

Q1

- Various tools have different spatial scope. Which tools are appropriate at what scale
- **Inventory, awareness, access, usability**
- Succinct inventory of tools, their uses, circumstances for use, and spatial scope
- Summarized in general terms so all can be aware of tool's value (e.g., tool function should be understood by non-spatial people)

Inventory

Tool	Who should use?	How should it be used?	Under what circumstances?	Usability? (cost, access, etc)	Spatial resolution	Etc...

Q2

- Making sure the **appropriate level of technology** is used for national buy-in.
- **Synergy comes from the users** and not the tools themselves. **Participatory** and **community-based tools** should synergized with int'l fixed standards of practices.
- **Linking tools** for a more holistic (REDD+) approach to monitoring changes in GHG emissions. (e.g., linking Terra Congo and Global Forest Watch to give a carbon content for a polygon – combining landuse and carbon)

Q3

- Governments need to be able to use these tools themselves as REDD continues into the future.
- Communities need to be involved in tools, especially in ground measurements (i.e., more participatory)
- Level of data precision should be 'good enough' for management decisions. This may have to be 'bridged' to a higher level of precision for acceptance on an international stage.
- Uneven knowledge associated with audience (tool designer or tool user)
 - When to call in specialists and skilled technicians (e.g., spatial / GIS experts)
 - Range of tools, none of which are turnkey. Use of a particular tool may require a workflow mgmt
- Shift from REDD+ to AFOLU (evolving from exclusively looking at CO₂ as a GHG to the entire realm of GHG in a variety of ecosystems)

Q4

- Adaptable and flexible standards and tools with active learning
- Expanding toolkit for AFOLU and adapting tools for a more complete understanding of GHG emissions in a variety of environments
- Having an inventory of tools
- Integrating complimentary tools and data for more cross-cutting data exploration
- Establish net GHG flux and carbon accounting at a national level for baselines

Q5

- Establish net GHG flux and carbon accounting at a national level for baselines
- Expanding toolkit for AFOLU
- Pulling together landuse planning from multiple levels (pilot sites to national land use allocations)
- US to step up involvement as signatories to the protocol that replaces Kyoto