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QUARTERLY REPORT #10

HELPING ADDRESS RURAL VULNERABILITIES AND ECOSYSTEM STABILITY (HARVEST) PROGRAM



April – June 2013

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Cover Photo: Children eat enriched rice porridge at a nutrition training event in Siem Reap province.

Photo by Cambodia HARVEST

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The author's views expressed in this publication do not necessarily reflect the views of the United States Agency for International Development or the United States Government.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Cambodia HARVEST is a five-year food security program focused on increasing incomes for 70,000 rural Cambodian households as part of the United States Feed the Future and Global Climate Change initiatives. This is the program's tenth quarterly report and highlights major achievements and activities for the period of April through June 2013.

Cambodia HARVEST reached its halfway point this quarter, with the program **meeting or exceeding targets for 86 percent of its indicators**. This quarter saw the end of the dry season and the arrival of the monsoon rains, when agricultural activity is traditionally at its peak in Cambodia. The bulk of the program's farmer beneficiaries harvested their dry-season rice crops, and horticulture and home gardens also harvested their plots, leading to **improved yields and incomes** for thousands of rural households. In addition, the program launched the **mobile kitchen project**, which, along with other nutrition activities, has made a demonstrable **improvement in the dietary diversity** of thousands of clients. Meanwhile, the program completed a natural resource management goal this quarter by **replanting degraded forest areas** in five community fisheries and forests.

Overall food security highlights include:

- Technical assistance extended to 47,016 rural households to date, 121 percent of the halfway point target of 38,751 households and 67 percent of the target for the life of the program of 70,000. Of these, 3,290 were extreme poor, 47 percent of the target for the life of the program of 7,000.
- To date, 80,018 people have received agriculture and food security training through demonstration sites, interactive field days, and one-on-one technical assistance, accomplishing 57 percent of the total program target of 140,000.
- To date, \$6.43 million in incremental sales have been generated at the farm and small- and medium-sized enterprise level, 129 percent of the current cumulative target of \$5 million and 32 percent of the target for the life of the program of \$19.96 million.

Food Availability Increased

Cambodia HARVEST is working to increase the availability of food in order to meet the everyday dietary needs of Cambodians. Highlights include:

- 28,599 farmers and others have applied new technologies or management practices, 102 percent of the current cumulative target of 27,992.
- 9,314 hectares are under improved technologies or management practices, 128 percent of the current cumulative target of 7,257.
- Improved dietary diversity for women of reproductive age, from an average of 4.6 food groups consumed to 5.2, or 87 percent of the life of the program target of six.
- One dozen policies, regulations, and administrative procedures have been advanced to enhance the agricultural policy framework, 120 percent of the current cumulative target of ten.

Increased Food Access through Rural Income Diversification

The program is strengthening the ability of Cambodians to generate income through economic activities in order to increase their capacity to purchase food. Highlights include:

- \$1.14 million in incremental sales were collected at the farm level this quarter from rice, horticulture, and aquaculture.

- \$615,725 in incremental sales were collected at the small- and medium-sized enterprise levels this quarter, including rice millers and input suppliers.

Natural Resource Management and Resilience to Climate Change

The program is working to protect the country's globally significant natural resources, which are an essential source of economic activity and food security for Cambodians. Highlights include:

- To date, 433,910 hectares are now under improved natural resource management, 98 percent of the life of the program target of 444,910.
- 21,791 people have received training in natural resources management and/or biodiversity conservation, 152 percent of the current cumulative target of 14,375 and 81 percent of the overall program target of 27,000.
- The goal of reforesting 127.5 hectares of land has been achieved, using 160,000 seedlings grown in program nurseries.

Capacity of Public, Private, and Civil Society to Address Food Security and Climate Change

Cambodia HARVEST is strengthening the capacity of Cambodians to manage and resolve challenges related to food security and global climate change. Highlights include:

- Eight climate change mitigation tools, technologies, and methodologies have been developed, tested, and/or adopted, meeting the current cumulative target of eight.
- 10,200 stakeholders have increased their capacity to adapt to the effects of climate variability and change, 102 percent of the current cumulative target of 10,000.
- The 7,228 people trained on the proper use and maintenance of farm machinery repaired more than 700 pieces of equipment, an estimated savings of more than \$42,000 to rural households.
- 1,363 clients have received loans totalling nearly \$2 million, increasing household incomes and boosting rural productivity.

I. INTRODUCTION

I.1 PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

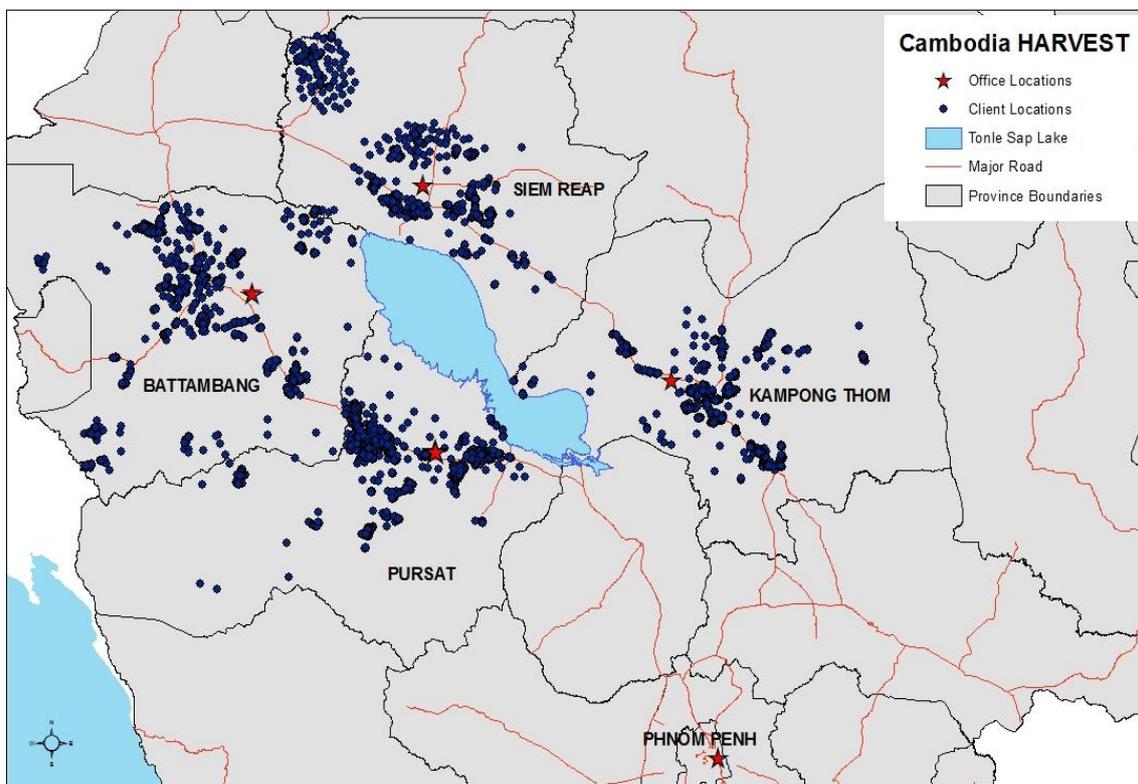
Cambodia HARVEST develops sound, agriculture-focused solutions to poor productivity, postharvest losses, malnutrition, lack of market access, environmental degradation, and the effects of climate change on vulnerable rural populations. The program is based on an **intensive extension methodology** in which program technicians visit their client farmers every week to provide targeted, hands-on technical assistance. In this way, Cambodia HARVEST ensures that its tens of thousands of rural clients not only see short-term gains, but also build the necessary skills and knowledge to continue succeeding long after the program is finished.

The overarching goals of Cambodia HARVEST are to improve food availability; increase food access through rural income diversification; improve natural resource management and resilience to climate change; and strengthen the capacity of the public and private sectors and civil society to address food security and climate change.

I.2 GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS

Cambodia HARVEST is working in 621 villages (including villages reached through operations and maintenance and mobile kitchen training) in the four target provinces around the Tonle Sap Lake: 186 in Battambang, 149 in Pursat, 157 in Siem Reap, and 129 in Kampong Thom. Figure I shows the geographic dispersal of Cambodia HARVEST target communes. More detailed regional maps are included in Annex IV.

Figure I: Cambodia HARVEST Clients



I.3 CLIENT PORTFOLIO

Because farmers are more likely to adopt new practices if they see the benefits first-hand, Cambodia HARVEST uses demonstration sites – established on client and lead client farms, households, or those of farmer groups or agribusinesses – to illustrate the effects of program techniques and technologies. To date, the program has worked with a total of 7,815 field demonstration clients (6,759 for horticulture and rice; 855 aquaculture, hatchery, and cage culture; 101 schools and health centers with vegetable gardens; and 100 in forestry) and 495 partner clients (349 input suppliers; 49 rice millers; 68 commune councils; and 29 branches of nine microfinance institutions).

Definitions

- **Demonstration client:** Farmers or individuals who demonstrate program techniques and technologies to nearby farmers under a co-investment agreement.
- **Lead client:** A demonstration client who uses his/her plot to illustrate technology to other demonstration clients or beneficiaries within a village.
- **Partner client:** Communities or agribusinesses assisted by the program.
- **Client (farmer) group:** One lead client with a number of beneficiary farmers.
- **Producer group:** A number of farmers who come together as a group to leverage market options.
- **Beneficiary:** Farmers or individuals who receive indirect technical assistance from the program.
- **Participants:** Farmers or individuals who attend trainings.

I.4 IMPLEMENTING PARTNERS

Cambodia HARVEST has partnered with 28 field-based NGOs with 260 field technicians to implement activities in horticulture and rice, forestry, aquaculture, fisheries, nutrition, and vocational, as shown in Figure 2 below.

Figure 2: Cambodia HARVEST Implementing Partners

Partner	Agriculture/ Nutrition	Rice	NRM/ Forestry	Aquaculture/ Fisheries	M&E	Business Development Services	Operations Management	Fish Processing	Capacity Development
Action for Development			✓						
Advanced Engineering	✓								
Agriculture Technology Services Association	✓	✓				✓		✓	
Aphivat Strey	✓	✓		✓					
Aruna Technology			✓						
Auburn University				✓					✓
Buddhism for Development	✓								
Cambodia Development Resource Institute					✓				
Conservation International								✓	
Emerging Markets Consulting	✓								
Environmental Protection and Development Organization			✓	✓					
Farmer Livelihood Development	✓					✓	✓		
Fauna & Flora International (FFI)			✓						
Human Resource and Rural Economic Development Organization	✓	✓	✓						
IDE Cambodia		✓							
International Institute for Education									✓
Lom Orng Organization							✓		
Partnership for Development in Kampuchea				✓					
Ponleur Kumar	✓	✓	✓						
Program for Appropriate Technology in Health (PATH)	✓								
Prom Vihear Thor Organization			✓	✓					
Reproductive and Child Health Alliance (RACHA)	✓								
Rural Economic & Agriculture Development Agency	✓								
Srer Khmer	✓	✓							
Village Support Group	✓		✓	✓					
Wathnakpheap	✓								
Weidemann Associates									✓
Wildlife Conservation Society				✓					

Cambodia HARVEST continues to collaborate with numerous Cambodian government agencies, donors, local and international organizations, educational institutions, and private sector firms. Figure 3 shows the program's major counterparts with whom staff members collaborate regularly.

Figure 3: Select Cambodia HARVEST Counterpart and Stakeholder Collaboration

Government	Donor Organizations	NGOs	Private Sector & Other
Commune Councils	Asian Development Bank	Aphivat Strey	Advancing Engineering Consultant
Fisheries Administration	Collaborative Research Support Program	Buddhism For Development	Agrisource (Cambodia) Ltd.
Forestry Administration	Food and Agriculture Organization	Cambodia Development Resource Institute	Aruna Technology
General Directorate of Agriculture	Peace Corps	Conservation International	Asia Irrigation Co. Ltd
Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries	Voluntary Service Overseas	Environment Protection and Development Organization	Cambodian Agribusiness Development Facility
Ministry of Environment	World Bank	Fauna and Flora International	Chhieng Long Trading Co. Ltd
Ministry of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction	World Health Organization	International Development Enterprises	CSB Co. Ltd
Ministry of Water Resources and Meteorology		Khmer Youth and Social Development	Federation of Rice Millers Association
Ministry of Women's Affairs		Lom Orng organization	Horticulture Collaborative Research Support Program
Office of the Council of Ministers		Partners for Development	Integrated Modern Irrigation Solution (Cambodia) Co. Ltd
Provincial Department of Agriculture		Ponleu Kumar	International Rice Research Institute
Provincial Department of Education, Youth and Sport		Prom Vihear Thor	Kasevisiddh Group Co. Ltd
Provincial Department of Health		Reproductive and Child Health Alliance	Ly Hong Chhoy Co. Ltd
Provincial Department of Water Resources and Meteorology / Pursat		Srer Khmer	National Institute of Public Health
Provincial Department of Women's Affairs		Village Support Group	Papaya Co. Ltd
			Prek Leap National College of Agriculture
			Prum Bunthai Enterprise
			Royal University of Agriculture
			University of Battambang

2. PROGRAM COMPONENTS

2.1 FOOD AVAILABILITY INCREASED

Cambodia HARVEST's work in this area focuses on enhancing agricultural input and production systems; introducing improved crop varieties and agricultural techniques; diversifying rural production systems; and strengthening the agricultural policy framework. This quarter, 2,392 farmer beneficiaries harvested their dry-season crops, resulting in yield and income increases, while wet-season farmers began planting their fields as the monsoon rains arrived. Meanwhile, commercial horticulture, home garden, and aquaculture clients continued to show strong productivity increases.

Agriculture Input and Production Systems Enhanced

- **Dry-season rice farmers see productivity and income increases.** Of the 3,013 rice farmers benefitting from program assistance this dry season, 2,392 harvested their rice by the end of June, resulting in yield increases of 32 percent over baseline. On average, these farmers increased their incomes by 25 percent over baseline. These farmers belong to farmer groups and receive Cambodia HARVEST technical assistance through demonstration farms. Overall, this resulted in a total net production increase of 3,264 metric tons of paddy, valued at approximately \$983,031. The remaining 621 farmer beneficiaries are expected to harvest their fields by the end of July.
- **Farmers begin wet-season rice cultivation.** With the onset of monsoon rains, wet-season rice cultivation began this quarter. Cambodia HARVEST will work with approximately 14,000 farmers this season, of which 10,000 are new to the program. Program technicians are already in the process of training these farmers in good agricultural practices to increase productivity and quality through more than 1,000 demonstration sites.
- **Commercial horticulture farmers continue to see success.** The program's 880 commercial horticulture clients increased their yields by 231 percent over baseline, resulting in average incremental income increases of \$604 per farmer, 254 percent over baseline. These clients harvested a variety of crops, including bitter melon, long bean, cauliflower, cucumbers, morning glory, and eggplant, which are grown because of their high local demand. Due to the program's work to stimulate the cultivation of horticulture crops on a commercial basis, village households are now able to diversify their food and nutrition intake from the increased availability of these products, which were only intermittently available before.
- **Home garden clients begin graduating.** After 16 months of direct technical assistance, 4,917 demonstration clients have begun the process of graduating and becoming sustainable producers of vegetables. These clients make up the program's first phase and represent half of the



Photo by Cambodia HARVEST

A commercial horticulture client in Battambang harvests his cauliflower crop. The program's 880 commercial horticulture clients increased their yields by 231 percent over baseline, resulting in income increases of 254 percent.

10,000 farmers that Cambodia HARVEST will work with over the life of the program. During their time as clients, these farmers received weekly extension visits from program agronomists, completed 13 modules of nutrition training, and were linked to vegetable buyers, input suppliers, and microfinance institutions. This quarter, the program's 4,917 home garden clients increased their productivity by 325 percent and their incomes by 307 percent with crops such as squash, long bean, eggplant, and various gourds.

- **Aquaculture farmers boost productivity.** Fifty-six aquaculture clients harvested their ponds according to schedule this quarter, producing a total of 13 tons of fish with a market value of \$22,600. (The program's remaining 781 clients did not harvest this quarter because they are on different schedules.) To date, program clients have harvested 97 tons of fish with a total market value of \$140,000, an 80 percent increase over baseline. On average, clients consume more than 15 percent of the fish they raise, allowing them to supplement their diets with protein and save money on food purchases.

Rural Production Systems Diversified

- **Nutrition training improves dietary diversity.** Over 9,000 people attended one or more program-supported nutrition training event this quarter. These events, in conjunction with the program's agriculture and aquaculture technical assistance, are beginning to have a demonstrable impact on family dietary diversity, according to the results of the latest quarterly performance monitoring survey. On average, client households now eat from 5.2 food groups on a daily basis, compared to a baseline number of 4.6 of Feed the Future's nine food groups essential to women's dietary diversity. By improving dietary diversity and nutrition practices, Cambodia HARVEST is working to prevent a range of diseases and developmental problems caused by malnutrition.



Photo by Cambodia HARVEST

A nutrition training session in Pursat educates participants on the nine food groups essential to women's dietary diversity.

- **Mobile kitchen project launches.** Cambodia HARVEST's mobile kitchen project launched on a pilot basis this quarter in Kampong Thom and Pursat, where it is collaborating with USAID

health partner Reproductive and Child Health Alliance (RACHA). The project has thus far educated 5,449 people (85 percent women) in 123 villages on important nutrition and hygiene concepts, a number that will grow to approximately 45,000 households in 725 villages over the life of the program. Under the initiative, eight mobile kitchens – two-wheeled trailers with cooking stations that are towed by motorbike – will conduct interactive cooking demonstrations that incorporate fresh vegetables from home gardens and other nutrition-rich ingredients. In addition, the carts will provide important information on growth monitoring for infants. As part of this work, the program has trained 411 volunteers from village health support groups who are collaborating with the mobile kitchens and supporting the work of local health centers.

Strengthen Agriculture Policy Framework

- Government reviews draft law on agricultural products.** A program-sponsored workshop in Phnom Penh allowed high-level government officials to review a draft law on the quality and safety of agricultural products, which remain poor in Cambodia. The law is designed to both expand the domestic market and improve the suitability of agricultural products for export, with the aim of driving up agricultural production and spurring growth in the rural economy. The one-day workshop provided an opportunity for 77 officials from every province in Cambodia and various departments of the ministry to review and comment on the law, which Cambodia HARVEST helped draft. The program will now seek feedback on the law from a broader audience, including donors, the private sector, and civil society.
- Drafts on seed policy and procedure are finalized.** Working with key partners, Cambodia HARVEST fine-tuned the final drafts of the national seed policy and the procedure to certify seed quality, which are designed to boost the production and supply of quality seeds of various crops. The General Directorate of Agriculture and Cambodia HARVEST will work through the government process to have the drafts finalized and adopted formally by the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries. When adopted, the policy and procedure will increase crop production, farmer productivity, family food security and nutrition, and farm earnings.

Figure 4: Status of Cambodia HARVEST Policy Reforms

To promote inclusive growth in the agriculture sector, Cambodia HARVEST is working with the Royal Government of Cambodia to identify, diagnose, and address key policy constraints. The following table summarizes the 20 key policy areas that Cambodia HARVEST is addressing. A “✓” indicates that the stage has been completed, while the dates indicate the planned start month and year.

Policy	Stage 1: Analysis/ Inception	Stage 2: Drafting	Stage 3: Presentation	Stage 4: Adoption	Stage 5: Implement- ation
Legal aspects of exporting Cambodian rice originating in foreign countries	✓	✓	✓	N.A.	N.A.
Biodiversity Targets and Indicators for National Biodiversity Strategic and Action Plan (NBSAP)	✓	✓	✓	2013	2014
Sub-decree of Uniform of Seed Inspectors (Khmer)	✓	✓	✓	2013	2014
National Seed Standards	✓	✓	✓	2013	2014
Plant Breeders' Rights (DUS testing)	✓	✓	✓	2013	2014
Prakas on Seed Quality Certification	✓	✓	✓	2013	2014
National Seed Policy		✓	✓	2013	2014
Draft Law on Quality and Safety of Agricultural Products	✓	✓	✓	2014	2015
Code of Practice for Rice Seed Production	✓	June-Sept 2013	October 2013	2013	2014
Rice Seed Strategic Plan	✓	June-Oct 2013	November 2013	2013	2014
National Protected Area Strategic Management Framework	✓	July-Sept 2013	October 2013	2013	2014

Policy	Stage 1: Analysis/ Inception	Stage 2: Drafting	Stage 3: Presentation	Stage 4: Adoption	Stage 5: Implementation
Agricultural Extension Policy	✓	July-Nov 2013	July-Nov2013	2013	2014
National Policy on Agricultural Cooperatives	✓	July-Nov 2013	July-Nov 2013	2014	2014
Code of Practice for Soybean Seed Production and Management	January 2014	March-July 2014	August 2013	2014	2015
Guidelines for Establishing Community Protected Areas	March 2014	April-August 2014	September 2014	2014	2015
Regulations on Contract Farming	January 2014	Feb-June 2014	July 2014	2014	2015
Horticulture Strategic Development Plan	January 2014	Feb-June 2014	July 2014	2014	2015
Policy on Agro Processing	February 2013	June-August 2014	September 2014	2014	2015
Policy on Agriculture Credit	March 2014	June-Sept 2014	October 2014	2015	2015
Strategy on Rice Drying	March 2014	June-Oct 2014	Nov2014	2015	2015

2.2 INCREASED FOOD ACCESS THROUGH RURAL INCOME DIVERSIFICATION

Cambodia HARVEST works to strengthen postharvest systems; improve market access and linkages to smallholders; expand rural employment generation; and increase investment in marketing infrastructure. This quarter, farmers learned improved practices designed to limit postharvest losses. In addition, the program strengthened key value chains by linking farmers with buyers of their products.

Postharvest Systems Strengthened

- Fish processors benefit from an improved stove design.** The program completed the development of an improved and affordable cooking stove for women fish processors living in floating villages. The new stove smokes fish faster than traditional models – in two and a half hours instead of seven – saving processors time and money, alleviating pressure on forestry resources, and reducing emissions that are harmful to human health and the environment. In addition, the stove produces fish that is of better quality than those processed in standard stoves. Cambodia HARVEST is currently training its 198 fish producer group members on how to operate and maintain the stove, which will be affordable for fish processors throughout the



Photo by Cambodia HARVEST

A fish processor inspects the progress of her smoked fish. The stove pictured here smokes fish nearly three times faster than traditional models, saving processors time, money, and resources.

country.

- **Training addresses postharvest losses.** Cambodia HARVEST launched a program on improved postharvest practices that trained 581 farmers on concepts such as proper rice drying to minimize grain cracking and the use of hermetic bags for grain storage. These concepts and techniques are designed to ensure minimum losses during the postharvest phase. Cambodia's rice sector suffers from 20-30 percent postharvest losses, a major hindrance to growth in the sector.
- **Rice and corn millers apply for co-investment.** In order to help rice and corn millers expand their processing facilities, Cambodia HARVEST assisted 45 small- and medium-sized millers who applied for co-investment through the program's Public-Private Alliance initiative. This initiative seeks partnerships with local entities that, under a cost-share agreement, will focus on activities that support increasing food access. Requested forms of support include product dryers and polishers, color sorters, and conveyer systems, all of which will help millers expand their production capacities.

Value of Incremental Sales Increased at the Farm and Small- and Medium- Enterprise Level

- **Incremental sales increase at farm level.** This quarter, program agriculture and aquaculture clients saw incremental sales increases of \$1.14 million, bringing the total value of incremental sales increases to date to \$2.57 million, 149 percent of the current cumulative target. Rice farmers experienced incremental sales increases of \$983,031, horticulture farmers saw \$149,717, and aquaculture farmers saw \$9,406 of incremental sales increases.
- **Agribusinesses increase sales.** Small- and medium-sized enterprises reported incremental sales increases of \$615,725 this quarter, bringing the total amount to date to \$3.87 million, 118 percent of the current cumulative target. Of these, agricultural input suppliers have seen incremental sales gains of \$351,055 as a result of Cambodia HARVEST support, including training on improved business practices, increased access to more and better products, and technical training on agricultural concepts. Meanwhile, rice millers saw incremental sales increases of \$264,670 this quarter.
- **Producer groups increase sales to informal buyers.** Horticulture producer groups are becoming more organized as a result of Cambodia HARVEST assistance, with farmers now attracting a reliable stream of informal buyers for their crops, leading to higher sales volumes and prices. Through marketing meetings and other training events, Cambodia HARVEST linked 261 horticulture clients with 23 district- and provincial-level vegetable buyers this quarter,



Photo by Cambodia HARVEST

A vegetable buyer collects crops from commercial horticulture producer group members in Kampong Thom. The program linked 261 horticulture clients with 23 buyers this quarter, resulting in 77 metric tons in new sales worth \$29,143.

resulting in 77 metric tons in new sales worth \$29,143. Buyers are now placing daily purchase orders of 200-3,000 kilograms per crop, with total volumes averaging 16 tons per day. In addition, these producer groups are beginning to attract home garden clients, who can utilize them to sell excess product.

Market Access and Linkages to Smallholders Improved

- **Government officials learn key market concepts.** Cambodia HARVEST trained 89 government agricultural officials and NGO personnel on agricultural market analysis at two events in Kampong Thom and Battambang. Participants learned to better understand the complexity of agricultural markets and how to provide improved services to farmers. The training drew heavily on the program's work in other areas: three rounds of comprehensive surveys in 23 markets in the four target provinces, weekly price surveys, the survey of specific products in Battambang, and farmer-buyer linkages facilitated by Cambodia HARVEST marketing assistants.
- **Market study helps non-timber forest product value chain.** The program conducted a study of the non-timber forest product (NTFP) value chain that mapped each stage of the production, distribution, and sale of rattan baskets. The study is designed to provide key market information to the program's 432 NTFP producers belonging to 67 producer groups, who will now be able to link with more buyers and distributors and sell their products for higher prices. Lack of market information and linkages along the value chain are key obstacles for NTFP producers, limiting their sales and productivity.
- **Tomato study shows opportunity for local growers.** Cambodia HARVEST completed an in-depth study of the tomato supply chain in Pursat, in order to assess the competitive advantages of small-scale growers and the potential for expansion in target districts. The study found that 59 percent of the tomatoes consumed were imported from Vietnam, which is a significant market opportunity for local growers. Cambodia HARVEST will use this information to design tomato planting programs that take advantage of periods when imports are low.

2.3 NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND RESILIENCE TO CLIMATE CHANGE INCREASED

In this area, the program is working to accurately inventory and value key natural resources; enhance the enabling environment for sustainable resource management; improve environmental monitoring and management; and increase the economic benefits of natural resource management and conservation. This quarter, Cambodia HARVEST reforested 127.5 hectares of land, the target for the entire life of the program. Meanwhile, client community fisheries improved their ability to monitor their refuge ponds and fish sanctuaries with boats and watchtowers.

Enabling Environment for Sustainable Resource Management Enhanced

- **Program completes reforestation efforts.** Cambodia HARVEST reforested 127.5 hectares of land, its target for the life of the program, using 160,000 seedlings grown in program nurseries. In collaboration with Cambodia HARVEST and government officials, more than 1,700 villagers from five local communities participated in the reforestation efforts, which covered 97 hectares of dry forest and 30.5 of flooded forest. The program worked closely with the Cambodian government to select the areas for reforestation:

after the Forestry Administration identified a suitable 1,000 hectares, Cambodia HARVEST selected the 127.5 hectares for reforestation.

Environmental Monitoring and Management Improved

- **Community fisheries improve monitoring capabilities.** The program's six community fisheries are continuing to improve their ability to protect and manage their refuge ponds and fish sanctuaries, vital sources of food security for nearly 20,000 people. All of the program's community fisheries have established log books and schedules for the operation of boats provided by Cambodia HARVEST for monitoring purposes. In addition, all six fisheries have constructed watchtowers that allow community members to monitor their areas for poaching and fishing outside of allowable seasons. Protecting refuge ponds and fishing sanctuaries, where wild fish breed and survive during the dry season, is vital to ensuring the food security of Cambodians, who rely on fish for 70 percent of their protein intake. In addition to support for monitoring activities, Cambodia HARVEST has helped strengthen community fisheries institutionally, including educating community members about existing by-laws that relate to the conservation of refuge ponds and fish sanctuaries.
- **Prek Toal benefits from improved management.** The program continues to strengthen the management of Prek Toal Core Area, a 21,000-hectare protected area in the Tonle Sap basin that is home to nearly 3,000 people in floating villages. This quarter, Cambodia HARVEST facilitated the construction of two watchtowers that are assisting the community in monitoring the area's fishery resources. In addition, the program is helping improve the area's management, which is characterized by a number of stakeholders with overlapping responsibilities, including the Ministry of Environment, the Forestry Administration, the Fisheries Administration, the Tonle Sap Authority, and provincial authorities. To that end, the program is helping to revise Prek Toal's five-year management plan, training the area's rangers on management concepts, providing logistical support for management information system-based area monitoring, and conducting stakeholder coordination meetings.
- **Community forestry and fishery areas delineate boundaries.** Cambodia HARVEST worked with community members and local government officials to demarcate the boundaries of the 1,022-hectare Prey Teuk Chob Khnarpou Community Forestry area. Concrete markers now clearly define the area's boundaries as part of efforts to protect the community forest's resources from exploitation. In addition, the program installed concrete markers around Boeung Tuk Community Fishery's 4.5-hectare refuge pond, where wild fish breed and survive during the dry season. The program will continue to



Photo by Cambodia HARVEST

Community members install a marker that demarcates the boundaries of the 1,022-hectare Prey Teuk Chob Khnarpou Community Forestry, an essential step in enabling community members to protect their forest's resources.

install similar markers in the coming months.

2.4 CAPACITY OF PUBLIC, PRIVATE & CIVIL SOCIETY TO ADDRESS FOOD SECURITY & CLIMATE CHANGE

Cambodia HARVEST works with local partners to increase the capacity of producer groups and private sector networks; enhance the capacity for adaptive research and extension; and establish the capacity for climate adaptation and mitigation. This quarter, the program completed the second stage of a highly successful farm machinery training program, which is saving farmers time and money and creating opportunities for rural employment, particularly for youth. In addition, input suppliers began establishing commercial nurseries that will supply high-quality vegetable seedlings to horticulture farmers.

Capacity of Producer Groups and Private Sector Networks Increased

- **Second stage of farm machinery training completed.** Cambodia HARVEST completed the second round of its farm machinery training course. Over two stages, the course has trained 7,228 people on the proper use and maintenance of mechanized farm equipment, which is becoming increasingly prevalent in rural areas. Trainees brought in their own equipment for repair, much of which had been abandoned. As a result, more than 700 pieces of equipment are now functional again, at an estimated savings of more than \$42,000 to rural households. Participants scored 70-80 percent on machinery aptitude tests after completing the course, well above the 20-25 percent most scored during pre-training assessments. In addition to saving farmers time and money, the course will enable some participants to find employment or start their own repair businesses.

- **Input suppliers establish seedling nurseries.** In an effort to expand the range of services available to commercial horticulture farmers, Cambodia HARVEST established its first commercial seedling nursery in collaboration with an input supplier in Pursat province. The program will establish eight such nurseries – two per target province – on a pilot basis before determining the commercial need for expanding them on a wider basis. The nurseries are designed to meet the growing demand for high-quality seedlings among commercial horticulture farmers. With better seedlings and a selection of plant varieties, farmers can take advantage of calendar-based plantings to better meet market needs.



Photo by Cambodia HARVEST

An input supplier in Pursat established a commercial horticulture nursery, the first of eight that the program will establish in order to provide farmers with high-quality seedlings.

- **Input suppliers strengthen aquaculture value chain.** During the quarter, the program held training workshops that linked 146 key actors in the aquaculture supply chain, including fish farmers, input suppliers, and distributors. To date, the program has linked 287 key actors in the aquaculture value chain. In addition, the workshops provided

instruction on important factors in aquaculture production, helping input suppliers to better tailor their products to meet the needs of their customers.

- **Households take advantage of increased access to loans.** As a result of Cambodia HARVEST's marketing efforts, 324 rice, home garden, commercial horticulture, and aquaculture clients received loans from microfinance institutions this quarter worth a total of \$577,640. To date, 1,363 clients have received loans totaling nearly \$2 million, increasing household incomes and boosting rural productivity. In an effort to connect rural households with credit, Cambodia HARVEST held a two-day training course for 61 personnel from nine partner microfinance institutions in Pursat. The training has enabled lending officers better to assess agricultural loan applications and improve their financial products to meet the needs of farmers, who are generally viewed as risky and unfavorable for credit.

Capacity for Adaptive Research and Extension Enhanced

- **Agriculture input suppliers learn basics of plant nutrition and fertilizers.** As part of Cambodia HARVEST's efforts to develop its 349 input suppliers into village extension service providers, the program launched a training course on plant nutrition and fertilizer management. Cambodia HARVEST developed the course in response to requests from input suppliers. After successfully providing a pilot version of the course to 28 input suppliers in Pursat, the program is in the process of expanding it to include 210 additional program input suppliers in the four target provinces.
- **Field station launches snakehead study.** Cambodia HARVEST technicians, in coordination with the Fisheries Administration and the Japanese development agency JICA, initiated snakehead feed research this quarter at the administration's field station in Siem Reap. Cambodia HARVEST is taking the lead in conducting the study, which is designed to gather evidence of the economic viability of snakehead cage production using commercial feed rather than the resource-depleting practice of using live-caught wild fish. The ultimate goal of this work is to amend or overturn the current snakehead ban, which would enable farmers to raise the species commercially.

Capacity for Climate Adaptation and Mitigation Established

- **In-pond aquaculture cages mitigate effects of climate change.** Cambodia HARVEST continues to develop technology designed to help aquaculture farmers adapt to climate change. At the University of Battambang, which offers an aquaculture curriculum developed by Cambodia HARVEST, program technicians are validating the effectiveness of an in-pond cage design that encloses fish and prevents losses during annual flooding. Tests have shown that the technology is suitable for use in Cambodia, and the program plans to introduce it to all aquaculture clients prone to flooding. With floods forecast to increase as a result of global climate change, this technology will allow fish production in areas that would otherwise not be suitable for it.
- **Program completes global climate change mitigation training for government officials.** This quarter, the program trained 37 officials from the Forestry Administration on land cover mapping for Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation (REDD) and carbon inventory. These sessions are the final training activities of the program's global climate change mitigation work.

3. ACTIVITIES PLANNED FOR NEXT QUARTER

Food Availability Increased

- Begin the 2013 wet season rice activities for approximately 14,000 clients, including 1,000 demonstration farms.
- Graduate 2,500 home garden and horticulture clients.
- Select approximately 100 new villages in Pursat and Siem Reap for phase two of client initiation.
- Establish one fish nursery at a floating village on the Tonle Sap.
- Provide technical assistance to three new client hatcheries.
- Expand nutrition work with up to 20 local health centers, including conducting demonstrations and supporting nutrition-related microenterprises.
- Conduct public consultations and revise the draft law on the quality and safety of agricultural products.
- Continue assisting the government in analyzing, drafting, and facilitating stakeholder consultations on (i) the guidelines for rice seed production, (ii) the rice seed strategic plan, and (iii) the agricultural extension policy.
- Conduct a special survey to capture household replication of the program's technical activities.

Increased Food Access through Rural Income Diversification

- Develop 120 linkages between rice farmers and Cambodia HARVEST-supported rice mills in the four target provinces.
- Train 30 counterparts, trade associations, and government officials in market analysis methodologies for agriculture and other target products.
- Conduct two market surveys on the village/market structure and market potential of agricultural products promoted by Cambodia HARVEST.
- Focus on marketing strategies for fish processors and continue to provide training on and improve the affordability of the selected fuel-efficient cook stove.

Natural Resource Management and Resilience to Climate Change

- Complete plantings at 13 new lead client demonstration agroforestry sites along with their 350 group members in the four target provinces.
- Identify 22 new community forestry partner client groups and six new fisheries communities.
- Complete the REDD feasibility study for the Central Cardamoms Protected Forest.
- In preparation for an environmental conservation awareness campaign, conduct a study on bushmeat usage and prepare ten camera traps that track wildlife in the Central Cardamoms Protected Forest.
- Implement forest management and protection training for 47 government and community-based volunteer rangers in five stations in the Central Cardamom Protected Forest.

- Conduct one national and two provincial stakeholder meetings to clarify roles and responsibilities of government agencies responsible for natural resource management in the Prek Toal Core Area.
- Host three capacity-building training packages on watershed management for Cambodia HARVEST staff and government officials from all four target provinces.
- Conduct training workshops for more than 50 provincial-level officials from the four provinces on global climate change concepts.
- Complete technical assistance with the Ministry of Environment on the National Protected Area Strategic Management Framework.
- Conduct baseline survey to capture the socioeconomic status of five communities in new natural resource management sites.

Capacity of Public, Private, and Civil Society to Address Food Security and Climate Change

- Begin full implementation of the snakehead feed study at the Fisheries Administration field station in Siem Reap.
- Link 900 farmers to microfinance institutions through agricultural field days.
- Assist 16 small-scale rice millers and other agribusinesses in developing business plans, feasibility studies, and loan applications.
- Finalize the program's gender study, which provides the framework for how gender and social inclusion are integrated throughout the program and how objectives for gender and nutrition are achieved.
- Host seven Cambodian undergraduate students from two universities for three-month field internships with program technical personnel.
- Provide scholarships to ten graduate students pursuing master's degrees in nutrition and natural resource management at Cambodian universities.

ANNEX I: YEAR THREE PERFORMANCE WORK PLAN

N°	Activity Description	Year 3 (Oct 2012 - Sep 2013)				TOTAL YEAR 3	Year 4 (Oct 2013 - Sep 2014)	Year 5 (Oct 2014 - Sep 2015)	Year 6* (Oct 2015 Dec 2015) * 3 months	TOTAL EXPECTED LOP	Deliverables	Responsibilities	Progress Monitor (as of June 30th, 2013)				
		Q1 Oct-Dec	Q2 Jan-Mar	Q3 Apr-Jun	Q4 Jul-Sep								Status	To Date Target	To Date Actual	Balance from LOP target	Comments
1.1	Development and production of technical manuals and other training materials for agriculture (crops)	1	6	6	6	19	6	5	updates	75	Technical manuals and other training materials produced		+	58	68	7	
1.1.1	Rice	1	1	1	1	4	Updates	updates	updates	10	# produced	AG	+	9	10	0	
1.1.2	Horticulture		3	3	3	9	4	3	updates	23	# produced	AG	+	13	18	5	
1.1.3	Postharvest		1	1	1	3			updates	6	# produced	POST	=	5	5	1	
1.1.4	Inputs and agriculture practices		1	1	1	3	2	2	updates	36	# produced	AG, SI, BDS	+	31	35	1	
1.2	Identify and form farmer groups (lead clients and clients)																
1.2.1	Clients/Farmers signed up (Active & Inactive)	894	2,230	5,841	5,497	14,462	17,732		-	42,000	Farmers/households	AG, SI (others)	+	18,771	20,914	21,086	
1.2.1.1	Total Rice	886	2,200	5,710	5,197	13,993	12,432			30,000			+	12,371	13,254	16,746	Activity is under review and will be finalized for 2013 annual report
1.2.1.1.1	Rice demonstration sites (certified seed, GAPs, etc.)	100	67	115	100	382	557			1,500	Farmers/households	AG (others)	+	843	1,448	52	
1.2.1.1.2	Rice clients/farmers	786	2,133	5,595	5,097	13,611	11,875			28,500	Farmers/households	AG (others)	+	11,528	11,806	16,694	Activity will be reclassified
1.2.1.2	Commercial horticulture	8	30	100	100	238	1,000			2,000	Farmers/households	AG (others)	+	900	1,105	895	Activity is under review and will be finalized for 2013 annual report
1.2.1.3	Home garden			31	200	231	4,300			10,000	Farmers/households	AG, SI (others)	+	5,500	6,555	3,445	
1.2.2	Lead clients (demonstration sites) active	2,341	667	815	903	4,726	5,857			13,500	Active lead/demo clients up to date	AG (others)	+	6,740	7,211	6,289	
1.2.2.1	Rice demonstration sites (certified seed, GAPs, etc.)	100	67	115	100	382	557			1,500	Lead/Demo clients	AG (others)	+	843	1,414	86	Phase 2 new home garden and commercial horticulture demonstration clients will be selected in Oct 2013
1.2.2.2	Commercial horticulture demonstration sites	250	100	200	203	753	1,000			2,000	Lead/Demo clients	AG (others)	+	797	880	1,120	
1.2.2.3	Home garden demonstration sites	1,991	500	500	600	3,591	4,300			10,000	Lead/Demo clients	AG (others)	x	5,100	4,917	5,083	
1.2.3	Graduated clients			1,100	230	1,330	1,520	4,150	6,500	13,500	Lead/Demo clients graduated from the program	AG (others)	x	1,100	646	12,854	
1.2.3.1	Rice			-	-	-	500	500	500	1,500	Graduated lead/demo clients	AG (others)	=	-	-	1,500	
1.2.3.2	Commercial horticulture			100	50	150	120	730	1,000	2,000	Graduated lead/demo clients	AG (others)	x	100	40	1,960	
1.2.3.3	Home garden			1,000	180	1,180	900	2,920	5,000	10,000	Graduated lead/demo clients	AG (others)	x	1,000	606	9,394	

N°	Activity Description	Year 3 (Oct 2012 - Sep 2013)				TOTAL YEAR 3	Year 4 (Oct 2013 - Sep 2014)	Year 5 (Oct 2014 - Sep 2015)	Year 6* (Oct 2015 - Dec 2015) * 3 months	TOTAL EXPECTED LOP	Deliverables	Responsibilities	Progress Monitor (as of June 30th, 2013)				
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4								Status	To Date Target	To Date Actual	Balance from LOP target	Comments
		Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep												
1.2.4	Forest community horticulture sites		150	120		270	270		1,063	Farmers/households	AG, SI (others)	x	793	682	381	Activity to be changed to reflect only agroforestry demonstration sites. This figure already count in 1.2.2.2 and 1.2.2.3	
1.2.5	Evaluate, develop plan, and implement plan to incorporate village-level agriculture volunteers as program clients (in coordination with relevant government agencies)		46			46	164		210	Clients will be for the duration of the program, improve their technical skills for increased outreach and improved sustainable service delivery post-project (and to provide an income incentive for their services now)	Relevant government agencies, village/commune leaders, SI, Ag/Aquaculture	=	46	On-going	N/A		
1.2.6	Rural households benefiting from agriculture demonstration clients	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	6,000	3,000	2,052	20,000	Indirect and client households are counted in PMP indicator #2.		+	13,448	22,885	-2,885	Figures adjusted to reflect household attending 3 or more trainings (now considered unique)	
1.3	Demonstrate new technologies (Technology Fund procurement and distribution for client farms)																
1.3.1	Increase adoption of new/improved technologies within target communities (e.g. drip irrigation, raised bed, trellis netting, etc.)		2	2	2	6	2		26	# individual new/improved technologies introduced to fisherfolk in target communities	AG	+	22	23	3		
1.3.2	Fruit tree seedlings (2 seedlings per home garden client)	1,488	1,500	1,500	1,500	5,988	6,000	6,000	18,000	Seedlings distributed	AG, OPS, SI (others)	+	4,500	9,976	8,024		
1.3.3	Commercial drip irrigation systems	200	200	100	100	600	1,223		2,000	Systems procured, distributed and installed	AG, OPS (others)	+	677	738	1,262		
1.3.4	Low cost home garden drip irrigation systems	488	900	1,000	1,000	3,388	5,000		10,000	Systems procured, distributed and installed	AG, OPS (others)	+	4,000	4,287	5,713		
1.3.5	Drip irrigation systems at school gardens	5	25	25		55	58		130			x	72	69	61		
1.3.6	Drip irrigation systems at health centers			10	13	23	40		63			x	10	2	61	10 out of 63 HCs have space for garden, so the LOP target will be changed from 63 to 10.	
1.4	Small-Scale Infrastructure Investments																
1.4.1	Small-scale multipurpose collection centers		5	5		10	10		20		AG, OPS (ae)	x	10	-	20	Activity is under review and will be finalized for 2013 annual report	
1.4.2	Redesign and rehabilitation of existing canal irrigation systems		2			2	1		4	Irrigation canals rehabilitated	AG, OPS (ae)	x	3	2	2		
1.5	Extension visits to demonstration farms (by program agronomists and trained alliance partners)	12,600	13,650	12,600	13,650	52,500	52,500	52,539	200,000	Extension visits to lead/demo farms by program agronomists and trained alliance partners	AG (others)	+	81,311	101,928	98,072		
1.6	Group training on demonstration farms (by program agronomists and trained alliance partners)	20,790	22,488	20,790	22,488	86,556	86,625	86,625	379,098	Participants in on-farm training events (training to include production, postharvest, business skills, marketing, other topics)	AG, POST, MKT, SI, BDS (others)	+	182,785	342,347	36,751		

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		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4								Status	To Date Target	To Date Actual	Balance from LOP target	Comments
		Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep												
1.7	Participants in village-level community field days (by program agronomists and trained alliance partners)	4,800	6,000	5,700	6,000	22,500	22,945	23,040		88,000		AG, POST, MKT, SI, BDS (others)	+	36,015	64,174	23,826	
1.8	Farm chemical safety training (participants)	2,800	4,380	4,120	4,380	15,680	15,066	15,066		55,000	Participants in FCS training	AG (input alliance partners, others)	+	20,488	26,991	28,009	
1.9	USAID CRSP Integrated Pest Management activity																
1.9.1	Plan diagnostic training activities for universities, government, and private sector,				1	1	1	1		3	Field and laboratory trainings will be conducted for the identification and control of plant diseases.	AG, HORTCRSP and RUA	=	-	-	3	
1.9.2	Trichoderma evaluations on selected commercial horticulture clients.		20			20				20	Growth and production data will be taken on 20 commercial horticulture sites, reviewed and submitted to USAID CRSP	AG, HORTCRSP and RUA	+	20	43	-23	
2	Aquaculture & Fisheries Program																
2.1	Development and production of technical manuals and other training materials for aquaculture and fisheries		2	updates	updates	2	updates	updates	updates	16	Technical manuals and other training materials produced	FISH, AQUA	x	16	14	2	
2.2	Increase adoption of new/improved technologies within target communities (e.g. improved cages, O ₂ meters, pH testing, etc.)									16	Individual new/improved technologies introduced to fisher folk in target communities	FISH, AQUA	Done	16	16	0	
2.3	Aquaculture Program																
2.3.1	Establishment of low- and medium input aquaculture demonstration ponds with lead clients (Low input in conjunction with home gardens)	35	35	35	35	140	140	180		600	Demonstration ponds established (lead clients)	AQUA	+	245	261	339	
		70	70	70	70	280	280	365		1,200	Other low-input aquaculture clients		+	485	576	624	
2.3.2	Establishment of hatchery clients			4		4	4			20	Demonstration fish hatcheries		x	16	12	8	
2.3.3	Rural households benefiting from aquaculture demonstration clients		200	200	200	600	600	474		4,000	Indirect and client households are counted in PMP indicator #2.		+	2,726	3,057	943	
2.3.4	TA Extension Visits/Group Trainings on demonstration aquaculture ponds (by program technicians and trained alliance partners)	2,260	2,260	2,260	2,260	9,040	9,260	8,448		32,453	# Demo site TA Extension Visit/Group Training (individual/group)	AQUA	+	12,485	13,169	19,284	
2.3.5	Participants at TA Extension Visits/Group Trainings on demonstration aquaculture ponds	5,120	5,120	5,120	5,120	20,480	17,920	5,385		65,014	Participants at demo site extension visit/training	AQUA	+	36,589	50,443	14,571	

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		Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep												
2.3.6	Village-level Field Day Training Events	9	150	150	150	459	700	660		2,300	# Field day training events	AQUA	+	790	1,079	1,221	
2.3.7	Participants in village-level Field Day Training Events	2,750	2,750	3,750	3,750	13,000	16,000	15,100		57,500	Community members attending aquaculture Field Day Training Events	AQUA	+	22,650	29,503	27,997	
2.3.8	Technical Assistance to Fisheries Administration on defined priority initiatives (specific initiatives to be determined)		1			1	1			4	Initiatives initiated with Fisheries Administration; ongoing implementation	AQUA	x	3	2	2	
2.3.9	Development of "Cambodia Inland Fish farmers' Input Suppliers Guide" [to improve the accessibility of aquaculture inputs through identification of local producers (fingerlings) and importers (feed, equipment)]						Revision			1	Fish farmers Supply Guide produced (ongoing updates and dissemination)	AQUA	Done	1	1	0	
2.3.10	Technical Assistance to the University of Battambang on defined aquaculture priority initiative (Specific initiatives TBD)	1				1		1		3	Initiatives initiated with the University of Battambang, on going implementation	AQUA	=	2	2	1	
2.4	Fisheries Program																
2.4.1	Establishment of Demo sites with Community Fisheries (CFI) Partner Clients (Refuge Ponds, Cage Culture, etc.)																
2.4.1.1	Community Refuge Ponds/Fish Sanctuary				3	3	3	3		15	Community Refuge Ponds demonstration sites established	FISH	=	6	6	9	
2.4.1.2	Cage culture demo sites with lead clients in floating villages on Tonle Sap			6	6	12	12	3		33	Cage culture demonstration sites with lead clients in floating villages on Tonle Sap established	FISH	+	12	16	17	
2.4.1.3	Development of refuge pond / fish sanctuary action plan				3	3	3			12	Refuge pond / fish sanctuary action plan	FISH	=	6	6	6	
2.4.1.4	Rural households benefiting from fisheries communities	100	100	100	100	400	362			3,777	Indirect and client households are counted in PMP indicator #2.		+	3,315	3,477	300	
2.4.2	Extension Visits to CFI lead clients/demonstration sites	108	108	108	108	432	175			1,362	Extension visits	FISH	+	1,079	1,612	-250	
2.4.3	Conduct Conservation Field Training Events w/ target CFI communities	15	15	15	16	61	49			272	Field Days to raise awareness on sustainable community fisheries	FISH	+	207	262	10	
2.4.4	Participants in technical assistance and training events on sustainable fisheries (communities to receive effective community-based management training)	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	5,400	7,200	6,547		31,127	Participants in training and TA events	FISH	+	16,030	19,632	11,495	
2.4.5	Facilitate CFI Congress meetings at target CFI's		3	3		6	4			15	Congress Meetings	FISH	x	11	5	10	

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		Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep												
2.4.6	Fish Sanctuary and/or Refuge Pond watch towers		3			3	3		9	Sanctuary/Refuge Pond Watch Towers	FISH	=	6	6	3		
3	NRM, Environment and Climate Change																
3.1	Global Climate Change																
3.1.1	Design a spatial database (geo-located digital photographs, land use survey forms, forest and soil survey databases, etc.)								1	Report, GIS maps, database	ARUNA	Done	1	1	0		
3.1.2	Develop a REDD+ Feasibility Study for the Central Cardamoms Protected Forest (CCPF)				1	1			1	REDD+ Feasibility Study for CCPF	FFI/ARUNA	=	-	-	1		
3.1.2.1	Conduct Opportunity Cost Analysis of competing land uses (socio-economic assessment) for CCPF				1	1			1	A component of Feasibility Study	FFI	=	-	-	1		
3.1.2.2	Analysis of Human Disturbance over time (roads, settlements, etc.) in the CCPF			1		1			1	A component of Feasibility Study	FFI/ARUNA	x	1	-	1	Activity will be done next quarter, Jul-Sep 2013	
3.1.3	Field-based forest carbon inventory training for Government				1	1			1	20 government staff trained on latest international standard carbon inventory techniques. Also rough estimate of carbon value for CCPF	FFI	Done	-	1	0		
3.1.4	Translation of key GCC/REDD documents from English to Khmer				1	1			1	Translation of key GCC/REDD documents from English to Khmer	FFI	=	-	-	1		
3.1.5	Local Capacity Development in GCC																
3.1.5.1	Development and delivery of GCC/REDD/PES courses at RUPP		1			1			1	Curriculum developed and delivered for RUPP	FFI	Done	1	1	0		
3.1.5.2	Development and delivery of Remote Sensing and GIS courses for REDD analysis at RUA		1			1			1	Curriculum developed and delivered for RUA	ARUNA	x	1	-	1	To be updated next quarter	
3.1.5.3	Development and delivery of 3-day officially recognized training courses on GCC/REDD for national government counterparts (in conjunction with RUPP)		20			20			20	Trained FA (and MoE) staff from departments responsible for Climate Change/REDD	FFI	x	20	-	20	Activity delayed to Jul-Sep 2013 due to the difficulty in finding a suitable consultant to conduct the activity.	
3.1.5.4	Training for local government (commune and district, including PA staff) on climate change, mitigation		80			80			80	Participants (estimated 4 events)	FFI	x	80	-	80	Target decreased based on the contract with FFI	
3.1.5.5	Certified Training of FA Staff in GIS and Remote Sensing Software		5			5			5	FA staff trained	ARUNA	x	5	-	5	Target decreased based on ARUNA contract	
3.1.5.6	Custom training of FA staff in land cover mapping methodology/REDD				10	10			10	FA staff trained	ARUNA	=	-	-	10		

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		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4								Status	To Date Target	To Date Actual	Balance from LOP target	Comments	
		Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep													
3.2	NRM/Biodiversity Conservation																	
3.2.1	Establishment of Lead Client Demo sites on NTFPs (bamboo, rattan, water hyacinth)	7	7	7	7	28	30	30		110	Demonstration sites identified and established	FFWNRM	+	43	67	43		
		22	22	22	22	88	120	120		440	HHs participating in demonstration sites (lead clients, other clients, and new employment)	FFWNRM	+	178	365	75		
3.2.2	Rural households benefiting from forestry communities	200	200	200	200	800	2,000	1,927		5,982	Indirect and client households are counted in PMP indicator #2.	FFWNRM	+	1,855	5,850	132		
3.2.3	Establishment of bamboo and rattan commercial plantings demo sites	3	3			6				8	1 bamboo and 1 rattan site in each province	FFWNRM	Done	8	8	0		
3.2.4	Establishment of province-based NTFP producer organizations			2		2	2			4	4 organizations developed	FFWNRM	x	2	-		2 will be done next quarter, Jul-Sep 2013 and the remaining target will be achieved next fiscal year	
3.2.5	TA Extension Visits and/or Group Training at NRM demonstration sites (by program technicians and trained alliance partners)	428	429	428	429	1,714	1,714	1,714	291	10,187	# TA Extension Visits and/or Group Training per month per NRM Demo site	FFWNRM	+	6,039	9,559	628		
3.2.6	Participants at TA Extension Visits/Group Trainings on NRM demonstration sites	2,571	2,571	2,571	2,571	10,284	10,284	10,284	1,746	61,826	Participants at TA Extension Visits and/or Group trainings	FFWNRM	+	36,941	61,848	-22		
3.2.7	Village-level Field Day Training Events	42	43	43	43	171	171	15	48	816	# Field day events	FFWNRM	+	539	848	-32		
3.2.8	Participants in village-level community field day events (community based management training)	1,280	1,280	1,280	1,280	5,120	5,120	5,120	1,440	29,193	Participants	FFWNRM	+	16,233	25,330	3,863		

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		Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep													
3.2.9	Establish & Implement Community Conservation Activities																	
3.2.9.1	Tree nurseries		2			2				9	Tree nurseries	FFINRM	Done	9	9	0		
3.2.9.2	Wood lots and Agro-forestry areas	9	3			12	16			40	Lots & Sites / Village	FFINRM	+	24	26	14		
3.2.9.3	Partnership forestry initiated		1			1	2			3	Sites (in 3 provinces)	FFINRM	x	1	-	3		
3.2.10	Provide Technical Support to CF		4			4	4	4		17	CF Areas achieve signing ceremony with the Forestry Administration	FFINRM	+	9	13	4		
3.2.11	Implement Forest Restoration (dryland/flooded areas)				50	50	50	50		150	Ha of flooded forest reforested	FFINRM	+	-	30	120	LOP Target to be changed from 607 to 127 (30 in flood & 97 in dry) due to NRM activity realignment	
					150	150	150	150		457	Ha of dry forest reforested		+	7	97	360		
3.2.12	Technical support to RGC on PA Mgmt	21,000				21,000				423,000	Ha in areas of biological significance under improved NRM	FFINRM	Done	423,000	423,000	0		
3.2.13	Establishment of District-level watershed management committees		3			3	3			6	Watershed mgmt committees established in 4 provinces (4 in Pursat/Battambang, and 2 in Kampong Thom)	FFINRM	=	3	3	3		
4	Social Inclusion & Nutrition Program																	
4.1	Mainstream social inclusion target groups into all program activities																	
4.1.1	Total poor clients as a percentage of total clients	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	% of total clients that are both from poor 1 & 2	SI, ALL (others)	x	20%	17%	0		
4.1.2	Extreme poor clients as a percentage of total clients	8%	8%	8%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	% of clients that are extreme poor	SI, ALL (others)	x	8%	7%	0		
4.1.3	Average poor clients as a percentage of total clients	10%	10%	12%	12%	12%	15%	15%	15%	15%	% of clients that are average poor (poor 2)	SI, ALL (others)	x	12%	10%	0		
4.1.4	Women clients as a percentage of total clients	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%	% of clients that are women	SI, ALL (others)	+	45%	49%	0		
4.1.5	Youth clients as a percentage of total clients	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%	% of clients that are youth (based on RGC definition)	SI, ALL (others)	x	30%	21%	0		
4.2	Design and implement specific projects and activities for target social inclusion groups																	
4.2.1	Operation & Maintenance training for mechanized farm machinery																	

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		Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep												
4.2.1.1	Village-based training		2,000	2,000		4,000	5,000	-	11,719	# people receiving training	SI, BDS	+	6,719	11,403	316		
4.2.1.2	Center-based training			60		60	60		120	# people selected for longer-term training	SI, BDS	+	60	64	56		
4.2.2	Women's fish processing project	80	120			200	200		400	Individuals/MSMEs that received TA, training and mentoring to improve and/or expand a) hygiene/sanitation, b) equipment, c) market strategies.	SI (lead), MARKET, BDS (others)	x	200	198	202		
4.2.3	Mushroom grower groups						2,500	1,000	3,500	# of individuals growing and marketing mushrooms (may be organized into groups)	SI (lead), AG, BDS (others)	=	-	-	3,500		
4.2.4	Moringa leaf powder processing pilot project						120		120	# of households participating in micro-enterprise to produce dried leaf powder	SI, Forestry, BDS	=	-	-	120		
4.2.5	Financial literacy training																
4.2.5.1	Village-based training						5,000	5,000	10,000	Number of people in villages receiving training	SI, BDS, Finance	=	-	-	10,000		
4.2.6	Sustainable charcoal enterprise project																
4.2.6.1	Skills training in sustainable charcoal methods						500	400	900	Number of young people receiving training	SI, FFI	=	-	-	900		
4.2.6.2	Sustainable charcoal enterprises established						2		2	Number of micro-enterprises established by young people	SI, FFI, BDS	=	-	-	2		
4.2.7	Village-based agricultural extension volunteers-training program																
4.2.7.1	Women and young people trained		100	100	100	300	200		500	Number of women and young "model farmers" receiving training/mentoring	SI? AG?	x	200	-	500	To be addressed in phase 2 village selection	
4.2.8	Other activities (to be developed)					-	2		4	Activities developed and implemented	SI, BDS, TBD	=	2	2	2		
4.3	Nutrition																
4.3.1	Family nutrition education delivered at household and community levels																
4.3.1.1	Home garden	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	16,000	15,000	9,833	45,000	Participants in nutrition education activities targeting household-level	SI	+	16,167	36,169	8,831		
4.3.1.2	Clients in other HARVEST components	500	1,000	500	500	2,500	2,500	2,762	10,000	Participants in nutrition education activities targeting household-level	Other component besides SI	+	4,238	58,529	-48,529		

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		Q1 Oct-Dec	Q2 Jan-Mar	Q3 Apr-Jun	Q4 Jul-Sep								Status	To Date Target	To Date Actual	Balance from LOP target	Comments
4.3.1.3	Mobile kitchen project		6,500	7,000	6,500	20,000	20,000	10,000		50,000	Participants in nutrition education activities	SI, ALL (others)	x	13,500	5,531	44,469	
4.3.2	Community initiatives to increase knowledge and improve behavior related to food security and nutrition																
4.3.2.1	Community based garden projects																
4.3.2.1.1	Number of health centers participating			20		20	20			63	Clients will be for the duration of the program, improve their technical skills for increased outreach and improved sustainable service delivery post-project (and to provide an income incentive for their services now)	Relevant government agencies, village/commune leaders, SI, Ag/Aquaculture	+	43	47	16	
4.3.2.1.2	Number of HC staff participating			200		200	200			400			+	200	208	192	
4.3.2.1.3	Number of schools participating				21	21	21			130	Schools have received garden training	SI (others)	+	88	99	31	
4.3.2.1.4	Number of students participating	1,349	3,000	3,000	1,500	8,849	14,000	14,000		38,500	# of students trained		+	9,000	14,295	24,205	
4.3.2.3	Awareness training for commune councils		64	50	50	164	150			450	Participants trained	SI (others)	x	250	156	294	
4.3.3	Nutritional analyses of traditional foods including dietary surveys of sample client households					-				1	Nutritional analyses conducted for	SI (others)	Done	1	1	0	
4.3.4	Rural households benefiting from nutrition awareness program	100	100	100	100	400	400	224		5,000	Indirect and client households are counted in PMP indicator #2.		+	4,276	4,397	603	
4.4	Wide-Scale Awareness and Social Marketing																
4.4.1	Design and deliver technical, public awareness and training modules for use at district, commune and community levels that focus on a) dissemination of technical information, and b) HARVEST issues such as environment, climate change and food security/nutrition			5	5	10	12			24	Training modules designed and delivered	SI, COM, ALL (others)	+	7	14	10	

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4.4.2	Design and deliver technical modules and short-term training courses for use to develop capacity of local NGOs, government agencies and other partners that focus on selected HARVEST issues (e.g., gender & social inclusion, family nutrition, CCA, technical agriculture)			5	5	10	7			30	Training modules/courses designed and delivered	SI, COM, ALL (others)	+	18	20	10	
4.4.3	Develop and deliver social marketing and behavior change programming using TV, radio and other media to reach general public audience on issues that compliment HARVEST work in agriculture, fisheries, NRM, nutrition, etc.			3	2	5	2			9	Programming developed and delivered	SI, COM, ALL (others)	x	5	2	7	Environmental conservation messaging in forestry communities to begin next quarter
4.4.4	Households benefiting from being CF/Cfi membership			150	150	300	1,000	1,109		9,759	These indirect household will be count in PMP indicator #2.		x	7,500	7,350	2,409	
5	Capacity Building - BDS Providers																
5.1	NGOs & CBO Alliance Partners (USAID FORWARD Initiative)																
5.1.1	Selection of NGO & CBO Partners to provide extension and other services to program's target communities (covering agriculture crops, aquaculture, fisheries, forestry/NRM)				4	4	5			26	CBOs and NGOs enter program (signed subcontracts and field activities commence)	SI (with support from OPS and ALL)	+	17	22	4	
5.1.2	Capacity Building of CBO/NGO Partners																
5.1.2.1	Development of improved financial, accounting, procurement systems, including improved staff capabilities (and understanding of USG procurement regulations for future direct contracting with USAID)										Systems improved and staff trained	OPS	=	-	On-going	NA	
5.1.2.2	Development of improved systems and staff capabilities in monitoring and evaluation										Systems improved and staff trained	M&E	=	-	On-going	NA	

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5.1.2.3	Technical training of NGO field-based staff (through mentor relationships with program technicians)					-				Field staff trained & skills improved	ALL	=	-	On-going	NA		
5.2	Input supplier enhancement and training programs			10	15	25	22	22	354	Input suppliers active in program and receiving technical assistance and training	BDS (lead) with support from AG, FISH, etc.	+	295	349	5		
5.2.1	Technical skills training (agronomy, postharvest, chemical safety, biologicals, etc.) to input supplier owners and staff	80	80	80	80	320	350	365	2,000	Input suppliers (including staff and family members) participated in training events	AG, POST, FISH	+	1,205	1,428	572		
5.2.2	Shop & inventory upgrades (expansion of products offered, particularly new technologies being promoted by the project)		25	25	25	75	50		250	Shops upgraded with new products and customer information boards	AG, POST, FISH, BDS	+	175	227	23		
5.2.3	New services offered (tractor/equipment rentals, seeding, seedlings, etc.)		5	10	5	20	30	35	145	Input stores offering new services to target clients	AG, FISH, BDS	+	75	96	49		
5.2.4	Expanded relationships with national and provincial input supply chains as well as selected international companies in Cambodia		5	5	5	15	12		60	Input suppliers entering into formal distributor relationships	BDS, AG, FISH	+	43	85	-25		
5.2.5	Demonstration plots installed at input supply locations (with available land) to promote new technologies and products		5	5	5	15	28		95	Input stores with demo plots and input suppliers trained	AG, FISH (others)	+	62	82	13		
5.2.6	Distribution of technical information materials	1	1	1	1	4	2		20	Technical bulletins made available to input suppliers	COM, BDS	+	17	22	-2		
			7,858	10,000	10,000	27,858	30,000		400,000	Copies distributed to input suppliers customers and stakeholders		x	360,000	350,000	50,000		
5.2.7	Improved business skills and partnerships		70	70	70	210	210	216	1,200	Trainings (including study tours) and technical assistance on business skills and services	BDS	+	704	2,167	-967		
5.3	NRM / value chain micro enterprise BDS training		3	3	3	9	15	12	44	Micro enterprises trained		+	14	36	8		
5.4	Seedling nurseries		5	5	5	15	15	6	50	Seedling nursery businesses		x	24	15	35	LOP target may be reduced due to 2014 budget constraint	

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6	Marketing & Market Analysis																		
6.1	Crop and product-specific market surveys					-				7	Crop and product specific market surveys produced and disseminated	MKT	Done	7	7	0			
6.2	General market surveys and information sharing for HARVEST and government																		
6.2.1	Survey market prices and share findings with technicians (every week at one major market in town)	48	36	48	48	180	192	192	80	710	Market price surveys conducted	MKT	x	198	175	535			
6.2.2	Survey demand from buyers and share findings with technicians (every month from three markets/prov.)	12	9	12	12	45	48	48	20	177	Market demand surveys conducted and disseminated	MKT	x	49	37	140			
6.3	Specific market surveys (wider level – village/market structure, market acceptance) and sharing for HARVEST and government						updates	updates			4	Other market surveys conducted (with updates in later years)	MKT	Done	4	4	0		
6.3.1	NTFP market study (rattan and bamboo)		1			1	1	1			3	# of NTFP market survey conducted	MKT	=	1	1	2		
6.3.2	National/regional level market study		1		1	2	2	2			7	# of national / regional market study	MKT	x	2	-	7		
6.3.3	Other specific market study (tree seedlings)	1		1		2	2	2			6	# of other specific market survey conducted	MKT	=	2	2	4		
6.4	Identify and establish formal and informal markets/buyers for program clients and others																		
6.4.1	Identify buyers	15	16	15	15	61	50	40		475	Buyers identified	MKT	+	370	454	21			
6.4.2	Link buyers and producers through field days, direct individual clients and producer groups	150	150	150	150	600	600	600		2,300	Linkage made	MKT	+	950	1,300	1,000			
6.4.3	Marketing workshop for buyers			2	2	4	8	8		20	Workshops conducted	MKT	+	2	4	16			

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6.5	Evaluate and help implement simple market information reporting and dissemination methods (e.g. mobile phone MMS price and buyer opportunities)																	
6.5.1	Evaluate potential systems and identify partners (government and others)			1		1				1	Evaluation report completed, system designed, partner(s) identified	MKT	Done	1	1	0		
6.5.2	Implement system(s) with partner(s)					-				-	System(s) implemented with partner(s)	MKT, BDS	=	-	-	0		
6.6	Train counterparts, trade associations and government staff in market analysis methodologies for agriculture and other target crops/products	32	25	25	25	107	100	100		330	Counterpart staff trained in market analysis	MKT	+	105	144	186		
7	Finance & Financial Services																	
7.1	Develop Credit Information Sharing mechanism (CIS) so that farmers have access to various financial products available in the market (# villages)		60			60				160	Credit information system within target villages (billboards)	FIN	x	160	100	60	Activity is under review and will be finalized for 2013 annual report	
7.2	Train MFI lending staff in agricultural loan analysis and assessment	40	40	40	40	160	160	160		584	MFI and other financial institution lending staff training in agricultural loan analysis	FIN, AG, AQUA	+	224	337	247		
7.3	Linking farmers to MFI through agriculture field days		900	900	900	2,700	3,600	3,600		9,900	Number of farmers participated in field days	FIN, AG, AQUA	+	1,800	2,153	7,747		
7.4	Produce financial assessment tools and cash flows for all primary target products		2	2	2	6	updates	updates		14	Assessments tools and cash flows produced (with ongoing updates)	FIN, POST, AG, AQUA	x	12	8	6		
7.5	Assist agribusinesses (mills, NTFP, input suppliers) in developing business plans, feasibility studies, and loan applications	2	3	3	3	11	15	15		62	Agribusinesses assisted with development of business plans, feasibility studies, and/or loan applications	POS, FIN, BDS, POST, AG, AQUA (emc)	+	29	49	13		

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7.6	Assist rice millers in business formalisation and standard requirements		30		30	60	60	60	180	# of rice millers		x	30	-	180	Pending approval	
7.7	Implement pilot small-scale warehouse receipts program for rice at community levels			4		4			4	Pilot (community-level) warehouse receipts programs for rice implemented	FIN, POL, AG (STTA)	x	4	-	4	Cancelled	
7.8	Assist small agribusinesses to increase working capital through loans from financial institutions, better credit terms with distributors, and other means	8	10	10	10	38	40	27	152	Input stores and others accessing financing from banks, distributors, or other sources	FIN, BDS, AG	=	75	75	77		
7.9	Self-help/saving groups among farmers in conjunction with Hort CRSP		Plan Finalized			-			-	Number of saving groups set-up and running	FIN	=	-	-	0	Activity is under review and will be finalized for 2013 annual report	
7.10	Promote financial literacy among farmers and small agribusinesses (expected proposal from CMA)		Plan Finalized			-			-	Number of farmers and agribusinesses trained	FIN	=	-	-	0		
7.11	Alliance partners																
7.11.1	Soils analysis services partnership				1	1			1	Provincial lab established and operating	BDS, AG and POL	=	-	-	1	Activity is under review and will be finalized for 2013 annual report	
7.11.2	Rice seed mechanized propegation and nursery operations			1		1			1	Company established with commercial nursery operating	AG and POL	x	1	-	1		
7.11.3	Other alliances to be determined						2		2	TBD	TBD	=	-	-	2		

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8	Policy, Analytics, and Enabling Environment																		
8.1	Comprehensive review of RGC agricultural strategy policies and documents (compare what we have to their priorities)										RGC agriculture strategies	POL	=	-	-	0			
8.2	Support to public sector counterparts for effective policies and regulations that improve efficiencies and enabling environment																		
8.2.1	Assist MAFF in producing regulations on plant breeders rights	1	On-going	On-going	On-going	1	On-going	On-going		1	One regulation on plant breeders rights	POL, AG	=	1	1	0			
8.2.2	Assist MAFF in preparing technical procedures (code of practices) on quality rice seeds production	1	On-going	On-going	On-going	1	On-going	On-going		1	Technical procedure (code of conduct) on quality rice seeds production	POL, AG, STTA	=	1	1	0			
8.2.3	Legal aspects of exporting Cambodian rice produced from foreign rice seeds	On-going	On-going	On-going	On-going	On-going	On-going	On-going		1	Technical Study Report Completed		=	1	1	0			
8.2.4	Assist relevant government agencies to establish food safety regulations	On-going	On-going	1	On-going	1	On-going	On-going		2	Food safety regulations established	POL, AG, POST	On-going	2	1	1			
8.2.5	Develop code of practice for grades and standards for rice for the RGC (in cooperation with other development partners and private sector)	On-going	1	On-going	On-going	1	On-going	On-going		2	Code of practice (grades and standards) development for rice	POL, AG	On-going	2	1	1			
8.2.6	Assist MoE in preparing policies or regulations promoting sustainable NRM and conservation (includes laws, sub-decrees, and directives on biodiversity and conservation)	On-going	On-going	1	On-going	1	On-going	On-going		2	Policies and regulations as a result of program assistance	POL, NRM	On-going	2	1	1			
8.2.7	Assist MAFF in developing policy on aquaculture				1	1	On-going	On-going		1	Policies and regulations as a result of program assistance	POL, AQUA	=	-	-	1			
8.2.8	Assist MAFF in developing policy on agriculture extension				1	1	On-going	On-going		1	Policies and regulations as a result of program assistance	POL, AG	=	-	-	1			
8.2.9	Assist MAFF in developing policy on agriculture cooperatives				1	1	On-going	On-going		1	Policies and regulations as a result of program assistance	POL, AG	=	-	-	1			
8.2.10	Other initiatives to be determined in FY 2014 and 2015						4	2		6	Other HARVEST-supported policy initiatives to improve enabling environment	POL, ALL	=	-	-	6			

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8.3	Analytic Cross-Cutting																		
8.3.1	Conduct a feasibility study and provide recommendations for private warehouse receipts systems for rice					-				1	Evaluation to lead to specific activities that will be detailed in updated work plan	POL, FIN, AG, STTA (emc)	Done	1	1	0			
8.3.2	Social economic assessments of potential irrigation projects for certified rice and high value crops		1	1	1	3	1			20	Economic assessments of potential irrigation projects conducted	AG, POL	x	18	16	4			
8.3.3	Product costs and profitability analysis	1	2	2	2	7	7	3		32	Production cost surveys conducted	POL, M&E, AG	=	20	20	12			
8.4	National, provincial and local government coordination																		
8.4.1	Project level coordination in working on policy and enabling environment related activities										- Coordination, processes	POL	=	-	On-going				
8.4.2	Participation at Provincial government Level NGO Coordination Forums										- Coordination, processes	POL, ALL	=	-	On-going				
8.4.3	Coordination with technical line departments (national & provincial) in target districts -- including regular meetings, field days and other program events, dissemination of project communications, extension staff attachments										- Coordination, processes	POL, ALL	=	-	On-going				
8.4.4	Coordination at district, commune and village levels -- including regular meetings, field days and other program events, dissemination of project communications, extension staff attachments										- Coordination, processes	POL, ALL	=	-	On-going				

N°	Activity Description	Year 3 (Oct 2012 - Sep 2013)				TOTAL YEAR 3	Year 4 (Oct 2013 - Sep 2014)	Year 5 (Oct 2014 - Sep 2015)	Year 6* (Oct 2015 Dec 2015) * 3 months	TOTAL EXPECTED LOP	Deliverables	Responsibilities	Progress Monitor (as of June 30th, 2013)					
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4								Status	To Date Target	To Date Actual	Balance from LOP target	Comments	
		Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep													
9	Limited Participant Training Program																	
9.1	Development of local participant training programs with local universities (including potential field internships with program technicians)			20		20				40	Participants in programs developed with local universities (including field internships with program technicians)	TRAIN, ALL	x	40	20	20		
9.2	Identification and development of shorter-term certificate based programs in critical technical needs areas (local, regional and US)	5	5	5	5	20	11			83	Placements in shorter-term programs (local, regional and US)	TRAIN (iie), ALL	+	67	106	-23		
9.3	Identification and development of longer-term (e.g. MSc) programs in critical technical needs areas (US)	1				1				6	Placements in longer-term programs at US institutions	TRAIN (iie), ALL	=	6	6	0		
9.4	Identification and development of longer-term (e.g. MSc) programs in critical technical needs areas (regional)					-				4	Placements in longer-term programs at regional institutions	TRAIN (iie), ALL	Done	4	4	0		
9.5	Identification and development of longer-term Cambodian-based programs (e.g. MScs) in critical technical needs areas (e.g. nutrition, biodiversity)	8	20			28	10			56	Placements in longer-term programs at local institutions	TRAIN, ALL	x	46	36	20	LOP decreased from 56 to 46 due to fund restriction.	
9.6	Village-based internship program for associate- and bachelor-level degree graduates		Plan finalized							-	Priority will be given to women to increase the availability of trained practical agronomists and other specialists to improve their technical skills for future employment	SI, AG Fish, NRM	=	-	On-going	N/A		

N°	Activity Description	Year 3 (Oct 2012 - Sep 2013)				TOTAL YEAR 3	Year 4 (Oct 2013 - Sep 2014)	Year 5 (Oct 2014 - Sep 2015)	Year 6* (Oct 2015 - Dec 2015) * 3 months	TOTAL EXPECTED LOP	Deliverables	Responsibilities	Progress Monitor (as of June 30th, 2013)					
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4								Status	To Date Target	To Date Actual	Balance from LOP target	Comments	
		Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep													
10	Monitoring & Evaluation																	
10.1	Performance Monitoring Plan																	
10.1.1	Indicators reviewed on regular based to meet future USAID/W/TF and USAID/Cambodia guidance and needs					-					-	M&E	=	-	On-going	NA		
10.1.2	PIRS finalized for any new indicators and/or adjusted for changes in USAID indicator definitions					-					-	M&E	=	-	On-going	NA		
10.1.3	PMP indicator targets reviewed based on results; adjusted as required with USAID approval					-					-	M&E	=	-	On-going	NA		
10.2	Workplan Performance Monitoring																	
10.2.1	Workplan Performance Monitoring Plan developed for each annual workplan (to capture activity deliverables targets, including sources, timing, verification, and methodologies)	1				1	1	1		4	4	M&E	=	2	2	2		
10.2.2	Collection and compilation of data for activity deliverable targets; monthly reports to program management (including quarterly and annual comprehensive reports)	3	3	3	3	12	12	12	3	52	52	M&E	=	22	22	30		
10.3	CIRIS M&E System Management																	
10.3.1	Customization of CIRIS M&E system for HARVEST indicators (PMP and workplan)	1				1				1	1	M&E, IT	Done	1	1	0		
10.3.2	Ongoing data collection by project staff for performance monitoring					-					-	ALL, M&E	=	-	On-going	NA		
10.3.3	Design of customized CIRIS reports for program management and field technicians	1				1				1	1	M&E, IT	Done	1	1	0		
10.3.4	CIRIS data import tools for alliance partner NGOs					-					-	M&E, IT	=	-	On-going	NA		
10.3.5	CIRIS data validation (identification of outliers, missing data, and field-based validation)					-					-	M&E	=	-	On-going	NA		

N°	Activity Description	Year 3 (Oct 2012 - Sep 2013)				TOTAL YEAR 3	Year 4 (Oct 2013 - Sep 2014)	Year 5 (Oct 2014 - Sep 2015)	Year 6* (Oct 2015 - Dec 2015) * 3 months	TOTAL EXPECTED LOP	Deliverables	Responsibilities	Progress Monitor (as of June 30th, 2013)					
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4								Status	To Date Target	To Date Actual	Balance from LOP target	Comments	
		Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep													
10.4	Alliance Partner M&E Reporting Systems																	
10.4.1	All partner alliances include individual M&E plans (tied to HARVEST higher level indicators, as well as workplan deliverable targets)				-					M&E plans developed with each partner as alliance initiated with program	M&E	=	-	On-going	NA			
10.4.2	Partner alliance staff training in program M&E methodology				-					Partner M&E staff trained to meet subcontract M&E requirements	M&E	=	-	On-going	NA			
10.4.3	Data collection and validation from program alliance partners (for inclusion in CIRIS and other databases)				-					Data collected and validated from program partners, imported into CIRIS and/or other databases as required	M&E	=	-	On-going	NA			
10.5	Baseline Survey and Impact Evaluations																	
10.5.1	Baseline Survey																	
10.5.1.1	Subcontractor selected and subcontract signed for baseline survey				-					1 Subcontractor selected and subcontract signed (October)	M&E, STTA	Done	1	1	0			
10.5.1.2	Baseline methodology finalized with baseline survey subcontractor and specialized STTA (including: sample size and method of calculation; matching criteria for treatment/control groups; identification of treatment/control sites to participate in the survey)				-					1 Methodology finalized for baseline survey (October)	survey subcontractor, STTA, M&E	Done	1	1	0			
10.5.1.3	Finalization of survey instruments (including field testing)				-					1 Survey instruments designed, tested and finalized (early November)	baseline survey subcontractor, STTA, M&E	Done	1	1	0			
10.5.1.4	Identification of survey respondents				-					1 Survey respondents identified (early November)	baseline survey subcontractor, STTA, M&E	Done	1	1	0			
10.5.1.5	Baseline survey field data collection				-					1 Field data collection for baseline survey data (Nov-Jan)	baseline survey subcontractor	Done	1	1	0			
10.5.1.6	Prepare SPSS shell and enter data (with adequate quality control measures and cleaning data of all errors)	1				1				1 SPSS shell created (Nov); data entered (Nov-Jan)	baseline survey subcontractor	Done	1	1	0			
10.5.1.7	Final baseline survey report (with data)		1			1				1 Final report with data submitted to USAID (Feb)	baseline survey subcontractor, STTA	Done	1	1	0			

N°	Activity Description	Year 3 (Oct 2012 - Sep 2013)				TOTAL YEAR 3	Year 4 (Oct 2013 - Sep 2014)	Year 5 (Oct 2014 - Sep 2015)	Year 6* (Oct 2015 - Dec 2015) * 3 months	TOTAL EXPECTED LOP	Deliverables	Responsibilities	Progress Monitor (as of June 30th, 2013)				
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4								Status	To Date Target	To Date Actual	Balance from LOP target	Comments
		Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep												
10.5.2	Mid-Term and Final Evaluations				1	1			1	2	Mid-term and final evaluations completed following baseline survey methodology	baseline survey subcontractor, STTA	=	-	-	2	
10.5.3	Annual interim surveys conducted to gauge primary HARVEST PMP indicators' progress				1	1	1	1		4	Interim surveys conducted	survey subcontractor, STTA, M&E	=	1	1	3	
10.6	Other Special M&E Surveys																
10.6.1	Input supplier sales	1	1	1	1	4	1	1		8	Surveys conducted	M&E, BDS	=	5	5	3	
10.6.2	Client productivity surveys				1	1	1	1		3	Surveys conducted	M&E, AG, AQUA	=	-	-	3	
10.6.3	Multiplier effect surveys		1		1	2	2	2	1	7	Surveys conducted to identify households benefiting from demonstration sites	M&E, AG	x	1	-	7	
10.6.4	Other special surveys (to be determined)				2	2	2	2	1	7	Surveys conducted	M&E, FFI and NRM	=	-	-	7	
10.7	Other Reporting																
10.7.1	Quarterly/annual report preparation	1	1	1	1	4	4	4	2	21		COM, M&E, ALL	=	10	10	11	
10.7.2	Success story production	4	4	4	4	16	16	16	4	72	Success stories produced and distributed	COM, M&E, ALL	x	32	31	41	
10.7.3	Monthly Project Bulletins	3	3	3	3	12	12	12	2	55	Monthly bulletins produced and disseminated	COM, M&E, ALL	=	26	26	29	

Status Key	
done	Completed
+	Ahead of Schedule
=	On Schedule
X	Behind Schedule

Key to Abbreviation in Responsibilities Column	
Program Departments/Units	
AG	Ag Production/Crops
AQUA	Aquaculture
FISH	Fisheries
NRM	NRM/Forestry
SI	Social Inclusion/Nutrition
POST	Postharvest/Processing
MKT	Marketing
POL	Policy & Analysis
BDS	BDS
FIN	Finance
IT	Information Technology
TRAIN	Participant Training
M&E	M&E
OPS	Operations/Funds Management
COM	Communications
ALL	All program units/components
Subcontractors/Partners	
AU	Auburn University
Aruna	Aruna Technology
FFI	Fauna & Flora International
AE	Advancing Engineering
EMC	Emerging Markets Consulting
IIE	Institute for International Education
Others	Other subcontractors/partners (TBD)

ANNEX II: CLIENT INFORMATION

Cambodia HARVEST Target Villages -- Clients & Farmer beneficiaries, Sector Focus, and Target HHs/Populations (as of June 30, 2013)																								
Location				Category												Target Populations								
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHs	Population	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2	
Pursat	Bakan	Boeng Khnar	Boeng Khnar							12	2		1		2		■	■		352	1,466	14%	7%	21%
Pursat	Bakan	Boeng Khnar	Chamkar Leu							2							■	■		219	1,214	21%	13%	34%
Pursat	Bakan	Boeng Khnar	Daeum Chres							1							■	■		175	796	6%	16%	22%
Pursat	Bakan	Boeng Khnar	Khnach Romeas														■			161	831	8%	22%	30%
Pursat	Bakan	Boeng Khnar	Krasang Kruo	20												■	■	■	235	1,020	9%	10%	19%	
Pursat	Bakan	Boeng Khnar	Preah Mlu														■			184	781	8%	13%	21%
Pursat	Bakan	Boeng Khnar	Prey Damrei														■			208	890	11%	19%	29%
Pursat	Bakan	Boeng Khnar	Prey Phdau														■			240	960	23%	19%	41%
Pursat	Bakan	Boeng Khnar	Prey Svay														■			195	903	60%	40%	100%
Pursat	Bakan	Boeng Khnar	Rung														■			327	1,363	11%	10%	20%
Pursat	Bakan	Boeng Khnar	Sakar														■			229	244	19%	21%	20%
Pursat	Bakan	Boeng Khnar	Trach Kraol														■			96	444	28%	19%	47%
Pursat	Bakan	Boeng Khnar	Voat Chreae														■			173	809	13%	10%	23%
Pursat	Bakan	Khnar Totueng	Bak Meaek	131	10											■	■	■	210	915	19%	11%	30%	
Pursat	Bakan	Khnar Totueng	Damnak Thnong	107	10					2						■	■	■	195	872	11%	8%	19%	
Pursat	Bakan	Khnar Totueng	Kamprak Koun	51												■	■	■	116	446	13%	9%	22%	
Pursat	Bakan	Khnar Totueng	Kaoh Krabei														■	■		94	375	15%	12%	27%
Pursat	Bakan	Khnar Totueng	Kaoh Svay														■	■		235	1,007	18%	14%	32%
Pursat	Bakan	Khnar Totueng	Kaoh Voat	55												■			175	831	18%	7%	25%	
Pursat	Bakan	Khnar Totueng	Kaoh Voat														■	■		175	831	18%	7%	25%
Pursat	Bakan	Khnar Totueng	Khnar Totueng	84	7					1	1	1	1			■	■	■	193	828	23%	4%	28%	
Pursat	Bakan	Khnar Totueng	Krouch Saeuch	120	1											■	■	■	93	402	25%	4%	29%	
Pursat	Bakan	Khnar Totueng	Phteah Sla	144	13											■	■	■	152	675	24%	5%	30%	
Pursat	Bakan	Khnar Totueng	Tuol Angkrong	43	10											■	■	■	50	209	8%	6%	14%	
Pursat	Bakan	Ou Ta Paong	Anlong Kray	118												■	■	■	173	852	12%	12%	24%	
Pursat	Bakan	Ou Ta Paong	Bat Kokir Chas	140												■	■	■	160	638	20%	11%	31%	
Pursat	Bakan	Ou Ta Paong	Bat Kokir Thmei	105												■	■	■	298	1,165	14%	14%	28%	
Pursat	Bakan	Ou Ta Paong	Chamkar Khloy	150												■	■	■	227	962	18%	17%	35%	

Location				Category												Target Populations								
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFi	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHS	Population	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2	
Pursat	Bakan	Ou Ta Paong	Chamkar Ou	126												■	■	■	162	775	17%	9%	26%	
Pursat	Bakan	Ou Ta Paong	Ou Bat														■			92	440	17%	17%	35%
Pursat	Bakan	Ou Ta Paong	Ou Ta Paong	27									1			■	■	■	309	2,140	18%	20%	37%	
Pursat	Bakan	Ou Ta Paong	Phsar Andaet	153	6											■	■	■	202	2,526	13%	14%	27%	
Pursat	Bakan	Ou Ta Paong	Prey Yeang														■		57	319	14%	14%	28%	
Pursat	Bakan	Ou Ta Paong	Robaoh Reang	166							1					■	■	■	211	859	19%	16%	35%	
Pursat	Bakan	Ou Ta Paong	Samraong Pok														■		145	641	21%	17%	39%	
Pursat	Bakan	Ou Ta Paong	Srah Mkak							1							■	■	187	1,136	26%	9%	35%	
Pursat	Bakan	Rumlech	Daeum Roka	86	4											■	■	■	94	378	7%	20%	28%	
Pursat	Bakan	Rumlech	Damnak Trach	67						1						■	■		231	808	8%	5%	13%	
Pursat	Bakan	Rumlech	Kampong Kdei	31	9											■	■	■	102	438	30%	26%	56%	
Pursat	Bakan	Rumlech	Kaoh Khcheay	84												■	■		90	466	72%	28%	100%	
Pursat	Bakan	Rumlech	Khvav	93	3											■	■	■	233	897	18%	13%	31%	
Pursat	Bakan	Rumlech	Lhong	68												■	■		64	280	14%	14%	28%	
Pursat	Bakan	Rumlech	Pnov	107												■	■	■	136	615	4%	8%	13%	
Pursat	Bakan	Rumlech	Pralay Rumdeng	118	22					1	1					■	■	■	112	536	6%	14%	21%	
Pursat	Bakan	Rumlech	Prasat	105	7						1					■	■	■	222	995	14%	16%	30%	
Pursat	Bakan	Rumlech	Rumlech	121	11					1	1	1	1			■	■	■	194	863	16%	12%	28%	
Pursat	Bakan	Rumlech	Rung Ta Kok	32	10											■	■	■	220	838	14%	15%	28%	
Pursat	Bakan	Rumlech	Sdok Khla	137												■	■		164	650	21%	9%	31%	
Pursat	Bakan	Rumlech	Thmei	63												■	■		109	419	14%	17%	31%	
Pursat	Bakan	Snam Preah	Andoung Krasang							3								■	316	2,106	9%	24%	34%	
Pursat	Bakan	Snam Preah	Dangkieb Kdam							1								■	122	795	14%	16%	30%	
Pursat	Bakan	Snam Preah	Khmar							3								■	287	1,322	16%	13%	30%	
Pursat	Bakan	Snam Preah	Krapeu Rou							2								■	219	1,240	5%	11%	20%	
Pursat	Bakan	Snam Preah	Snam Preah							1		1	1					■	153	587	16%	9%	25%	
Pursat	Bakan	Snam Preah	Thuoh Ta Chab	33												■		■	283	1,339	7%	13%	21%	
Pursat	Bakan	Snam Preah	Tram Peaer							1								■	222	1,548	30%	17%	47%	

Location				Category												Target Populations							
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFi	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHS	Population	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Bakan	157	6					1						■	■	■	255	1,182	13%	11%	24%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Boeng Prei	41												■		■	45	1,162	47%	53%	100%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Buor Sragnae	163	13											■			150	563	17%	14%	31%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Chamkar Ou	43	16						1					■		■	135	610	28%	11%	40%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Kab Kralanh	123	10											■	■	■	123	538	15%	17%	32%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Kandoeng Meas	6							1					■		■	205	465	10%	17%	26%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Kaoh Kaev							1									336	1,360	18%	6%	24%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Kaoh Svay	103							1	1				■		■	235	1,007	18%	14%	32%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Kraol Krabei	32										1		■		■	94	375	15%	12%	27%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Ou Rumchek	133	14					4	2					■		■	255	1,243	7%	12%	19%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Poulyum	121							1					■		■	195	933	8%	12%	21%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Snay Toul	63												■		■	115	431	13%	16%	29%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Srae Lvea	51	10											■		■	230	938	12%	18%	30%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Stueng Kambot	136												■		■	204	800	10%	12%	23%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Thmei	69												■		■	104	419	15%	13%	28%
Pursat	Bakan	Trapeang Chorng	Trapeang Chorng	62						3			1			■		■	328	1,733	6%	21%	27%
Pursat	Kandieng	Srae Sdok	Bakur											1					257	1,201	17%	20%	37%
Pursat	Krakor	Anlong Tnaot	Chrolong	24												■		■	107	469	23%	12%	36%
Pursat	Krakor	Anlong Tnaot	Kandal							2									211	912	16%	9%	25%
Pursat	Krakor	Anlong Tnaot	Khleang Moeung							2								■	183	812	15%	14%	28%
Pursat	Krakor	Anlong Tnaot	Phsar							4								■	322	1,525	18%	11%	29%
Pursat	Krakor	Boeng Kantuot	Boeng	127									1			■	■		140	622	10%	14%	24%
Pursat	Krakor	Boeng Kantuot	Chor Chork	68												■	■		62	321	5%	18%	23%
Pursat	Krakor	Boeng Kantuot	Kandol Sa	101												■			137	629	11%	15%	26%
Pursat	Krakor	Boeng Kantuot	Ou Anhchanh	75												■	■		88	397	26%	19%	46%
Pursat	Krakor	Boeng Kantuot	Pou Angkrang	147												■	■		152	701	18%	14%	32%
Pursat	Krakor	Boeng Kantuot	Pou Khoeun														■		139	631	8%	25%	32%
Pursat	Krakor	Boeng Kantuot	Thlea M'am														■		118	495	29%	19%	48%

Location				Category												Target Populations							
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFi	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHS	Population	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Pursat	Krakor	Boeng Kantuot	Thmei	87												■	■		120	533	8%	18%	26%
Pursat	Krakor	Boeng Kantuot	Trapeang Kantuot	108												■	■		137	640	6%	15%	21%
Pursat	Krakor	Boeng Kantuot	Trapeang Khley	146												■	■		157	673	13%	10%	22%
Pursat	Krakor	Kampong Pou	Kampong La						28										288	1,317	75%	25%	100%
Pursat	Krakor	Kampong Pou	Roluos Kandal			15													111	501	33%	10%	43%
Pursat	Krakor	Ou Sandan	Chong Khlong														■		187	1,202	13%	14%	27%
Pursat	Krakor	Ou Sandan	Krang Thum	141	16	61		1		2						■	■	■	141	676	9%	17%	26%
Pursat	Krakor	Ou Sandan	Ou ach Kok	128	8	2		1		1	2	1				■	■	■	165	682	12%	17%	29%
Pursat	Krakor	Ou Sandan	Ou Akol			15			28								■		242	1,358	24%	13%	37%
Pursat	Krakor	Ou Sandan	Puttream	109							2					■	■	■	133	214	10%	19%	29%
Pursat	Krakor	Ou Sandan	Thnoeng	103	6	19		1								■	■	■	109	520	7%	15%	22%
Pursat	Krakor	Sna Ansa	Ansa Kdam							1							■	■	167	767	32%	21%	53%
Pursat	Krakor	Sna Ansa	Beng	15	7						1					■	■	■	134	303	29%	22%	52%
Pursat	Krakor	Sna Ansa	Chi Cheh														■		78	236	40%	14%	54%
Pursat	Krakor	Sna Ansa	Kampongprak						32										52	219	79%	No data	79%
Pursat	Krakor	Sna Ansa	Krang Veaeng	26	7											■	■	■	174	691	37%	18%	56%
Pursat	Krakor	Sna Ansa	Sarovoan														■		91	224	26%	22%	48%
Pursat	Krakor	Sna Ansa	Sna Ansa							2		1	1				■	■	93	393	32%	23%	55%
Pursat	Krakor	Sna Ansa	Svay Sa							1							■	■	106	301	33%	22%	55%
Pursat	Krakor	Sna Ansa	Thmei														■		94	291	25%	30%	54%
Pursat	Krakor	Sna Ansa	Veal Vong							1								■	130	328	31%	24%	55%
Pursat	Krakor	Tnaot Chum	Boeng Veal	8	6		J. DTL				1					■		■	232	1,144	28%	0%	28%
Pursat	Krakor	Tnaot Chum	Chambak Thum	160	2		J. DTL									■	■	■	222	1,100	12%	3%	15%
Pursat	Krakor	Tnaot Chum	Chheu Teal	91	3						2		1			■	■	■	159	799	16%	14%	30%
Pursat	Krakor	Tnaot Chum	Choar Mkean														■		108	502	18%	14%	32%
Pursat	Krakor	Tnaot Chum	Dang Tuek Leach	102	6		1				1					■		■	122	590	18%	7%	25%
Pursat	Krakor	Tnaot Chum	Kandal	98			J. DTL									■	■	■	134	662	25%	3%	28%
Pursat	Krakor	Tnaot Chum	Krabel Sa	15												■	■	■	140	634	14%	12%	26%

Location				Category												Target Populations								
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFi	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHS	Population	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2	
Pursat	Krakor	Tnaot Chum	Prey Khla							1							■	■	155	766	10%	16%	26%	
Pursat	Krakor	Tnaot Chum	Saen Pen	125	8												■		■	108	781	6%	10%	16%
Pursat	Krakor	Tnaot Chum	Ta Kaev Leu							1									96	436	26%	8%	34%	
Pursat	Krakor	Tnaot Chum	Tbaeng Chrum	184	11						1						■		■	191	914	14%	3%	17%
Pursat	Krakor	Tnaot Chum	Thmei	19													■	■	■	589	2,725	24%	17%	41%
Pursat	Krakor	Tnaot Chum	Tram									1						■	■	161	815	9%	8%	16%
Pursat	Krong Pursat	Phteah Prey	Peal Nheaek Muoy												1				965	4,622	No data	No data	No data	
Pursat	Krong Pursat	Phteah Prey	Tnaot Tret										2						176	811	28%	14%	43%	
Pursat	Krong Pursat	Prey Nhi	Bak Roteh										1						231	1,046	18%	12%	30%	
Pursat	Krong Pursat	Prey Nhi	Moan Chae												1				187	1,272	20%	11%	32%	
Pursat	Krong Pursat	Svay at	Sthani												3				296	1,401	29%	19%	48%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Leach	Bak Trakuon														■		125	338	30%	28%	58%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Leach	Baoh Puoy														■		185	762	22%	24%	45%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Leach	Krouch Chhmar										1				■		212	1,062	13%	8%	20%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Leach	Leach							3							■	■	272	1,232	17%	14%	31%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Leach	Paen														■		315	1,183	26%	31%	57%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Leach	Pech Ban							1							■	■	269	676	23%	25%	48%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Leach	Sbov Rik														■		221	1,462	37%	16%	53%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Leach	Ta Nuk														■		149	655	33%	24%	56%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Phteah Rung	Bat Rumduol							4								■	451	2,147	16%	15%	31%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Phteah Rung	Ta Sas										1						332	1,250	17%	15%	32%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Phteah Rung	Thlok Dangkao							3								■	340	1,478	11%	8%	18%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Prongil	Kampeaeng	11						2	1	1	1				■	■	295	1,300	29%	17%	46%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Prongil	Ou Bak Tra	35		66		1			1						■	■	475	2,480	38%	13%	51%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Prongil	Ou Srav	37													■	■	272	1,250	31%	25%	56%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Prongil	Svay Pak							2								■	298	1,190	35%	15%	50%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Samraong	Angkrong														■		367	1,734	24%	22%	47%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Samraong	Ou Heng														■		201	983	30%	9%	39%	

Cambodia HARVEST Target Villages -- Clients & Farmer beneficiaries, Sector Focus, and Target HHs/Populations (as of June 30, 2013)																								
Location				Category													Target Populations							
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHs	Population	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Samraong	Preaek Bei														■		168	848	18%	19%	37%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Samraong	Preaek Muoy														■	■	423	1,986	21%	17%	38%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Samraong	Preaek Pir										1				■		238	1,206	39%	17%	56%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Samraong	Roveang	31		52		1			1						■	■	187	773	28%	31%	59%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Samraong	Samraong Muoy														■		132	557	22%	14%	36%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Samraong	Veal	59		81		1			1						■	■	213	1,007	29%	13%	41%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Santreae	Kol Totueng	21		20		1			1						■	■	277	1,182	20%	13%	34%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Santreae	Santreae									1						■	146	562	21%	14%	34%	
Pursat	Phnum Kravanh	Santreae	Srae Popeay														■		190	833	25%	13%	38%	
Sub-Total Pursat	5	21	149	6,589	272	331	1	7	88	75	28	9	16	2	7	76	99	89	29,137	134,384	19%	14%	33%	
Notes:				1. %HH P1 -- percentage of household poor level 1 (extreme poor) 2. %HH P2 -- percentage of household poor level 2 (normal poor) 3. %HH P1 & P2 -- percentage of household poor (levels 1 and 2 combined)																				
Sources:				Client data (Fintrac CIRIS, June 2013); village demographic data (MoP, 2011)																				

Cambodia HARVEST Target Villages -- Clients & Farmer beneficiaries, Sector Focus, and Target HHs/Populations (as of June 30, 2013)																								
Location				Category												Target Populations								
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHs	Populati on	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2	
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Kaoh Chiveang	Anlong Ta Uor		3		1													402	1,607	14%	20%	34%
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Kaoh Chiveang	Preaek Toal		3		1													688	3,141	17%	23%	40%
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Peam Aek	Peam Aek							2										373	1,568	12%	15%	26%
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Preaek Khpob	Khvet									1								372	1,450	4%	5%	9%
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Preaek Luong	Bak Amraek	45	17															281	1,223	27%	46%	73%
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Preaek Luong	Bak Roteh																	219	1,059	15%	50%	65%
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Preaek Luong	Preaek Luong	10	5															388	1,834	9%	34%	43%
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Preaek Luong	Rohal Suong	68	6		1			2										359	1,448	36%	29%	64%
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Preaek Luong	Sdei Leu									1								347	1,544	24%	18%	42%
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Preaek Norint	Doung Mea	45	6		RS			1										163	555	15%	25%	39%
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Preaek Norint	Preaek Norint		2					2	1		1							458	606	10%	17%	26%
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Preaek Norint	Preaek Ta Chraeng											1						471	1,453	4%	11%	15%
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Preaek Norint	Rohal Suong	42	7						1									289	623	16%	20%	36%
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Preaek Norint	Sdei	34	8		RS					1								260	1,122	12%	15%	27%
Battambang	Aek Phnum	Samraong Knong	Kampong Sambuor									1								433	2,237	8%	23%	31%
Battambang	Banan	Bay Damram	Bay Damram							1										278	1,089	16%	13%	28%
Battambang	Banan	Bay Damram	Kampong Chaeng	12																172	772	8%	13%	21%
Battambang	Banan	Bay Damram	Kanhchroung	7																102	169	7%	16%	23%
Battambang	Banan	Bay Damram	Krala Peas	14						1										301	1,231	6%	4%	10%
Battambang	Banan	Bay Damram	Ta Song	13						1										130	582	5%	10%	15%
Battambang	Banan	Bay Damram	Tuol Chranieng	1																202	855	5%	5%	9%
Battambang	Banan	Chheu Teal	Anlok Kaong					J. Banan		1			1							122	550	3%	11%	14%
Battambang	Banan	Chheu Teal	Anlong Ta Mei							2										279	1,358	19%	19%	38%
Battambang	Banan	Chheu Teal	Bay Damram	2						3		1	1							286	1,345	2%	2%	5%
Battambang	Banan	Chheu Teal	Braboh	30				J. Banan												186	872	18%	12%	30%
Battambang	Banan	Chheu Teal	Chamkar Svay					J. Banan		1										257	1,248	14%	24%	38%
Battambang	Banan	Chheu Teal	Chheu Teal							2										380	1,718	18%	12%	30%
Battambang	Banan	Chheu Teal	Doung	19		19		J. Banan												133	557	4%	13%	17%
Battambang	Banan	Chheu Teal	Khnar							1										207	1,029	9%	13%	21%
Battambang	Banan	Chheu Teal	Svay Prakeab	10																209	985	13%	22%	35%
Battambang	Banan	Chheu Teal	Thkov			1		J. Banan												172	720	15%	19%	34%
Battambang	Banan	Kantueu Pir	Banan	17				1		1										373	1,632	11%	19%	30%
Battambang	Banan	Kantueu Pir	Post Kantueu									1								136	512	28%		28%
Battambang	Banan	Phnum Sampov	Krapeu Cheung							4										659	2,893	13%	16%	29%

Location				Category												Target Populations							
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHs	Populati on	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Battambang	Banan	Phnum Sampov	Samnanh							1									355	1,502	13%	18%	31%
Battambang	Banan	Snoeng	Boeng Chaeng	3															117	539	30%	39%	68%
Battambang	Banan	Snoeng	Boeng Krasal	11															479	2,207	15%	15%	30%
Battambang	Banan	Snoeng	Boeng Prei	6															351	1,799	11%	10%	21%
Battambang	Banan	Snoeng	Rumchey	30		16		1											356	910	9%	20%	29%
Battambang	Banan	Snoeng	Sambuor Meas																305	1,335	9%	11%	19%
Battambang	Banan	Snoeng	Snoeng Kaeut	11									1						420	1,844	32%	18%	50%
Battambang	Banan	Ta Kream	Ou Pong Moan	168															505	3,463	5%	3%	8%
Battambang	Banan	Ta Kream	Ou Ta Nhea	123						1									343	1,045	9%	1%	10%
Battambang	Banan	Ta Kream	Paoy Svay	77						1									339	1,472	3%	2%	4%
Battambang	Banan	Ta Kream	Prey Phdau	23															222	1,009	7%	7%	14%
Battambang	Banan	Ta Kream	Ta Kream	120						1									329	1,026	5%	2%	7%
Battambang	Banan	Ta Kream	Ta Ngaen	81						1									736	2,920	8%	7%	14%
Battambang	Banan	Ta Kream	Thmei	3						3									498	1,312	19%	5%	24%
Battambang	Bavel	Bavel	Dach Proat											1					342	1,561	6%	14%	19%
Battambang	Bavel	Bavel	Prey Totueng Pir											1					522	2,435	17%	19%	36%
Battambang	Bavel	Bavel	Svay Chrum	23															257	1,214	9%	15%	24%
Battambang	Bavel	Kdol Taken	Khleang											1					100	520	22%	13%	35%
Battambang	Bavel	Khnach Romeas	Ballang Leu	142	9					1	1								249	1,236	13%	18%	31%
Battambang	Bavel	Khnach Romeas	Ballang Mean Chey	99						1	1								107	535	15%	15%	30%
Battambang	Bavel	Khnach Romeas	Khnach Romeas	131	1						3		1						628	3,216	8%	19%	28%
Battambang	Bavel	Khnach Romeas	Koah Ream	13	9					7		1							475	2,411	13%	16%	29%
Battambang	Bavel	Khnach Romeas	Prey Sangha	59	16					5	1								426	2,198	11%	23%	34%
Battambang	Bavel	Khnach Romeas	Rung Ampil		5														304	1,506	18%	12%	31%
Battambang	Bavel	Khnach Romeas	Svay Sa	70	11					1									160	796	14%	23%	37%
Battambang	Bavel	Lvea	Kbal Spean											1					212	1,051	16%	18%	34%
Battambang	Bavel	Lvea	Ream Sena											1					251	1,081	23%	11%	34%
Battambang	Bavel	Prey Khpos	Kbal Thnal							1									217	1,049	30%	8%	38%
Battambang	Krong Battambang	Kdol Doun Teav	Kantuot									1							256	1,268	15%	15%	29%
Battambang	Krong Battambang	Ou Char	Anhchanh												1				499	2,829	7%	11%	18%
Battambang	Krong Battambang	Ou Char	Ou Char							1									666	3,938	6%	10%	17%
Battambang	Krong Battambang	Ou Char	Prey Koun Sek											1					221	992	24%	18%	42%
Battambang	Krong Battambang	Ou Mal	Kouk Ponley			20													217	1,023	20%	14%	34%
Battambang	Krong Battambang	Ou Mal	Ou Mal											1					187	838	18%	20%	38%

Location				Category												Target Populations							
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHS	Populati on	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Battambang	Krong Battambang	Preaek Preah Sdach	Ou Khcheay												1				303	1,590	16%	14%	30%
Battambang	Krong Battambang	Rotanak	Rumchek Buon												1				684	3,080	7%	14%	21%
Battambang	Krong Battambang	Rotanak	Rumchek Pram												1				191	1,023	4%	14%	18%
Battambang	Krong Battambang	Svay Pao	Mphey Osakphea												1				635	3,054	No data	No data	No data
Battambang	Krong Battambang	Svay Pao	Preaek Moha Tep												2				1,615	8,196	No data	No data	No data
Battambang	Krong Battambang	Voat Kor	Chrab Krasang		1														689	3,269	21%	15%	36%
Battambang	Krong Battambang	Voat Kor	Damnak Luong												1				449	2,010	15%	17%	33%
Battambang	Krong Battambang	Voat Kor	Voat Kor									1						■	660	3,287	13%	18%	31%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Chrey	Chong Chamnay	43	11					3						■		■	450	2,013	16%	16%	32%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Chrey	Chrey Cheung	58	4					2		1				■		■	334	1,385	16%	14%	30%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Chrey	Chrey Muoy	34	9											■		■	180	682	18%	22%	40%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Chrey	Chrey Pir										1					■	372	1,569	27%	19%	46%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Chrey	Mreah Prov	206	16						1					■		■	302	1,310	26%	13%	39%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Chrey	Tuol Ta Thon	30												■		■	177	831	16%	19%	35%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Kakaoh	Chak Thum	22												■			452	1,885	15%	24%	39%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Kakaoh	Chak Touch	12												■			435	1,781	22%	20%	42%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Kakaoh	Kakaoh	5								1				■			371	1,637	14%	25%	38%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Kakaoh	Ph'ieng	18												■			244	1,068	21%	24%	45%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Kakaoh	Srae Ou	3												■			458	2,173	20%	28%	49%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Kear	Kear Muoy	45	14					1						■			227	1,121	14%	17%	31%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Kear	Ou Kriet							1				1				■	417	1,996	17%	13%	29%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Kear	Pou Muoy							1								■	346	1,628	14%	11%	25%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Kear	Pou Pir							1								■	364	1,549	19%	13%	32%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Kear	Ream Kon							3								■	471	1,950	18%	12%	30%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Moung Ruessei	Moung							2				1					362	1,517	7%	9%	16%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Prey Svay	Prey Svay							4									446	1,682	23%	18%	41%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Prey Touch	Prey Damrei							1									365	1,776	24%	20%	44%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Prey Touch	Prey Touch									1							269	1,201	25%	18%	44%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Robas Mongkol	Koun K'aek Muoy	79	14							1				■		■	244	1,007	32%	4%	35%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Robas Mongkol	Koun K'aek Pir							2			1						293	1,229	11%	7%	18%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Robas Mongkol	Robas Mongkol	45	8											■		■	212	870	14%	17%	31%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Ta Loas	Chong Pralay	110						2	1	1				■		■	238	997	17%	16%	34%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Ta Loas	Ma Naok															■	365	1,164	30%	3%	33%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Ta Loas	Pralay Sdau	35												■		■	151	634	21%	15%	36%

Location				Category												Target Populations							
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHS	Populati on	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Ta Loas	Sdei Stueng	85												■		■	238	994	30%	7%	37%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Ta Loas	Stueng Thmei	98	8					2						■		■	172	750	8%	12%	20%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Ta Loas	Tras	106	3											■		■	206	843	24%	12%	36%
Battambang	Moung Ruessei	Ta Loas	Veal	54												■		■	137	552	30%	6%	36%
Battambang	Rotonak Mondol	Phlov Meas	Chi Pang									1							98	448	22%	6%	29%
Battambang	Rotonak Mondol	Phlov Meas	Ou Traeng			29		J. PM											51	236	10%	53%	63%
Battambang	Rotonak Mondol	Phlov Meas	Phlov Meas			53		1					1						317	1,499	28%	22%	50%
Battambang	Rotonak Mondol	Phlov Meas	Sek Sak			14		J. PM											190	845	48%	17%	65%
Battambang	Rotonak Mondol	Traeng	Chi Sang			24													286	1,262	14%	30%	44%
Battambang	Rotonak Mondol	Traeng	Phcheav			5													621	3,929	21%	28%	49%
Battambang	Rotonak Mondol	Traeng	Tuek Sab					1											98	448	22%	6%	29%
Battambang	Rukhak Kiri	Prey Tralach	Pralay Dabprambe			10													413	1,189	3%	20%	23%
Battambang	Rukhak Kiri	Prey Tralach	Prey Ampaon			8													312	1,386	26%	23%	49%
Battambang	Rukhak Kiri	Prey Tralach	Sreah Thort			9													154	948	19%	25%	44%
Battambang	Samlout	Kampong Lpov	Svay Chrum									1							162	445	5%	32%	36%
Battambang	Samlout	Samlout	Bueng Run									1	1						412	1,835	14%	28%	42%
Battambang	Samlout	Sung	Kandal	52		51		1			1					■		■	71	301	16%	28%	44%
Battambang	Samlout	Sung	Srae Reach	11												■			94	432	10%	20%	30%
Battambang	Samlout	Sung	Sung Muoy									1							269	1,551	10%	18%	27%
Battambang	Samlout	Ta Sanh	Ou Sngout										1						302	1,326	20%	21%	40%
Battambang	Samlout	Ta Taok	Peam									1							50	206	44%	36%	80%
Battambang	Samlout	Ta Taok	Phnum Rai	23		46		1			1					■		■	159	608	40%	40%	79%
Battambang	Sangkae	Kampong Preah	Kampong Preah									1							461	345	22%	11%	33%
Battambang	Sangkae	Kampong Preah	Srah Kaev			1										■			487	737	19%	26%	45%
Battambang	Sangkae	Kampong Prieng	Kbal Thnal	8												■			363	1,592	39%	11%	50%
Battambang	Sangkae	Kampong Prieng	Thmei	16								1				■			285	1,245	17%	14%	30%
Battambang	Sangkae	Norea	Norea Muoy									1							418	2,030	13%	30%	43%
Battambang	Sangkae	Reang Kesei	Boeng Veaeng	46										1		■			108	418	18%	19%	36%
Battambang	Sangkae	Reang Kesei	Kakaoh Kambot	3												■			104	607	3%	14%	17%
Battambang	Sangkae	Reang Kesei	Prey Svay	17												■			129	384	12%	30%	41%
Battambang	Sangkae	Reang Kesei	Reang Kesei	11												■			236	949	10%	24%	34%
Battambang	Sangkae	Reang Kesei	Reang Kraol	35												■			307	1,495	9%	11%	21%
Battambang	Sangkae	Reang Kesei	Svay Cheat	5												■			333	1,487	11%	18%	29%
Battambang	Sangkae	Reang Kesei	Voat Kandal	73												■			292	1,188	8%	24%	32%

Location				Category												Target Populations							
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHs	Populati on	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Battambang	Thma Koul	Anlong Run	Char	4												■			239	1,123	27%	7%	34%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Anlong Run	Sla Slak	4												■			191	961	34%	11%	45%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Anlong Run	Souphi	49												■			235	1,072	38%	9%	47%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Bansay Traeng	Bansay Traeng									1							303	1,325	21%	23%	44%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Bansay Traeng	Ta Kay							1									212	580	36%	7%	43%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Bansay Traeng	Thmei								1								406	1,885	28%	17%	45%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Bansay Traeng	Tuol Ta Sokh							1									183	621	28%	22%	50%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Boeng Pring	Boeng Pring							4				1					966	5,167	17%	20%	37%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Boeng Pring	Ou Nhor							1									382	1,798	17%	19%	36%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Chrey	Chrey	2						1						■			255	1,104	30%	17%	47%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Chrey	Chrey Thmei	68										1		■		■	207	674	19%	21%	40%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Chrey	Hai San										1					■	603	2,513	20%	17%	38%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Chrey	Ka Kou	5												■		■	349	1,613	11%	26%	37%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Chrey	Kbal Khmaoch	99	2						1	1				■			289	1,191	29%	29%	59%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Chrey	Kruos	5												■			221	915	20%	15%	36%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Chrey	Popeal Khae	4						1		1		1		■			516	2,175	2%	20%	22%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Chrey	Prey Totueng	6												■			425	1,768	13%	21%	34%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Chrey	Svay Chrum	108						2						■		■	342	1,282	14%	17%	30%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Chrouy Sdau	Chrouy Sdau									1		1					638	3,179	7%	16%	23%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Chrouy Sdau	Nikom Knong							2									847	4,346	6%	5%	11%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Chrouy Sdau	Nikom Krau							2									620	2,907	8%	8%	16%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Kouk Khmum	Chhkae Koun							1				1				■	444	1,900	21%	15%	37%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Kouk Khmum	Kandal Tboung									1							365	839	22%	34%	55%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Kouk Khmum	Kien Kaes Muoy							1	1			1				■	486	3,140	6%	15%	21%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Kouk Khmum	Kouk Khmum							1	1							■	243	1,064	35%	20%	55%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ou Ta Ki	Ou Ta Ki	25	5					2				1		■		■	803	3,359	40%	3%	43%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ou Ta Ki	Prey Totueng	4												■			365	1,543	49%	25%	73%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ou Ta Ki	Trang	3						3						■		■	441	1,747	30%	18%	48%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ou Ta Ki	Tras	69	10					1						■		■	360	1,631	34%	14%	48%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Rung Chrey	Ballang Kraom	137	13					2						■		■	427	1,917	16%	12%	27%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Rung Chrey	Kouk Khpos	107							1	1	1			■		■	226	1,134	23%	8%	31%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Rung Chrey	Prakeab	124	1					3	1					■		■	582	2,839	13%	7%	20%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Rung Chrey	Preah Ponlea	48	12					2						■		■	527	2,449	9%	10%	19%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Rung Chrey	Rung Chrey	114	15					3	2					■		■	258	1,429	16%	6%	22%

Location				Category												Target Populations							
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHs	Populati on	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Battambang	Thma Koul	Rung Chrey	Tuol	27	10					1	1					■		■	150	770	21%	11%	32%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ta Meun	Ang Cheung	67	8		1						1			■		■	320	1,737	7%	15%	22%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ta Meun	Chrouy Mtes	22												■		■	238	1,208	20%	3%	23%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ta Meun	Kouk Trab	4						1						■		■	360	1,726	6%	7%	13%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ta Meun	Samraong	125												■		■	169	765	13%	23%	36%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ta Meun	Ta Sei	13						3						■		■	557	2,592	7%	1%	9%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ta Meun	Thma Koul Cheung							1								■	324	1,534	8%	5%	13%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ta Meun	Thmei	46	2					2						■		■	409	2,112	12%	8%	20%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ta Meun	Tumneab							2		1						■	92	479	9%	1%	10%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ta Pung	Kaksekam							2	1			1					288	1,320	8%	23%	31%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ta Pung	Kouk Kduoch							1									608	2,922	10%	24%	34%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ta Pung	Paoy Samraong							1	1								589	2,719	10%	12%	22%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ta Pung	Paoy Yong											1					500	2,313	11%	23%	34%
Battambang	Thma Koul	Ta Pung	Thma Koul Tbound							1		1							303	1,464	2%	11%	13%
Battambang	Thmar Koul	Ou Ta Ki	Popeal Khae															■	638	2,724	24%	14%	38%
Battambang	Thmar Koul	Rung Chrey	Paoy Rumchey															■	94	465	19%	26%	45%
Sub-Total Battambang	11	53	186	4,239	275	305	4	6	0	124	23	30	14	19	8	96	0	95	63,439	282,381	15%	15%	30%

Notes: 1. %HH P1 -- percentage of household poor level 1 (extreme poor)
2. %HH P2 -- percentage of household poor level 2 (normal poor)
3. %HH P1 & P2 -- percentage of household poor (levels 1 and 2 combined)

Sources: Client data (Fintrac CIRIS, June 2013); village demographic data (MoP, 2011)

Cambodia HARVEST Target Villages -- Clients & Farmer beneficiaries, Sector Focus, and Target HHS/Populations (as of June 30, 2013)																							
Location				Category												Target Populations							
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHS	Populati on	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Chey	Koun Tnaot										1						89	439	24%	20%	44%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Kampong Svay	Chong Prey	48							1					■		■	208	968	24%	23%	47%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Kampong Svay	Chrang Kraham							1								■	188	1,467	34%	18%	52%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Kampong Svay	Enteak Komar														■	■	342	1,845	29%	23%	52%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Kampong Svay	Kampong Svay	49						1	1					■		■	224	1,108	21%	19%	40%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Kampong Svay	Prey Preah	116												■		■	126	565	16%	31%	47%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Kampong Svay	Sou Chey	25												■	■	■	156	794	24%	22%	46%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Kampong Svay	Ta Am							1								■	126	625	20%	26%	46%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Kampong Svay	Ta Paong							3								■	250	1,300	16%	23%	38%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Kampong Svay	Tiem Chas	170						3	2	1	1			■		■	353	1,853	14%	19%	33%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Kampong Svay	Tnaot															■	319	1,447	9%	12%	22%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Kdei Doung	Kdei Doung									1						■	408	1,951	10%	13%	23%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Kdei Doung	Ou Sambuor	171	8											■	■	■	281	2,282	10%	11%	21%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Kdei Doung	Peam Kraeng							1								■	280	1,610	15%	18%	32%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Kdei Doung	Slaeng							1								■	127	650	12%	12%	24%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Prey Kuy	Prey Kuy	43												■			400	1,806	13%	20%	33%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Prey Kuy	Prey Kuy Kor	125								1				■			238	1,042	11%	11%	22%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	San Kor	Kbel	7												■			361	1,956	34%	18%	51%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	San Kor	Krasang Ka	8												■			326	1,912	23%	12%	35%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	San Kor	Krasang Kha	7												■			328	1,876	21%	17%	38%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	San Kor	San Kor Kha	8												■			413	2,198	16%	20%	36%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Trapeang Ruessei	Kouk Nguon	91	4	6					1	1	1			■		■	90	462	6%	9%	15%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Trapeang Ruessei	Lvea Choum	121	5	9					1					■		■	215	1,035	17%	13%	30%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Trapeang Ruessei	Lvey															■	125	599	29%	19%	48%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Trapeang Ruessei	Ou Rumdeng		3	46										■			209	902	7%	16%	23%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Trapeang Ruessei	Romeang Ngoab															■	135	712	8%	7%	15%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Trapeang Ruessei	Samraong	86	3						1					■		■	170	877	7%	7%	13%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Trapeang Ruessei	Serei Vongs	118	14	29										■		■	177	821	15%	17%	32%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Trapeang Ruessei	Skon					1											102	723	24%	9%	32%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Trapeang Ruessei	Snao	94	3											■			216	1,021	2%	11%	13%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Trapeang Ruessei	Thnal Baek	36	4	1				2	2					■		■	866	4,223	13%	10%	22%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Trapeang Ruessei	Thnal Baek Kor	11												■			219	987	2%	7%	9%
Kampong Thom	Kampong Svay	Trapeang Ruessei	Trapeang Thma															■	104	516	14%	18%	33%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Achar Leak	Achar Leak		1					1			1	1		■	■		477	2,189	6%	8%	14%

Location				Category												Target Populations							
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHs	Population	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Achar Leak	Krachab							1				1			■		459	2,059	9%	9%	18%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Achar Leak	Prey Banlich														■		370	1,608	4%	15%	20%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Damrei Choan Khla	Balang Khang Kaeut											1					245	1,428	8%	18%	26%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Damrei Choan Khla	Balang Khang Lech												1				540	2,516	9%	16%	25%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Damrei Choan Khla	Damrei Choan Khla												1				308	1,352	No data	No data	No data
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Kampong Krabau	Kampong Krabau							1					2				170	903	2%	15%	17%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Kampong Roteh	Kampong Thum												2				679	3,230	14%	6%	20%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Ou Kanthor	Boeng Lies														■		66	326	27%	32%	59%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Ou Kanthor	Ou Kanthor Khang Tbound	184	19					4	1	1				■		■	323	1,550	15%	19%	34%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Ou Kanthor	Preaek Sbov							2									297	1,635	13%	18%	31%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Prey Ta Hu	Kdei							1							■		362	1,924	6%	14%	20%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Prey Ta Hu	Prey Ta Hu														■		412	2,153	14%	20%	34%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Prey Ta Hu	Sla Kaet														■		313	1,451	20%	27%	47%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Srayov	Chambak														■		240	1,121	9%	18%	27%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Srayov	Kampong Samraong	61	6						1					■	■	■	207	1,062	17%	18%	35%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Srayov	Kamraeng							1							■	■	196	833	16%	24%	40%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Srayov	Mneav														■		288	1,305	16%	27%	44%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Srayov	Pou Saen Snay							1							■	■	338	1,575	18%	26%	44%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Srayov	Pou Ta Un														■		268	1,360	14%	14%	28%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Srayov	Pramat dei	46	6						1					■	■	■	158	717	10%	21%	31%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Srayov	Puk Yuk							1				1				■	466	2,325	10%	20%	30%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Srayov	Roka														■		467	2,169	9%	23%	32%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Srayov	Roluos	166							1					■	■	■	271	1,298	26%	22%	48%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Srayov	Srayov Cheung								1						■		442	1,935	21%	17%	38%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Srayov	Srayov Tbound	130	3						1					■	■	■	219	1,252	18%	22%	41%
Kampong Thom	Krong Stueng Saen	Srayov	Trapeang Veaeng							3		1	1				■	■	311	1,447	7%	30%	37%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Ballangk	Sala Visai	Bos Veaeng	122	13	70		1			2					■		■	129	703	16%	22%	37%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Ballangk	Sala Visai	Ruessei Duoch	27	11	45		1			1					■		■	121	597	15%	35%	50%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Ballangk	Sala Visai	Sala Visai							4		1	1					■	315	2,077	31%	19%	50%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Ballangk	Sala Visai	Trapeang Kraol	63	2											■			96	554	14%	22%	35%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Ballangk	Sambour	Kampong Chheu Teal							3		1							466	1,795	3%	6%	10%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Ballangk	Sambour	Sambour							3								■	265	1,013	25%	21%	46%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Ballangk	Sraeung	Choam Boeng									1						■	134	644	23%	11%	34%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sambour	At Su															■	169	987	23%	13%	36%

Location				Category												Target Populations							
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHs	Population	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sambour	Char															■	97	414	40%	6%	46%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sambour	Char Chrum															■	148	846	31%	21%	52%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sambour	Cheay Sampov															■	185	1,980	19%	22%	41%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sambour	Chramas	37							1					■		■	170	1,252	12%	12%	24%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sambour	Chranieng															■	74	397	19%	12%	31%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sambour	Kampong Chheu Teal	94							2		1			■		■	466	1,795	3%	6%	10%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sambour	Kouk K'aek															■	306	1,438	35%	20%	55%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sambour	Ou Kru Kae															■	160	654	7%	19%	26%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sambour	Pou Tret															■	40	218	48%	5%	53%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sambour	Pralay															■	64	729	23%	16%	39%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sambour	Preaek															■	136	676	7%	17%	24%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sambour	Samret															■	142	698	28%	25%	53%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sambour	Trapeang Chuk	90							1					■		■	122	619	15%	21%	35%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sraeung	Anlong Slaeng															■	32	192	6%	19%	25%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sraeung	Beng	30		26		1			1					■		■	79	727	75%	3%	77%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sraeung	Boeng Khvaek															■	24	129	4%	25%	29%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sraeung	Sraeung															■	125	533	21%	16%	37%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sraeung	Thmei															■	207	894	22%	17%	39%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sraeung	Tnaot Chuor															■	56	254	4%	4%	7%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Sraeung	Tumnob															■	243	2,702	17%	30%	46%
Kampong Thom	Prasat Sambour	Tang Krasau	Tuek Andoung										1						234	1,143	9%	17%	26%
Kampong Thom	Sandan	Tum Ring	Tum Ar			18		1											222	1,042	14%	22%	37%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Boeng Lvea	Boeng Lvea	111							1	1				■		■	254	1,368	4%	9%	13%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Boeng Lvea	Tbaeng	85							1					■		■	182	830	19%	27%	46%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Kakaoh	Santuk Krau	18												■			160	788	1%	11%	12%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Kakaoh	Svay Kal									1	1						193	961	18%	18%	36%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Kampong Thma	Kampong Thma							6									301	1,149	2%	10%	12%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Kampong Thma	Kang Sau							1									91	452	No data	2%	2%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Kampong Thma	Khley	59							1					■		■	259	1,160	7%	15%	22%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Kampong Thma	Khvaek	137	4					1	1					■		■	147	647	1%	8%	8%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Kampong Thma	Prey Phlu	106	2											■		■	101	463	9%	25%	34%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Kampong Thma	S'ang	125	2											■		■	78	377	0%	15%	15%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Kampong Thma	Snao	201	3											■		■	218	915	4%	10%	13%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Kampong Thma	Thon Moung							1	1	1	1						159	748	2%	11%	13%

Location				Category													Target Populations						
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHs	Population	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Kampong Thma	Tuol Sangkae	127												■		■	192	917	7%	17%	23%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Prasat	Banteay Yumreach	224	7					2	1	1	1			■		■	300	1,356	1%	9%	11%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Prasat	Chambak Chrum	32												■			286	1,480	11%	5%	15%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Prasat	Leav	29	4		1	1								■		■	208	1,059	16%	12%	28%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Prasat	Prasat	33	2		J. L			4	1					■		■	224	1,011	5%	15%	21%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Prasat	Sivottha	233	1											■		■	315	1,646	10%	5%	14%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Prasat	Ta Nhaok	117	12		J. L				2					■			167	888	16%	11%	27%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Prasat	Traeuy Myab	152	10		J. L									■		■	232	1,026	6%	21%	21%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Tang Krasang	Tang Krasang									1	1					■	273	1,316	10%	10%	20%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Tang Krasang	Thomm Neath	49	4											■		■	201	1,049	10%	18%	28%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Tboung Krapeu	Panhnhha Chi	98	6					4		1				■		■	282	1,375	11%	5%	16%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Tboung Krapeu	Pou Khav							3			1					■	254	1,214	8%	10%	19%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Ti Pou	Nimitt									1	1						228	924	15%	16%	32%
Kampong Thom	Santuk	Ti Pou	Ti Pou	122												■			189	956	19%	14%	33%
Kampong Thom	Stoung	Chamnar Kraom	Neang Noy	43												■			170	886	15%	25%	39%
Kampong Thom	Stoung	Chamnar Kraom	Preah Neangkoal	137	3											■			251	1,387	7%	27%	34%
Kampong Thom	Stoung	Chamnar Kraom	Sampoar	124										1		■			235	1,819	18%	11%	29%
Kampong Thom	Stoung	Chamnar Kraom	Sandan	85												■			176	894	30%	9%	38%
Kampong Thom	Stoung	Chamnar Kraom	Srei Rongit	92												■			156	833	9%	24%	33%
Kampong Thom	Stoung	Kampong Chen Tboung	Kampong Chen											2					274	1,442	11%	4%	15%
Kampong Thom	Stoung	Kampong Chen Tboung	Leap Tong											2					398	1,971	0%	4%	4%
Kampong Thom	Stoung	Peam Bang	Doun Sdaeng						44										129	613	4%	9%	12%
Kampong Thom	Stoung	Peam Bang	Peam Bang						44										209	973	2%	6%	8%
Kampong Thom	Stoung	Peam Bang	Pechakrei						22										79	286	8%	3%	10%
Kampong Thom	Stoung	Pralay	Angk Khloam											1					230	1,139	7%	11%	18%
Kampong Thom	Stoung	Samprouch	Mochheay											1					108	554	20%	20%	41%
Kampong Thom	Stoung	Samprouch	Slak Kranh	69												■			163	645	20%	17%	36%
Sub-Total Kampong Thom	7	30	129	4,992	165	250	1	6	110	61	32	16	14	11	6	58	24	75	30,162	152,514	12%	15%	26%
Notes:	1. %HH P1 -- percentage of household poor level 1 (extreme poor) 2. %HH P2 -- percentage of household poor level 2 (normal poor) 3. %HH P1 & P2 -- percentage of household poor (levels 1 and 2 combined)																						
Sources	Client data (Fintrac CIRIS, June 2013); village demographic data (MoP, 2011)																						

Cambodia HARVEST Target Villages -- Clients & Farmer beneficiaries, Sector Focus, and Target HHs/Populations (as of June 30, 2013)																							
Location				Category													Target Populations						
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHs	Population	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Siem Reap	Angkor Chum	Char Chhuk	Doun Sva											1					235	1,246	6%	14%	19%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Chob Ta Trav	Chob															■	150	724	16%	33%	49%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Chob Ta Trav	Pong Tuek															■	225	1,085	20%	21%	41%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Chob Ta Trav	Prasat															■	131	657	25%	31%	56%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Chob Ta Trav	Toap Svay															■	216	1,047	37%	7%	44%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Chob Ta Trav	Trapeang Tuk															■	96	479	16%	38%	53%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Leang Dai	Bampenh Reach	16							1					■	■	141	416	15%	15%	30%	
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Leang Dai	Doun Ov															■	144	652	8%	26%	34%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Leang Dai	Kouk Kreul															■	102	550	28%	22%	50%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Leang Dai	Leang Dai															■	239	1,131	23%	20%	44%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Leang Dai	Phlong							2		1						■	351	1,638	12%	13%	25%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Leang Dai	Samraong															■	428	1,978	15%	20%	34%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Leang Dai	Spean Thmei	23												■	■	73	357	25%	27%	52%	
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Leang Dai	Ta Prok															■	239	1,148	16%	21%	38%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Peak Snaeng	Chob Saom	38													■	■	137	703	22%	24%	46%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Peak Snaeng	Khting															■	108	559	13%	41%	54%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Peak Snaeng	Lieb															■	81	337	44%	24%	68%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Peak Snaeng	Peak Snaeng Chas															■	218	1,614	38%	22%	59%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Peak Snaeng	Peak Snaeng Thmei	57						2	1	1	1			■	■	364	1,815	28%	18%	46%	
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Peak Snaeng	Sandan	41							1						■	■	154	712	18%	36%	54%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Svay Chek	Bos Ta Trav					J. SC										■	166	853	18%	27%	45%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Svay Chek	Kandaol	47		1		J. SC								■	■	236	752	17%	21%	39%	
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Svay Chek	Kouk Kak	42				J. SC								■	■	180	893	12%	11%	23%	
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Svay Chek	Preah Kou Chas					J. SC										■	67	331	28%	21%	49%
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Svay Chek	Svay Chek	56		8		1		1	1	1				■	■	237	1,229	4%	14%	18%	
Siem Reap	Angkor Thum	Svay Chek	Ta Trav	13		7		J. SC			1					■	■	255	1,344	10%	24%	34%	
Siem Reap	Banteay Srei	Tbaeng	Skun			50		1											158	1,065	17%	13%	30%
Siem Reap	Banteay Srei	Tbaeng	Tbaeng Kaeut							1									446	2,080	6%	18%	24%
Siem Reap	Banteay Srei	Tbaeng	Tbaeng Lech	46												■	■	179	782	12%	15%	27%	
Siem Reap	Banteay Srei	Tbaeng	Voat							1									197	923	5%	28%	33%
Siem Reap	Chi Kraeng	Chi Kraeng	Kampong							2									143	685	8%	17%	25%
Siem Reap	Chi Kraeng	Kampong Kdei	Kampong Kdei Muoy											2					105	421	2%	2%	4%
Siem Reap	Chi Kraeng	Kampong Kdei	Kampong Kdei Pir							1									122	495	2%	4%	6%
Siem Reap	Chi Kraeng	Kouk Thlok Kraom	Thmei											1					133	613	16%	8%	23%

Location				Category													Target Populations						
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHs	Population	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Siem Reap	Chi Kraeng	Sangvayey	Damrei Chhlang	41	13					4	1					■		■	254	1,195	20%	30%	50%
Siem Reap	Chi Kraeng	Sangvayey	Ou	52												■		■	166	1,207	45%	50%	95%
Siem Reap	Kralanh	Kampong Thkov	Khsach											1					116	599	3%	16%	20%
Siem Reap	Kralanh	Kralanh	Pechchour											1					324	1,612	7%	9%	15%
Siem Reap	Kralanh	Sranal	Kumru											1					262	1,176	5%	12%	17%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Chreav	Boeng	184												■		■	158	852	16%	27%	42%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Chreav	Bos Kralanh	3												■		■	245	1,110	34%	26%	60%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Chreav	Chreav	55						3	2	1	1			■		■	176	385	2%	10%	12%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Chreav	Khnar	20												■			785	4,081	15%	13%	28%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Chreav	Krasang	34												■		■	267	1,315	17%	14%	31%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Chreav	Ta Chek	51						1						■		■	136	715	5%	14%	19%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Chreav	Veal	33												■		■	364	1,551	29%	5%	34%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sambuor	Chrey	140	12											■		■	131	635	12%	15%	27%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sambuor	Pnov															■	167	791	10%	13%	23%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sambuor	Sambuor	12	1					1	1	1	1			■		■	204	995	11%	16%	27%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sambuor	Ta Kong	7												■		■	150	706	13%	24%	37%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sambuor	Veal	108	4											■		■	130	655	5%	25%	29%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sangkat Krabei Riel	Boeng	3												■			201	951	16%	10%	25%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sangkat Krabei Riel	Khnar	1							1					■			131	579	24%	20%	44%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sangkat Krabei Riel	Kouk Doung	3												■			146	725	17%	11%	28%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sangkat Krabei Riel	Krasang	4	4											■			96	477	10%	13%	23%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sangkat Krabei Riel	Popis	6	4											■			76	436	17%	16%	33%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sangkat Krabei Riel	Prama	2												■			177	831	17%	14%	31%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sangkat Krabei Riel	Prey Krouch	4												■			162	712	17%	11%	27%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sangkat Krabei Riel	Prey Pou	4												■			78	400	13%	6%	19%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sangkat Krabei Riel	Roka	2												■			151	908	14%	18%	32%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sangkat Krabei Riel	Ta Ros	4												■			129	670	17%	23%	40%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sangkat Krabei Riel	Totea	4	1											■			95	492	14%	5%	19%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Sangkat Krabei Riel	Trapeang Veaeng	5	2											■			86	445	12%	19%	30%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Siem Reab	Pou	3						2					1	■			494	2,890	14%	1%	15%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Srangae	Chanlaong	131	17						1					■		■	162	845	18%	17%	35%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Srangae	Kaksekam	5												■			275	1,541	11%	6%	17%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Srangae	Prey Thum	3								1				■		■	139	700	36%	19%	55%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Srangae	Roka Thum	1												■		■	115	565	25%	16%	41%

Location				Category													Target Populations						
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHs	Population	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Srangae	Srangae	43	5					1						■		■	176	851	27%	6%	33%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Srangae	Ta Chak	101												■		■	95	478	15%	37%	52%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reab	Srangae	Thnal	10												■		■	322	1,610	14%	13%	27%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reap	Sala Kamraeuk	Voat Bour												2				1,116	6,220	2%	2%	4%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reap	Sala Kamraeuk	Voat Svay											1					898	4,951	1%	3%	5%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reap	Siem Reab	Kakranh											1					479	2,707	12%	2%	13%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reap	Sla Kram	Chong Kausu												2				2,786	13,338	No data	No data	No data
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reap	Sla Kram	Dak Pou											1					372	2,287	3%	8%	11%
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reap	Svay Dankum	Mondol Pir												1				359	1,798	No data	No data	No data
Siem Reap	Krong Siem Reap	Svay Dankum	Ta Phul												1				1,246	5,703	No data	No data	No data
Siem Reap	Prasat Bakong	Bakong	Stueng			29		1											254	1,218	13%	15%	28%
Siem Reap	Prasat Bakong	Kandaek	Kouk Thlok	38												■		■	315	1,522	8%	5%	14%
Siem Reap	Prasat Bakong	Kandaek	Kouk Tnaot									1							257	1,171	15%	15%	30%
Siem Reap	Prasat Bakong	Kandaek	L"ak							1									183	843	4%	13%	18%
Siem Reap	Prasat Bakong	Kandaek	Spean K"aeak							1									341	1,597	19%	5%	24%
Siem Reap	Prasat Bakong	Kandaek	Trapeang Tuem	58						3						■		■	268	1,228	14%	6%	20%
Siem Reap	Prasat Bakong	Kantreang	Angkrong							6									225	1,271	4%	2%	6%
Siem Reap	Prasat Bakong	Kantreang	Kantreang							1		1							277	1,224	5%	5%	10%
Siem Reap	Prasat Bakong	Kantreang	Souphi							1									262	1,158	8%	2%	10%
Siem Reap	Prasat Bakong	Kantreang	Sret Khang Lech	18						1						■		■	199	934	5%	3%	8%
Siem Reap	Prasat Bakong	Kantreang	Ta Trav	28	14											■		■	246	1,179	4%	2%	7%
Siem Reap	Prasat Bakong	Kantreang	Trapeang Thnal	9	7						1					■		■	207	1,032	7%	2%	9%
Siem Reap	Prasat Bakong	Trapeang Thum	Roka Kambot							1									214	993	11%	13%	24%
Siem Reap	Puok	Puok	Chambak Haer											1					484	2,317	9%	4%	13%
Siem Reap	Puok	Puok	Kouk Chuon							1									126	533	2%	2%	3%
Siem Reap	Puok	Puok	Kouk Thmei							2				1					369	1,911	2%	5%	7%
Siem Reap	Puok	Puok	Puok Chas	101										1		■		■	257	1,036	3%	2%	5%
Siem Reap	Puok	Samraong Yea	Ampil	96												■		■	155	743	4%	9%	13%
Siem Reap	Puok	Samraong Yea	Doun Sva	154												■		■	265	1,330	15%	14%	28%
Siem Reap	Puok	Samraong Yea	Prasat							1									204	990	3%	5%	8%
Siem Reap	Puok	Samraong Yea	Prey Veang	114												■			257	1,164	2%	7%	10%
Siem Reap	Puok	Samraong Yea	Samraong Yea							1									107	494	3%	11%	14%
Siem Reap	Puok	Samraong Yea	Ta Chet							2									160	793	6%	8%	14%
Siem Reap	Puok	Sasar Sdam	Sasar Sdam							1				1					191	888	5%	7%	12%

Location				Category													Target Populations						
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHs	Population	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Siem Reap	Puok	Sasar Sdam	Svay							2									381	1,691	10%	13%	23%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Chan Sa	Baek Kamphleung	78	14					3							■	■	123	551	7%	15%	22%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Chan Sa	Chan Sar Cheung	4		54		1									■	■	51	247	6%	18%	24%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Chan Sa	Kansaeng Kraom			20													116	587	6%	24%	30%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Chan Sa	Kansaeng Leu			15													120	569	10%	21%	31%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Chan Sa	Kouk Chen	54	25												■	■	148	610	2%	15%	17%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Chan Sa	Thnal									1							50	242	4%	26%	30%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Dam Daek	Dam Daek Phsar							2									365	2,819	5%	6%	11%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Dam Daek	Dam Daek Thmei							1									153	811	3%	3%	5%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Dam Daek	Doun Hong											1					209	821	11%	20%	31%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Khnar Pou	Bos			40		J. C		1									232	1,199	13%	19%	33%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Khnar Pou	Chhuk					J. C											99	557	11%	12%	23%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Khnar Pou	Chob			8		1											58	400	40%	29%	69%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Khnar Pou	Damrei Chhlang			13		J. C		2									75	414	37%	0%	37%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Khnar Pou	Rumdeng			4		J. C											131	655	27%	16%	43%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Khnar Pou	Sambat			9		J. C											145	795	28%	17%	45%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Khnar Pou	Samraong			25		J. C											225	1,161	26%	18%	44%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Kien Sangkae	Thnal Chaek											1					318	1,607	21%	15%	35%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Popel	Damrei Koun							2									182	901	19%	26%	45%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Popel	Prey Lean							3									287	836	11%	19%	30%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Popel	Trapeang Phong							3									160	766	16%	19%	35%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Popel	Trapeang Trom							1									246	1,208	24%	24%	48%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Samraong	Bet Meas							3									141	171	8%	16%	24%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Samraong	Samraong Khang Cheung							2		1		1					312	1,154	9%	15%	25%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Samraong	Stueng	39													■	■	255	1,036	25%	10%	35%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Samraong	Svay Chrum	53	10												■	■	207	414	23%	29%	52%
Siem Reap	Soutr Nikom	Samraong	Thnal Chaek	49	10					4							■	■	318	1,607	21%	15%	35%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Chrouy Neang Nguon	Ampov Dieb	46							1						■	■	330	1,819	15%	15%	30%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Chrouy Neang Nguon	Chrouy Neang Nguon							15							■	■	322	1,744	12%	18%	30%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Chrouy Neang Nguon	Ruessei Sanh														■	■	72	367	13%	21%	33%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Chrouy Neang Nguon	Sdau Pok	17													■	■	88	446	10%	39%	49%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Chrouy Neang Nguon	Trom Khang Cheung	37													■	■	154	1,098	8%	22%	31%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Chrouy Neang Nguon	Trom Khang Tboung								1	1					■	■	163	1,250	9%	13%	22%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Chrouy Neang Nguon	Yeay Mei Thmei	19													■	■	227	1,122	30%	23%	52%

Location				Category													Target Populations						
Province	District	Commune	Village	# Ag	# Fish	# Fsty	# CFI	# CF	# Fish Processing	# BDS	# School Garden	# Commune FS/N	# Health Center	# Rice Miller	# Branches of MFI	FTF village	Mobile Kitchen village	O & M village	# HHs	Population	%HH P1	%HH P2	%HH P1&P2
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Klang Hay	Klang Hay	5												■		■	82	413	16%	27%	43%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Klang Hay	Kouk Thkov															■	73	374	8%	25%	33%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Klang Hay	Lbaeuk	6												■		■	96	424	3%	38%	41%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Klang Hay	Pongro Bat Chan	6												■		■	91	386	18%	30%	47%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Klang Hay	Samraong	5												■		■	72	315	29%	21%	50%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Klang Hay	Slaeng Kong															■	42	202	19%	33%	52%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Klang Hay	Slaeng Ta Vet															■	128	600	3%	25%	28%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Moung	Kambaor	8												■			136	674	16%	51%	67%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Moung	Khvaek	7												■			170	834	14%	28%	42%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Moung	Lvea	8												■			209	1,123	19%	31%	50%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Moung	Moung Khang Cheung	7												■			227	1,147	15%	28%	44%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Moung	Moung Khang Tboung	6												■			147	763	18%	25%	43%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Prei	Krabau	4												■		■	83	256	2%	13%	16%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Prei	Krouch Char	6												■		■	94	429	1%	9%	10%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Prei	Prei Muoy	6								1				■		■	217	1,077	7%	19%	25%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Prei	Prei Pir	7												■		■	201	842	7%	20%	26%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Prei	Tram Sasar	27							1					■		■	190	990	13%	17%	30%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Slaeng Spean	Chamkar Chek	12							1					■		■	199	1,126	23%	27%	49%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Slaeng Spean	Chranieng									1							178	850	12%	24%	36%
Siem Reap	Srei Snam	Slaeng Spean	Slaeng Spean															■	415	1,974	27%	23%	50%
Siem Reap	Svay Leu	Svay Leu	Chob Kraom											1					145	695	6%	16%	21%
Sub-Total Siem Reap	12	40	157	2,590	143	283	0	5	0	89	16	13	3	17	8	77	0	80	36,534	179,742	12%	13%	24%
Grand Total Four Provinces	35	144	621	18,410	855	1,169	6	23	198	349	99	68	47	49	29	307	123	339	159,272	749,021	14%	14%	29%
<i>Notes:</i>																							
1. %HH P1 -- percentage of household poor level 1 (extreme poor)																							
2. %HH P2 -- percentage of household poor level 2 (normal poor)																							
3. %HH P1 & P2 -- percentage of household poor (levels 1 and 2 combined)																							
<i>Sources:</i>																							
Client data (Fintrac CIRIS, June 2013); village demographic data (MoP, 2011)																							

ANNEX III: SNAPSHOTS



Cambodia HARVEST | Helping Address
Rural Vulnerabilities and Ecosystem Stability

SNAPSHOT Horticulture Farmers See Substantial Gains

Improved Technologies Transform Farms – and Lives



Photo by Cambodia HARVEST

Bun Yun and her husband, Chan Set, have increased the productivity of their horticulture plot by 356 percent

“Even though these techniques are more work, I’m willing to do it because the yields are so much better.”

- Bun Yun, horticulture farmer in Kampong Thom Province

Telling Our Story
U.S. Agency for International Development
Washington, DC 20523-1000
<http://stories.usaid.gov>

Cambodia HARVEST’s work with commercial horticulture farmers is beginning to pay big dividends. To date, 511 of these clients have harvested their farms, leading to yield increases of 228 percent and corresponding income increases of 336 percent over baseline. They now earn between \$190 and \$300 per production cycle from commercial plots of roughly 1,500 square meters, which translates into better living standards for these rural households. Farmers are achieving these gains by implementing the program’s improved production techniques and technology.

Bun Yun, a mother of three in Kampong Thom Province, has seen her farm – and her life – transformed since she began working with Cambodia HARVEST. Only a year ago, she and her husband could barely feed their family. “We had to catch wild fish just to survive. Food and money were scarce,” she said.

When Cambodia HARVEST technicians approached her in December 2012, Bun quit her job cutting down trees with a lumber company to focus on her horticulture plot, where she now grows primarily yard long beans. She closely follows the advice of program agronomists, including using improved methods for pest and disease control, better fertilizer application, plastic mulching and trellising, and uniform planting techniques. Using her own money from farm sales, she has expanded the size of her farm by 350 percent since she began working with the program.

But the biggest impact has come from her drip irrigation system, which she installed upon the recommendation of Cambodia HARVEST agronomists. Previously, when water was scarce, she would flood irrigate her field using a pump, damaging her crops and eroding the soil. Now, the drip irrigation system allows her to apply only as much water as necessary, and she has added an additional growing cycle during the dry season. To date, 546 commercial horticulture clients have installed drip irrigation systems. As a result of these changes, Bun has seen yield increases of 356 percent and corresponding income increases of 491 percent. “Even though these techniques are more work, I’m willing to do it because the yields are so much better,” she said.

Cambodia HARVEST • Snapshot • April 2013



Cambodia HARVEST | Helping Address Rural Vulnerabilities and Ecosystem Stability

SNAPSHOT Nutrition Lessons, One Customer at a Time

Food Stall Helps Children Improve Eating Habits



Photo by Cambodia HARVEST

Hong Leng (left), a vaccine provider in Pursat, opened a rice porridge business that incorporates Cambodia HARVEST nutrition concepts.

“I like seeing the kids getting healthier. Every day, I’m making a difference.”

- Hong Leng, vaccine provider and food stall owner in Pursat Province

To date, Cambodia HARVEST has trained nearly 75,000 people on nutrition concepts through a variety of methods.

Telling Our Story

U.S. Agency for International Development
Washington, DC 20523-1000
<http://stories.usaid.gov>

As a mobile vaccine provider at a health center in Pursat, Hong Leng sees the area’s health issues up close. Foremost among these is poor dietary nutrition and low dietary diversity, which can cause a range of diseases and developmental problems, especially among children.

“People just don’t know how to feed their babies properly,” Hong said. But it’s not just children who are affected; all members of a family suffer when a household lacks proper nutrition practices. In rural Cambodia, a typical home-cooked meal consists of mostly rice, with few vegetables or sources of protein. “Bad nutrition persists because of habit and lack of knowledge. I try to tell them to eat better, but everyone is too busy to listen,” he said.

Several months ago, Hong discovered an ingenious way to get people to listen: cook for them. After attending a Cambodia HARVEST nutrition training course in nearby Battambang in December 2012, Hong learned about *babor pech*, an enriched rice porridge.

When Hong returned home, he set up a stall selling the dish to school children on breaks from class. Gathering the children together allows him to do more than just feed them a healthy meal. He teaches them information about nutrition that they can take home to their parents, thereby transforming the eating habits of their families. To date, Cambodia HARVEST has trained nearly 75,000 people on nutrition concepts.

Hong is applying the lessons he learned from Cambodia HARVEST in other ways, too. He sees dozens of patients every day at the health center, allowing him to educate them about healthy eating while dispensing vaccinations. He also tells them about proper growth monitoring for infants, another concept he learned at the training in Battambang. Hong plans to continue selling *babor pech* – and talking to his customers and patients about nutrition – for the foreseeable future. “I like seeing the kids getting healthier. Every day, I’m making a difference,” he said.



Cambodia HARVEST | Helping Address Rural Vulnerabilities and Ecosystem STability

SNAPSHOT New Relationships Strengthen Value Chains

Farmers and Buyers Benefit from Increased Competition



Photo by Cambodia HARVEST

Phun Chantha, a horticulture client in Battambang, found a buyer for her bitter gourds at a Cambodia HARVEST networking meeting.

“Cambodia HARVEST is helping all of us: farmers, buyers, and even consumers.”

- Vann Chamroeun, a vegetable buyer in Battambang Province.

Telling Our Story

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Washington, DC 20523-1000
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Despite living in the same commune in Battambang Province, Vann Chamroeun, a vegetable buyer, and Phun Chantha, a horticulture farmer, didn't know one another, much less do business together. In Cambodia, farmers are discouraged from forming relationships with multiple buyers, meaning they are limited – either through rural custom or coercion – to selling to only one person.

These de-facto monopolies hurt both sides: farmers aren't able to maximize their sales and profits, and buyers aren't able to expand their volume and fill gaps in their inventory. The end result is that agricultural productivity suffers.

Cambodia HARVEST is addressing this problem by connecting farmers and buyers at networking meetings and agricultural field days. There, they can discuss their requirements – for instance, a buyer might be looking for an additional source of yard long beans – and exchange contact information. Later, they can do business by phone without meeting in person and creating conflict in their local area.

Phun met Vann at a networking meeting organized by Cambodia HARVEST in early 2013. She began selling Vann her entire crop of bitter gourds, which she grew on a Cambodia HARVEST demonstration plot. Phun now makes \$1,400 per crop cycle, almost 300 percent better than she was doing in the past. “I was more confident to try growing bitter gourds because I knew that I had a buyer for them,” Phun said.

Vann has also benefitted tremendously. As a result of program networking meetings, she now buys from 50 farmers, a dramatic increase from the 10 she was working with before. Nearly all of her new clients are Cambodia HARVEST demonstration farmers, which ensures the products she buys are of high quality.

“This helps my business. It's easier to sell these products, and they sell for higher prices,” Vann said. As a result, she has doubled her annual income to \$5,000. She added: “Cambodia HARVEST is helping all of us: farmers, buyers, and even consumers.”



Cambodia HARVEST | Helping Address Rural Vulnerabilities and Ecosystem Stability

SNAPSHOT Community Fisheries Safeguard Resources

Public Education and Monitoring Help Protect Wild Fish Stocks



Photo by Cambodia HARVEST

Boats provided by Cambodia HARVEST are helping community fisheries to better monitor their refuge ponds.

“I’m ensuring that my children will have enough fish to eat.”

-Uth Nha, member of Boeng Tourk Boeng Kouy Community Fishery’s monitoring team

Telling Our Story

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Boeng Tourk Boeng Kouy Community Fishery plays a vital role in the lives of thousands of people. The community’s refuge pond is where fish breed and survive during the dry season, helping to replenish wild stocks. When fishery resources are threatened – whether by illegal activity or environmental degradation – rural Cambodians are deprived of a vital and readily available source of food security.

Mon Mai’s mission is to ensure that this does not happen. As vice chief of Boeng Tourk Boeng Kouy’s fishery committee, Mon works with 10 other committee members to properly manage the area’s fishery resources. The committee also educates local households about the importance of those resources and existing laws regulating fishing. In addition, a 10-person monitoring squad watches over the area for poachers and illegal activity.

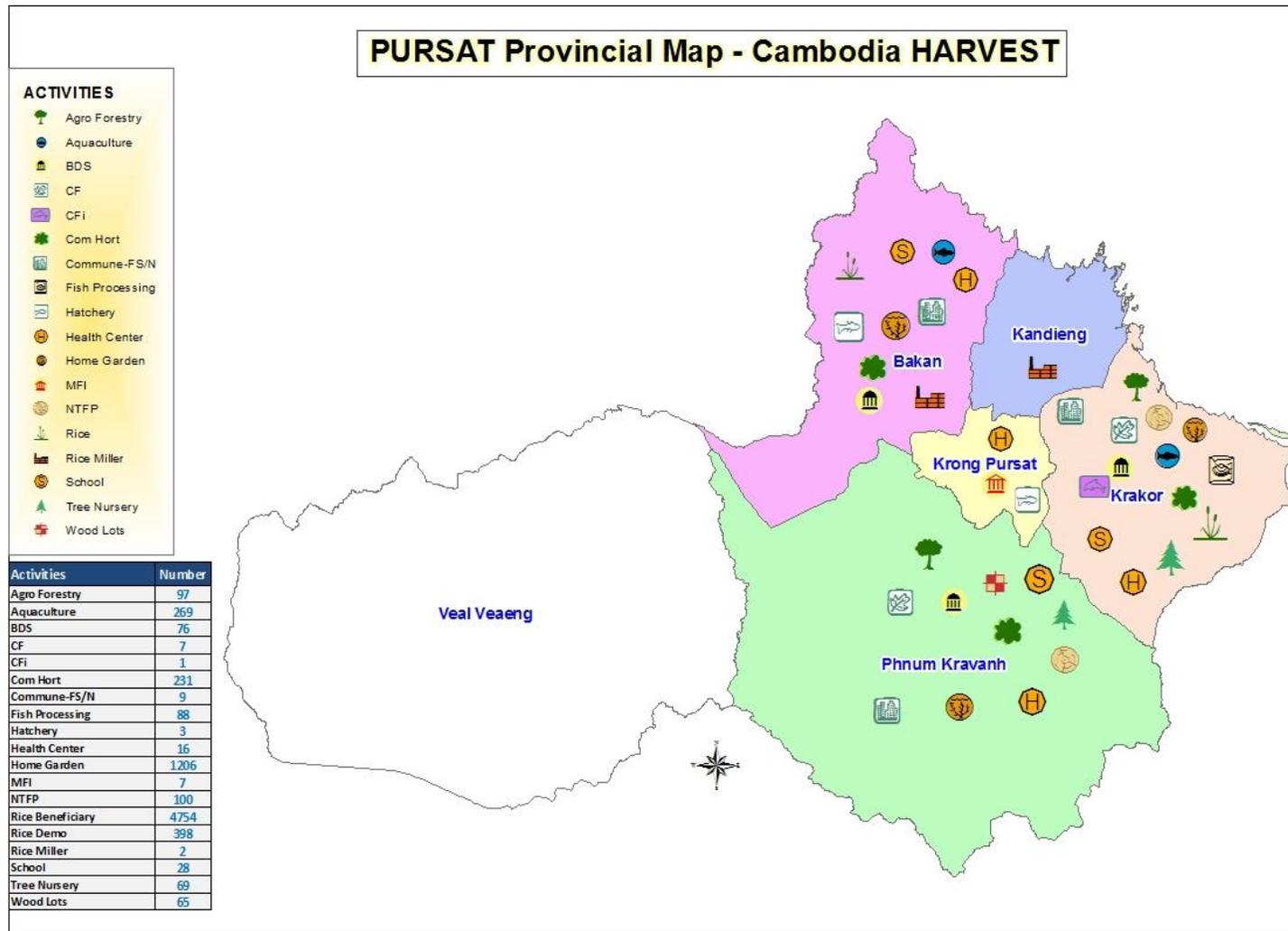
Protecting these resources is a difficult job that has become much easier since the committee began working with Cambodia HARVEST in January 2012. The program helped the committee hold elections, review its bylaws, and conduct its annual congress, all of which have strengthened it as an organization. “With these improvements, we are now much more effective,” Mon said.

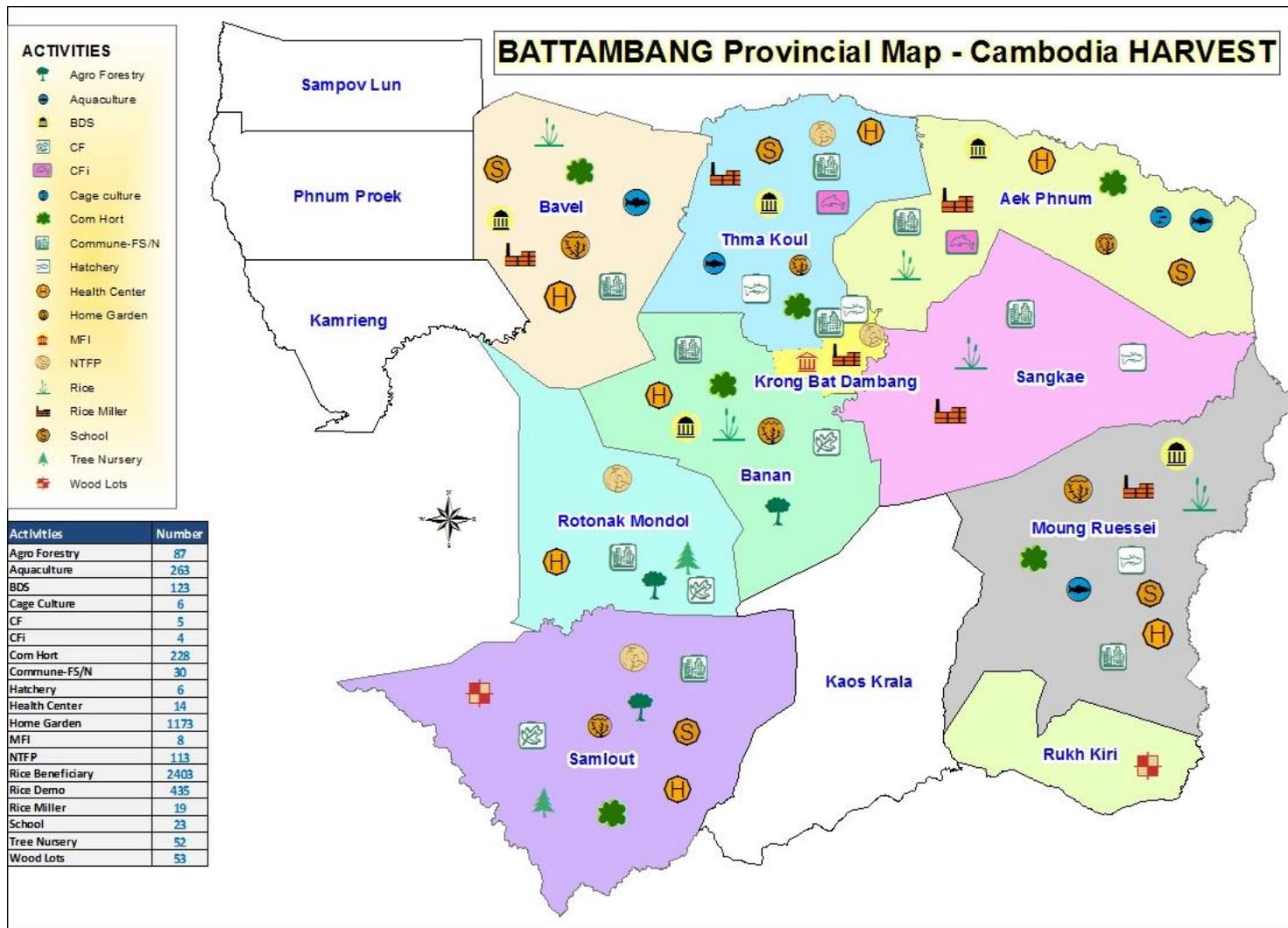
The committee has also been holding field day gatherings that raise public awareness about a number of key topics, including the importance of refuge ponds and how local people can prevent illegal fishing. “We committee members learn a lot at these events, too. Now I know specifically what kinds of nets are legal to use when fishing,” Mon said.

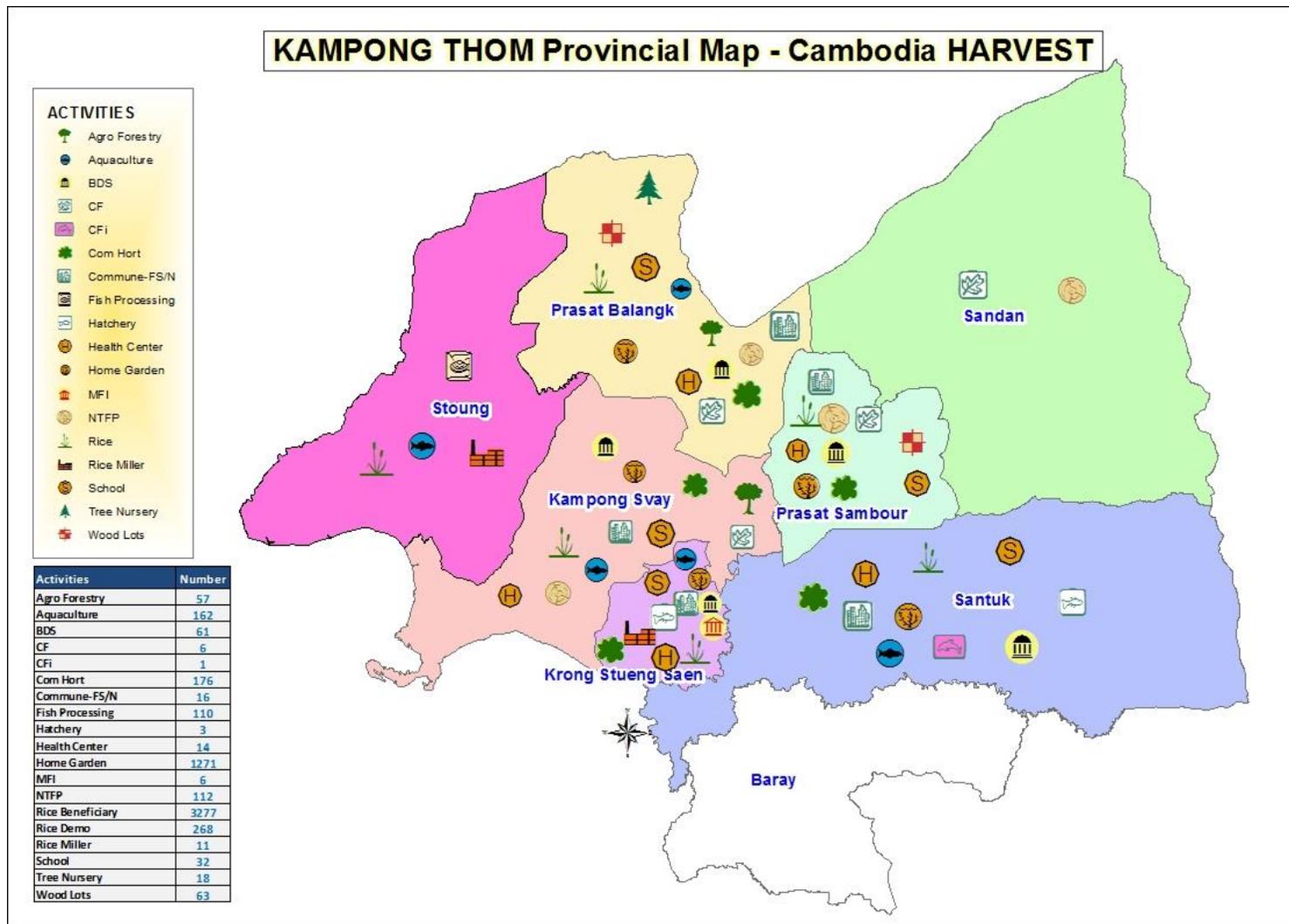
Cambodia HARVEST has also facilitated the construction of a watchtower that allows the monitoring team to survey the entire expanse of the refuge pond. When suspicious activity occurs, members of the monitoring team can confront potential poachers in a boat provided by the program.

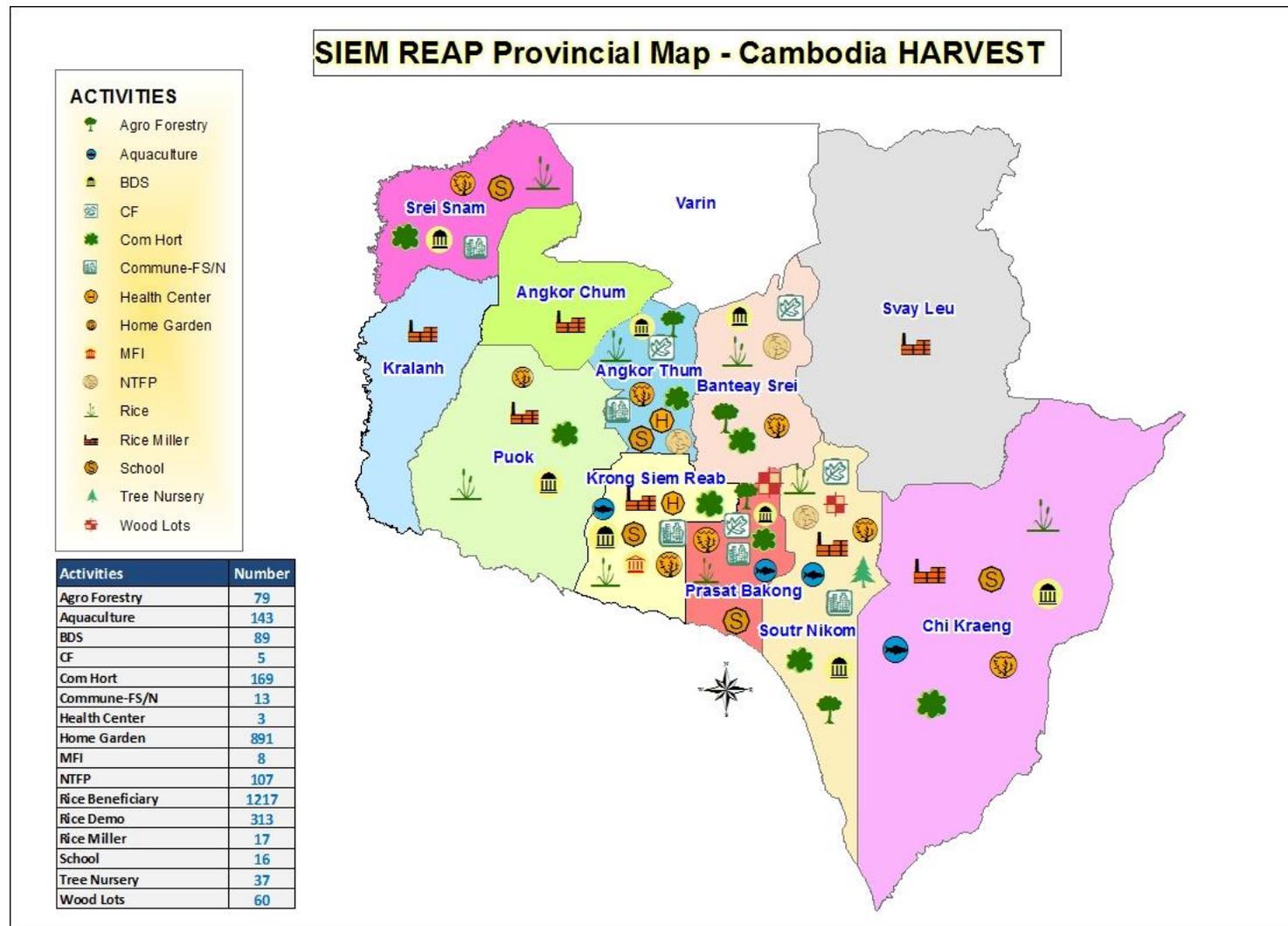
Uth Nha, a member of the team, said she joined to make a difference for future generations. “I’m ensuring that my children will have enough fish to eat,” she said.

ANNEX IV: PROVINCIAL MAPS









ANNEX V: PROCUREMENT PROGRESS REPORT

Cambodia HARVEST Technology and Subcontractor Activity Report							
#	Technology Fund Awards	Cost Category	Budgeted	Expended	Balance	Status	Completion Date
01	Field Soil Sampling for Rice and Vegetable Clients	TF 01	\$ 13,772.48	\$ 9,188.00	\$ 4,584.48	Open	
02	Seed and Planting Material	TF 02	\$ 3,698.60	\$ 3,698.60	\$ -	Closed	
03	Fish Day Promotion at Community Fisheries	TF 03	\$ 15,439.56	\$ 14,614.56	\$ 825.00	Closed	9/30/2011
04	Youth Workshops	TF 04	\$ 4,748.13	\$ -	\$ 4,748.13	Cancelled	12/31/2012
05	Fertilizer and Lime for Field Demonstration Sites	TF 05	\$ 115,858.00	\$ 45,607.09	\$ 70,250.91	Open	
06	Field Based Seminars, Workshops and Other Trainings	TF 06	\$ 295,410.00	\$ 295,500.00	\$ (90.00)	Closed	12/31/2012
07	Agriculture Field Technology Inputs and Equipment	TF 07	\$ 741,984.00	\$ 480,190.01	\$ 261,793.99	Open	
08	SME and Input Supplier Technology Inputs and Equipment	TF 08	\$ 279,500.00	\$ 36,974.02	\$ 242,525.98	Open	
09	Irrigation Equipment and Canal Rehabilitation	TF 09	\$ 2,054,000.00	\$ 1,075,228.13	\$ 978,771.87	Open	
10	Aquaculture Inputs and Equipment	TF 10	\$ 792,605.00	\$ 203,986.37	\$ 588,618.63	Open	
11	NRM and Forestry Equipment and Activities	TF 11	\$ 199,243.70	\$ 84,216.78	\$ 115,026.92	Open	
12	Canal Rehabilitation Activities associated with AE (Subcontracts 23 and 24)	TF 12	\$ 126,233.00	\$ 98,304.00	\$ 27,929.00	Closed	
13	Polyum Canal Rehabilitation with AE sub 26	TF 13	\$ 97,250.00	\$ 97,250.00	\$ -	Open	
14	Community Fisheries	TF 14	\$ 628,438.00	\$ 69,818.90	\$ 558,619.10	Open	
15	Aquaculture Hatchery Equipment	TF 15	\$ 82,285.00	\$ 15,587.50	\$ 66,697.50	Open	
16	Rice Production and Postharvest Inputs	TF 16	\$ 538,378.50	\$ 38,283.40	\$ 500,095.10	Open	
17	Women's Fish Processing	TF 17	\$ 95,064.00	\$ 9,734.61	\$ 85,329.39	Open	
18	Family Nutrition Program	TF 18	\$ 129,722.00	\$ 28,310.86	\$ 101,411.14	Open	
Total Technology Funds Assigned			\$ 6,213,629.97	\$ 2,606,492.83	\$ 3,607,137.14		

Cambodia HARVEST Technology and Subcontractor Activity Report							
#	Fixed Price Subcontractor	Cost Category	Budgeted	Expended	Balance	Status	Completion Date
01	Weidemann Associates Inc. Subcontract	SUB2	\$802,800.00	\$67,199.56	\$735,600.44	Open	12/21/2015
02	Auburn University Subcontract	SUB1	\$1,123,558.00	\$167,893.94	\$955,664.06	Open	12/21/2015
03	Institute of International Education Subcontract	SUB3	\$942,868.00	\$242,601.10	\$700,266.90	Open	12/21/2015
04	Aruna Technology Limited Fixed Price Contract	SUB4	\$148,000.00	\$148,000.00	\$0.00	Closed	8/10/2011
05	Fauna and Flora International Fixed Price Contract	PF1	\$56,311.00	\$56,311.00	\$0.00	Closed	5/9/2011
06	Emerging Markets Consulting Fixed Price Contract	SUB5	\$38,607.25	\$38,607.26	(\$0.01)	Closed	6/13/2011
07	Emerging Markets Consulting	SUB5	\$65,310.86	\$65,310.86	\$0.00	Closed	11/10/2011
08	Emerging Markets Consulting Fixed Price	SUB5	\$27,406.50	\$27,406.50	\$0.00	Closed	11/28/2011
09	Fauna and Flora International	PF1	\$30,406.00	\$30,406.00	\$0.00	Closed	9/30/2011
10	Village Support Group (VSG)	PF3	\$134,059.00	\$134,059.00	\$0.00	Open	4/1/2013
11	Environmental Protection and Development Organization (EPDO)	PF2	\$88,208.00	\$88,208.00	\$0.00	Closed	2/28/2013
12	Agriculture Technology Services Association (ATSA) - Rural Integrated Farming for Food Security and Nutrition	PF5	\$118,578.00	\$118,578.00	\$0.00	Open	5/30/2013
13	Srer Khmer (SK) - Pursat Food Security and Nutrition Initiative	PF5	\$155,985.00	\$155,985.00	\$0.00	Open	5/30/2013
14	Farmer Livelihood Development (FLD) - Food Security and Nutrition Initiative	PF5	\$135,074.00	\$135,074.00	\$0.00	Open	4/1/2013
15	Buddhism for Development (BFD) - Sustainable Livelihoods - Better Nutrition	PF5	\$98,196.00	\$98,196.00	\$0.00	Open	4/1/2013
16	Aphivat Strey (AS) - Improving Food Security of Farmers and Fishers	PF4	\$115,850.00	\$115,850.00	\$0.00	Open	5/30/2013
17	Ponleur Kumar (PK) - Community Forestry and FS/N	PF2	\$165,545.00	\$165,545.00	\$0.00	Open	6/30/2013
18	Prom Vihear Thor (PVT)	PF3	\$86,952.00	\$86,952.00	\$0.00	Closed	2/28/2013
19	Aruna Technology - Climate Change Mitigation	SUB4	\$352,175.00	\$315,295.00	\$36,880.00	Open	5/31/2013
20	PATH Training of Trainers Program on Family Nutrition	PF5	\$85,065.00	\$85,065.00	\$0.00	Closed	12/23/2011
21	FFI - Climate Change Mitigation	PF1	\$349,671.76	\$308,925.71	\$40,746.05	Open	7/31/2013
22	FFI - NRM and Biodiversity Conservation	PF1	\$1,925,572.00	\$1,240,108.45	\$685,463.55	OPEN	3/27/2014
23	Advancing Engineering (AE) - Prey Sangha Canal Rehabilitation		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	Moved to TF12	5/30/2012
24	Advancing Engineering (AE) - Plov Luogn Canal Rehabilitation		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	Moved to TF12	7/30/2012
25	Wildlife Conservation Society (WCS) - Prek Toal Core Area	PF2	\$250,409.51	\$108,987.78	\$141,421.73	Open	10/31/2013
26	Advancing Engineering (AE) - Polyum Canal Rehabilitation	TF13	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	Moved to TF13	6/30/2013
27	Reproductive And Child Alliance (RACHA) - Mobile Kitchen Project	PF5	\$92,084.36	\$18,416.87	\$73,667.49	Open	1/31/2014

Cambodia HARVEST Technology and Subcontractor Activity Report							
#	Fixed Price Subcontractor	Cost Category	Budgeted	Expended	Balance	Status	Completion Date
28	EMC - Paddy Warehouse Roundtable Session	SUB5	\$13,210.45	\$13,210.46	(\$0.01)	Closed	4/30/2012
29	17 Triggers - Video Series	SUB5	\$18,682.96	\$18,682.96	\$0.00	Closed	8/31/2012
30	Lom Omg Organization - Ag Machineries Operation and Maintenance	SUB5	\$35,683.37	\$35,683.37	\$0.00	Closed	7/13/2012
31	TBD			\$0.00	\$0.00	TBD	
32	FLD - Basic Knowledge and Proper Use of Agrochemicals	PF5	\$29,304.43	\$22,454.00	\$6,850.43	Open	9/21/2013
33	SK - Basic Knowledge and Proper Use of Agrochemicals	PF5	\$11,785.00	\$11,785.00	\$0.00	Closed	10/31/2012
34	ATSA - Basic Knowledge and Proper Use of Agrochemicals	PF5	\$35,461.00	\$31,024.00	\$4,437.00	Open	6/30/2013
35	MEDIA One - Video Series	SUB5	\$9,073.06	\$9,073.06	\$0.00	Closed	6/8/2012
36	CDRI - Baseline Survey (replaced by Sub 45)	SUB5	\$148,630.73	\$0.00	\$148,630.73	Cancelled	3/30/2013
37	PADEK-Aquaculture in Siem Reap & Kampong Thom	PF3	\$95,392.00	\$86,207.00	\$9,185.00	Open	7/31/2013
38	Action for Development (AFD) - NRM in Kampong Thom	PF2	\$56,333.00	\$51,255.00	\$5,078.00	Open	7/31/2013
39	HURREDO-FS/A and Forestry in Siem Reap	PF2	\$145,941.00	\$133,936.00	\$12,005.00	Open	7/31/2013
40	Rural Economic & Agriculture Development Agency	PF5	\$80,660.00	\$72,663.00	\$7,997.00	Open	7/31/2013
41	Conservation International-Women's Fish Processing Project in PUR	PF3	\$86,924.90	\$56,154.60	\$30,770.30	Open	9/15/2013
42	iDE Cambodia in Siem Reap	PF5	\$62,963.00	\$51,000.00	\$11,963.00	Open	6/30/2013
43	Famer Livelihood Development- Agr. Machinery Operation Training	PF5	\$34,100.55	\$34,100.55	\$0.00	Closed	9/30/2012
44	Lom Omg	PF5	\$79,689.18	\$79,689.18	\$0.00	Closed	9/30/2012
45	CDRI - Baseline Survey	SUB5	\$160,300.70	\$160,300.73	(\$0.03)	Closed	3/31/2013
46	ATSA-Women's Fish Processing Project in KPT	PF3	\$61,969.00	\$36,434.50	\$25,534.50	Open	11/30/2013
47	READA- Mobile Kitchen in KPT	PF5	\$92,771.09	\$20,480.00	\$72,291.09	Open	5/30/2014
48	Lom Om - O & M Training 2	PF5	\$130,309.63	\$130,309.63	\$0.00	Closed	4/30/2013
49	Farmer Livelihood Development (FLD) - O & M Training 2	PF5	\$49,213.68	\$42,914.33	\$6,299.35	Open	6/30/2013
50	TBD			\$0.00	\$0.00	TBD	
51	Wathnapheap-FS/A in Kampong Thom	PF5	\$86,484.00	\$79,229.00	\$7,255.00	Open	7/31/2013

Cambodia HARVEST Technology and Subcontractor Activity Report							
#	Fixed Price Subcontractor	Cost Category	Budgeted	Expended	Balance	Status	Completion Date
52	ATSA-FS/A in Kampong Thom	PF5	\$129,062.00	\$114,632.00	\$14,430.00	Open	7/31/2013
53	Srer Khmer-FS/A in Kampong Thom	PF5	\$130,819.00	\$116,192.00	\$14,627.00	Open	7/31/2013
54	VSG - FS/A in Siem Reap	PF5	\$91,942.00	\$82,866.00	\$9,076.00	Open	7/31/2013
55	Srer Khmer (SK) - Pursat Food Security and Nutrition Initiative	PF5	\$143,274.43	\$25,863.95	\$117,410.48	Open	6/30/2014
56	Environmental Protection and Development Organization (EPDO)	PF2	\$80,512.00	\$14,596.00	\$65,916.00	Open	7/31/2014
57	Aphivat Strey (AS) - Improving Food Security of Farmers and Fishers	PF4	\$179,878.95	\$33,727.00	\$146,151.95	Open	6/30/2014
58	CamAg-Soil Sampling & Analysis in Pursat					TBD	
59	Prom Vihear Thor (PVT)	PF3	\$87,160.23	\$15,842.00	\$71,318.23	Open	7/31/2014
60	ATSA - Rural Integrated Farming for Food Security and Nutrition in PUR	PF5	\$217,501.00	\$39,781.00	\$177,720.00	Open	6/30/2014
61	Ponleur Kumar (PK) - Community Forestry and FS/N	PF2	\$217,050.00	\$39,697.00	\$177,353.00	Open	6/30/2014
62	Village Support Group (VSG) - in Battambang	PF3	\$179,247.00	\$33,508.00	\$145,739.00	Open	6/30/2014
63	Buddhism for Development (BFD) - Sustainable Livelihoods - Better Nutrition	PF5	\$84,987.00	\$15,535.00	\$69,452.00	Open	7/31/2014
Total Subcontractor Funds Assigned			\$9,265,397.97	\$5,727,808.35	\$3,756,139.57		

ANNEX VI: FINANCIAL SUMMARY

(Please see separate attached file.)

Cambodia HARVEST

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