetings. The panel involves governmental and non-governmental organizations, as well as volunteers, who work in advocacy initiatives for the establishment of risk management in development initiatives in the South.

Three humanitarian organization clusters actively participated in inter-agency coordination mechanisms. The team actively collaborated with the MINGR-South Region; the Food Security and Nutrition Panel; and the Environment, Risk Management and Climate Change

(AGRACC) Committee, which are part of the risk management and climate change platform of the Gulf of Fonseca region (Departments of Choluteca and Valle). These clusters jointly supported project activities through the provision of technical assistance, and were key actors in the two (2) risk management knowledge fairs carried out. One of the fairs was held in October 2014 and addressed the issue of drought in the dry corridor of Honduras and the second fair was held in April 2015, and addressed water use and conservation. Success of the knowledge fairs carried out since 6 years is the result of active collaboration and coordination of the organizations that comprised the three clusters, and are currently being replicated in other regions.

Plan International, ICADE, CARE, Fire Department, Green Cross, CODEM of Choluteca, Caritas, Sur en Acción, CDH and the UTPR-TABLE AGRACC are the ten (10) organizations that are currently participating in the evaluation of humanitarian work carried out in the southern region. The USAID-OFDA Project has been part of those evaluations during their implementation.

Three (3) stakeholders have participated in training and drills performed during the execution of the project: the 101 Army Brigade based in Choluteca Honduras, the Chamber of Commerce, and the MINGR South Region. For the training for volunteers conducted in June 2015, the 101 Brigade coordinated with the Armored Cavalry Regiment of Choluteca, the use of the project's facilities for two (2) days to train volunteers in different emergency response issues. Also, the 101 Brigade Commander, Colonel Gonzalo Portillo, participated in the coordination meetings for the carrying out of the community and school drill conducted in September 2015. The participating CODELs had the opportunity to coordinate, one by one, logistical activities and receive guidance from Commander Portillo for the practical exercise.

## Sub-Sector – 2.2 Information Management

Source of Indicator	Indicator	Program Target	Achieved Cumulatively
OFDA	1. Number and percentage of humanitarian organizations utilizing information management services	16	21
OFDA	2. Number and percentage of humanitarian organizations directly contributing to information products (e.g. situation reports, 3W/4WW, digital tools)	8 (50%)	10 (63%)

OFDA	3. Number of products made available by information management services that are accessed by clients	3	4
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Twenty-one humanitarian organizations use the site created by the MINGR\_SR in Google for managing emergency information during the training workshop conducted by RED-HUM Honduras with the support of the USAID-OFDA Project.

Ten (10) Humanitarian organizations contribute to the information service created to provide information on weather forecasts, COPECO alert bulletins, papers or studies on programmed or undertaken events, and information related to risk management in general.

The MNIGR South Region, who manages the virtual platform, has collaborated with at least four (4) information products such as the Sendai frame, positioning of risk management and climate change, information on alerts and forecasts, and information provided by the Choluteca River early alert system, monitored by COPECO, especially in this rainy season.

## LESSONS LEARNED

- Training local emergency committees requires scheduling on weekends because even though community leaders are willing to increase their knowledge, their work life and family obligations do not allow them to attend full time course workshops to be certified in at least basic knowledge.
- In urban areas there is a considerable percentage of leaders who cannot read and write, which needs to be taken into account; thus, using other methods to strengthen knowledge, such as practical exercises, is recommended in adult training.
- The most vulnerable population, for example, living on Choluteca River and Sampile River banks is highly interested in strengthening their capabilities, therefore training by visual means or radio should be considered to make it possible for them to learn from their homes because they are groups of more than 100 people who would be very difficult to train in a classroom.
- The MINGR-RS is interested in promoting and being in a pilot initiative like this. Naturally, it associated with the UNAH and other universities in order to certify them. This year, a course was already conducted with the support of the WFP and the interest from the youths who concluded the training in continuing their education on the matter should be considered as an opportunity to support youths who have finished high school.
- The CODEM of Choluteca requires strengthening the skills of its team and having a Technical Risk Management Unit to follow up on the Choluteca River SAT and manage relevant information to better respond, coordinate, and disseminate the alerts issued by COPECO to the population.

- Involving the SHALOM OC's technical staff in training processes and project activity coordination allowed more effective actions and strengthened the relationship with the community and its leaders.
- The Mitigation Project Profile Design workshops encouraged community leaders to consider risk mitigation actions through small projects that reduce community vulnerability and having a document in place that can be submitted to the Municipal Corporation with concrete actions that promote community wellbeing.
- Women are still the population group showing greater interest in making space in their occupations to participate in workshops acknowledging the value for their everyday life and strengthening of their leadership within the community.
- Accountability is an issue that must be strengthened in order to monitor the delivery of equipment to both municipal and local committees in order for the equipment to be transferred during public meetings to new leaders once their terms have ended.
- Capacity building projects require an implementation process of at least two years in order to complete a core curriculum with a planned program that allows the through grants to be efficient in administrative and budget processes, especially in a USAID-OFDA project. The knowledge acquired to be retained and evaluated in the beginning, intermediately, and at the end of the project.
- The technical staff of a project with such high standards requires expertise in training processes and administrative assistants experienced in managing projects financed through grants to be efficient in administrative and budget processes.

## Appendix Number I.

### Strengthening the Capacities of the Local Emergency Committees

Workshop: Risk and Resource Maps, Shelters, EDAN for Local emergency committees of Brisas del Rio and Gracias a Dios.



Local Emergency Committees of 2 neighborhoods presenting their problems and potentials within de Mitigation profiles project work shop.

Delivery of Emergency Response Basic Equipment to La Cruz and Las Arenas Local Emergency Committees





La Cruz CODEL sharing with the community Knowledge about Risk Management



Las Arenas Codel involving their youth in Risk reduction through sports



Emergency Information Systems Management Work Shop



## APRIL 2015 Risk Management Knowledge Fair about Water use and conservation

### Panoramic view of the 2nd. Fair “Every drop of Water A drop of Life”





SIXTH FAIR "RISK MANAGEMENT KNOWLEDGE DROUGHT SOUTH REGION, October 2014

### Training of young volunteers in emergency response



Learning Evacuation, Rescue, Firefighting



Youth learning psychosocial first aid



Concepcion local market of Choluteca vendors in training to develop its Risk Map and Resources



## Business Continuity in Emergencies Workshop



Fernando Calderon, Risk Management IRG-OFDA Specialist, workshop Trainer



Exercise group work during the Business continuity in emergency workshop

## Community Emergency Response Drill 2015 activities



Mrs. Cecilia Funez Los Mangos CODEL President giving instructions during the drill



CODEL members rescuing an injured children in the Pedro Nufio school as part of the Flood community drill



La Cruz CODEL member attending children in shelter settled within church



San Francisco del Palomar CODEL rescuing a victim from Sampile river near to their neighborhood

## COORDINATION MEETINGS



Officials of the Municipality of Choluteca and civil society participating in the workshops as part of the National University of Honduras Research



Risk Management South Region Table coordination meeting supported by the USAID-OFDA Project



USAID-OFDA Officials in follow-up meeting with the Vice Mayor of Choluteca



Municipal Emergency Committee and the Risk Management South Region Table members in the update of the Choluteca Emergencies Prevention & Response Plan



Meeting with Risk Management South Region Table about Resilience community consultation



Ivan Campos, COPECO Regional Deputy Commissioner planning activities with USAID Project Coordinator Maria Luisa Interiano

## CLOSING EVENT



Major Quintín Soriano in the closing event



UNAH Research presentation



CODEL members talk about their experience with the project



Cultural exhibition during the closing event.