



USAID
FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

**BUREAU FOR DEMOCRACY, CONFLICT, AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE (DCHA)
OFFICE OF U.S. FOREIGN DISASTER ASSISTANCE (OFDA)**

Pakistan – Complex Emergency

Fact Sheet #4, Fiscal Year (FY) 2009

April 17, 2009

Note: The last fact sheet was dated April 3, 2009.

KEY DEVELOPMENTS

- International media reported on April 16 that a suicide car bomber had killed 18 people, including nine policemen, in the town of Charsadda near Peshawar in northwestern Pakistan.
- On April 13, Pakistani President Asif Ali Zardari signed a parliamentary resolution allowing for the enforcement of Sharia law in the Swat District of North-West Frontier Province (NWFP) in exchange for an end to Taliban violence. On April 15, international media reported that the Taliban in Pakistan is refusing to lay down arms despite the agreement.
- In April, USAID/OFDA provided \$110,000 to the U.N. Human Settlements Program (UN HABITAT) for humanitarian coordination and information management to support internally displaced persons (IDPs) in NWFP. USAID/OFDA also contributed more than \$1.2 million to implementing partners for livelihood, relief and recovery, and water, hygiene, and sanitation activities.
- In FY 2008 and to date in FY 2009, the U.S. Government (USG) has contributed more than \$56 million in humanitarian assistance for conflict-affected populations in NWFP and the Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA).
- A USAID/OFDA emergency disaster response coordinator (EDRC) is currently in Pakistan assessing humanitarian conditions and monitoring USG humanitarian assistance.

NUMBERS AT A GLANCE		SOURCE
Total Number of Registered Conflict-Affected IDPs Residing in Official Camps in NWFP	89,956	UNHCR ¹ – April 14, 2009
Total Number of Registered Conflict-Affected IDPs Residing Outside Official Camps in NWFP	463,721	UNHCR – April 14, 2009
Total Number of Registered Conflict-Affected IDPs in NWFP	553,677	UNHCR – April 14, 2009

FY 2008 AND FY 2009 FUNDING FOR CONFLICT-AFFECTED POPULATIONS

USAID/OFDA Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations\$17,121,751
 USAID/FFP² Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations\$21,001,400
 USAID/Pakistan Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations\$3,962,737
 State/PRM³ Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations⁴\$14,600,000
Total USAID and State Assistance for Conflict-Affected Populations in Pakistan\$56,685,888

CURRENT SITUATION

- Security-related incidents continue throughout NWFP. Rumors of a suicide bomber in Jalojai camp in Nowshera District resulted in non-governmental organization (NGO) implementing partners suspending IDP registration from April 10 to 12, according to UNHCR. Security concerns also forced a USAID/OFDA implementing partner to suspend operations on April 15 in Lower Dir District when partner staff received credible threats.

¹ Office of the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)

² USAID's Office of Food for Peace (USAID/FFP)

³ U.S. Department of State's Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM)

⁴ This figure does not include more than \$51 million in regional humanitarian assistance provided by State/PRM in FY 2008.

Displacement

- On April 14, UNHCR reported that humanitarian agencies have further revised IDP registration numbers as a result of an ongoing verification process. After removing duplicates and other ineligible registrations, UNHCR reported a total of 553,677 registered IDPs from NWFP and FATA, including 89,956 IDPs residing in camps and 463,721 IDPs residing outside camps.
- In FY 2008 and to date in FY 2009, USAID/OFDA has provided more than \$17 million in humanitarian assistance for displaced and conflict-affected individuals and host communities in NWFP, in coordination with implementing partners.

IDP Returns

- On April 10, the U.N. Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) indicated that approximately 300 families from Kacha Garhi and Jalozi camps had expressed interest in returning to areas of origin.
- On April 14 in Kacha Garhi camp, UNHCR staff met with elders representing 50 Mamund tribal families that requested transportation to facilitate their return to Bajaur Agency. Several elders had visited their areas of origin and determined that the situation is improving and that returns are possible.
- OCHA reports that the NWFP Ministry of Social Welfare has established monitoring points at Landaki in the Swat Valley and Toorghunid in Bajaur Agency to track returns. As of April 10, officials observed that approximately 50 families had returned each day, about 25 percent of whom had been registered as IDPs.

Shelter and Settlements

- On April 14, UNHCR reported that heavy rainfall caused flooding in Kacha Garhi and Jalozi camps. UNHCR staff noted that flooding and drainage problems had affected both camps. UNHCR staff begun construction of additional drainage channels to help prevent future flooding in the camps.
- Jalozi camp now hosts more than 45,300 individuals, the largest concentration of camp-based IDPs in NWFP. Construction is underway for the Phase 8 site which is expected to house an additional 10,000 individuals.

Emergency Food Assistance

- According to UNHCR, in March and April, more than 96 percent of IDPs outside camps reported a lack of readily available food stock and were reliant on aid. In April, approximately 22 percent of IDPs outside camps purchased food using borrowed money or credit.
- On April 10, OCHA reported that WFP planned to distribute approximately 9,320 metric tons (MT) of wheat flour and cooking oil to more than 500,000 individuals in and outside camps.
- In response to increased need for food assistance, in mid-March USAID/OFDA provided nearly \$8.9 million to the U.N. World Food Program (WFP) Emergency Operations Program (EMOP) for local procurement of food aid.
- In April, USAID/FFP contributed 24,200 MT of P.L. 480 Title II emergency food assistance, valued at more than \$21 million, to the WFP EMOP. WFP expects to distribute the wheat flour, peas, and vegetable oil to approximately 600,000 conflict-affected IDPs in and outside camps.

Relief Commodities

- According to UNHCR, all registered families in the 11 official camps in NWFP have received the standard assistance package, which includes a tent, plastic sheeting, blankets, sleeping mats, a kitchen set, and water containers. Previously, all registered families received a winterized package that includes additional blankets and sleeping mats to help IDPs cope with colder weather conditions.
- UNHCR reported on April 14 that implementing partners also distributed standard packages with sleeping mats, blankets, water containers, kitchen supplies, and soap to more than 20,000 IDP families living outside camps. In the first phase of the relief supply distribution, UNHCR noted that more than 1,480 families were recorded as no-shows and did not receive assistance.
- More than 1,500 families in Swat District received relief commodities through the local district coordination office. According to UNHCR, further distributions will occur after humanitarian agencies verify that targeted beneficiaries received the initial commodities.

Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene

- As of April 14, the U.N. water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) cluster had provided 2 million liters of water to 11 IDP camps through tankers and wells, according to UNHCR.
- UNCHR reported that as of April 14, implementing partners have installed more than 5,000 latrines and approximately 2,500 hygiene facilities, and distributed nearly 9,000 hygiene kits.

USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO CONFLICT-AFFECTED POPULATIONS

- On October 20, 2008, U.S. Ambassador Anne W. Patterson redeclared a disaster due to continued humanitarian needs resulting from civil conflict and displacement in Pakistan and requested USAID/OFDA assistance.
- In FY 2008 and to date in FY 2009, USAID/OFDA has provided more than \$17 million in humanitarian assistance to Pakistan, including more than \$18 million to conflict-affected populations and host communities in NWFP and more than \$4.9 million in response to earthquakes and floods. At present, USAID/OFDA is supporting programs in health, nutrition, humanitarian coordination and information management, risk reduction, shelter and settlements, and WASH interventions, as well as providing relief supplies and logistical support.
- To date in FY 2009, USAID/FFP provided 24,200 MT of P.L. 480 Title II emergency food assistance, valued at more than \$21 million, to WFP.
- In FY 2008 and to date in FY 2009, USAID/Pakistan has provided nearly \$4 million in humanitarian assistance to displaced persons and conflict-affected populations in FATA and NWFP, including support for relief commodities and programs for livelihood recovery, education, agriculture and food security, shelter and settlements, WASH, and economy and market systems.
- In FY 2009, State/PRM has provided \$14.6 million to UNHCR and the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) to support the provision of relief commodities, as well as health, protection, humanitarian coordination, shelter and settlements, and WASH activities. In FY 2008, State/PRM provided more than \$51 million in regional humanitarian assistance to populations in Afghanistan, Pakistan, and Iran, including assistance to conflict-affected populations in Pakistan.

**USAID AND STATE HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE
FOR CONFLICT-AFFECTED POPULATIONS IN PAKISTAN**

FY 2009			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE¹			
NGO and Implementing Partners	Economy and Market Systems, WASH, Logistics, Relief Commodities, and Shelter and Settlements	NWFP	\$3,224,853
UN HABITAT	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	NWFP	\$110,000
UNICEF	Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	NWFP	\$1,000,000
U.N. World Health Organization (WHO)	Health	NWFP	\$600,000
WFP	Food Aid	NWFP	\$8,853,612
	Administrative Support Costs	Countrywide	\$37,606
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$13,826,071
USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE			
WFP	Food Aid	Countrywide	\$21,001,400
TOTAL USAID/FFP			\$21,001,400
USAID/PAKISTAN ASSISTANCE			
Implementing Partners	Economy and Market Systems, Relief Commodities, Shelter and Settlements, Agriculture and Food Security	NWFP and FATA	\$2,130,060
TOTAL USAID/PAKISTAN			\$2,130,060

STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE			
UNHCR, ICRC	Health, Protection, Humanitarian Coordination, Relief Commodities, Shelter and Settlements, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	NWFP	\$14,600,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM			\$14,600,000
TOTAL USAID ASSISTANCE IN FY 2009			\$36,957,531
TOTAL USAID AND STATE ASSISTANCE IN FY 2009			\$51,557,531
FY 2008			
<i>Implementing Partner</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Amount</i>
USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE			
UNICEF, WHO, U.N. Development Program (UNDP), UN HABITAT, NGOs	Health, Nutrition, Risk Reduction, Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Logistics and Relief Commodities, Shelter and Settlements, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	NWFP	\$3,295,680
TOTAL USAID/OFDA			\$3,295,680
USAID/PAKISTAN ASSISTANCE			
NGO partners	Livelihood Recovery, Relief Commodities	FATA	\$1,529,275
Implementing Partners	Economy and Market Systems, Relief Commodities, Shelter and Settlements, Agriculture and Food Security, Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene	NWFP	\$303,402
TOTAL USAID/PAKISTAN			\$1,832,677
TOTAL USAID ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008			\$5,128,357
TOTAL USAID AND STATE ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008			\$5,128,357
FY 2008 AND FY 2009			
TOTAL USAID/OFDA ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009			\$17,121,751
TOTAL USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009			\$21,001,400
TOTAL USAID/PAKISTAN ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009²			\$3,962,737
TOTAL USAID ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009			\$42,085,888
TOTAL STATE/PRM ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009³			\$14,600,000
TOTAL USAID AND STATE ASSISTANCE IN FY 2008 AND FY 2009			\$56,685,888

¹ USAID/OFDA funding represents anticipated or actual obligated amounts as of April 17, 2009.

² Total USAID/Pakistan humanitarian assistance in FY 2008 and to date in FY 2009 does not include funding for development activities.

³ Total State FY 2008 assistance does not include more than \$51 million in regional humanitarian assistance provided by State/PRM.

PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for flooding and displacement response efforts in Pakistan can be found at www.interaction.org. Information on organizations responding to the humanitarian situation in Pakistan may be available at www.reliefweb.int.
- USAID encourages cash donations because they allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as transportation routes, staff time, and warehouse space); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; and ensure culturally, dietary, and environmentally appropriate assistance.
- More information can be found at:
 - USAID: www.usaid.gov – Keyword: Donations
 - The Center for International Disaster Information: www.cidi.org or (703) 276-1914
 - Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at www.reliefweb.int

USAID/OFDA bulletins appear on the USAID web site at http://www.usaid.gov/our_work/humanitarian_assistance/disaster_assistance/